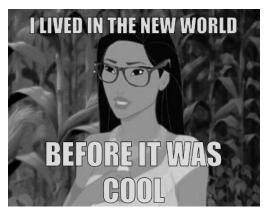
Periods 1 & 2 (1491-1754) STUDY GUIDE APUSH

Test Date: Friday September 9, 2016



Test Format:

About 36 multiple choice questions

KEY TERMS: Using your reading notes, make sure you are comfortable with describing all of the terms below.

Period 1: 1491-1607

3 C's: Contact, Commerce, and Competing Philosophies

Note: this list of terms comes from page 51 of your textbook, which has exact page numbers for most of the terms. Is there a term below without a page number? Use the index! There are also great **charts** on the study guide pages.

Ch.

- o Maize
- o Zheng He
- o Peninsulares
- o Black Legend
- o Huguenots
- o Tenochtitlan
- o Caravel
- o Mestizos
- o Pueblo Revolt
- o Iroquois
- o Reconquista
- o Encomienda system
- o Metis

- Cahokia
- Columbian Exchange
 - Repartimento
- o Patroons

Period 2: 1607-1754

3 G's: Gold, God, and Glory

Note: this list of terms comes from pages 91, 133, and 177 of your textbook, which has exact page numbers for most of the terms.

11100	or or the	terrio.						
	0	Virginia Company	0	Roanoke Colony	0	Plantation	0	Enclosure
	0	Indentured	0	John Smith	0	Headright system		movement
Ch.		servant	0	Dower rights	0	Puritans	0	House of
2	0	Uprising of 1622	0	Mayflower	0	Great Migration		Burgesses
2	0	Pilgrims		Compact	0	Metacom	0	John Winthrop
	0	Half-Way	0	Act Concerning	0	Covenant Chain	0	Pequot War
		Covenant		Religion	0	Bacon's Rebellion		
	0	Mercantilist	0	Navigation Acts	0	English Bill of	0	King Philip's War
		system	0	Las Sietes Partidas		Rights	0	Yamasee Uprising
Ch.	0	Society of	0	Glorious	0	Salem witch trials	0	Slave code
3		Friends(Quakers)		Revolution	0	Artisans	0	Lords of Trade
	0	Anglicanism	0	English Toleration			0	Walking Purchase
				Act				
	0	Dominion of New	0	Backcountry	0	Middle Passage	0	Stono Rebellion
		England	0	"middle ground"	0	Republicanism	0	Liberalism
Ch.	0	Great Awakening			0	Salutary neglect	0	American
4					0	Pontiac's		Enlightenment
						Rebellion	0	Albany Plan of
								Union

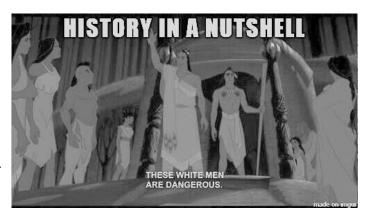
KEY CONCEPTS: Using your reading notes and class materials, make sure that you are familiar with all of the following:

- The major characteristics of the British, French, Dutch, and Spanish empires
 - This includes: motives for colonization, political structure, religion, relations with American Indians, social structure, and economic characteristics (including sources of labor)
 - o Helpful page numbers:

• French: starts pg 40, 165-170

■ Dutch: starts pg 40

Spanish: starts pg 27, 163-64



 Major similarities and differences between the four colonial regions in British North America (New England, Middle, Chesapeake, and Lower South)

USEFUL RESOURCES:

- 1. The Gilder Lehrman Institute of American History has great review videos divided by period: http://ap.gilderlehrman.org/.
- 2. Remember that there are multiple choice quizzes on the *Give Me Liberty!* Textbook website: http://www.wwnorton.com/college/history/give-me-liberty3/
- **3.** AP US History Note cards, outlines, and testing /studying tips: http://www.apstudent.com/ushistory/index.php

WORK TO PASS IN:

After you pass in your test, please pass in the following papers for homework and classwork credit, respectively.

