AsSociation of Research Libraries
Washington, D.C.
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# ARL Academic Law Library Statistics 1999-2000 

Compiled and Edited by
MARK Young
Martha Kyrillidou

Telephone: (202) 296-2296
FAX: (202) 872-0884
email: pubs@arl.org


#### Abstract

The ARL Academic Law Library Statistics datafiles, with accompanying documentation, are available at [http://www.arl.org/stats/lawmed/](http://www.arl.org/stats/lawmed/).


The tables presented in this publication are not indicative of performance and outcomes and should not be used as measures of library quality. In comparing any individual library to ARL medians or to other ARL members, one must be careful to make such comparisons within the context of differing institutional and local goals and characteristics.

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The paper used in this publication meets the minimum requirements of American National Standard for Information Sciences Permanence of Paper for Printed Library Materials, ANSI Z39.48-1992.

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- Out of $\mathbf{1 1 1}^{1}$ ARL university libraries, 74 responded to this survey. ${ }^{2}$
- Law libraries reported median values of 282,314 volumes held and 7,791 gross volumes added. Also these libraries employed the full-time equivalent of 2,201 staff members in the fiscal year 1999-2000.
- Responding libraries reported total expenditures of $\$ 162,728,180 .{ }^{3}$ As seen in the graph below, materials expenditures made up the largest portion of the total, with $45.8 \%$ of aggregated expenses falling under a materials-related category.

Expenditures in ARL Law Libraries, 1999-2000


[^0]ARL Law Library Data Tables
1999-2000

## ARL Law Library Data Tables 1999-2000

TAble 1: COLLECTIONS

| Volumes | Volumes | Volumes | Mono- | Current | Current | Current |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| in | Added | Added | graphs | Serials | Serials | Serials |
| Library | (Gross) | (Net) | Purchased  <br> (Volumes) Purchased | (Subs.) | Purchased | Total |

(Survey Question \#)
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
(5)
(6)
(7)
INSTITUTION Note

| ALABAMA | G+ | 273,032 | 8,401 | 7,640 | 3,774 | 3,200 | 59 | 3,259 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALBERTA | + | 259,663 | 5,647 | 5,390 | 2,397 | U/A | U/A | 3,250 |
| ARIZONA | + | 240,916 | 5,348 | 1,969 | 1,544 | U/A | U/A | 4,449 |
| ARIZONA STATE |  | 257,169 | 5,074 | 3,137 | 765 | 2,741 | 1,161 | 3,902 |
| BOSTON | + | 320,997 | 9,036 | 7,642 | 1,613 | U/A | U/A | 6,378 |
| BRIGHAM YOUNG | Gb+ | 299,357 | 7,202 | 6,063 | 3,338 | 5,433 | 183 | 5,616 |
| CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY | + | 641,579 | 12,963 | 12,956 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 8,809 |
| CALIFORNIA, DAVIS | B+ | 278,594 | 6,627 | 2,233 | 2,022 | U/A | U/A | 4,934 |
| CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES | + | 504,321 | 13,941 | 12,771 | 4,306 | U/A | U/A | 7,713 |
| CASE WESTERN RESERVE | + | 287,707 | 6,071 | 5,137 | 1,146 | 3,733 | 4,066 | 7,799 |
| CHICAGO | b+ | 588,394 | 12,346 | 10,597 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 8,429 |
| CINCINNATI | + | 257,144 | 5,518 | 2,424 | 1,668 | 2,587 | 41 | 2,628 |
| COLORADO | b | 252,450 | 6,524 | 6,438 | 1,369 | U/A | U/A | 4,230 |
| COLUMBIA | + | 792,601 | 9,929 | 3,782 | U/A | 6,019 | 1,322 | 7,341 |
| CONNECTICUT | G | 283,609 | 9,093 | 4,286 | 847 | 4,449 | 1,027 | 5,476 |
| CORNELL | + | 471,842 | 11,791 | 9,708 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 6,263 |
| DUKE | G+ | 376,515 | 11,216 | 9,352 | U/A | 6,525 | 133 | 6,658 |
| EMORY | + | 239,183 | 7,661 | 6,530 | 1,673 | 5,487 | 830 | 6,317 |
| FLORIDA | G+ | 321,289 | 15,837 | -9,900 | 15,837 | U/A | U/A | 6,645 |
| FLORIDA STATE |  | 241,689 | 7,727 | 5,452 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 5,139 |
| GEORGE WASHINGTON | Bb+ | 328,314 | 9,509 | 7,269 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 5,660 |
| GEORGETOWN | b | 474,325 | 20,831 | 17,834 | 5,613 | U/A | U/A | 12,420 |
| HARVARD | + | 1,623,910 | 30,436 | 28,021 | 18,461 | U/A | U/A | 15,336 |
| HAWAII | b+ | 111,767 | 4,654 | 4,112 | 2,069 | 3,093 | 229 | 3,322 |
| HOUSTON | + | 314,447 | 11,400 | 8,519 | 5,608 | U/A | U/A | 3,850 |
| HOWARD | + | 198,059 | 5,521 | 5,271 | 1,253 | U/A | U/A | 1,707 |
| ILLINOIS, URBANA | + | 577,226 | 11,584 | 11,566 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 8,435 |
| INDIANA | + | 419,012 | 15,722 | 12,722 | 2,500 | 8,176 | 107 | 8,283 |
| IOWA | Gb+ | 658,599 | 22,331 | 15,727 | 14,950 | 8,663 | 2,807 | 11,470 |
| KANSAS | b | 257,979 | 3,118 | 2,481 | 731 | 4,499 | 3 | 4,502 |
| KENTUCKY |  | 235,977 | 8,550 | 6,732 | 1,265 | U/A | U/A | 3,795 |
| LOUISIANA STATE | G+ | 401,909 | 8,865 | 3,851 | 4,084 | 1,520 | 1,082 | 2,602 |
| MCGILL | b+ | 170,283 | 3,665 | 3,319 | 0 | 2,178 | 604 | 2,782 |
| MANITOBA | G+ | 141,201 | 811 | 811 | 811 | 750 | 95 | 845 |
| MIAMI |  | 359,225 | 19,275 | 10,673 | 1,911 | 6,415 | 508 | 6,923 |
| MICHIGAN | + | 640,678 | 13,478 | 9,111 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 8,719 |
| MINNESOTA | b+ | 609,438 | 10,794 | 9,889 | 1,008 | U/A | U/A | 10,252 |
| MISSOURI | b | 246,399 | 3,957 | 3,261 | 352 | U/A | U/A | 3,138 |
| NEBRASKA | + | 214,566 | 6,996 | 6,344 | U/A | 2,454 | 325 | 2,779 |
| NEW MEXICO | + | 214,861 | 4,446 | 3,998 | 3,598 | 3,145 | 150 | 3,295 |
| NEW YORK | G | 742,015 | 10,655 | 3,655 | 3,000 | 6,091 | 896 | 6,987 |
| NORTH CAROLINA |  | 303,895 | 8,367 | -449 | 1,357 | 5,042 | 1,300 | 6,342 |

## ARL LAW Library Data Tables 1999-2000

TAble 1: COLLECTIONS

| Microform | Government | Computer | Archives | Carto- | Graphic | Audio |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | | Video |
| ---: |
| Units |

(8)
(9)
(10)
(11)
(12)
(13)
(14)
(15)
(Survey Question \#)
INSTITUTION

| 611,336 | 290,000 | 500 | 1,140 | 0 | 0 | 610 | 1,200 | ALABAMA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 119,137 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,152 | 73 | ALBERTA |
| 571,975 | 0 | 257 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 291 | 170 | ARIZONA |
| 646,272 | 138,056 | 700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 249 | 365 | ARIZONA STATE |
| 1,315,622 | U/A | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | BOSTON |
| 766,536 | 0 | 3,042 | 0 | 0 | 0 | U/A | U/A | BRIGHAM YOUNG |
| 848,814 | 0 | 343 | U/A | 1 | 0 | 0 | 101 | CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY |
| 646,114 | 42,813 | 255 | 32 | 20 | 1 | 835 | 102 | CALIFORNIA, DAVIS |
| 355,606 | 0 | 327 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 522 | 877 | CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES |
| 430,674 | 55,697 | 201 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 1,109 | 1,186 | CASE WESTERN RESERVE |
| 287,225 | U/A | 302 | U/A | 0 | 0 | 297 | 57 | CHICAGO |
| 664,722 | 0 | 216 | 81 | 0 | 0 | 902 | 242 | CINCINNATI |
| 765,598 | 0 | 240 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 218 | 715 | COLORADO |
| 708,478 | 0 | 0 | 2,215 | 32 | 1 | U/A | U/A | COLUMBIA |
| 1,022,754 | 0 | 443 | 806 | 0 | 0 | 978 | 242 | CONNECTICUT |
| 740,569 | U/A | 86 | U/A | 0 | 0 | 359 | 163 | CORNELL |
| 895,681 | 8,787 | 140 | 86 | 0 | 0 | 229 | 211 | DUKE |
| 533,744 | 79,135 | 205 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 105 | 536 | EMORY |
| 1,582,348 | 280,933 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,149 | 1,885 | FLORIDA |
| 866,250 | 0 | 343 | 0 | 0 | 242 | 1,318 | 2,826 | FLORIDA STATE |
| 1,175,641 | 0 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 235 | 195 | GEORGE WASHINGTON |
| 2,283,701 | 8,786 | 994 | 2,459 | 85 | 501 | 4,860 | 679 | GEORGETOWN |
| 1,683,215 | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | HARVARD |
| 982,993 | 0 | 238 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 57 | 320 | HAWAII |
| 1,030,638 | 0 | 99 | 310 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | HOUSTON |
| 463,099 | 0 | 50 | U/A | 0 | 0 | 98 | 274 | HOWARD |
| 788,164 | 0 | 781 | 288 | 0 | 0 | U/A | U/A | ILLINOIS, URBANA |
| 1,310,432 | 0 | 605 | 288 | 0 | 8,036 | 854 | 950 | INDIANA |
| 1,324,163 | 0 | 1,330 | U/A | 3,237 | U/A | 755 | 1,137 | IOWA |
| 459,940 | 6,061 | 131 | 10 | 2 | U/A | 38 | 37 | KANSAS |
| 1,058,518 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 281 | KENTUCKY |
| 879,043 | U/A | 1,050 | 0 | 90 | 3 | 2,293 | 982 | LOUISIANA STATE |
| 38,538 | 139,005 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 313 | 24 | MCGILL |
| 92,212 | 0 | 169 | U/A | 0 | 425 | 247 | 250 | MANITOBA |
| 807,638 | U/A | 861 | 1,782 | 0 | 0 | 973 | 486 | MIAMI |
| 1,189,768 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 116 | 127 | MICHIGAN |
| 1,719,153 | 0 | 767 | 507 | 0 | U/A | U/A | U/A | MINNESOTA |
| 481,764 | 0 | 61 | U/A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 331 | MISSOURI |
| 877,542 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 0 | 0 | 507 | 334 | NEBRASKA |
| 1,651,295 | 0 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 227 | 159 | NEW MEXICO |
| 1,053,291 | 18,460 | 290 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,898 | 380 | NEW YORK |
| 796,338 | 0 | 847 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1,266 | 565 | NORTH CAROLINA |

