PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT

- MANAGE THE PROJECT AS IT WOULD BE IN INDUSTRY
- □ CREATE AWARENESS IN VARIOUS AREAS OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING ACTIVITY

- SENIOR PROJECT - FORMALIZED TO INCLUDE AN INDUSTRIAL STYLE

PORTIONS OF PM SELECTED AS
 TOOLS IN SENIOR PROJECT

- □ P.M. HELPS INSURE SUCCESS OF THE PROJECT
- □ MOST COMPANIES EMPLOY A P.M. STYLE OF MANAGEMENT
- □ IMPORTANT TO YOUR ENGINEERING TRAINING TO EXPERIENCE P.M.
 TECHNIQUES

- □ PLANNING

 SPECIFICATIONS/REQUIREMENTS

 THE PROJECT PLAN WBS & CHARTS

 RISK ASSESSMENT
- **PM FUNDAMENTALS**
- □ EXECUTION TEAMWORK & MONITORING
- □ **VERIFICATION**

APPLY PROFESSIONAL STYLE TO:

- # @PLANNING
 - B. EXECUTION
 - C. MONITORING
 - D. COMMUNICATION

NEED FOR PROJECT MANAGEMENT

 MANAGERIAL APPROACH TO INTERDEPENDENCY, COMPLEXITY, AND CHANGE

- CONSIDERS A PROJECT AS A SYSTEM OF INTERRELATED TASKS IN A CHANGING ENVIRONMENT

NEED FOR PROJECT MANAGEMENT

PM BALANCES THE THREE ULTIMATE GOALS OF A PROJECT:



- 2. BUDGET
 - 3. PERFORMANCE

PROFESSIONAL PROJECT MANAGEMENT HAS MANY FACETS

- PLANNING INCLUDES TASK ESTIMATION AND CONTINGENCY THINKING
- EXECUTION INCLUDES TEAMWORK AND LEADERSHIP ABILITIES
- MONITORING INCLUDES PAINFULL REVIEWS
- COMMUNICATION INCLUDES PROF WRITING, CLEAR SPEAKING, & GOOD LISTENING HABITS
- ALL ARE INFLUENCED BY ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURES

A PROJECT IS A TEMPORARY ENDEAVOR UNDERTAKEN TO CREATE A UNIQUE PRODUCT OR SERVICE

NOT AN EXERCISE TO MAKE BUSY WORK OR TO JUST DO SOMETHING

PROJECT MANAGEMENT IS THE APPLICATION OF KNOWLEDGE, SKILLS & TECHNIQUES ON PROJECT ACTIVITIES IN ORDER TO MEET OR EXCEED EXPECTATION

INDUSTRY EXPECTATION OF DESIGN PROJECTS

- PROJECT PERFORMANCE THAT ASSURES COMPLETION ON TIME
- DEMONSTRATION OF OPERATING PERFORMANCE TO SPEC SHOWING THEIR MONEY WAS WELL SPENT
- P.M. CONSISTS OF TOOLS & TECHNIQUES TO FORCE A PROJECT TO COMPLETION ON TIME AND IN BUDGET

SENIOR PROJECT EXPECTATION

TO THE SATISFACTION OF YOUR TECHNICAL ADVISOR WITHIN THE SEMESTER TIME FRAME

- 2. TO PERFORM THE TASK USING PROJECT MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES
- 3. TO COMMUNICATE PROFESSIONALLY DISCUSSING REQUIREMENTS, PROGRESS AND COMPLETION IN A CLEAR AND CONCISE MANNER

"WHY DO PLANNING?"

- o FIRST OPPORTUNITY TO ENVISION TASKS THAT FIT ALLOCATED TIME FRAME
- o IDENTIFY POTENTIAL PROBLEM AREAS
- o REDUCE RISK
- o INSURE COMPLETION SUCCESS
- o PROVIDE DIRECTION WHEN PROBLEMS ARISE

PROJECT PLANNING

PURPOSE IS TO DETERMINE HOW THE PROJECT WILL BE ACHIEVED:

FROM HAT MUST BE DONE

- 2. WHO WILL DO WHAT
 - 3. WHEN WILL TASKS BE DONE
 - 4. HOW MUCH WILL THEY COST

PROJECT PLANNING

- **MINIMIZE UNCERTAINTY**
- □ AVOID COST & SCHEDULE OVERRUN
- □ HELP TO INSURE PERFORMANCE ADHERENCE

PLANNING – APPROACH

- □ PREPARE A DETAILED TASK LIST CALLED A
 WORK BREAKDOWN STRUCTURE
- □ A LOGICALLY THOUGHT-OUT LIST OF THINGS TO BE ACCOMPLISHED <u>AS DETAILED AS POSSIBLE</u>
- □ PREPARE A SCHEDULE (GANTT) CHART

