# Prebriefing: A Principle Based Concept Analysis

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Conflicts of Interest and Disclosures:

Neither the planner or presenter indicated that they have any real or perceived vested interest that relate to this presentation.

# **OBJECTIVES**



**Identify** 

Identify the elements of a principle-based concept analysis

**Discuss** 

Discuss the evolution of prebriefing as defined in the INASCL Standards of Best Practice

**Propose** 

Propose research recommendations based on the findings of the principle-based concept analysis of prebriefing



Why do a concept analysis?

What is principle based concept analysis?

**How** are the principles defined?

How is prebriefing defined in the literature?

What is the current state of prebriefing science?

What is the future of prebriefing research?

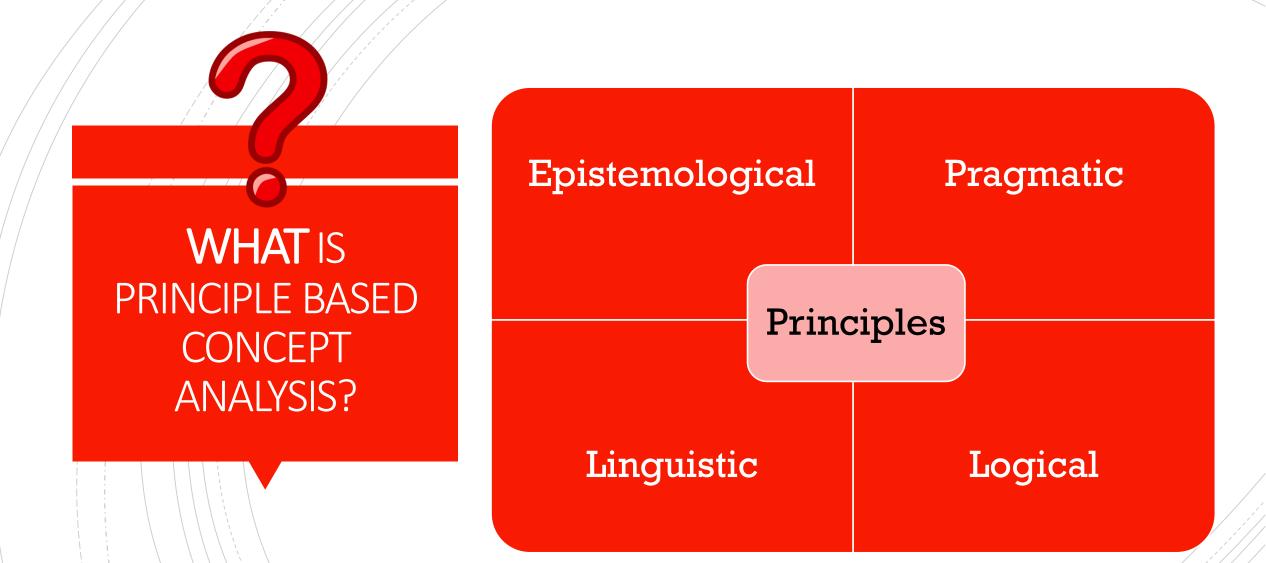


Identify concepts suitable for research

Explore the state of the science of a concept based on the literature

Identify gaps in understanding of a concept

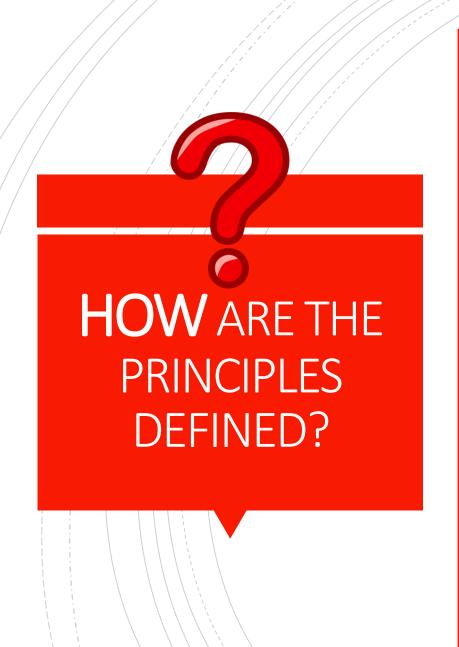
Determine appropriate methodologies for research of those concepts



Penrod, J., & Hupcey, J. E. (2005). Enhancing methodological clarity: Principle-based concept analysis.