U/A - Unavailable

## ARL LAW Library Data Tables 1999-2000

TAble 1: Collections

|  |  | Volumes in Library | Volumes <br> Added <br> (Gross) | Volumes <br> Added <br> (Net) | Monographs Purchased (Volumes) | Current <br> Serials <br> Purchased <br> (Subs.) | Current Serials Not Purchased | Current Serials Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Survey Question \#) |  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| INSTITUTION | Notes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NORTHWESTERN | + | 531,222 | 11,116 | 9,400 | 1,739 | U/A | U/A | 8,388 |
| NOTRE DAME | $+$ | 278,019 | 9,992 | 9,901 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 5,707 |
| OHIO STATE | $\mathrm{b}+$ | 517,711 | 9,269 | 4,777 | 2,195 | 8,064 | 310 | 8,374 |
| OKLAHOMA | $\mathrm{b}+$ | 192,082 | 4,544 | 3,430 | 423 | U/A | U/A | 4,517 |
| OREGON |  | 166,020 | 4,213 | 4,213 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 2,439 |
| PENNSYLVANIA | + | 519,548 | 16,515 | 15,008 | 3,016 | 8,375 | 32 | 8,407 |
| PENNSYLVANIA STATE | G | 240,625 | 6,411 | 6,411 | 1,149 | 4,581 | 84 | 4,665 |
| PITTSBURGH | G | 180,232 | 5,924 | -6,066 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 4,760 |
| QUEEN'S | Gb+ | 190,322 | 3,407 | 3,405 | 689 | U/A | U/A | 2,075 |
| RUTGERS, CAMDEN | + | 294,776 | 4,746 | 3,776 | 1,082 | U/A | U/A | 3,213 |
| RUTGERS, NEWARK | + | 242,259 | 4,099 | -5,863 | 529 | U/A | U/A | 2,880 |
| SASKATCHEWAN | + | 159,817 | 3,397 | 1,950 | 797 | 1,009 | 95 | 1,104 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | + | 266,007 | 11,159 | 9,678 | 1,388 | 3,207 | 605 | 3,812 |
| SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA | $\mathrm{b}+$ | 278,731 | 5,716 | 5,312 | 1,070 | 2,391 | 2,052 | 4,443 |
| SOUTHERN ILLINOIS | b | 195,580 | 5,910 | 3,160 | 1,115 | 3,587 | 601 | 4,188 |
| SUNY-BUFFALO | G+ | 296,651 | 7,510 | -2,489 | 400 | 3,797 | 2,970 | 6,767 |
| SYRACUSE | + | 194,152 | 5,800 | 4,466 | 5,734 | U/A | U/A | 3,261 |
| TEMPLE | Gb | 363,450 | 6,870 | 6,717 | 2,255 | 2,465 | 300 | 2,765 |
| TENNESSEE | G+ | 281,018 | 8,701 | 8,137 | 1,614 | U/A | U/A | 6,363 |
| TEXAS | + | 755,429 | 11,555 | 9,676 | 1,211 | 6,339 | 3,566 | 9,905 |
| TEXAS TECH | + | 198,404 | 5,731 | 2,159 | 942 | U/A | U/A | 2,362 |
| TORONTO | + | 196,052 | 3,609 | 3,044 | 1,117 | U/A | U/A | 2,549 |
| TULANE | G | 206,158 | 5,107 | 5,071 | 1,802 | 2,672 | 111 | 2,783 |
| UTAH |  | 214,873 | 4,705 | 4,189 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 4,698 |
| VANDERBILT |  | 396,759 | 7,854 | 5,069 | 581 | U/A | U/A | 6,843 |
| VIRGINIA | b+ | 573,446 | 13,760 | 12,885 | 6,068 | 11,127 | 2,071 | 13,198 |
| WASHINGTON | + | 365,246 | 10,004 | 8,193 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 5,510 |
| WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS | + | 355,545 | 13,652 | 11,334 | 1,509 | U/A | U/A | 6,513 |
| WESTERN ONTARIO | + | 175,584 | 2,709 | -2,289 | 712 | 1,242 | 172 | 1,414 |
| WISCONSIN | $\mathrm{b}^{+}$ | 358,357 | 9,603 | 7,451 | 2,626 | 3,432 | 1,252 | 4,684 |
| YALE |  | 773,714 | 15,985 | -24,486 | 4,567 | 7,896 | 278 | 8,174 |
| YORK | + | 278,147 | 5,505 | 5,491 | 2,107 | U/A | U/A | 1,975 |

## Summary Data

| High | $1,623,910$ | 30,436 | 28,021 | 18,461 | 11,127 | 4,066 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Mean | 360,379 | 8,892 | 5,695 | 2,747 | 4,511 | 873 |
| Median | 282,314 | 7,791 | 5,351 | 1,614 | 3,765 | 417 |
| Low | 111,767 | 811 | $-24,486$ | 352 | 7,847 |  |
| Totals | $26,668,072$ | 657,995 | 421,434 | 159,307 | 162,384 | 31,427 |
| Number of Libraries Responding | 74 | 74 | 74 | 407,415 |  |  |

[^1]
## ARL LAW Library Data Tables 1999-2000

TAble 1: COLLECTIONS

| Microform | Government | Computer | Archives | Carto- | Graphic | Audio | Video |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Units | Documents | Files | and | graphic | Materials | Materials | and |
|  |  |  | Manus. | Materials |  |  | Film |

(8)
(9)
(10)
(11)
(12)
(13)
(14)
(15)
(Survey Question \#)
INSTITUTION

| 802,136 | 0 | 355 | U/A | 0 | 0 | 7 | 74 | NORTHWESTERN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,389,730 | 0 | 606 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 487 | 681 | NOTRE DAME |
| 981,520 | 1,462 | 155 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,812 | 412 | OHIO STATE |
| 704,571 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 0 | 0 | 412 | 192 | OKLAHOMA |
| 674,688 | 16,209 | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | 771 | 159 | OREGON |
| 971,633 | 0 | 79 | 1,277 | 0 | 0 | 1,956 | 618 | PENNSYLVANIA |
| 1,033,450 | 2,414 | 432 | 480 | 280 | 195 | 108 | 1,393 | PENNSYLVANIA STATE |
| 1,145,122 | 6,956 | 19 | 0 | 3 | 49 | 748 | 209 | PITTSBURGH |
| 110,932 | 0 | U/A | 0 | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | QUEEN'S |
| 647,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | RUTGERS LAW-CAMDEN |
| 653,597 | 102,700 | 441 | 987 | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | RUTGERS LAW-NEWARK |
| 18,115 | 0 | 666 | 0 | 6 | 400 | 397 | 96 | SASKATCHEWAN |
| 1,145,223 | 0 | 530 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 891 | 465 | SOUTH CAROLINA |
| 526,879 | 0 | 186 | 0 | 55 | 25 | 477 | 238 | SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA |
| 810,852 | 0 | 516 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,532 | 604 | SOUTHERN ILLINOIS |
| 989,555 | U/A | 427 | U/A | -2 | 250 | 3,789 | 1,450 | SUNY-BUFFALO |
| 1,068,395 | 0 | 94 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 185 | 879 | SYRACUSE |
| 697,746 | 200 | 725 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 434 | TEMPLE |
| 1,183,654 | U/A | U/A | U/A | 0 | 0 | 725 | 498 | TENNESSEE |
| 1,002,619 | 0 | 41 | 1,656 | 0 | 0 | 969 | 1,330 | TEXAS |
| 501,204 | 0 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 745 | 454 | TEXAS TECH |
| 44,663 | U/A | 184 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 105 | 47 | TORONTO |
| 1,182,038 | 124,641 | 335 | 1,206 | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | TULANE |
| 545,374 | 0 | 455 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 737 | 233 | UTAH |
| 642,535 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 128 | 66 | VANDERBILT |
| 1,203,001 | 63,747 | 75 | 2,731 | 479 | 0 | 171 | 246 | VIRGINIA |
| 862,031 | 0 | 21 | U/A | 0 | 0 | 126 | 241 | WASHINGTON |
| 1,241,160 | U/A | 531 | U/A | 0 | 0 | 453 | 249 | WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS |
| 50,535 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 738 | 50 | WESTERN ONTARIO |
| 787,974 | 0 | 380 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 239 | 379 | WISCONSIN |
| 1,381,182 | 0 | 206 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 225 | 404 | YALE |
| 120,302 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | YORK |

## Summary Data

| $2,283,701$ | 290,000 | 3,042 | 2,731 | 3,237 | 8,036 | 4,860 | 2,826 | 493 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 833,060 | 72,951 | 368 | 802 | 287 | 636 | 759 | 497 | 326 |
| 804,887 | 42,813 | 240 | 480 | 20 | 42 | 7 | 24 | Migh |
| 18,115 | 200 | 11 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 30,563 | Median |  |
| $61,646,457$ | $1,386,062$ | 23,923 | 18,438 | 4,302 | 10,176 | 43,993 | 30 | Low |
| 74 | 19 | 65 | 23 | 15 | 16 | 58 | 62 | Sum |

## ARL LAW LIBRARY Data Tables 1999-2000

TAble 2: Expenditures

| Monographs | Current | Other <br> Serials | Mibrary <br> Library | Total <br> Library <br> Materials |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | | Contract |
| ---: |
| Binding |

(Survey Question \#) (16) (17) (20) (19) (21)
INSTITUTION Notes

| ALABAMA | G+ | 162,284 | 793,316 | U/A | 0 | 955,600 | 17,369 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALBERTA | + | 155,171 | 565,316 | U/A | U/A | 720,488 |  |
| ARIZONA | + | 97,223 | 620,621 | U/A | 72,682 | 790,526 |  |
| ARIZONA STATE |  | 33,955 | 695,457 | 597 | 5,804 | 735,813 |  |
| BOSTON | + | 95,280 | 1,103,996 | U/A | 100,797 | 1,300,073 | 36,275 |
| BRIGHAM YOUNG | Gb+ | 354,939 | 464,544 | 29,127 | 4,025 | 852,635 | 5,560 |
| CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY | + | 894,120 | 1,701,503 | 102,969 | U/A | 2,698,592 | 43,746 |
| CALIFORNIA, DAVIS | B+ | 102,220 | 644,980 | 36,009 | 56,837 | 840,046 |  |
| CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES | + | 272,418 | 919,001 | 26,392 | 0 | 1,217,811 |  |
| CASE WESTERN RESERVE | + | 56,557 | 787,834 | 29,257 | 0 | 873,648 |  |
| CHICAGO | b+ | 183,325 | 822,513 | 86,974 | 3,440 | 1,096,252 | 33,169 |
| CINCINNATI | + | 111,648 | 480,346 | 25,786 | 61,468 | 679,248 | 7,503 |
| COLORADO | b | 51,314 | 672,864 | 91,007 | 118,616 | 933,801 | 12,339 |
| COLUMBIA | + | 378,692 | 1,259,310 | 0 | 0 | 1,638,002 |  |
| CONNECTICUT | G | 37,962 | 918,042 | 91,484 | 18,713 | 1,066,201 |  |
| CORNELL | + | 85,352 | 761,262 | 50,098 | 37,551 | 934,263 |  |
| DUKE | G+ | 151,687 | 930,499 | 63,896 | 2,040 | 1,148,122 | 21,009 |
| EMORY | + | 107,163 | 844,044 | 19,006 | 0 | 970,213 | 11,196 |
| FLORIDA | G+ | 128,606 | 700,928 | 120,590 | 79,424 | 1,029,548 | 19,930 |
| FLORIDA STATE |  | 72,141 | 575,421 | 13,916 | 96,860 | 758,338 |  |
| GEORGE WASHINGTON | Bb+ | 323,807 | 955,475 | 88,559 | 30,000 | 1,397,841 |  |
| GEORGETOWN | b | 403,649 | 2,464,586 | 61,897 | 88,988 | 3,019,120 |  |
| HARVARD | + | 695,974 | 1,881,707 | 298,910 | 1,156 | 2,877,747 | 148,975 |
| HAWAII | b+ | 115,975 | 501,797 | 15,876 | 31,785 | 665,433 | 9,094 |
| HOUSTON | + | 124,120 | 649,326 | 132,506 | 159,233 | 1,065,185 | 20,000 |
| HOWARD | + | 46,103 | 643,658 | U/A | 104,873 | 794,634 |  |
| ILLINOIS, URBANA | + | 92,188 | 850,321 | U/A | 62,465 | 1,004,974 |  |
| INDIANA | + |  | 1,115,231 | 90,847 | 79,139 | 1,411,317 | 30,222 |
| IOWA | Gb+ | 351,668 | 1,229,145 | 96,758 | 118,923 | 1,796,494 | 30,054 |
| KANSAS | b | 42,555 | 521,528 | 0 | 61,880 | 625,963 | 10,664 |
| KENTUCKY |  | 81,537 | 687,969 | 105,108 | 15,289 | 889,903 | 9,598 |
| LOUISIANA STATE | G+ | 42,652 | 517,752 | 10,367 | 76,823 |  | 13,924 |
| MCGILL | b+ | 52,994 | 430,667 | U/A | 0 | 483,661 | 8,492 |
| MANITOBA | G+ | 24,122 |  | U/A | 20,336 | 321,661 | 2,680 |
| MIAMI |  | 89,140 | 1,345,299 | U/A | 121,957 | 1,556,396 | 15,354 |
| MICHIGAN | + | 133,556 | 1,513,851 | 239,967 | 42,732 | 1,930,106 | 38,297 |
| MINNESOTA | b+ | 105,606 | 1,060,718 | 1,516 | 47,991 | 1,215,831 | 31,248 |
| MISSOURI | b | 32,720 | 491,742 | 16,588 | 0 | 541,050 | 3,696 |
| NEBRASKA | + | 25,111 | 637,208 | 46,478 | 0 | 708,797 | 8,422 |
| NEW MEXICO |  | 58,560 | 489,000 | 55,730 | 61,430 | 664,720 | 39,450 |
| NEW YORK | G | 154,829 | 1,289,270 | 100,081 | 132,396 | 1,676,576 | 32,052 |
| NORTH CAROLINA |  | 97,420 | 885,402 | 69,237 | 1,452 | 1,053,511 | 13,151 |

