Prehistory – River Valley Civilizations

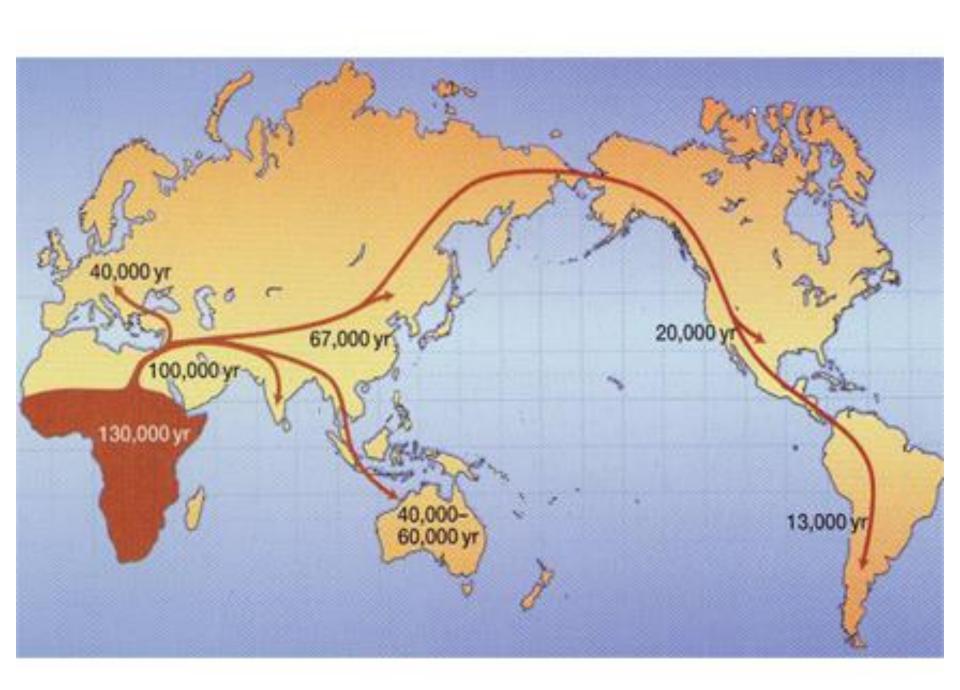
I. Paleolithic (Old Stone Age) (2 million to 12000 BCE)

- A. More Advanced Humans
- B. Hunters/Gatherers



I. Paleolithic (Old Stone Age) (2 million to 12000 BCE) *CONT*

- C. Migration
 - 1. Where???
- D. 14,000 years ago (approx. 12,000 BCE) end of last GREAT ice age
- E. More movement



Discussion Question

 Discuss some advantages AND disadvantages of the lifestyle of Hunters/Gatherers? II. Neolithic (New Stone Age) (10,000-4000 BCE)

A. Agricultural Revolution

- 1. Invention of agriculture
- 2. Initially developed in the Middle East and independently arose in India, N. Africa, Americas, Asia and Europe
- 3. Transformation took time

Neolithic (New Stone Age) (10,000-4000 BCE) *CONT.*

- 4. Specialization of Labor
 - a) New classes
- 5. Pastoralist

Neolithic (New Stone Age) (10,000-4000 BCE) *CONT.*

- 5. Technological Innovations
- 6. Role of women

Discussion Question:

 What were some of the benefits of the Neolithic Revolution for humans?
 What were some of the drawbacks?
 Would YOU have chosen to settle and begin farming?

