Name _	
Date _	Period

Presidency Charts – Period 4 (1800-1848)

Complete these charts as you read the assigned chapters for this unit.

For each event/person/term/theme/idea/etc. listed in the chart, provide a brief identification and discuss the significance in U.S. history. If possible, make connections to other people/events/themes/ideas/etc. Fit in all the info & details you can!!

3. Thomas Jefferson (1801-1809)

	Election or "Revolution" of 1800		Significant Members of the Cabinet
	Continuation of / Contrast with Federalist Party		Domestic Events
		• Louis	iana Purchase
		• Supre	eme Court Cases of Marshall Court
	Foreign I	oblems	
•	Conflict with the Barbary Pirates		
•	British Orders in Council		
	British Gracis in Council		
•	Chesapeake-Leopard incident		
•	Embargo Act (1807)		
•	Non-Intercourse Act (1809)		
•	Non-Intercourse Act (1809)		

4. James Madison (1809-1817)

Policies During his Presidency	
	Major Events
•	Macon's Bill No. 2
•	Fletcher v. Peck (1810)
•	Tecumseh and Tippecanoe
•	War Hawks (1811-1812) Clay and Calhoun
•	War of 1812
	Treaty of Chant (1914)
•	Treaty of Ghent (1814)
•	Effects of the War of 1812 on the nation
•	Hartford Convention (1814)
·	Hartiola convention (1014)
•	First Protective Tariff (1816)
•	The Second Bank of the United States (1816)

5. James Monroe (1817-1825)

	Major Figures in his Administration	Era of Good Feelings
	Major Supreme Court Cases	Foreign Affairs
•	McCulloch v. Maryland (1819)	Rush-Bagot Agreement
		The Community of 1010
		The Convention of 1818
•	Dartmouth College v. Woodward (1819)	
		• First Seminole War (1817-1818)
•	Gibbons v. Ogden (1824)	
		Adams-Onis Treaty (1819)
		Monroe Doctrine
		stic Issues
•	Missouri Compromise (1820)	
•	Social / Economic / Religious changes	

6. John Quincy Adams (1825-1829)

Election of 1824	Weaknesses of his Presidency
International Improvements	Tariffs
Adam's support for the American System	Support for tariffs
New York's Erie Canal	
	7 (7 ()) () () () ()
Extension of Cumberland Road into Ohio	Tariff of Abominations (1828)
Chesapeake and Ohio Canal	

7. Andrew Jackson (1825-1837)

Election of 1828	Major Figures in his Administration
How Politics Changed in this Period	Indian Affairs
Jacksonian Democracy	Indian Removal Act
·	
Spoils System	Cherokee Nation v. Georgia (1831)
3pons system	Cherokee Nation V. Georgia (1831)
Kitchen Cabinet	Worcester v. Georgia (1832)
Use of Veto	Black Hawk War
Whig Party	Seminole War
Nullification Crisis	War on the Bank
Tariff of Abominations (1828 – before AJ's presidency)	Clay, Webster, and Biddle's effort to re-charter the
	Bank
South Carolina's Nullification Ordinance	Veto of the Second Bak of the U.S. (1832)
	Removal of deposits and distribution to pet banks
Webster-Hayne Debate	
	Censure of Jackson
Compromise Tariffs of 1832 & 1833	Distribution of the surplus
	- Distribution of the surplus
The Ferre Bill (4000)	
The Force Bill (1833)	Specie Circular
1	1

7. Andrew Jackson (1825-1837) *continued*

	Other Issues	Election of 1832
•	Maysville Road veto (1830)	
•	Peggy Eaton Affair	
	Impact o	f Jackson
•	Strengthening of the presidency	
•	Effect on the states	

8. Martin van Buren (1837-1841)

Election of 1836	Panic of 1837
Labor Politics	Indian Affairs
Workingmen's Parties	Trail of Tears (1838)
Commonwealth v. Hunt	Seminole War & Osceola
Foreign	Affairs
• The Texas Question: Should the U.S. annex Texas?	

	9. William Henry Harrison (1841) & 10. John Tyler (1841-1845)		
	Election of 1840		
	Major events during Tyler's Presidency		
•	First VP to succeed to the Presidency		
•	Veto of Clay's bill for a Third Bank of the U.S.		
	Designation of the Cabinet (eyeant Webster)		
•	Resignation of the Cabinet (except Webster)		
•	Annexation of Texas		
	11. James K. Polk (1845-1849)		
	Election of 1844		
	Major events during Polk's Presidency		
•	Oregon Boundary Dispute		
•	Mexican War		
	The standard Control on Wilder		
•	Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo		

Wilmot Proviso

• Migration to Utah (1847)