PLANNING – CHARTS

- PDM PRECEDENCE DIAGRAM METHOD
 NETWORK LOGIC DIAGRAM WITH
 ARROWS SHOWING DEPENDENCIES
- 2) PERT-PROGRAM EVAL. & REVIEW TECHNIQUE
 - SEQUENTIAL NETWORK LOGIC & WEIGHTED AVERAGE DURATION ESTIMATES WITH DEPENDENCIES
- 3) CPM CRITICAL PATH METHOD
 - MIN, MAX & MOST LIKELY TIMES
 - LOCATES THE PATH OF TASKS CRITICAL TO COMPLETION

PLANNING - CHARTS

GANTT (BAR) CHART

PRESENTS TASKS FROM WBS WITH TIME FRAME – MAY OR MAY NOT SHOW DEPENDIENCIES

5) MILESTONE CHARTS
- PRESENTS COMPLETION DATES OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES

MOST COMMONLY USED

• NAMED FOR HENRY L. GANTT IN (WW 1) SHOWING STATUS OF MUNITIONS INDUSTRY

• NOTICED TIME WAS A COMMON DENOMINATOR

• PROGRESS EASILY SEEN IN EACH BAR'S STATUS WITH RESPECT TO TIME

• HORIZONTAL SCALE DIVIDED INTO TIME UNITS

• VERTICAL SCALE - PROJECT WORK ELEMENTS, TASKS, ACTIVITIES, WORK PACKAGES

• START & COMPLETION TIMES AT BEGINNING AND END OF EACH BAR

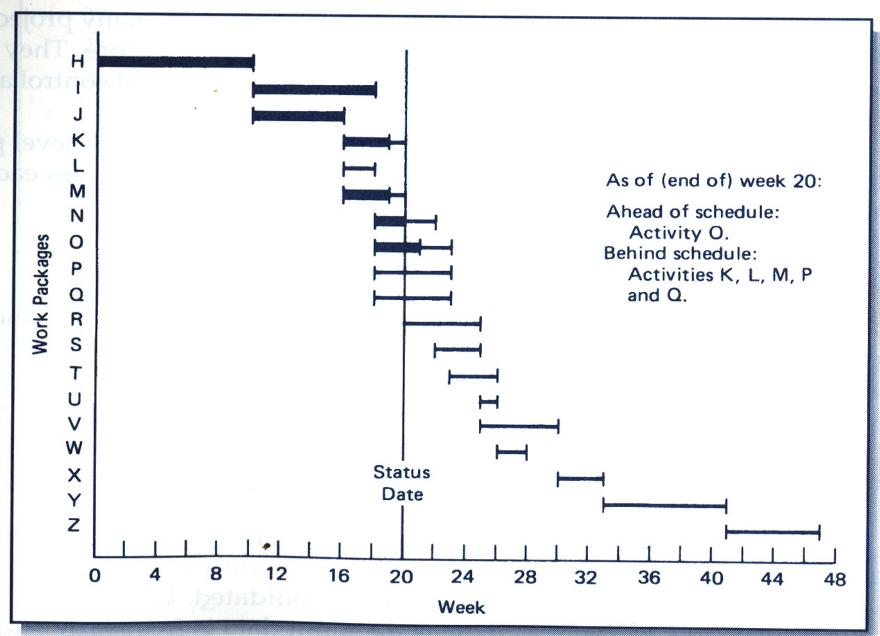
• PREPARE AFTER A WBS ANALYSIS

• TEAM CAN MAKE TIME ESTIMATE BUT SHOULD DEFER TO MOST KNOWLEDGEABLE TEAM MEMBER

• ALL PROJECTS HAVE TASK PRECEDENCE RELATIONSHIPS

• DETERMINE TASK AND PRECEDENCE BEFORE COMPLETING CHART

Gantt chart for LOGON project showing work progress as of week 20.



GANTT CHARTS ADVANTAGES

• CLEAR PICTORIAL MODEL OF THE PROJECT

• SIMPLE FOR PLANNER & USER

PROGRESS SEEN BY DARKENING BARS

• CLEAR DETERMINATION OF WHICH TASKS ARE AHEAD AND WHICH ARE BEHIND SCHEDULE

GANTT CHARTS DISADVANTAGES

• NO EXPLICIT INTERRELATIONSHIPS SHOWN

• DOES NOT REVEAL THE EFFECT OF ONE WORK ELEMENT FALLING BEHIND ANOTHER

• MONITORING SUCCESS DEPENDS ON FREQUENCY AND RELIABILITY OF UPDATED BARS

PLANNING – RISK ASSESSMENT

o IDENTIFY CAUSE AND EFFECT - WHAT COULD HAPPEN AND WHAT WOULD RESULT?

o ALTERNATELY - IDENTIFY EFFECTS & CAUSE

- WHAT OUTCOMES ARE TO BE AVOIDED OR ENCOURAGED & HOW MIGHT THEY OCCUR?

