

# SIEMENS

## SINUMERIK

### SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED

#### PLC Subroutines Manual

##### User Manual

## Legal information

### Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

|  |
|--|
| <b>⚠ DANGER</b>  |
| indicates that death or severe personal injury <b>will</b> result if proper precautions are not taken. |
| <b>⚠ WARNING</b>   |
| indicates that death or severe personal injury <b>may</b> result if proper precautions are not taken.  |
| <b>⚠ CAUTION</b>   |
| indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.                   |
| <b>NOTICE</b>  |
| indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.                         |

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

### Qualified Personnel

The product/system described in this documentation may be operated only by **personnel qualified** for the specific task in accordance with the relevant documentation, in particular its warning notices and safety instructions. Qualified personnel are those who, based on their training and experience, are capable of identifying risks and avoiding potential hazards when working with these products/systems.

### Proper use of Siemens products

Note the following:

|  |
|--|
| <b>⚠ WARNING</b>   |
| Siemens products may only be used for the applications described in the catalog and in the relevant technical documentation. If products and components from other manufacturers are used, these must be recommended or approved by Siemens. Proper transport, storage, installation, assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance are required to ensure that the products operate safely and without any problems. The permissible ambient conditions must be complied with. The information in the relevant documentation must be observed. |

# Preface

## Applicable products

This manual is applicable to the following control systems:

| Control system                      | Software version |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED T (Turning) | V4.6             |
| SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED M (Milling) | V4.6             |

## Documentation components and target groups

| Component  | Recommended target group   |
|--|--|
| <b>User documentation</b>                                      |  |
| Programming and Operating Manual (Turning)                     | Programmers and operators of turning machines  |
| Programming and Operating Manual (Milling)                     | Programmers and operators of milling machines  |
| Programming and Operating Manual (ISO Turning/Milling)         | Programmers and operators of turning/milling machines  |
| Programming and Operating Manual (Manual Machine Plus Turning) | Programmers and operators of turning machines  |
| Diagnostics Manual   | Mechanical and electrical designers, commissioning engineers, machine operators, and service and maintenance personnel |
| <b>Manufacturer/service documentation</b>                      |  |
| Commissioning Manual   | Installation personnel, commissioning engineers, and service and maintenance personnel                                 |
| Function Manual  | Mechanical and electrical designers, technical professionals   |
| Parameter Manual   | Mechanical and electrical designers, technical professionals   |
| PLC Subroutines Manual   | Mechanical and electrical designers, technical professionals, and commissioning engineers                              |

## My Documentation Manager (MDM)

Under the following link you will find information to individually compile your documentation based on the Siemens content:

[www.siemens.com/mdm](http://www.siemens.com/mdm)

## Standard scope

This manual only describes the functionality of the standard version. Extensions or changes made by the machine tool manufacturer are documented by the machine tool manufacturer.

## Technical support

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <p><b>Hotline:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Global support hotline:<br/>+49 (0)911 895 7222</li> <li>Support hotline in China:<br/>+86 4008104288 (china)</li> </ul> | <p><b>Service and Support:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Chinese Web site:<br/><a href="http://www.siemens.com.cn/808D">http://www.siemens.com.cn/808D</a></li> <li>Global Web site:<br/><a href="http://support.automation.siemens.com">http://support.automation.siemens.com</a></li> </ul> |
|--|--|

## EC Declaration of Conformity

The EC Declaration of Conformity for the EMC Directive can be found on the Internet at <http://support.automation.siemens.com>

Here, enter the number **15257461** as the search term or contact your local Siemens office.

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# 1 Overview

The PLC subroutines consist of three project files:

- default\_turning.ptp (sample application for turning machines)
- default\_milling.ptp (sample application for milling machines)
- default\_ManMachPlus\_T.ptp (sample application for Manual Machine Plus)

With the sample applications, you can get a good understanding about how to create or call a PLC subroutine. You can realize most machine functions by re-organizing the PLC subroutines or modifying some must networks.

## WARNING

Make sure that you perform a complete machine test to all subroutines used in your main program, in order to verify that all the subroutines called by the main program function as you desire. Failure to observe may cause personal injury or property damage.

### System resource distribution

The system resources can be distributed into three parts:

- PLC system
  - Inputs
    - I0.0 to I2.7 (24 inputs of the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED)
    - I3.0 to I8.7 (distributed 48 inputs)
  - Outputs
    - Q0.0 to Q1.7 (16 outputs of the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED)
    - Q2.0 to Q5.7 (distributed 32 outputs)
  - Memory
    - M0.0 to M255.7 (256 bytes)
  - Non-volatile memory
    - DB1400.DBX0.0 to DB1400.DBX127.7 (128 bytes)
  - PLC user alarms:
    - DB1600.DBX0.0 to DB1600.DBX15.7 (128 user alarms)
  - Timer
    - T0 to T15 (100ms timer)

T16 to T63 (10ms timer)

- Counter  
C0 to C63 (64 counters)

- NCK

- PLC machine data: MD14510, MD14512, MD 14514
- MD14510 machine data INT: DB4500.DBW0 to DB4500.DBW62 (32 words)
- MD14512 machine data hex: DB4500.DBB1000 to EDB4500.DBB1031 (32 bytes)
- MD14514 machine data real: DB4500.DBD2000 to DB4500.DBD2028 (8 Dword)

- PLC Programming Tool

- Symbol table: SYM1 to SYM32 (32 symbol tables)
- Subroutine: SBR0 to SBR63 (64 subroutines)

### Structure of the symbol tables

The PLC subroutine library has been designed with symbol addressing method, which helps you easily understand the PLC programs. All the addresses in the subroutine library use symbols for programming. All the interface signals are named with symbols and assigned to different symbol tables.

| Symbol table | Table name | Descriptions  |
|--------------|------------|---|
| 1            | IO_1       | Module I/O are defined by the manufacturer                    |
| 2            | IO_2       | Distributed I/O are defined by the manufacturer               |
| 3, 5, 7, 13  |            | Reserved for the manufacturer                                 |
| 6            | MANMACH    | JOG function  |
| 14           | ASUP       | ASUP function   |
| 15           | PLC_sel_PP | PLC selects part programs                                     |
| 16           | IS_MCP     | Signals from/to the MCP                                       |
| 17           | IS_HMI     | Signals from/to the HMI                                       |
| 18           | IS_AUX     | Auxiliary functions from the NCK                              |
| 19           | IS_NCK     | Signals from/to the NCK                                       |
| 20           | IS_CHA     | Signals from/to the channel                                   |
| 21           | IS_AX1     | Signals to/from axis 1  |
| 22           | IS_AX2     | Signals to/from axis 2  |
| 23           | IS_AX3     | Signals to/from axis 3  |
| 24           | IS_AX4     | Signals to/from axis 4  |
| 27           | MD_PLC     | PLC machine data  |
| 28           | ALARM      | User alarms   |
| 29           | NV_MEM     | Non-volatile memory   |
| 30           | SPC_MEM    | Special memory bit  |
| 31           | SBR_MEM    | Global memory used in the sample applications and subroutines |
| 32           | RESVD1     | Reserved for the sample applications and subroutines          |

### Structure of the subroutines

| Subroutine No. | Name          | Description   |
|----------------|---------------|---|
| 0 to 19        | -             | Reserved for the manufacturer   |
| 20             | AUX_MCP       | Auxiliary function  |
| 21             | AUX_LAMP      | Lamp control, called in the subroutine "AUX_MCP".                               |
| 22             | AUX_SAFE_DOOR | Safe door control, called in the subroutine "AUX_MCP" of a milling application. |

| Subroutine No. | Name              | Description  |
|----------------|-------------------|--|
| 23             | AUX_CHIP          | Chip remover control, called in the subroutine "AUX_MCP" of a milling application.                             |
| 31             | PLC_ini_USR_INI   | Reserved for the initialization by the manufacturer (this subroutine is automatically called by subroutine 32) |
| 32             | PLC_INI           | PLC initialization   |
| 33             | EMG_STOP          | Emergency Stop   |
| 37             | MCP_NCK           | Signals from the MCP and the HMI are sent to NCK interfaces  |
| 38             | MCP_Tool_Nr       | Display tool numbers via the LED of the MCP  |
| 39             | HANDWHL           | Handwheel selection via HMI  |
| 40             | AXIS_CTL          | Control of feed axis enable and spindle enable   |
| 41             | MINI_HHU          | Handwheel hand held unit   |
| 42             | SPINDLE           | Spindle function   |
| 43             | MEAS_JOG          | Tool measurement in the JOG mode   |
| 44             | COOLING           | Coolant control (Manual Machine key and M code: M07, M08, M09)   |
| 45             | LUBRICATE         | Lubrication control (interval and time)  |
| 46             | PI_SERVICE        | ASUP (Asynchronous Subroutine Program)   |
| 47             | PLC_Select_PP     | PLC selects a subroutine.  |
| 48             | ServPlan          | Service plan   |
| 49             | Gear_Chg1_Auto    | Automatic gear change of the spindle   |
| 50             | Gear_Chg2_Virtual | Dummy gear change of the spindle   |
| 51             | Turret1_HED_T     | Turret control of the turning machine (turret type: Hall element transistor, 4/6 position)                     |
| 52             | Turret2_BIN_T     | Turret control of the turning machine (turret type: position detection with encodings)                         |
| 53             | Turret3_CODE_T    | Hydraulic turret control of the turning machine (turret type: position detection with encodings)               |
| 54             | Turret2_3_ToolDir | Evaluate tool direction and calculate tool position (called by Turret2_BIN_T, Turret3_CODE_T)                  |
| 55             | Tail_stock_T      | Tail stock control for the turning machine   |
| 56             | Lock_unlock_T     | Clamp or release control for the turning machine   |
| 58             | MM_MAIN           | Manual machine   |
| 59             | MM_MCP_808D       | Spindle signal processing for the manual machine   |
| 60             | Disk_MGZ_M        | Disk tool magazine for a milling machine   |
| 61, 62         |                   | Reserved for the subroutine  |
| 63             | TOGGLE            | Six key-operated switches: K1 to K6<br>Two delay switches: K7, K8  |

#### MCP interface description

| Input/output               | DB number   | Bit7      | Bit6         | Bit5        | Bit4         | Bit3   | Bit2          | Bit1         | Bit0         |
|----------------------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| Input (MCP -> PPU), DB1000 | DB1000.DBB0 | M01       | Program test | MDA         | Single block | AUTO   | REF. POINT    | JOG          | Hand-wheel   |
|                            | DB1000.DBB1 | Key 16    | Key 15       | Key 14      | Key 13       | Key 12 | Key 11        | Key 10       | ROV          |
|                            | DB1000.DBB2 | 100 (INC) | 10 (INC)     | 1 (INC)     | Key 21       | Key 20 | Key 19        | Key 18       | Key 17       |
|                            | DB1000.DBB3 | Key 32    | Key 31       | Cycle start | Cycle Stop   | RESET  | Spindle right | Spindle Stop | Spindle left |
|                            | DB1000.DBB4 |           | Key 39       | Key 38      | Key 37       | Key 36 | RAPID         | Key 34       | Key 33       |
|                            | DB1000.DBB5 |           |              |             |              |        |               |              |              |

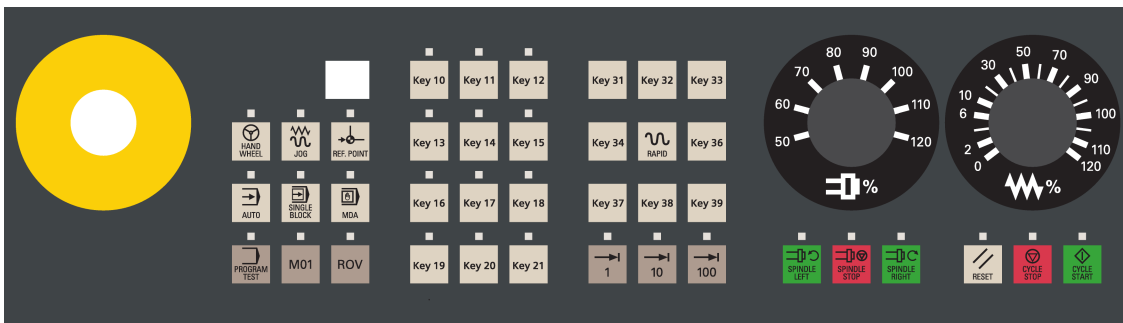
| Input/output                       | DB number    | Bit7                                  | Bit6   | Bit5   | Bit4   | Bit3   | Bit2   | Bit1    | Bit0    |
|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
|                                    | DB1000.DBB6  |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1000.DBB7  |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1000.DBB8  | Feed override value (in Gray code)    |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1000.DBB9  | Spindle override value (in Gray code) |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1000.DBB10 |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
| Output (PPU -<br>> MCP),<br>DB1100 | DB1100.DBB0  | LED 8                                 | LED 7  | LED 6  | LED 5  | LED 4  | LED 3  | LED 2   | LED 1   |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB1  | LED 16                                | LED 15 | LED 14 | LED 13 | LED 12 | LED 11 | LED 10  | LED 9   |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB2  | LED 24                                | LED 23 | LED 22 | LED 21 | LED 20 | LED 19 | LED 18  | LED 17  |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB3  |                                       |        | LED 30 | LED 29 | LED 28 | LED 27 | LED 26  | LED 25  |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB4  |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB5  |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB6  |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB7  |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB8  | 7 SEG LED 1                           |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB9  | 7SEG LED 2                            |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB10 |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB11 |                                       |        |        |        |        |        |         |         |
|                                    | DB1100.DBB12 |                                       |        |        |        |        |        | DP 2 2) | DP 1 1) |

- 1) The decimal point of the 7 SEG LED 1.  
2) The decimal point of the 7 SEG LED 2.

### Note

Interfaces where nothing has been entered are reserved for the next version.

You can understand the relationship between the PLC interface addresses and the SINUMERIK 808D MCP from the following illustration for a horizontal MCP:



## 2 PLC Programming Tool

### 2.1 Installing the 808D Toolbox

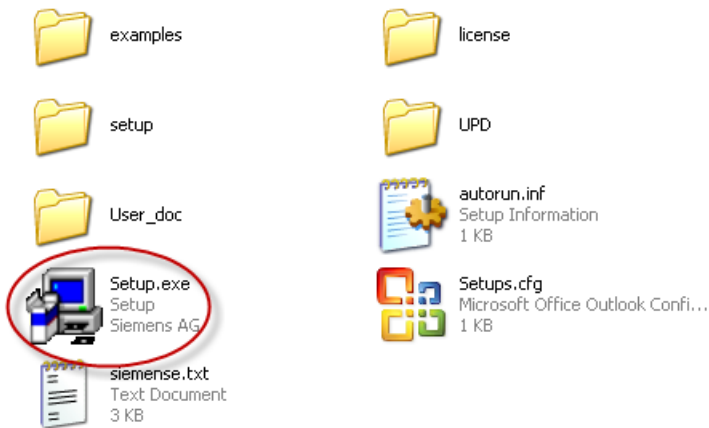
You must install the 808D Toolbox on your PC/PG (PLC Programming Tool). The 808D Toolbox contains the following software tools and information:

- Config Data 808D
  - System software update
  - Examples (EasyXLanguage, symbols for MCP customized keys, template for MCP strips, PLC subroutine library)

- PLC Programming Tool  
The tool for creating PLC user programs
- Windows setup software for toolbox
- User documentation
- License information and conditions about Open Source Software (Readme\_OSS)
- SinuComPCIN
- Access MyMachine P2P (AMM)

### Installing the 808D toolbox

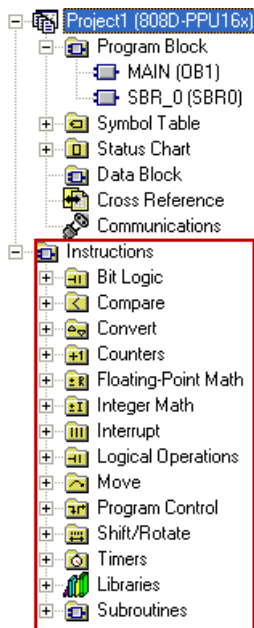
The toolbox installation folder is shown below:



To start the installation, double-click the **Setup.exe** file. In the setup dialog, select one or multiple options that you desire to install.

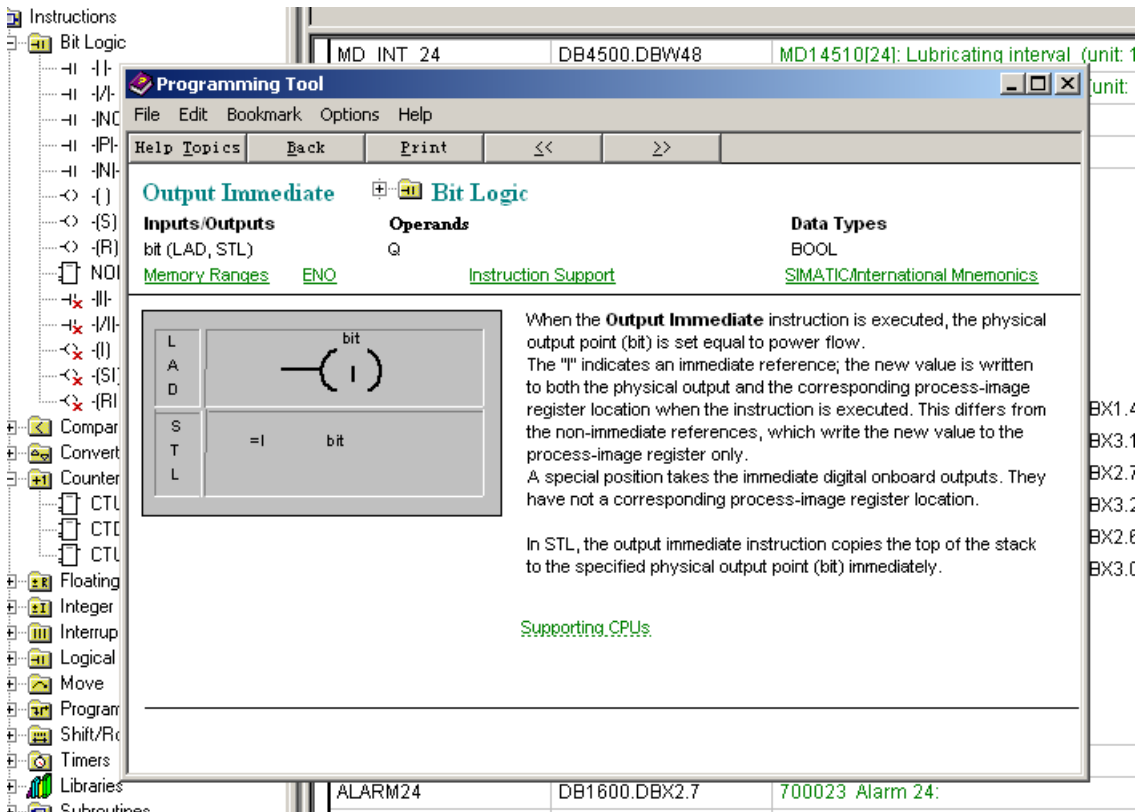
## 2.2 PLC instructions

Various instructions are available in the PLC Programming Tool. You can view them in the instruction branch on the instruction tree:





You can right-click over an instruction or directly press the F1 key to view its help information. For example:



## 2.3 Data management

The data can be broken down into three areas:

- non-retentive data
- retentive data
- machine data for the PLC (this machine data is all active at POWER ON)

Most data, such as the process image, timers, and counters are non-retentive and are cleared each time the control system is restarted.

For the retentive data, there is a data range of 1400 0000 -1400 0127. This location can be used to save all the data which is to remain valid after POWER OFF/ON.

With the aid of the PLC-MD (see user interface), you can pre-assign your program with data or parameterize various parts of the program.

## 2.4 Program organization

When programming the PLC, you must structure your program into finished program parts (subroutines). The programming language for S7-200 offers you the capability to set up your user program in a structured manner.

There are the following two types of programs:

- The main program
- The subroutine.



Eight levels of programming are possible.

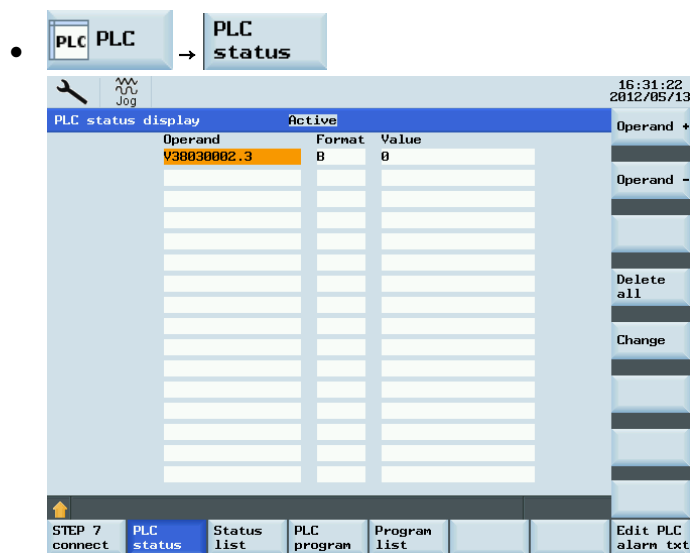
## 2.5 Testing and monitoring your program

You can check or perform an error analysis of the user program in two methods:





- HMI of the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED
- PLC Programming Tool

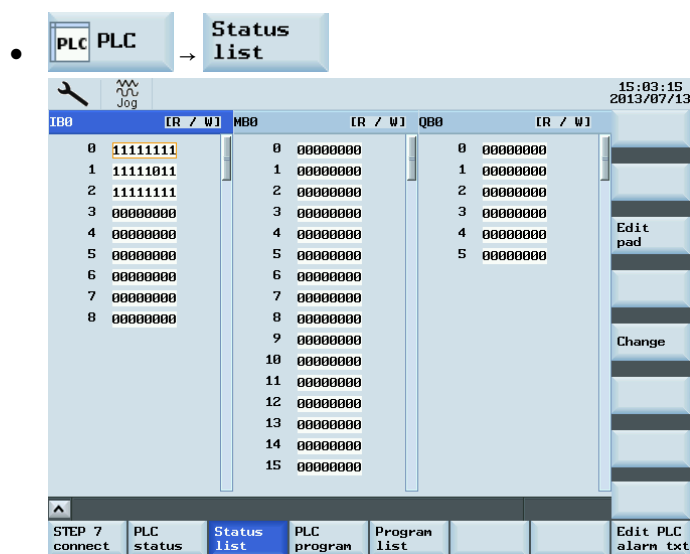
### Testing and monitoring a PLC program with the HMI

There are three ways for program testing and monitoring in the <SYSTEM> operating area (  +  ):



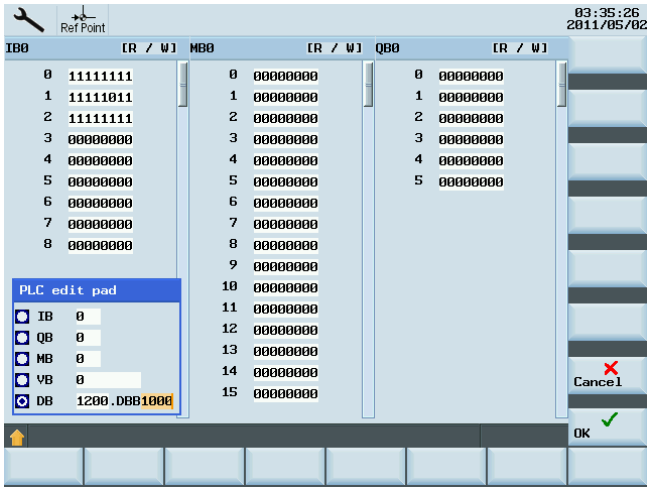
You can enter an operand to view its status.

