QUALITY CONTROL INSPECTOR A DEEP DIVE FOR SKILLS-BASED HIRING



REV: 04/04/16

Occupation Overview: Quality Assurance Technicians

Foundational Competencies	Occupation-Specific Competencies
 Quality Control Analysis: Conducting tests and inspections of products, services, or processes to evaluate quality or performance. Active Listening: Giving full attention to what other people are saying, taking time to understand the points being made, asking questions as appropriate, and not interrupting at inappropriate times. Critical Thinking: Using logic and reasoning to identify the strengths and weaknesses of alternative solutions, conclusions, or approaches to problems. Monitoring: Monitoring/assessing performance of yourself, other individuals, or organizations to make improvements or take corrective action. Coordination: Adjusting actions in relation to others' actions. Operation Monitoring: Watching gauges, dials, or other indicators to make sure a machine is working properly. Judgment and Decision Making: Considering the relative costs and benefits of potential actions to choose the most appropriate for the needs of the audience. Complex Problem Solving: Identifying complex problems and reviewing related information to develop and evaluate options and implement solutions. Time Management: Managing one's own time and the time of others. 	 Microsoft Office: Ability to create and utilize documents using programs such as Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint, and Outlook. Machine Tools: Certification and/or competency with machine tools such as power grinders, milling cutters, drill presses, lathes, calipers, tool dies, and their dial indicators. Manufacturing Standards: Understanding of ISO 9000 and 9001 Standards, CMM, DOE, FMEA, Minitab, and process control. Industrial Design: Ability to create and/or use schematic diagrams, blueprints, and sketching for industrial design. Manufacturing Processes: Understanding Six Sigma processes at a green or black belt levels, Kaizen, and lean manufacturing. Mathematics: Competency in manipulating numbers, quantities, shapes, and spaces. Lab Research Methodology: Experience with laboratory research, procedures, and equipment with sample preparation, aseptic, and clean room experience, GMP, and GLP. Electrical/Mechanical Labor: Mechanical and/or electrical knowledge of circuit testers, AC/DC drives and motors, cabling, fiber optics, calibration, and components of technical orders. Packaging: Understanding of labeling and packaging in package design, as well as receiving, shipping, order entries, and distribution center operations. Product Inspection: Experience with product inspection and testing according to failure analysis and compliance with customer specifications.

Job Description (Example)	Activities (Example List)
Inspect, test, sort, sample, or weigh nonagricultural raw materials or processed, machined, fabricated, or assembled parts or products for defects, wear, and deviations from specifications. May use precision measuring instruments and complex test equipment.	 Inspect, test, or measure materials, products, installations, or work for conformance to specifications. Measure dimensions of products to verify conformance to specifications, using measuring instruments such as rulers, calipers, gauges, or micrometers.
 Test chemical or physical characteristics of materials or products. Read work orders or other instructions to determine product specifications or materials requirements and review blueprints or other instructions to determine operational methods or sequences. Monitor equipment operation to ensure proper functioning and to ensure that products are not flawed. Analyze test results. Measure dimensions of completed products or work pieces to verify conformance to specifications and weigh finished products. Evaluate quality of materials or products. 	 Read blueprints, data, manuals, or other materials to determine specifications, inspection and testing procedures, adjustment methods, certification processes, formulas, or measuring instruments required. Record inspection or test data such as weights, temperatures, grades, or moisture content, and quantities inspected or graded. Mark items with details such as grade or acceptance-rejection status. Notify supervisors or other personnel of production problems. Discard or reject products, materials, or equipment not meeting specifications. Collect or select samples for testing or for use as models. Write test or inspection reports describing results, recommendations, or needed repairs.

