

NATO Science for Peace and Security Series - C: Environmental Security

# Polarimetric Detection, Characterization, and Remote Sensing

Edited by Michael I. Mishchenko Yaroslav S. Yatskiv Vera K. Rosenbush Gorden Videen





Polarimetric Detection, Characterization, and Remote Sensing

#### NATO Science for Peace and Security Series

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**Series C: Environmental Security** 

# Polarimetric Detection, Characterization, and Remote Sensing

edited by

## Michael I. Mishchenko

NASA Goddard Institute for Space Studies New York, NY USA

## Yaroslav S. Yatskiv

Main Astronomical Observatory National Academy of Sciences Kyiv, Ukraine

## Vera K. Rosenbush

Main Astronomical Observatory National Academy of Sciences Kyiv, Ukraine

and

## Gorden Videen

US Army Research Laboratory Adelphi, MD USA



Published in cooperation with NATO Emerging Security Challenges Division

Proceedings of the NATO Advanced Study Institute on Special Detection Technique (Polarimetry) and Remote Sensing Kyiv, Ukraine 12–25 September, 2010

Library of Congress Control Number: 2011930098

ISBN 978-94-007-1638-4 (PB) ISBN 978-94-007-1635-3 (HB) ISBN 978-94-007-1636-0 (e-book) DOI 10.1007/978-94-007-1636-0

Published by Springer, P.O. Box 17, 3300 AA Dordrecht, The Netherlands.

www.springer.com

Printed on acid-free paper

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### Preface Polarimetric detection, characterization, and remote sensing

## Michael Mishchenko<sup>1\*</sup>, Yaroslav S. Yatskiv<sup>2</sup>, Vera K. Rosenbush<sup>2</sup>, and Gorden Videen<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup>NASA Goddard Institute for Space Studies, 2880 Broadway, New York, NY 10025, USA

<sup>2</sup> Main Astronomical Observatory of the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, 27 Akademika Zabolotnoho St., 03680 Kyiv, Ukraine

<sup>3</sup> Army Research Laboratory, 2800 Powder Mill Road, Adelphi, Maryland, 20783, USA

The NATO Advanced Study Institute (ASI) on "Special Detection Technique (Polarimetry) and Remote Sensing" took place in Kyiv, Ukraine, 12-25 September 2010. The main focus of the meeting was photopolarimetry, a rapidly developing, multidisciplinary topic with numerous military, ecological remotesensing, astrophysical, biomedical, and technological applications [1-9]. Typical remote-sensing instruments measure the total intensity of the light scattered by a system of interest. Although the results of such measurements can be extremely valuable, they carry only a fraction of potentially useful information contained in the scattered light. The remaining information is coded in the polarization state of the light. As the need for accurate optical characterization and diagnostic techniques is increasing, it is important to find improved ways of extracting the additional information contained within the polarization state of the measured light. Advanced polarimetric methodologies are currently being used to

- detect the presence of biological-warfare-agent aerosols that may threaten military and civilian populations,
- monitor environmental effects and climate of our own planet Earth,
- detect the extent of cancerous regions within the human body,
- characterize nano-structures on substrates, and
- characterize structural elements of astrophysical bodies like comets and satellites.

Various polarization techniques have largely been developed independently by small research groups within specific scientific disciplines. Because the field is extremely interdisciplinary and the number of research groups actively utilizing polarization information often represents only a small fraction of the scientists within a remote-sensing, *in situ*, or laboratory optical-characterization discipline,

<sup>\*</sup> Corresponding author. E-mail: mmishchenko@giss.nasa.gov



The conference venue: resort *Koncha-Zaspa* located in the picturesque and quiet "green zone" of Kyiv.

no single conference or workshop had been organized to address this field in general. With any interdisciplinary field, it is important for the players to meet and interact, so that they can discuss and build on the methods that were successful, and especially to teach students these techniques. It was, therefore, anticipated that bringing this diverse group of scientists together to teach and discuss different aspects of this one specific topic would encourage future collaborative efforts among scientists working on similar problems in different fields of research who otherwise would not have this opportunity.