Use the softkey  or  respectively to increase/decrease the bit of the operand. Use the  softkey to change the value of the operand and the  softkey to delete all the entered operands.

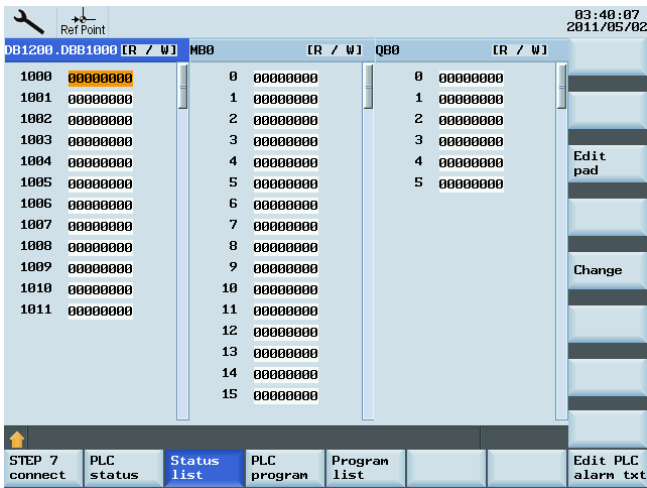


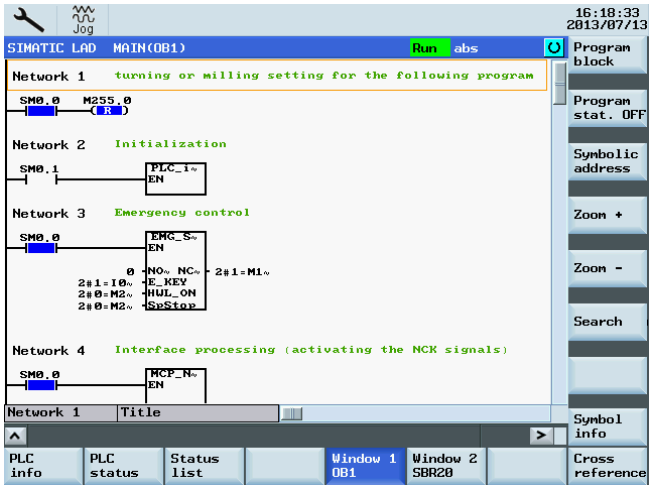
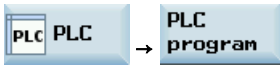
You can view the status of a PLC signal.

By default, three signal status lists (inputs, flags and outputs) are displayed in three columns. You can change column sequence or assign a new signal status list (variables) with the **Edit pad** softkey.

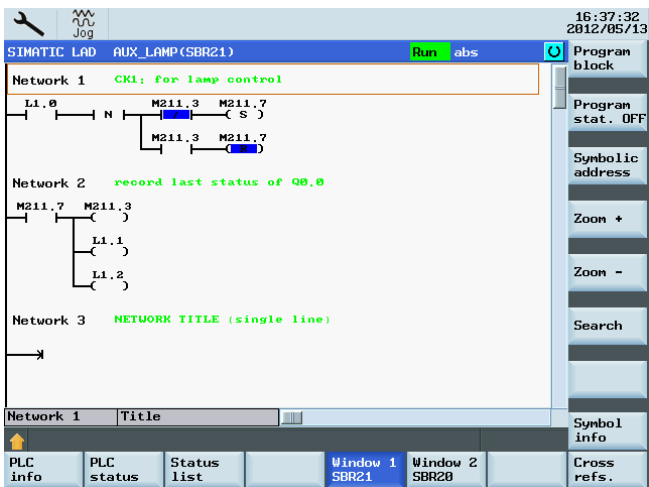
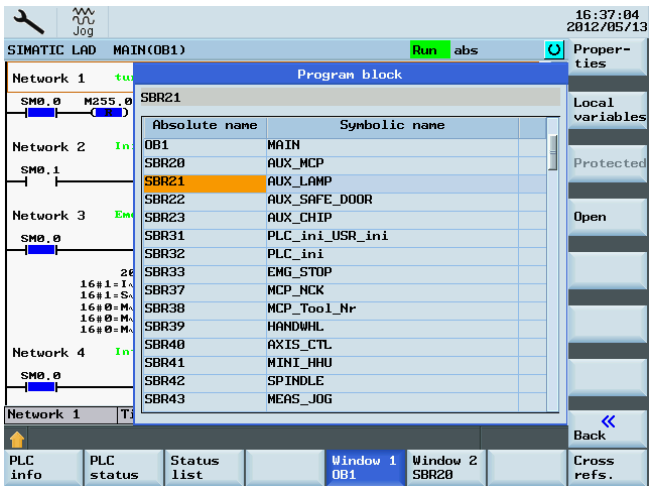


You can also change the status of a PLC signal with the **Change** softkey.







You can view the status of the main program or use the **Program block** softkey to view the status of a subroutine.

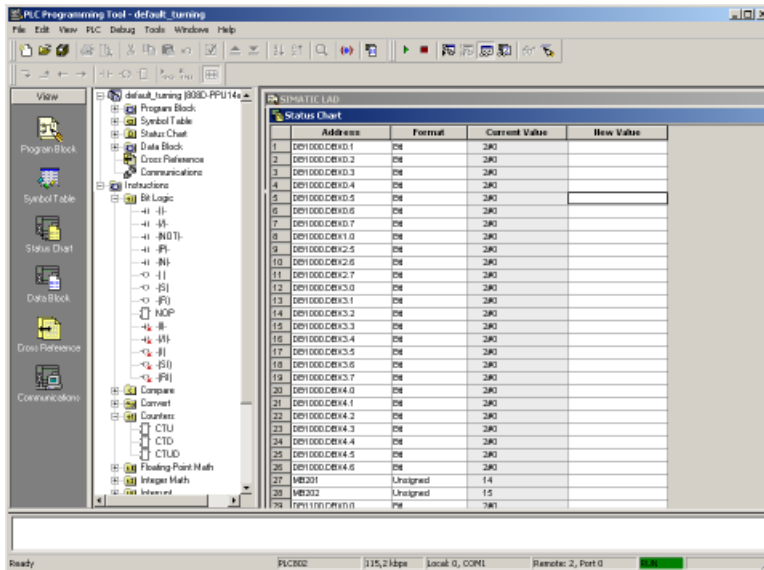


Two windows are available for you to view the program.

## Testing and monitoring a PLC program with the PLC Programming Tool

You can also view the status of your PLC program with the PLC Programming Tool:

1. Establish the communication between the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED and the PLC Programming Tool.  
There are three methods for establishing the communication between the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED and the PLC Programming Tool:
  - Establishing a connection with the RS232 interface (Page 13)
  - Establishing a direct connection with the Ethernet interface (Page 17)
  - Establishing a network connection with the Ethernet interface (Page 20)
2. Use the menu command **Debug** → **Chart Status** to view the status of a PLC signal. You can also first click the status chart symbol  and then click the  symbol to view the status.

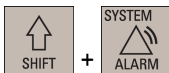


## 2.6 Establishing a connection with the RS232 interface

You can establish a communication between the control system and the PC/PG via the RS232 interface.

### Operating sequence to make an RS232 connection to the control

1. Connect the control system with the PC/PG using an RS232 cable.
2. Select the desired operating area on the PPU.

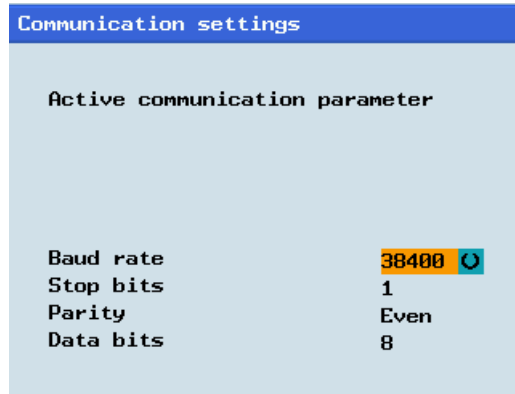




→




3. Press these two softkeys in succession to open the following communication setting window.



4. Use this softkey to select a communication baud rate. The SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED supports the following baud rates:

- 9.6 kbps
- 19.2 kbps
- 38.4 kbps
- 57.6 kbps
- 115.2 kbps

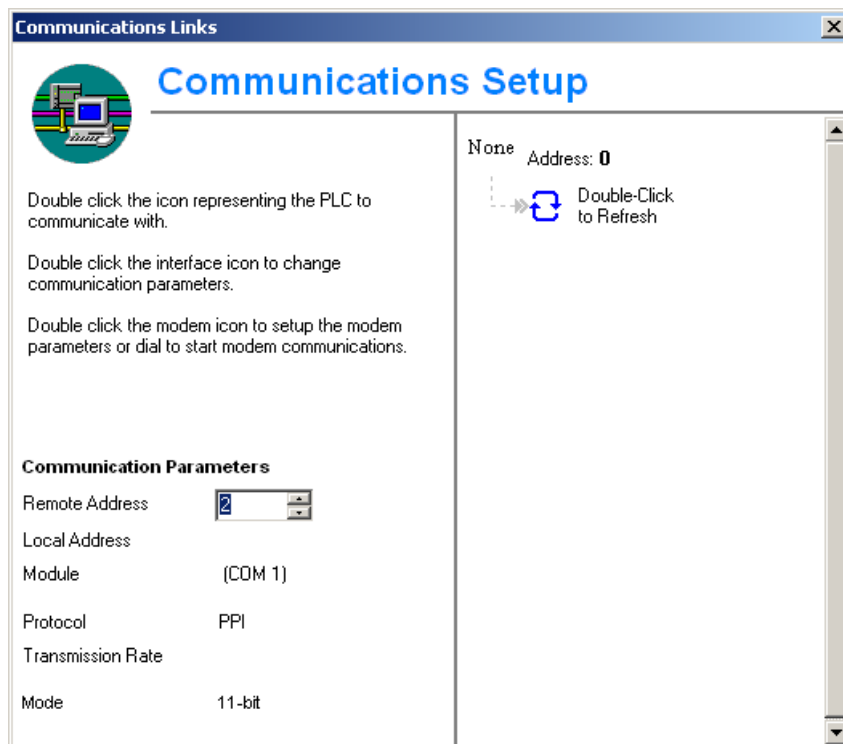



5. Activate the RS232 connection with this softkey. No modifications to the settings are possible in this state. The active or inactive state is retained even after a power-on (except when starting with the default data). In the lower right corner of the screen, the  icon shows that the connection to the PG/PC via the RS232 interface is active.

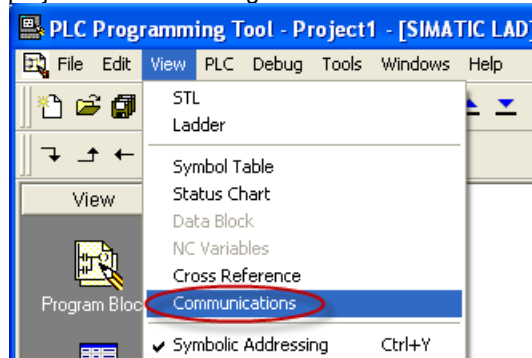
### Operating sequence to configure communications in the PLC Programming Tool



1. Start the PLC Programming Tool on your PC/PG, and click this button in the navigation bar to open the following dialog:

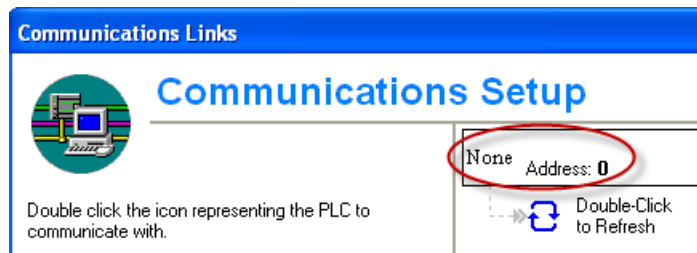


Alternatively, you can call the above dialog by double clicking the  Communications icon in the project tree or choosing from the main screen menu:

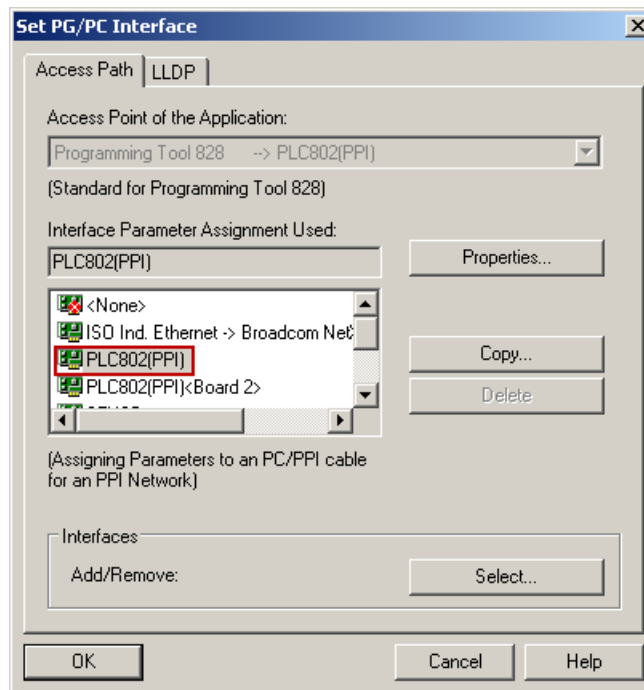


2. Double-click the access point symbol.

None Address: 0

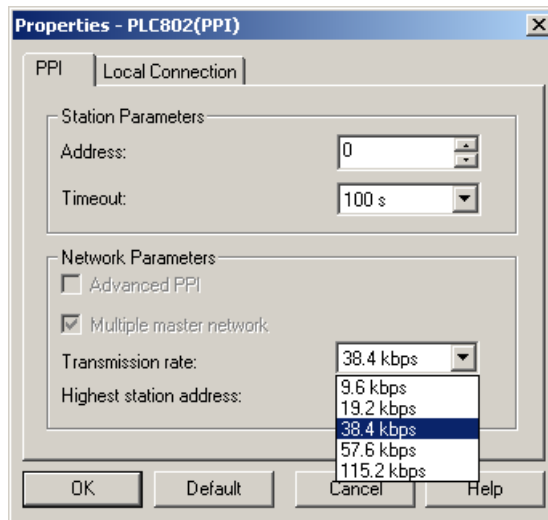


Then the following "Set PG/PC Interface" dialog is displayed.



Check the PG/PC interface being used. For RS232 communication, you must assign the interface "PLC802(PPI)" to the PLC programming tool.

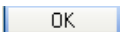
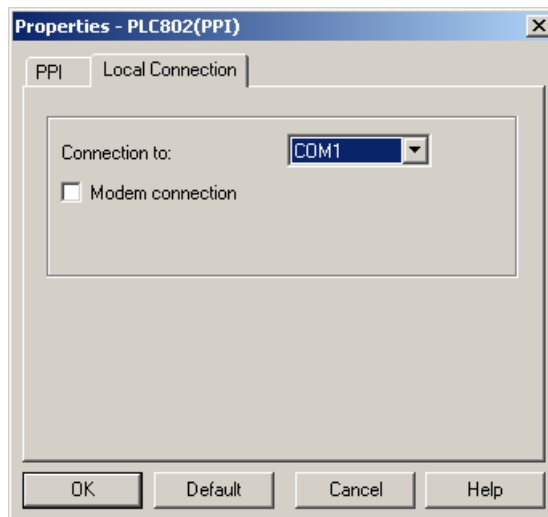
3. Double click the interface "PLC802(PPI)" or click the context menu "Properties", and the following property dialog is displayed.



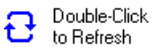
On the "PPI" tab page, set the baud rate for the transmission rate, which the PLC Programming Tool will use for communication.

**NOTE:** The baud rate you select must be the same as what you have set on the control.

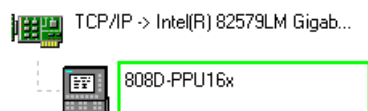
4. Open the "Local connection" tab to specify the COM port to which the RS232 (V24) cable is connected.



5. Click this button twice to exit the "Set PG/PC Interface" dialog.



6. Double click this icon on the right side of the communication setting window. It will take several minutes to search for a valid address.
7. Wait until the information on the connected control system is identified as follows, and then the connection is ready.





---

**Note**

Before configuring communications in the PLC Programming Tool, make sure the connection is already enabled on the control.

---

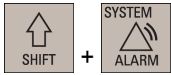
## 2.7 Establishing a direct connection with the Ethernet interface

You can establish a direct connection between the control system and the PC/PG via the Ethernet interface.

### Operating sequence to enable an Ethernet peer-to-peer connection to the control

1. Connect the control system with the PC/PG using an Ethernet cable.
2. Select the desired operating area on the PPU.
3. Set up a direct connection on the control system by pressing these three softkeys in succession.

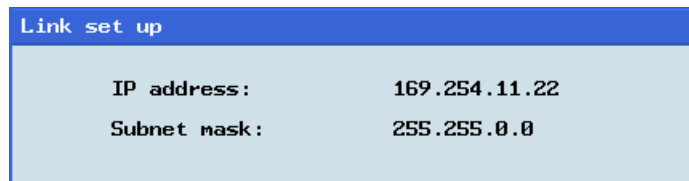
The following dialog pops up:



→



→



The IP address and subnet mask shown are fixed values. These values cannot be changed.

You can cancel the Ethernet peer-to-peer connection once more using the





**Operating sequence to configure communications in the PLC Programming Tool**

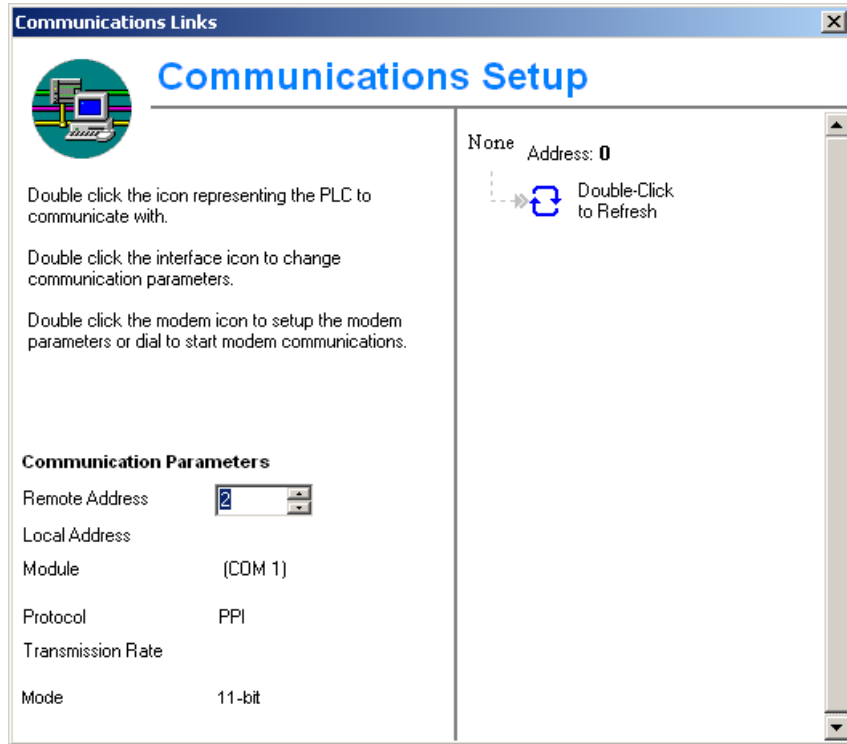
View

→

Communications

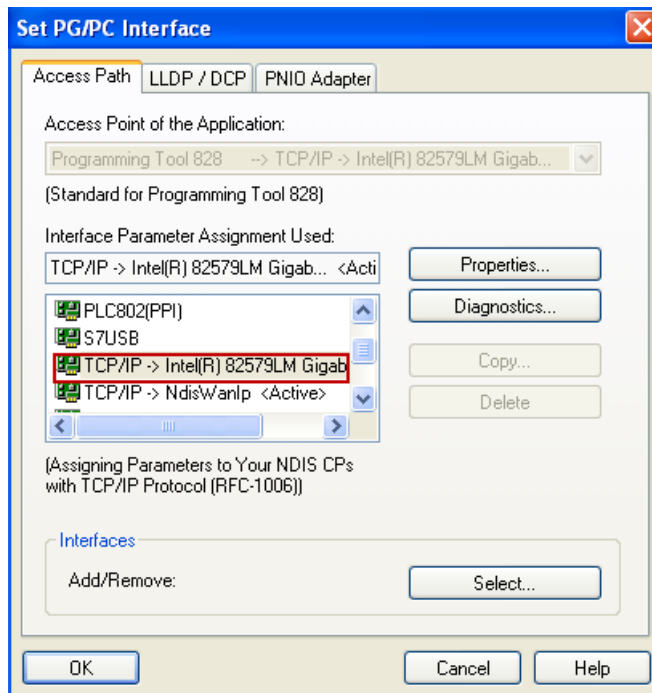
1. Choose these two menus from the menu bar to open the following communication setting window.

Also you can click the communication button  in the navigation bar, or click the communication icon  Communications in the project tree to display the window.



None Address: 0

2. Double click this icon on the right side. Then the following interface setting dialog is displayed.



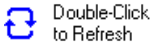
Select the TCP/IP pointed to the Ethernet card of your PC, and then click the  button.

You can find the name of your Ethernet card under "Start" > "Settings" > "Network connections" on your PC.

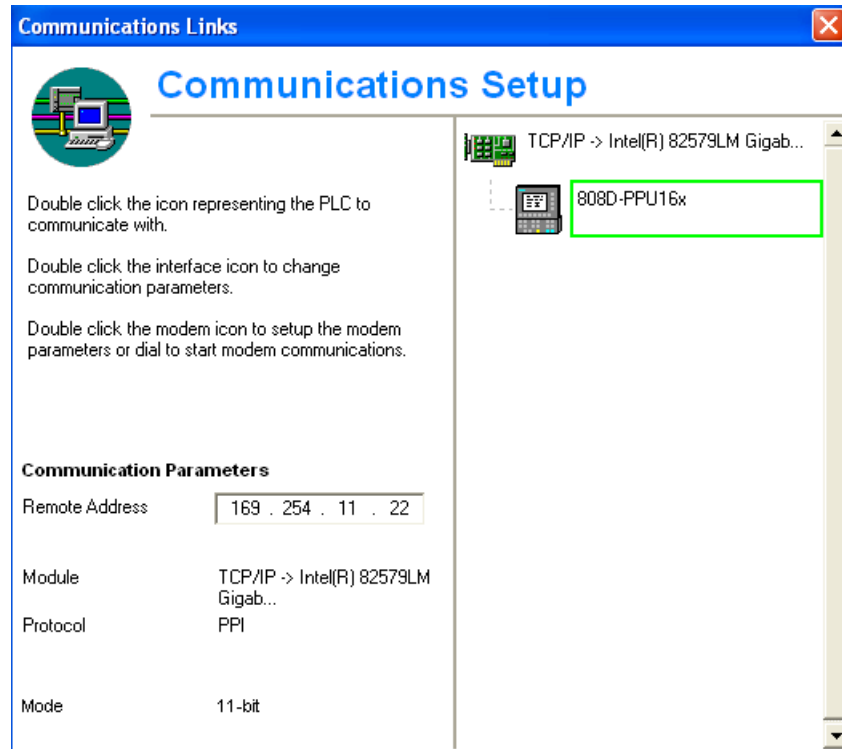
3. On the left side of the communication setting window, enter the IP address for the corresponding SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED control, which is previously displayed in the link setting dialog on the control, as shown below.

