PHOTOGRAMMETRY

WHAT IS PHOTOGRAMMETRY?

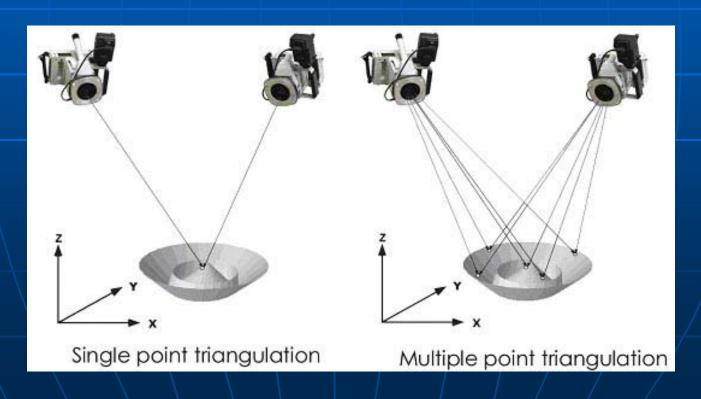
> PHOTOGRAMMETRY REVERSES
THE PROCESS OF PHOTOGRAPHY,
TRANSLATING 2D INFORMATION
INTO 3D DATA.

HOW DOES IT WORK?

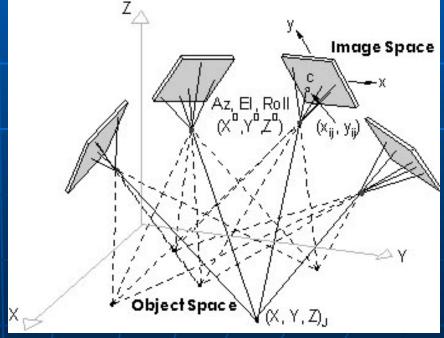
REQUIRES AT LEAST 2
 CAMERAS, YET MORE
 CAMERAS CREATE BETTER
 RESULTS

COMPUTES COORDINATES BY USING TRIANGULATION AND RESECTION

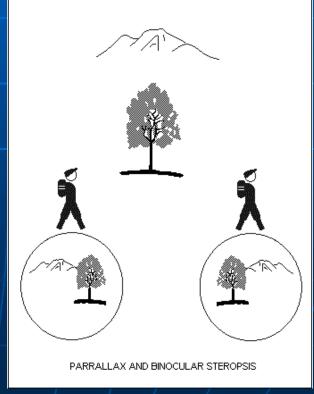
> TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS FROM TWO DIFFERENT LOCATIONS, "LINES OF SIGHT" DEVELOPED



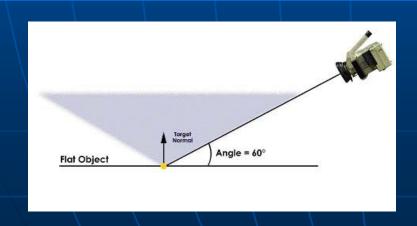
THESE LINES ARE
MATHEMATICALLY
INTERSECTED,
PRODUCE 3D
DIMENSIONAL
COORDINATES

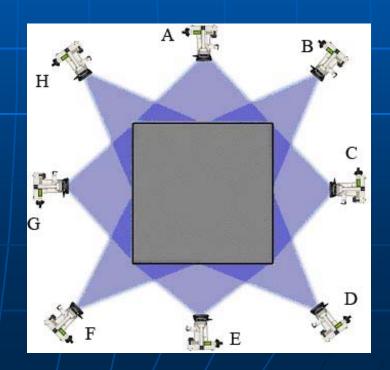


> SAME AS STEREOPSIS FOR PEOPLE AND ANIMALS (RETINAL DISPARITY)



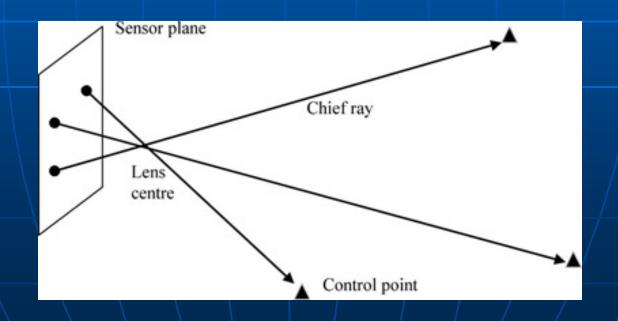
CAMERA
 LOCATION
 AND ANGLE
 MUST BE
 KNOWN