[^2]
## ARL LAW Library Data Tables 1999-2000

TAble 2: Expenditures
Salaries
\& Wages
Professional
Staff

| Salaries | Salaries |
| ---: | ---: |
| \& Wages | \& Wages |
| Support | Student |
| Staff | Assistants |

Total
Salaries
\& Wages

## Other <br> Operating <br> Expenditures Expenditures

(25) (26) (27)
(Survey Question \#)
INSTITUTION

| 388,732 | 156,666 | 49,665 | 595,063 | 166,492 | 1,734,524 | ALABAMA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U/A | U/A | U/A | 381,914 | U/A | 1,111,981 | ALBERTA |
| 429,181 | 234,696 | 18,671 | 682,548 | 119,281 | 1,602,132 | ARIZONA |
| 386,886 | 323,045 | 18,110 | 728,041 | 124,042 | 1,594,154 | ARIZONA STATE |
| 757,018 | 369,457 | 76,508 | 1,202,983 | 224,393 | 2,763,724 | BOSTON |
| 520,347 | 163,241 | 186,967 | 870,555 | 132,732 | 1,861,482 | BRIGHAM YOUNG |
| 1,014,595 | 996,207 | 202,415 | 2,213,217 | 544,381 | 5,499,936 | CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY |
| 490,364 | 414,325 | 6,340 | 911,029 | 171,536 | 1,953,704 | CALIFORNIA, DAVIS |
| 777,370 | 624,601 | 105,178 | 1,507,148 | 488,497 | 3,247,737 | CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES |
| 707,948 | 479,835 | 150,272 | 1,338,055 | 620,370 | 2,846,626 | CASE WESTERN RESERVE |
| 544,623 | 307,804 | 83,271 | 935,698 | 23,521 | 2,088,640 | CHICAGO |
| 563,155 | 152,029 | 102,556 | 817,740 | 242,580 | 1,747,071 | CINCINNATI |
| 423,032 | 234,272 | 30,706 | 688,010 | 43,066 | 1,677,216 | COLORADO |
| 1,192,676 | 635,941 | 213,288 | 2,041,905 | 405,645 | 4,134,302 | COLUMBIA |
| 658,782 | 541,224 | 40,292 | 1,240,298 | 272,857 | 2,612,785 | CONNECTICUT |
| 424,634 | 402,521 | 48,338 | 875,493 | 94,026 | 1,928,733 | CORNELL |
| 630,400 | 377,391 | 21,558 | 1,029,349 | 136,424 | 2,334,904 | DUKE |
| 528,676 | 329,021 | 113,035 | 970,732 | 359,604 | 2,311,745 | EMORY |
| 592,312 | 415,387 | 156,825 | 1,164,524 | 235,087 | 2,449,089 | FLORIDA |
| 465,520 | 175,701 | 106,323 | 747,544 | 107,480 | 1,628,271 | FLORIDA STATE |
| 1,026,218 | 366,149 | 139,678 | 1,532,045 | 319,149 | 3,272,380 | GEORGE WASHINGTON |
| 1,356,096 | 1,343,270 | 135,911 | 2,835,277 | 601,957 | 6,524,674 | GEORGETOWN |
| 2,567,177 | 1,487,019 | 80,739 | 4,134,935 | 1,060,445 | 8,222,102 | HARVARD |
| 237,237 | 76,430 | 95,236 | 408,903 | 185,537 | 1,268,967 | HAWAII |
| 568,692 | 209,366 | 93,564 | 871,622 | 205,787 | 2,162,594 | HOUSTON |
| 529,309 | 237,929 | 61,302 | 828,540 | 181,900 | 1,808,644 | HOWARD |
| 148,702 | 253,194 | 67,037 | 468,933 | 58,163 | 1,532,070 | ILLINOIS, URBANA |
| 569,784 | 186,013 | 76,168 | 831,965 | 63,538 | 2,337,042 | INDIANA |
| 707,069 | 446,329 | 70,035 | 1,223,433 | 168,983 | 3,218,964 | IOWA |
| 231,795 | 191,809 | 38,423 | 462,027 | 76,000 | 1,174,654 | KANSAS |
| 352,942 | 131,190 | 58,352 | 542,484 | U/A | 1,441,985 | KENTUCKY |
| 489,017 | 236,360 | 87,220 | 812,597 | 73,519 | 1,547,634 | LOUISIANA STATE |
| 225,184 | 138,247 | 22,196 | 385,628 | 12,819 | 890,600 | MCGILL |
| 110,075 | 148,853 | 12,209 | 271,136 | 46,869 | 642,346 | MANITOBA |
| 547,838 | 346,008 | 49,733 | 943,579 | 206,583 | 2,721,912 | MIAMI |
| 675,918 | 919,164 | 233,804 | 1,828,886 | 969,066 | 4,766,355 | MICHIGAN |
| 756,832 | 519,274 | 257,921 | 1,534,027 | 249,986 | 3,031,092 | MINNESOTA |
| 354,843 | 162,422 | 36,375 | 553,640 | 39,960 | 1,138,346 | MISSOURI |
| 261,024 | 114,410 | 32,142 | 407,576 | 0 | 1,124,795 | NEBRASKA |
| 346,700 | 370,165 | 37,813 | 754,678 | 88,643 | 1,547,491 | NEW MEXICO |
| 1,164,513 | 842,878 | 100,945 | 2,108,336 | 360,559 | 4,177,523 | NEW YORK |
| 532,726 | 264,499 | 55,101 | 852,326 | 156,401 | 2,075,389 | NORTH CAROLINA |

[^3]ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 1999-2000
TAbLE 2: Expenditures

| Monographs | Current | Other | Misc. | Total | Contract |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Serials | Library | Materials | Library | Binding |
|  |  | Materials |  | Materials |  |


| (Survey Question \#) |  | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INSTITUTION | Notes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NORTHWESTERN | + | 94,700 | 701,607 | 60,026 | 96,747 | 953,080 | 23,616 |
| NOTRE DAME | + | 312,388 | 887,420 | U/A | 300,650 | 1,500,458 | 28,415 |
| OHIO STATE | b+ | 131,312 | 1,041,548 | 72,087 | 108,002 | 1,352,949 | 18,009 |
| OKLAHOMA | b+ | 9,658 | 570,201 | 0 | 0 | 579,859 | 11,928 |
| OREGON |  | 97,322 | 555,161 | U/A | 54,697 | 707,180 | 21,219 |
| PENNSYLVANIA | + | 175,752 | 1,034,126 | 56,047 | 221,915 | 1,487,840 | 31,941 |
| PENNSYLVANIA STATE | G | 70,941 | 472,874 | 67,530 | 5,413 | 616,758 | 19,311 |
| PITTSBURGH | G | 62,488 | 675,199 | 171,256 | 0 | 908,943 | 8,963 |
| QUEEN'S | Gb+ | 38,350 | 372,818 | U/A | 0 | 411,168 | 7,329 |
| RUTGERS, CAMDEN | + | 55,330 | 494,613 | 17,880 | 117,721 | 685,544 | 20,969 |
| RUTGERS, NEWARK | + | 26,665 | 479,294 | 3,382 | 74,138 | 583,479 | 9,889 |
| SASKATCHEWAN | + | 60,725 | 369,337 | U/A | U/A | 430,061 | 4,546 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | + | 75,563 | 725,156 | 34,399 | 71,725 | 906,843 | 10,000 |
| SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA | b+ | 71,985 | 571,038 | 30,635 | 0 | 673,658 | 15,483 |
| SOUTHERN ILLINOIS | b | 37,993 | 565,043 | 36,041 | 0 | 639,077 | 9,997 |
| SUNY-BUFFALO | G+ | 50,730 | 771,036 | 13,779 | 67,379 | 902,924 | 22,000 |
| SYRACUSE | + | 22,506 | 554,699 | 8,002 | 118,378 | 703,585 | 14,509 |
| TEMPLE | Gb | 119,121 | 564,846 | U/A | 1,582 | 685,549 | 14,877 |
| TENNESSEE | G+ | 21,214 | 485,023 | 43,002 | 12,552 | 561,791 | 5,051 |
| TEXAS | + | 58,762 | 942,095 | 69,988 | 0 | 1,070,845 | 22,086 |
| TEXAS TECH | + | 76,111 | 479,207 | 31,909 | 70,554 | 657,781 | 5,168 |
| TORONTO | + | 32,316 | 436,198 | 4,856 | 25,930 | 499,300 | 9,468 |
| TULANE | G | 100,000 | 492,638 | 50,736 | 412,215 | 1,055,589 | 10,094 |
| UTAH |  | 72,338 | 650,310 | U/A | 65,553 | 788,201 | 12,269 |
| VANDERBILT |  | 70,309 | 901,630 | 87,136 | 8,228 | 1,067,303 | 12,122 |
| VIRGINIA | b+ | 228,799 | 614,086 | 382,675 | 20,090 | 1,245,650 | 11,869 |
| WASHINGTON | + | 70,157 | 768,351 | U/A | 56,014 | 894,522 | 21,726 |
| WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS | + | 83,753 | 797,155 | 82,695 | 0 | 963,603 | 13,206 |
| WESTERN ONTARIO | + | 50,232 | 306,585 | U/A | U/A | 356,818 | 9,388 |
| WISCONSIN | b+ | 73,230 | 622,604 | 134,741 | 16,075 | 846,650 | 13,396 |
| YALE |  | 262,281 | 1,149,221 | 146,513 | 128,579 | 1,686,594 | 0 |
| YORK | + | 87,312 | 381,454 | 0 | 7,943 | 476,709 | 17,328 |

## Summary Data

| High | 894,120 | $2,464,586$ | 382,675 | 412,215 | $3,019,120$ | 148,975 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Mean | 129,092 | 772,071 | 72,129 | 72,349 | $1,006,595$ | 20,173 |
| Median | 86,332 | 674,032 | 56,047 | 61,880 | 898,723 | 14,715 |
| Low | 9,658 | 277,203 | 597 | 1,156 | 321,661 | 2,680 |
| Totals | $9,552,786$ | $57,133,227$ | $3,822,848$ | $3,979,185$ | $74,488,046$ | $1,452,456$ |
| Number of Libraries Responding | 74 | 74 | 53 | 55 | 74 | 72 |

[^4]
## ARL LAW Library Data Tables 1999-2000

TABLE 2: Expenditures

| Salaries | Salaries | Salaries |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| \& Wages | $\&$ Wages | \& Wages |
| Professional | Support | Student |
| Staff | Staff | Assistants |

(22)
(23)
(24)

| Total | Other <br> Salaries |
| ---: | ---: |
| \& Wagerating |  |
| Expenditures |  |

