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| | | PDF | | Printed | Color |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|---------|-------------|-------|
| | | Muzz | Muzzy | | |
| Product | Available to | y Club | schools | | |
| Table of content | Teachers ONLY | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Introduction | Teachers ONLY | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Lessons and Answer keys | Teachers ONLY | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Student Activity sheets | Teachers and students | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Students assessments | Teachers and students | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Introduction to cultural content | Teachers ONLY | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Cultural Lessons | Teachers ONLY | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Flash cards | Consumers and Teachers | NO | YES | flash cards | Color |
| List of words, expressions and verbs | Teachers ONLY | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Illustrations | Teachers ONLY | NO | YES | Binders | B&W |
| Big Muzzy Story | Consumers, Teachers and Students | YES | YES | Book | Color |
| Video Story books readers | Consumers, Teachers and Students | YES | YES | Booklets | Color |
| Vocabulary | Consumers, Teachers and Students | YES | YES | Booklets | Color |

Items in yellow can be sold as books to students and schools

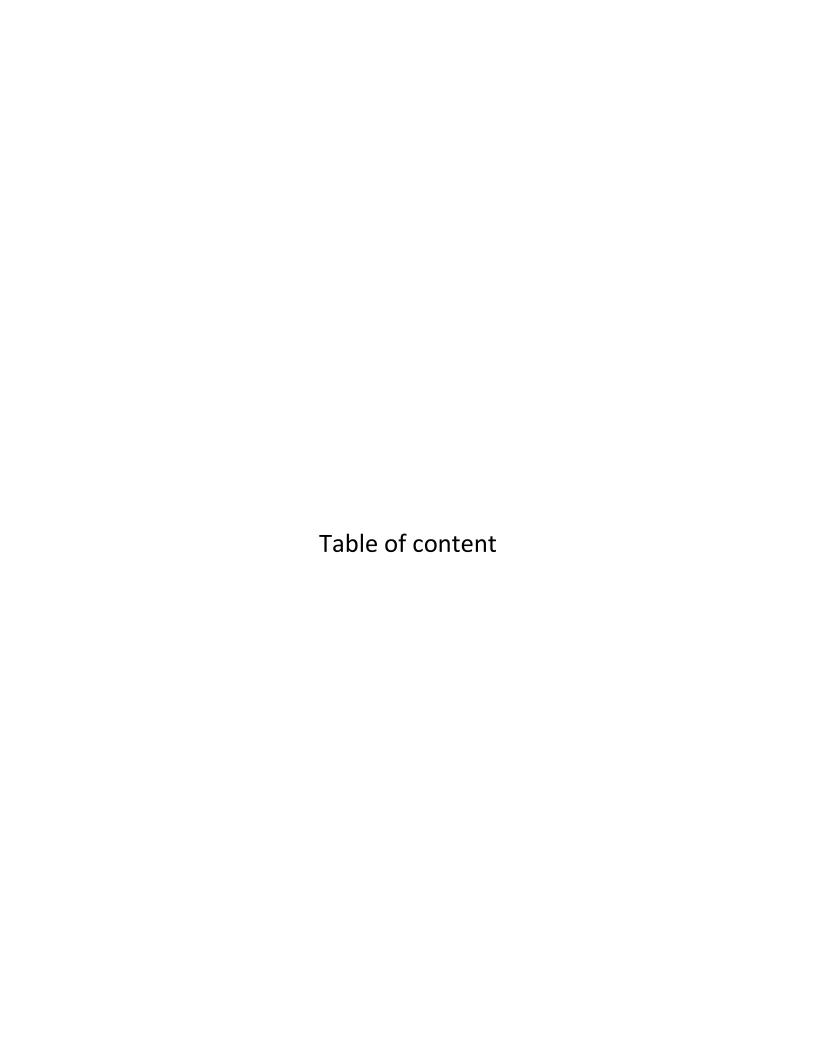


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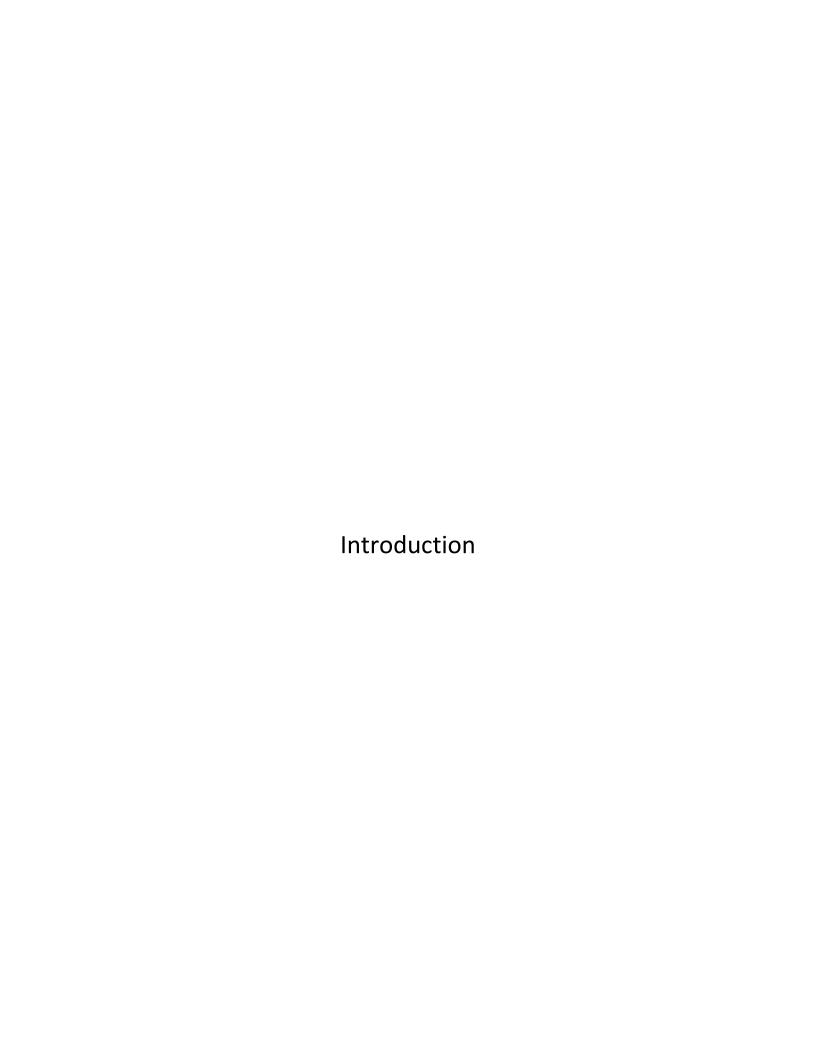
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I. MUZZY LEVEL I COURSE DESCRIPTION

MUZZY is a captivating, award-winning multimedia teaching programme in which language is presented by immersion and natural method approach, through a delightful animated story about the adventures of Muzzy and his friends. The power of the story, with memorable songs that reinforce learning and enjoyment, are shown to capture the attention of students and motivate them to learn and to use the language.

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Objectives

MUZZY is designed to be used as a versatile core curriculum unit and enrichment programme for any beginning level foreign language class. MUZZY teaches functional language, following national foreign language standards, that is rich in thematic content, vocabulary and extensive interactive material. The design and variety of the learning components are intended to provide a natural learning experience that communicates well with a wide range of learning styles and surrounds a student with a multisensory environment of new language.

Because of the engaging, entertaining nature and the educational design of the MUZZY programme, specific objectives include:

- * Students will develop comprehension of vocabulary and expressions used in the MUZZY programme (receptive language skills)
- * Students will learn, and transfer to new situations, vocabulary and expressions used in the MUZZY programme (productive language skills)
- * Students will develop motivation and a positive attitude toward second language learning (aesthetic value of language learning)

Approach

MUZZY is designed to teach and/or reinforce communicative language skills in a natural way using a very hands-on, participatory approach. MUZZY is a rich and versatile programme; it has been developed so that it may easily be adapted to a variety of teaching styles. How you use the materials will be greatly influenced by the philosophy and methods of your core objectives. The language and topics are presented within a story context, organized around *Muzzy's* adventures. While emphasis is on listening and speaking skills, MUZZY is rich in situations which lead to activities that promote the development of reading, writing, academic skills and cognitive development.





II. COURSE COMPONENTS

The MUZZY programme includes multiple components, each working in tandem to develop second language skills among your students.

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A. THE MUZZY BBC LANGUAGE COURSE

* The Story

The MUZZY story is comprised of scenes that introduce then reintroduce language usage and vocabulary through telling the adventures of Muzzy and his friends. In addition to the story line scenes, language focus chapters are interspersed throughout. These short segments focus students' attention on specific language skills, which are presented and reviewed as an integral part of the MUZZY story line. These short segments follow a suspenseful story line. However, after initial viewing, scenes may be used out of order, thematically, to complement any curriculum.