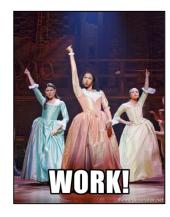
- Chapter 3 guided reading questions
- Intellectual Movements in Colonial America handout

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Period 3 (1754-1800) STUDY GUIDE APUSH

Test Date: Friday September 30,

2016



Test Format: About 40 multiple choice questions

Period 3: 1754-1800

Conflict, Nation Building & Expansion

Note: USE YOUR READING NOTES TO STUDY. Instead of

listing key terms here, use the Key Terms lists on pages 177, 217, 255 & 291 of your textbook. Is there a term below without a page number? Use the index! There are also great charts on the study guide pages. Also, use the review and freedom questions on the chapter review pages to test yourself.

Key Terms Highlighted:

Proclamation of 1763

White/Native Am conflicts

French & Indian War

Stamp Act

Stamp Act Congress

Townshend Acts

Enlightenment influence on Am Rev

Articles of Confederation

Whigs

Common Sense

Enlightenment Ideas

Declaration of Independence

Articles of Confederation

Slavery / abolitionism

French Alliance

Battle of Saratoga

George Washington Farewell Address

Constitution

Northwest Ordinance

KEY CONCEPTS: Using your reading notes and class materials, make sure that you are familiar with all of the following:

British imperial attempts to reassert control over its colonies and the colonial reaction to these attempts produced a new American republic, along with struggles over the new nation's social, political, and economic identity.

Key Concept 3.1: British attempts to assert tighter control over its North American colonies and the colonial resolve to pursue self-government led to a colonial independence movement and the Revolutionary War.

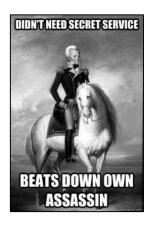
Key Concept 3.2: The American Revolution's democratic and republican ideals inspired new experiments with different forms of government.

Key Concept 3.3: Migration within North America and competition over resources, boundaries, and trade intensified conflicts among peoples and nations.

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Period 4 (1800-1848) STUDY GUIDE APUSH

Test Date: Monday October 24, 2016



Test Format: About 40 multiple choice questions

Period 4: 1800-1848

"The Trials of Growing Up"
Growth, Developing an American Identity, Becoming a Long Ranger in the Larger World

Note: Use your reading questions to study. Instead of listing key terms here, use the Key Terms lists on pages 327, 369, 409 & 489 of your textbook. Is there a term below without a page number? Use the index! There are also great charts on the study guide pages. Also, use the review and freedom questions on the chapter review pages to test yourself.

Key Terms Highlighted:

- Federalists and Republicans
- Growing sectionalism
- Judicial review
- Marbury v. Madison
- Judicial review
- Embargo Act
- Non-intercourse Act
- War of 1812

- Chesapeake–
 Leopard Affair
- Impressment
- Hartford Convention
- McCulloch v. Maryland
- Missouri Compromise

- Monroe Doctrine
- Compromise of 1850
- Adams-Onis Treaty
- Manifest Destiny
- Worcester v. Georgia
- Indian Removal
- Transcendentalism
- Utopian Socialism/Societies
- Reform Movements
- Industrialization
- Abolitionist Movement

KEY CONCEPTS: Using your reading notes and class materials, make sure that you are familiar with all of the following:

The new republic struggled to define and extend democratic ideals in the face of rapid economic, territorial, and demographic changes.

Key Concept 4.1: The United States began to develop a modern democracy and celebrated a new national culture, while Americans sought to define the nation's democratic ideals and change their society and institutions to match them.

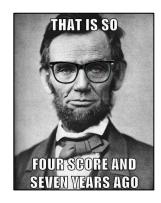
Key Concept 4.2: Innovations in technology, agriculture, and commerce powerfully accelerated the American economy, precipitating profound changes to U.S. society and to national and regional identities.

Key Concept 4.3: The U.S. interest in increasing foreign trade and expanding its national borders shaped the nation's foreign policy and spurred government and private initiatives.

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Period 5 (1844-1877) STUDY GUIDE APUSH

Test Date: Thursday November 17th 2016



Test Format: About 40 multiple choice questions

Period 5: 1844-1877

"Expansion, Crisis & Rebuilding"

As the nation expanded and its population grew, regional tensions, especially over slavery, led to a civil war—the course and aftermath of which transformed American society.