Total
Library
Expenditures
(25)
(26)
(27)
(Survey Question \#)
INSTITUTION

| 593,907 | 560,347 | 20,910 | 1,175,164 | 199,817 | 2,351,677 | NORTHWESTERN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 598,086 | 463,910 | 73,083 | 1,135,079 | 51,907 | 2,715,859 | NOTRE DAME |
| 512,665 | 260,690 | 61,431 | 834,786 | 320,712 | 2,526,456 | OHIO STATE |
| 261,873 | 150,804 | 32,658 | 445,335 | 168,499 | 1,205,621 | OKLAHOMA |
| 211,463 | 135,213 | 67,244 | 413,920 | 56,875 | 1,199,194 | OREGON |
| 911,283 | 534,887 | 40,620 | 1,486,790 | 104,672 | 3,111,243 | PENNSYLVANIA |
| 254,424 | 184,991 | 42,628 | 482,043 | 156,047 | 1,274,159 | PENNSYLVANIA STATE |
| 329,997 | 198,720 | 22,786 | 551,503 | 63,663 | 1,533,072 | PITTSBURGH |
| 103,680 | 176,361 | 21,835 | 301,876 | 5,865 | 726,239 | QUEEN'S |
| 448,730 | 432,565 | 8,989 | 890,284 | 44,458 | 1,641,255 | RUTGERS-CAMDEN |
| 724,166 | 485,845 | 15,687 | 1,225,698 | 108,566 | 1,927,632 | RUTGERS-NEWARK |
| 87,840 | 125,661 | 18,411 | 231,913 | U/A | 666,521 | SASKATCHEWAN |
| 525,121 | 181,984 | 52,802 | 759,907 | 209,761 | 1,886,511 | SOUTH CAROLINA |
| 670,095 | 326,862 | 82,900 | 1,079,857 | 289,446 | 2,058,444 | SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA |
| 383,674 | 253,919 | 47,789 | 685,382 | 239,184 | 1,573,640 | SOUTHERN ILLINOIS |
| 563,317 | 221,249 | 77,828 | 862,394 | 345,827 | 2,133,145 | SUNY-BUFFALO |
| 269,246 | 151,072 | 52,624 | 472,942 | 57,828 | 1,248,864 | SYRACUSE |
| 533,110 | 108,303 | 83,352 | 724,765 | 103,006 | 1,528,197 | TEMPLE |
| 365,150 | 151,900 | 45,999 | 563,049 | 235,141 | 1,365,033 | TENNESSEE |
| 1,075,113 | 388,941 | 45,623 | 1,509,677 | 547,774 | 3,150,382 | TEXAS |
| 116,060 | 239,549 | 30,781 | 386,390 | 94,996 | 1,144,335 | TEXAS TECH |
| 233,738 | 177,767 | 49,827 | 461,332 | 137,102 | 1,107,201 | TORONTO |
| 526,843 | 194,782 | 99,871 | 821,496 | 328,724 | 2,215,903 | TULANE |
| 396,229 | 257,101 | 128,100 | 781,430 | 119,059 | 1,700,959 | UTAH |
| 402,391 | 298,659 | 40,428 | 741,478 | 218,924 | 2,039,827 | VANDERBILT |
| 955,771 | 516,538 | 82,098 | 1,554,407 | 300,833 | 3,112,759 | VIRGINIA |
| 802,415 | 563,887 | 57,868 | 1,424,170 | 187,917 | 2,528,335 | WASHINGTON |
| 404,767 | 235,775 | 83,659 | 724,201 | 189,323 | 1,890,333 | WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS |
| U/A | U/A | U/A | 180,089 | 5,583 | 551,877 | WESTERN ONTARIO |
| 703,004 | 174,424 | 136,414 | 1,013,842 | 160,974 | 2,034,862 | WISCONSIN |
| 829,801 | 666,060 | 179,319 | 1,675,180 | 222,384 | 3,584,158 | YALE |
| 258,715 | 372,081 | 30,063 | 660,859 | 83,276 | 1,238,173 | YORK |

## SUMMARY DATA

| $2,567,177$ | $1,487,019$ | 257,921 | $4,134,935$ | $1,060,445$ | $8,222,102$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 559,842 | 354,378 | 75,081 | 970,158 | 214,229 | $2,199,029$ |
| 525,982 | 258,896 | 59,827 | 830,253 | 168,741 | $1,908,983$ |
| 87,840 | 76,430 | 6,340 | 180,089 | 5,583 | 551,877 |
| $40,308,616$ | $25,515,189$ | $5,405,850$ | $71,791,657$ | $14,996,021$ | $162,728,180$ |
| 72 | 72 | 72 | 74 | 70 | 74 |
| Mean |  |  |  |  |  |
| 72 |  |  | Median |  |  |
| Low |  |  |  |  |  |

## ARL LAW Library Data Tables 1999-2000

Table 3: Personnel and Public Services

|  |  | Professional Staff (FTE) | Support Staff (FTE) | Student Assistants (FTE) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Staff } \\ \text { (FTE) } \end{gathered}$ | Library Presentations to Groups * | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Participants } \\ & \text { in Group } \\ & \text { Presentations * } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Survey Question \#) |  | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) | (32) | (33) |
| INSTITUTION | Notes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ALABAMA | G+ | 8 | 7 | 4 | 19 | 14 | 320 |
| ALBERTA | + | 3 | 9 | 1 | 13 | 42 | 206 |
| ARIZONA | + | 9 | 12 | 1 | 22 | 84 | 502 |
| ARIZONA STATE |  | 8 | 14 | 3 | 25 | 82 | 1,651 |
| BOSTON | + | 12 | 15 | 6 | 33 | 245 | 3,114 |
| BRIGHAM YOUNG | Gb+ | 12 | 2 | 14 | 28 | 270 | 500 |
| CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY | + | 17 | 24 | 17 | 58 | 0 | 0 |
| CALIFORNIA, DAVIS | B+ | 6 | 13 | 2 | 21 | 17 | 521 |
| CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES | + | 15 | 18 | 8 | 41 | 83 | 849 |
| CASE WESTERN RESERVE | + | 15 | 20 | 10 | 45 | 24 | 626 |
| CHICAGO | b+ | 10 | 16 | 5 | 31 | 28 | 1,391 |
| CINCINNATI | + | 9 | 8 | 6 | 23 | 14 | 336 |
| COLORADO | b | 8 | 8 | 2 | 18 | 60 | 817 |
| COLUMBIA | + | 18 | 29 | 13 | 60 | 50 | 555 |
| CONNECTICUT | G | 12 | 15 | 6 | 32 | 0 | 0 |
| CORNELL | + | 6 | 18 | 7 | 31 | 214 | 3,730 |
| DUKE | G+ | 10 | 15 | 5 | 30 | U/A | U/A |
| EMORY | + | 9 | 12 | 6 | 27 | 64 | 605 |
| FLORIDA | G+ | 11 | 18 | 41 | 70 | 50 | 1,000 |
| FLORIDA STATE |  | 10 | 8 | 8 | 26 | 80 | 1,478 |
| GEORGE WASHINGTON | Bb+ | 19 | 17 | 7 | 43 | U/A | U/A |
| GEORGETOWN | b | 23 | 43 | 16 | 82 | 290 | 4,864 |
| HARVARD | + | 43 | 58 | 6 | 107 | 350 | 4,750 |
| HAWAII | b+ | 5 | 4 | 6 | 15 | 12 | 243 |
| HOUSTON | + | 10 | 9 | 9 | 28 | 27 | 842 |
| HOWARD | + | 9 | 7 | 6 | 22 | 18 | 250 |
| ILLINOIS, URBANA | + | 2 | 9 | 4 | 15 | 27 | 335 |
| INDIANA | + | 11 | 9 | 6 | 26 | 245 | 4,967 |
| IOWA | Gb+ | 13 | 15 | 7 | 35 | 145 | 913 |
| KANSAS | b | 5 | 7 | 15 | 27 | 43 | 440 |
| KENTUCKY |  | 8 | 7 | 5 | 20 | 190 | 3,551 |
| LOUISIANA STATE | G+ | 10 | 11 | 6 | 27 | 35 | 1,502 |
| MCGILL | b+ | 6 | 8 | 1 | 15 | 59 | 396 |
| MANITOBA | G+ | 3 | 7 | 1 | 11 | 18 | 187 |
| MIAMI |  | 13 | 15 | 6 | 34 | 142 | 2,950 |
| MICHIGAN | + | 12 | 33 | 13 | 58 | 55 | 1,410 |
| MINNESOTA | b+ | 13 | 16 | 7 | 36 | 62 | 1,070 |
| MISSOURI | b | 7 | 8 | 3 | 18 | 125 | 1,250 |
| NEBRASKA | + | 7 | 7 | 4 | 18 | 77 | 1,201 |
| NEW MEXICO | + | 6 | 14 | 5 | 25 | 63 | 575 |
| NEW YORK | G | 17 | 26 | 7 | 50 | 52 | 570 |
| NORTH CAROLINA |  | 10 | 10 | 4 | 24 | 70 | 904 |

[^5]ARL Law Library Data Tables 1999-2000
Table 3: Personnel and Public Services

| Reference | Initial | Total | Total Items | Total Items |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Transactions* | Circulation | Circulation | Loaned | Borrowed |
|  | Transactions | Transactions | (ILL) | (ILL/DD) |

(34)
(35)
(36)
(37)
(38)
(Survey Question \#)
INSTITUTION

| 4,526 | 7,600 | 9,279 | 345 | 150 | ALABAMA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6,244 | 22,097 | 27,066 | 2,589 | 247 | ALBERTA |
| 6,093 | 2,289 | U/A | 41 | 173 | ARIZONA |
| 14,170 | 13,486 | 15,654 | 734 | 492 | ARIZONA STATE |
| U/A | 10,701 | 27,179 | 387 | 605 | BOSTON |
| 21,000 | 614 | 852 | 172 | 271 | BRIGHAM YOUNG |
| 0 | 18,012 | 34,582 | 171 | 166 | CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY |
| 7,200 | 12,000 | 14,500 | 392 | 599 | CALIFORNIA, DAVIS |
| 8,777 | U/A | 11,753 | 1,236 | 1,856 | CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES |
| U/A | 5,630 | 11,318 | 1,022 | 629 | CASE WESTERN RESERVE |
| 6,762 | 22,583 | 31,377 | 148 | 1,051 | CHICAGO |
| 16,277 | 8,604 | 11,246 | 428 | 270 | CINCINNATI |
| 5,485 | 7,458 | 9,473 | 881 | 684 | COLORADO |
| 280 | 24,160 | 33,130 | 6,033 | 985 | COLUMBIA |
| 11,340 | U/A | 15,941 | 1,999 | 1,371 | CONNECTICUT |
| 5,876 | U/A | 25,857 | 839 | 419 | CORNELL |
| 4,561 | 18,332 | 35,326 | 986 | 1,038 | DUKE |
| 5,147 | 6,805 | 10,918 | 610 | 1,192 | EMORY |
| U/A | 23,178 | 28,171 | 248 | 60 | FLORIDA |
| 6,924 | 9,940 | 14,237 | 3,049 | 347 | FLORIDA STATE |
| U/A | 7,825 | 14,367 | 3,170 | 2,031 | GEORGE WASHINGTON |
| 21,216 | 19,220 | 44,784 | 4,800 | 2,886 | GEORGETOWN |
| 1,500 | 23,861 | 29,881 | 1,612 | 2,105 | HARVARD |
| 3,640 | 3,989 | 4,916 | 10 | 20 | HAWAII |
| 4,236 | 2,517 | 4,378 | 432 | 333 | HOUSTON |
| U/A | 1,263 | 1,437 | 1,988 | 4,166 | HOWARD |
| 3,111 | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | ILLINOIS, URBANA |
| 74,568 | U/A | U/A | 1,875 | 418 | INDIANA |
| 13,416 | 23,853 | 27,092 | 1,943 | 956 | IOWA |
| 6,980 | 5,500 | 6,500 | 1,329 | 351 | KANSAS |
| U/A | 3,057 | 8,011 | 247 | 206 | KENTUCKY |
| 8,669 | 7,913 | 10,693 | 291 | 142 | LOUISIANA STATE |
| 13,754 | 15,048 | 27,295 | 500 | 404 | MCGILL |
| 7,063 | U/A | 60,747 | 526 | 438 | MANITOBA |
| 19,176 | 6,316 | 25,861 | 502 | 1,318 | MIAMI |
| 5,276 | 40,040 | 57,829 | 413 | 1,132 | MICHIGAN |
| 8,372 | 12,429 | 15,731 | 4,189 | 318 | MINNESOTA |
| 4,552 | 5,677 | 6,567 | 944 | 687 | MISSOURI |
| 3,954 | 4,332 | 9,800 | 220 | 331 | NEBRASKA |
| 8,700 | 6,200 | 13,500 | 353 | 496 | NEW MEXICO |
| 12,200 | 14,964 | 30,898 | 662 | 1,236 | NEW YORK |
| 17,068 | 3,679 | 4,839 | 505 | 165 | NORTH CAROLINA |