The ASI was organized in such a way that much of the key research was presented by experts most familiar with the respective major topics. Additional contributed presentations dealing with aspects related to the feature talks were made by scientists and students having deep working knowledge of the particular nuances. As with any new interdisciplinary line of research, it was anticipated—



ASI Director Yaroslav Yatskiv welcomes the participants at the Main Astronomical Observatory.



The conference facility of the resort Koncha-Zaspa.

correctly—that some of the key barriers in one discipline had been worked out in other disciplines. This made the specific ASI format especially appropriate and extremely beneficial to all participants. We then identified and discussed the key common problems that we are trying to solve in this field along with what research needs to be performed to acquire the knowledge and research techniques to solve these problems.

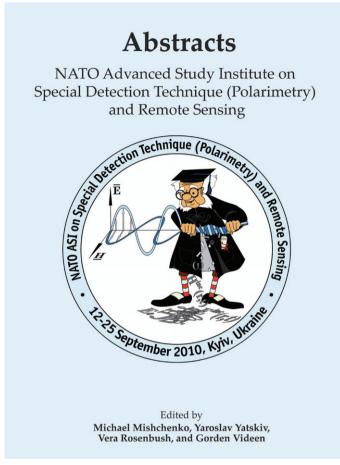
While the formal lectures, shorter oral talks, and three poster sessions were key components of the ASI, another critical component was providing opportunities for direct personal interactions. Not only was this important for lecturers to further clarify key points of their tutorials and provide detailed explanations on a х



NATO ASI poster.

more personal level, but it was also imperative to provide ample time for communications and exchanges of ideas that could ultimately lead to long-term collaborations helping advance the field into the future. The Local Organizing Committee (LOC) of the ASI worked hard to arrange such activities, which included an opening reception, two formal conference dinners, a field trip to the Main Astronomical Observatory (MAO), a *JOSRT* Session and Reception, and two tours of Kyiv.

It was especially appropriate that this meeting took place in Ukraine. First of all, the 2010 ASI built on the great success of the 2003 ASI on "Photopolarimetry"



The official ASI logo and book of abstracts.

in Remote Sensing" convened in Yalta [3,4]. Second of all, Ukrainian astrophysicists have performed pioneering research in both measuring and interpreting photopolarimetric signals from remote astronomical objects [9]. These techniques have subsequently been extended to numerous other fields, including environmental remote-sensing of aerosol loading and terrestrial changes, such as the effects of pollution, erosion, and desertification. In this regard, the field trip to MAO, concluded by a lively picnic, was particularly instructive and productive.

In summary, the goal of the ASI was to present high-level tutorial courses on the most recent advances in polarimetric detection, characterization, and remote sensing, including military and environmental monitoring as well as terrestrial, atmospheric, and biomedical characterization. We discussed and taught techniques developed in various disciplines to acquire information from the polarization signal of scattered electromagnetic waves. We identified techniques that have been



Gorden Videen, Hal Maring, and Pinar Mengüç (from left to right) enjoy their time in Kyiv.



Michael Mishchenko, Nikolai Khlebtsov, and Vera Rosenbush (from left to right) discuss planetary opposition phenomena during the picnic at MAO.

especially successful for various applications and the future needs of the research communities. It is hoped that the inclusion of researchers from various disciplines will lead to cross-pollination of ideas and foster collaborations that will improve research efficiency. We did our best to provide the necessary elements to commence fruitful collaborations, i.e., food, drink, and discussion, and are confident that the participants were able to turn this great opportunity to their advantage.

An integral part of the ASI was the presentation of two memorable peer awards. The first one, the Special Prize of the LOC, was given to Professor Jim Hough for his exceptional lecture course on high-sensitivity polarimetry and its applications. The second one, the Young Scientist Award of the *Journal of Quan*- *titative Spectroscopy and Radiative Transfer (JQSRT)* was presented to Dr. Pavel Litvinov for his outstanding contributions to the field of electromagnetic scattering by particles. We wholeheartedly congratulate both awardees on the well-deserved distinctions. The award ceremony was part of the second conference dinner, which also featured an utterly brilliant and rousing concert given by the enthusiastic members of the Ukrainian Folk Band of the Kyiv Taras Shevchenko National University.

