

4.5.1 Homeostasis	Student Checklist Describe what homeostasis is and why it is important stating specific examples from the human body	R	Α	G
4.5.1 Homeostasis	Describe what homeostasis is and why it is important stating specific examples from the human body			G
4.5 Home				
-	Describe the common features of all control systems			
	State the function of the nervous system and name its important components			
	Describe how information passes through the nervous system			
	Describe what happens in a reflex action and why reflex actions are important			
E	Explain how features of the nervous system are adapted to their function, including a reflex arc (inc all types of neurone and the synapse)			
4.5.2 The human nervous system	Required practical 7: plan and carry out an investigation into the effect of a factor on human reaction time			
nova	Bio ONLY: State the function of the brain and how it is structured, including identifying he cerebral cortex, cerebellum and medulla on a diagram of the brain			
й г	Bio ONLY: Describe the functions of different regions of the brain			
nar	Bio & HT ONLY: Explain how neuroscientists have been able to map regions of the brain to particular			
hur	functions			
he	Bio ONLY: State the function of the eye and how it is structured, including names of specific parts			
2 TI	Bio ONLY: Describe the functions of different parts of the eye, including relating structure to function			
.5.	Bio ONLY: Describe what accommodation is, and how it is carried out			
7	Bio ONLY: Explain what myopia and hyperopia are and how they are treated, including interpreting ray			
	diagrams			
	Bio ONLY: Describe how body temperature is monitored and controlled			
	Bio & HT ONLY: Explain how the body's responses act to raise or lower temperature in a given context			
	Describe the endocrine system, including the location of the pituitary, pancreas, thyroid, adrenal gland,			
ļ	ovary and testis and the role of hormones			
	State that blood glucose concentration is monitored and controlled by the pancreas			
	Describe the body's response when blood glucose concentration is too high			
	Explain what type 1 and type 2 diabetes are and how they are treated			
	HT ONLY: Describe the body's response when blood glucose concentration is too low			
su	HT ONLY: Explain how glucagon interacts with insulin to control blood glucose levels in the body			
umans	Describe how water, ions and urea are lost from the body			
hu	Describe the consequences of losing or gaining too much water for body cells			
4.5.3 Hormonal coordination in h	HT ONLY: Recall that protein digestion leads to excess amino acids inside the body and describe what happens to these			
ati	Describe how the kidneys produce urine			
din	HT ONLY: Describe the effect of ADH on the permeability of the kidney tubules and explain how the			
por	water level in the body is controlled by ADH			
alc	Describe how kidney failure can be treated by organ transplant or dialysis and recall the basic principles			
onâ	of dialysis			
E L	Describe what happens at puberty in males and females, inc knowledge of reproductive hormones			
н	Describe the roles of the hormones involved in the menstrual cycle (FSH, LH and oestrogen)			
5.3	HT ONLY: Explain how the different hormones interact to control the menstrual cycle and ovulation			
4	Describe how fertility can be controlled by hormonal and non-hormonal methods of contraception			
	(giving specific examples from the spec)			
ļ	HT ONLY: Explain how hormones are used to treat infertility, inc the steps in IVF			
ļ	HT ONLY: Evaluate the risks and benefits of fertility treatments			
	HT ONLY: Describe the functions of adrenaline and thyroxine in the body, and recall where they are produced			
ŀ	HT ONLY: Explain the roles of thyroxine and adrenaline in the body as negative feedback systems			┢──

Personalised Learning Checklists AQA Biology Paper 2



	Bio ONLY: Describe hormone-linked plant responses, to include phototropism and gravitropism and the		
es	role of auxin		
Plant	Bio & HT ONLY: Describe the functions of gibberellins and ethene in plants		
5.4 orm	Required practical 8: investigate the effect of light or gravity on the growth of newly germinated seedling		
4.1	HT ONLY: Explain the use of plant growth hormones are used in agriculture and horticulture (auxins,		
	ethene and gibberellins)		



