

October 15, 2021

### **MEMORANDUM ORDER**

No. <u>66</u> Series of 2021

**SUBJECT:** 

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES WHICH ARE LEFT TO THE DISCRETION OF MANAGEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PHILIPPINE PUBLIC SECTOR ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (PPSAS) AND GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTING MANUAL (GAM)

Due to the recent development and revisions effected in the Revised Chart of Accounts (RCA), there is a need to issue consolidated policies and procedures regarding impairments pertaining to the accounts Property, Plant and Equipment, Loans Receivables, Inter-agency Receivables, Other Receivables and Inventories.

To conform with the RCA per COA Circular No. 2020-001 dated January 8, 2020 and for uniformity in the application, hereunder are the accounting procedures and policies to be implemented in the Department of Agriculture-Office of the Secretary (CO, RFOs and attached bureaus).

<b>PARTICULARS</b>	POLICIES/PROCEDURES	REMARKS
A. Property, Plant and Eq	uipment(PPE)	
Estimated Useful Life for computation of depreciation	The PPE shall be depreciated based on the estimated useful life prescribed in COA Circular No. 2003-007 dated December 11, 2003	The eNGAS adopts the estimated useful life based on the cited circular.
Residual Value	5% salvage value	Embedded in eNGAS
Impairment Allowance	For fully depreciated PPE- the remaining 95% shall be considered the Impairment Allowance.	
	For not fully depreciated PPE – the following approaches shall be used whichever is applicable to the PPE: Replacement Cost Approach Restoration Cost Approach Service Units Approach	Prescribed and illustrated in pages 188-191 of the GAM.
B. Loans Receivables		
Allowance for Impairment (formerly Allowance for Doubtful Accounts)	The determination of bad debts expenses shall be derived from computations based on the following percentages and aging of the receivables as follows:  Age of Accounts Percentage 1-60 days 1% 61-180 days 2% 181-1 year 3%	For facility and simplicity in the computation the procedures embodied in Sec. 66 – Bad Debts of the NGAM prescribed under COA Circular No. 2002-002 dated June 28, 2002 is adopted.

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PARTICULARS	POLICIES/PROCEDURES	REMARKS		
E. Inventories				
E.1. Inventory Held for Sa	ile			
Allowance of Impairment – Merchandise Inventory	Inventories are susceptible to impairment because elements like consumer trends, technological changes, physical deterioration, obsolescence, and declining prices affect the value of inventory. Therefore, the accounting standards allow for a major departure from the historical cost principle to account for inventory.  The Allowance for Impairment shall pertain to any initial or subsequent write-down of obsolete/outdated, spoiled, spilled, shrunk and/or evaporated merchandise inventory compared to <b>net realizable value</b> . This also includes allowable variance	Net realizable value refers to the net amount that an entity expects to realize from the sale of inventory in the ordinary course of operations.  Net realizable value for inventories may not equal fair value less costs to sell.  Refer to Annex A for Illustration on how to determine the Impairment		
	between book and volumetric count of merchandise inventory .			
E.2. Inventory Held for M				
Allowance for Impairment-Raw Materials Inventory  Allowance for Impairment-Work-in- Process Inventory  Allowance for Impairment-Finished Goods Inventory	The Allowance for Impairment shall refer to any initial or subsequent write-down of obsolete/ outdated, spoiled, spilled, shrunk and/ or evaporated work-in-process inventory to fair value less costs to sell.  Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.	PPSAS and GAM allow management to use their judgment based on their experience.  Refer to Annex A for Illustration on how to determine the Impairment		

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PARTICULARS	POLICIES/PROCEDURES	REMARKS
E.4. Inventory Held for Co	onsumption	
Allowance for	Paragraphs 15 and 16 of PPSAS 12	Refer to Annex A for
Impairment-Office	state that "Inventories shall be	Illustration on how to
Supplies Inventory	measured at the lower of cost and <b>net</b>	determine the
	realizable value, except where	Impairment
Allowance for	inventories are acquired through a	
Impairment- Accountable	non-exchange transaction, their cost	
Forms, Plates and	shall be measured at their fair value	
Stickers Inventory	as at the date of acquisition	
Allowance for	For purposes of computing the	
Impairment-Non-	amount of impairment the Current	
Accountable Forms	Replacement Cost (CRC) shall be	
Inventory	considered. The CRC is the cost the	
	entity would incur to acquire the	
Allowance for	inventories on the reporting date.	
Impairment-	The difference hat were the continue	
Animal/Zoological	The difference between the cost per books and the CRC will be treated as	
Supplies Inventory	the Allowance for Impairment.	
Allowance for	the Anowance for impairment.	
Impairment-Food	The Property Unit shall determine the	
Supplies Inventory	CRC of an inventory item at the end of	
supplies inventory	the reporting period which will be	
Allowance for	basis for determining the Allowance	
Impairment-Drugs and	for Impairment.	
Medicines Inventory	•	
Allowance for		
Impairment-Medical,		
Dental and Laboratory		
Supplies Inventory	ı	
Allowance for		
Impairment-Fuel, Oil and		
Lubricants Inventory		120
Allowance for		
Impairment-Agricultural		
and Marine Supplies		
Inventory		
Allowance for		
Impairment-Textbooks		
and Instructional		
Materials Inventory		
Allowenes for		
Allowance for		
Impairment-Military, Police and Traffic		
Supplies Inventory		
oupplies inventory		
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Allowance for