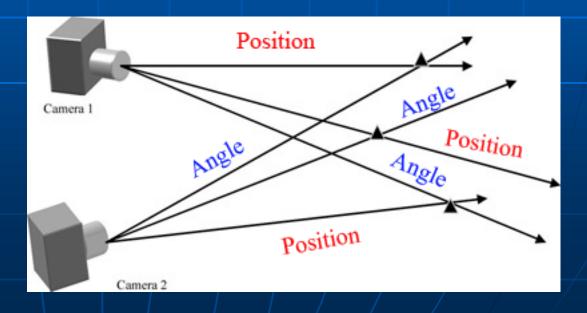
RESECTION

> PROCEDURE USED TO DETERMINE FINAL AIMING AND LOCATION (ORIENTATION)



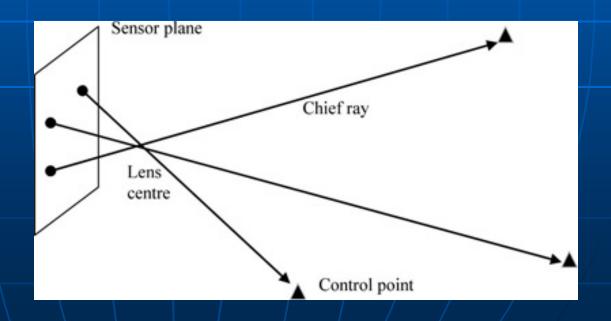
RESECTION

MUST KNOW SIXCOORDINATES, 3FOR POSITION, 3FOR ANGLE



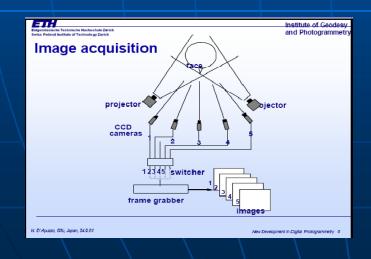
RESECTION

> WITH LINES OF SIGHT KNOWN AND ORIENTATION, 3D DATA CAN BE CAPTURED



WHAT IS NEEDED HARDWARE

- > DIFFERING MULTI-CAMERA SET UPS
- > MULTI BLACK AND WHITE CAMERAS, ONE COLOR
- > PRIMARY CAMERAS TO THE SIDES





WHAT IS NEEDED

SOFTWARE

- > CUSTOM SOFTWARE PACKAGES
- > FACIAL RECONSTRUCTION
- > PICTORIAL AVERAGING
- > TEXTURE MAPPING



APPLICATIONS

- > SECURITY
- > DATABASES
- > FACE RECOGNITION
- > MEDICAL
- > ANTHROPOMETRIC ANALYSIS
- > BEAUTY RESEARCH

TYPES OF PHOTOGRAMMETRY

> THERE ARE SEVERAL TYPES OF PHOTOGRAMMETRY: AERIAL, TERRESTRIAL, AND CLOSE RANGER.

> AERIAL IS THE MOST COMMONLY USED

AERIAL PHOTOGRAMMETRY

- A CAMERA IS MOUNTED IN AN AIRCRAFT AND IS USUALLY POINTED VERTICALLY TOWARDS THE GROUND
- > MULTIPLE OVERLAPPING PHOTOS OF THE GROUND ARE TAKEN AS THE AIRCRAFT FLIES ALONG A FLIGHT PATH









g1_5, height above floodplain: 0.025m

g1_7, height above floodplain: 0.040m

AERIAL PHOTOGRAMMETRY

> THESE PHOTOS
ARE PROCESSED
IN A STEREOPLOTTER



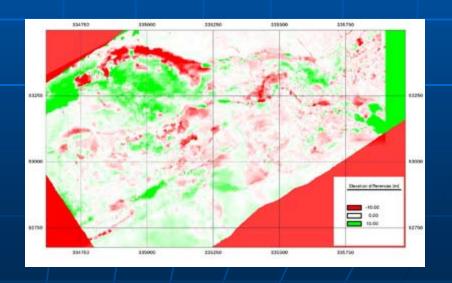
AINT IT CUTE->

WHAT IS A STEREOPLOTTER?