# Epistemological "Is the concept clearly defined and welldifferentiated from other concepts?" **Principles**



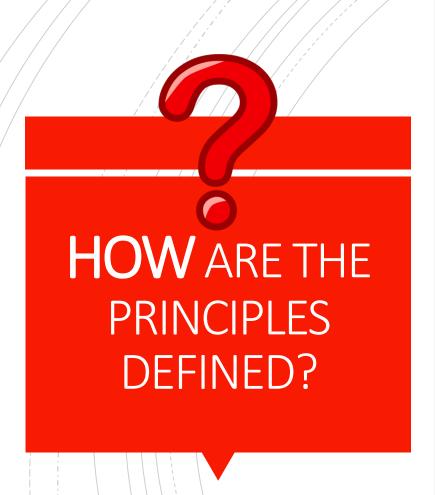
# Pragmatic "Is the concept applicable and useful within the scientific realm of inquiry? Has it been operationalized?"

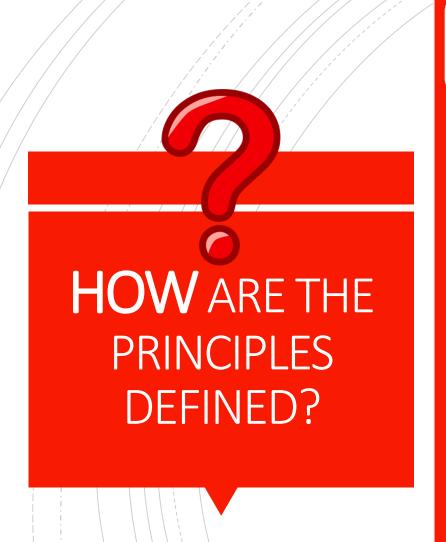
Principles



"Is the concept used consistently and appropriately within context?

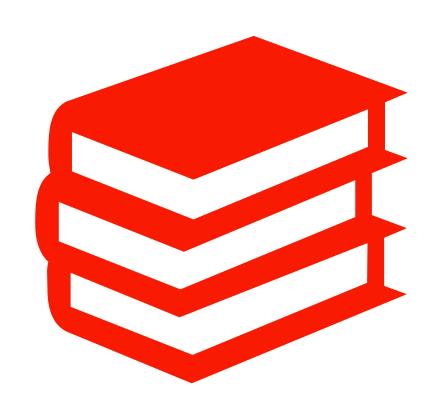
Linguistic





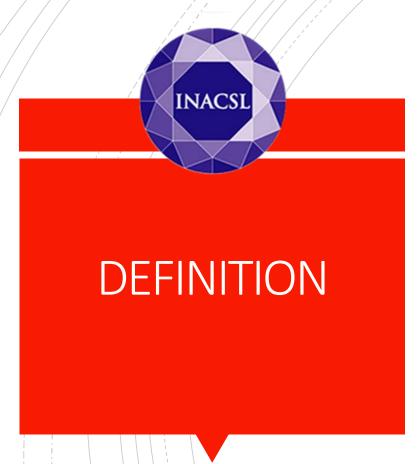
## **Principles**

"Does the concept hold its
boundaries through theoretical
integration with other
concepts?"
Logical