[^6]
## ARL LAW Library Data Tables 1999-2000

Table 3: Personnel and Public Services

|  |  | Professional Staff (FTE) | Support Staff (FTE) | Student Assistants (FTE) | Total <br> Staff <br> (FTE) | Library <br> Presentations to Groups * | Participants in Group Presentations * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Survey Question \#) |  | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) | (32) | (33) |
| INSTITUTION | Notes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NORTHWESTERN | + | 13 | 17 | 1 | 31 | 139 | 2,071 |
| NOTRE DAME | + | 10 | 14 | 7 | 31 | U/A | U/A |
| OHIO STATE | b+ | 9 | 10 | 5 | 24 | 175 | 784 |
| OKLAHOMA | b+ | 6 | 8 | 3 | 17 | 18 | 430 |
| OREGON |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 15 | U/A | U/A |
| PENNSYLVANIA | + | 17 | 21 | 5 | 43 | 112 | 1,449 |
| PENNSYLVANIA STATE | G | 7 | 7 | 6 | 20 | 221 | 618 |
| PITTSBURGH | G | 7 | 10 | 2 | 19 | 16 | 294 |
| QUEEN'S | Gb+ | 3 | 8 | 2 | 13 | 158 | 3,989 |
| RUTGERS, CAMDEN | + | 7 | 13 | 2 | 22 | 4 | 56 |
| RUTGERS, NEWARK | + | 10 | 13 | 1 | 24 | U/A | U/A |
| SASKATCHEWAN | + | 2 | 7 | 1 | 10 | 18 | 477 |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | + | 10 | 9 | 5 | 24 | 50 | 750 |
| SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA | b+ | 10 | 10 | 6 | 26 | 250 | 446 |
| SOUTHERN ILLINOIS | b | 6 | 11 | 5 | 22 | 513 | 554 |
| SUNY-BUFFALO | G+ | 12 | 8 | 8 | 28 | 140 | 2,600 |
| SYRACUSE | + | 8 | 9 | 5 | 22 | 200 | 2,498 |
| TEMPLE | Gb | 10 | 6 | 6 | 22 | 30 | 450 |
| TENNESSEE | G+ | 9 | 14 | 6 | 29 | U/A | U/A |
| TEXAS | + | 20 | 17 | 6 | 43 | 93 | 1,477 |
| TEXAS TECH | + | 4 | 10 | 3 | 17 | 25 | 153 |
| TORONTO | + | 7 | 6 | 4 | 17 | 89 | 881 |
| TULANE | G | 10 | 9 | 8 | 27 | 48 | 620 |
| UTAH |  | 7 | 13 | 7 | 27 | 177 | 2,377 |
| VANDERBILT |  | 8 | 11 | 0 | 19 | 159 | 206 |
| VIRGINIA | b+ | 13 | 17 | 5 | 35 | 46 | 900 |
| WASHINGTON | + | 17 | 17 | 5 | 39 | 101 | 1,444 |
| WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS | + | 8 | 10 | 6 | 24 | 165 | 658 |
| WESTERN ONTARIO | + | 3 | 4 | 1 | 8 | 74 | 2,025 |
| WISCONSIN | b+ | 13 | 7 | 10 | 30 | 144 | 1,101 |
| YALE |  | 17 | 25 | 17 | 59 | 90 | 1,200 |
| YORK | + | 6 | 16 | 3 | 25 | 110 | 1,029 |

## SUMMARY DATA

| High | 43 | 58 | 41 | 107 | 513 | 4,967 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Mean | 10 | 13 | 6 | 30 | 104 | 1,256 |
| Median | 10 | 11 | 6 | 26 | 76 | 846 |
| Low | 2 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 4 | 56 |
| Sum | 754 | 983 | 465 | 2,201 | 6,891 | 82,908 |
| Number of Libraries | 74 | 74 | 73 | 74 | 66 | 66 |

[^7]ARL LAW Library Data Tables 1999-2000
Table 3: Personnel and Public Services

| Reference <br> Transactions * | Initial <br> Circulation <br> Transactions | Total <br> Circulation <br> Transactions | Total Items <br> Loaned <br> (ILL) | Total Items <br> Borrowed (ILL/DD) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) | (38) | (Survey Question \#) |
|  |  |  |  |  | INSTITUTION |
| 11,174 | 13,581 | 16,592 | 3,280 | 2,190 | NORTHWESTERN |
| 4,399 | 6,287 | 9,704 | 914 | 738 | NOTRE DAME |
| 7,903 | 12,783 | 19,421 | 1,169 | 992 | OHIO STATE |
| 3,692 | 1,427 | 3,160 | 184 | 209 | OKLAHOMA |
| U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | U/A | OREGON |
| 11,328 | 16,796 | 21,812 | 166 | 987 | PENNSYLVANIA |
| 9,314 | 5,253 | 9,396 | 1,048 | 455 | PENNSYLVANIA STATE |
| U/A | 10,113 | 12,120 | 493 | 96 | PITTSBURGH |
| 1,664 | 4,521 | 7,958 | 629 | 350 | QUEEN'S |
| 5,741 | 7,130 | 9,194 | 260 | 522 | RUTGERS LAW-CAMDEN |
| 6,500 | 10,342 | 12,901 | 38 | 149 | RUTGERS LAW-NEWARK |
| 4,856 | 9,835 | 13,317 | 418 | 122 | SASKATCHEWAN |
| 16,500 | 7,452 | 7,621 | 144 | 100 | SOUTH CAROLINA |
| 6,240 | 6,251 | 9,339 | 299 | 668 | SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA |
| 1,933 | 5,419 | 7,737 | 758 | 142 | SOUTHERN ILLINOIS |
| 21,500 | 32,201 | 36,176 | 847 | 636 | SUNY-BUFFALO |
| 13,091 | 5,278 | 7,781 | 324 | 176 | SYRACUSE |
| 22,000 | 4,000 | 4,700 | 122 | 42 | TEMPLE |
| U/A | U/A | U/A | 301 | 89 | TENNESSEE |
| 9,018 | 12,788 | 28,584 | 1,041 | 506 | TEXAS |
| U/A | 2,196 | 8,534 | 455 | 362 | TEXAS TECH |
| 588 | 15,938 | 26,331 | 1,887 | 307 | TORONTO |
| 6,450 | 4,280 | 5,942 | 206 | 585 | TULANE |
| 24,180 | 14,556 | 20,859 | 682 | 347 | UTAH |
| 25,000 | 9,476 | 11,578 | 362 | 127 | VANDERBILT |
| 27,400 | 29,089 | 37,184 | 1,587 | 889 | VIRGINIA |
| U/A | 21,046 | 28,365 | 1,445 | 495 | WASHINGTON |
| 4,759 | U/A | 16,480 | 238 | 918 | WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS |
| 5,604 | 8,412 | 9,843 | 259 | U/A | WESTERN ONTARIO |
| 15,615 | 9,605 | 11,461 | 1,480 | 382 | WISCONSIN |
| 5,800 | 17,363 | 26,778 | 1,038 | 1,300 | YALE |
| 9,535 | 31,465 | 33,783 | 1,460 | 582 | YORK |

## SUMMARY DATA

| 74,568 | 40,040 | 60,747 | 6,033 | 4,166 | High |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 10,482 | 11,632 | 18,082 | 1,005 | 679 | Mean |
| 7,022 | 9,476 | 13,500 | 568 | 455 | Median |
| 280 | 614 | 852 | 10 | 20 | Low |
| 649,897 | 756,055 | $1,247,636$ | 72,355 | 48,207 | Sum |
| 62 | 65 | 69 | 72 | 71 | Number of Libraries |

[^8]Footnotes may also include errata and corrections to data not previously reported from prior years. Numbers in parentheses refer to columns in Library Data Tables and to Questionnaire numbers.

| INSTITUTION | QUESTION <br> NUMBER | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALABAMA |  | All figures are as of September 30, 2000. |
|  | 18 | The library does not separate expenditures for audiovisual materials and microforms; these costs are included in monographs expenditures (16). |
|  | 26 | Includes bibliographic utilities, membership (except CRL), and literature searching. |
| ALBERTA |  | All figures are as of March 31, 2000. |
|  | 5,6 | Figures cannot be disaggregated from total serials received (7). |
|  | 16-27 | Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$228,400; (17) \$832,100; (18) U/A; (19) U/A; (20) \$1,060,500; (21) \$14,100; (22) U/A; (23) U/A; (24) U/A; (25) \$562,147; (26) U/A; (27) \$1,636,747. |
|  | 17 | Expenditure includes electronic formats. |
| ARIZONA | 4 | Figure reflects titles purchased, not volumes purchased. |
|  | 18 | Figure could not be disaggregated from current serials expenditures (17). |
|  | 19 | Includes electronic resources (\$67,132) and bibliographic utilities (\$5,550). |
| BOSTON | 5,6 | Separate statistics for purchases versus gifts/exchange/depository are not kept. |
|  | 19 | Includes bibliographic services $(\$ 24,120)$ and online databases such as LEXIS/NEXIS, Westlaw, etc. $(\$ 76,677)$. |
| BRIGHAM YOUNG |  | All figures are as of August 31, 2000. The fiscal year for BYU has changed to January 1 December 31, which will be used in subsequent reports. |
|  | 4 | Figure reflects number of titles only. |
|  | 14-15 | Total number of audiovisual materials is 1,286. Figures for separate categories cannot be disaggregated. |
|  | 35-36 | Circulations transactions were estimated in 1998-99. Current figures are the result of an actual report. |
| CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY | 19 | Included in monograph expenditures (16). |
| CALIFORNIA, DAVIS | 19 | Includes \$54,446 in LEXIS and Westlaw expenditures. |
|  | 34 | Figure based on sampling. |
| CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES | 30 | Student FTE calculated based on an average student salary of \$13,000. |
| CASE WESTERN RESERVE | 6 | Includes electronic journals also reported in the Main library statistics. |


| INSTITUTION | Question <br> Number | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CHICAGO | 37-38 | Figures represent items, not requests. |
| CINCINNATI |  | Volumes held June 30, 1999 revised to 254,720. |
|  | 29 | Figure is rounded from 7.5. |
|  | 31 | Figure is rounded from 22.5. |
| COLUMBIA | 18, 19 | Included in monograph expenditures (17). |
| CORNELL | 36 | Includes reserves. Does not include database searches. |
| DUKE | 35,36 | Include reserves; separate reserve statistics unavailable. |
| EMORY | 9 | Includes uncataloged government documents in Law library (pieces). |
|  | 16-27 | Figures are as of August 31, 2000. |
| FLORIDA |  | Volumes held June 30, 1999 revised to 331,189. |
|  | 18 | Includes electronic serials only. |
|  | 19 | Includes microforms $(\$ 67,812)$, machine-readable files $(\$ 4,500)$, and audio media formats $(\$ 7,112)$. |
|  | 21 | Includes binding ( $\$ 15,981$ ) and other preservation expenditures $(\$ 3,949)$. |
|  | 26 | Total figure cannot be determined. The College of Law handles all operating expenditures and does not track the library separately. The figure represents expenditures for furniture, equipment, postage, and ILL only. |
| GEORGE WASHINGTON | 19 | Figure represents expenditures for bibliographic utility. |
| HARVARD | 23 | Salaries reflect both support and casual wages. |
|  | 29 | Count reflects both support and casual staff. |
|  | 34 | Average number of reference transactions per week. |
| HAWAII | 28 | Includes 0.11 FTE casual-hire librarian. |
| HOUSTON |  | All figures are as of August 31, 2000. |
|  | 32-34 | Figures based on sampling. |
| HOWARD | 4 | Figure represents titles. |
|  | 19 | Includes: online databases (\$89,789); ILL expenses (\$58); and computer bibliographic services $(\$ 15,026)$. |
| ILLINOIS, URBANA | 18 | Microforms expenditures included in (16) and (17). |


| INSTITUTION | QUESTION <br> NuMber | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 19 | Figure represents expenditures for Westlaw and LEXIS/NEXIS. |
| INDIANA | 19 | Includes expenditures for OCLC $(\$ 9,700)$ and LEXIS-NEXIS and Westlaw $(\$ 69,439)$. |
| IOWA | 4 | Figure is estimated. |
|  | 18 | Includes microserials. |
|  | 19 | Includes databases. |
|  | 22 | Excludes salary for . 50 FTE Associate Dean of Research. |
|  | 31 | Excludes . 50 FTE Associate Dean of Research. |
|  | 34 | Based on two weekly surveys taken each year. |
| LOUISIANA STATE | 4 | 1998-99 figure revised to 2,504. |
|  | 5-7 | This is a new actual count of serial subscriptions and titles derived from an electronic report. This count should be more accurate than previous counts. |
|  | 35,36 | Reserves cannot be excluded. |
| McGILL |  | All figures are as of May 31, 2000. |
|  | 4,16 | Includes all numbered monograph series. |
|  | 16-27 | Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$78,003; (17) \$633,908; (18) U/A; (19) \$0; (20) \$711,911; (21) \$12,500; (22) \$331,453; (23) \$203,489; (24) \$32,671; (25) \$567,613; (26) \$18,868; (27) \$1,310,892. |
|  | 18 | Cannot disaggregate from other categories. |
| MANITOBA |  | All figures are as of March 31, 2000. |
|  | 16-27 | Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$35,505; (17) \$408,021; (18) U/A; (19) \$29,933; (20) \$473,459; (21) \$3,945; (22) \$162,021; (23) \$219,099; (24) \$17,970; (25) \$399,090; (26) \$68,988; (27) \$945,482. |
| MICHIGAN |  | Volumes held June 30, 1999 revised to 631,567. |
|  | 19 | Includes ILL charges (\$928), DIALOG database charges $(\$ 2,655)$, and deacidification expenses $(\$ 39,149)$. |
|  | 29 | Includes 2.0 FTE hired for a 2-year special project. |
|  | 35,36 | Circulations include reserves. |
| MINNESOTA | 4 | Figure reflects titles, not volumes. |
|  | 13-15 | Audiovisual materials cannot be disaggregated into categories. Total is 1,183. |
|  | 35,36 | Figures reflect system count only; manual circulation count is unavailable. |
| NEBRASKA | 7,8 | Includes government documents. |