RISK ASSESSMENT APPROACH

- DETERMINE WHICH RISKS MAY AFFECT THE PROJECT PROGRESS OR SCHEDULE
- 2) NATURE OF PROJECT HAS A LARGE AFFECT
 - PROJECTS USING PROVEN TECHNOLOGY
 ARE INHERENTLY LOWER RISK THAN
 THOSE NEEDING INNOVATION OR INVENTION
- **EO ARRANGE WBS TO REDUCE RISK**

RISK ASSESSMENT APPROACH

QUANTIFY RISKS THAT HAVE A RANGE OF OUTCOMES

- ONE RISK EVENT MAY HAVE MULTIPLE EFFECTS AND MAKE A BIGGER PROBLEM

5) MAKE A CONSCIOUS DECISION ON THE NEED FOR A CONTINGENCY PLAN

PLANNING

- DEVELOP A CONCEPT & PROPOSE IT
- DEFINE PROJECT INCLUDING SPECS, REQ'S
- MAKE A DETAILED TASK PLAN

EXECUTION

- MONITOR WITH MULTIPLE STATUS REVIEWS
- CONDUCT PERIODIC PROJECT REVIEWS
- VALIDATE FINAL PERFORMANCE

COMMUNICATION

- INTERIM PROJECT REPORT
- FINAL PROJECT REPORT & ORAL PRESENT.

SENIOR PROJECT & PROJECT MANAGEMENT

P.M. TOOLS – IF VIEWED AS A PROJECT AID, YOU WLL SEE:

- a) THEY INSURE SUCCESS
- b) GAIN EXPERIENCE TO WHAT YOU WILL EXPERIENCE IN INDUSTRY
- e) PROPER MANAGEMENT OF THE PROJECT SHARES EQUAL BILLING WITH THE TECHNICAL COMPONENT

PROJECT MANAGEMENT FUNDAMENTALS

> <u>MUST</u> HAVE SPECS. OR REQUIREMENTS TO KNOW WHAT YOUR TARGET IS AND WHEN YOU ARE DONE

> MILESTONE AND PROJECT COMPLETION DATES ARE NON-NEGOTIABLE

> CONSTANT MONITORING OF THE PROJECT PLAN IS ESSENTIAL

PROJECT MANAGEMENT FUNDAMENTALS

- > GOOD TEAMWORK IS KEY TO SUCCESS
- > PROJECTS WITH OUTSIDE DEPENDENCIES MUST HAVE BACK UP PLANS
- > THE PROJECT PLAN MUST HAVE ONE SUB LEVEL OF DETAIL, i.e.
 - CIRCUIT BOARD DESIGN
 - LAYOUT
 - FABRICATION
 - CONFIRMATION TESTING

PROJECT MANAGEMENT FUNDAMENTALS

> PROJECT PLAN REQUIRES INDIVIDUAL TEAM MEMBER ASSIGNMENTS

> PLAN AHEAD, PREPARE ALTERNATE
APPROACHES AND FOCUS ON MEETING
REQUIREMENTS IN THE TIME ALLOCATED

PROJECT MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES INITIAL PHASE - CONCEPT DEFINITION

- CONCEPT TALKS ABOUT THE PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED AND THE SCOPE OF THE PROJECT TO SOLVE IT. HOW FAR WILL THE PROJECT GO AND WHAT WILL BE INVESTIGATED
- <u>CONCEPT</u> INCLUDES <u>PRELIMINARY OBJECTIVES</u> WHICH MAY CHANGE AS THE TASK IS FURTHER DEFINED
- CONCEPT DOES NOT INCLUDE A DETAILED PLAN OF "HOW" OR A FINAL SPECIFICATION OF THE PRODUCT OR A LAYOUT OF THE TASK DESCRIPTION

PLANNING PHASE

2ND PHASE - PROJECT DEFINITION

- <u>DEFINITION</u> FOCUSES ON SPECIFICATION COMPLETION TO QUANTIFY THE "WHAT"
- IF HARD NUMBER SPECS CANNOT BE PROVIDED, FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS <u>MUST</u> BE PRESENTED
- IF YOU DON'T HAVE A SPEC, YOU CANNOT DEMONSTRATE PROJECT COMPLETION

SPECIFICATION - BENEFITS

- THE CLARITY WILL REVEAL MISUNDERSTANDINGS
- COMPLETENESS WILL REMOVE CONTRADICTORY ASSUMPTIONS
- THE RIGOR WILL EXPOSE NECESSARY DETAILS
- THE EFFORT FORCES DETAILED THINKING
- PROVIDES THE BASIS TO TRACK CHANGES³⁵

PROJECT DEFINITION

- PREPARE WORK BREAKDOWN STRUCTURE TO AS LOW A LEVEL OF DETAIL AS POSSIBLE
- DETERMINE INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITIES BASED ON EXPERTISE, ABILITY & MOTIVATION
- PREPARE SCHEDULE USING GANTT CHART
- PREPARE BUDGET ESTIMATE