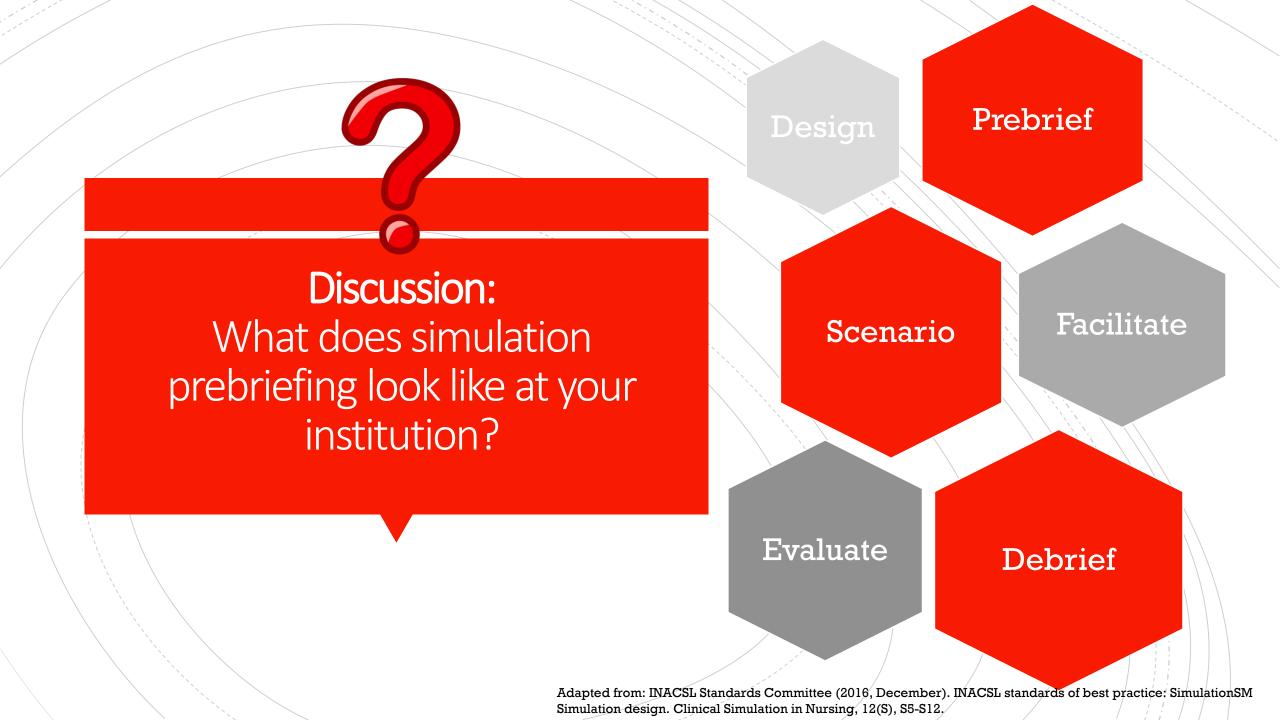
How is PREBRIEFING

Defined in the Literature?



"An information or orientation session immediately prior to the start of a Simulation Based Experience in which instructions or preparatory information is given to the participants. The purpose of prebriefing is to establish a psychologically safe environment for participants."

From: INACSL Standards Committee (2016, December). INACSL standards of best practice: Simulation Simulation glossary. Clinical Simulation in Nursing, 12(S), p s43.





# WHAT IS THE CURRENT STATE OF PREBRIEFING SCIENCE?



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#### **GRANT OPPORTUNITIES**

The "Debra Spunt" Research Grants are made possible through ge funding provided by:





# CALL FOR PROPOSALS IS NOW CLOSED 2019 Application Period - Fall 2018 Introduction

The International Nursing Association for Clinical Simulation and Learning (INACSL) invites proconduct investigations on issues relevant to nursing simulation. The INACSL "Debra Spunt" Reare designed to fund research that advances the science of simulation in healthcare and is relieast one of the the INACSL research priorities. Rigorously designed research proposals, both quantitative are welcome. Proposals must target at least one of the following research priorities.

- · Translational research
- · Evaluation methods
- · Validity and reliability of instruments
- · Ratio of clinical time to simulation time
- Pre-briefing
- · Use of theory in simulation
- Measurement of higher order thinking (e.g. clinical reasoning)
- · Faculty development
- · Facilitator competence
- Communication

## Spring 2017

- "prebrief" (102)
- "prebrief, nursing simulation" (34)
- "pre-brief, simulation" (47)
- "prebrief" AND "nursing" AND "simulation" AND "education"
  - 47 articles and dissertations
  - 13 relevant

Updated search in 2018: added "preparation"

10 additional articles



## Is prebriefing clearly defined and well-differentiated from other concepts?

Epistemological



- The formal definition has evolved and continues to evolve
- Not consistently differentiated in the literature



# 2011

**Standard I Terminology:** an information session held before the simulation that provides instructions, preparatory information and orientation to equipment

2013

#### **Standard IV Facilitation:**

- a facilitation method that occurs before the simulation
- includes orientation to the equipment, ground rules, expectations and background information on the scenario
- provide a psychologically safe environment

2015

#### Standard IX Design Standard

Criterion 7: Introduced "briefing"

Criterion 10: Participant Preparation

The INASCL Board of Directors. (2011); Franklin, A., et al. (2013).; Lioce, L., et al. (2015).