Impairment-Chemical and Filtering Supplies Inventory

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PARTICULARS	POLICIES/PROCEDURES	REMARKS
Allowance for		
Impairment-		
Construction Materials		
Allowance for		
Impairment-Agricultural		
Produce for Consumption		
Allowance for		
Impairment-Aquaculture Produce for Consumption		
Troduce for consumption		
Allowance for		
Impairment-Other		
Supplies and Materials		
Inventory		
E.5. Semi-Expendable Ma	chinery and Equipment	<u> </u>
Allowance for	Impairment of semi-expendable	Refer to Annex A for
Impairment-Semi-	machinery and all equipment refers	Illustration on how to
Expendable Machinery	to any initial or subsequent write-	determine the
	down of cost of the	Impairment
Allowance for	purchased/acquired machinery and	
Impairment-Semi-	all equipment costing less than the	
Expendable Office	prescribed capitalization threshold	
Equipment	due to obsolescence, fortuitous	
	events, pests and other similar	
Allowance for	infestations.	
Impairment-Semi-	For anymore of commuting the	
Expendable Information and Communications	For purposes of computing the amount of impairment the Current	
Technology Equipment	Replacement Cost (CRC) shall be	
recimology Equipment	considered. The CRC is the cost the	
Allowance for	entity would incur to acquire the	
Impairment-Semi-	inventories on the reporting date.	
Expendable Agricultural		
and Forestry Equipment	The difference between the cost per	
	books and the CRC will be accounted	
Allowance for	for as the Allowance for Impairment.	
Impairment-Semi-		
Expendable Marine and	The Property Unit shall determine the	
Fishery Equipment	CRC of an inventory item at the end of	
Allowance for	the reporting period which will be	
Impairment-Semi-	basis for determining the Allowance for Impairment.	
Expendable	ioi impaniment.	
Communications		
Equipment		
Allowance for		
Impairment-Semi-		
Expendable Disaster Response and Rescue		
Equipment		

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PARTICULARS	POLICIES/PROCEDURES	REMARKS
E.6. Semi-Expendable Fu	rniture, Fixtures and Books	
Allowance for Impairment-Semi- Expendable Furniture and Fixtures  Allowance for Impairment Semi- Expendable Books	Impairment of semi-expendable furniture, fixtures and books refers to any initial or subsequent write-down of cost of the purchased/acquired furniture and fixtures, books and other reference materials costing less than the prescribed capitalization threshold due to obsolescence, fortuitous events, pests and other similar infestations.  For purposes of computing the amount of impairment the Current Replacement Cost (CRC) shall be considered. The CRC is the cost the entity would incur to acquire the inventories on the reporting date.  The difference between the cost per books and the CRC will be accounted for as the Allowance for Impairment.  The Property Unit shall determine the CRC of an inventory item at the end of the reporting period which will be basis for determining the Allowance for Impairment.	Refer to Annex A for Illustration on how to determine the Impairment

This guideline shall take effect immediately upon signing thereof and shall remain in full force and effect unless revoked, revised, or amended.

WILLIAM D. DAR, Ph.D.

Secretary

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

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PARTICULARS	POLICIES/PROCEDURES	REMARKS
Allowance for Impairment-Semi- Expendable Military, Police and Security Equipment		
Allowance for Impairment-Semi- Expendable Medical Equipment		
Allowance for Impairment-Semi- Expendable Printing Equipment		
Allowance for Impairment-Semi- Expendable Sports Equipment		
Allowance for Impairment-Semi- Expendable Technical and Scientific Equipment		
Allowance for Impairment-Semi- Expendable Other Equipment		

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# **Impairment Losses in Inventory**

Impairment is the condition that exists when the carrying amount of an asset is higher than the sum of its estimated future cash flows. The accounting standards require that all assets be tested for impairment regularly, and this includes the inventory asset.

Inventories are susceptible to impairment because elements like consumer trends, technological changes, physical deterioration, obsolescence, and declining prices affect the value of inventory. Therefore, the accounting standards allow for a major departure from the historical cost principle to account for inventory.

Agency using inventory valuation methods other than last-in-first-out (LIFO) or the retail inventory method are required to carry inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value (LCNRV). Net realizable value (NRV) is defined as the expected selling price of an inventory item in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation.