PLANNING PHASE

- THE TASK PLAN IS DETAILED TO THE LOWEST LEVEL THAT CAN BE COMPREHENDED
- THE PROJECT PLAN IS PRESENTED USING A S/W PACKAGE LIKE MICROSOFT PROJECT OR EQUIVALENT
- IT MUST BE UPDATABLE TO SHOW PROGRESS OVER TIME ACROSS THE VARIOUS TASK BARS OF A GANTT CHART

EXECUTION PHASE - TEAMS

- REQUIRES A LEADER. MAY MOVE AROUND DURING THE COURSE OF THE PROJECT
- EACH TEAM MEMBER HAS A ROLE WITH SPECIFIC TASK ASSIGNMENTS RESPONSIBLE TO TEAM
- THE TEAM LEAD ORGANIZES THE TASKS AND REPORTS WITH HELP FROM OTHER MEMBERS
- THE TEAM LEAD IS GIVEN OVERALL DIRECTION AUTHORITY BY THE OTHER TEAM MEMBERS & IS RESPONSIBLE TO PRESENT ONGOING REPORTS

EXECUTION PHASE - MONITORING

COMPARE ACTUAL PROJECT
 PERFORMANCE TO PROJECT PLAN
 TIME & COST

- IF DISCREPANCIES EXIST, CORRECTIVE ACTION MUST BE TAKEN, I.E. WORK ARROUNDS

- MODIFY SCHEDULE TO INCLUDE CORRECTIVE ACTION

EXECUTION PHASE

VERIFICATION

SPECIFIC TASK WITHIN THE PROJECT PLAN REQUIRING A DEFINITION ON HOW THE ORIGINAL SPECIFICATION OR SET OF REQUIREMENTS WILL BE PROVEN

THIS IS THE <u>CULMINATION</u> OF THE PROJECT DEMONSTRATING SATISFACTORY COMPLETION

COMMUNICATION & REPORTING

> INCLUDES WRITING, SPEAKING & PRESENTING

> NOT JUST TECHNICAL WRITING

> LISTENING IS VERY IMPORTANT AS WELL

COMMUNICATION & REPORTING

PROGRESS REPORTS - TEMPLATE: TENTINED TO HAPPEN? **EXAMPLE 1** ACTUALLY HAPPENED? EXWHAT PROBLEMS WERE **ENCOUNTERED? EXEMPLE WORK-AROUNDS WERE** EMPLOYED TO STAY ON PLAN? ECOO ANY PROBLEMS THREATEN **COMPLETION?**

PROGRESS REPORTS - CON'T.

> MUST INCLUDE AN UPDATE TO THE PROJECT PLAN USING THE GANTT CHART DEVELOPED IN THE PROJECT DEFINITION

PROJECT REVIEWS

- THE CONTENT OF THE PROGRESS REPORTS USED AS BASIS
- TEAM PRESENTS VERBALLY
- PLAN MUST BE UPDATED & PRESENTED
- ONE HELD DURING EACH HALF OF THE SEMESTER SIGN UP TBD
- ENTIRE TEAM ATTENDENCE MANDATORY
- NOT INTENDED AS A TECH REVIEW UNLESS AN ITEM AFFECTS SCHEDULE

INTERIM PROJECT REPORT

- IS A MAJOR MILESTONE
- PRESENT FINAL SPECS & PLAN
- INCLUDE PLAN AS GRAPHIC DISPLAY IN THE NARRATIVE
- <u>DO NOT</u> PRESENT AS A RENDITION OF EVENTS LIKE A DIARY. FOCUS ON SPECS AND THE PROJECT PLAN
- AVOID WRITING IN THE FIRST PERSON
- THE FINAL VERIFICATION APPROACH MUST BE CLEARLY DESCRIBED

FINAL PROJECT REPORT

- MAJOR MILESTONE CULMINATION OF THE PROJECT
- MUST EMPHASIZE ORIGINAL REQUIREMENTS
- VERIFICATION IS THE PROOF OF PROJECT COMPLETION AND THE HIGHLIGHT OF THE REPORT
- PRESENT THE ORIGINAL PROJECT PLAN WITH WORK-AROUNDS AND EXPLAIN ADJUSTMENTS

PROJECT MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

- MAKE A DETAILED SPEC OR REQUIREMENTS LIST & PLAN, BREAKING THE TASKS DOWN TO THE LOWEST UNDERSTANABLE LEVEL
- **STICK TO THE PLAN**
- MAKE WORK-AROUNDS WHEN PROBLEMS ARISE, BUT STAY ON PLAN

- STAY FOCUSED ON THE PRIORITY OF VERIFICATION TO PROVE COMPLETION
- PERFORM AS A TEAM LEADER AND CONTRIBUTORS, EACH PERSON HAS A DEFINED ROLE — NOT SATISFACTYORY TO SAY " EACH OF US WAS INVOLVED IN ALL THE PARTS"
- COMMUNICATE CLEARLY & CONCISELY WITH A FOCUS ON THE SPEC AND THE PLAN