2016 INACSL
Standards of Best
Practice:
Simulation<sup>SM</sup>

# 2016 Design Standard revised

#### **Criterion 7 Prebriefing:**

- required orientation phase of simulation
- structured and consistent element of simulation
- orientation to equipment, space, time and other logistical aspects of the simulation
- behavior expectations, establishment of trust, ground rules, and a fiction contract

#### **Criterion 10 Participant Preparation:**

 "address the knowledge, skills, attitudes, and behaviors that will be expected of the participants during the simulation-based experience"

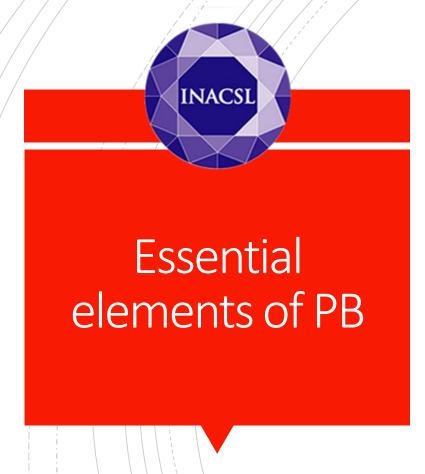


2016 INACSL
Standards of Best
Practice:
Simulation<sup>SM</sup>

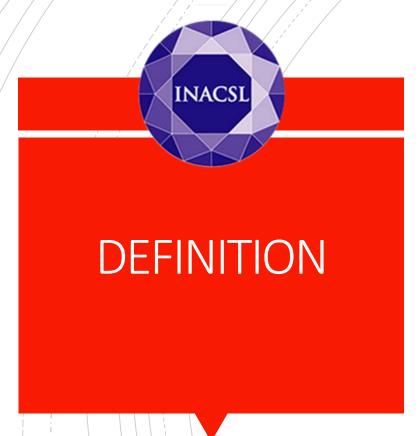
# 2016 Facilitation Standard revised

#### **Criterion 3:**

"Facilitation methods prior to the simulationbased experience include **preparatory activities** and a **prebriefing** to prepare participants for the simulation-based experience."

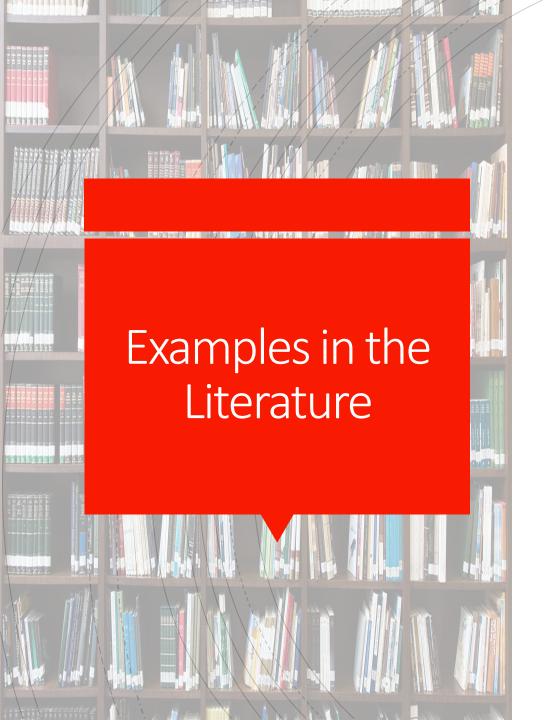


- Discuss the detail and expectations of the simulation-based experience based on the purpose, goal, and/or objectives
- Provide participants necessary background information
- Orient to the simulation environment, modality for delivery, manikins, and equipment
- Provide clear descriptions of assigned roles for the scenario
- Discuss the process to contact others and ways to seek further information
- Provide time for participants to prepare before the start of the simulation experience



"An information or orientation session immediately prior to the start of a Simulation Based Experience in which instructions or preparatory information is given to the participants. The purpose of prebriefing is to establish a psychologically safe environment for participants."