Prioritized Foundational Competencies: Quality Assurance Technicians

Most Common Required Competencies			Most Common Break Point Competencies	
1	Time Management: Managing one's own time and the time of others; able to set the right priorities and revise priorities as conditions change (e.g., critical piece finishes and needs inspection); able to work on and assess the quality of multiple products and components at the same time; focusing on the task at hand, ideally with a sense of urgency; hits time goals when required.	1	Judgment and Decision Making: Considering the relative costs and benefits of potential actions; knowing when to ask for help and escalate concerns (often); distinguishing between a serious, repeated pattern and one off anomalies; escalating serious issues quickly; sharing important information, not hiding or ignoring it; knowing what decisions to make and what to pass on superiors or other staff.	
2	Coordination: Adjusting actions in relation to others' actions and conditions; being in the right place at the right time (if an important piece finishes, stop current work and go examine it); scanning for opportunities to help others and helping when appropriate; adjusting to the environment (e.g., respond to unexpected customer needs, seek help with unusual non-conformances).	2	Time Management: See previous.	
3	Operation Monitoring: Watching gauges, dials, or other indicators to make sure a machine is working properly; verifying the soundness of instruments before using; assessing results relative to the appropriate standard; ideally, basic familiarity with statistical processing control (SPC); responding to abnormal or out of control results either personally or with others' help as appropriate.	3	Active Listening: Giving full attention to what other people are saying, taking time to understand the points being made, asking questions as appropriate, and not interrupting at inappropriate times (key during shift change); internalizing information and applying to the job; adjusting work to what one hears; not dismissing what other people tell you; showing interest (e.g., look at the talker).	
	Most Preferred Competencies		Most Hard-to-Find Competencies	
1	Critical Thinking: Identifying the strengths and weaknesses of alternative solutions, conclusions, or approaches to problems; thinking about how to improve things (continuous improvement); creating and sharing ways to make things better (e.g., re-arrange machines, use new tool); having an independent perspective; able to see the big picture (the end-to-end process, factory as a whole).	1	Active Listening: See previous.	
2	Quality Control Analysis: Conducting tests and inspections of products, services, or processes to evaluate quality or performance; reliably performing tasks and gaining the trust of others; reading and verifying SPC (statistical process control); able to interpret key quality data and take the appropriate action (e.g., take corrective action personally or advise superiors of significant issue).	2	Critical Thinking: See previous.	
	Active Listening: See previous.		Quality Control Analysis: See previous.	
3		3		
	Most Evolving Competencies			

Quality Control Analysis: Evolution driven by specifications getting tighter, customers wanting more, better, faster and cheaper, increased automation (e.g., cameras replacing ring gauges); changes make it move valuable to know newer tools (e.g., cameras), how to interpret digital data, not machine readings, and setting up and monitoring newer automated quality tools. Critical Thinking: Evolution driven by customers wanting more,

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2 better, faster and cheaper; market pressures make it more valuable to constantly think about how to operate better (continuous improvement); new tools and technologies (e.g., cameras) expand the

set of options creating more ways to make things better.

Complex Problem Solving: Evolution driven by specifications getting tighter and customer demands; changes make it more valuable to think holistically about the work being done (make the process better, make the factory as a whole operate better); staff on the floor know best how the current systems work and thus well positioned to identify problems and ideally having ideas on how to improve things.

Prioritized Occupation-Specific Competencies: Quality Assurance Technicians

Most Common Required Competencies		Most Common Break Point Competencies	
1	Product Inspection: Experience with product inspection and testing according to failure analysis and compliance with customer specifications; compare product to the relevant standards (e.g., regulatory or industry standards, customer specifications) and accurately identify non-conformances; select the right tool to use to test for quality and know how to use that tool.	1	Product Inspection: See previous.
2	Microsoft Office: Ability to utilize documents using desktop productivity programs such as Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint, and Outlook; input data accurately and consistently to software programs given company protocols; retrieve the right files and data given the situation; ideally, basic familiarity with Minitab or other data analysis software.	2	Packaging: See previons.
3	Packaging: Understanding of labeling and packaging in package design, as well as receiving, shipping, order entries, and distribution center operations; handling products with care when moving around internally ("don't drop the product"); ideally, basic familiarity with lot control principles (first in, first out, for example); understanding packaging requirements given company standards and the order.	3	Microsoft Office: See previous.
	Most Preferred Competencies		Most Hard-to-Find Competencies
1	Product Inspection: See previous.	1	Manufacturing Processes: See previous.
2	Manufacturing Standards: Basic familiarity with ISO standards and relevant industry-specific standards FDA, SQF (safe quality food), AS9100 (aerospace).	2	Manufacturing Standards: See previous.
3	Manufacturing Processes: Basic understanding of one or more commonly-used manufacturing processes including Six Sigma, Kaizen, lean manufacturing, DOE, FMEA, process control, DMEAIC, and 5S; ideally, understand standard and basic familiarity about how to apply and use.	3	Product Inspection: See previous.
	Most Evolving Competencies		
1	Manufacturing Standards: Evolution driven by changing standards (e.g., ISO revised in 2015), variability in how companies apply (standards specify "what" more than "how"), and global trade (other countries and foreign companies have their own standards); evolution makes it more valuable to know popular standards (e.g., ISO) and how to meet customers' unique standard needs.		
2	Machine Tools: Evolution driven by improved tools, precision demands, automation, IT, and transition from analog to digital; changes enhance value of knowing how to use metrology machines (caliper, CMM, cameras) and knowing how to set-up and use the newer equipment.		
3	Product Inspection: Evolution driven by increasing customer demands for customization, precision and cost reduction; changes increase the value of being able to ensure standard adherence even in unusual circumstances (e.g., Chinese company has unique standards).		