PROFESSIONAL CONTRIBUTION TO GRADE

- TEAM'S ABILITY TO MAINTAIN THE ORIGINAL PLAN
- ABILITY TO CREATE WORK-AROUNDS WHEN PROBLEMS ARISE. MAINTAIN THE CONTENT OF THE ORIGINAL PLAN IN SPITE OF PROBLEMS
- ABILITY TO PRODUCE A CONVINCING PROOF THAT ORIGINAL SPECS WERE MET
- ABILITY TO COMMUNICATE CLEARLY AND PROFESSIONALLY IN ALL THE REPORTS AND PRESENTATIONS

CONSIDERATIONS for S/W PROJECTS

- PREPARE A REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENT
- LAY OUT TASKS SO PROGRESS CAN BE SEEN
- USE SOME FORM OF MODULAR DESIGN SO PERCENTAGE OF COMPLETION CAN BE EASILY SEEN
- DO NOT USE GENERAL COMMENTS AS
 'DEBUGGING'. THEY HAVE NO DEFINED END
- PREPARE A TEST SPEC THAT DEMONSTRATES SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING WRITING

"IT IS A GOOD THING, PERHAPS, TO WRITE FOR THE AMUSEMENT OF THE PUBLIC, BUT IT IS A FAR HIGHER AND NOBLE THING TO WRITE FOR THEIR INSTRUCTION, THEIR PROFIT, THEIR ACTUAL AND TANGIBLE BENEFIT"

Mark Twain, "Curing a Cold"

NEED FOR GOOD WRITTEN COMM

- ENGINEER'S PREDOMINANT PRODUCT
 - PAPER -
 - UP TO 30% OF WORKTIME IS WRITTEN
- ENGLISH CLASS
 - -LITERATURE APPRECIATION STRESSED
 - NOVEL IS ENTERTAINMENT
 - KNOWLEDGE DISPLAY NOT TECH WRITING
- ENGINEERING REPORT
 - -CONVEY SIGNIFICANT INFORMATION
 - -SUPPORTED WITH MINIMUM ARGUMENT
 - -REMOVE NON-ESSENTIAL NOISE

NEED FOR GOOD WRITTEN COMM

- o ABSOLUTELY VITAL TO ACTIVELY DEVELOP SKILL IN WRITING AS A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
- o PROJECT SUCCESS WILL DEPEND ON IT
- o MUCH COMMUNICATION WITH UPPER MANAGEMENT IS IN WRITING
- o CAREER SUCCESS DEPENDS ON THE QUALITY OF YOUR WRITING

GOALS OF TECHNICAL WRITING

- o CLARIFY & EXPLAIN DEVELOPMENTS FOR BOTH THE WRITER & READER
- o PLAN NEXT STAGES
- o CONVEY INFORMATION
- o WRITING IS CENTRAL TO ANY DESIGN ACTIVITY:
 - WRITTEN PROCEDURES AID IN FIXES
 - PRODUCT MANUALS ALLOW QUICKER REPAIRS

TECHNICAL WRITING OVERALL GUIDELINES

- ESTABLISH THE AIM WHAT INFO IS NEEDED
- 2) CONSIDER THE READER INFO THEY NEED TO KNOW MUST REACH THEM
- 3) DEVISE THE STRUCTURE CLEAR, ORDERLY, ACCESSIBLE, DISTINCT SECTIONS
- DRAFT THE TEXT, EDIT & REVISE
 -CHECK FOR CLARITY & EFFECTIVENESS

USE OF DIAGRAMS

 DIAGRAMS MAY BE MUCH BETTER THAN WORDS

> <u>BUT</u> --- CARELESS DESIGN WILL LOSE BENEFIT

■ ADD INFORMATIVE LABELS, TITLES, HIGHLIGHT KEY ENTRIES AND REMOVE UNNECESSARY INFO.

THINGS TO AVOID

- > ERRORS IN SPELLING & PUNCTUATION
- > ERRORS IN MEANING USING THE WRONG WORD
- > LENGTHY OR RAMBLING SENTENCES
- > LONG WORDS UNLESS ESSENTIAL TO MEANING
- > JARGON THE ASSUMPTION THAT THE READER KNOWS WHAT YOU'RE TALKING ABOUT
- > WORDINESS

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING WRITING

WRITING OF A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER SHOULD BE CLEAR, CONCISE & COMPLETE

PROJECT WORK FOR A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

- □ ACTUAL TECHNICAL WORK WILL BE SMALL COMPARED TO ESTIMATING, REPORTING, SPECIFYING, SELLING, TECHNICAL INTERFACING AND VERIFICATION
- □ CLEAR COMMUNICATION IS ESSENTIAL FOR A SUCCESSFUL ENGINEER
- P.M. IN ONE FORM OR ANOTHER IS USED BY MOST COMPANIES ACROSS THE COUNTRY. IT IS IMPORTANT FOR YOU TO BUY INTO ITS USE.