From: INACSL Standards Committee (2016, December). INACSL standards of best practice: Simulation Simulation glossary. Clinical Simulation in Nursing, 12(S), p s43.



#### PAGE-CUTRARA & TURK, 2017

• prebriefing was "... structured by concept mapping- type activities and guided reflection"

#### CHAMBERLAIN, 2017

 Two preparation activities, both referred to as *prebriefing*: learning engagement and orientation.

## Is prebriefing clearly defined and well-differentiated from other concepts?





The concept of *prebriefing* is continuing to mature epistemologically and develop its own distinction within the knowledge base of simulation.

# "Is prebriefing applicable and useful within the scientific realm of inquiry? Has it been operationalized?"

Pragmatic



- Defined by experts in a variety of ways
- Use of role-modeling as prebriefing?

# McDermott, 2016

"Prebriefing is an essential three phase process of planning, briefing, and facilitating that occurs prior to the SBL experience based upon the purpose/learning objectives of the scenario."

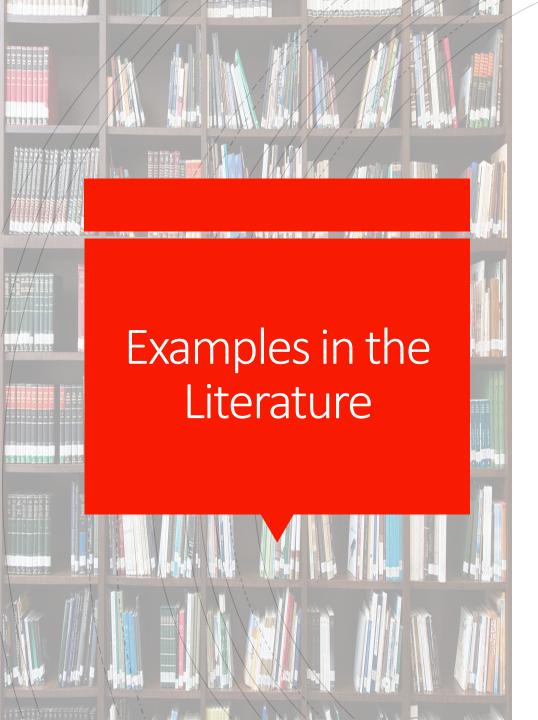
Planning: Learning activities

**Briefing:** Standardized orientation

Facilitating: Discussion and planning

"Prebriefing is essential for a successful debriefing"

**DELPHI Study** 



# Expert Role Modeling

#### **CORAM**, 2016

- "Both the control and treatment groups received standard prebriefing."
- "The treatment group received the intervention of viewing an expert role modeling video."

#### FRANKLIN, ET AL., 2014

- Compared three simulation preparation methods
- "Pre-simulation assignments"
- Expert modeling, voice-over PowerPoint lectures and reading assignments
- Never referred specifically to prebriefing

"Is prebriefing applicable and useful within the scientific realm of inquiry? Has it been operationalized?"

Pragmatic



This inconsistency between the standard-based definition and description of *prebriefing*, its manifestations in the literature, and how it is identified by experts present a pragmatic challenge.

# "Is prebriefing used consistently and appropriately within context?





- Preparatory activities that occur **before** a simulation experience
- Consistently context bound to the activities that occur in the period **preceding** the simulation scenario
- Lack of consensus of the specific components



#### MARIANI, ET AL, 2017

"all students received standardized *prebriefing*, including objectives, case overview, and preparatory work. The preparation included readings and review questions. In addition, students were oriented to their surroundings and given the opportunity to ask questions."

#### WODA, ET AL, 2016

"activities... included orientation to the simulation room and manikin, *prebriefing*, a pre-quiz, the patient care scenario, and debriefing"

# Systematic Review Protocol

# Tyerman, et al, 2016

"What are the characteristics/activities of effective pre-simulation preparation and briefing?"

Three stages: Preparation, Participation, Debriefing

**Pre-simulation preparation**: "...material provided at unspecified times **in advance** of the simulation experience."

Pre-briefing and briefing: "...the interaction between the facilitator and the learner, just prior to the simulation experience."