**Communication Parameters**

Remote Address



4. Double click this icon on the right side of the communication setting window to establish a connection to the specified IP address.



---

**Note**

- Before configuring communications in the PLC Programming Tool, make sure the connection must be already enabled on the control.
  - Ensure that the IP address of your PC and the IP address of the control exist in the same network segment.
-

## 2.8 Establishing a network connection with the Ethernet interface

You can establish a network connection between the control system and the PC/PG via the Ethernet interface.

### Operating sequence to enable an Ethernet network connection to the control



→



1. Connect the control system with the local network using an Ethernet cable.
2. Select the desired operating area on the PPU.
3. Press these two softkeys in succession to enter the service control window.

4. Press this softkey to enter the window for network configuration.  
**Note:** In this case, make sure the following vertical softkey is deselected.



5. Configure the network as required in the following window.

| Network configuration |                   |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Local data            |                   |
| Protocol:             | TCP / IP          |
| DHCP:                 | Yes               |
| Cmpt. name:           | NONAME_NCU        |
| IP address:           | 172 16 202 200    |
| Subnet mask:          | 255 255 255 0     |
| Gateway:              |                   |
| DNS 1:                |                   |
| DNS 2:                |                   |
| DNS 3:                |                   |
| DNS Domain:           | test.com          |
| Monitoring time:      | 30 s              |
| MAC address:          | 00-1c-06-ff-b0-58 |



You can configure the DHCP with the hardkey.

- If you select "Yes" for the DHCP, the IP address and subnet mask will be automatically assigned.
- If you select "No" for the DHCP, you must manually enter the values for the IP address and subnet mask. The IP address here must be within the same network segment with the IP address of your PC.

Save

- 6. Press this softkey to save the configuration. If you select "Yes" for the DHCP, you need to restart the control system to activate the network configuration.



**Operating sequence to configure communications in the PLC Programming Tool**

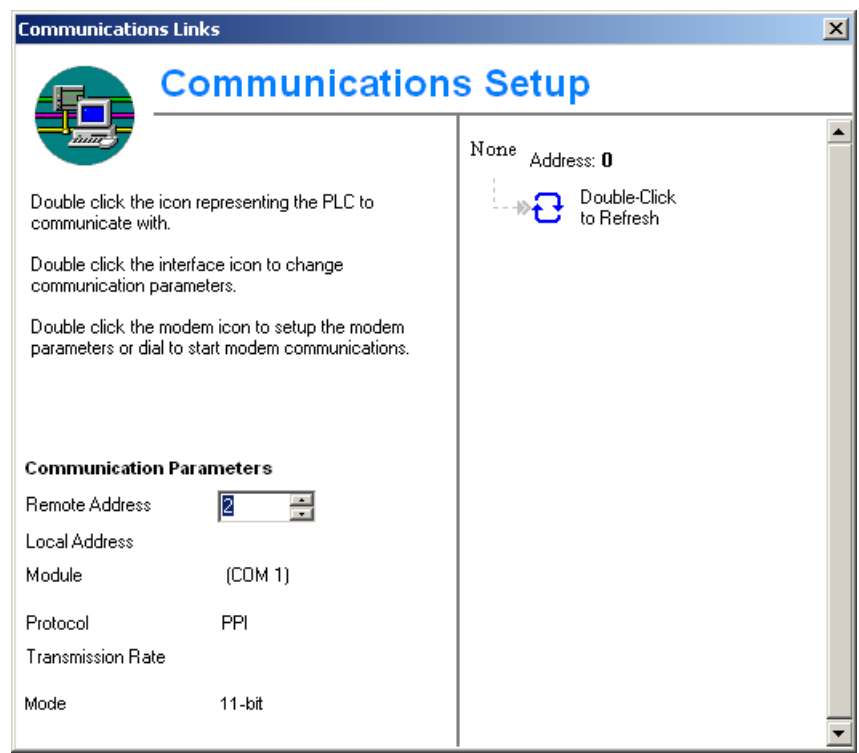
View

→

Communications

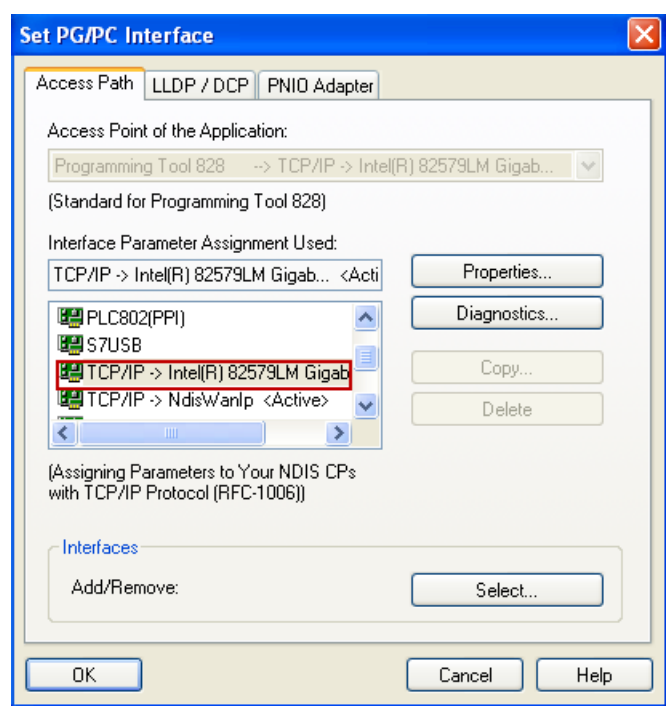
- 1. Choose these two menus from the menu bar to open the following communication setting window.

Also you can click the communication button  in the navigation bar, or click the communication icon  Communications in the project tree to display the window.



None Address: 0

- 2. Double click this icon on the right side. Then the following interface setting dialog is displayed.



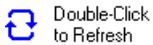
Select the TCP/IP pointed to the Ethernet card of your PC, and then click the  button.

You can find the name of your Ethernet card under "Start" > "Settings" > "Network connections" on your PC.

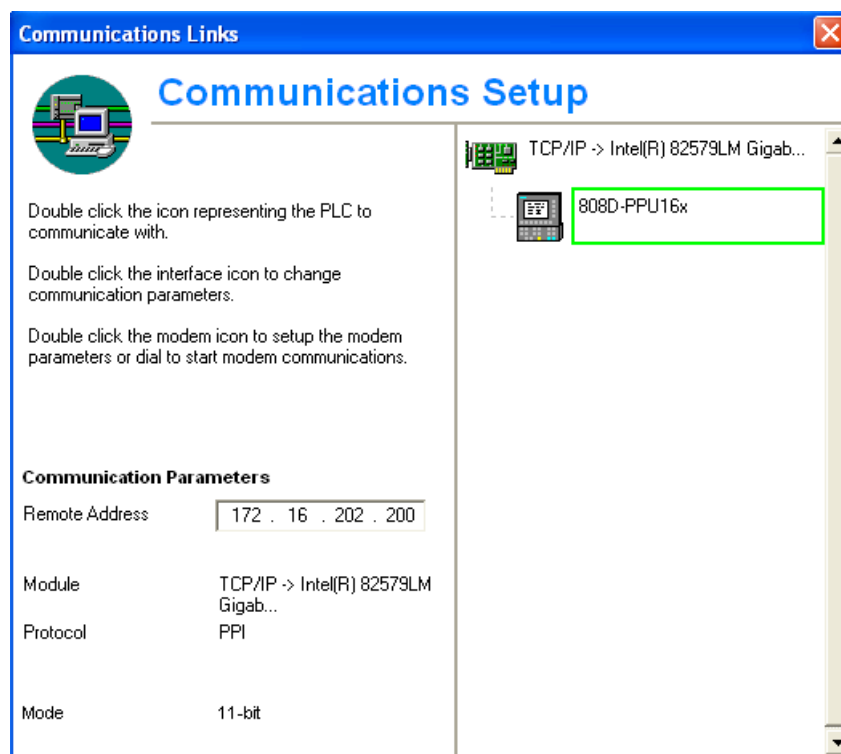
3. On the left side of the communication setting window, enter the IP address for the corresponding SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED control.
  - When you select "Yes" for the DHCP on the control, enter the IP address that is already automatically assigned.
  - When you select "No" for the DHCP on the control, enter the IP address that you've previously entered on the control manually.

#### Communication Parameters

Remote Address



4. Double click this icon on the right side of the communication setting window to establish a connection to the specified IP address.



#### Note

- Before configuring communications in the PLC Programming Tool, make sure the connection must be already enabled on the control.

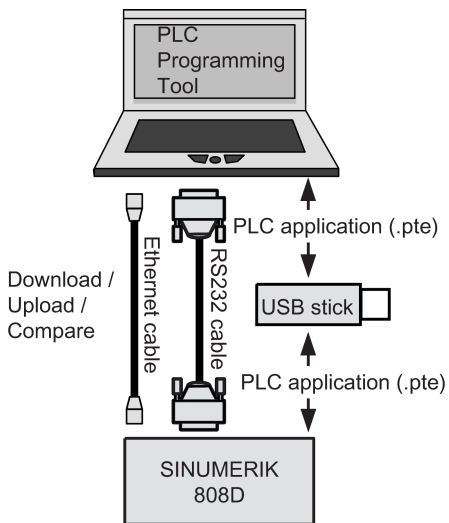
## 2.9 PLC application Download/Upload/Copy/Compare

You can save, copy or over-write a PLC project or PLC application on the control system by using the following:

- PLC Programming Tool
- USB stick

The **PLC project** contains the PLC user program, including all of the important information (symbols, comments, ...).


You can upload / download a PLC project from / to the control system with the PLC Programming Tool. Also with this tool, you can import and export the PLC project in the ".pte" format. Additionally, you can read / write the PLC project in the ".pte" format from / to a USB stick directly on the control system.



## Download

You can write the transferred data into the permanent memory (load memory) of the control system with the PLC Programming Tool or a USB stick.

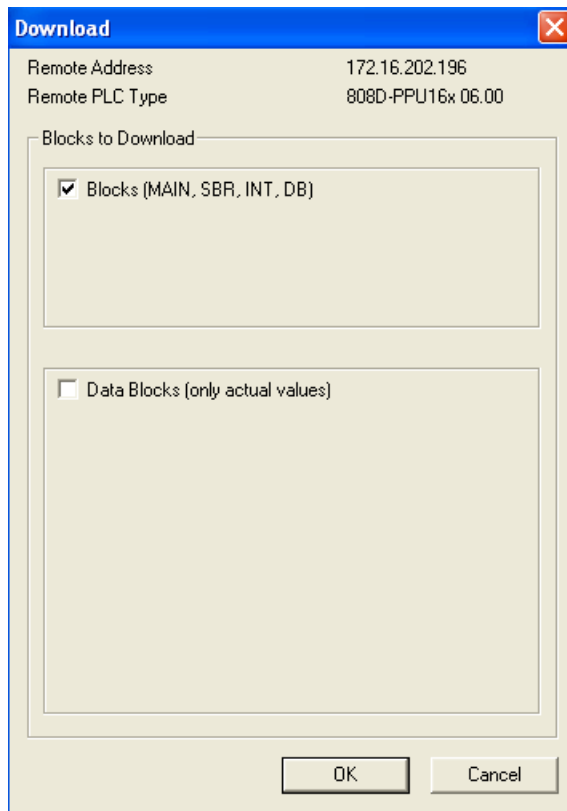
To download a PLC application with the PLC Programming Tool, proceed as follows:

1. Establish the communication between the control and the PLC Programming Tool. You can establish the connection by using the following three methods:
  - Establishing a connection with the RS232 interface (Page 13)
  - Establishing a direct connection with the Ethernet interface (Page 17)
  - Establishing a network connection with the Ethernet interface (Page 20)
2. Choose these two menus from the menu bar or click the download icon  to start the download, and the download dialog pops up:

File

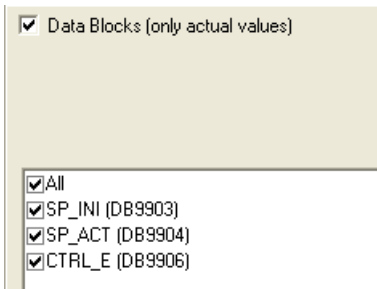
→

Download...

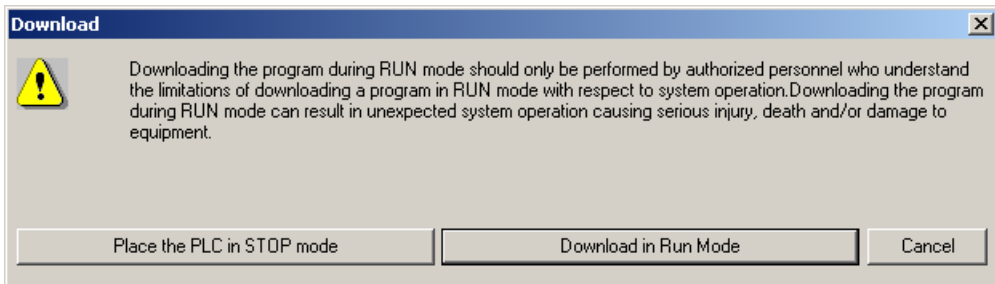


OK

- Click this button to proceed directly. You can also select the checkbox "Data Blocks (only actual values)" to include the actual values of the data blocks, and then click this button.



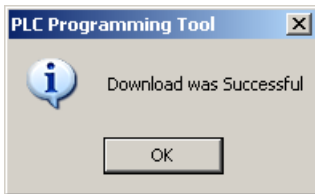
- Choose to download the PLC application when the PLC is in the **run** mode or in the **stop** mode.



**Caution:** You are recommended to download the PLC application when the PLC is in the **stop** mode. Downloading the PLC application when the PLC is in the **run** mode can cause machine damages or even human injuries.


- The download starts and it will take several seconds to do it.
- The download finishes when the following message appears. Then click this button to end your operations.

OK



---

#### Note

If you have chosen to download when the PLC is in the **stop** mode, you can place the PLC at the **run** mode again with the PLC Programming Tool (click the button ).

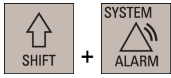
---



To download a machine manufacturer's PLC application with a USB stick, perform as follows:

File → Export...

1. Choose these two menus from the menu bar to export the PLC application created with the PLC Programming Tool to a USB stick.
2. Insert the USB stick into the USB interface at the front of the PPU.
3. Select the desired operating area on the PPU.

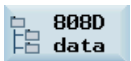


→



4. Open the USB stick by pressing these two softkeys in succession.
5. Select the **.pte** file and then press this softkey to copy the file.

| Name                      | Type | Length    |
|---------------------------|------|-----------|
| 808D on PC                | DIR  |           |
| MultiLanguage             | DIR  |           |
| user cycle                | DIR  |           |
| 1                         | txt  | 0 B       |
| 808Dsys_te                | img  | 125.01 MB |
| Help1                     | txt  | 0 B       |
| Help2                     | png  | 21.67 KB  |
| SinumerikArchitectureT... | ppt  | 20.98 MB  |
| alc                       | txt  | 0 B       |
| alcu_eng                  | txt  | 5.75 KB   |
| almc                      | txt  | 311 B     |
| almc_chs                  | txt  | 305 B     |
| arc_product               | arc  | 36.00 KB  |
| cov                       | com  | 314 B     |
| keys                      | bak  | 41 B      |
| oemmanual                 | pdf  | 1.74 MB   |
| plc_app                   | pte  | 208.22 KB |
| sc                        | com  | 544 B     |



- 6.

Press this softkey, and then access the "NCK/PLC data" folder by pressing the



7. Press this softkey.



8. A warning note appears warning you that the original **.pte** file will be overwritten. Press this softkey to continue.



9. The download has been completed when the progress bar disappears.


## Upload

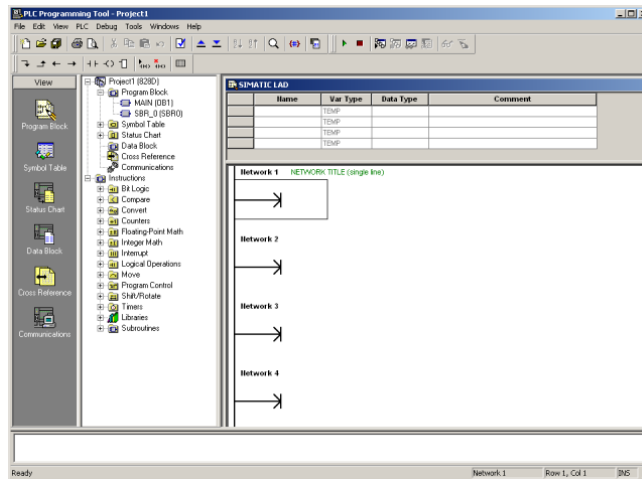
You can back up a PLC application from the permanent memory of the control using the PLC Programming Tool or a USB stick.

To upload a PLC application using the PLC Programming Tool, proceed as follows:

**File** → **New**

1.

Choose these two menus from the menu bar or click  in the tool bar to create a new and empty PLC application.




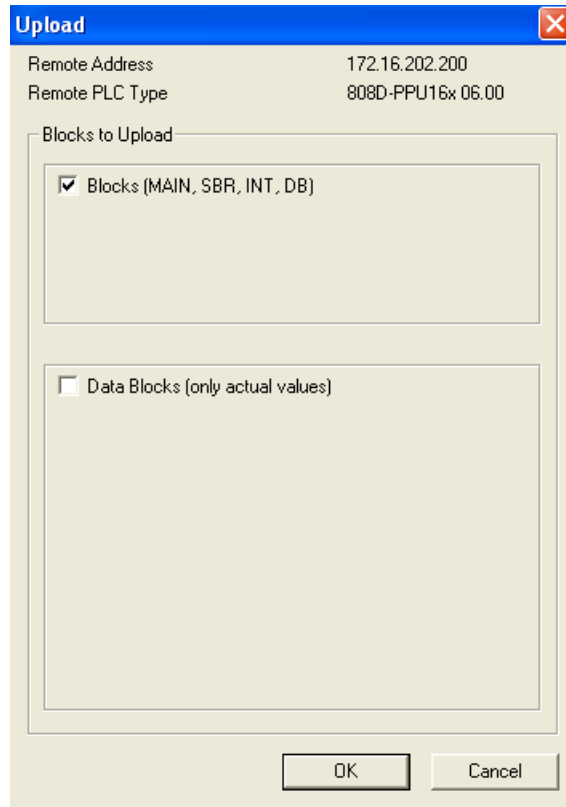
2. Establish the communication between the control and the PLC Programming Tool.

You can establish the connection by using the following three methods:

- Establishing a connection with the RS232 interface (Page 13)
- Establishing a direct connection with the Ethernet interface (Page 17)
- Establishing a network connection with the Ethernet interface (Page 20)

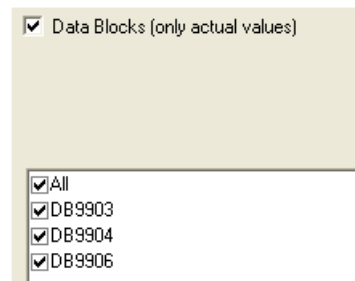
File → Upload...

3. Choose these two menus from the menu bar or click the upload icon  to start the upload, and the upload dialog pops up:

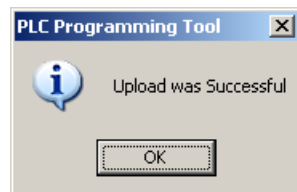


OK

4. Click this button to proceed directly. You can also select the checkbox "Data Blocks (only actual values)" to include the actual values of the data blocks, and then click this button.

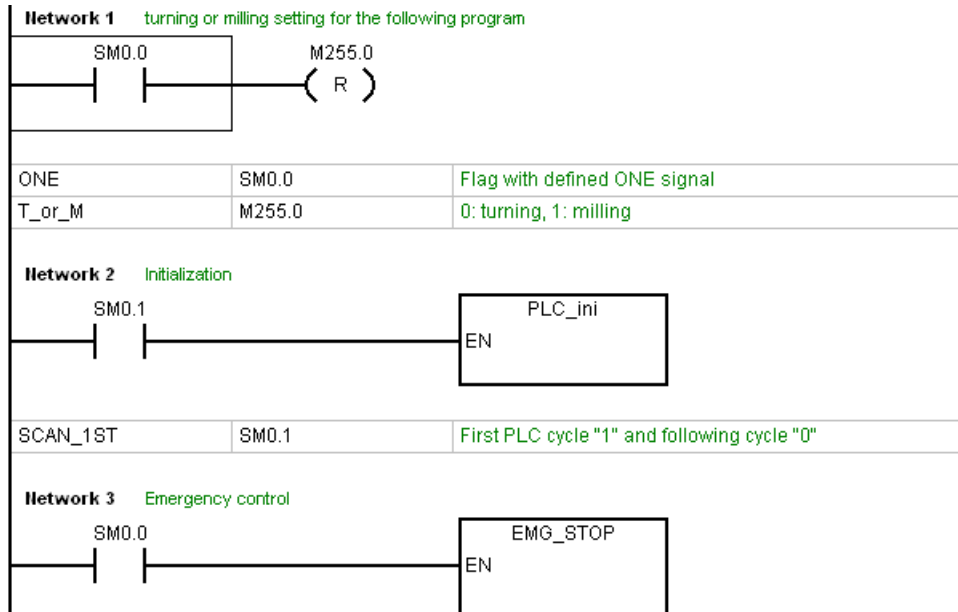


5. The upload has been completed when the following message appears.



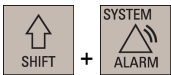
OK

6. Click this button and you can view the upload results.

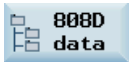


To upload a PLC application using a USB stick, proceed as follows:

1. Insert the USB stick into the USB interface at the front of the PPU.
2. Select the desired operating area on the PPU.
3. Access the "808D data" screen by pressing these two softkeys in succession.



→

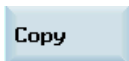



4. Access the "NCK/PLC data" folder by pressing this hardkey. Then select the machine manufacturer's PLC application file (.pte).



| Name                               | Type |
|------------------------------------|------|
| ..                                 |      |
| Leadscrew error compensation       |      |
| Global user data                   |      |
| Machine data                       |      |
| <b>OEM PLC application (*.pte)</b> |      |
| R variables                        |      |
| Setting data                       |      |
| Tool data                          |      |
| Work offset                        |      |

5. Press this softkey to copy the selected file.




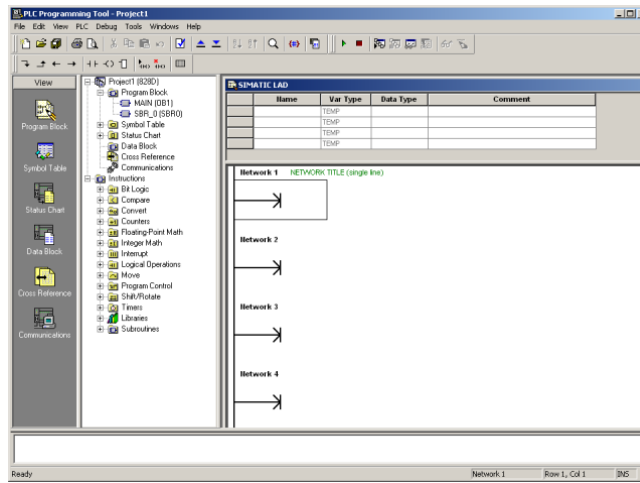
6. Press this softkey and paste the .pte file into the USB stick with the  softkey.