Given the growing importance of polarimetry and the large amount of useful material presented at the ASI, it was essential to archive the well-established and new knowledge in the form of appropriate publications available to the entire scientific community. By its very design, this volume contains only tutorial reviews of specific fields of research, with a minimum of original material. Recent original results as well as a few additional reviews will be published in a special issue of *JQSRT* in the form of full-size peer-reviewed papers.

We thank all lecturers for the willingness to contribute their time and extensive knowledge and to provide instructive and illuminating tutorials that formed the backbone of this ASI. We also thank all the student participants (ranging from actual PhD students to senior researchers) for their energy and enthusiasm without which this ASI would not have happened. Special recognition is owed to the MAO research staff who were responsible for all aspects of local organization, overcame numerous obstacles, and made possible all the good things that happened during the two memorable weeks in Kyiv. We also thank the management and staff of the resort *Koncha-Zaspa* for fine cooperation and warm hospitality at their beautiful facility. Last but not least, we thank all contributors to this volume for providing outstanding chapters and responding to our numerous editorial requests in a timely manner.

#### Acknowledgments

The primary support for the NATO ASI was provided by the NATO Science for Peace and Security Programme. Major funding was also contributed by the NASA Radiation Sciences Program managed by Dr. Hal Maring (NASA Headquarters). Supplementary funding was provided by the US Office of Naval Research Global, the US Army International Technology Center – Atlantic, and Elsevier. Several travel fellowships were awarded by the National Science Foundation of the USA.

The NATO ASI was also sponsored by the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine (NASU) and its Main Astronomical Observatory. We thank executive members of the NASU Headquarters Academicians Anton G. Naumovets and Vadym M. Loktev for their kind support of the ASI.

Major logistical assistance was provided by Carl Codan, Patricia Formosa, and Nadia Zakharova of Sigma Space Partners, LLC (New York, NY). Nadia Zakharova provided comprehensive editorial assistance in the preparation of this book.



The second conference dinner featured Ukrainian folk dances and songs.



The lively JQSRT reception sponsored by Elsevier.

Any opinions, findings and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this volume are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the NATO Science for Peace and Security Programme, NASA, the US Army International Technology Center – Atlantic, the US Office of Naval Research Global, Elsevier, or the US National Science Foundation.



#### Organizational structure of the NATO ASI

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Yaroslav Yatskiv	Main Astronomical Observatory, Kyiv, Ukraine

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M. Pinar Mengüç	University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY, USA; and Ozyegin
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Vera Rosenbush	Main Astronomical Observatory, Kyiv, Ukraine
Gorden Videen	US Army Research Laboratory, Adelphi, MD, USA

#### Local organizing committee

Gorden Videen

Yaroslav Yatskiv

The Netherlands).

References

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Tamara Bul'ba	
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Karri Muinonen	University of Helsinki, Finland

Army Research Laboratory, USA

Main Astronomical Observatory, Ukraine

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Nikolai Voshchinnikov St. Petersburg University, Russia

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Concert and picnic at the Main Astronomical Observatory.



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#### Contributors

- Stefano Bagnulo, Armagh Observatory, College Hill, Armagh BT61 9DG, Northern Ireland, UK
- Larry K. Berg, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, WA 99352, USA
- Matthew J. Berg, Mississippi State University, Department of Physics & Astronomy, Mississippi State, MS 39762, USA
- Anatoli G. Borovoi, V. E. Zuev Institute of Atmospheric Optics, Academician Zuev Sq. 1, Tomsk 634021, Russia
- Brian Cairns, NASA Goddard Institute for Space Studies, 2880 Broadway, New York, NY 10025, USA
- Adrian Doicu, German Aerospace Center, Remote Sensing Technology Instituten, Oberpfaffenhofen, Germany
- Connor Flynn, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, WA 99352, USA
- **Braulio García-Cámara**, Grupo de Óptica, Departamento de Física Aplicada, Universidad de Cantabria, Avda. de los Castros s/n 39005, Santander, Spain
- Francisco González, Grupo de Óptica, Departamento de Física Aplicada, Universidad de Cantabria, Avda. de los Castros s/n 39005, Santander, Spain
- Edith Hadamcik, UPMC University Paris 06/CNRS, LATMOS-IPSL, 11 Bld D'Alembert, 78280 Guyancourt, France
- **Otto Hasekamp**, SRON Netherlands Institute for Space Research, Sorbonnelaan 2, 3584 CA Utrecht, The Netherlands
- James Hough, Centre for Astrophysics Research, University of Hertfordshire, College Lane, Hatfield AL10 9AB, UK
- Svetlana M. Kachan, Belarusian National Technical University, Khmelnitskogo Str. 9, Minsk, 220013, Belarus
- **Evgueni Kassianov**, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, WA 99352, USA
- Nikolai N. Kiselev, Main Astronomical Observatory of the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, 27 Akademika Zabolotnoho St., 03680 Kyiv, Ukraine
- Ludmilla Kolokolova, University of Maryland, College Park, MD 20742, USA