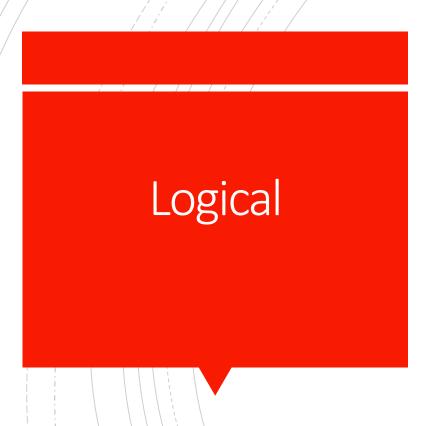
"Is prebriefing used consistently and appropriately within context?



Linguistic

While there a lack of consensus in the literature as to what specific components comprise *prebriefing*, conceptually it is a component of the activities occurring prior to the simulation scenario.

# "Does the concept **hold its boundaries** through theoretical integration with other concepts?"



# Simulation is linked to a variety of learning theories

- Situated cognition
- Constructivist learning
- Learning through reflection
- Cognitive load theory
- Kolb's Experiential Learning theory
- Bandura's Social-Cognitive theory
- Knowles adult learning theory
- Brain-based education/cognitive science
- NLN Jeffries Simulation Theory



(Kaakinen & Arwood, 2009)

# Situated Cognition

# Theoretical Frameworks in Research

#### CHAMBERLAIN, 2017

- Prebrief learning activities allow students to fully immerse
- More in-depth dialogue
- Followed cues

#### BRACKNEY & PRIODE, 2014

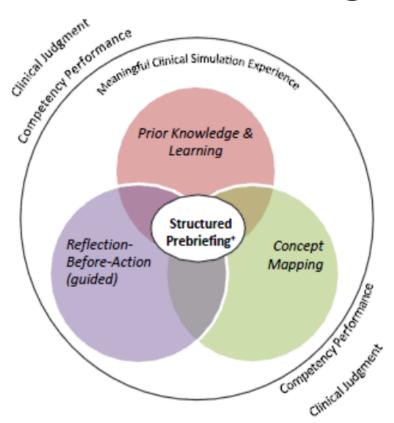
- RN reflection on a first code
- Discussed the experience
- Ways to prevent a code
- Take away:
- "Knowing how", "Increasing confidence", "Understanding roles"



#### PAGE-CUTRARA & TURK 2017

# Structured Prebriefing Model

Theoretical Frameworks in Research



- Reflective practice and constructivism
- Reflection-before-action
- Theoretically based model

Page-Cutrara, 2015

# Cognitive Load Theory

# Theory- Based Instructional Design

## **REEDY, 2015**

- Provide brief of scenario and clinical protocols in advance
- Refresh clinical skills before
- Focus on nontechnical skills during the simulation
- Lessens the extraneous cognitive load

# JOSEPHSEN, 2015

- Scaffolding:
  - practice a skill in a simple to complex manner
- Worked out example: expert modeling before the simulation

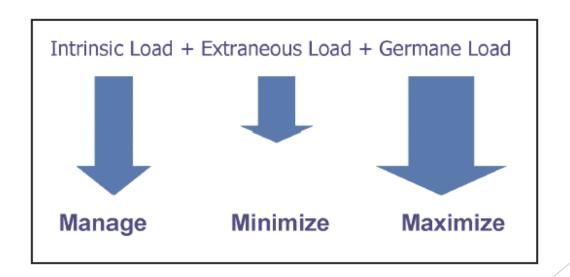
# Cognitive Load Theory

Theory- Based Instructional Design

# FRASER, AYRES & SWELLER, 2015

# Design recommendations:

- Pretraining
- Segmenting
- Scaffolding

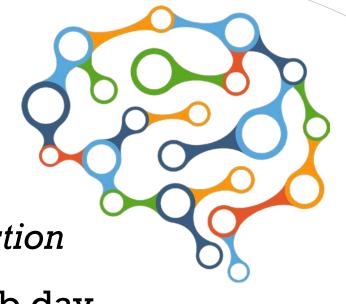


#### Situated Cognition

## Theory- Based Instructional Design

#### ONDA, 2012

- Reflection-before-action
- Informed prior to lab day
- May use resources to prepare
- Reflect on actions that will be expected