7. Unplug the USB stick and plug it into the USB interface of your PC.

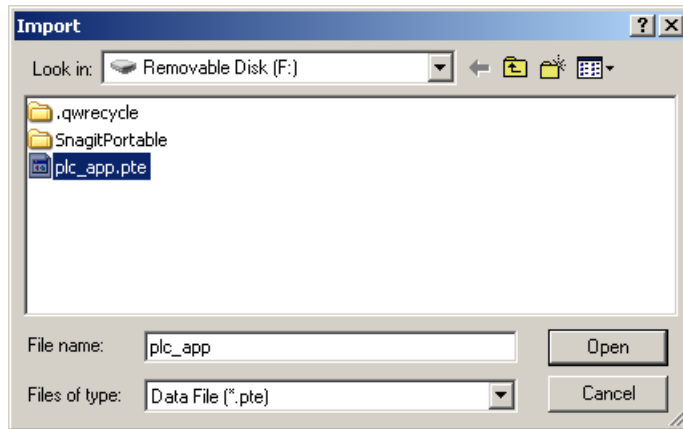
File → New

- Choose these two menus from the menu bar or click  in the tool bar to create a new and empty PLC application.



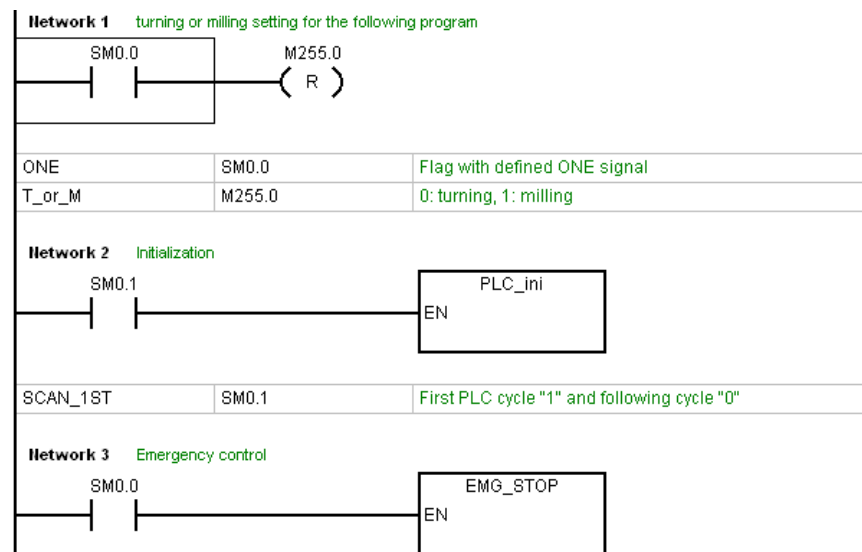
File → Import...

- Import the **.pte** file from the USB stick by choosing these two menus from the menu bar.



Open

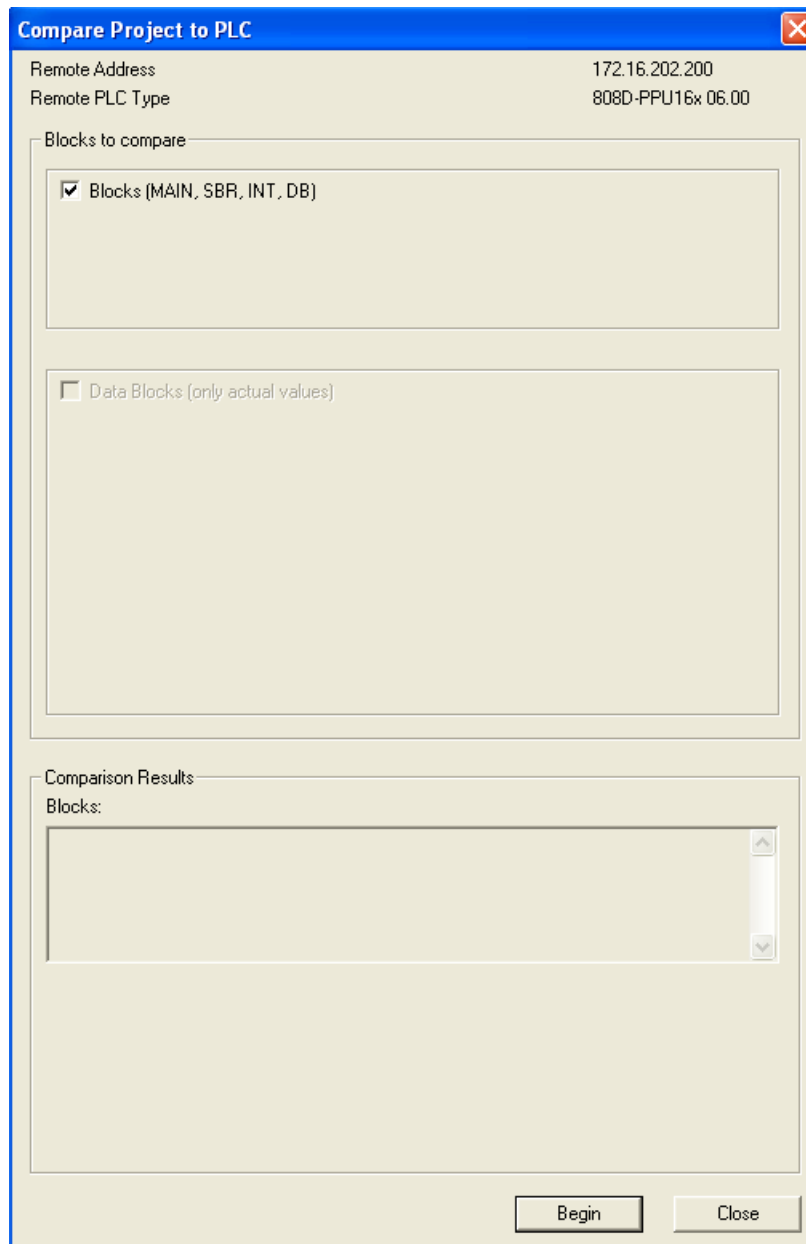
- Click this button or double click the **.pte** file. It will take several seconds to import the **.pte** file.
- After successfully importing the PLC application, you can view the import results.



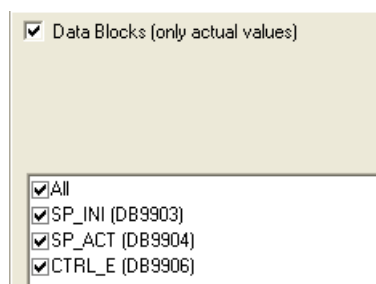
## Compare

You can compare the project in the PLC Programming Tool with the project on the control by performing the following steps:

- PLC → Compare... 1. Choose these two menus from the menu bar.

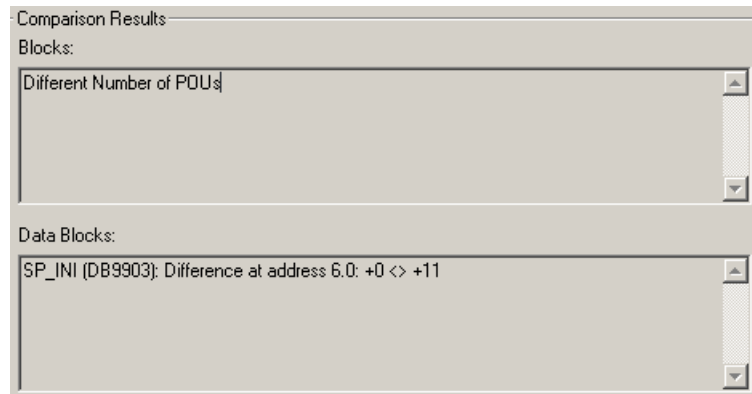


You can also select the checkbox "Data Blocks (only actual values)" to include the actual values of the data blocks.



Begin

2. Click this button and the comparing begins. Wait for a few seconds, and then you can view the compare results.

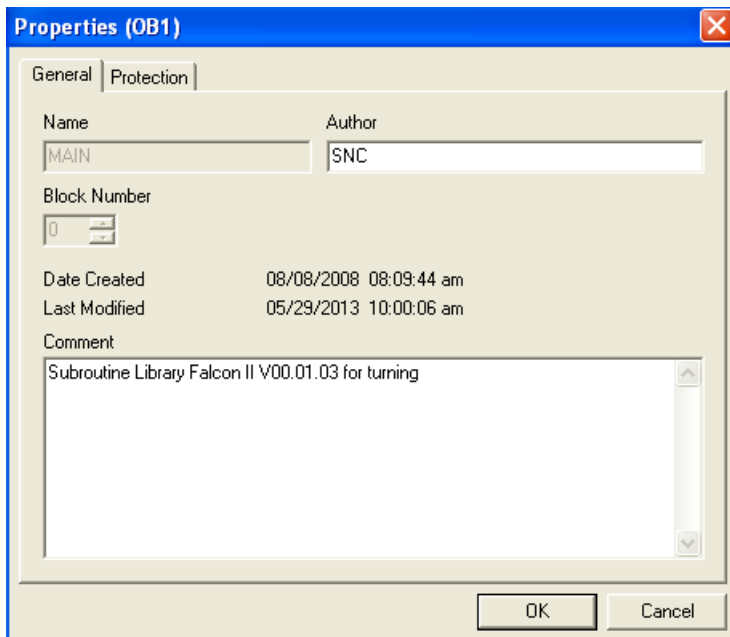


### Version display

The transferred PLC application will be active in the working memory of the control after the system is started up. Then you can view the detailed information about the currently active PLC application in the version display through the following steps:



In the PLC Programming Tool, right click the OB1 block and choose "Properties". In the opened OB1 property dialog, in the comment text box, you can add your own additional information for the PLC application.



Then in the version display on the control, the added information is visible.

```
PLC_Application: (default)
default_turning.ptp 13:29 05/06/2013
Subroutine Library Falcon II V00.01.04 for turning 05/06/2013
```

## 3 PLC subroutines

### 3.1 PLC machine data

Table 3-1 USER\_DATA\_INT

| No.        | Unit  | Description                          |
|------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 14510 [12] | -     | Layout of the traverse keys          |
| 14510 [13] | 0.1s  | Time for spindle braking             |
| 14510 [20] | -     | The maximum number of tool bits      |
| 14510 [21] | 0.1s  | Turret clamping time                 |
| 14510 [22] | 0.1s  | Monitoring time for searching a tool |
| 14510 [24] | 1 min | Lubricating intervals                |
| 14510 [25] | 0.01s | Lubricating duration                 |

Table 3-2 USER\_DATA\_HEX

| No.        | Descriptions  |
|------------|---|
| 14512 [16] | Bit 1: function of chip remover (milling)<br>Bit 2: function of safe door (milling)<br>Bit 3: when the function of safe door is active, it can be triggered by M01/M02 (milling).<br>Bit 7: handwheel assignment with the MCP / HMI   |
| 14512 [17] | Bit 0: turret (turning); tool magazine (milling)<br>Bit 1: clamping function (turning)<br>Bit 2: tail stock function (turning)<br>Bit 3: selection between handwheel and hand-held unit (0: handwheel; 1: hand-held unit)   |
| 14512 [18] | Special configurations for a machine<br>Bit 2: automatic lubrication after first power-on (factory setting)<br>Bit 4: signal that external spindle stops<br>Bit 5: spindle positioning direction<br>Bit 6: the hardware limit is independent from a PLC program<br>Bit 7: each feed axis has a hardware limit switch (activated when Bit 6 = 0) |
| 14512 [19] | Bit 1: function of spindle braking<br>Bit 2: password clearing by power-on (0: delete the password; 1: do not delete the password)<br>Bit 7: manual machine function (this function become active if you have installed licensed turning machine system and called it with a PLC subroutine)  |
| 14512 [20] | Bit 1: Spindle disable mode (0: disable by pressing the spindle stop key; 1: disable when detecting the standstill speed) <sup>1)</sup>   |

<sup>1)</sup> When setting bit 1 to 1, make sure that the speed control mode is active.

### 3.2 Conventions for the symbols used in the subroutines

The symbols used in the subroutines follow the conventions listed below:

- Leading characters designate the destinations of interface signals
  - P\_: to PLC interface
  - H\_: to HMI interface
  - N\_: to NCK interface
  - M\_: to MCP interface



- Subsequent characters are for areas

- N\_: NCK
- C\_: Channel
- 1\_: Axes
- M\_: MCP

Other short forms of the symbols

- HWL: **H**ardware **L**imit
  - HW: **H**and**w**heel
  - RT: **R**apid **T**raverse
  - TK: **T**raverse **k**ey
  - ACT: **A**ctive
  - SEL: **S**electe**d**
- A symbol consists of a maximum of 11 upper case characters and numbers (including the leading character). Except for underlines, you cannot use any other special symbols like =, +, -, [ ], etc.

### Symbol tables 1 to 2

The symbol tables 1 to 2 are for the manufacturer-defined SINUMERIK 808D I/O. Here you can define input/output tables for your machines.

### Symbol tables 3 to 5, 7 to 13

These ten symbol tables are reserved for the subroutines.

---

#### Note

##### Important!

If the colour of a symbol is displayed in red, this indicates that the naming does not follow the rules of the PLC Programming Tool. In this case, you must check:

- whether the name uses special symbols like =, +, -, [ ], etc..
- whether the leading character is a number.

If there is a red wave under a symbol name or address, it indicates that you have used the same symbol name or address for another symbol (there is also a red wave under its name or address). In this case, you must check the repeated name or address and change it.

---

### Symbol table 6: MANMACH

This symbol table is for the function of a manual machine.

### Symbol table 14: ASUP

This symbol table is for the ASUP function. It defines the start, operating results and other properties of the ASUP function.

### Symbol table 15: PLC sle\_PP

This symbol table is for the PLC to select part programs. It defines the interface signals for the PLC to select part programs.

### Symbol table 16: IS\_MCP

This symbol table is for the manufacturer-defined MCP interface signals. With this symbol table you can define the MCP signal tables for your machines.

Within the PLC subroutine library and all the subroutines, all the MCP-related signals are defined in this symbol table.

An MCP signal is transferred to the interface area via a subroutine. For the SINUMERIK 808D MCP, you can use subroutine 37 to transfer the MCP input/output signals to the interface area. For your own MCP, you just need to create a subroutine to realize the transfer, and the other subroutines are still available.

**Symbol table 17: IS\_HMI**

The symbol table 17 defines interface signals to/from the HMI.

**Symbol table 18: IS\_AUX**

The symbol table 18 defines the interface signals from the NCK channel, including the auxiliary functions, D functions, H function, etc.

**Symbol table 19: IS\_NCK**

The symbol table 19 defines the interface signals to/from the NCK.

**Symbol table 20: IS\_CHA**

The symbol table 20 defines the interface signals to/from the channel.

**Symbol table 21, 22, 23, 24, 25: IS\_AX1, IS\_AX2, IS\_AX3, IS\_AX4, IS\_AX5**

These five symbol tables define the interface signals to/from the axes.

**Symbol table 26: IS\_AX\_P1**

The symbol table 26 defines the interface signals to/from the PLC axis.

**Symbol table 27: MD\_PLC**

The symbol table 27 defines the PLC machine data from the NCK.

**Symbol table 28: ALARM**

The symbol table 28 defines each bit of a PLC user alarm (V1600 000x).

**Symbol table 29: NV\_MEM**

The symbol table 29 defines all the user data (128 byte, retentive) used in the standard subroutines.

**Symbol table 30: SPC\_MEM**

The symbol table 30 defines the seven special memories of the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED (SM0.0 to SM0.6).

**Symbol table 31: SBR\_MEM**

The symbol table 31 defines the memories used in the standard subroutines. These memories can be used as the global variables.

**Symbol table 32: reserved for the subroutines**

The symbol table 32 is a reserved symbol table.

### 3.3 Subroutine 20 - AUX\_MCP (machine auxiliary functions)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 20 is used to control machine auxiliary functions like lamps, safe door (milling) and chip remover (milling).

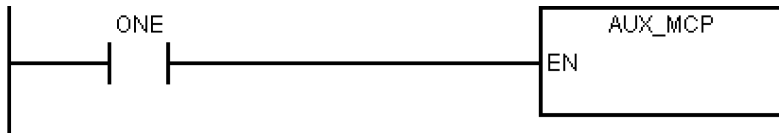
**Local variable definition**

None

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

Example for calling subroutine 20



### 3.4 Subroutine 21 - AUX\_LAMP (working lamp)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 21 is used to control working lamp and can be called in AUX\_MCP. One-time pressing of the "LAMP" key activates the working lamp while double pressing de-activates the working lamp.

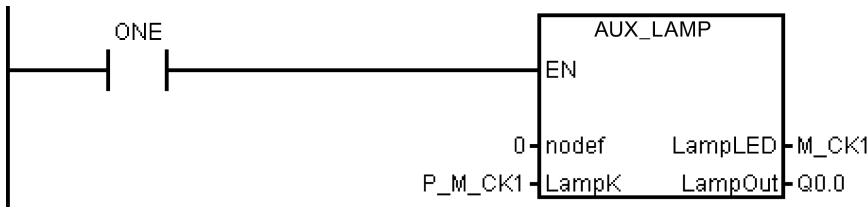
**Local variable definition**

None

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

Example for calling subroutine 20



### 3.5 Subroutine 22 - AUX\_SAFE\_DOOR (safe door)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 22 is used to control safe door and can be called in AUX\_MCP.

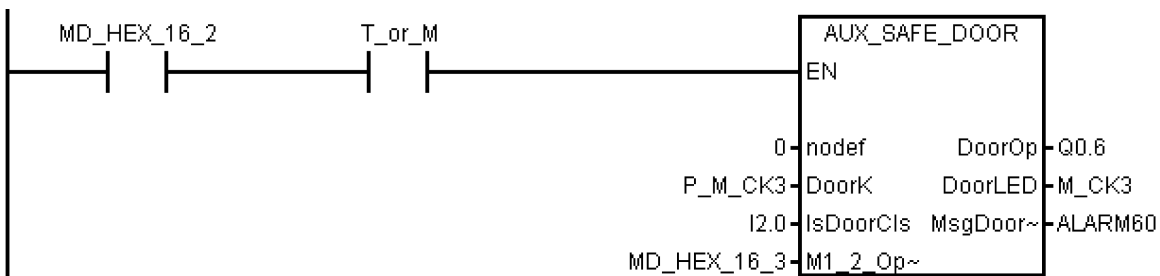
**Local variable definition**

None

**Relevant PLC machine data**

| No.          | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| 14512 [16].2 | Selection of safe door function (0: do not use; 1: use)                 |
| 14512 [16].3 | Safe door function is activated by M01/M02 (0: deactivate; 1: activate) |

Example for calling subroutine 22



### 3.6 Subroutine 23 - AUX\_CHIP (chip remover)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 23 is used to control chip remover and can be called in AUX\_MCP. At first-time pressing of the "Chip Forward" key the output "ChipFwd" is high; at second-time pressing of the "Chip Forward" key the output "ChipFwd" becomes low. When the output "ChipFwd" is low, the output "ChipRev" becomes high at pressing "Chip Reverse" key and becomes low at releasing the "Chip Reverse" key.

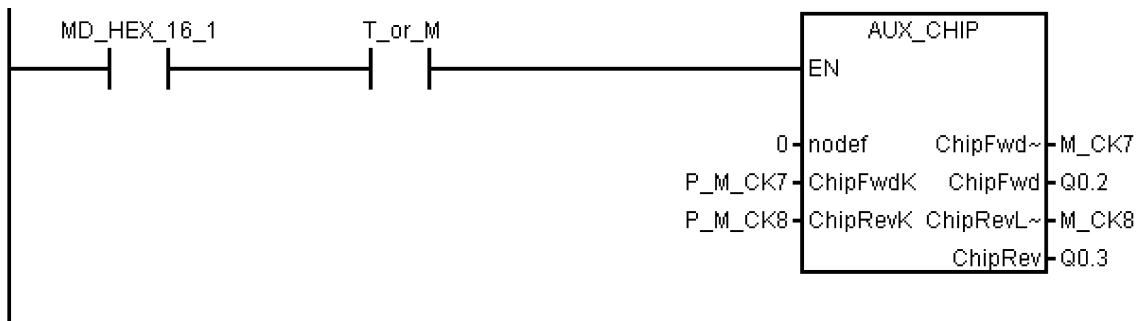
**Local variable definition**

None

**Relevant PLC machine data**

| No.          | Description  |
|--------------|--|
| 14512 [16].1 | Selection of chip remover function (0: do not use; 1: use) |

**Example for calling subroutine 23**



### 3.7 Subroutine 31 - PLC\_ini\_USR\_ini (user initialization)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 31 is used for user initialization and can be called in subroutine PLC\_INI. Since the subroutine PLC\_INI can be called only during the first PLC cycle, the subroutine PLC\_ini\_USER\_ini can be called also only during the first PLC cycle.

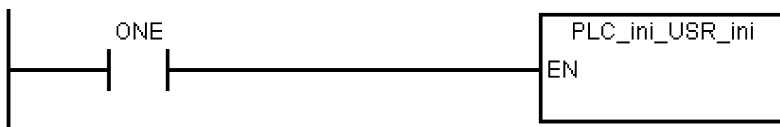
**Local variable definition**

None

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 31**



### 3.8 Subroutine 32 - PLC\_INI (PLC initialization)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 32 is executed at the first PLC cycle (SM0.1). This subroutine set NCK interface signals according to the machine settings defined by PLC machine data. In this subroutine, the following interface signals are set:

- DB3200.DBX6.7: feed override of the NCK channel becomes active

- DB380x.DBX1.5: measurement system 1 of the axes is active
- DB380x.DBX1.7: feed override of the axes is active
- DB1700.DBX1.3: active ROV

the following are reset:

- DB1700.DBX0.6:reset DRY

At the end of this subroutine, subroutine 31 (**PLC\_ini\_USR\_ini**) is automatically called. You can program the initialization of customer PLC project in the subroutine 31.

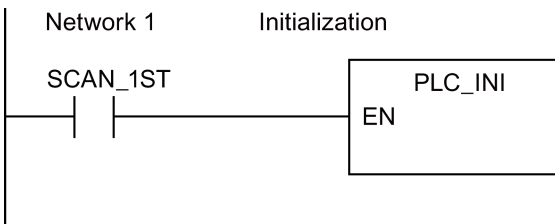
**Local variable definition**

None

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 32**



### 3.9 Subroutine 33 - EMG\_STOP

|   |
|---|
| <b>NOTICE</b>   |
| <b>Program safety</b>   |
| Do check whether this subroutine complies with the relevant safety requirements or not. |

**Purpose**

Subroutine 33 handles the Emergency Stop. Pressing down the Emergency Stop button produces an emergency stop alarm and disables the control enable signal for SINAMICS V70. If you want to clear the emergency stop alarm, you must first release the Emergency Stop button and then press the **RESET** key on the MCP.

This subroutine can activate the alarm below:

Alarm 700016: DRIVE NOT READY

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-3 Inputs

| Variable         | Type | Description   |
|------------------|------|---|
| E_KEY            | BOOL | Emergency Stop key (NC)   |
| Drv_RDY          | BOOL | Drive Ready: signal for SINAMICS V60 ready                            |
| HWL_ON           | BOOL | Triggered by the hardware limit switch of any axis (NO) <sup>1)</sup> |
| SpStop           | BOOL | External spindle stop (NO) <sup>2)</sup>                              |
| NO: Normal Open  |      |   |
| NC: Normal Close |      |   |

| Variable | Type | Description |
|----------|------|-------------|
|----------|------|-------------|

- 1) This input can come from signal OVLmt of subroutine 40, and triggers the emergency stop when the hardware limit appears.
- 2) Before the drive system disables the control enable signal, the PLC detects the spindle stop signal from NCK to ensure that the spindle has stopped.