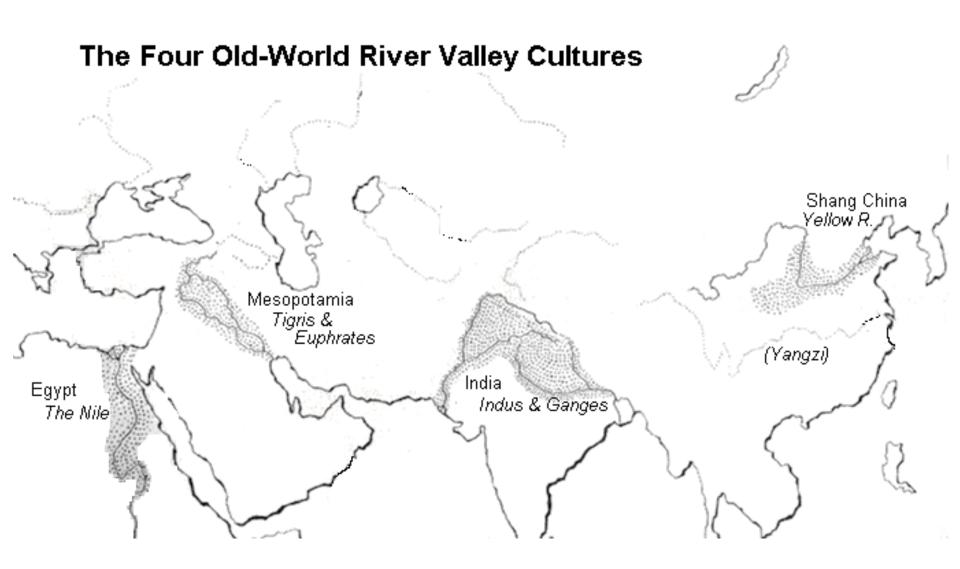
Class Discussion

- Is the term Civilization a synonym for good?
 - For each of these characteristics of early civilization, identify benefits and disadvantages:
 - Gender inequality
 - Slavery
 - Warlike
 - Divisions in social-class have/have nots
 - Diseases
 - Ruler and ruled
 - Destruction of environment

III. Civilization *CONT*

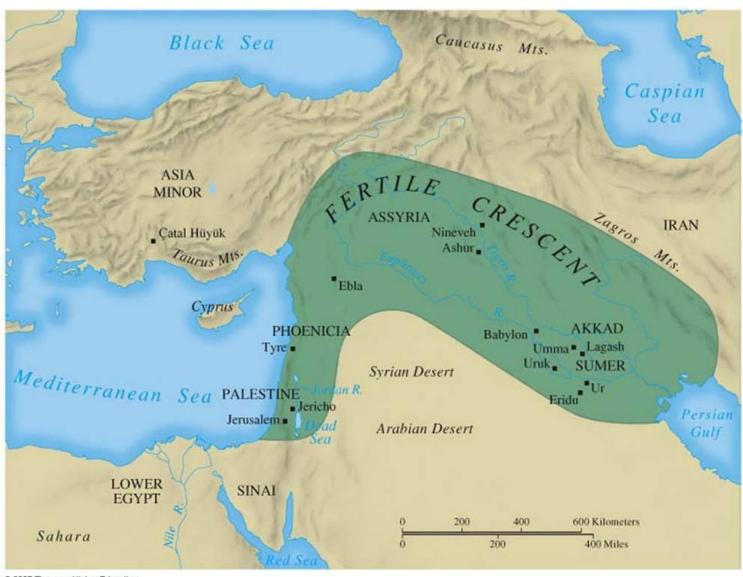
- A. Why Civilization?
- B. Definition
 - 1. Must contain <u>all</u> of the following:
 - a) ???
 - b) ???
 - c) ???
 - d) ???
 - e) ???
 - f) ???
 - g) ???

- A. The "Big" 4 and the Americas
 - 1. Mesopotamia (Tigris and Euphrates)
 - 2. Egypt (Nile)
 - 3. Mohenjo-daro / Harappa (Indus)
 - 4. China (Hwang He or Yellow)
 - 5. Chavin (Andean South America)
 - 6. Olmecs (Mesoamerica)