<u>Note:</u> Use your reading notes and review questions to study. Instead of listing key terms here, also use the Key Terms listed in your textbook. Use the index! There are also great charts on the study guide pages. Also, use the review and freedom questions on the chapter review pages to test yourself.

Key Terms Highlighted:

Native Americans & westward expansion

westward expansion Mexican-American War sectional issues Indian legislation manifest destiny abolitionism **Know-Nothings** sectionalism nativism Bleeding Kansas **Know-Nothings** Irish and Chinese immigrants Asian immigration westward migration immigration policies westward expansion Black Codes 15th amendment immigration

Indian legislation
abolitionism
sectionalism
Harper's Ferry
Compromise of 1850
Election of 1860
sharecropping
Congressional Reconstruction
Southern resistance to Reconstruction
Enforcement Acts
Black Codes

14th amendment 13th amendment

<u>Key Concepts:</u> Using your reading notes and class materials, make sure that you are familiar with all of the following:

Key Concept 5.1: The United States became more connected with the world, pursued an expansionist foreign policy in the Western Hemisphere, and emerged as the destination for many migrants from other countries.

Key Concept 5.2: Intensified by expansion and deepening regional divisions, debates over slavery and other economic, cultural, and political issues led the nation into civil war.

Key Concept 5.3: The Union victory in the Civil War and the contested reconstruction of the South settled the issues of slavery and secession, but left unresolved many questions about the power of the federal government and citizenship rights.

Useful Resources:

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- 2. Remember that there are multiple choice quizzes on the *Give Me Liberty!* Textbook website: http://www.wwnorton.com/college/history/give-me-liberty3/
- **3.** AP US History Note cards, outlines, and testing /studying tips: http://www.apstudent.com/ushistory/index.php

Additional Civil War/Reconstruction Videos & Resources:

PBS Death and the Civil War

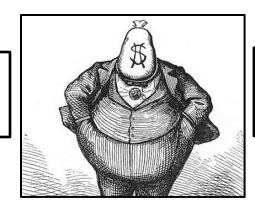
PBS Reconstruction: The Second Civil War (HW this week to watch) Link here: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vGnB9W5Zd5A

Republic of Suffering (book)

Name:

Period 6 (1865-1898) STUDY GUIDE APUSH

Test Date: Wednesday December 21st 2016



Test Format: About 40 multiple choice questions and short answer.

Period 6: 1865-1898

"Big Business, Big Cities & Big Changes"

The transformation of the United States from an agricultural to an increasingly industrialized and urbanized society brought about significant economic, political, diplomatic, social, environmental, and cultural changes.

<u>Note:</u> Use your reading notes and review questions to study. Instead of listing key terms here, also use the Key Terms listed in your textbook. Use the index! There are also great charts on the study guide pages. Also, use the review and freedom questions on the chapter review pages to test yourself.

Key Terms/Documents Highlighted on Test:

Sharecroppers

African Americans in Northern cities

Social/Economic conditions of the South

Rise of Corporate power

Labor Unions – Policies in Support/Against

Knights of Labor

Expansion of the Industrial workforce

Populists

Growth of cities

Political machines

Assimilation

Government funded assimilation

Conflict over land claims

Settlement houses

Falling agriculture prices

Government regulation of the economy

Social welfare

Formation of unions

Worker strikes

The Populist Party

Gilded Age economy

Americanization

Key Concept 6.1: Technological advances, large-scale production methods, and the opening of new markets encouraged the rise of industrial capitalism in the United States.

Key Concept 6.2: The migrations that accompanied industrialization transformed both urban and rural areas of the United States and caused dramatic social and cultural change.

Key Concept 6.3: The Gilded Age produced new cultural and intellectual movements, public reform efforts, and political debates over economic and social policies.



Name:

Period 7A (1890-1945) STUDY GUIDE APUSH

Test Date: Thurs/Fri January 19th/20th 2017



Test Format: About 40 multiple choice questions and short answer.

Period 7: 1890-1945

An increasingly pluralistic United States faced profound domestic and global challenges, debated the proper degree of government activism, and sought to define its international role.