> DUPLICATES THE POSITION AND ORIENTATION OF THE AERIAL CAMERA AT THE TIME AN INDIVIDUAL STEREO PAIR WAS ACQUIRED

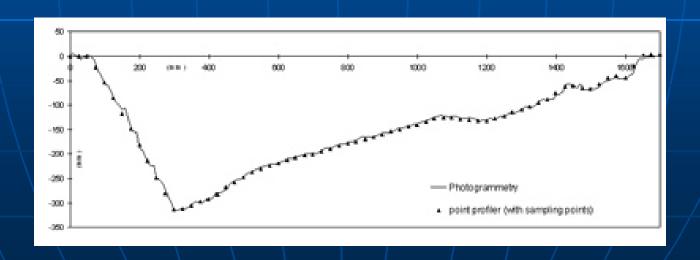
MOST WIDE SPREAD USE OF PHOTOGRAMMEY

THE
CONSTRUCTION
AND REVISION
OF
TOPOGRAPHIC
MAPS



AERIAL PHOTOGRAMMETRY

 IDENTIFIABLE POINTS ON THE GROUND (GROUND CONTROL POINTS) ARE USED TO DETERMINE DISTANCES AND GEOMETRIC PROPERTIES OF THE IMAGE



DISTORTION

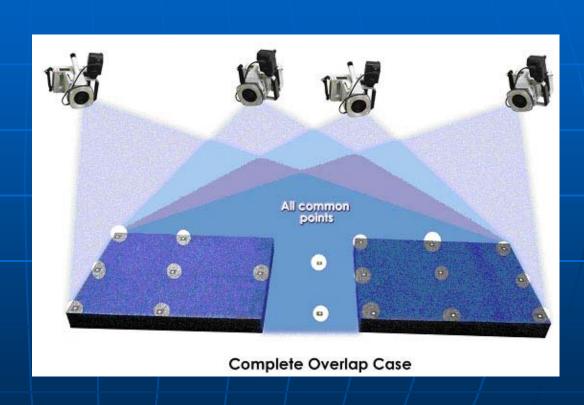
> TYPES OF DISTORTION:

> <u>RELIEF</u> DISPLACEMENT - causes tall objects to appear to lean away from the center of the image

>STEREOSCOPIC PARALLAX - APPARENT SHIFT OF AN OBJECT WITH RESPECT TO A POINT OF REFERENCE

DISTORTION CORRECTION

> IN ORDER TO CORRECT THESE DISTORTIONS, **OVERLAPPING** PHOTOS AND GROUND CONTROL POINTS ARE INTEGRATED TO PRODUCE A STEREO MODEL OF THE TERRAIN



TOO THE FUTURE!!!

- > THE USES OF PHOTOGRAMMETRY ARE EXPANDING INTO MANY DIFFERENT FIELDS:
 - > FORENSICS
 - > LANDSCAPE
 - > MEDICINE AND PROSTHETICS
 - > BIOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY
 - > ARCHITECTURAL STUDY & PRESERVATION

FORENSICS

- > GATHERING EVIDENCE
- > CRIME SCENE PRESERVATION
- > EVIDENCE PRESERVATION AND CATALOGING

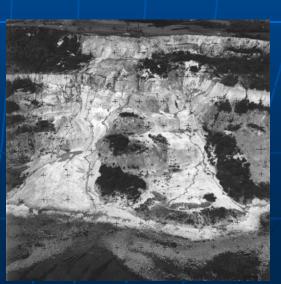
LANDSCAPING

> RECORDING LAND MOVEMENTS

> AERIAL MAPPING







MEDICINE & PROSTHETICS

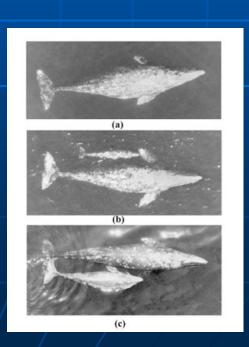
- > HUMAN MEASUREMENTS
- > PROSTHETICS RESEARCH



> ATHLETIC STUDIES OF BODILY MOTIONS AND MOVEMENTS

BIOLOGY & ZOOLOGY

- > DATA CAPTURE AND RECORDING OF PLANTS AND ANIMALS
- > INCREASED STUDY OF AQUATIC UNDERWATER LIFE



ARCHITECTURAL STUDY & PRESERVATION

- PRESERVATION OF AGING OR DECAYING MONUMENTS
- > CATEGORIZING HISTORICAL REMAINS
- > HISTORICAL MONUMENT RECONSTRUCTION