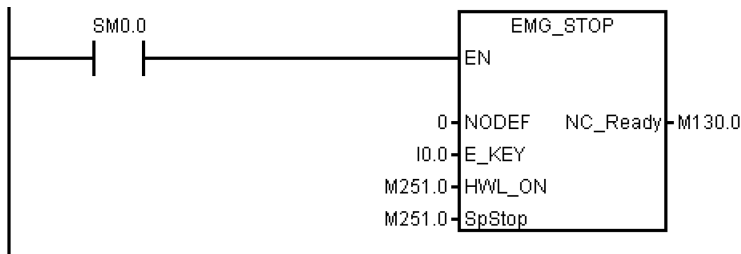
Table 3-4 Outputs

| Variable | Type | Description |
|----------|------|-------------|
| NC_Ready | BOOL | NC ready    |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

| No.          | Value | Description                         |
|--------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| 14512 [18].4 | 1     | Spindle has an external stop signal |
|              | 0     | Spindle has no external stop signal |

**Example for calling subroutine 33**



### 3.10 Subroutine 37 - MCP\_NCK (MCP and HMI signal processing)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 37 is used to transfer the interface signals from the MCP and HMI to the NCK interfaces, and thus to activate the specific operating mode and control sequences. It has the following main functions:

- Selecting specific operating mode
- Selecting override
- Transferring signals from the HMI to NCK interfaces (for instance, program control, handwheel, etc.)
- Controlling the axis traversing signal according to the PLC machine data

**Local variable definition**

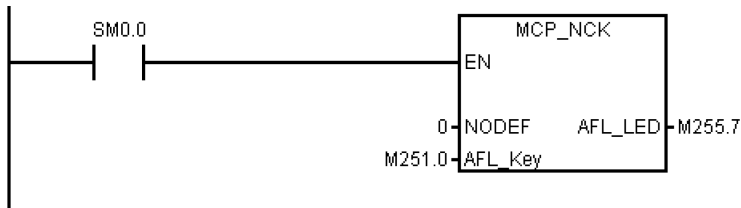
Table 3-5 Inputs

| Variable | Type | Description                                       |
|----------|------|---|
| NODEF    | BYTE | Reserved word                                     |
| AFL_Key  | BOOL | Define the Auxiliary Function Lock at the MCP key |

Table 3-6 Outputs

| Variable | Type | Description                                       |
|----------|------|---|
| AFL_LED  | BOOL | Define the Auxiliary Function Lock at the MCP LED |

### Example for calling subroutine 37



## 3.11 Subroutine 38 - MCP\_Tool\_Nr (display tool number on the MCP)

### Purpose

Subroutine 38 is used to display active tool number (< 100) with the 7-segment LED on the MCP. For a tool number  $\geq 100$ , it displays "FF".

### Local variable definition

None

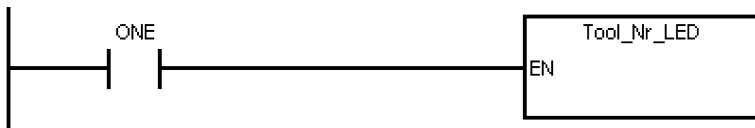
### Assigned global variables

None

### Relevant PLC machine data

None

### Example for calling subroutine 38



## 3.12 Subroutine 39 - HANDWHL (selecting a handwheel according to HMI interface signals)

### Purpose

Subroutine 39 is used to select one of the two handwheels to control an axis (X, Y or Z) in the machine coordinate system or the workpiece coordinate system according to the HMI signals. With the HANDWHEEL key and axis selection key on the MCP, you can assign the handwheel 1 in the workpiece coordinate system to any axis.

### Note

You cannot use subroutine 39 together with subroutine 41 - MINI\_HHU.

### Local variable definition

None

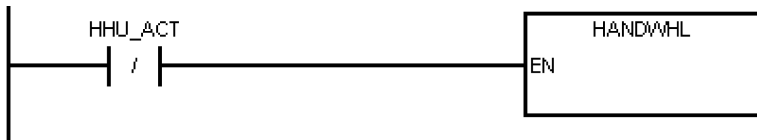
### Assigned global variable

None

### Relevant PLC machine data

| No.          | Value | Description                       |
|--------------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 14512 [16].7 | 1     | Handwheel assignment with the HMI |
|              | 0     | Handwheel assignment with the MCP |

Example for calling subroutine 39



### 3.13 Subroutine 40 - AXIS\_CTL (controlling the spindle and axes)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 40 is used to control the drive pulse enable (DB380xDBX4001.7) and controller enable (DB380xDBX2.1), monitoring the hardware limits and the reference cam signals, and controlling the enable signal for the spindle according to a spindle command (for example, SPINDLE CW, SPINDLE CCW, M03, M04, SPOS, etc.). The motor brake is automatically controlled by the SINAMICS V70 drives.

This subroutine provides two ways to realize the hardware limit control:

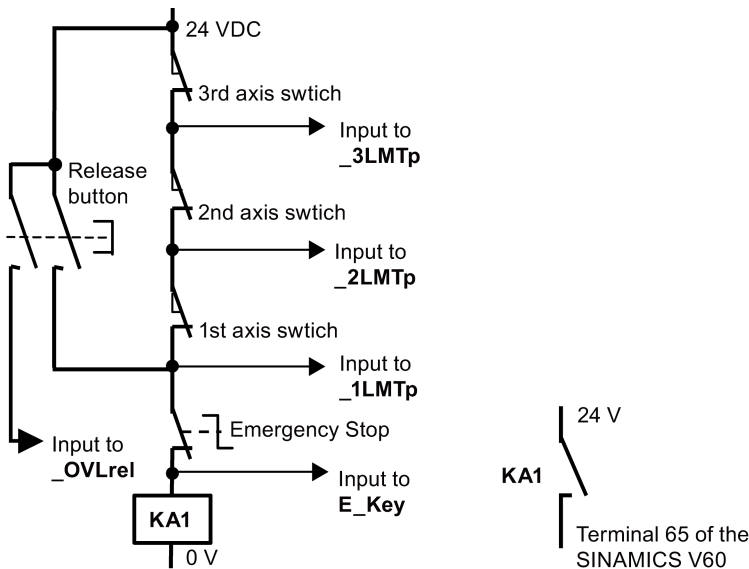
- PLC solution (MD14512 [18] bit 6 = 0)

Each feed axis has one (MD14512 [18] bit 7 = 1) or two (MD14512 [18] bit 7 = 0) hardware limit switches. This subroutine activates the NCK hardware limit function via the NCK interface DB380xDBX1000.0 or DB380xDBX1000.1 according to the configurations of the hardware limit switches, and thus makes the NCK produce a feed stop signal to an over-distance axis.

Furthermore, you can also connect the output **OVimt** of this subroutine with the input **HWL\_ON** of subroutine 33 to activate the Emergency Stop automatically once the hardware limit of any axis has been reached.

- Hardware solution (MD14512 [18] bit 6 = 1)

This solution is independent of the PLC and thus is much safer:



| Encoding the hardware limit switches |        |        |        |               | Result                |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|-----------------------|
| E_Key                                | _1LMTp | _2LMTp | _3LMTp | Direction     |                       |
| 0                                    | 1      | 1      | 1      | -             | EMERGENCY STOP active |
| 0                                    | 0      | 1      | 1      | DB3900.DBX4.7 | 1st + over limit      |
| 0                                    | 0      | 1      | 1      | DB3900.DBX4.6 | 1st - over limit      |
| 0                                    | 0      | 0      | 1      | DB3901.DBX4.7 | 2nd + over limit      |
| 0                                    | 0      | 0      | 1      | DB3901.DBX4.6 | 2nd - over limit      |
| 0                                    | 0      | 0      | 0      | DB3902.DBX4.7 | 3rd + over limit      |
| 0                                    | 0      | 0      | 0      | DB3902.DBX4.6 | 3rd - over limit      |



In the hardware solution above, the feed stop signals for all axes can be activated via the hardware limit switches when any of the hardware limits is reached or an EMERGENCY STOP happens. You can check the information of the PLC diagnostics from the encoding of the hardware limit switches shown in the table above, and identify the cause (Emergency Stop button or a hardware limit switch of an axis) of the EMERGENCY STOP signal.

#### Note

When using the hardware solution, you must take below information into consideration:

- You must assign the axes one by one; for example, X axis, Z axis, spindle or X axis, Y axis, Z axis, spindle. You must not assign the axes like X axis, Y axis, spindle, Z axis.
- You must set constant "1" (i.e. SM0.0) to the input signals of the hardware limits for undefined axes; otherwise, the hardware limits of the undefined axes can be activated.

#### Local variable definition

Table 3-7 Inputs

| Name     | Type | Description  |
|----------|------|--|
| NODEF    | WORD | Reserved word  |
| NC_Ready | BOOL | NC being in the cyclic state and able to enable the drive        |
| OPTM     | BOOL | Brake release switch (NO), used for drive optimization, reserved |
| _1LMTp   | BOOL | 1st axis hardware limit switch + (NC) <sup>1)</sup>              |
| _1LMTn   | BOOL | 1st axis hardware limit switch - (NC)                            |
| _1REF    | BOOL | 1st axis reference cam (NO)                                      |
| _2LMTp   | BOOL | 2nd axis hardware limit switch + (NC) <sup>1)</sup>              |
| _2LMTn   | BOOL | 2nd axis hardware limit switch - (NC)                            |
| _2REF    | BOOL | 2nd axis reference cam (NO)                                      |
| _3LMTp   | BOOL | 3rd axis hardware limit switch + (NC) <sup>1)</sup>              |
| _3LMTn   | BOOL | 3rd axis hardware limit switch - (NC)                            |
| _3REF    | BOOL | 3rd axis reference cam (NO)                                      |
| _4REF    | BOOL | Reserved   |

<sup>1)</sup> The hardware limit + is used for the input if there is only one hardware limit switch or when the hardware solution is used.

Table 3-8 Outputs

| Name  | Type | Description  |
|-------|------|--|
| OVLmt | BOOL | Over-distance output (active at any hardware limit, high active) |

#### Assigned global variables

|        |        |                                   |
|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| SP_CMD | M138.1 | Spindle start command (CW or CCW) |
|--------|--------|-----------------------------------|

#### Relevant PLC machine data

| No.          | Value | Description   |
|--------------|-------|---|
| 14512 [18].6 | 1     | Overtravel employs the hardware solution                  |
|              | 0     | Overtravel employs the PLC solution                       |
| 14512 [18].7 | 1     | Each axis has only one hardware limit switch              |
|              | 0     | Each axis direction has an hardware limit switch          |
| 14512 [20].1 | 0     | Disable by pressing the spindle stop key                  |
|              | 1     | Disable when detecting the standstill speed <sup>1)</sup> |

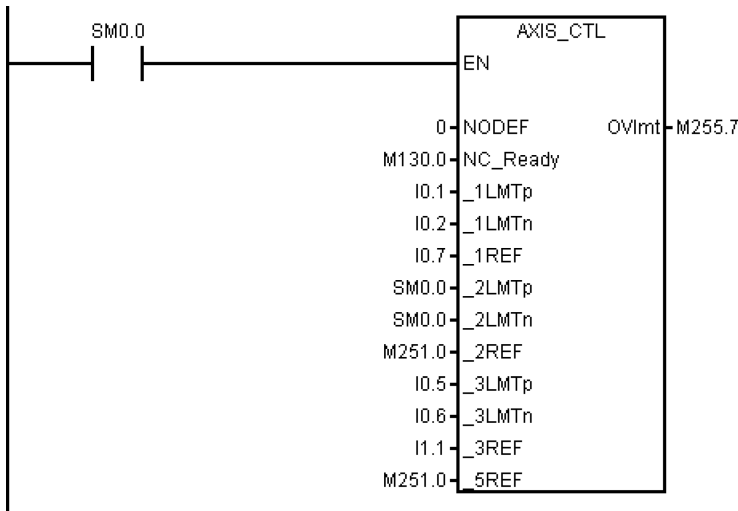
| No. | Value | Description |
|-----|-------|-------------|
|-----|-------|-------------|

1) When setting bit 1 to 1, make sure that the speed control mode is active.

### Note

When performing the axis control related operations on a stand-alone controller without any connection to the motor or drive, you need to set MD30350 to 1 for each axis, which indicates that the axis-specific NC/PLC interface signals for a simulated axis are output to the PLC; otherwise, an alarm will be thrown out, indicating axis enable missing.

### Example for calling subroutine 40



## 3.14 Subroutine 41 - MINI\_HHU (handwheel hand-held unit)

### Purpose

Subroutine 41 is used to support the customer's handheld units. With a handheld unit, you can assign the handwheels to X axis, Y axis and Z axis, and select incremental override X1, X10, X100 at the same time. You can then use the handwheels to control the movements of your machine.

### Local variable definition

None

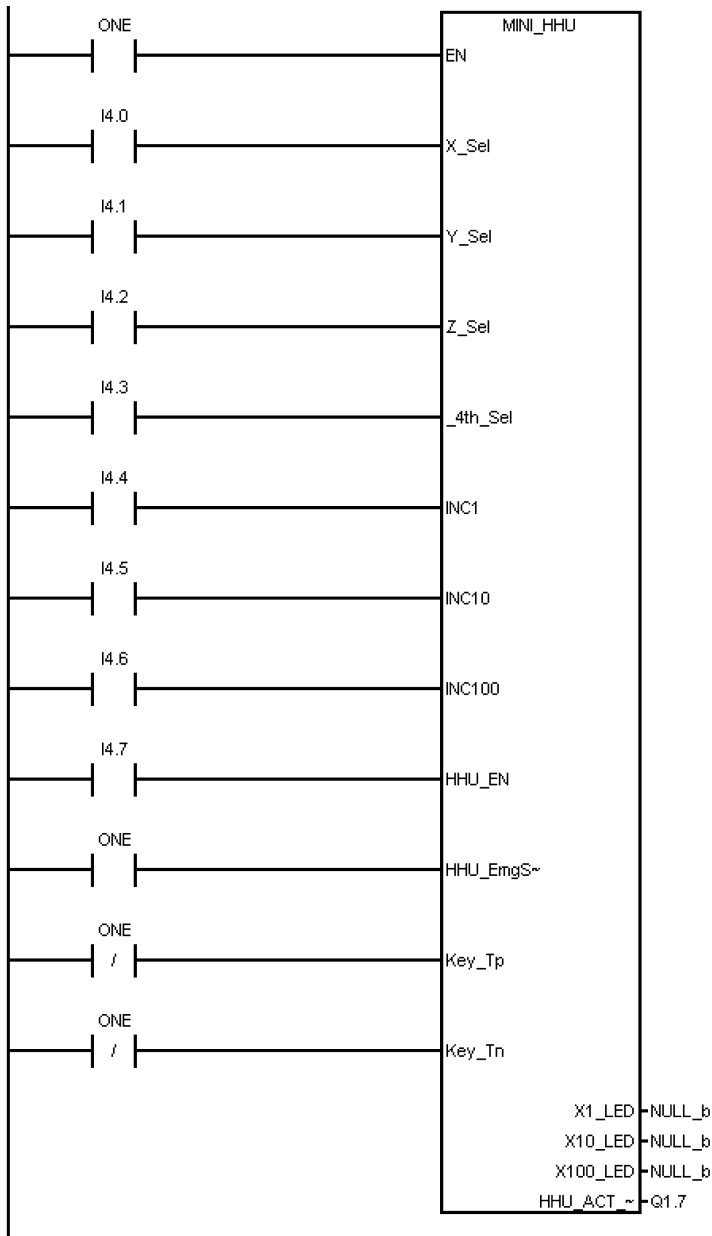
### Assigned global variables

None

### Relevant PLC machine data

None

### Example for calling subroutine 41



## 3.15 Subroutine 42 - SPINDLE (spindle control)

### Purpose

Subroutine 42 is used for spindle control, including the spindle braking function. When the braking function is activated, in the JOG mode press the "SPINDLE LEFT" key or "SPINDLE RIGHT" key and then press the "SPINDLE STOP" key, after that, the spindle brakes. In the AUTO mode, the spindle brakes when it changes rotating direction or coasts down. When the spindle brakes, corresponding output becomes active; meanwhile, the spindle does not accept rotary command until braking completes.

## Local variable definition

Table 3-9 Inputs

| Name    | Type | Description   |
|---------|------|---|
| DELAY   | WORD | Spindle braking duration (unit: 0.1 s)                |
| DrvEn   | BOOL | Drive enable  |
| SP_EN   | BOOL | Spindle action condition (1: allowed; 0: not allowed) |
| IsBrake | BOOL | Spindle braking function (1: enabled; 0: forbidden)   |

Table 3-10 Outputs

| Name     | Type | Description            |
|----------|------|------------------------|
| SP_brake | BOOL | Spindle braking output |
| SP_LED   | BOOL | Spindle running state  |

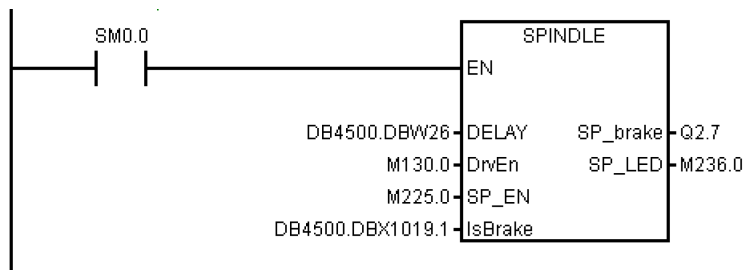
## Assigned global variables

|          |       |                         |
|----------|-------|-------------------------|
| SP_B_CMD | BOOL  | Spindle braking command |
| T11      | TIMER | Spindle braking timer   |

## Relevant PLC machine data

| No.          | Type | Description  |
|--------------|------|--|
| 14510 [13]   | BOOL | Spindle braking duration (unit: 0.1 s)                           |
| 14512 [19].1 | BOOL | Selection of spindle braking function (1: enabled; 0: forbidden) |

## Example for calling subroutine 42



## 3.16 Subroutine 43 - MEAS\_JOG (measurement in the JOG mode)

### Purpose

Subroutine 43 is used to process the information from the measuring probe and to realize the "measuring in the JOG mode" function. You can use this subroutine to calibrate the probe and measure a tool.

The precondition for calling this subroutine is to call subroutine MCP\_NCK (SBR38) in the main program. The "measuring in the JOG mode" function is automatically deactivated if you have changed the operating mode when the function becomes active.

## Local variable definition

Table 3-11 Inputs

| Name        | Type | Description  |
|-------------|------|--|
| Meas_Enable | BOOL | Activating the function of "measuring in JOG mode" |

| Name         | Type  | Description                    |
|--------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| DB1400.DBD64 | DWORD | Valid tool number DB1400.DBD64 |

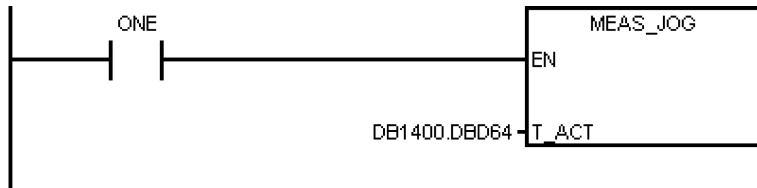
#### Assigned global variables

|             |        |   |
|-------------|--------|---|
| MEAS_OPAUT  | M240.0 | Measuring in the AUTO mode                        |
| CHL_HMI     | M240.2 | From HMI signals: mode changes during measurement |
| NO_KEY      | M240.3 | No JOG key available for the axes                 |
| FDI_MEASJOG | M240.5 | Meas_JOG forbidden for feed                       |
| ON_MEASJOG  | M240.6 | Meas_JOG activated                                |
| PROBE_ON    | M240.7 | Probe signal released                             |
| JOG_MEASJOG | M241.0 | Operating mode manually output to Meas_JOG        |
| AUT_MEASJOG | M241.1 | Operating mode manually output to Meas_JOG        |
| CHL_MEASJOG | M241.2 | Operating mode change forbidden to Meas_JOG       |
| KEY_MEASJOG | M241.3 | JOG key Meas_JOG                                  |
| RES_MEASJOG | M241.4 | Reset Meas_JOG                                    |
| ESC_MEASJOG | M241.5 | Interrupt Meas_JOG                                |
| DRY_MEASJOG | M241.6 | Dry run Meas_JOG                                  |
| SBL_MEASJOG | M241.7 | Single block Meas_JOG                             |

#### Relevant PLC machine data

None

#### Example for calling subroutine 43



## 3.17 Subroutine 44 - COOLING (cooling control)

#### Purpose

Subroutine 44 is used to start/stop cooling using the buttons on the MCP in the JOG mode, or to start (using the auxiliary function M07/M08 in the part program) or to stop (using the M09 in the part program) cooling in the AUTO/MDA mode. Cooling is forbidden in case of EMERGENCY STOP, cooling motor overload, program test or under the simulation mode.

This subroutine can activate the following alarms:

- Alarm 700018: motor overload for the cooling pump
- Alarm 700019: low coolant level

#### Local variable definition

Table 3-12 Inputs

| Name   | Type | Description                              |
|--------|------|--|
| C_key  | BOOL | Manual operating key (triggering signal) |
| OVload | BOOL | Cooling motor overload (NC)              |
| C_low  | BOOL | Low coolant level                        |

Table 3-13 Outputs

| Name  | Type | Description            |
|-------|------|------------------------|
| C_out | BOOL | Coolant output         |
| C_LED | BOOL | Coolant status display |

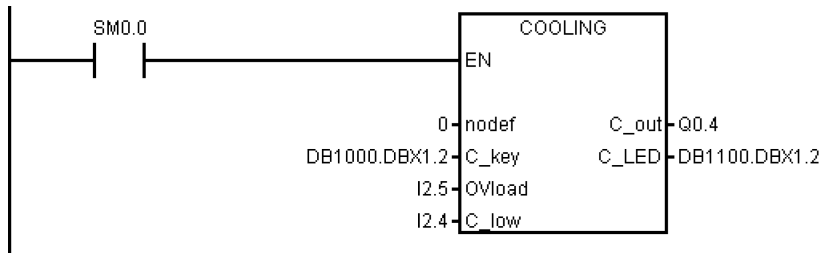
**Assigned global variables**

|        |         |                       |
|--------|---------|-----------------------|
| COOLon | MB150.0 | Coolant on/off status |
|--------|---------|-----------------------|

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 44**



### 3.18 Subroutine 45 - LUBRICAT (control of lubricate)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 45 is used to control the lubrication according to specific time interval and duration (independent of the distance that the axis has travelled). Meanwhile, a manual button is available to start the lubrication, and you can configure that the lubrication starts automatically each time that the machine is powered up. Normally, lubricating starts automatically and cyclically according to specified time interval **Lintv**, and operates for a specific time **Ltime** at each cycle. Lubrication stops in case of an Emergency Stop, lubrication motor overload, low lubricant level.