	AQA Biology (8461) from 2016 Topic B4.6 Inheritance, variation and evolution			
Topic	Student Checklist	R	Α	G
	Describe features of sexual and asexual reproduction			
tion	Describe what happens during meiosis and compare to mitosis			
	Describe what happens at fertilisation			
	Bio ONLY: Explain advantages of sexual and asexual reproduction			
	Bio ONLY: Describe examples of organisms that reproduce both sexually and asexually (malarial			
	parasites, fungi, strawberry plants and daffodils)			
	Describe the structure of DNA and its role in storing genetic information inside the cell			
	Explain the term 'genome' and the importance of the human genome (specific examples from spec only)			
	Bio ONLY: Describe the structure of DNA, including knowledge of nucleotide units			
	Bio & HT ONLY: Explain complementary base pairing in DNA			
	Bio & HT ONLY: Explain the relationship between DNA bases (ATCG), amino acids and proteins			
Inct	Bio & HT ONLY: Describe how proteins are synthesised on ribosomes, including protein folding and its			
4.6.1 Reproduction	importance for protein function			
ßep	Bio & HT ONLY: Explain what mutations are, and the possible effects of mutations			
н. Н	Bio & HT ONLY: Explain what non-coding parts of DNA are, and why they are important			
4.6	Describe how characteristics are controlled by one or more genes, including examples			
4	Explain important genetic terms: gamete, chromosome, gene, allele, genotype, phenotype, dominant,			
	recessive, homozygous and heterozygous			
	Explain and use Punnet square diagrams, genetic crosses and family trees			
	HT ONLY: Construct Punnet square diagrams to predict the outcomes of a monohybrid cross			
	Describe cystic fibrosis and polydactyly as examples of inherited disorders			
	Evaluate social, economic and ethical issues concerning embryo screening when given appropriate			
	information			
	Describe how the chromosomes are arranged in human body cells, including the function of the sex			
	chromosomes			
	Explain how sex is determined and carry out a genetic cross to show sex inheritance			
	Describe what variation is and how it can be caused within a population			
ion	Describe mutations and explain their influence on phenotype and changes in a species			
lut	Explain the theory of evolution by natural selection			
4.6.2 Variation and evolution	Describe how new species can be formed			
	Describe what selective breeding is			
nai	Explain the process of selective breeding, including examples of desired characteristics and risks			
tio	associated with selective breeding			
aria	Describe what genetic engineering is, including examples, and how it is carried out			
Š	Explain some benefits, risks and concerns related to genetic engineering			
.6.2	HT ONLY: Explain the process of genetic engineering, to include knowledge of enzymes and vectors			
4	Bio ONLY: Describe different cloning techniques, to include: tissue culture, cuttings, embryo transplants			
	and adult cell cloning			
of	Bio ONLY: Describe the ideas proposed by Darwin in his theory of natural selection and explain why this			
gu	theory was only gradually accepted Bio ONLY: Describe other inheritance-based theories that existed (apart from the theory of natural			
ndi	selection), and the problems with these theories			
sta 1	Bio ONLY: Describe the work of Alfred Russel Wallace			
der tior	Bio ONLY: Explain how new species can be formed			
nno	Bio ONLY: Describe how our understanding of genetics has developed over time, to include knowledge of			
eve	Mendel			
ent	Describe some sources of evidence for evolution			
cs s	Describe what fossils are, how they are formed and what we can learn from them			
4.6.3 The development of understanding of genetics and evolution	Explain why there are few traces of the early life forms, and the consequences of this in terms of our			
	understanding of how life began			
Je C	Describe some of the causes of extinction			
i ₩	Describe how antibiotic-resistant strains of bacteria can arise and spread (inc MRSA)			
4.6.3	Describe how the emergence of antibiotic-resistant bacteria can be reduced and controlled, to include			
	the limitations of antibiotic development			

Personalised Learning Checklists AQA Biology Paper 2



	Personalised Learning Checklists AQA Biology Paper 2	(≊P ≥ ⊗≊	Science
	Describe how organisms are named and classified in the Linnaean system		
tior	Explain how scientific advances have led to the proposal of new models of classification, inc three-		
4.6.4 sification	domain system		
4 Class	Describe and interpret evolutionary trees		