Work Scenarios: Quality Assurance Technicians

Scenario: First Article Inspection	List of Competencies
Ken's company closed a sale for a plastic dials order for sprinkler control units. Monday morning, Ken arrives and logs into the ERP system to locate, download and print the quality plan for the new dials from the file library. Ken reviews the plan with his manager to cover a few specific changes to the frequency of quality inspections and allowable size of defects. The customer requested these changes as a result of problematic air bubbles visible in the last order. On the floor, a production technician produces a sample piece for Ken to inspect. The test piece meets the specification. To complete a thorough inspection, Ken places it on a light table and discovers an imperfection causes a strange light diffusion. Ken alerts the production tech who adjusts the injection press and provides a new sample piece. This piece meets all specifications and is tagged as the first article to remain at the station. Ken completes the first article inspection sheet and gathers the necessary signatures from the production tech and operations tech in order to begin. Ken gives the go-ahead to begin the production run and files a copy of the first article inspection.	 Coordination Quality Control Analysis Critical Thinking Time Management Product Inspection Manufacturing Standards Manufacturing Processes
Scenario: Regular Ongoing Inspection	List of Competencies
Janet arrives for her afternoon shift and meets for 15 minutes with her fellow quality inspector, Ken, who's leaving. He informs her of the 4 current production runs on the floor and highlights a malfunctioning injection press that's operating below maximum efficiency. Janet visits each active workstation and reviews the work order, quality plan, and process log results. Operations appear to be running smoothly based on log results so Janet goes to the quality lab to collect her tool cart. She checks it for multiple sizes of calipers, scales, rulers and sample components needed to check items for fit. Based on the quality plans used for today's runs, Janet performs short-interval inspections every 30-minutes and full-box inspections every two hours. Janet starts her inspections on an order of phone cases; she weighs a case, measures the dimensions and checks the color using a spectrophotometer. Next, she inspects a station scheduled for full-box inspection that requires she remove and inspect all 20 clamshell headphone cases inside. Janet repeats this process of ongoing and short-interval inspection until her shift ends, making notes in the process logs as she goes.	 Time Management Quality Control Analysis Operating Monitoring Product Inspection Machine Tools Packaging Manufacturing Standards
Scenario: Defect Discovery	List of Competencies
Scenario: Defect Discovery Roberta has been performing inspections and found no quality issues until coming across an item with out of specification thickness measurements in a run producing vehicle dashboards. She records the discrepancy in the process log and notes that this puts the run outside the acceptable defect rate %. This station is now operating in a "yellow" status for the cycle. Roberta continues her checks at other stations and returns for the next short- interval control check 30-minutes later. She finds another defective dashboard. Since the station was in "yellow" status for one cycle, this issue now creates a red flag and requires Roberta to shut down work. The production team becomes upset due to the slowdown. She shows them the process log and explains they need to halt production until they can identify the root cause and extent of the issue. She notes this will save time and money on the order overall. A production tech discovers too much material is being injected into the machine, causing the thickness discrepancy. A few tweaks are made and a quality dashboard is made. Roberta follows the steps for a new first article inspection and gets the order running again.	List of Competencies Time Management Critical Thinking Complex Problem Solving Quality Control Analysis Product Inspection Machine Tools Manufacturing Standards
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Occupation Deep Dive: Quality Assurance Technicians

Job Titles Within This Occupation				
 Quality Inspector Quality Control Inspector Quality Assurance Specialist Quality Control Technician Quality Assurance Inspector Quality Assurance Technician Quality Specialist Quality Technician 	Job Trues within This Occupation			

Certification and Education Preferences (Example)	Tools Used (Example List)
Certified Composites Technicians Certified Ouvlity Improvement Associate	Calipers Capability Maturity Model (CMM)
• Certified Weigher's License	Micrometers
	Blueprints ISO 9001 Standards
	Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP)

	Other Relevant Foundational Competencies	al Competencies Other Relevant Occupation-Specific Competencie	
1	Reading Comprehension	1	General Data Techniques
2	Speaking	2	Equipment Maintenance/Repair
3	Social Perceptiveness	3	Auditing
4	Operation and Control	4	General Database
5	Mathematics	5	Hand Tools
6	Active Learning	6	Physical Inspection and Quality Assurance
7	Systems Evaluation	7	Material Moving and Transport
8	Persuasion	8	Data Entry
9	Systems Analysis	9	Welding
10	Learning Strategies	10	Machinery
11	Instructing	11	
12	Management of Personnel Resources	12	
13	Negotiation	13	
14	Service Orientation	14	
15	Operations Analysis	15	
16	Troubleshooting	16	
17	Science	17	
18	Management of Material Resources	18	
19	Management of Financial Resources	19	
20	Equipment Selection	20	
21	Programming	21	
22	Technology Design	22	
23	Equipment Maintenance	23	
24	Repairing	24	
25	Installation	25	



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