Note: Use your reading notes and review questions to study. Instead of listing key terms here, also use the Key Terms listed in your textbook. Use the index! There are also great charts on the study guide pages. Also, use the review and freedom questions on the chapter review pages to test yourself.

Key Terms/Documents Highlighted on Test:

Progressive Era, Social Gospel

Progressive Era, Social Justice

Progressive Era, Muckrakers

Progressive Era, democracy

Women's Suffrage

Great Migration

League of Nations

WWI

Sedition

Jacob Riis

Upton Sinclair

16th, 17th, 18th, 19th Amendments

Dollar Diplomacy

New Freedom

Federal Reserve Act

WWI Central Powers

Triple Entente

Lusitania

Zimmerman Note

Espionage and Sedition Acts

Industrial Workers of the World

Treaty of Versailles

Key Concept 7.1: Growth expanded opportunity, while economic instability led to new efforts to reform U.S. society and its economic system.

Key Concept 7.2: Innovations in communications and technology contributed to the growth of mass culture, while significant changes occurred in internal and international migration patterns.

Key Concept 7.3: Participation in a series of global conflicts propelled the United States into a position of international power while renewing domestic debates over the nation's proper role in the world.



Name:
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Period 7B STUDY GUIDE APUSH

Test Date: Wednesday February 15, 2017



Test Format:Multiple Choice & LEQ (Essay Question)

Period 7: 1890-1945 (Dates for all Period 7)

An increasingly pluralistic United States faced profound domestic and global challenges, debated the proper degree of government activism, and sought to define its international role.

<u>Note:</u> Use your reading notes and review questions to study. Instead of listing key terms here, also use the Key Terms listed in your textbook. Use the index! There are also great charts on the study guide pages. Also, use the review and freedom questions on the chapter review pages to test yourself.

Key Terms/Documents Highlighted on Test:

Harlem Renaissance 1920s Nativism Fundamentalism New technology in 1920s Scopes Trial Causes of the Great Depression Great Depression American Reaction to Fascism **Dust Bowl** Isolation policy New Deal Pearl Harbor Hoover vs. FDR New Deal Programs Social Security Act WWII Home front Neutrality Acts Wagner Act Fireside Chats Japanese Internment Espionage Act American Women on the home front

Key Concept 7.1: Growth expanded opportunity, while economic instability led to new efforts to reform U.S. society and its economic system.

Key Concept 7.2: Innovations in communications and technology contributed to the growth of mass culture, while significant changes occurred in internal and international migration patterns.

Key Concept 7.3: Participation in a series of global conflicts propelled the United States into a position of international power while renewing domestic debates over the nation's proper role in the world.

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- **3.** AP US History Note cards, outlines, and testing /studying tips: http://www.apstudent.com/ushistory/index.php

Name:			
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Period 8 STUDY GUIDE APUSH

Test Date: Friday March 31st 2017



Test Format: Multiple Choice & Short Answer.

Period 8: 1945-1980

After World War II, the United States grappled with prosperity and unfamiliar international responsibilities while struggling to live up to its ideals.

<u>Note:</u> Use your reading notes and review questions to study. Instead of listing key terms here, also use the Key Terms listed in your textbook. Use the index! There are also great charts on the study guide pages. Also, use the review and freedom questions on the chapter review pages to test yourself.

Key Terms/Documents Highlighted on Test:

Containment
Korean War
Baby Boom
Suburbanization
Brown v. Board of Education
Civil Rights Activists
The Great Society
Vietnam War (Conflict)
Immigration Laws of 1965
Little Rock (1957)
Truman Doctorine
Post-Cold War Civil Rights

The Spy Trials Marshall Plan The Beats

Military-Industrial Complex Montgomery Bus Boycott

Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC)

Freedom Rides

March on Washington The Feminine Mystique

Black Power Title IX (1972) President Nixon

<u>Key Concept 8.1:</u> The United States responded to an uncertain and unstable postwar world by asserting and working to maintain a position of global leadership, with far-reaching domestic and international consequences.

<u>Key Concept 8.2:</u> New movements for civil rights and liberal efforts to expand the role of government generated a range of political and cultural responses.

<u>Key Concept 8.3:</u> Postwar economic and demographic changes had far-reaching consequences for American society, politics, and culture.