- □ ESTIMATES & PLANS ARE AT BEST EDUCATED GUESSES. THINGS GO WRONG. BUT END DATES USUALLY DO NOT CHANGE UNLESS MAJOR SPECS ARE NOT MET.
- □ IT IS IMPORTANT TO BE FLEXIBLE WITH WORK-AROUNDS
- □ CONSTANTLY MAKE CONTINGENCY PLANS FOR WHAT CAN GO WRONG PARTICULARY FOR TASKS NOT IN YOUR CONTROL
- □ MURPHY IS ALIVE PARTICULARLY IN NEW DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS

- KEEP FOCUSED ON THE ORIGINAL SPEC REQUIREMENT
- MAKE GOOD USE OF YOUR TIME EVEN IF YOU ARE WAITING FOR OTHER THINGS TO HAPPEN. BE CONSCIOUSLY AWARE OF YOUR PRIORITIES AT ALL TIMES
- BE AWARE THAT ALTHOUGH WE ARE NOT FOCUSING ON FINANCIAL MONITORING, IN FACT IT PROBABLY SUPERCEDES EVERYTHING ELSE IN INDUSTRY
- ALL TEAMS MUST SIGN UP FOR PROJECT REVIEWS

ORGANIZATIONS & P.M.

LINE MANAGEMENT

- PATTERNED AFTER MILITARY ORG
 - o HEAD (GENERAL)
 - o CHAIN OF COMMAND EXEC., CAPT, SARG.
 - WORKER (SOLDIER)
- TYPICAL INDUSTRIAL SET-UP
 - o HEAD (CHAIRMAN)
 - o CHAIN OF COMMAND CEO, V.P.'S, GENERAL MGR.
 - o LOCAL (DEPT HEAD & WORKER)

LINE MANAGEMENT

□ ORGANIZATION INTENDED TO COMMUNICATE VISION FROM TOP MANAGEMENT TO WORK FORCE IN AN EFFICIENT MANNER

□ FACILITATE REPORTING BACK TO DETERMINE SUCCESS

□ ONE'S SUCCESS IS DETERMINED BY RANK

THE MATRIX

- ALTERNATE FORM OF MANAGEMENT

- SPECIFIC DISCIPLINES EXTRACTED FROM LINE AND PLACED IN TEAMS

- FOCUS ON PROJECT COMPLETION AND MINIMIZATION OF TIME

- MAINTAIN CLEAR CUSTOMER REQ. CONNECTION

THE MATRIX

- PROJECT MANAGER REPORTS TO TOP MANAGEMENT
- MANAGEMENT'S INTEREST FINANCIAL
 - PROJECT FUNDING
 - ON TIME COMPLETION
 - MARKET FORCAST
 - PRODUCT PERFORMANCE INCLUDING COST

HYBRID ORGANIZATION

- MOST COMPANIES HAVE SOME FORM OF MIX BETWEEN LINE AND MATRIX

- LINE IS MAINTAINED THROUGH SEVERAL LAYERS

- TEAMS FORMED FROM FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

HYBRID ORGANIZATION

- PROJECT LEADERS ARE SELECTED FROM THE DISCIPLINE THAT SUITS THE PROJECT
- PERSONNEL REMAIN CONNECTED TO THE FUNCTIONAL GROUP AND ARE "ON LOAN" TO THE PROJECT
- PROJECT MANAGER MAY RANK
 EQUIVALENT TO A GENERAL MANAGER
 OR HIGHER

THE HYBRID ORGANIZATION

- PROGRAM MANAGER IMPLIES RESPONSE BEYOND THE TECHNICAL PROJECT
- INCLUDES FINANCIAL, MARKETING, MANUFACTURING OR OTHER AREAS
- PROJECT MANAGER IMPLIES A MORE LOCAL RESPONSIBILITY SOME OF ABOVE BUT NOT ALL
- TEAM LEADER USUALLY IS AT THE TECHNICAL PROJECT LEVEL ONLY

TEAM MEMBER CHARACTERISTICS

- A MATURE OUTLOOK IS NECESSARY
- TWO BOSS SYNDROME
 - PROJECT LEADER
 - FUNCTIONAL LEADER
- PERSONNEL REVIEWS INPUT FROM TEAM LEADER & FUNCTIONAL BOSS
- FUNCTIONAL GROUP LEADER REVIEWS PERSONAL GROWTH IS MEASURED AND MERIT RAISE EMINATES HERE