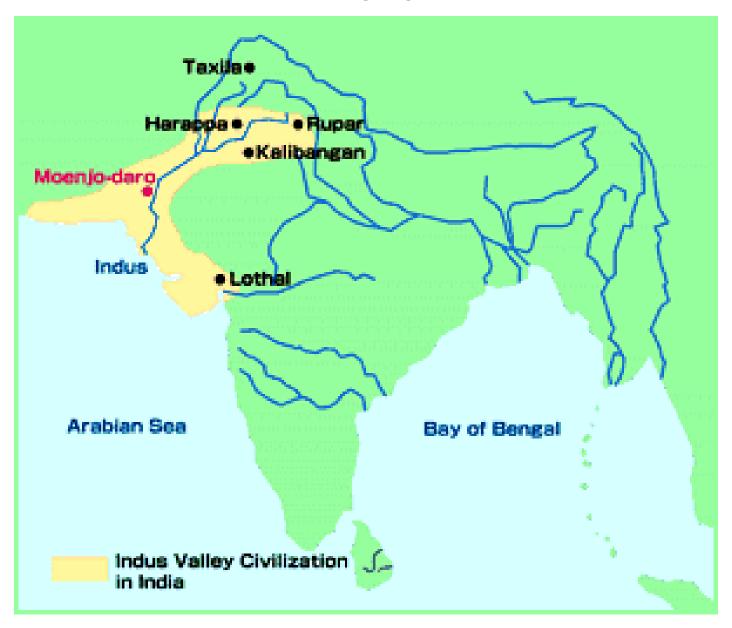
Mesopotamia



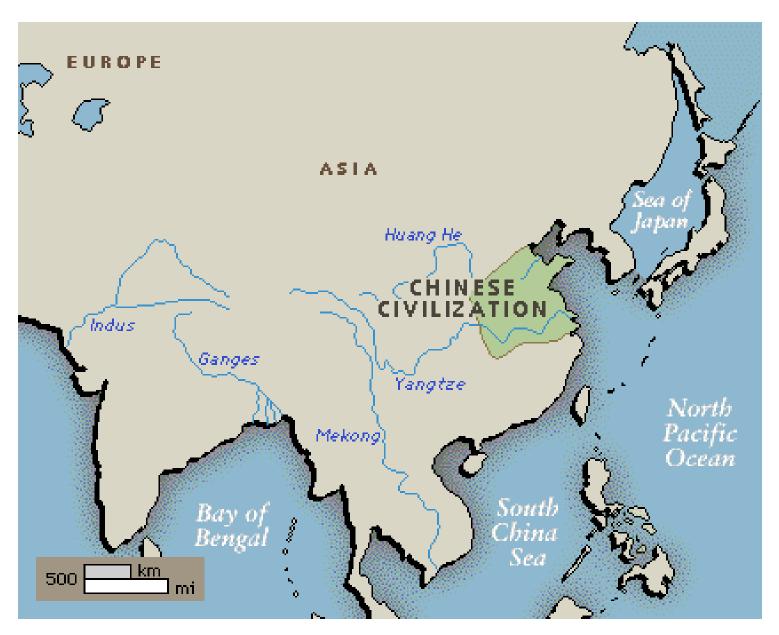
Egypt



India



China



Small Group Discussion Question:

What do most/all of these River Valley
 Civilizations have in common? What are some key differences between the RVCs?

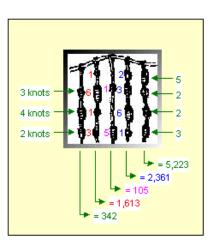
- B. Favorable Location and Access to Resources
 - 1. Example: Hittites and Iron
- C. Independent Development vs. Borrowing
 - 1. Despite trade and connections...



C. Similarities

- 1. Technology
- Monumental Building / Specialization / Division of Labor
- 3. Arts promoted by religious and political elites
- 4. Writing Systems









- 5. Trade
- 6. Complex political structures
- 7. Creation of Legal Codes
 - a) Hammurabi's Code
 - b) Code of Ur-Nammu
- 8. Creation of new religions
 - a) Vedic religions
 - b) Hebrew monotheism
 - c) Zoroastrianism