* The MUZZY Vocabulary Builder

Divided into 28 Lesson scenes, the MUZZY Vocabulary Builder not only reinforces vocabulary presented in the MUZZY Story, but it also adds hundreds of new words. The Vocabulary Builder presents over 600 words by showing an object or concept and specifying the proper word. Each Lesson is an animated vignette with its own simple story line which will captivate students. The Vocabulary Builder is ideal to introduce, reinforce and review targeted vocabulary.

* The MUZZY English Interactive Exercises

MUZZY Online includes interactive computer games and exercises to match up to lesson content in this curriculum. These games reinforce concepts introduced in the video and classroom lessons, and extend learning into reading, writing and spelling. An ideal supplement for independent student practice, or group work when projected onto classroom screens or white boards.

B. THE CURRICULUM BINDER

This printed material contains everything needed to teach the MUZZY Level I Programme. It has over 400 pages of best practice methodology, lesson materials and reproducible sheets to make your class preparation quick and easy. This Curriculum material is designed to assist you in planning your programme or for the integration of the MUZZY components into your programme. It includes a complete Story Scene Script and Vocabulary Builder Script; a content planning chart; objectives, directions and answer key Masters for each Activity and Assessment Sheet; images for projects and flashcards; and a complete glossary and component correlations chart of all Lesson content.

* Lessons

There are 38 Lesson Plans in this book. Each is designed to cover 2-3 class periods of approximately 20-45 minutes duration, depending on the number of class activities and projects selected. The Lesson Plans support the vocabulary and language structures in one or two of the MUZZY Story Scenes. Each Lesson Plan follows a similar structure of pre-viewing, viewing and post-viewing activities. Within any given Lesson Plan, there are a variety of suggestions for skits, songs, games, projects and which activity sheets and assessments should be used in conjunction with that Lesson.







Introduction

*Cultural Lessons

There are ten Cultural Lessons included in the MUZZY Level I Classroom Programme. Each of these Lessons can last several class periods. They can be used intermittently, as well as integrated across curriculum with social studies, geography, history, music and art. These Lessons may be implemented at any time of the school year and can certainly be interspersed throughout your curriculum. Each Cultural Lesson highlights a specific cultural point and allows for a variety of projects for you and your students to do. Although teaching aspects of culture is the goal for these Lessons, several vocabulary terms and other language structures are also introduced.

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* Teacher Activity Masters / Student Activity Sheets

This set of reproducible masters provides you with a range of engaging activities that complement the video material. These activities reinforce and review both the language components and the story line of the Story, while focusing on developing academic skills such as sequencing and figure/ground perception. They may be used in class, for large and small group activities, or as homework.

* Assessment Masters / Student Assessment Sheets

These Listening Comprehension Assessments will help you build your students' listening comprehension skills. They should be administered as a final review once the students have achieved a certain level of mastery of the content being assessed.

There is also one Reading Comprehension and one Written Expression Assessment Masters with answer keys and student Assessment Sheets. These serve as an excellent year-end summary assessment of your students' learning experiences with MUZZY.

* Appendix

The Appendix is an extensive group of additional resources that will assist you in implementing lessons. It contains resources such as reproducible image Illustrations of use in Lessons and cultural projects, and for Character puppets, props and flashcards; Popular Names, Useful Classroom Expressions, Holidays, Activities for Accelerated Learners and TPR/TRPS, a Sample Parent Newsletter,etc





MEETING THE CAST / INTRODUCTIONS

OBJECTIVES

Meeting the MUZZY cast of characters Introducing oneself

VOCABULARY

I'mCorvaxthe KingBobthe QueenNormanPrincess SylviaMuzzy



MATERIALS

MUZZY Online Level I - Unit 1 - Scene 1 - Hello!: 00:53-02:20 Large picture or puppets of the MUZZY cast of characters (See Appendix A) Vocabulary flash card *"I'm"* Activity Sheets 1a, 1b, 1c and 1d.

PRE-VIEWING ACTIVITIES

- * Introduce the characters by pointing to the cast pictures or finger puppets. Say their names and encourage the class to repeat after you.
- * Hold the finger puppet faces or pictures in front of your face and say, "Hi, I'm Sylvia / Corvax / Muzzy / the Queen / the King / Bob / Norman."
- * Point to yourself, and say "I'm" (name)." Indicate the "I'm" vocabulary flash card at this time. Teachers with some English-speaking background might say: point to yourself and say "Hello, I'm" (name). I am the teacher."

VIEWING ACTIVITIES

- * Show the video. Ask students to listen carefully for the word "I'm." Have them count on their fingers the number of times they hear the word. (Answer: 8 times)
- * Show the scene again and pause it after the characters introduce themselves. Allow students time to repeat. "I'm the King / the Queen / Princess Sylvia / Bob / Corvax / Muzzy."



POST VIEWING ACTIVITIES

* Ask students to report how many times they heard the word "I'm." If there is disagreement, show the segment again, pausing the video each time the word "I'm" is spoken.

- * Discuss the characters, and review their names using the pictures or puppets.
- * Ask students to introduce themselves to the class, using the construction "I'm" plus their name.
- * "Chain Reaction" activity. This works best if students sit in a large circle. A student (or the teacher) begins by saying, "I'm (name), and you?" (Turn to the next person while saying "and you?") Continue in this way around the circle, so that each student has a chance to speak. After repeated practice, it is fun to use a stop watch and time this activity.

Note: It helps to give students a ball or small stuffed animal to pass along to the next person after they have said, "and you?"

- * Use Activity Sheet 1a.
- * Assign English names to students. Have them make a name card and decorate it. These can be displayed on a bulletin board, and used for future activities.

ONLINE EXERCISES

* Unit 1 - Watch and Play - Hello! - Game "a" and game "b".

ADDITIONAL SUGGESTIONS

* Simple pictures of the characters can be drawn on paper plates, using yellow yarn for Sylvia's hair, for example. Or, use the cast pictures (See Appendix A) and colour them. Glue to construction paper. These can be quite useful when dramatising scenes from MUZZY in your classroom.

Especially useful: If you have magnetic chalkboards, stick a small piece of magnetic tape on the back of all pictures and flash cards.

- * For good visibility, when creating the flash cards, use a strip (about 3" x 8") of bright yellow construction paper, cardstock or tagboard that has been laminated for longer wear. Print the English word with a broad black marker, using large letters. Leave the flash card and pictures where they are visible throughout the day, space permitting.
- * Use Activity Sheet 1b to make finger puppets of the MUZZY characters. Have students practice in pairs by saying, for example, "Hi, I'm Bob; Good morning, I am Corvax," etc.
- * Use Activity Sheet 1c. These crowns can be used as props for skits. Spray the crown gold, or glue on fake jewels.
- * Use Activity Sheet 1d. Give students the instructions on how to complete this exercise.

GRAMMAR NOTE

"I'm" is the construction of "I am." Point out the apostrophe stands for the letter that has fallen out.



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Activity Masters

LESSON 1



The following objectives, directions and answer keys correspond to the Student Activity Sheets that are referenced throughout the Lesson Plans. Please administer the Activity Sheets, while orally giving the directions.

Who is it? AM 1a

> Objectives: To develop skill in: * recognising characters in a story

> > * distinguishing characters from one another and

naming them

Directions:

Have students write the name of each character in the appropriate blank.

Princess Sylvia / Muzzy / the King / the Queen / Bob / Corvax Answer:

AM_{1b} Muzzy and his friends

> **Objectives:** To develop skill in: * following directions

> > * fine motor skills

* recalling characters / events from a story

* practising oral language

Directions: Have students colour and cut out these Muzzy finger puppets. Students

> may attach the two ends of the bottom band with paste or scotch tape. The puppets may be slipped over students' fingers to be used for a variety of large and small group activities. The puppets may be used to practise language and review story line events before or after viewing the video. Students may create their own stories and re-sequence or change events

by using the finger puppets to demonstrate and practise action and

dialogue.

AM_{1c} Can you make a crown?

> **Objectives:** To develop skill in: * following directions

> > * developing motor skills

Directions: Have students make a crown by following directions 1-9. (They can use

crayons or coloured markers instead of paint.)

AM 1d

Directions: Fill in the blanks with the greetings used by the characters in scene 1.

Answer: 1. Hi!

2. Hello!

3. How do you do?

4. Hello!

5. How do you do?



NAME THAT CHARACTER!

Read the following sentences aloud and instruct the students to write the corresponding number in the blank next to the appropriate MUZZY character. Read each item 2-3 times as necessary.

- 1. I am Corvax.
- 2. Hi, I am Princess Sylvia.
- 3. How do you do? I am the Queen.
- 4. Hello, I am Big Muzzy.
- 5. I'm Bob. I'm a gardener.
- 6. I am the King of Gondoland.



the sun

GREETINGS

OBJECTIVES

Learning basic greetings Asking "How are you?"

VOCABULARY

Hello

How are you (all)?