| INSTITUTION | Question <br> Number | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEW MEXICO | 21 | Figure is significantly higher than in 1998-99 due to a special project. |
| NORTHWESTERN |  | All figures are as of August 31, 2000. |
|  | 28 | Of the 13 professional staff reported, two are non-librarian professional exempt staff. |
| NOTRE DAME |  | Volumes held June 30, 1999 revised to 268,118. |
| OHIO STATE |  | Volume count is a combination of physical and bibliographic methods. |
| OKLAHOMA |  | Volumes held June 30, 1999 revised to 188,652. |
|  |  | 1997-98 volume count was erroneously reported as physical. |
| PENNSYLVANIA | 19 | Includes expenditures for electronic indexes, reference databases, CD-ROMs, and memberships for receipt of publications. |
| QUEEN'S |  | All figures are as of April 30, 2000. |
|  | 4 | Figure represents purchased volumes received. 1998-99 figure revised to 748. |
|  | 5-7 | Figures represent a title count. |
|  | 16-27 | Expenditures reported in Canadian dollars were: (16) \$56,448; (17) \$548,759; (18) 0; (19) $0 ;(20) \$ 605,207 ; ~(21) \$ 10,787 ;(22) \$ 152,609 ;(23) \$ 259,589 ;(24) \$ 32,140 ;(25) \$ 444,338 ;(26)$ $\$ 8,633 ;(27) \$ 1,068,965 .$ |
|  | 18 | Included in serial expenditures (17). |
| RUTGERS, CAMDEN | 12-15 | Audiovisual materials cannot be disaggregated into categories. Total is 251. |
| RUTGERS, NEWARK | 12-15 | Audiovisual materials cannot be disaggregated into categories. Total is 984. |
| SASKATCHEWAN |  | All figures are as of April 30, 2000. |
|  |  | Volumes held June 30, 1999 revised to 157,867. |
|  | 18 | Included in monograph expenditures (16). |
| SOUTH CAROLINA | 32,33 | Figure based on sampling. |
| SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA | 34 | Decrease due to incorrect figure submitted in 1998-99. |
| SUNY-BUFFALO | 6 | Increase is due to the addition of 40 electronic titles, not previously counted here. |
|  | 17 | Includes serials in non-print format (\$82,673). |
|  | 19 | Includes Westlaw and LEXIS-NEXIS subscriptions. |
| SYRACUSE | 8 | Represents microforms reported in physical units. Prior to 1998-99, microforms were |


| INSTITUTION | QUESTION <br> NUMBER | NOTE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | reported in "volume equivalents." |
|  | 17 | Includes microform serials as reported to ABA. |
| TENNESSEE | 19 | Includes \$18,476 for bibliographic utilities costs. |
| TEXAS |  | All figures are as of August 31, 2000. |
| TEXAS TECH |  | All figures are as of August 31, 2000. |
|  | 34 | Data not collected. |
|  | 35,36 | Based on incomplete statistics. |
| TORONTO |  | All figures are as of April 30, 2000. |
| VIRGINIA | 5-7 | Includes monographic series and government documents. |
|  | 22-25 | Includes fringe benefits. |
| WASHINGTON | 22 | Includes all librarians, the Head Law Librarian, and professional staff. |
|  | 28 | Includes 1.00 FTE Head Law librarian (faculty status), 2.85 FTE part time staff and 1.00 FTE professional staff. |
| WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS | 5-7 | Unable to disaggregate non-purchased serials. |
| WESTERN ONTARIO |  | All figures are as of April 30, 2000. |
|  |  | Volumes held April 30, 1999 revised to 177,873 to include 310 previously uncounted volumes. |
|  | 16-27 | Figures reported in Canadian dollars: (16) \$73,938; (17) \$451,269; (18) U/A; (19) U/A; (20) \$525,207; (21) \$13,818; (22) U/A; (23) U/A; (24) U/A; (25) \$265,077; (26) \$8,217; (27) \$812,319. |
|  | 35,36 | Circulation counts in previous years included reserves. In 1999-2000 reserve circulations were separated for the first time. Therefore, the circulation count will be inconsistent with those from previous years. |
|  | 37-38 | Document delivery figure given represents number of faxes sent directly by Law library. ILL requests are handled separately through a central library ILL office. |
| WISCONSIN | 5-7 | Excludes electronic serials. |
|  | 19 | Includes postage capitalized for collection. |
| YORK |  | All figures are as at April 30, 2000. |

$\qquad$

## ARL Academic Law Library STATISTICS QUESTIONNAIRE, 1999-2000

Please do not leave any lines blank. If an exact figure is unavailable, use "-1" (that is, "U/A"). If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use " 0 ."

Reporting Institution $\qquad$ Date Returned to ARL $\qquad$
Report Prepared by (name) $\qquad$
Title $\qquad$
Email address $\qquad$ Phone number $\qquad$
Contact person (if different) $\qquad$
Title $\qquad$
Email address $\qquad$ Phone number $\qquad$

## COLLECTIONS

Volumes in Library: (See instruction Q1-4.)
1a. Volumes held June 30, 1999.
(Exclude microforms, uncataloged govt. docs., maps, a/v material.
Record figure reported last year or footnote adjusted figure on p. 4.)
2. Volumes added during year -- Gross. (See instruction Q2.)
(Exclude microforms, uncataloged govt. docs., maps, a/v material.)

2a. Volumes withdrawn during year.
(Exclude microforms, uncataloged govt. docs., maps, a/v material.)
3. Volumes added during year -- Net. (Subtract line 2a from line 2.)

1. Volumes held June 30, 2000. (Add line 1a to line 3.)
2. Number of monographic volumes purchased. (See instruction Q4.) (Volumes for which expenditures are reported on line 16. Footnote if titles.)

Serials: (See instruction Q5-7.)
5. Number of current serials, including periodicals, purchased . $\qquad$
6. Number of current serials, including periodicals, received but not purchased. (Exchanges, gifts, deposits, etc.) (See instruction Q6.)
7. Total number of current serials received. (Add line 5 to line 6.)
$\qquad$
(ARL Academic Law Library Statistics Questionnaire 1999-2000, page 2)

## COLLECTIONS (cont'd.)

Other Library Materials: Total number of pieces held June 30, 2000:
8. Microform units. (See instruction Q8.)
9. Government documents not counted elsewhere. (See instruction Q9.)
10. Computer files. (See instruction Q10.)
11. Manuscripts and archives (linear ft.). (See instruction Q11.)

## Audiovisual materials:

12. Cartographic.
(See instruction Q12.) $\qquad$
13. Graphic.
(See instruction Q13.)
14. Audio. (See instruction Q14.) $\qquad$
15. Film and Video.
(See instruction Q15.)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

EXPENDITURES (See instruction Q16-27.)
Reported in Canadian dollars? $\qquad$ Yes. $\qquad$ No.

## Library Materials:

16. Monographs. (Expenditures for volumes reported on line 4.) (See instruction Q16.)
17. Current serials including periodicals. (See instruction Q17.)
18. Other library materials (e.g., microforms, a/v, etc.). (See instruction Q18.)
19. Miscellaneous. (All materials fund expenditures not included above.) (See instruction Q19.)
20. Total library materials. (Add lines $16,17,18,19$.)
21. Contract binding: (See instruction Q21.)

Salaries and Wages: (See instruction Q22-25.)
22. Professional staff.
23. Support staff.
24. Student assistants. (See instruction Q24-25.)
25. Total salaries and wages. (Add lines 22, 23, 24.)
26. Other operating expenditures: (See instruction Q26.)
27. Total library expenditures: (Add lines 20, 21, 25, 26.)
$\qquad$
(ARL Academic Law Library Statistics Questionnaire 1999-2000, page 3)

PERSONNEL (See instruction Q28-31. Round figures to nearest whole number.)
28. Professional staff, FTE. (See instruction Q28.)
29. Support staff, FTE. $\qquad$
30. Student assistants, FTE. (See instruction Q30.) $\qquad$
31. Total FTE staff. (Add lines 28, 29, 30.)

INSTRUCTION (See instruction Q32-33.)
32. Number of library presentations to groups. (See instruction Q32.)

Figure based on sampling? $\qquad$ Yes. $\qquad$ No.
33. Number of total participants in group presentations reported on line 32. (See instruction Q33.)

Figure based on sampling? $\qquad$ Yes. $\qquad$ No.

## REFERENCE

34. Number of reference transactions. (See instruction Q34.)

Figure based on sampling? $\qquad$ Yes. $\qquad$ No.

CIRCULATION (See instruction Q35-37.)
35. Number of initial circulations (excluding reserves).
36. Total circulations (initial and renewals, excluding reserves).

Figure for reserves no longer reported.

## The following questions have been re-numbered.

INTERLIBRARY LOANS (See instruction Q37-38.)
37. Total number of filled requests for materials provided to other libraries.
38. Total number of filled requests for materials received from other libraries of providers.
$\qquad$
(ARL Academic Law Library Statistics Questionnaire 1999-2000, page 4)

## LOCAL CHARACTERISTICS or ATTRIBUTES

46. Basis of volume count is: ___ Physical
47. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials: $\qquad$ Yes. $\qquad$ No.
48. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages: $\qquad$ Yes. $\qquad$ No.
49. Other main campus law libraries included: [list in "Footnotes" below].
50. Branch Campus Law Libraries. (See paragraph six of the General Instructions.)

Figures include branch CAMPUS law libraries: $\qquad$ Yes. $\qquad$ No. $\qquad$ We have only one campus.

If branch campus law libraries are included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.

If branch campus law libraries are not included, please specify which campuses in "Footnotes" below.

FOOTNOTES (See instruction Q53.)
53. Footnotes as published in the ARL Academic Law and Medical Library Statistics 1998-99.

For your convenience, a copy of your library's footnotes as they appear in the published ARL Academic Law and Medical Library Statistics 1998-99 is attached. Please indicate revisions, additions, and deletions as appropriate. If any footnotes published last year are unchanged, please mark them to indicate that they are still valid.

Please return a printed version of the completed questionnaire in addition to the Web version to the ARL Statistics and Measurement Program by October 31, 2000.

Please contact Martha Kyrillidou at (202) 296-2296 or martha@arl.org for assistance.

# ARL STATISTICS QUESTIONNAIRE, 1999-2000 <br> INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE QUESTIONNAIRE 

## General Instructions

Please enter your data on the ARL Statistics Website (access via [http://www.arl.org/stats/coordinator.html](http://www.arl.org/stats/coordinator.html)) and provide a paper copy to use for data verification.

Definitions of the statistical categories used in this questionnaire can be found in Library Statistics, ANSI/NISO Z39.7-1995. (Bethesda, MD: NISO Press, 1997.)

The questionnaire assumes a fiscal year ending June 30, 1999. If your fiscal year is different, please provide a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

Please do not use decimals. All figures should be rounded to the nearest whole number.
Please do not leave any lines blank. If an exact figure is unavailable, use -1, i.e., "U/A." If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use $\mathbf{0}$. For non-university libraries, if a question is not applicable to your library, use -2, i.e., "N/A." (Academic libraries should never use -2.)

In a university that includes both main and branch campuses, an effort should be made to report figures for the main campus only. (The U.S. National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) defines a branch institution as "a campus or site of an educational institution that is not temporary, is located in a community beyond a reasonable commuting distance from its parent institution, and offers organized programs of study, not just courses.") If figures for libraries located at branch campuses are reported, please provide an explanation in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

A branch library is defined as an auxiliary library service outlet with quarters separate from the central library of an institution, which has a basic collection of books and other materials, a regular staffing level, and an established schedule. A branch library is administered either by the central library or (as in the case of some law and medical libraries) through the administrative structure of other units within the university. Departmental study/reading rooms are not included.

## Specific Instructions

Questions 1-4. Volumes in Library. Use the ANSI/NISO Z39.7-1995 definition for volume as follows:
a single physical unit of any printed, typewritten, handwritten, mimeographed, or processed work, distinguished from other units by a separate binding, encasement, portfolio, or other clear distinction, which has been cataloged, classified, and made ready for use, and which is typically the unit used to charge circulation transactions.