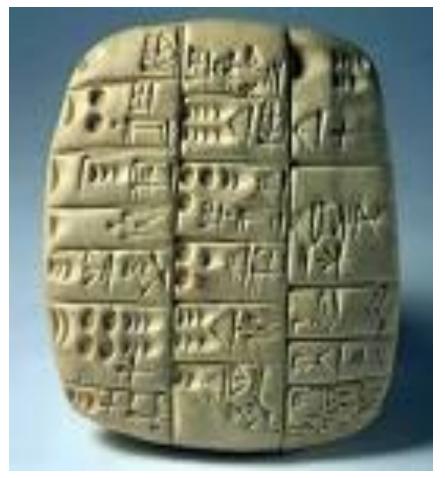


Writing

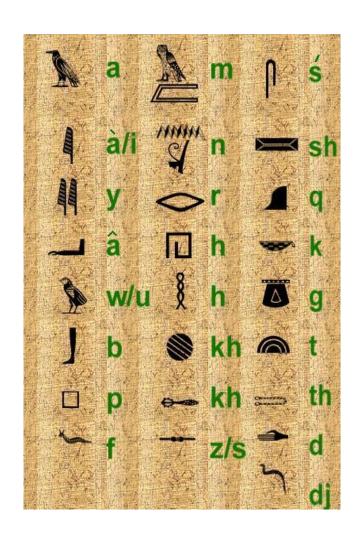
Papyrus Sheets



Cuneiform Tablet



Hieroglyphs



Writing Forms

Sumerian Writing



Hieroglyphics



Writing Forms

Sanskrit Ancient Chinese

D. Differences

- 1. Egyptian economy
- 2. Distinctive Writing Systems
- 3. Monumental Building
- 4. Chinese Intellectual Life

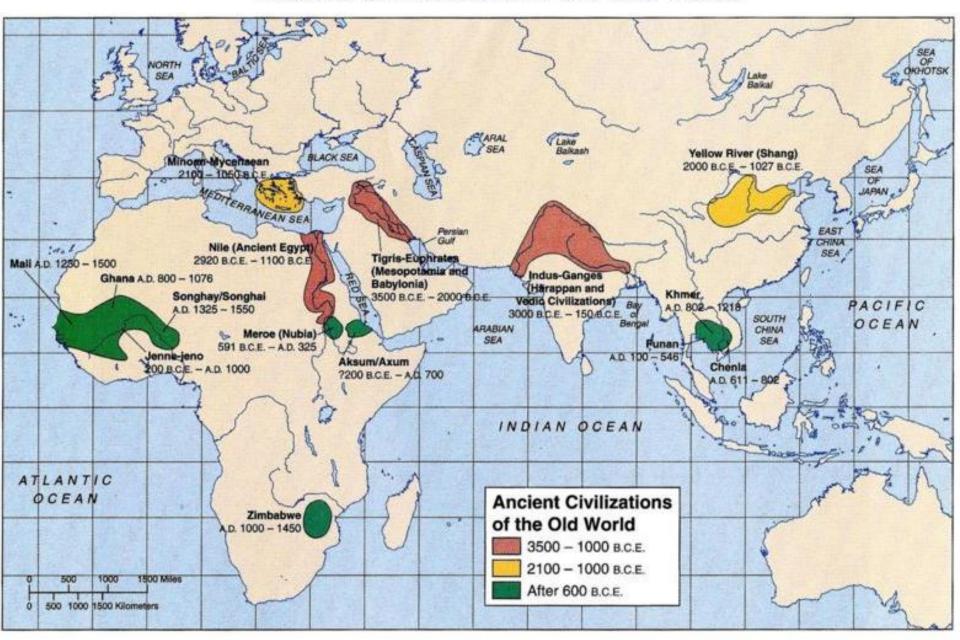
Partner Question:

What would allow China to emphasize education over other pursuits? Explain.



E. Decline of River Valley Civilizations

Ancient Civilizations of the Old World



Small Group Discussion Question:

What did the first River Valley
 Civilizations leave behind? How were the civilizations that followed them effected?

V. Conclusion

- A. RVCs created...
- B. Civilization created division BUT trade created interconnection
- C. Major Similarities / Major Differences

Closing Task

- A. Identify and explain ONE similarity of the early River Valley Civilizations.
- B. Identify and explain ONE difference of the early River Valley Civilizations.
- C. Identify and explain ONE legacy of the early River Valley Civilizations.