Good morning

Good afternoon

Good evening

Good night

MATERIALS

MUZZY Online Level I - Unit 1 - Scene 1 - Hello!: 00:53-02:20

MUZZY Online Level I - Unit 1 - Scene 2 - Good morning!: 02:20-03:50

Three pictures showing times of day: morning, afternoon, night.

Activity Sheets 2a and 2b.

PRE-VIEWING ACTIVITIES

- * Using the puppets or pictures of the cast, walk around the class saying, "Hi, I'm Bob," and "How do you do? I'm the King," etc.
- * Display the time of day pictures. Point to them and say, "Good morning / Good afternoon / Good evening." Ask students to repeat after you.

VIEWING ACTIVITIES

- * Show 00:53-02:20 again. Ask students to listen for the expressions "Hi" and "How do you do?" Divide the class into two groups: Ask Group I to identify which characters say "Hi," and Group II to identify those characters who say "How do you do?"
- * Before showing 02:11-03:50, tell students that they are going to be hearing a song containing some greetings. Encourage them to sing along with Norman. Ask students to pay special attention to the clock. Why is it important in the scene?



POST-VIEWING ACTIVITIES

* Ask students to report which characters said "Hi," "Hello," and "How do you do?" Tell students that "Hi" is a casual way of greeting someone. (Sylvia, Bob and Muzzy say this.) "How do you do?" is formal.

- * Clarify the meanings of "Good morning / Good afternoon / Good evening / Good night" by using the time-of-day pictures. Ask who noticed the clock during the video, and at what times the greetings changed. Explain that "Good evening" is used in the early evening after 6:00 PM, and "Good night" is used when retiring for the night. You may want to show the second scene again to check the times.
- * Model a sentence for students by saying, "Hi, I'm (your name)." Ask students to try this, using their own name. Encourage everyone to try. Use the time-of-day pictures to get students started. Use lots of positive reinforcement! Say "Good!" or "Excellent!" whenever a student attempts a sentence in English.
- * Use laminated tagboard cut-outs of the sun and the moon and a rooster puppet or picture to illustrate the concept of "Good morning / Good afternoon / Good evening / Good night." For "Good morning" the rooster crows and the sun appears. For "Good morning" the student holding the sun stands up on a chair and holds the sun above his/her head. For "Good evening," you can make the sun go down like it is setting, and for "Good night," you can make the moon come out.
- * At the beginning of each class period, sing a greeting song. (Tune: "Happy Birthday.")

"Good morning to you,

Good morning to you,

Good morning, friend,

Good morning to you"

("Good afternoon" if the class meets in the afternoon.)

* Use Activity Sheets 2a and 2b.

ONLINE EXERCISES

* Unit 1 - Watch and Play - Good morning! - Game "a", game "b" and game "c".



OBJECTIVES, DIRECTIONS AND ANSWER KEY

The following objectives, directions and answer keys correspond to the Student Activity Sheets that are referenced throughout the Lesson Plans. Please administer the Activity Sheets, while orally giving the directions.

AM 2a What are they saying?

Objectives: To develop skill in: * exchanging greetings

* using context clues

* writing short expressions

Directions: Have students write (or say) the appropriate greeting in (for) each word

bubble.

Answer: Hello / Hi! / Good evening. / Good morning. / Good night. / I'm fine,

thank you...

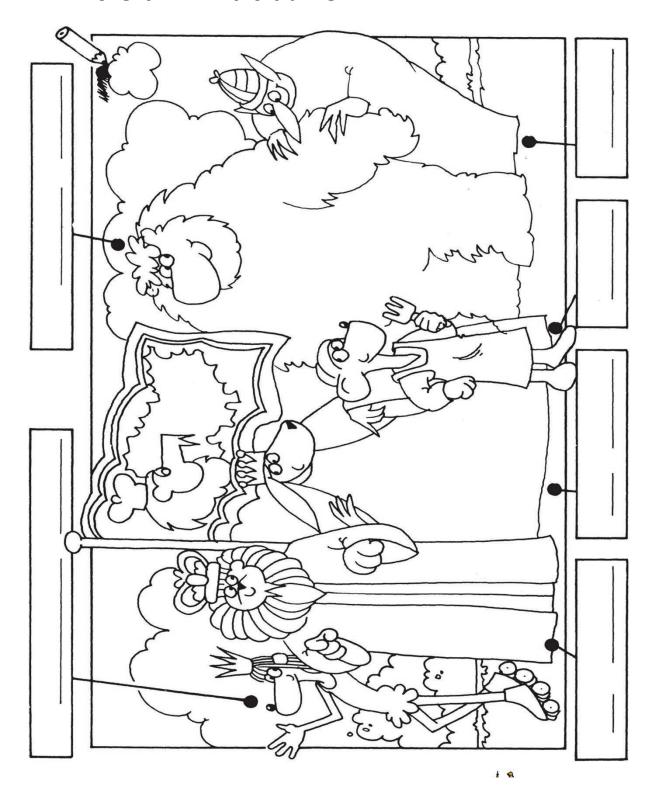
AM 2b What are they saying?

Directions: Fill in the blanks.

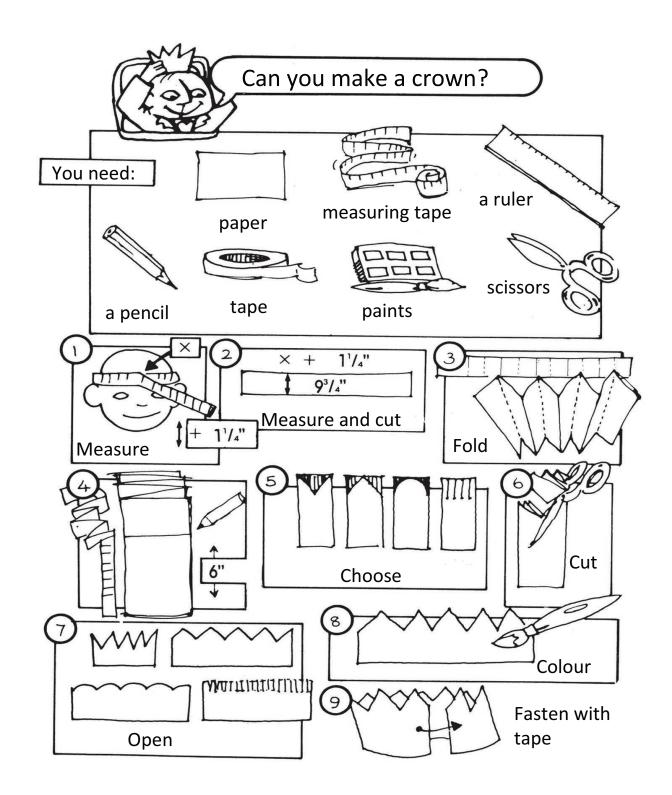
Answer: Good morning / Good afternoon / Good evening / Good night



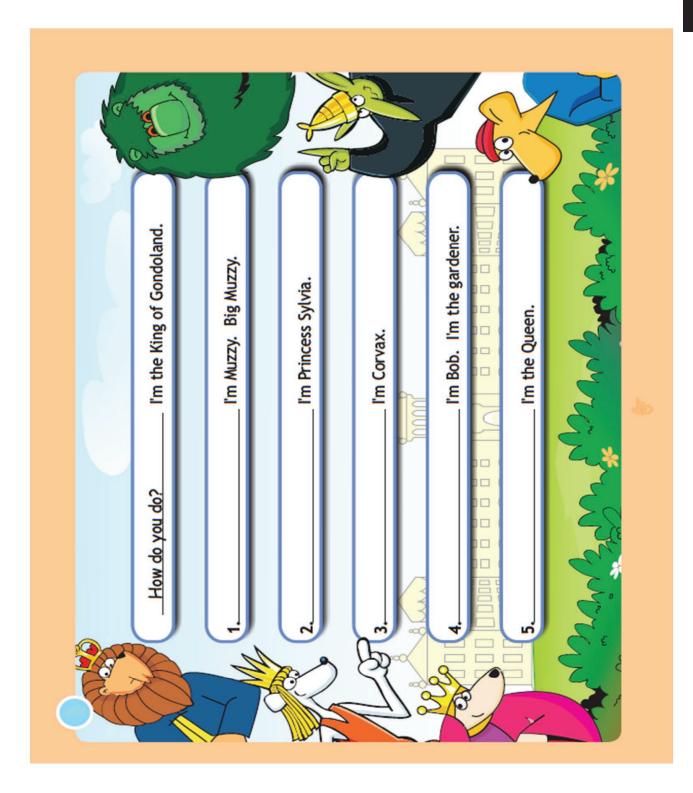
Who is it? Fill in the blanks.