TEAM MEMBER CHARACTERISTICS

- REVIEW RATING STRONGLY INFLUENCED BY PROJECT LEADER'S RECOMMENDATIONS
- PERSONAL COMMITMENT NECESSARY
 OTHERWISE STRESS OF TWO BOSSES WILL
 EVENTUALLY CAUSE A PROBLEM
- POLITICS BETWEEN GROUPS AND TEAMS CAN ALSO INFLUENCE ONE'S THOUGHT PROCESS
- ABOVE INFLUENCES CAN DETRACT FROM A PERSONAL INTEREST IN TECHNICAL MATTERS

MATRIX SUMMARY

TEAMS AND TEAMWORK

- ABILITY TO PERFORM WITHIN VARIOUS GROUPS

- MEET COMMITMENTS

- BE FLEXIBLE AND MOVE WHERE NEEDED

- GO BEYOND WHAT IS "JUST ENOUGH"

MATRIX SUMMARY

DEMONSTRATE DEPENDABILITY

 COMMUNICATE CLEARLY AND CONCISELY – SEVERAL ORG TIERS ABOVE YOU ANALYZING YOUR RESULTS

DEMONSTRATE LEADERSHIP

- DEAL WITH THE TWO BOSS SYNDROME

MATRIX & PROJECT MANAGEMENT

□ P.M. IS THE METHODOLOGY WITHIN THE MATRIX

□ THE MATRIX PROVIDES PROJECT LEADERS
FOR THE TECHNICAL RUNNING OF THE
PROJECT

□ THE MATRIX PROVIDES PROGRAM
MANAGERS FOR MULTIPLE PROJECTS

LEADERSHIP & PROJECT MANAGEMENT

- LEADERSHIP IS ABOUT CREATING VISION
- HAVING THE ABILITY TO TRANSLATE
 VISION INTO REALITY AND TO SUSTAIN IT
- PROJECT LEADERSHIP IS THE ABILITY TO GET THINGS DONE THROUGH PEOPLE
- INVOLVES PROVIDING CLEAR DIRECTION TO ACHIEVE SPECS WITHIN BUDGET & TIME BY DEVELOPING TEAMWORK

LEADERSHIP & PROJECT MANAGEMENT

- LEADERS NEED DIFFERENT SKILLS & STYLES AT DIFFERENT PHASES OF THE PROJECT LIFE CYCLE

- LEADERSHIP IS A PERSONAL CHOICE NOT EVERYONE MAKES

- STEMS FROM AN INTERNAL DRIVE TO EXCELL
- SOME CHOOSE TO BE FOLLOWERS NOTHING WRONG WITH THAT

PRINCIPLES OF PROJECT LEADERSHIP

- HAVE VISION, COURAGE, & COMMITMENT
- DEVELOP TECHNICAL PROFICIENCY
- KNOW YOURSELF & SEEK IMPROVEMENT
- KNOW YOUR TEAMMATES & SUPPORT THEM
- COMMUNICATE EFFECTIVELY TO KEEP PEOPLE INFORMED

PRINCIPLES OF PROJECT LEADERSHIP

- EMPHASIZE LONG TERM PRODUCTIVITY
- ENCOURAGE GROUP PARTICIPATION
- MAKE SOUND TIMELY DECISIONS
- EMPOWER THOSE AROUND YOU

PRINCIPLES OF PROJECT LEADERSHIP

MATCH SKILLS TO NEEDS

• LISTEN EFFECTIVELY & ENCOURAGE NEW IDEAS

• GIVE POSITIVE F.B. & RECOGNITION

• SEEK RESPONSIBILITY AND ACCEPT ACCOUNTABILITY

LEADERSHIP THEORIES & MODELS

BASED ON:

- PERSONAL TRAITS INTELLIGENCE, MATURITY
- PERSONAL BEHAVIOR WHAT THEY DO
- REACTION TO EVENTS CAUSE AND EFFECT
- ONES OWN PERSONALITY CHARACTERISTICS
- NEED TO INFLUENCE OTHERS CHARISMA
- YOU NEED TO DEVELOP YOUR OWN STYLE BASED ON YOUR VALUES AND MANY OF THE ABOVE

LEADERSHIP QUALITIES

L LISTEN TO TEAM MEMBERS AND THE CUSTOMER – BUILD TRUST AMONG ALL

E ENCOURAGE ALL TEAM MEMBERS -MOTIVATION

A ACT AS A COHESIVE TEAM -- INSPIRE TO HIGH PERFORMANCE

D DELIVER THE DELIVERABLES - MEET REQ

- PHASE A FEASIBILITY (PRE FORMULATION)
- MAJOR ATTRIBUTE & EMPHASIS
 - SENSE OF VISION
 - CONCEPTUAL SEES THE BIG PICTURE
 - ANALYTICAL
- LEADERSHIP STYLE -- BLEND
 - VISIONARY
 - CREATE FUTURE
 - EMPOWERMENT
 - EXPANSIVE

- PHASE B CONCEPTUAL (FORMULATION)
- MAJOR ATTRIBUTE & EMPHASIS
 - LISTENING
 - ANALYSIS
 - ALIGNMENT
- LEADERSHIP STYLE -- BLEND
 - ANALYTICAL
 - LISTENER
 - CHANGE MASTER
 - CONVERGENCE