This subroutine can activate following alarms:

- Alarm 700020: lubrication motor overload
- Alarm 700021: low lubricant level

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-14 Inputs

| Name   | Type | Description   |
|--------|------|---|
| Lintv  | WORD | Lubricating time interval (unit: 1 min)                               |
| Ltime  | WORD | Lubricating time duration of each cycle (unit: 0.01 s, max. 327.67 s) |
| L_key  | BOOL | Manual lubricating key (triggering signal)                            |
| L1st   | BOOL | Mode selection: the lubrication starts at the first PLC scan          |
| Ovload | BOOL | Lubricating motor overload  |
| L_low  | BOOL | Low lubricate level   |

Table 3-15 Outputs

| Name  | Type | Description                   |
|-------|------|-------------------------------|
| L_out | BOOL | Lubrication output            |
| L_LED | BOOL | Indicant for lubricate output |

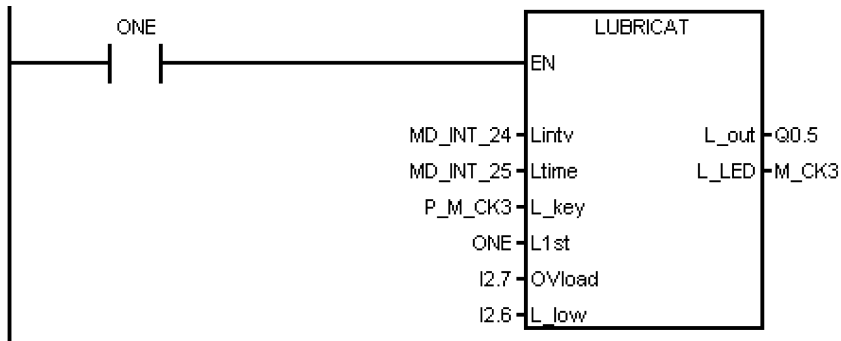
### Assigned global variables

|            |     |   |
|------------|-----|---|
| L_interval | C24 | Timer for the lubricating time intervals (unit: min)                  |
| L_time     | T27 | Timer for very lubricating time duration (unit: 0.01s, max. 327.67 s) |

### Relevant PLC machine data

| No.        | Unit   | Range        | Description               |
|------------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|
| 14510 [24] | Min.   | -            | Lubricating time interval |
| 14510 [25] | 0.01 s | 100 to 2,000 | Lubricating time duration |

### Example for calling subroutine 45



## 3.19 Subroutine 46 - PI\_SERVICE (Asynchronous Subroutine Program)

### Purpose

Subroutine 46 is for realizing functions like ASUP (Asynchronous Subroutine Program), deleting a password and reading current tool number. ASUP function means the execution of PLCASUP1.SPF or PLCASUP2.SPF called by the PLC. The SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED provides two ASUPs for the PLC. The two ASUPs can not be simultaneously executed, and the PLCASUP1.SPF has a higher priority over the PLCASUP2.SPF.

In a program, firstly you can initialize the ASUP1 and ASUP2 by setting "PI index" (DB1200.DBB4001) and "NCK read/write start" (DB1200.DBX4000.0), and then use a rising edge to trigger "ASUP1 start" (DB3400.DBX0.0) and "ASUP2 start" (DB3400.DBX1.0).

Table 3-16 Relevant machine data

| No.   | Name                    |
|-------|-------------------------|
| 10702 | IGNORE_SINGLEBLOCK_MASK |
| 11602 | ASUP_START_MASK         |
| 11604 | ASUP_START_PRIO_LEVEL   |
| 20116 | IGNORE_INHIBIT_ASUP     |

### Note

#### Important!

The SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED provides two user ASUPs. In the sample application, ASUP1 is used for manual tool change and ASUP2 is used for the MANUAL MACHINE of the workpiece on a turning machine with the Manual Machine Plus function.

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-17 Inputs

| Name          | Type | Description                           |
|---------------|------|---------------------------------------|
| ASUP1_trigger | BOOL | Calling the ASUP1, rising edge active |
| ASUP2_trigger | BOOL | Calling the ASUP1, rising edge active |

Table 3-18 Outputs

| Name     | Type | Description                |
|----------|------|----------------------------|
| ASUP1Run | BOOL | Running state of the ASUP1 |
| ASUP2Run | BOOL | Running state of the ASUP2 |
| Err1     | BOOL | ASUP1 execution error      |
| Err2     | BOOL | ASUP2 execution error      |

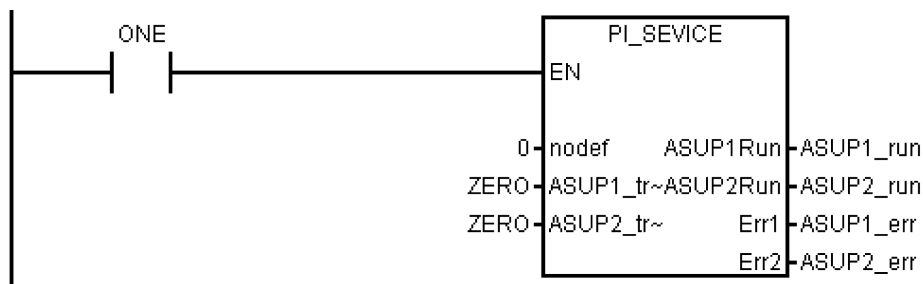
**Occupied global variables**

|          |        |                              |
|----------|--------|------------------------------|
| IniASUP1 | M229.0 | Mark of ASUP1 initialization |
| IniASUP2 | M229.1 | Mark of ASUP2 initialization |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 46**



### 3.20 Subroutine 47 - PLC\_Select\_PP (PLC selects a subroutine)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 47 is used to select a part program.

You firstly need to create a PLC program-calling table, and assign a program index to each part program in this table. In subroutine 47 you can assign DB1700.DBB1000 to the "Program index" to select the corresponding part program.

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-19 Inputs

| Name   | Type | Description                  |
|--------|------|------------------------------|
| PP_num | BOOL | The index for a part program |



Table 3-20 Outputs

| Name   | Type | Description                     |
|--------|------|---------------------------------|
| Finish | BOOL | Part program selection finished |
| Error  | BOOL | Part program selection error    |

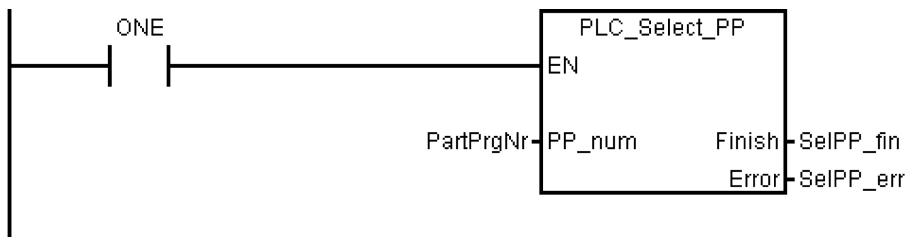
**Assigned global variables**

|             |      |        |  |
|-------------|------|--------|--|
| SelPP_FinOm | BOOL | M239.6 | Indicates that a part program has been selected              |
| SelPP_ErrOm | BOOL | M239.7 | Indicates that an error occurs when selecting a part program |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 47**



### 3.21 Subroutine 48 - ServPlan (service plan)

**Purpose**

To use subroutine 48, you must have created a service plan on the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED. When the pre-alarm time arrives, the machine outputs a notification message. When the final alarm time arrives, the machine outputs an alarm message.

**Note**

To perform a service plan on the PLC, you need to download DB9903(SP\_INI) and DB9904(SP\_ACT).

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-21 Inputs

| Name    | Type | Description   |
|---------|------|---|
| Deact0  | BOOL | Freezing a service plan                               |
| AckMsg0 | BOOL | Confirming the notification message of a service plan |

Table 3-22 Outputs

| Name     | Type | Description          |
|----------|------|----------------------|
| HintMsg0 | BOOL | Notification message |
| Alarm0   | BOOL | Alarm message        |

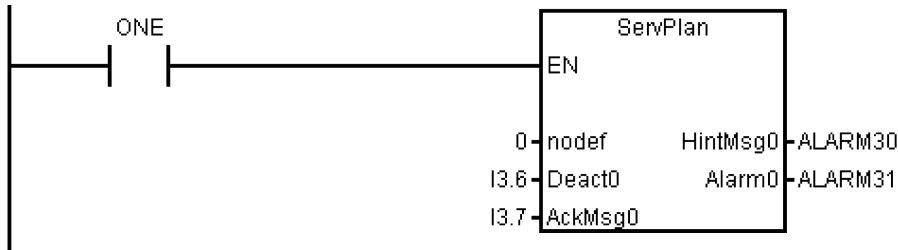
**Assigned global variables**

|               |      |  |
|---------------|------|--|
| ServPlan_msg0 | BOOL | Notification message of the first service plan |
| ServPlan_alm0 | BOOL | Alarm message of the first service plan        |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 48**



### 3.22 Subroutine 49 - GearChg1\_Auto (automatic spindle gear change)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 49 is used to automatically change the gear for the analog spindle with 2-level gear detection signals.

During a gear change, the spindle oscillates and the PLC outputs the gear change signal. When the PLC detects that the desired gear level has been reached, the gear change has been completed.

You cannot use this subroutine together with subroutine 50.

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-23 Inputs

| Name    | Type | Description  |
|---------|------|--|
| D_CHG   | WORD | Gear change delay time (unit: 0.01 s)  |
| D_MON   | WORD | Gear change monitoring time (unit: 0.01 s)   |
| D_S0    | WORD | Spindle stop delay time (unit: 0.01 s)   |
| T_GC    | WORD | Monitor time for whole gear change process, must > D_CHG + D_MON + D_S0 (unit: 0.01 s) |
| S_hold  | BOOL | Signal of zero spindle velocity (NO)   |
| S_alarm | BOOL | Spindle alarm (NO)   |
| LGi     | BOOL | Low detection switch (NO)  |
| HGi     | BOOL | High detection switch (NO)   |

Table 3-24 Outputs

| Name   | Type | Description                      |
|--------|------|----------------------------------|
| LGo    | BOOL | Low gear output                  |
| HGo    | BOOL | High gear output                 |
| LG_LED | BOOL | Status display for the low gear  |
| HG_LED | BOOL | Status display for the high gear |

**Assigned global variables**

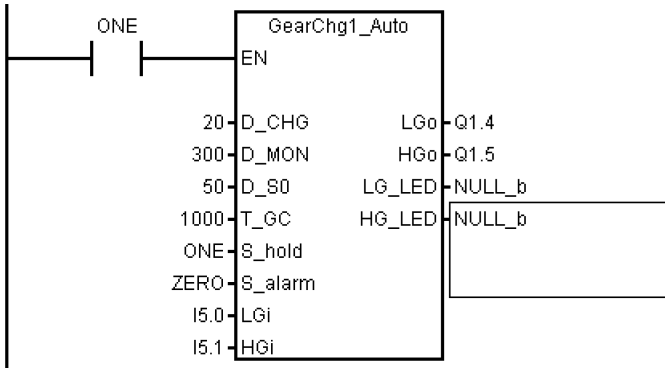
|        |      |        |   |
|--------|------|--------|---|
| HGom   | BOOL | M248.0 | Signal indication of high gear stage output |
| LGom   | BOOL | M248.1 | Signal indication of low gear stage output  |
| HGcmd  | BOOL | M248.2 | High gear level command                     |
| LGcmd  | BOOL | M248.3 | Low gear level command                      |
| SPhold | BOOL | M248.4 | Spindle stops and ready for oscillation     |

|              |       |        |  |
|--------------|-------|--------|--|
| Dstill       | BOOL  | M248.5 | Signal for spindle stop                  |
| Dchg         | BOOL  | M248.6 | Spindle gear change delay                |
| Dmon         | BOOL  | M248.7 | Monitoring for the gear change           |
| Req_SP_G_CHG | BOOL  | M244.0 | Request for spindle gear change          |
| Req_Low_G    | BOOL  | M244.1 | Request to change to the low gear stage  |
| Req_Hign_G   | BOOL  | M244.2 | Request to change to the high gear stage |
| D_S0         | TIMER | T13    | Spindle stop delay                       |
| Td_GearChg   | TIMER | T24    | Gear change delay                        |
| Tm_GearChg   | TIMER | T25    | Delay for monitoring the gear change     |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 49**



### 3.23 Subroutine 50 - GearChg2\_Virtual (virtual spindle gear change)

**Purpose**

Using subroutine 50, you can requests the system to switch to the corresponding gear after changing the gear manually. The corresponding gear is set when M41-M45 are executed.

This subroutine must not be used together with GearChg1\_Auto (SBR 49).

**Local variable definition**

Inputs

None

Table 3-25 Outputs

| Name    | Type | Description   |
|---------|------|---|
| HL_gear | BOOL | Output of the high/low gear<br>0: gear-level low gear; 1: gear-level high gear) |

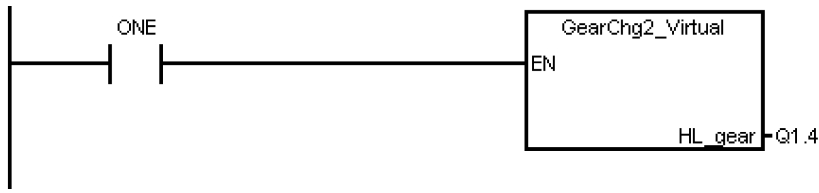
**Assigned global variables**

None

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

Example for calling subroutine 50



### 3.24 Subroutine 51 - Turret1\_HED\_T (turret with Hall effect device position sensor)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 51 is used to control the turret with a Hall effect device positioning sensor, and the turret motor is controlled by the PLC.

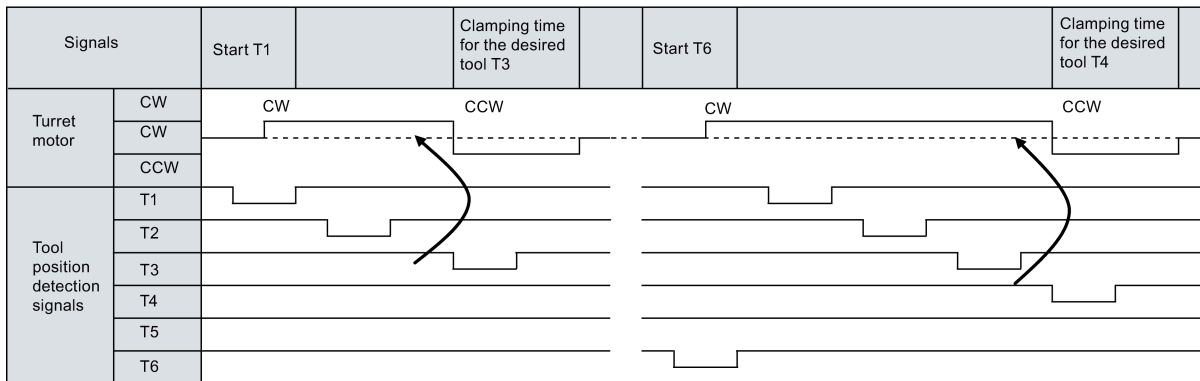
The turret rotates clockwise to search for a tool, and rotates counter-clockwise after positioning the desired tool to clamp it (the turret CCW rotation time can be adjusted). An alarm occurs if the turret fails to position the desired tool after the duration expires. The subroutine verifies the time that the turret rotates CCW, and sets a limit of maximum 3 seconds for this rotation time to prevent the turret motor from being broken.

In the AUTO and MDA modes, the T function starts a tool change operation. In the JOG mode, a short strike on the MCP key changes a turret position.

During a tool change, the NC interface signals "Read-in disable" (DB3200.DBX6.1) and "Feedhold" (DB3200.DBX6.0) are set; this means that the part program can only continue to run after the tool change.

The turret positioning is prohibited in the case of an Emergency Stop, turret motor overload or program test/simulation.

The timing diagram for positioning a tool in the turret using the Hall effect device positioning sensor is shown as follows:



This subroutine can activate the following alarms:

- Alarm 700022: Turret motor overload
- Alarm 700023: Programmed tool number higher than the max. tool number of the turret
- Alarm 700024: Wrong setting of the max. tool number for the turret
- Alarm 700025: No turret positioning signals available
- Alarm 700026: Tool positioning time out

## Local variable definition

Table 3-26 Inputs

| Name         | Type | Description  |
|--------------|------|--|
| Tmax         | WORD | Max. tool number of the turret   |
| C_time       | WORD | CCW clamping time (unit: 0.1 s)  |
| M_time       | WORD | Monitoring time for the tool change  |
| T_polar      | BOOL | Polar selection for the tool change<br>0: tool position low active<br>1: tool position high active |
| T_key        | BOOL | Manual tool change key (triggering signal )  |
| T_01 to T_06 | BOOL | Tool position sensor (low active)  |
| OVload       | BOOL | Turret motor overload (NC)   |

Table 3-27 Outputs

| Name  | Type | Description                                   |
|-------|------|---|
| T_cw  | BOOL | Turret positioning                            |
| T_ccw | BOOL | Turret clamping                               |
| T_LED | BOOL | Status display during the tool change         |
| ERR1  | BOOL | No turret positioning signals available       |
| ERR2  | BOOL | Programmed tool out of turret range           |
| ERR3  | BOOL | Tool positioning time out                     |
| ERR4  | BOOL | Turret motor overload                         |
| ERR5  | BOOL | Wrong setting of the max. tool for the turret |
| ERR6  | BOOL | Reserved                                      |

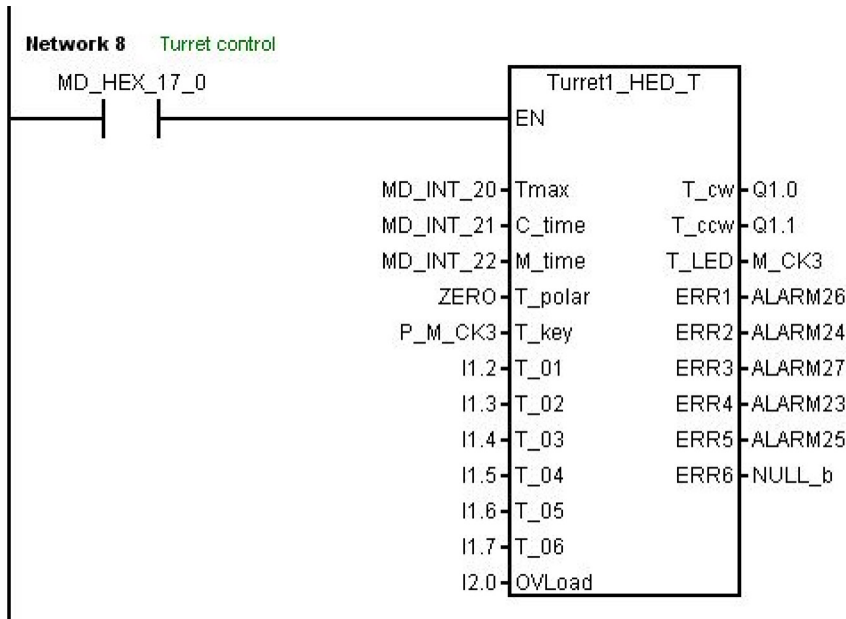
## Assigned global variables

|           |        |   |
|-----------|--------|---|
| T_cw_m    | M156.0 | Position marking for turret CW rotation                 |
| T_ccw_m   | M156.1 | Position marking for turret CCW rotation                |
| CcwDelay  | M156.2 | Turret CCW rotation delay                               |
| K_active  | M156.3 | Manual key active                                       |
| Tpos_C    | M156.4 | Turret position changed                                 |
| Tp_eq_Tc  | M156.5 | Programmed tool number equal to the current tool number |
| Tp_eq_0   | M156.6 | Programmed tool number equal to zero                    |
| T_P_INDX  | MD160  | Monitoring the tool change buffer zone in the JOG mode  |
| T_CHL     | M168.4 | Operating mode locked                                   |
| Tm1_FindT | T15    | Monitoring timer for tool searching                     |
| T_CLAMP   | T13    | Clamping timer for turret 1                             |

## Relevant PLC machine data

| No.         | Unit  | Description   |
|-------------|-------|---|
| 14510 [20]  | -     | Max. tool number (4 or 6)                           |
| 14510 [21]  | 0.1 s | Turret clamping time                                |
| 14510 [22]  | 0.1 s | Monitoring time for tool searching                  |
| 14512[17].0 | -     | Activating the turret function of a turning machine |

**Example for calling subroutine 51**



**3.25 Subroutine 52 - TURRET2\_BIN\_T (turret with binary coding function)**

**Purpose**

Subroutine 52 is used to control the turret with encoder positioning signals and function of dual-direction adjacent tool change. Contact the turret vendor for the working theory and the timing diagram of a tool change.

During a tool change, the NC interface signals "Read-in disable" (DB3200.DBX6.1) and "Feedhold" (DB3200.DBX6.0) are set, so the part program can continue running only after the tool change action.

The turret position action is forbidden in case of an emergency stop, turret motor overload or program test/simulation.

This subroutine can activate the following alarms:

- Alarm 700022: Turret motor overload
- Alarm 700023: Programmed tool number higher than the max. tool number of the turret
- Alarm 700024: Wrong setting of the max. tool number for the turret
- Alarm 700026: Not able to find expected tool in monitor time
- Alarm 700011: Not able to lock tool in expected time

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-28 Inputs

| Name   | Type | Description                        |
|--------|------|------------------------------------|
| Tmax   | WORD | Max. tool number of the turret     |
| Tm_Lck | WORD | Turret clamping time (unit: 0.1 s) |
| Tm_Chg | WORD | Tool change monitoring             |
| T_1    | BOOL | Tool code A x 1                    |
| T_2    | BOOL | Tool code B x 2                    |
| T_3    | BOOL | Tool code C x 4                    |
| T_4    | BOOL | Tool code D x 8                    |
| Parity | BOOL | Position parity                    |
| Strobe | BOOL | Position strobe                    |

| Name   | Type | Description                                 |
|--------|------|---|
| OVload | BOOL | Turret motor overload (NC)                  |
| P_Indx | BOOL | Turret pre-indexing sensor                  |
| T_key  | BOOL | Manual tool change key (triggering signal ) |

Table 3-29 Outputs

| Name   | Type | Description  |
|--------|------|--|
| T_cw   | BOOL | Turret CW rotation output                          |
| T_ccw  | BOOL | Turret CCW rotation output                         |
| Magent | BOOL | Turret clamping output                             |
| T_LED  | BOOL | Status display during the tool change              |
| ERR1   | BOOL | Turret motor overload                              |
| ERR2   | BOOL | Programmed tool out of turret range                |
| ERR3   | BOOL | Wrong setting of the max. tool for the turret      |
| ERR4   | BOOL | Not able to find pre-index signal in expected time |
| ERR5   | BOOL | Not able to lock in expected time                  |

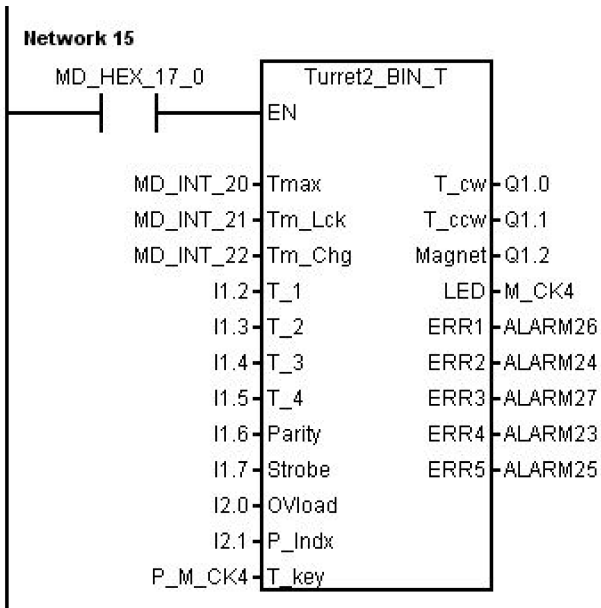
#### Assigned global variables

|           |            |  |
|-----------|------------|--|
| T_CURRENT | VD14000064 | Current tool (retentive data)                          |
| T_cw_m    | M156.0     | Position marking for turret CW rotation                |
| T_ccw_m   | M156.1     | Position marking for turret CCW rotation               |
| T_P_INDX  | MD160      | Monitoring the tool change buffer zone in the JOG mode |
| T_DES     | M164       | Desired tool number                                    |
| T_DIR     | M168.0     | Direction of adjacent tool change                      |
| T_POS     | M168.1     | Turret tool positioning finished                       |
| T_LOCK    | M168.2     | Turret clamping command                                |
| T_MAG     | M168.3     | Turret magnetic clamping                               |

#### Relevant PLC machine data

| No.         | Unit  | Description   |
|-------------|-------|---|
| 14510 [20]  | -     | Max. tool number (4 or 6)                           |
| 14510 [21]  | 0.1 s | Turret clamping time                                |
| 14510 [22]  | 0.1 s | Monitoring time for tool searching                  |
| 14512[17].0 | -     | Activating the turret function of a turning machine |

**Example for calling subroutine 52**



**3.26 Subroutine 53 - Turret3\_CODE\_T (tool change control for turret with coding function)**

**Purpose**

Subroutine 53 is used to control the turret with coded tool positions and function of adjacent tool change. The difference between the subroutine 52 and the subroutine 53 is that the subroutine 52 uses binary tool position codes while the subroutine 53 uses tool position codes made according to a specific common turret.