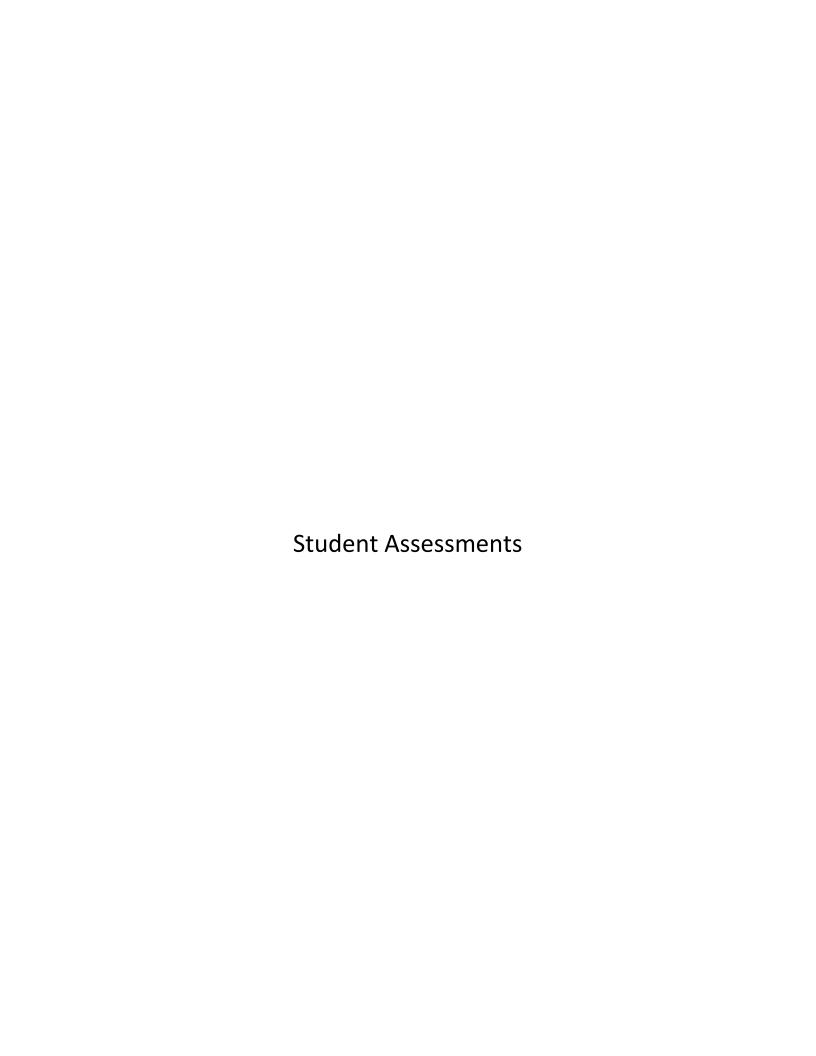






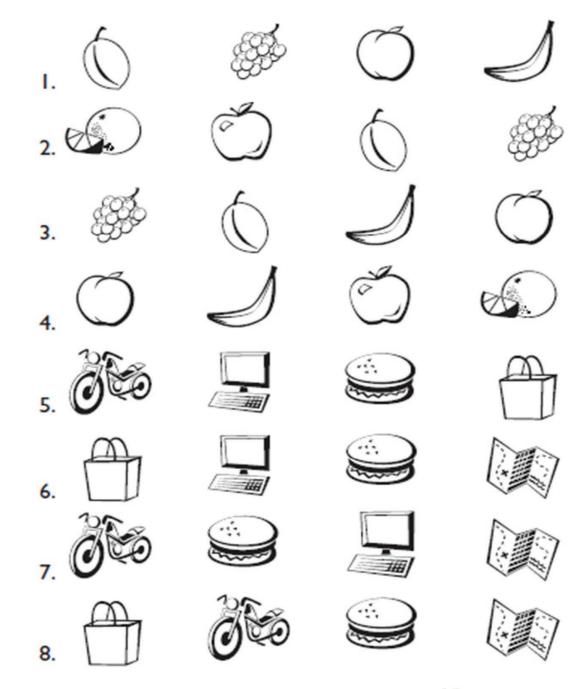






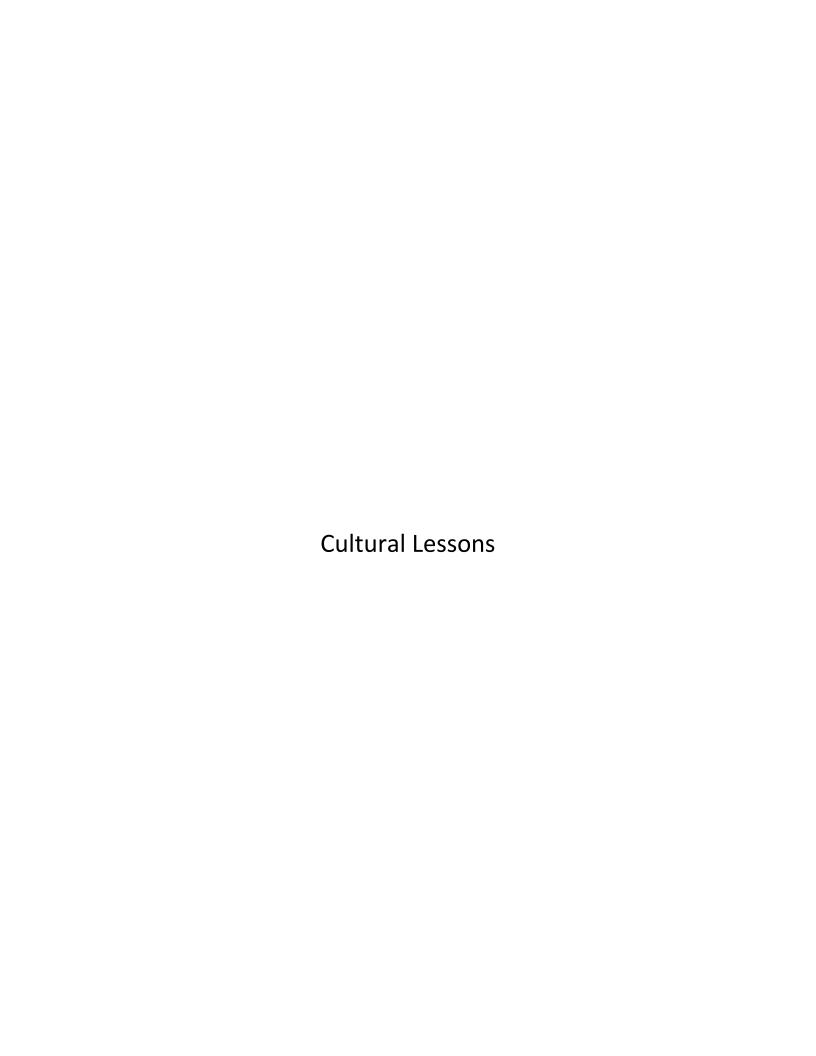
WHAT IS IT?

Listen to the statements your teacher reads aloud and circle the item the sentence is about.









MUZZY TAKES THE TRAIN

LEARNING STANDARDS

Communication: 1.1, 1.3

Cultures: 2.1 Communities: 5.1

OBJECTIVES

Acquiring train vocabulary by role-playing a trip by train

Learning to purchase and read train tickets

Communicating in the target language to purchase rail tickets and do other activities while in the train station and on the train

Becoming familiar with several cities serviced by the English National Railway System

Learning European geography by investigating what cities are serviced by rail

Learning to convert British Pounds to the local currency

VOCABULARY

Excuse me.

Could you please help me?

Please.

Thank you.

You're welcome.

Where is ...?

a train station

a ticket window

a platform

I want to buy...

a ticket

How much is it?

Does this train stop at London?

Can you tell me when we arrive at ...?

a timetable

a train

Is it a local train?

Is it an express local train?

Is it a direct train?

When does the train leave?

When does the train arrive?

Is the train on time?

Is the train late?

a train car

Is there a dining car?

Is there a sleeping car?

a seat

Is this seat taken?

MATERIALS

Map of the United Kingdom (preferably a railway map)

Props such as a toy train, rail schedules, euros, tickets, luggage, etc.

RESOURCES

- * For teachers who have never experienced train travel in England, this website is the answer to all of your questions. It offers rail maps, help in reading tickets, advice in the station and links to great information about each city on the line. Your students will enjoy how easy it is to find information. www.britrail.com
- * This site will help your students easily convert currencies for ticket prices: www.x-rates.com/calculator

ACTIVITIES

- * Since many students have never taken a train, begin this project with a TPRS story (for TPR(S) ideas see Appendix F), about *Muzzy* to immerse them in a simulated travel experience. You will need a map of the U.K., preferably a railway map, props such as a toy train, rail timetables, pounds, tickets, luggage, etc.
- * Explain that *Muzzy* is in London at Paddington Station and wants to see other parts of the country. He needs to consult his railway timetable and map.
- * Introduce appropriate ticket counter vocabulary by demonstrating buying a ticket and using British Pounds. Have other students role-playing buying tickets. Students can fill in a blank teacher-created ticket, or design one of their own. Use the currency converter to truly understand the prices.
- * Act out finding the correct platform and boarding the train. Set up chairs to resemble the seats and aisle in the train. Students with tickets may be shown to their seats by the "conductor" who punches the tickets.
- * Once again, "Muzzy is hungry" and can visit the "dining car", and when "Muzzy is tired", he can go to the "sleeping car".
- * Have students choose two cities they would like to visit. Using the BritRail website they can learn about the types of tickets for the trips. Students can investigate the different types of trains and their services.