### Kolb's Experiential Learning Theory

## Theory- Based Instructional Design

#### **CHMIL**, 2016

- Prebriefing should be based on:
  - Experiential theory, nursing process, and outcomes
  - Concrete experience, reflective observation, abstract conceptualization, active experimentation
- Intro to case scenario and roles
- Identify expected outcomes
- Devise plan of action

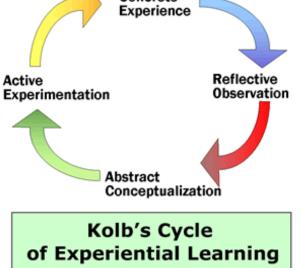


image by Karin Kirk

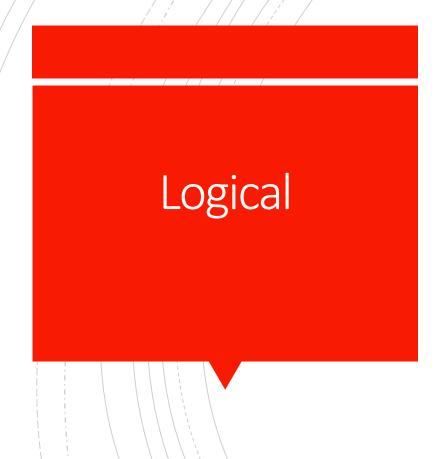
## Bandura's Social Learning Theory

Theory- Based Instructional Design

#### BETHARDS, 2014

- Extrinsic motivation- promise of reward or punishment
- Orientation:
  - Clear description of the responsibilities
  - Role of observer in debrief

"Does the concept **hold its boundaries** through theoretical integration with other concepts?"





Prebriefing as a preparatory activity is an element that fits in many teaching and learning theories as they are applied to simulation as a pedagogical method.

#### CHAMBERLAIN, 2015

# OTHER CONCEPT ANALYSES

#### **Terms**

- Prebriefing, pre-scenario, pre-simulation, briefing +simulation
- 23 articles

#### **Findings**

- Process: orientation to mannikin, prep work, providing information
- Goals: safe environment, identifying objectives and expectations

#### Surrogate terms

 Pre-scenario, pre-simulation, preparation, briefing, prescenario huddle, pre-simulation briefing, reflectionbefore-action Chamberlain

"Prebriefing is an educator designed phase of simulation ...at a designated time prior to the 'hands-on' scenario and includes ... orientation tasks and learner engagement activities that will enhance learner satisfaction, participation, and effectiveness of the simulation experience."

#### PAGE-CUTRARA, 2015

# OTHER CONCEPT ANALYSES

#### Terms:

- Prebriefing, briefing, pre-simulation
- 31 articles

#### Themes:

- Considering the situation
- Perceiving the meaning
- Anticipating a plan

#### Theory:

- Tanner
  - noticing, interpreting, responding, reflecting

Page-Cutrara

"Prebriefing should include information and activities ...to learners in consideration of their level of knowledge, learning needs, and prior experiences; structured for anticipatory reflection and planning; and facilitated by a qualified nursing simulation educator to support decision- making, psychological safety, and debriefing activities."





Prebriefing is context bound to the time period preceding simulation scenarios and is linked to learning theories. It is not yet a unique and distinct concept in the literature nor does it manifest itself consistently. The line between prebriefing and participant preparation is blurred. The goal of future research in prebriefing should be to unify these elements and expand the concept of prebriefing beyond an orientation phase and into a theory driven, structured process that takes into account the needs of the nursing student as a learner in simulation.

## Conclusion

## Proposed Model of Prebriefing

# Preparatory phase (cognitive)

- learn about the content and concepts that will be encountered
- develop a foundation to build learning
- videos, case studies, concept mapping, prep sheet, chart review

# Orientation phase (psychomotor)

- become familiar with space and equipment
- provide time to plan, gain comfort and eliminate distractions
- review report and chart, procedure review, skills practice

# Prebriefing phase (affective)

- review expectations, psychological safety, fiction contract, confidentiality, process of debriefing and simulation elements
- interactive, discussion and answer session
- alleviate anxiety and gain sense of self-efficacy

Adapted from: McDermott, D. S. (2016). The Prebriefing Concept: A Delphi Study of CHSE Experts.

# QUESTIONS?? THANK YOU!