Personalised Learning Checklists AQA Biology Paper 2



	AQA Biology (8461) from 2016 Topic B4.7 Ecology			1
Торіс	Student Checklist	R	Α	G
s, nd	Recall what an ecosystem is			
4.7.1 Adaptations, interdependence and competition	Describe which resources animals and plants compete for, and why they do this			
.1 Adaptatio dependence competition	Explain the terms 'interdependence' and 'stable community'			
lap end pet	Name some abiotic and biotic factors that affect communities			
epe omj	Explain how a change in an abiotic or biotic factor might affect a community			
.7.1 erd cc	Describe structural, behavioural and functional adaptations of organisms			
int 4	Describe what an extremophile is			
E	Represent the feeding relationships within a community using a food chain and describe these relationships Explain how and why ecologists use quadrats and transects			
iter	Describe and interpret predator-prey cycles			
sks	Required practical 9: measure the population size of a common species in a habitat. Use sampling to			
eco	investigate the effect of one factor on distribution			
an	Describe the processes involved in the carbon cycle			
of	Describe the processes involved in the water cycle	_		
ation	Bio ONLY: Explain how temperature, water and availability of oxygen affect the rate of decay of biological material			
4.7.2 Organisation of an ecosystem	Bio ONLY: Explain how the conditions for decay are optimised by farmers and gardeners, and the reasons for this			
2 0	Bio ONLY: Describe how methane gas can be produced from decaying materials for use as a fuel			
4.7.	Bio ONLY: Required practical 10: investigate the effect of temperature on the rate of decay of fresh			
	milk by measuring pH change			
	Bio ONLY: Explain how environmental changes can affect the distribution of species in an ecosystem (temperature, water and atmospheric gases)			
c	Describe what biodiversity is, why it is important, and how human activities affect it			
mai	Describe the impact of human population growth and increased living standards on resource use and			
hu	waste production			
ns	Explain how pollution can occur, and the impacts of pollution			
fect stei	Describe how humans reduce the amount of land available for other animals and plants			
eff osys	Explain the consequences of peat bog destruction			
nd the effect of on ecosystems	Describe what deforestation is and why it has occurred in tropical areas			
	Explain the consequences of deforestation			
	Describe how the composition of the atmosphere is changing, and the impact of this on global warming			
ver	Describe some biological consequences of global warming			
int int	Describe both positive and negative human interactions in an ecosystem and explain their impact on			
3 Bi	biodiversity			
4.7.3 Biodiversity interactio	Describe programmes that aim to reduce the negative effects of humans on ecosystems and			
	biodiversity Bio ONLY: Describe the different trophic levels and use numbers and names to represent them			
4.7.4 Trophic levels in an ecosystem	Bio ONLY: Describe what decomposers are and what they do			
c le /ste	Bio ONLY: Construct pyramids of biomass accurately from data and explain what they represent			
ind ind	Bio ONLY: State how much energy producers absorb from the Sun and how much biomass is			
Tro o ec	transferred			
7.4 Trophic leve in an ecosystem	Bio ONLY: Explain how biomass is lost between trophic levels, including the consequences of this and			
4.7 ii	calculate efficiency between trophic levels			
u	Bio ONLY: Explain the term 'food security' and describe biological factors that threaten it			
ctic	Bio ONLY: Explain how the efficiency of food production can be improved			
npc	Bio ONLY: Explain the term 'factory farming', including examples, and ethical objections			
prc	Bio ONLY: Explain the importance of maintaining fish stocks at a level where breeding continues			
po	Bio ONLY: Explain some methods that can help to conserve fish stocks			
4.7.5 Food production	Bio ONLY: Describe how modern biotechnology is used in food production, including the fungus			
1.7.5	Fusarium as an example			
4	Bio ONLY: Describe the uses of genetically modified organisms in insulin and food production			