The following are major hub cities in the UK:

London Manchester
York Chester
Edinburgh Norwich
Glasgow Shrewbury
Inverness Birmingham
Cardiff Exeter



British Underground subway symbol





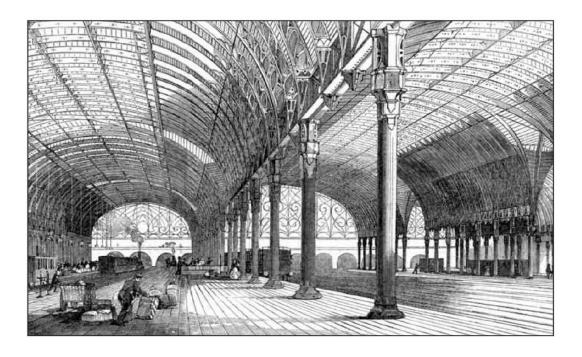
ACTIVITIES (ctd)

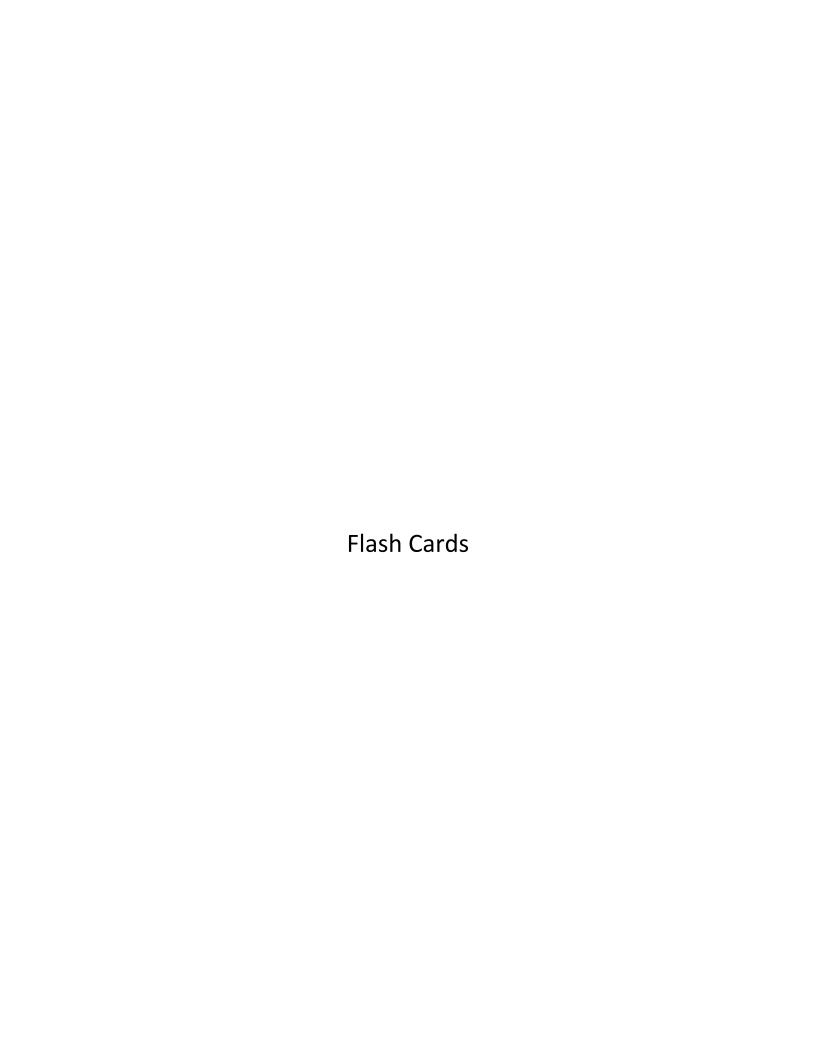
Decide where you can go from your chosen hub city and how long it will take you to aet there.

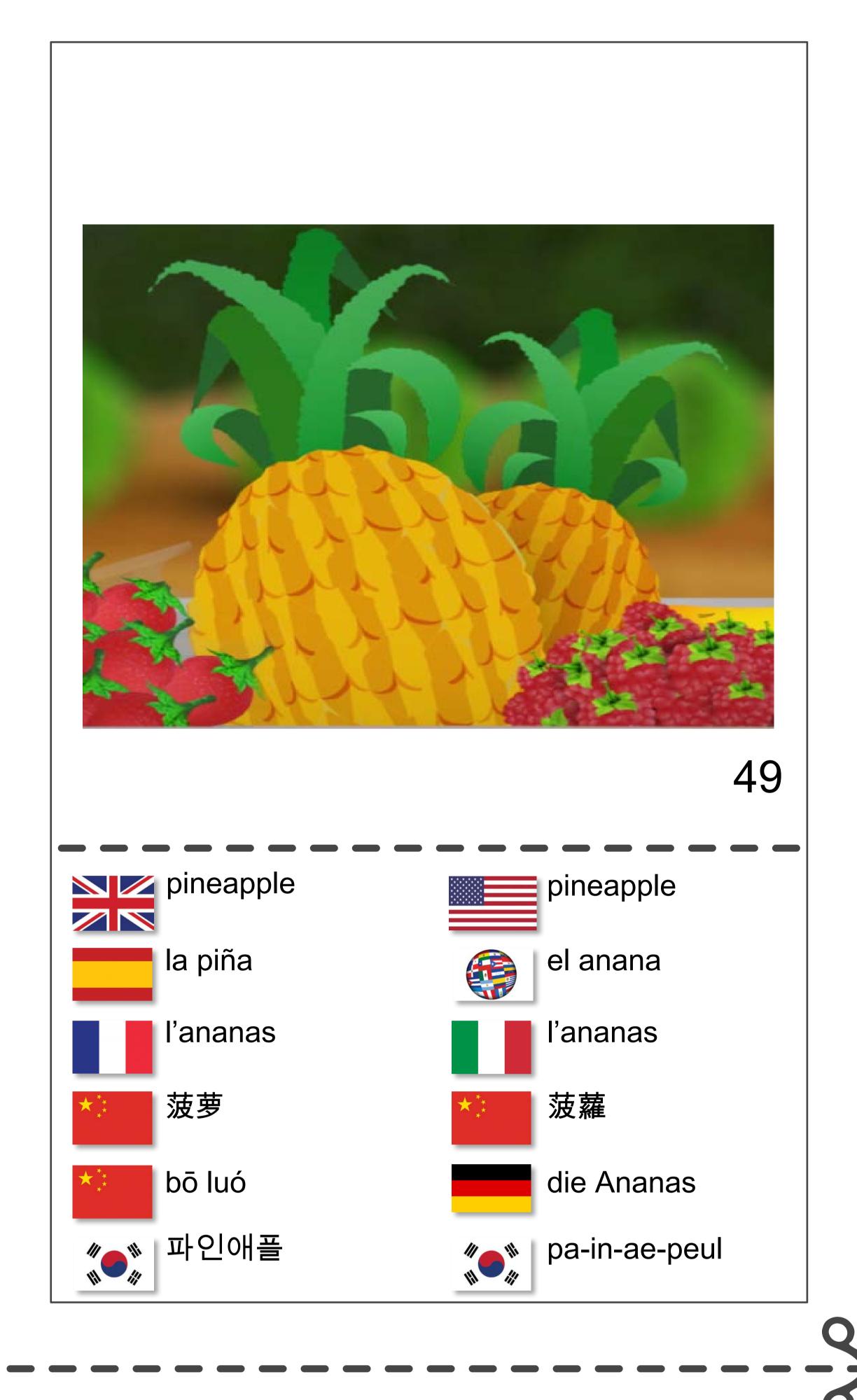
- * Encourage students to explore their chosen UK cities. Each student should find a reason why they would like to visit each city. It could be a museum, beach or an event.
- * Have students create a ticket showing their destination and seating choice. Ask them to share the information learned about showing their ticket, information learned about the two cities and an ability to use new train vocabulary. Some ideas are:
 - * Write and perform a play about your trip using some of the above vocabulary and expressions
 - * Create a poster showcasing your information
 - * Write a travel diary highlighting each day's events
 - * Make a power point presentation or DVD
 - * Create a board game about train travel