During a tool change, the NC interface signal "Feedhold" (DB3200.DBX6.0) is set; this means that the part program can only continue to run only after the tool change.

The turret positioning is prohibited in the case of an Emergency Stop, turret motor overload or program test/simulation.

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-30 Inputs

| Name   | Type | Description                         |
|--------|------|-------------------------------------|
| M_time | WORD | Monitoring time for the tool change |
| T_key  | BOOL | Manual tool change key (NO )        |
| A to D | BOOL | Tool position code signals          |
| Strobe | BOOL | Position strobe                     |
| Lock_i | BOOL | Position clamping                   |
| OVload | BOOL | Turret motor overload (NC)          |

| Tool position | Tool position code A | Tool position code B | Tool position code C | Tool position code D |
|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1             | 0                    | 1                    | 0                    | 0                    |
| 2             | 0                    | 0                    | 0                    | 1                    |
| 3             | 1                    | 0                    | 0                    | 0                    |
| 4             | 0                    | 0                    | 1                    | 0                    |
| 5             | 1                    | 1                    | 1                    | 0                    |
| 6             | 1                    | 0                    | 1                    | 1                    |
| 7             | 1                    | 1                    | 0                    | 1                    |
| 8             | 0                    | 1                    | 1                    | 1                    |



Table 3-31 Outputs

| Name      | Type | Description                           |
|-----------|------|---------------------------------------|
| T_UNCLAMP | BOOL | Turret release                        |
| T_CLAMP   | BOOL | Turret clamping                       |
| T_CW      | BOOL | Turret CW rotation                    |
| T_CCW     | BOOL | Turret CCW rotation                   |
| T_LED     | BOOL | Status display during the tool change |

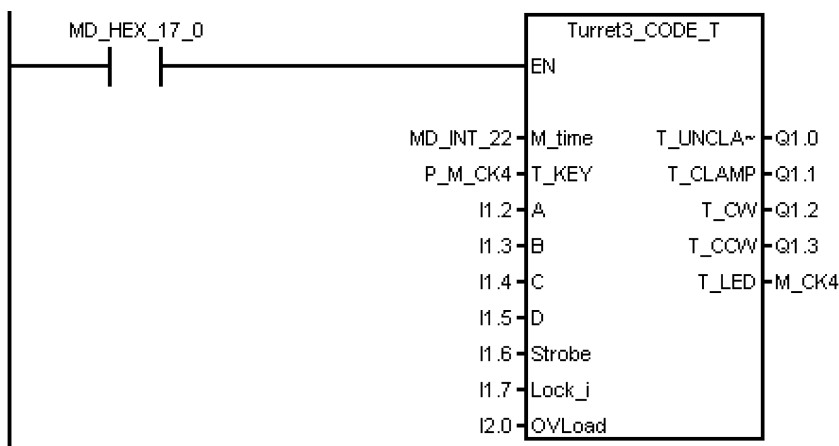
**Assigned global variables**

|         |      |        |  |
|---------|------|--------|--|
| Tpos_C  | BOOL | M156.4 | Tool searching finished                      |
| T_cwm   | BOOL | M235.6 | Mark for turret CW rotation                  |
| T_ccwm  | BOOL | M235.7 | Mark for turret CCW rotation                 |
| TK_act  | BOOL | M236.4 | Mark for manual tool change                  |
| Tc_ne_0 | BOOL | M237.0 | Current tool number is not 0                 |
| T_dir   | BOOL | M237.1 | Direction for searching for an adjacent tool |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

| No.        | Unit  | Description                              |
|------------|-------|--|
| 14510 [22] | 0.1 s | Monitoring time for searching for a tool |

**Example for calling subroutine 53**



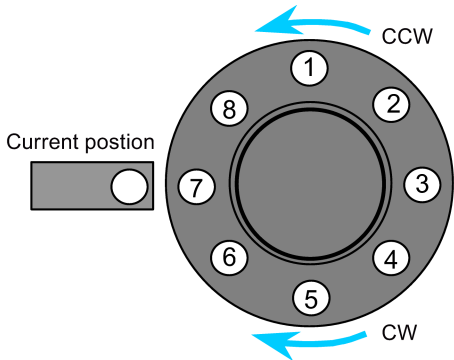
### 3.27 Subroutine 54 - Turret2\_3\_ToolDir (tool change direction)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 54 is used to find out the direction of searching for an adjacent tool and the pre-indexing position (this is, the previous position of the desired tool in the direction of an adjacent tool). To find out the direction, you need to know the max. tool number of the turret and the programmed tool number.

You can use this subroutine to control the turret to search for an adjacent tool on a turning machine or a machine centre. The turret tool position ranges from 2 to 64.

For example:



| Tool position number | Current position | Programmed tool number | Pre-indexing position | Direction |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| 1                    | 7                | 2                      | 1                     | CCW       |
| 2                    | 7                | 5                      | 6                     | CW        |
| 3                    | 3                | 8                      | 1                     | CW        |
| 4                    | 1                | 4                      | 3                     | CCW       |
| 5                    | 6                | 8                      | 7                     | CCW       |

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-32 Inputs

| Name  | Type  | Description                          |
|-------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| Tmax  | DWORD | The max. turret tool position number |
| Pnum  | DWORD | Programmed tool number               |
| Tcurr | DWORD | Current position of the turret       |

Table 3-33 Outputs

| Name    | Type  | Description   |
|---------|-------|---|
| P_INDXo | DWORD | Pre-indexing position: the previous tool position of the desired tool in the direction of an adjacent tool. |
| DIR     | BOOL  | Tool change direction:<br>1: CW; 0: CCW   |

**Assigned global variables**

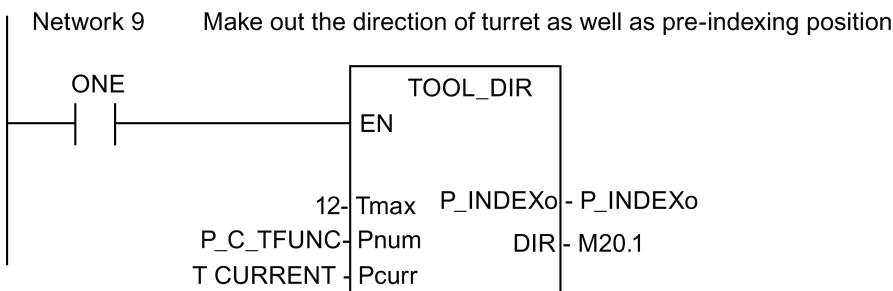
None

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 54**

This subroutine is called by subroutine 52 and subroutine 53.



### 3.28 Subroutine 55 - Tail\_stock\_T (Tailstock control program for turning machines)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 55 is used to control forward or backward movement of the tail stock on a turning machine.

In the JOG mode, press the "Tailstock" key to move the tailstock forward or backward. Pressing "Tailstock" moves the tailstock forward, and one more pressing moves the tailstock backward.

In the AUTO mode, you can use M20 or M21 to control the forward or backward movement of the tailstock.

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-34 Inputs

| Name       | Type | Description    |
|------------|------|----------------|
| TailCtrl_K | BOOL | Tailstock      |
| SP_status  | BOOL | Spindle status |

Table 3-35 Outputs

| Name      | Type | Description                           |
|-----------|------|---------------------------------------|
| TailAdv_O | BOOL | Output to move the tailstock forward  |
| TailRet_O | BOOL | Output to move the tailstock backward |

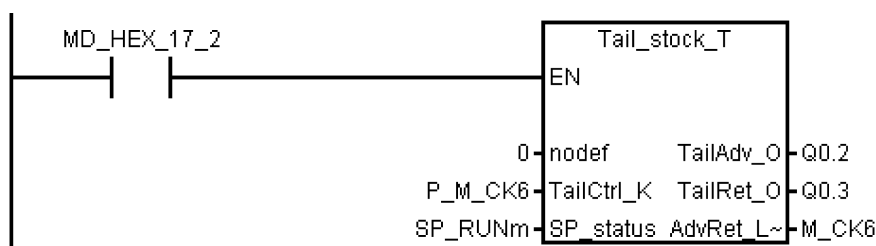
**Assigned global variables**

|           |      |        |  |
|-----------|------|--------|--|
| SP_RUNm   | BOOL | M236.0 | Indicate that the spindle is running           |
| TailAdv_m | BOOL | M229.2 | Indicates that the tailstock is moving forward |
| TailRet_m | BOOL | M229.3 | Indicates tailstock is moving backward         |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 55**



### 3.29 Subroutine 56 - Lock\_unlock\_T (clamping control for turning machines)

**Purpose**

Subroutine 56 is used to control the clamping or release for the chuck for a turning machine.

In the JOG mode, press the "External/Inside clamping" key to select either external clamping or inside clamping, and press "Clamp" or "Unclamp" key to clamp or release the chuck. Furthermore, you can also use the "Foot switch" to clamp or release the chuck. Pressing the "Foot switch" for once release the chuck, and one more pressing clamps the chuck.

In the AUTO mode, you can execute M10/M11 to control the clamping or release of the chuck.

**Note**

The chuck status should be kept when clamping outputs are zero.

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-36 Inputs

| Name        | Type | Description   |
|-------------|------|---|
| Delay       | WORD | Clamping delay time   |
| LckRel_k    | BOOL | Lock / release toggle signal  |
| ExtIn_k     | BOOL | External/inside clamping key  |
| S_velo      | BOOL | Spindle velocity signals<br>0: spindle velocity is 0<br>1: spindle is running |
| Foot_switch | BOOL | Foot switch signal  |

Table 3-37 Outputs

| Name      | Type | Description   |
|-----------|------|---|
| Lck1_O    | BOOL | Clamping output 1   |
| Lck2_O    | BOOL | Clamping output 2   |
| Lck_LED   | BOOL | Clamping state  |
| ExtIn_LED | BOOL | External/inside clamping state:<br>0: external clamping<br>1: inside clamping |
| Err1      | BOOL | No chuck operation during the running of the spindle                          |

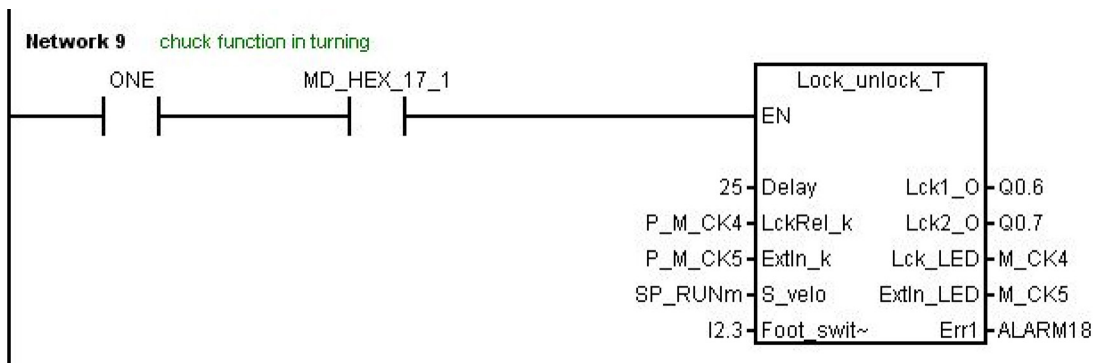
**Assigned global variables**

|             |      |        |                                |
|-------------|------|--------|--------------------------------|
| ChuckLcked  | BOOL | M229.4 | Chuck clamped                  |
| ChuckLckLED | BOOL | M239.2 | Chuck at released state        |
| ExtInLED_Om | BOOL | M239.5 | External/inside clamping state |
| TR_Status   | BOOL | M237.6 | Chuck release command          |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 56**



### 3.30 Subroutine 58 (MM\_MAIN)

#### Purpose

To use subroutine 58, you must have licensed the optional Manual Machine Plus function for the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED T (Turning). The subroutines 46, 58 and 59 must be used together. This subroutine is used to control the manual machine function after the manual machine interface is activated.

#### Local variable definition

Table 3-38 Inputs

| Name        | Type | Description                               |
|-------------|------|---|
| TK_X_P      | BOOL | Forward on axis X                         |
| TK_X_M      | BOOL | Backward on axis X                        |
| TK_Z_P      | BOOL | Forward on axis Z                         |
| TK_Z_M      | BOOL | Backward on axis Z                        |
| RAPID       | BOOL | Rapid feed                                |
| SP_CW       | BOOL | Clockwise rotation of the spindle         |
| SP_CCW      | BOOL | Counter-clockwise rotation of the spindle |
| SP_STOP     | BOOL | Spindle stop                              |
| NC_START    | BOOL | NC start                                  |
| NC_STOP     | BOOL | NC stop                                   |
| AUTO_ENABLE | BOOL | AUTO mode allowed                         |
| MDA_ENABLE  | BOOL | MDA mode allowed                          |
| ROV         | BOOL | Rapid rate                                |

Table 3-39 Outputs

| Name  | Type | Description                                      |
|-------|------|--|
| AL_03 | BOOL | Not approaching the reference point on axis X    |
| AL_04 | BOOL | Not approaching the reference point on axis Z    |
| AL_09 | BOOL | Incorrect start in the spindle direction         |
| AL_11 | BOOL | JOG program timeout                              |
| AL_12 | BOOL | Spindle rate not 100%                            |
| AL_13 | BOOL | Spindle not being started                        |
| AL_14 | BOOL | Feed rate 0%                                     |
| AL_16 | BOOL | Spindle direction change in a thread not allowed |

#### Assigned global variables

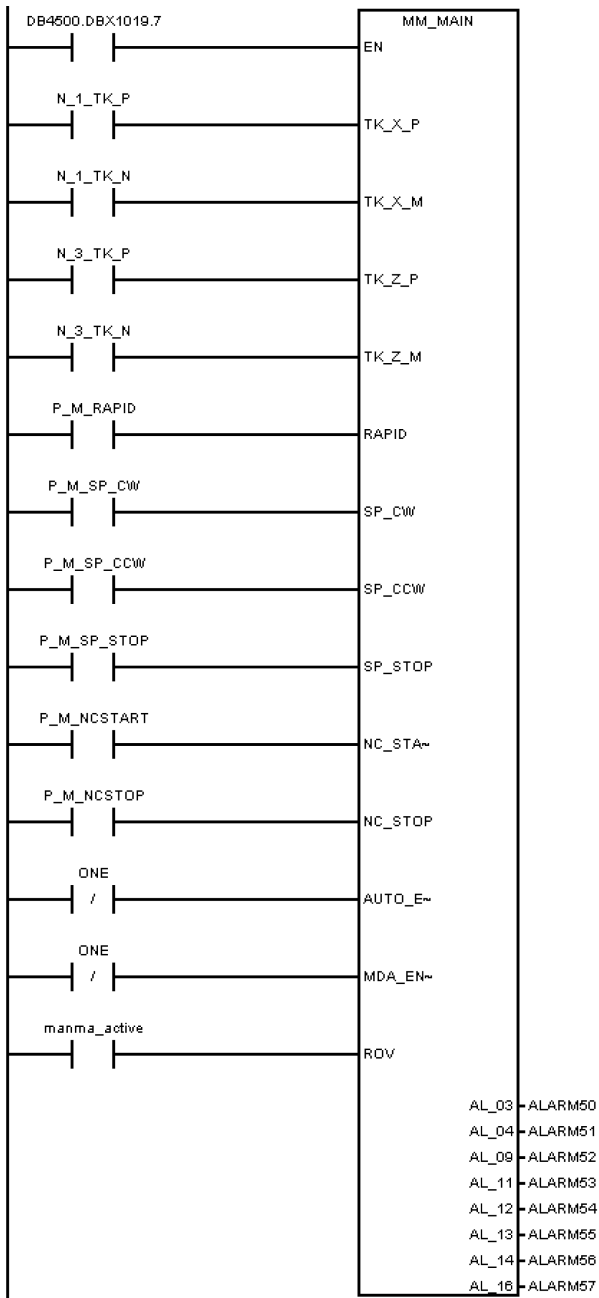
| Byte  | Signal   | Byte 7 | Byte 6 | Byte 5 | Byte 4 | Byte 3 | Byte 2                     | Byte 1         | Byte 0         |
|-------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| MB170 | HMI<->MM |        |        |        |        |        | Request for MM HMI startup | MM HMI enabled | MM HMI started |
| MB171 | HMI<->MM |        |        |        |        |        |                            |                |                |
| MB172 | HMI<->MM |        |        |        |        |        |                            |                |                |
| MB173 | HMI<->MM |        |        |        |        |        |                            |                |                |

| Byte  | Signal   | Byte 7               | Byte 6               | Byte 5               | Byte 4                  | Byte 3              | Byte 2                | Byte 1              | Byte 0                   |
|-------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| MB174 | HMI<->MM | Cone angle 270°-360° | Cone angle 270°      | Cone angle 180°-270° | Cone angle 180°         | Cone angle 90°-180° | Cone angle 90°        | Cone angle 0°-90°   | Cone angle 0°            |
| MB175 | HMI<->MM |                      |                      |                      |                         |                     | Direction key enabled |                     | Spindle rotated          |
| MB176 | HMI<->MM |                      | Working step enabled | Groove enabled       | Thread chaining enabled | Drilling enabled    | Arc enabled           | Cutting enabled     | Thread enabled           |
| MB177 | HMI<->MM |                      |                      |                      |                         |                     |                       |                     |                          |
| MB178 |          |                      |                      |                      |                         |                     |                       |                     |                          |
| MB179 |          |                      |                      |                      |                         |                     |                       |                     |                          |
| MB180 |          |                      |                      |                      |                         |                     | Recutting canceled    | Recutting performed | Recut the thread or not? |

#### Relevant PLC machine data

| No.           | Unit | Range | Description   |
|---------------|------|-------|---|
| MD14512[19].7 | -    | -     | 1: to enable the manual machine function<br>0: to disable the manual machine function |

### Example for calling subroutine 58



## 3.31 Subroutine 59 (MM\_MCP\_808D)

### Purpose

To use subroutine 59, you must have licensed the optional Manual Machine Plus function for the SINUMERIK 808D ADVANCED T (Turning). The subroutines 46, 58 and 59 must be used together. Normally, the spindle will be stopped after you press the NC reset key. However, when a manual machine is started, you do not want to stop the spindle after pressing the NC reset key. In this case, call subroutine 59 (MM\_MCP\_808D) after executing subroutine 37 (MCP\_NCK). Then you do not need to rewrite subroutine 37 (MCP\_NCK).

## Local variable definition

Table 3-40 Inputs

| Name      | Type | Description  |
|-----------|------|--------------|
| SP_STOP_K | BOOL | Spindle stop |

Outputs

None

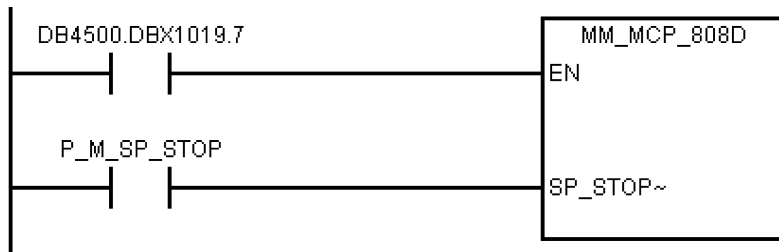
## Assigned global variables

None

## Relevant PLC machine data

| No.           | Unit | Range | Description   |
|---------------|------|-------|---|
| MD14512[19].7 | -    | -     | 1: to enable the manual machine function<br>0: to disable the manual machine function |

## Example for calling subroutine 59



## 3.32 Subroutine 60 - Disk\_MGZ\_M (disk-style tool magazine for milling)

### Purpose

You can use subroutine 60 to control the disk-style tool magazine on a milling machine.

In the reference point mode, initialize the tool magazine by pressing the "Original position of the tool magazine" key.

In the manual mode, you can rotate the tool magazine clockwise or counter-clockwise, and enable the tool magazine to reach the spindle or tool change position respectively through the "Clockwise rotation of the magazine", "Counter-clockwise rotation of the magazine", "Tool magazine reaching the spindle", and "Tool magazine reaching the tool change position" keys.

In the auto mode, you need to execute M06 to call the tool change subroutine when compiling a part program. Subroutine 60 and the tool change subroutine must be used together during the tool change process. Three operations are involved in the tool change control, that is, tool return, tool retrieval, and tool change.

1. The tool return operation is to return the tool on the spindle back to the tool magazine disk when compiling T0 and a tool is located on the spindle.
2. The tool retrieval operation is to get the desired tool from the tool magazine disk and install it on the spindle when compiling Tx (x ≠ 0) and no tool is on the spindle.
3. The tool change operation is to first return the tool on the spindle back to the tool magazine disk and then get the desired tool from the tool magazine disk when compiling Tx (x ≠ 0; x ≠ number of the tool on the spindle).

For details, please refer to the tool change subroutine.