Include duplicates and bound volumes of periodicals. For purposes of this questionnaire, unclassified bound serials arranged in alphabetical order are considered classified. Exclude microforms, maps, nonprint materials, and uncataloged items. If any of these items cannot be excluded, please provide an explanatory footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

Include government document volumes that are accessible through the library's catalogs regardless of whether they are separately shelved. "Classified" includes documents arranged by Superintendent of Documents, CODOC, or similar numbers. "Cataloged" includes documents for which records are provided by the library or downloaded from other sources into the library's card or online catalogs. Documents should, to the extent possible, be counted as they would if they were in bound volumes (e.g., 12 issues of an annual serial would be one or two volumes). Title and piece counts should not be considered the same as volume counts. If a volume count has not been kept, it may be estimated through sampling a representative group of title records and determining the corresponding number of volumes, then extrapolating to the rest of the collection. As an alternative, an estimate may be made using the following formulae:

## 52 documents pieces per foot

10 "traditional" volumes per foot
5.2 documents pieces per volume

If either formulas or sampling are used for deriving your count, please indicate in a footnote.
Question 2. Volumes Added. Include only volumes cataloged, classified, and made ready for use. Include government documents if they have been included in the count of volumes on line 1a. Do not include as part of Volumes Added Gross any government documents or other collections (such as large gift collections) that were added to the collection as the result of a one time download or addition to the OPAC. Include these items in Volumes Held of the previous year (Line 1a) and provide a footnote explaining the revision of Line 1a.

Question 4. Monographic Volumes Purchased. Report number of volumes purchased. Include all volumes for which an expenditure was made during 1999-2000, including volumes paid for in advance but not received during the fiscal year. Include monographs in series and continuations. If only number of titles purchased can be reported, please report the data and provide an explanatory footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire. Note: This question is concerned with volumes purchased rather than volumes received or cataloged. Question 16 requests the expenditure for the volumes counted here.

Questions 5-7. Serials. Report the total number of subscriptions, not titles. Include duplicate subscriptions and, to the extent possible, all government document serials even if housed in a separate documents collection. Verify the inclusion or exclusion of document serials in Question 48 of the questionnaire. Exclude unnumbered monographic and publishers' series. Electronic serials acquired as part of an aggregated package (e.g., Project MUSE, Academic IDEAL) should be counted by title. A serial is

> a publication in any medium issued in successive parts bearing numerical or chronological designations and intended to be continued indefinitely. This definition includes periodicals, newspapers, and annuals (reports, yearbooks, etc.); the journals, memoirs, proceedings, transactions, etc. of societies; and numbered monographic series.

Question 6. Serials: Not Purchased. If separate counts of nonpurchased and purchased serials are not available, report only the total number of current serials received on line 7 , and report $\mathbf{- 1}$, i.e., "U/A," for lines 5 and 6.

Question 8. Microforms. Report the total number of physical units: reels of microfilm, microcards, and microprint and microfiche sheets. Include all government documents in microform; provide a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire if documents are excluded.

Question 9. Government documents. Report the total number of physical units (pieces) of government documents in paper format that have not been counted elsewhere. Include local, state, national, and international documents; include documents purchased from a commercial source if shelved with separate documents collections and not counted above. Include serials and monographs. To estimate pieces from a measurement of linear feet, use the formula 1 foot $=52$ pieces and indicate in a footnote that the count is based on this estimate. Exclude microforms and nonprint formats such as maps or CD-ROMs. Adjust line 1a, i.e., last year's Volumes Held, and provide a footnote if you are adding records to the OPAC for government documents previously held but not counted as part of Volumes Held (line 1a).

Question 10. Computer files. Include the number of pieces of computer-readable disks, tapes, CD-ROMs, and similar machine-readable files comprising data or programs that are locally held as part of the library's collections available to library clients. Examples are U.S. Census data tapes, sample research software, locally-mounted databases, and reference tools on CD-ROM, tape or disk. Exclude bibliographic records used to manage the collection (i.e., the library's own catalog in machine-readable form), library system software, and microcomputer software used only by the library staff.

Question 11. Manuscripts and archives. Include both manuscripts and archives measured in linear feet.
Question 12. Cartographic materials. Include the numbers of pieces of two- and three-dimensional maps and globes. Include satellite and aerial photographs and images.

Question 13. Graphic materials. Include the number of pieces of prints, pictures, photographs, postcards, slides, transparencies, film strips, and the like.

Question 14. Audio materials. Include the number of pieces of audio cassettes, phonodiscs, audio compact discs, reel-toreel tapes, and other sound recordings.

Question 15. Film and video materials. Include the number of pieces of motion pictures, video cassettes, video laser discs, and similar visual materials.

Questions 16-27. Expenditures. Report all expenditures of funds that come to the library from the regular institutional budget, and from sources such as research grants, special projects, gifts and endowments, and fees for service. (For question 25 include non-library funds; see instruction Q24-25.) Do not report encumbrances of funds that have not yet been expended. Canadian libraries should report expenditures in Canadian dollars. (To determine figures in U.S. dollars, divide Canadian dollar amounts by 1.47192 , the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the Bank of Canada Review for the period July 1999-June 2000.) Please round figures to the nearest dollar.

Question 16. Monographs. Report expenditures for volumes counted on line 4.
Question 17. Current Serials. Report expenditures for serials counted on line 5. Exclude unnumbered monographic and publishers' series, and encumbrances.

Question 18. Other library materials. Include expenditures for all materials not reported in Questions 16 and 17, e.g., backfiles of serials, charts and maps, audiovisual materials, manuscripts, etc. If expenditures for these materials are included in lines 16 and/or 17 and cannot be disaggregated, please report -1, i.e., ""U/A," and provide a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire. Do not include encumbrances.

Question 19. Miscellaneous expenditures. Include any other materials funds expenditures not included in questions 1618, e.g., expenditures for bibliographic utilities, literature searching, security devices, memberships for the purposes of publications, etc. Please list categories, with amounts, in a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire. Note: If your library does not use materials funds for non-materials expenditures-i.e., such expenditures are included in "Other Operating Expenditures"-report 0, not -1, i.e., "U/A," on line 19.

Question 21. Contract Binding. Include only contract expenditures for binding done outside the library. If all binding is done in-house, state this fact and give in-house expenditures in a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire; do not include personnel expenditures. (This figure should also be reported in the 1999-2000 ARL Preservation Survey, question 7b.)

Questions 22-25. Salaries and wages. Exclude fringe benefits. If professional and support staff salaries cannot be separated, enter -1, i.e., "U/A," on lines 22 and 23 and enter total staff on line 25.

Questions 24-25. Salaries and wages: Student Assistants. Report 100\% of student wages regardless of budgetary source of funds. Include federal and local funds for work study students.

Question 26. Other operating expenditures. Exclude expenditures for buildings, maintenance, and fringe benefits.
Questions 28-31. Personnel. Report the number of staff in filled positions, or positions that are only temporarily vacant. ARL defines temporarily vacant positions as positions that were vacated during the fiscal year for which ARL data were submitted, for which there is a firm intent to refill, and for which there are expenditures for salaries reported on lines 22-25.

Include cost recovery positions and staff hired for special projects and grants, but provide an explanatory footnote indicating the number of such staff. If such staff cannot be included, provide a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire. To compute full-time equivalents of part-time employees and student assistants, take the total number of hours per week (or year) worked by part-time employees in each category and divide it by the number of hours considered by the reporting library to be a full-time work week (or year). Round figures to the nearest whole numbers.

Question 28. Professional Staff. Since the criteria for determining professional status vary among libraries, there is no attempt to define the term "professional." Each library should report those staff members it considers professional, including, when appropriate, staff who are not librarians in the strict sense of the term, for example computer experts, systems analysts, or budget officers.

Question 30. Student Assistants. Report the total FTE (see instruction Q28-31) of student assistants employed on an hourly basis whose wages are paid from funds under library control or from a budget other than the library's, including federal work-study programs. Exclude maintenance and custodial staff.

Questions 32-33. Instruction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Questions 32 and 33. Please indicate if responses are based on sampling.

Question 32. Presentations to Groups. Report the total number of sessions during the year of presentations made as part of formal bibliographic instruction programs and through other planned class presentations, orientation sessions, and tours. If the library sponsors multi-session or credit courses that meet several times over the course of a semester, each session should be counted. Presentations to groups may be for either bibliographic instruction, cultural, recreational, or educational purposes. Presentations both on and off the premises should be included as long as they are sponsored by the library. Do not include meetings sponsored by other groups using library meeting rooms. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling.

Question 33. Participants in Group Presentations. Report the total number of participants in the presentations reported on line 32. For multi-session classes with a constant enrollment, count each person only once. Personal, one-to-one instruction in the use of sources should be counted as reference transactions on line 34 . Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling. Use the "Footnotes" section to describe any special situations.

Question 34. Reference Transactions. Report the total number of reference transactions. A reference transaction is

> an information contact that involves the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of one or more information sources by a member of the library staff. The term includes information and referral service. Information sources include (a) printed and nonprinted material; (b) machine-readable databases (including computer-assisted instruction); (c) the library's own catalogs and other holdings records; (d) other libraries and institutions through communication or referral; and (e) persons both inside and outside the library. When a staff member uses information gained from previous use of information sources to answer a question, the transaction is reported as a reference transaction even if the source is not consulted again.

If a contact includes both reference and directional services, it should be reported as one reference transaction. Duration should not be an element in determining whether a transaction is a reference transaction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Question 34. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling.

EXCLUDE SIMPLE DIRECTIONAL QUESTIONS. A directional transaction is an information contact that facilitates the logistical use of the library and that does not involve the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of any information sources other than those that describe the library, such as schedules, floor plans, and handbooks.

Questions 35-36. Circulation. For Question 35, count the number of initial circulations during the fiscal year from the general collection for use usually (although not always) outside the library. Do not count renewals. Include circulations to and from remote storage facilities for library users (i.e., do not include transactions reflecting transfers or stages of technical processing). Count the total number of items lent, not the number of borrowers. For Question 36, report total circulation for the fiscal year including initial transactions reported on line 35 and renewal transactions.

## Exclude reserve circulations; these are no longer reported. NOTE: Based on recommendation from the ARL Statistics and Measurement Committee, the question on reserve circulations was removed this year.

Questions 37-38. Interlibrary Loans. Report the number of requests for material (both returnables and non-returnables) provided to other libraries on line 37 and the number of filled requests for material received from libraries or other providers on line 38. On both lines, include originals, photocopies, and materials sent by telefacsimile or other forms of electronic transmission. Include patron-initiated transactions. Do not include transactions between libraries covered by this questionnaire.

Questions 39-40. Ph.D. Degrees. Report the number awarded during the 1999-2000 fiscal year. Please note that only the number of Ph.D. degrees are to be counted. Statistics on all other advanced degrees (e.g., D.Ed., D.P.A., M.D., J.D.) should not be reported in this survey. If you are unable to provide a figure for Ph.D.s only, please add a footnote in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

Question 40. Ph.D. Fields. For the purposes of this report, Ph.D. fields are defined as the specific discipline specialties enumerated in the U.S. Department of Education's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) "Completions"

Survey. Although the IPEDS form requests figures for all doctoral degrees, only fields in which Ph.D.s are awarded should be reported on the ARL questionnaire. Any exceptions should be footnoted in the "Footnotes" section of the questionnaire.

Question 41. Instructional Faculty. Instructional faculty are defined by the U.S. Dept. of Education as

> those members of the instruction/research staff who are employed full-time as defined by the institution, including faculty with released time for research and faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time counts generally exclude faculty who are employed to teach fewer than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions; replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave without pay; faculty for preclinical and clinical medicine; faculty who are donating their services; faculty who are members of military organizations and paid on a different pay scale from civilian employees; academic officers, whose primary duties are administrative; and graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses. Please be sure the number reported, and the basis for counting, are consistent with those for 1998-99 (unless in previous years faculty were counted who should have been excluded according to the above definition). Please footnote any discrepancies.

Questions 42-45. Enrollment. U.S. libraries should use the Fall 1999 enrollment figures reported to the Department of Education on the form entitled "Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System, Fall Enrollment 1999." The line and column numbers on the IPEDS form for each category are noted on the questionnaire. Please check these figures against the enrollment figures reported to ARL last year to ensure consistency and accuracy. Note: In the past, the number of part-time students reported was FTE; the number now reported to IPEDS is a head count of part-time students. Canadian libraries should note that the category "graduate students" as reported here includes all post-baccalaureate students.