ENRICHMENT ACTIVITIES

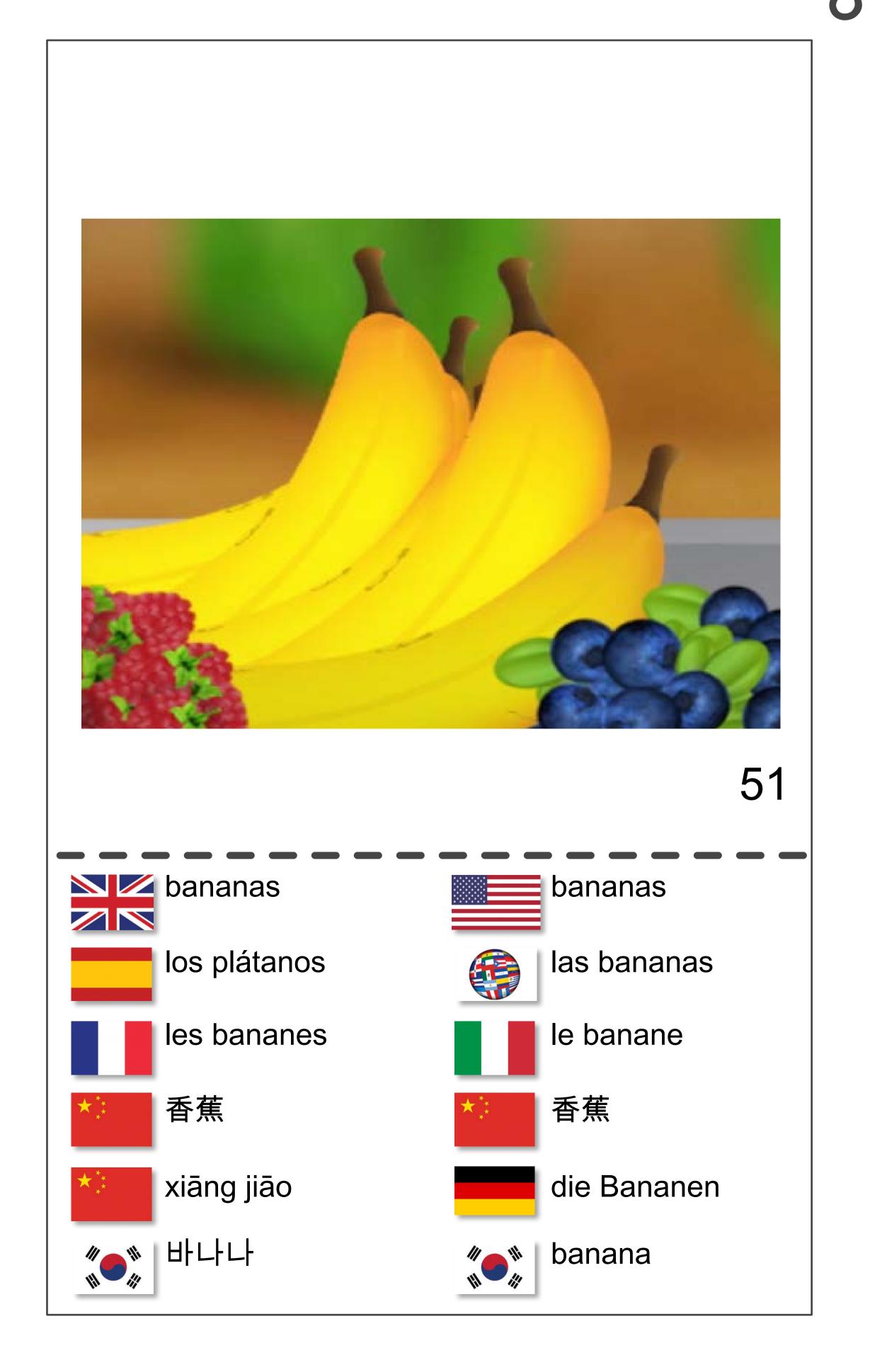
- * Visit a travel agent or do further research about train travel in your country.
- * Plan a field trip to a local train station.
- * Plan a family holiday to the UK.
- * Compare and contrast the British Rail System and that of your own country.