The following machine data is involved in this subroutine:

MD10715: M\_NO\_FCT\_CYCLE[0]

MD10716: M\_NO\_FCT\_CYCLE\_NAME[0]

MD22550: TOOL\_CHANGE\_MODE



**Local variable definition**

Table 3-41 Inputs

| Name       | Type | Description  |
|------------|------|--|
| MgzCnt     | BOOL | Tool magazine count  |
| MgzRef_k   | BOOL | Tool magazine reset, with the current tool number set to 1 |
| MgzCW_k    | BOOL | Tool magazine forward                                      |
| MgzCCW_k   | BOOL | Tool magazine backward                                     |
| MgzSp_k    | BOOL | Spindle position key for the tool magazine                 |
| MgzOrg_k   | BOOL | Original position key for the tool magazine                |
| MgzSp_pos  | BOOL | Tool magazine has reached the spindle position             |
| MgzOrg_pos | BOOL | Tool magazine has reached the original position            |
| T_rel_pos  | BOOL | Release position for the tool magazine                     |
| T_ick_pos  | BOOL | Clamping position for the tool magazine                    |
| T_rel_k    | BOOL | Tool release key for the spindle                           |
| T_rel_EnK  | BOOL | Enabling key for the tool release of the spindle           |

Table 3-42 Outputs

| Name       | Type | Description                                     |
|------------|------|---|
| MgzCW_o    | BOOL | Clockwise rotation of the tool magazine         |
| MgzCCW_o   | BOOL | Counter-clockwise rotation of the tool magazine |
| MgzSp_o    | BOOL | The spindle position for the tool magazine      |
| MgzOrg_o   | BOOL | The original position for the tool magazine     |
| SpRelT_o   | BOOL | Releasing a tool                                |
| RelT_En_o  | BOOL | Enabling releasing a tool                       |
| MgzSp_LED  | BOOL | Magazine reaches spindle position               |
| MgzOrg_LED | BOOL | Magazine reaches original position              |

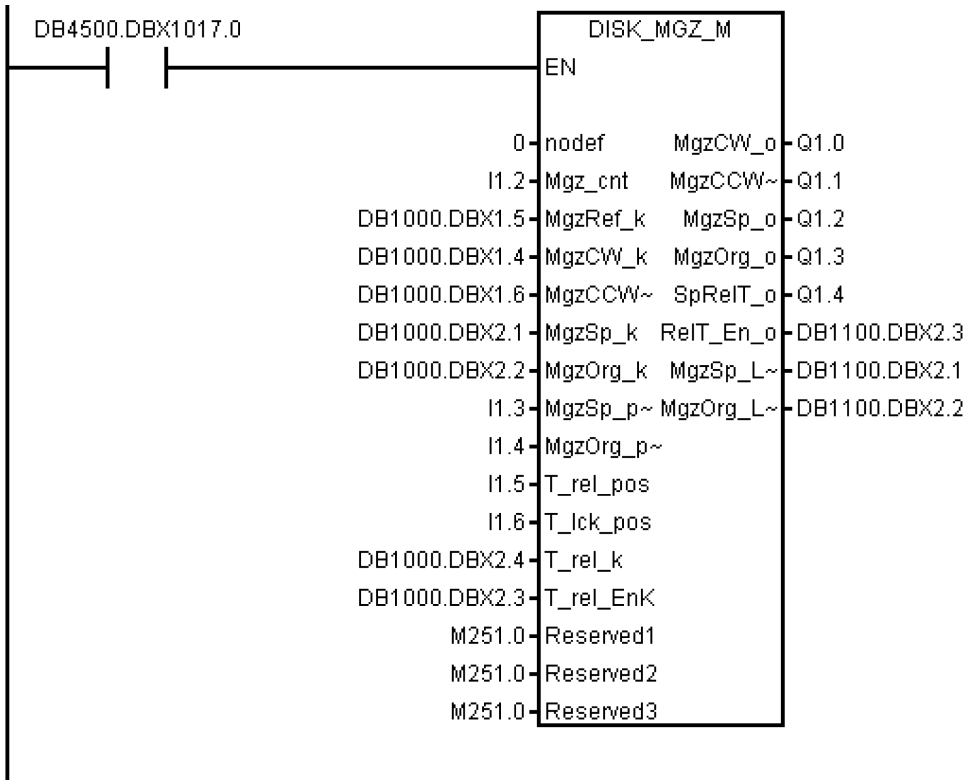
**Assigned global variables**

|             |      |              |   |
|-------------|------|--------------|---|
| MgzCW_cmd   | BOOL | M230.0       | Command for clockwise rotation of the tool magazine         |
| MgzCCW_cmd  | BOOL | M230.1       | Command for counter-clockwise rotation of the tool magazine |
| Mgz_rot_CMD | BOOL | DB4900.DBB24 | Tool change command from the tool change subroutine         |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 60**



**3.33 Subroutines 34 to 36, 57, 61 and 62**

**Explanation**

Subroutines 34 to 36, 57, 61 and 62 are reserved for users.

**3.34 Subroutine 63 - TOGGLES**

**Purpose**

Two types of switches are provided in subroutine 63, more specifically, a hold switch for switching a circuit on (press) and off (press again), and a delay switch for switching on a circuit and automatically switching it off after a certain time period. A total of six hold switches and two delay switches are available in this subroutine, with the delay duration being configurable. The key inputs or outputs of the subroutine can be connected with any physical inputs or outputs. The inputs and outputs of all idle switches are respectively "ZERO" and "NULL\_b" (M255.7).

**Local variable definition**

Table 3-43 Inputs

| Name        | Type | Description                                     |
|-------------|------|---|
| Delay7      | WORD | Delay duration of switch 7 (unit: 10 ms)        |
| Delay8      | WORD | Delay duration of switch 8 (unit: 10 ms)        |
| Ki_1...Ki_6 | BOOL | Input of hold switch 1...input of hold switch 6 |
| Ki_7...Ki_8 | BOOL | Inputs of delay switches 7 and 8                |

Table 3-44 Outputs

| Name        | Type | Description                             |
|-------------|------|---|
| Ko_1...Ko_8 | BOOL | Output of switch 1...output of switch 8 |

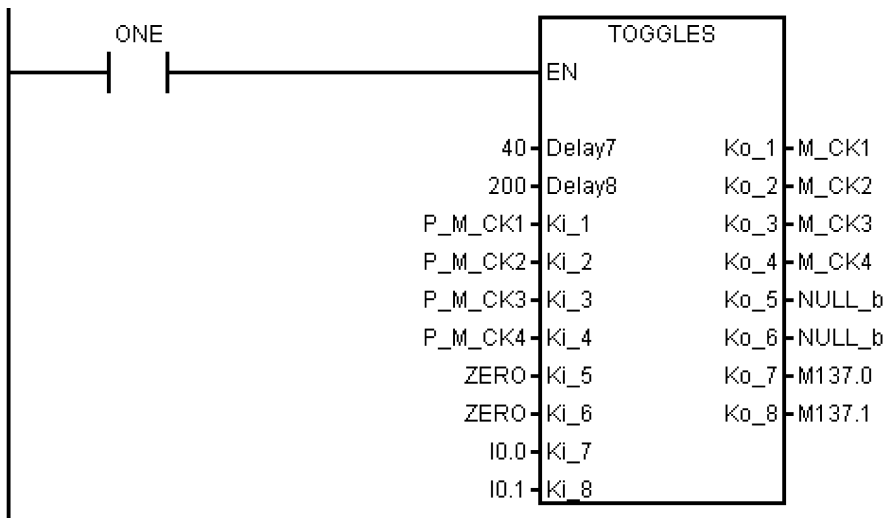
**Assigned global variables**

|                 |       |                               |
|-----------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| K1st1 ... K8st1 | MB245 | State 1 of the hold switch    |
| K1st2 ... K8st2 | MB246 | State 2 of the hold switch    |
| K1on ... K8on   | MB247 | "On" state of the hold switch |

**Relevant PLC machine data**

None

**Example for calling subroutine 63**



## 4 Use of user alarms in the PLC subroutines

Some user alarms are activated in a subroutine. In the case that such an alarm is generated, you can search the following list for the subroutine wherein the alarm is activated.

| Alarm No. | Interface Address | Alarm Description                                     | From SBR             |
|-----------|-------------------|---|----------------------|
| 700010    | DB1600.DBX1.2     | HHU is active   | SBR41: MINI_HHU      |
| 700011    | DB1600.DBX1.3     | Not able to lock tool in expected time                |                      |
| 700012    | DB1600.DBX1.4     | Spindle in braking progress                           | SBR42: SPINDLE       |
| 700013    | DB1600.DBX1.5     | Operation while chuck is not locked                   | SBR56: Lock_unlock_T |
| 700014    | DB1600.DBX1.6     | Gear-change time out                                  | SBR49: GearChg1_Auto |
| 700015    | DB1600.DBX1.7     | Gear level position error                             |                      |
| 700016    | DB1600.DBX2.0     | Drives not ready                                      | SBR33: EMG_STOP      |
| 700017    | DB1600.DBX2.1     | Operate chuck when spindle or part program is running | SBR56: Lock_unlock_T |
| 700018    | DB1600.DBX2.2     | Cooling motor overload                                | SBR44: COOLING       |
| 700019    | DB1600.DBX2.3     | Coolant liquid position in low level                  |                      |
| 700020    | DB1600.DBX2.4     | Lubrication motor overload                            | SBR45: LUBRICAT      |
| 700021    | DB1600.DBX2.5     | Lubricant liquid position in low level                |                      |
| 700022    | DB1600.DBX2.6     | Turret motor overload                                 | SBR51: Turret1_HED_T |

| Alarm No. | Interface Address | Alarm Description  | From SBR                                      |
|-----------|-------------------|--|---|
| 700023    | DB1600.DBX2.7     | Programmed tool number > max. turret on turret number    | SBR52: Turret2_BIN_T<br>SBR53: Turret3_CODE_T |
| 700024    | DB1600.DBX3.0     | Max. tool number setting error                           |   |
| 700025    | DB1600.DBX3.1     | No position signals from turret                          |   |
| 700026    | DB1600.DBX3.2     | Not able to find expected tool in monitor time           |   |
| 700027    | DB1600.DBX3.3     | Approach reference point again after rotation monitoring | SBR40: AXIS_CTL                               |
| 700028    | DB1600.DBX3.4     | Tool is not locked                                       | SBR53: Turret3_CODE_T                         |
| 700029    | DB1600.DBX3.5     | Reminding information for 1st service plan               | SBR48: ServPlan                               |
| 700030    | DB1600.DBX3.6     | Alarm for 1st service plan                               |   |
| 700031    | DB1600.DBX3.7     | Magazine not in spindle position or original position    | SBR60: Disk_MGZ_M                             |
| 700032    | DB1600.DBX4.0     | Magazine in spindle position and original position       | SBR60: Disk_MGZ_M                             |
| 700033    | DB1600.DBX4.1     | Magazine turn key when magazine or spindle not ready     | SBR60: Disk_MGZ_M                             |
| 700034    | DB1600.DBX4.2     | Block search, tool in spindle <-> programmed tool        | SBR60: Disk_MGZ_M                             |
| 700035    | DB1600.DBX4.3     | Spindle not reach tool-release pos. in time              | SBR60: Disk_MGZ_M                             |
| 700036    | DB1600.DBX4.4     | Spindle not reach tool-lock pos. in time                 | SBR60: Disk_MGZ_M                             |
| 700049    | DB1600.DBX6.1     | Reference point X-axis not reached                       | SBR58: MM_MAIN                                |
| 700050    | DB1600.DBX6.2     | Reference point Z-axis not reached                       | SBR58: MM_MAIN                                |
| 700051    | DB1600.DBX6.3     | Wrong spindle direction started                          | SBR58: MM_MAIN                                |
| 700052    | DB1600.DBX6.4     | Watchdog timer JOG-program                               | SBR58: MM_MAIN                                |
| 700053    | DB1600.DBX6.5     | Spindle override not 100%                                | SBR58: MM_MAIN                                |
| 700054    | DB1600.DBX6.6     | Spindle is not started                                   | SBR58: MM_MAIN                                |
| 700055    | DB1600.DBX6.7     | Feed override = 0%                                       | SBR58: MM_MAIN                                |
| 700056    | DB1600.DBX7.0     | Change of spindle direction not possible in thread       | SBR58: MM_MAIN                                |
| 700059    | DB1600.DBX7.3     | Safe door not closed, NC start not possible              | SBR22:<br>AUX_SAFE_DOOR                       |
| 700060    | DB1600.DBX7.4     | PRT/AFL change not possible: channel not reset           | SBR37: MCP_NCK                                |

## 5 PLC sample applications

### 5.1 PLC sample application (turning)

This sample application is applicable to machines with the following configurations:

- Two axes: axes X and Z, with a hardware limit switch respectively in the positive and negative directions of each axis
- An analog spindle: SP
- HALL effect device turret with six-working stations
- PLC-controlled timely and quantitatively lubrication system
- PLC-controlled cooling system

Table 5-1 Assignment of inputs and outputs

| Signal | Description                                 | Remark                |
|--------|---|-----------------------|
| I0.0   | Emergency Stop button                       | Normally closed       |
| I0.1   | Limit switch in the "+" direction of axis X | Normally closed       |
| I0.2   | Limit switch in the "-" direction of axis X | Normally closed       |
| I0.3   |   |                       |
| I0.4   |   |                       |
| I0.5   | Limit switch in the "+" direction of axis Z | Normally closed       |
| I0.6   | Limit switch in the "-" direction of axis Z | Normally closed       |
| I0.7   | Reference point switch of axis X            | Normally open         |
| I1.0   |   |                       |
| I1.1   | Reference switch of axis Z                  | Normally open         |
| I1.2   | Tool path detecting signal T1               | Valid at a low level  |
| I1.3   | Tool path detecting signal T2               | Valid at a low level  |
| I1.4   | Tool path detecting signal T3               | Valid at a low level  |
| I1.5   | Tool path detecting signal T4               | Valid at a low level  |
| I1.6   | Tool path detecting signal T5               | Valid at a low level  |
| I1.7   | Tool path detecting signal T6               | Valid at a low level  |
| I2.0   | Turret motor overload                       | Normally closed       |
| I2.1   | Reserved for other types of turrets         | Reserved              |
| I2.2   |   |                       |
| I2.3   | Chuck foot switch                           | Normally open         |
| I2.4   | Coolant level too low                       | Normally closed       |
| I2.5   | Cooling pump motor overload                 | Normally closed       |
| I2.6   | Lubricant level to low                      | Normally closed       |
| I2.7   | Lubrication pump motor overload             | Normally closed       |
| I3.0   |   | Reserved              |
| I3.1   |   | Reserved              |
| I3.2   |   | Reserved              |
| I3.3   |   | Reserved              |
| I3.4   |   | Reserved              |
| I3.5   |   | Reserved              |
| I3.6   |   | Reserved              |
| I3.7   |   | Reserved              |
| I4.0   | Handheld unit: axis X selected              | Valid at a high level |
| I4.1   | Handheld unit: axis Y selected              | Valid at a high level |
| I4.2   | Handheld unit: axis Z selected              | Valid at a high level |
| I4.3   | Handheld unit: fourth axis selected         | Reserved              |
| I4.4   | Handheld unit: increment X1                 | Valid at a high level |
| I4.5   | Handheld unit: increment X10                | Valid at a high level |
| I4.6   | Handheld unit: increment X100               | Valid at a high level |
| I4.7   | Handheld unit: enabled                      | Valid at a high level |
| Q0.0   | Working lamp                                |                       |
| Q0.1   |   |                       |
| Q0.2   | Tailstock forward                           |                       |
| Q0.3   | Tailstock backward                          |                       |

| Signal | Description   | Remark |
|--------|---|--------|
| Q0.4   | Cooling pump  |        |
| Q0.5   | Lubrication pump  |        |
| Q0.6   | Chuck output 1  |        |
| Q0.7   | Chuck output 2  |        |
| Q1.0   | Turret motor rotating clockwise   |        |
| Q1.1   | Turret motor rotating counter-clockwise   |        |
| Q1.2   | Reserved for other types of turrets   |        |
| Q1.3   | Reserved for other types of turrets   |        |
| Q1.4   | Gear shift: low gear level (SBR49: GearChg1_Auto) / Gear level status (SBR50: GearChg2_Virtual) |        |
| Q1.5   | Gear shift: high gear level (SBR49: GearChg1_Auto)  |        |
| Q1.6   |   |        |
| Q1.7   | Handheld unit valid   |        |

Table 5-2 Definition of user-defined keys on the MCP

|                    |                                      |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| User-defined key 1 | Working lamp                         |
| User-defined key 2 | Manual cooling                       |
| User-defined key 3 | Manual tool change                   |
| User-defined key 4 | Manual chuck clamping and unclamping |
| User-defined key 5 | Chuck clamping internally/externally |
| User-defined key 6 | Tailstock                            |

#### Structure of the sample application (OB1)

| Call Conditions    | Subroutine Name  | Description  |
|--------------------|------------------|--|
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | AUX_MCP (SBR20)  | Auxiliary function   |
| First scan (SM0.1) | PLC_INI (SBR32)  | PLC initialization   |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | EMG_STOP (SBR33) | Emergency Stop control   |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | MCP_NCK (SBR37)  | Transferring MCP and HMI signals to the NCK interface              |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | HANDWHL (SBR39)  | Selecting a hand wheel through the interface signal DB1900.DBB1xxx |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | AXIS_CTL (SBR40) | Coordinate enabling control, hardware limit, etc.                  |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | SPINDLE (SBR42)  | Spindle control  |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | COOLING (SBR44)  | Cooling control  |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | TURRET1 (SBR46)  | HALL effect device turret control                                  |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | ServPlan (SBR48) | Maintenance plan example: first task                               |

#### Setting relevant PLC machine data

| Machine data | Corresponding function                             |
|--------------|--|
| 14510[12]    | JOG key layout                                     |
| 14510[13]    | Time for spindle braking                           |
| 14510[20]    | The maximum number of tool positions               |
| 14510[21]    | Time for locking a turret (in 0.1s)                |
| 14510[22]    | The monitoring time for searching a tool (in 0.1s) |

| Machine data | Corresponding function          |  |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 14510[24]    | Lubrication interval (in 1min)  |  |
| 14510[25]    | Lubrication duration (in 0.01s) |  |
| 14512[16]    | Bit 7                           | Handwheel assignment with the MCP / HMI  |
| 14512[17]    | Bit 0                           | Turret function  |
|              | Bit 1                           | Clamping function  |
|              | Bit 2                           | Tailstock function   |
|              | Bit 3                           | Selection between handwheel and hand-held unit (0: handwheel; 1: hand-held unit)   |
| 14512[18]    | Bit 2                           | One time automatic lubrication after the power-on  |
|              | Bit 4                           | Stop signal for an external spindle  |
|              | Bit 5                           | Fixing the direction of a spindle  |
|              | Bit 6                           | Hardware limit is independent of the PLC application   |
|              | Bit 7                           | One hardware limit triggered per axis (enabled when bit 6=0)   |
| 14512[19]    | Bit 1                           | Function of spindle braking  |
|              | Bit 2                           | Password clearing by power-on (0: delete the password; 1: do not delete the password)  |
|              | Bit 7                           | MM+ (Manual Machine Plus) function (enabled when the MM+ has been licensed and corresponding PLC subroutine has been called) |
| 14512[20]    | Bit 1                           | Spindle disable mode   |

## 5.2 PLC sample application (milling)

This sample application is applicable to machines with the following configurations:

- Three axes: axes X, Y and Z, with a hardware limit switch respectively in the positive and negative directions of each axis
- An analog spindle: SP (the fourth axis)
- PLC-controlled timely and quantitatively lubrication system
- PLC-controlled cooling system

Table 5-3 Assignment of inputs and outputs

| Signal | Description  | Remark               |
|--------|--|----------------------|
| I0.0   | Emergency Stop button  | Normally closed      |
| I0.1   | Limit switch in the "+" direction of axis X                      | Normally closed      |
| I0.2   | Limit switch in the "-" direction of axis X                      | Normally closed      |
| I0.3   | Limit switch in the "+" direction of axis Y                      |                      |
| I0.4   | Limit switch in the "-" direction of axis Y                      |                      |
| I0.5   | Limit switch in the "+" direction of axis Z                      | Normally closed      |
| I0.6   | Limit switch in the "-" direction of axis Z                      | Normally closed      |
| I0.7   | Reference point switch of axis X                                 | Normally open        |
| I1.0   | Reference point switch of axis Y                                 |                      |
| I1.1   | Reference point switch of axis Z                                 | Normally open        |
| I1.2   | Disk-style tool magazine: tool magazine count                    | Valid at a low level |
| I1.3   | Disk-style tool magazine: tool magazine at the spindle position  | Valid at a low level |
| I1.4   | Disk-style tool magazine: tool magazine at the original position | Valid at a low level |
| I1.5   | Disk-style tool magazine: tool at the release position           | Valid at a low level |
| I1.6   | Disk-style tool magazine: tool at the clamping position          | Valid at a low level |
| I1.7   |  | Valid at a low level |
| I2.0   |  | Normally closed      |
| I2.1   |  | Reserved             |

| Signal | Description                            | Remark                |
|--------|--|-----------------------|
| I2.2   |  |                       |
| I2.3   |  | Normally open         |
| I2.4   | Coolant level too low                  | Normally closed       |
| I2.5   | Cooling pump motor overload            | Normally closed       |
| I2.6   | Lubricant level too low                | Normally closed       |
| I2.7   | Lubrication pump motor overload        | Normally closed       |
| I3.0   |  | Reserved              |
| I3.1   |  | Reserved              |
| I3.2   |  | Reserved              |
| I3.3   |  | Reserved              |
| I3.4   |  | Reserved              |
| I3.5   |  | Reserved              |
| I3.6   |  | Reserved              |
| I3.7   |  | Reserved              |
| I4.0   | Handheld unit: axis X selected         | Valid at a high level |
| I4.1   | Handheld unit: axis Y selected         | Valid at a high level |
| I4.2   | Handheld unit: axis Z selected         | Valid at a high level |
| I4.3   | Handheld unit: fourth axis selected    | Reserved              |
| I4.4   | Handheld unit: increment X1            | Valid at a high level |
| I4.5   | Handheld unit: increment X10           | Valid at a high level |
| I4.6   | Handheld unit: increment X100          | Valid at a high level |
| I4.7   | Handheld unit: enabled                 | Valid at a high level |
| Q0.0   | Working lamp                           |                       |
| Q0.1   |  |                       |
| Q0.2   | Chip forward                           |                       |
| Q0.3   | Chip backward                          |                       |
| Q0.4   | Cooling pump                           |                       |
| Q0.5   | Lubrication pump                       |                       |
| Q0.6   | Safety door open                       |                       |
| Q0.7   |  |                       |
| Q1.0   | Magazine rotating clockwise            |                       |
| Q1.1   | Magazine rotating counter-clockwise    |                       |
| Q1.2   | Magazine approaching spindle position  |                       |
| Q1.3   | Magazine approaching original position |                       |
| Q1.4   | Tool release from the spindle          |                       |
| Q1.5   |  |                       |
| Q1.6   |  |                       |
| Q1.7   | Handheld unit valid                    |                       |



Table 5-4 Definition of user-defined keys on the MCP

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| User-defined key 1 | Working lamp   |
| User-defined key 2 | Manual cooling   |
| User-defined key 3 | Safe door  |
| User-defined key 4 | Manual clockwise rotation of the tool magazine         |
| User-defined key 5 | Manual reset of the tool magazine                      |
| User-defined key 6 | Manual counter-clockwise rotation of the tool magazine |
| User-defined key 7 | Removing chip forward                                  |
| User-defined key 8 | Removing chip backward                                 |

**Structure of the sample application (OB1)**

| Call Conditions    | Subroutine Name  | Description  |
|--------------------|------------------|--|
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | AUX_MCP (SBR20)  | Auxiliary function   |
| First scan (SM0.1) | PLC_INI (SBR32)  | PLC initialization   |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | EMG_STOP (SBR33) | Emergency Stop control   |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | MCP_NCK (SBR37)  | Transferring MCP and HMI signals to the NCK interface              |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | HANDWHL (SBR39)  | Selecting a hand wheel through the interface signal DB1900.DBB1xxx |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | AXIS_CTL (SBR40) | Coordinate enabling control, hardware limit, etc.                  |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | SPINDLE (SBR42)  | Spindle control  |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | COOLING (SBR44)  | Cooling control  |
| Each scan (SM0.0)  | LUBRICAT (SBR45) | Lubrication control  |

**Setting relevant PLC machine data**

| Machine data | Corresponding function               |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 14510[12]    | JOG key layout                       |  |
| 14510[13]    | Time for spindle braking             |  |
| 14510[20]    | The maximum number of tool positions |  |
| 14510[24]    | Lubrication interval (in 1min)       |  |
| 14510[25]    | Lubrication duration (in 0.01s)      |  |
| 14512[16]    | Bit 1                                | Function of chip remover   |
|              | Bit 2                                | Function of safe door  |
|              | Bit 3                                | When the function of safe door is active, it can be triggered by M01/M02   |
|              | Bit 7                                | Handwheel assignment with the MCP / HMI  |
| 14512[17]    | Bit 0                                | Tool magazine function   |
|              | Bit 3                                | Selection between handwheel and hand-held unit (0: handwheel; 1: hand-held unit)   |
| 14512[18]    | Bit 2                                | One time automatic lubrication after the power-on  |
|              | Bit 4                                | Stop signal for an external spindle  |
|              | Bit 5                                | Fixing the direction of a spindle  |
|              | Bit 6                                | Hardware limit is independent of the PLC application   |
|              | Bit 7                                | One hardware limit triggered per axis (enabled when bit 6=0)   |
| 14512[19]    | Bit 1                                | Function of spindle braking  |
|              | Bit 2                                | Password clearing by power-on (0: delete the password; 1: do not delete the password)  |
|              | Bit 7                                | MM+ (Manual Machine Plus) function (enabled when the MM+ has been licensed and corresponding PLC subroutine has been called) |
| 14512[20]    | Bit 1                                | Spindle disable mode   |

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We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

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