- PHASE C DEVELOPMENT
- MAJOR ATTRIBUTE & EMPHASIS
 - PARTICIPATIVE
 - ACCEPTANCE
 - COMMITMENT
 - CO-OPERATIVE
- LEADERSHIPT STYLE BLEND
 - TEAM BUILDER
 - POWER & INFLUENCE
 - INTEGRATOR

- PHASE D EXECUTION
- MAJOR ATTRIBUTE & EMPHASIS
 - RE-ALIGNMENT
- LEADERSHIP STYLE BLEND
 - DECISION MAKER
 - BALANCE TO WORK AND FUN
 - TRUSTWORTHINESS
 - SYNERGY OF TEAM

- PHASE E COMPLETION
- MAJOR ATTRIBUTE & EMPHASIS
 - PRODUCT TRANSFER & INFORMATION
- LEADERSHIP STYLE BLEND
 - ADMINISTRATOR
 - CLOSURE

LEADERSHIP -- SUMMARY

- o LEADERSHIP STEPS OUT IN THE FRONT OF THINGS
- o BUT IT DOES NOT OVERPOWER OTHERS ON THE TEAM; RATHER IT ENCOURAGES AND MOTIVATES
- o IT ALWAYS GIVES CREDIT WHERE IT IS DUE
- o IT CONFRONTS IN A CONSTRUCTIVE MANNER AND NEVER BECOMES PERSONALLY DESTRUCTIVE

COMMUNICATION AN ALTERNATE APPROACH

- o GOOD COMMUNICATION IS A NECESSITY
- o ENHANCES CAREER OPPORTUNITIES
- o HELPS BUILD LEADERS
- o CONTRIBUTES TO PERSONAL STATUS
- o SENDS STRONG SIGNAL TO ORGANIZATION

ACTIVE LISTENING

- HIGHER ORDER FORM OF COMMUNICATION
- MORE IMPORTANT THAN VERBAL BECAUSE:
 - CONTRIBUTES TO TEAM BUILDING
 - GENERATES RESPECT
 - DEVELOPES LEADERSHIP STYLE
 - HELPS GET THE TASK ACCOMPLISHED
- GOOD LISTENING IS CRITICAL WHEN PARTICIPATING IN A TEAM

ACTIVE LISTENING

- CAN'T LEARN WHEN YOU ARE TALKING
- CAN HEAR IDEAS DIFFERENT FROM YOUR OWN
- MAKES THE OTHER PERSON TALKING HEARD
- INVOLVES 'PLAYING BACK' SOME INFO YOU HEAR FROM THE PERSON SPEAKING

ACTIVE LISTENING

- REQUIRES ATTENTION WITH INVOLVED BODY LANGUAGE:
 - ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
 - PARAPHRASING
 - SUMMARIZING
- INVITES OTHERS TO:
 - SUGGEST SOLUTIONS TO BE TRIED
 - FORM THEIR OWN INTERPRETATIONS
 - DRAW THEIR OWN INFERENCES

ACTIVE LISTENING - MEANINGS

- OPEN AND SENSITIVE TO THE NEED TO LISTEN AND BE LISTENED TO
- LISTEN WITH ALL SENSES, NOT JUST EARS
- RECOGNIZE MANY LANGUAGES, SYMBOLS AND CODES PEOPLE USE TO EXPRESS THEMSELVES
- PRODUCE QUESTIONS, NOT ANSWERS

MEANINGS

• WELCOME DIFFERENCES

• RECOGNIZE OTHERS POINT OF VIEW

• OPEN TO CHANGE

• OVERCOME FEELING OF EMPTINESS WHEN CERTAINTIES ARE QUESTIONED

BASIS FOR ANY LEARNING RELATIONSHIP

MEANINGS

- TAKES PLACE IN "LISTENING CONTEXT"
- ONE LEARNS TO LISTEN AND NARRATE
- EACH PERSON PRESENTS OWN INTERPRETATIONS OR THEORIES WITH ACTION, EMOTION, EXPRESSION
- UNDERSTANDING AND AWARENESS ARE GENERATED THROUGH DIALOGUE & SHARING

P.M. CONNECTION TO SENIOR PROJECT

□ PROF. MANAGEMENT ENVIRONMENT

■ WORK IN TEAMS WHERE EVERYONE CONTRIBUTES TO A SUCCESSFUL PROJECT

□ CREATE PLANS & MAKE COMMITMENTS

□ PREPARE WRITEN AND VERBAL REPORTS ON PROGRESS AND PERFORMANCE

P.M. CONNECTION TO SENIOR PROJECT

PARTICIPATE IN PERIODIC REVIEWS

□ FORECAST PERFORMANCE AND THEN DEMONSTRATE IT

□ GRADUATE TO BIGGER THINGS AT THE END OF THE YEAR