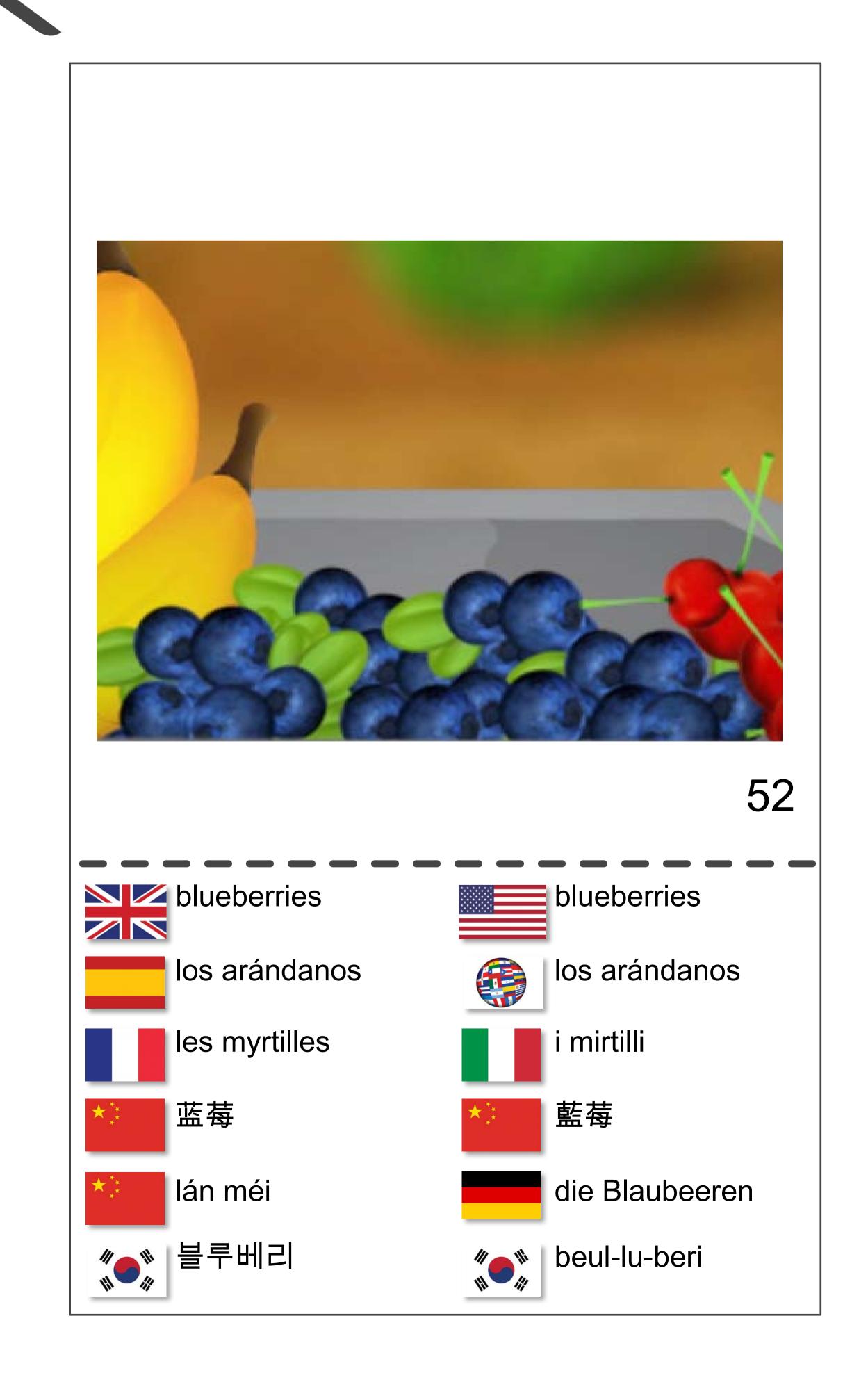


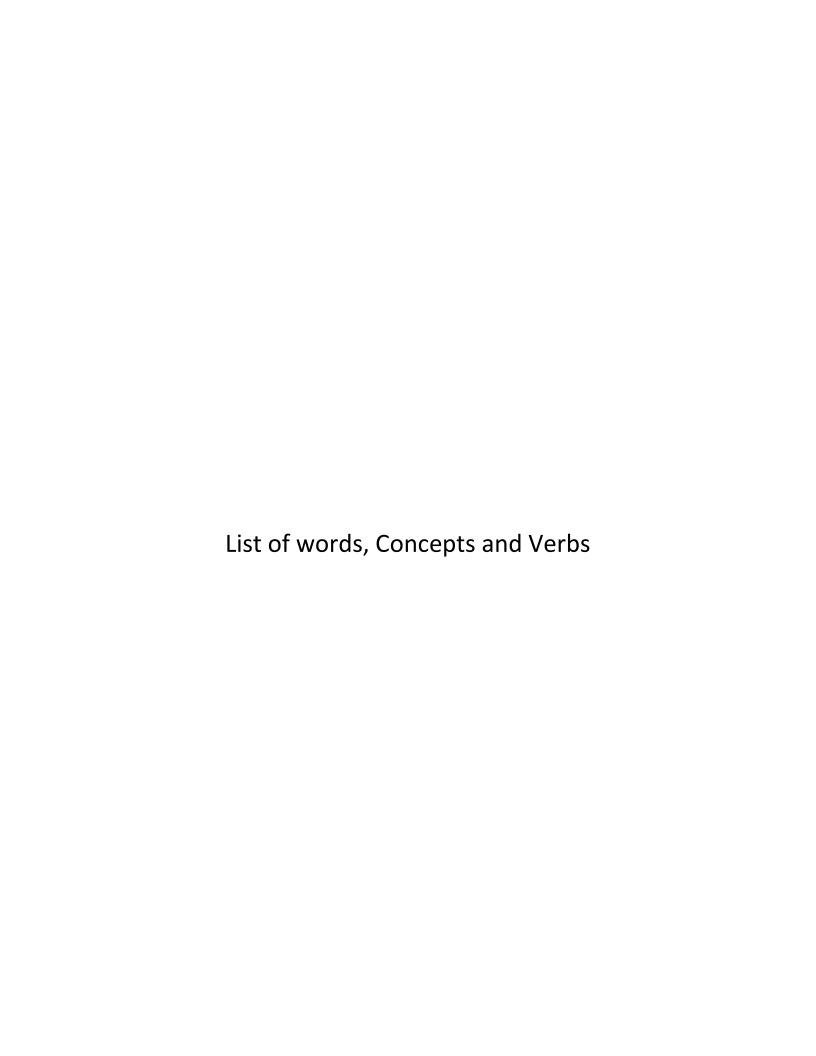












Appendix H

| biting | bucket - 5 | carry |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|
| black | bucket - 6 | cars |
| black - 6 | builder - 2 | cart - 11 |
| blackboard - 2 | bull - 12 | cat - 12 |
| blackboard rubber - 2 | bulldozer - 11 | catch |
| blanket - 5 | bun | celery - 1 |
| blouse - 7 | buns | cell phone - 7 |
| blue | bus | cellar - 5 |
| blue - 6 | bus - 11 | cello - 6 |
| blueberries - 1 | bus station - 10 | cereal |
| boar - 11 | bush - 4 | cereal - 8 |
| boat | bushes | chair - 5 |
| boat's | busy | chairs |
| Bob | but | chalk - 2 |
| body | butter - 8 | chandeliers |
| body - 3 | butterfly - 12 | cheek - 3 |
| bonnet - 9 | button | cheers |
| book | by | cheese |
| book - 2 | bye | cheese - 8 |
| boot - 9 | cafe - 10 | cherries - 1 |
| boots - 7 | cage - 12 | chest - 3 |
| bottle | cake | chicken - 2 |
| bouncing | cake - 8 | chicken - 8 |
| box | calendar - 2 | chimney - 5 |
| boxes | calf - 12 | chin - 3 |
| boy - 9 | call | China |
| bracelet - 7 | calm | chips |
| brave | came | chips - 8 |
| bread - 8 | camel - 12 | chocolate |
| breakfast | camera - 5 | cinema - 10 |
| breakfast - 4 | can | circle - 6 |
| bricks - 6 | can not | circus - 10 |
| bring | can't | clarinet - 6 |
| brings | car | classroom - 2 |
| Britain | car - 11 | claws - 12 |
| broccoli - 1 | car park - 10 | clever |
| brooch | cards - 6 | clock |
| brother - 9 | careful | clock - 4 |
| brown | carefully | clocks |
| brown - 6 | carpenter - 2 | clock's |
| brush - 2 | carpet - 5 | close |
| brush - 5 | carrot - 1 | closed |



Appendix H

this to do present tense those to drive three to drive present continuous to eat imperative three - 1 through to eat present tense Thursday to feel tiger - 12 to feel present continuous tense

time to find tired to find future tense

to finish to to finish past tense to appear

to appear present continuous tense to follow

to be to follow imperative to be able to to get

to be able to present tense to get past tense

to be future tense to get present tense to be past tense to give

to be present continuous tense to give future tense

to be present tense to go

to bite to go future tense to bite past tense to go imperative

to bite present tense to go past tense to bounce to go present continuous tense

to bounce present continuous tense to go present tense

to bring present tense to happen

to carry to happen past tense

to carry imperative to happen present continuous tense

to close to have

to close imperative to have future tense to close past tense to have imperative

to close present continuous tense to have present continuous tense

to come to have present tense

to come imperative to hear

to come past tense to hear past tense to come present continuous tense to hear present tense

to come present tense to help

to count

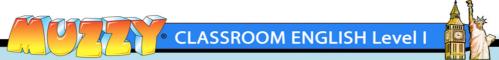
to help future tense to count past tense to help imperative

to do to jump

to do future tense to know

to do past tense to know present tense

to do present continuous tense to learn



PHRASES / EXPRESSIONS

how do you do?
I have
I have got
I've got
off we go
take him away

CONCEPTS

adjectives adverbs

adverbs of frequency

animals

asking for personal information

asking for things

asking for things politely

big muzzy story big numbers can I have colours

comparatives counting to ten counting to twenty days of the week

directions

explaining when we do things

expressing ability

expressing obligations and prohibitions

first adjectives food and drink

fruit

future intentions giving advice giving directions giving orders

greeting at different times of the day

greetings

house and home

imperative in a restaurant in the garden introductions jobs

likes and dislikes making a telephone call musical instruments

Norman's car numbers numbers 1-10 numbers 11-20 numbers 21-30

offering and accepting or rejecting

online exercise ordinal numbers parts of the body people and family

pet shop plural positions possession

possessive pronouns present continuous tense

quantifiers

questions with "how" and adjective

revision of verbs saying how one feels saying how things look saying how you feel

saying what is happening now saying what you like and dislike

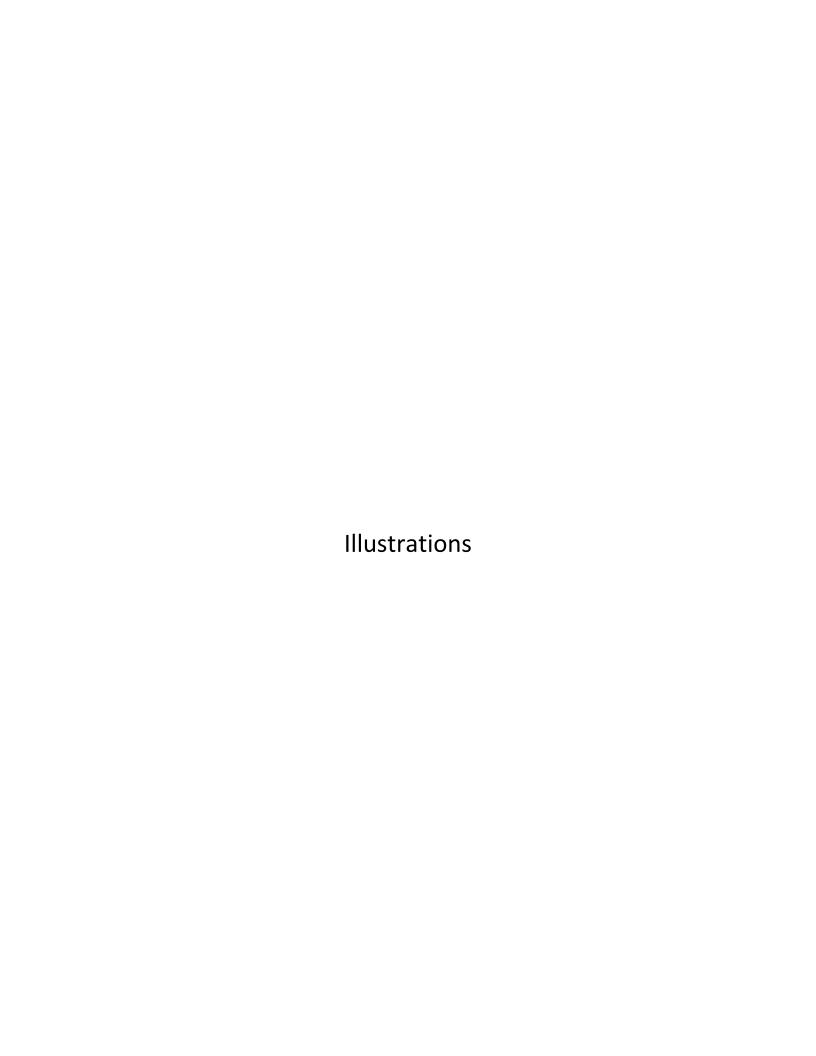
saying where things are

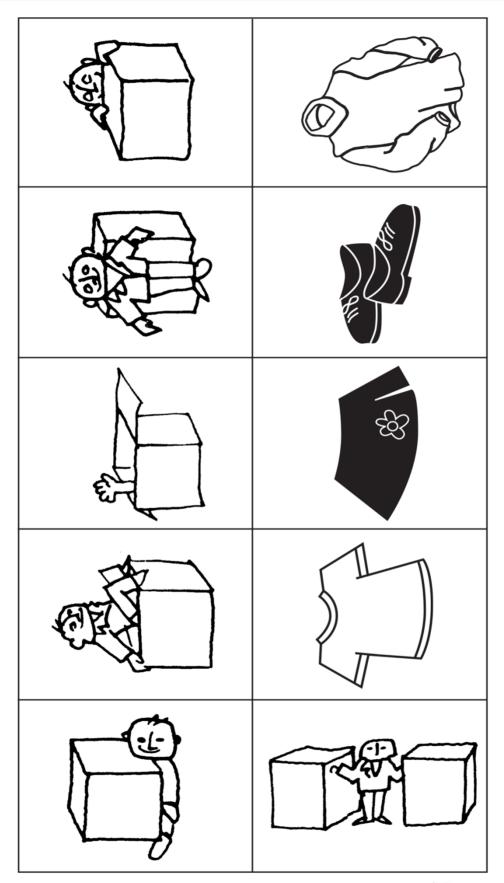
school shapes

shapes and colours

singular











ENGLISH-SPEAKING WORLD "HOLIDAYS"