Merchandise Inventory, Raw Materials Inventory, Work-in Process Inventory and Finished Good Inventory – The NRV shall be applied as illustrated below since the items are intended for sale in the ordinary course of business.

#### **ILLUSTRATION**

Item	Cost	Estimated Selling Price	Estimated Cost to Sell	Net Realizable Value (NRV)	Value of Inventory	Value of Impairment
A	100.00	75.00	5.00	70.00	70.00	30.00
В	150.00	100.00	10.00	90.00	90.00	60.00
С	120.00	80.00	6.00	74.00	74.00	46.00
Total	370.00	255.00	21.00	234.00	234.00	136.00

#### **Inventories Held for Consumption and Distribution**

For purposes of computing the amount of impairment the Current Replacement Cost (CRC) shall be considered. The CRC is the cost the entity would incur to acquire the inventories on the reporting date. CRC is a synonym for Replacement Cost. The Replacement Cost of an asset (also Asset Replacement Cost & Current Replacement Cost) is the cost of replacing an existing asset with a substantially identical new asset or a modern equivalent.

## **ILLUSTRATION**

**Assumption:** In case of damage of inventories intended for consumption

Item	Unit of Measure	Cost Per Unit	Current Replacement Cost	Difference	Quantity	Loss on Impairment
Bond Papers	Ream	200.00	250.00	50.00	10	500.00
Folders	Piece	10.00	12.00	2.00	100	200.00
Brown Envelopes	Piece	5.00	6.00	1.00	500	500.00
Total						1,200.00

**Assumption:** In case of spoilage of agricultural supplies intended for distribution to

private individuals/organization

Item	Unit of Measure	Cost Per Unit	Current Replacement Cost	Difference	Quantity	Loss on Impairment
Seeds	kilo	100.00	150.00	50.00	200	10,000.00
Fertilizers	sack	1,500.00	1,650.00	150.00	100	15,000.00
Total						25,000.00

**Assumption:** In case of damage/spoilage of welfare goods for distribution to private

individuals/organizations

Item	Unit of Measure	Cost Per Unit	Current Replacement Cost	Difference	Quantity	Loss on Impairment
Noodles	Piece	4.00	5.00	1.00	400	400.00
Blankets	Piece	250.00	300.00	50.00	100	5,000.00
Mosquito Nets	Piece	150.00	180.00	30.00	100	3,000.00
Total						8,400.00

Assumption: In case of obsolescence, fortuitous events, pests and similar infestations of Semi-expendable items for office use.

Item	Unit of Measure	Cost Per Unit	Current Replacement Cost	Difference	Quantity	Loss on Impairment
Printer	Piece	8,500.00	9,500.00	1,000.00	3	3,000.00
TV Set	Piece	7,800.00	9,200.00	1,400.00	2	2,800.00
Handheld Radio	Piece	2,150.00	2,800.00	650.00	5	3,250.00
Total						9,050.00

Item	Unit of Measure	Cost Per Unit	Current Replacement Cost	Difference	Quantity	Loss on Impairment
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Books Total	Piece	55.00	80.00	25.00	10	250.00 <b>6.650.00</b>
Chairs	Piece	1,200.00	1,500.00	300.00	8	2,400.00
Tables	piece	2,000.00	2,500.00	500.00	8	4,000.00

The Accounting Entry will depend on the type of the semi-expendable items which were damage/destroyed/infested or become obsolete.

<b>PARTICULARS</b>	POLICIES/PROCEDURES	REMARKS
	More than 1 year 5%	
C. Inter-Agency Receivab		DDCAC L CAM II
Allowance for Impairment-Due from National Government Agencies  Allowance for Impairment -Due from Government-Owned or Controlled Corporations	Allowance for Impairment shall be applied only for Inter-Agency Receivables which remained unreconciled despite the efforts exerted and dormant for several years.  For purposes of computing the amount of impairment, all inter-	PPSAS and GAM allow management to use their judgment based on their experience.
National Government Agencies	agency receivable account shall be aged.	
Allowance for Impairment-Due Government Units	The determination of annual impairment loss shall be derived from computations based on the following percentages and aging of the Inter-Agency Receivables as follows:	
	Age of Accounts Percentage One year 1% 2 - 3 years 2% 3 - 4 years 3% 5 years and above 5%	
D. Other Receivables		
Allowance for Impairment-Due from Officers and Employees Allowance for Impairment- Due from Non-Government Organizations/Civil Society Organizations	For purposes of computing the amount of impairment, all Other Receivable Accounts shall be aged.  The determination of annual impairment loss shall be derived from computations based on the following percentages and aging of the Other Receivables as follows:	PPSAS and GAM allow management to use their judgment based on their experience
Allowance for Impairment-Other Receivables	Age of Accounts       Percentage         1-60 days       1%         61-180 days       2%         181- 1 year       3%         More than 1 year       5%	