Question 46: Basis of Volume Count. A physical count is a piece count; a bibliographic count is a catalog record count.
Question 53. Footnotes. Reporting libraries are urged to record in the footnote section any information that would clarify the figures submitted, e.g., the inclusion of branch campus libraries (see paragraph six of the "General Instructions" for definition of branch campus libraries). Explanatory footnotes will be included with the published statistics. Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly. For your convenience, your footnotes from the ARL Statistics 1998-99 are included in the printed copy of the questionnaire. Please update these notes, delete them, or indicate that they remain valid, and return them to the ARL office. Note that the number in parentheses refers to the appropriate column on the Library Data Tables in the published ARL Statistics, as well as to the corresponding line number on the questionnaire.

Please return a printed version of the completed questionnaire in addition to the Web version to the ARL Statistics and Measurement Program by October 31, 2000.

Please contact Martha Kyrillidou at (202) 296-2296 or martha@arl.org for assistance.

## APPENDIX

## ARL Member Libraries as of December 1, 2001

The Association of Research Libraries (ARL) represents the interests of 123 libraries ${ }^{1}$ that serve major North American research institutions. ARL operates as a forum for the exchange of ideas and as an agent for collective action to influence the forces affecting the ability of these libraries to meet the future needs of scholarship. The ARL Statistics and Measurement program is organized around identifying, collecting, analyzing, and distributing quantifiable information describing the characteristics of research libraries. The program offers publications and special member services, and collaborates with other national and international library statistics programs. Data collected include salaries, library holdings, expenditures, staff, interlibrary lending, and preservation activities.

The members of the Association are:

| Institution | Category | Full Name of Institution | Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | S | University of Alabama | Tuscaloosa, Alabama |
| Alberta | C | University of Alberta | Edmonton, Alberta |
| Arizona | S | University of Arizona | Tucson, Arizona |
| Arizona State | S | Arizona State University | Tempe, Arizona |
| Auburn | S | Auburn University | Auburn, Alabama |
| Boston | P | Boston University | Boston, Massachusetts |
| Boston College | P | Boston College | Boston, Massachusetts |
| Brigham Young | P | Brigham Young University | Provo, Utah |
| British Columbia | C | University of British Columbia | Vancouver, British Columbia |
| Brown | P | Brown University | Providence, Rhode Island |
| California, Berkeley | S | University of California, Berkeley | Berkeley, California |
| California, Davis | S | University of California, Davis | Davis, California |
| California, Irvine | S | University of California, Irvine | Irvine, California |
| California, Los Angeles | S | University of California, Los Angeles | Los Angeles, California |
| California, Riverside | S | University of California, Riverside | Riverside, California |
| California, San Diego | S | University of California, San Diego | La Jolla, California |
| California, Santa Barbara | S | University of California, Santa Barbara | Santa Barbara, California |
| Case Western Reserve | P | Case Western Reserve University | Cleveland, Ohio |
| Chicago | P | University of Chicago | Chicago, Illinois |
| Cincinnati | S | University of Cincinnati | Cincinnati, Ohio |
| Colorado | S | University of Colorado | Boulder, Colorado |
| Colorado State | S | Colorado State University | Fort Collins, Colorado |
| Columbia | P | Columbia University | New York, New York |
| Connecticut | S | University of Connecticut | Storrs, Connecticut |
| Cornell | P | Cornell University | Ithaca, New York |
| Dartmouth | P | Dartmouth College | Hanover, New Hampshire |
| Delaware | S | University of Delaware | Newark, Delaware |
| Duke | P | Duke University | Durham, North Carolina |
| Emory | P | Emory University | Atlanta, Georgia |
| Florida | S | University of Florida | Gainesville, Florida |
| Florida State | S | Florida State University | Tallahassee, Florida |
| George Washington | P | George Washington University | Washington, D.C. |
| Georgetown | P | Georgetown University | Washington, D.C. |
| Georgia | S | University of Georgia | Athens, Georgia |
| Georgia Tech | S | Georgia Institute of Technology | Atlanta, Georgia |
| Guelph | C | University of Guelph | Guelph, Ontario |
| Harvard | P | Harvard University | Cambridge, Massachusetts |
| Hawaii | S | University of Hawaii | Honolulu, Hawaii |
| Houston | S | University of Houston | Houston, Texas |
| Howard | P | Howard University | Washington, D.C. |
| Illinois, Chicago | S | University of Illinois at Chicago | Chicago, Illinois |
| Illinois, Urbana | S | University of Illinois at Urbana | Urbana, Illinois |
| Indiana | S | Indiana University | Bloomington, Indiana |
| Iowa | S | University of Iowa | Iowa City, Iowa |
| Iowa State | S | Iowa State University | Ames, Iowa |
| Johns Hopkins | P | Johns Hopkins University | Baltimore, Maryland |
| Kansas | S | University of Kansas | Lawrence, Kansas |
| Kent State | S | Kent State University | Kent, Ohio |
| Kentucky | S | University of Kentucky | Lexington, Kentucky |
| Laval | C | Laval University | Quebec |
| Louisiana State | S | Louisiana State University | Baton Rouge, Louisiana |
| McGill | C | McGill University | Montreal, Quebec |
| McMaster | C | McMaster University | Hamilton, Ontario |
| Manitoba | C | University of Manitoba | Winnipeg, Manitoba |
| Maryland | S | University of Maryland | College Park, Maryland |
| Massachusetts | S | University of Massachusetts | Amherst, Massachusetts |
| MIT | P | Massachusetts Institute of Technology | Cambridge, Massachusetts |
| Miami | P | University of Miami | Coral Gables, Florida |
| Michigan | S | University of Michigan | Ann Arbor, Michigan |
| Michigan State | S | Michigan State University | East Lansing, Michigan |
| Minnesota | S | University of Minnesota | Minneapolis, Minnesota |

${ }^{1}$ At the time this survey was issued, there were 121 ARL members. Boston College and Montreal joined ARL in 2000 and 2001, respectively.
$\mathrm{S}=$ U.S. public university $\mathrm{P}=$ U.S. private university $\quad \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{U} . S$. nonuniversity library $\quad \mathrm{C}=$ Canadian university $\quad \mathrm{X}=$ Canadian nonuniversity

| Institution | Category | Full Name of Institution | Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Missouri | S | University of Missouri | Columbia, Missouri |
| Montreal | C | Université de Montréal | Montreal, Quebec |
| Nebraska | S | University of Nebraska-Lincoln | Lincoln, Nebraska |
| New Mexico | S | University of New Mexico | Albuquerque, New Mexico |
| New York | P | New York University | New York, New York |
| North Carolina | S | University of North Carolina | Chapel Hill, North Carolina |
| North Carolina State | S | North Carolina State University | Raleigh, North Carolina |
| Northwestern | P | Northwestern University | Evanston, Illinois |
| Notre Dame | P | University of Notre Dame | Notre Dame, Indiana |
| Ohio | S | Ohio University | Athens, Ohio |
| Ohio State | S | Ohio State University | Columbus, Ohio |
| Oklahoma | S | University of Oklahoma | Norman, Oklahoma |
| Oklahoma State | S | Oklahoma State University | Stillwater, Oklahoma |
| Oregon | S | University of Oregon | Eugene, Oregon |
| Pennsylvania | P | University of Pennsylvania | Philadelphia, Pennsylvania |
| Pennsylvania State | S | Pennsylvania State University | University Park, Pennsylvania |
| Pittsburgh | S | University of Pittsburgh | Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania |
| Princeton | P | Princeton University | Princeton, New Jersey |
| Purdue | S | Purdue University | West Lafayette, Indiana |
| Queen's | C | Queen's University | Kingston, Ontario |
| Rice | P | Rice University | Houston, Texas |
| Rochester | P | University of Rochester | Rochester, New York |
| Rutgers | S | Rutgers University | New Brunswick, New Jersey |
| Saskatchewan | C | University of Saskatchewan | Saskatoon, Saskatchewan |
| South Carolina | S | University of South Carolina | Columbia, South Carolina |
| Southern California | P | University of Southern California | Los Angeles, California |
| Southern Illinois | S | Southern Illinois University | Carbondale, Illinois |
| Stanford | P | Stanford University | Stanford, California |
| SUNY-Albany | S | State University of New York at Albany | Albany, New York |
| SUNY-Buffalo | S | State University of New York at Buffalo | Buffalo, New York |
| SUNY-Stony Brook | S | State University of New York at Stony Brook | Stony Brook, New York |
| Syracuse | P | Syracuse University | Syracuse, New York |
| Temple | S | Temple University | Philadelphia, Pennsylvania |
| Tennessee | S | University of Tennessee | Knoxville, Tennessee |
| Texas | S | University of Texas | Austin, Texas |
| Texas A\&M | S | Texas A\&M University | College Station, Texas |
| Texas Tech | S | Texas Tech | Lubbock, Texas |
| Toronto | C | University of Toronto | Toronto, Ontario |
| Tulane | P | Tulane University | New Orleans, Louisiana |
| Utah | S | University of Utah | Salt Lake City, Utah |
| Vanderbilt | P | Vanderbilt University | Nashville, Tennessee |
| Virginia | S | University of Virginia | Charlottesville, Virginia |
| Virginia Tech ${ }^{2}$ | S | Virginia Polytechnic Institute \& State University | Blacksburg, Virginia |
| Washington | S | University of Washington | Seattle, Washington |
| Washington State | S | Washington State University | Pullman, Washington |
| Washington U.-St. Louis | P | Washington University | St. Louis, Missouri |
| Waterloo | C | University of Waterloo | Waterloo, Ontario |
| Wayne State | S | Wayne State University | Detroit, Michigan |
| Western Ontario | C | University of Western Ontario | London, Ontario |
| Wisconsin | S | University of Wisconsin | Madison, Wisconsin |
| Yale | P | Yale University | New Haven, Connecticut |
| York | C | York University | North York, Ontario |
| Boston Public Library | N | Boston Public Library | Boston, Massachusetts |
| Canada Inst. SciTech Info. | X | Canada Institute for Scientific \& Technical Information | Ottawa, Ontario |
| Center for Research Libs. | N | Center for Research Libraries | Chicago, Illinois |
| Library of Congress | N | Library of Congress | Washington, D.C. |
| Natl. Agricultural Lib. | N | National Agricultural Library | Beltsville, Maryland |
| Natl. Library of Canada | X | National Library of Canada | Ottawa, Ontario |
| Natl. Library of Medicine | N | National Library of Medicine | Bethesda, Maryland |
| New York Public Library | N | New York Public Library | New York, New York |
| New York State Library | N | New York State Library | Albany, New York |
| Smithsonian Institution | N | Smithsonian Institution | Washington, D.C. |

[^9]
## ARL AcADEMIC LAW Library Statistics <br> ASSOCIATION OF RESEARCH LIBRARIES 1999-2000


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ This figure reflects ARL university membership at the time the ARL Academic Law and Medical Library Survey 1999-2000 was issued. With Boston College and Montreal joining ARL in 2000 and 2001, respectively, the number of ARL university libraries has grown to 113.
    275 ARL university libraries included data for a Law library in the 1999-2000 ARL Statistics; among them, Boston College, Georgia, Laval,
    Stanford, and Wayne State did not complete this survey. Brigham Young, Colorado, and Hawaii completed this survey but do not include a Law library on the ARL Statistics. Rutgers has two administratively independent Law libraries, which respond separately to this survey; they are aggregated in the ARL Statistics.
    ${ }^{3}$ This figure includes Canadian universities, whose expenditures were converted to U.S. dollars at the rate of 1.47192 Can\$ $=1$ US\$, the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the Bank of Canada Review for the period July 1999-June 2000.

[^1]:    +     - See Footnotes
    G - Government Documents Not Included in Serials Count
    U/A - Unavailable
    B - Includes Branch Campuses
    b-Bibliographic Count

[^2]:    +     - See Footnotes
    G - Government Documents Not Included in Serials Count
    U/A - Unavailable
    B - Includes Branch Campuses
    b-Bibliographic Count

[^3]:    U/A - Unavailable

[^4]:    +     - See Footnotes
    G - Government Documents Not Included in Serials Count
    U/A - Unavailable
    B - Includes Branch Campuses b-Bibliographic Count

[^5]:    +     - See Footnotes
    U/A - Unavailable
    *     - Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

[^6]:    U/A - Unavailable

    *     - Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

[^7]:    +     - See Footnotes U/A - Unavailable
    *     - Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

[^8]:    U/A - Unavailable

    *     - Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

[^9]:    ${ }^{2}$ Abbreviated as VPI \& SU in past ARL surveys.