DATE

1st January

3rd Monday in January

26th January 1st-2nd February 2nd February 14th February

3rd Monday in February

1st March

1st Monday in March

17th March 1st April 23rd April

25th April 1st May

2nd Sunday in May Last Monday in May

Monday on or before 24th June

2nd Monday in June 3rd Sunday in June

1st July 4th July

1st Monday in August 1st Monday in September 2nd Monday in October

31st October

1st Tuesday in November

5th November 11th November

4th Thursday in November

30th November

25th December 26th December

31st December

HOLIDAY

New Year's Day

Martin Luther King, Jr. Day (USA)

Australia Day (Australia)

Imbolc (Ireland)

Groundhog Day (USA) St Valentine's Day Presidents' Day (USA) Family Day (Canada)

St David's Day

(Wales' National Day - UK) Labour Day (Australia)

St Patrick's Day April Fool's Day St George's Day

(England National Day - UK) ANZAC Day (Australia)

May Day

Mother's Day (Usa, Canada)

Memorial Day (USA) Victoria Day (Canada) Queen's Birthday (Australia) Father's Day (USA, Canada)

Canada Day (Canada) Independence Day (USA) August Civic Holiday (Canada) Labor Day (USA, Canada) Columbus Day (USA)

Thanksgiving (Canada)

Halloween (USA, UK, Northern Ireland)

Melbourne Cup Day (Australia)

Bonfire Night (UK) Veteran's Day (USA)

Remembrance Day (UK, Canada)

Lunantshees (Ireland) Thanksgiving (USA) St Andrew's Day

(Scotland's National Day - UK)

Christmas

Boxing Day (UK, Australia, Canada)

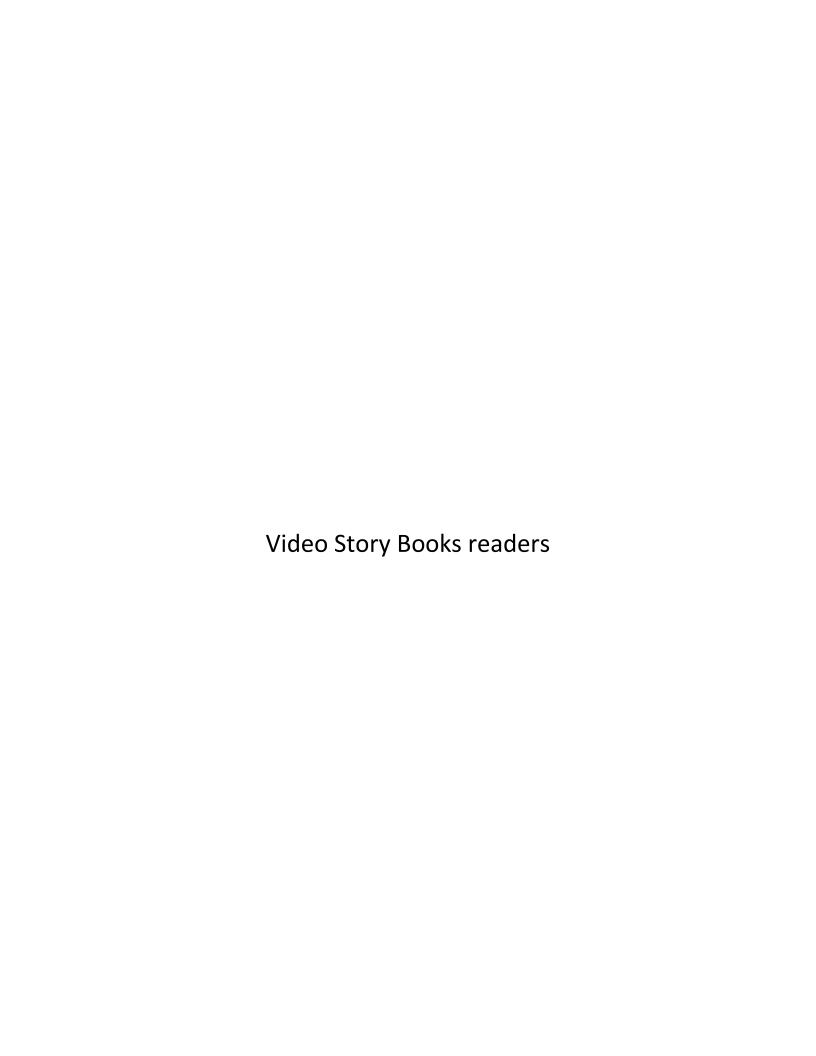
New Year's Eve











KingStrong!SylviaBeautiful!CorvaxClever.BobAnd brave!

Muzzy Big! I'm big. Big Muzzy.

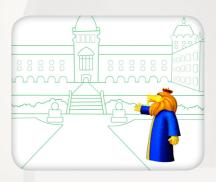


Scene 4

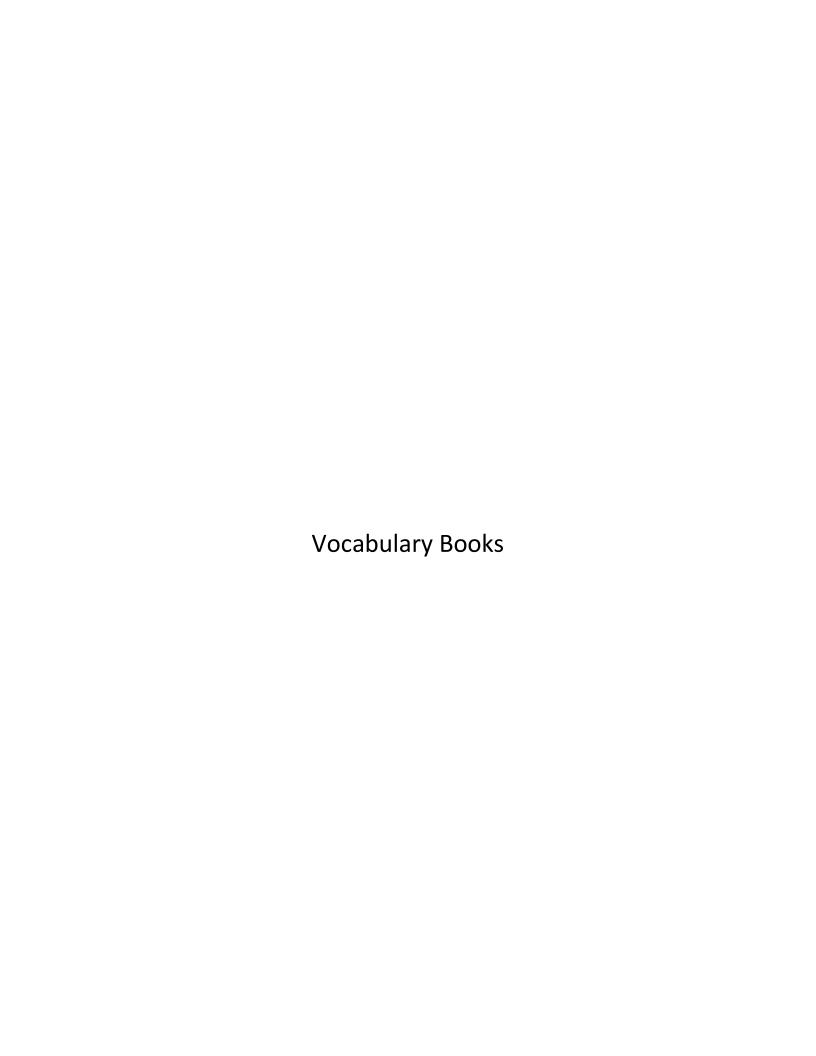
Muzzy Big.
Cat Small.

Muzzy I'm Big Muzzy.

Cat Big. Muzzy Small. Cat Big.
Muzzy Small.
King Big.
Bob Small.
Big.
Small.



Muzzy And I'm Big Muzzy.





sandwich box



calendar



map



desk