- Natalia V. Kustova, V. E. Zuev Institute of Atmospheric Optics, Academician Zuev Sq. 1, Tomsk 634021, Russia
- Jeremie Lasue, LANL, Space Science and Applications, ISR-1, Mail Stop D-466, Los Alamos, NM 87545, USA; and Lunar and Planetary Institute, 3600 Bay Area Blvd., Houston, TX 77058, USA
- Anny-Chantal Levasseur-Regourd, UPMC Univ. Paris 06, UMR 8190 (LATMOS-CNRS), BC 102, 4 place Jussieu, 75005 Paris, France
- Pavel Litvinov, SRON Netherlands Institute for Space Research, Sorbonnelaan 2, 3584 CA Utrecht, The Netherlands
- Mikhail Ovchinnikov, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, Richland, WA 99352, USA
- **Daniel Mackowski**, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Auburn University, AL 36849, USA
- Lidiya S. Maksimenko, V. Lashkaryov Institute of Semiconductor Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, 45 Prospekt Nauky, 03028 Kyiv, Ukraine
- **Igor E. Matyash**, V. Lashkaryov Institute of Semiconductor Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, 45 Prospekt Nauky, 03028 Kyiv, Ukraine
- Michael I. Mishchenko, NASA Goddard Institute for Space Studies, 2880 Broadway, New York, NY 10025, USA
- Fernando Moreno, Grupo de Óptica, Departamento de Física Aplicada, Universidad de Cantabria, Avda. de los Castros s/n 39005, Santander, Spain
- Igor Pokrovsky, Voeikov Main Geophysical Observatory, 7 Karbyshev Str., St.-Petersburg, 194021, Russia
- **Oleg Pokrovsky**, Voeikov Main Geophysical Observatory, 7 Karbyshev Str., St.-Petersburg, 194021, Russia
- Alina N. Ponyavina, Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Nezavisimosti Ave. 68, Minsk, 220072, Belarus
- Jean-Baptiste Renard, LPC2E/CNRS, 3A Avenue de la Recherche Scientifique, 45071 Orleans Cedex 2, France
- Vera K. Rosenbush, Main Astronomical Observatory of the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, 27 Akademika Zabolotnoho St., 03680 Kyiv, Ukraine
- Jean-Louis Roujean, CNRM/GAME (Météo-France/CNRS), 42, avenue Gaspard Coriolis, 31057 Toulouse Cedex, France
- Svetlana P. Rudenko, V. Lashkaryov Institute of Semiconductor Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, 45 Prospekt Nauky, 03028 Kyiv, Ukraine

- Sergey N. Savenkov, Department of Radiophysics, Kyiv Taras Shevchenko University, Kyiv, Ukraine
- Franz Schreier, German Aerospace Center, Remote Sensing Technology Instituten, Oberpfaffenhofen, Germany
- **Boris K. Serdega**, V. Lashkaryov Institute of Semiconductor Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, 45 Prospekt Nauky, 03028 Kyiv, Ukraine
- William Sparks, Space Telescope Science Institute, Baltimore, MD 21218, USA
- Thomas Trautmann, German Aerospace Center, Remote Sensing Technology Instituten, Oberpfaffenhofen, Germany
- Gorden Videen, Army Research Laboratory, 2800 Powder Mill Road, Adelphi, Maryland, 20783, USA
- Felix Yanovsky, National Aviation University, Prospect Komarova 1, 03680 Kyiv, Ukraine
- Yaroslav S. Yatskiv, Main Astronomical Observatory of the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, 27 Akademika Zabolotnoho St., 03680 Kyiv, Ukraine



Tour of the Museum of Ukrainian Folk Architecture.