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Rexroth IndraDrive

Integrated Safety Technology "Safe Torque Off" (as of MPx-16)

Application Manual R911332634

Edition 07



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Purpose of Documentation	 This documentation is used to make oneself familiar with the subject of "Integrated Safety Technology "Safe Torque Off"", contains information on mounting and maintenance, on proper and safe operation and on the decommissioning of the integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off" of IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi, IndraDrive M / IndraDrive ML / IndraDrive C with control sections of the Cxx02 type, is addressed to persons who mount, operate and maintain IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi, IndraDrive Mi, IndraDrive M / IndraDrive ML / IndraDrive C with control sections of the Cxx02 type with integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off". 		
Record of Revision	Edition	Release Date	Notes
	DOK-INDRV*-SI3-OP-MAN*-OP01-EN-P to DOK-INDRV*-SI3-**VRS**-AP07-EN-P	2010-10 to 2015-11	See chapter "About this documentation", margin- al note "Editions of this documentation"

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	F	Page
1	Introduction	5
1.1	About this documentation	5
1.2	Documentations	7
1.2.1	Drive systems, system components	7
1.2.2	Motors	8
1.2.3	Gearboxes	8
1.2.4	Cables	8
1.2.5	Firmware	9
2	Important directions for use	11
2.1	Appropriate use	. 11
2.1.1	Introduction	. 11
2.1.2	Areas of use and application	. 11
2.2	Inappropriate use	12
3	Safety instructions for electric drives and controls	13
3.1	Definitions of terms	
3.2	General information	. 14
3.2.1	Using the Safety instructions and passing them on to others	14
3.2.2	Requirements for safe use	. 14
3.2.3	Hazards by improper use	. 15
3.3	Instructions with regard to specific dangers	16
3.3.1	Protection against contact with electrical parts and housings	. 16
3.3.2	Protective extra-low voltage as protection against electric shock	. 17
3.3.3	Protection against dangerous movements	. 18
3.3.4	Protection against electromagnetic and magnetic fields during operation and mounting	19
3.3.5	Protection against contact with hot parts	. 20
3.3.6	Protection during handling and mounting	. 20
3.3.7	Battery safety	20
3.3.8	Protection against pressurized systems	. 21
3.4	Explanation of signal words and the Safety alert symbol	. 22
4	System overview	23
4.1	Introduction	. 23
4.1.1	Motivation and objectives	. 23
4.1.2	Conceptual overview	. 24
4.1.3	Risk assessment	. 24
4.2	Product presentation	26
4.2.1	What is "Integrated Safety Technology"?	. 26
4.2.2	Integrated safety technology as IndraDrive platform solution	27
4.3	Safety-relevant standards and regulations	. 43
4.3.1	General information	
4.3.2	Standards relevant to components	. 43

		Page
4.3.3	Standards relevant to machinery	43
4.3.4	EC Directives	44
4.4	Overview of functions and characteristics	44
4.4.1	Characteristics of integrated safety technology	44
4.4.2	Supported safety technology functions	45
4.4.3	Performance	45
4.5	Safety characteristics of the safety system	46
4.5.1	Introduction	46
4.5.2	Optional safety technology modules "L3" / "L4"	47
4.5.3	Calculating the PFH component of an axis	48
4.5.4	Calculating the total PFH value of a safety zone	49
5	Functional principle of integrated safety technology	51
5.1	Basic functions	51
5.1.1	Overview	51
5.1.2	Dynamization	52
6	Integrated safety functions	57
6.1	Overview of safety functions	57
6.1.1	General information	57
6.2	Safety functions in special mode "Safe standstill"	57
6.2.1	Safe Torque Off (STO)	57
6.2.2	Safe Brake Control (SBC)	62
7	Examples of application	65
7.1	Examples of application for IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive C and IndraDrive M	
7.1.1	STO and SBC functions ("L4" only) when selected by means of passive safety units	
7.1.2	STO and SBC functions ("L4" only) when selected by means of active safety units	
7.1.3	"Safe stop 1 (emergency stop)" function with "L3"/"L4" option	
7.1.4	Zone setup	
7.2	Examples of application for IndraDrive Mi	
7.2.1	Single-channel selection	71
7.2.2	Central selection	73
7.2.3	Distributed selection at KSM02/KMS02/KMS03	78
7.2.4	Zone setup	81
7.3	Mixed Operation of Optional Safety Technology Modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4"	83
7.3.1	Mixed Operation of Optional Safety Technology Modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4" at an Active Safe- ty Unit	83
7.3.2	Mixed Operation of Optional Safety Technology Modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4" at a Passive Safety Unit	
Q	Commissioning the select technology	07
8	Commissioning the safety technology	
8.1	Safety instruction	
8.2	Prerequisites for using integrated safety technology	
8.2.1	General information	ŏ/

		Page
8.2.2	Required drive firmware	87
8.2.3	Required controller configuration	88
8.2.4	Required motors and measuring systems	
8.2.5	Allowed motor holding brakes	
8.2.6	Required commissioning tools	
8.3	Checks before initial commissioning	
8.4	Commissioning procedure	
8.4.1	IndraDrive Cs/C/M/ML	
8.4.2	IndraDrive Mi	
8.5	Control unit requirements	
9	Troubleshooting information	99
9.1	Introduction	
9.2	Diagnostic system	
9.2.1	General information	
9.3	Diagnostic messages of integrated safety technology	
9.3.1	Overview	
9.3.2	Status information of integrated safety technology	
9.3.3	Behavior in the case of non-fatal safety technology errors (F3xxx)	
9.3.4	Behavior in the Case of Fatal Errors (F8xxx)	
9.4	Removing malfunctions, maintenance measures, deactivating the motors	
9.5	Replacing drive components	
9.5.1	General information	
9.5.2	Replacing the motor	
9.5.3	Replacing the brake	
9.5.4	Mounting and dismounting control sections and optional cards	
9.5.5	Replacing the controller	
0.0.0		
10	Decommissioning Drive Components	109
11	Declarations of conformity	111
11.1	IndraDrive Cs (HCS01)	112
11.2	IndraDrive M / IndraDrive C (HCS, HMS)	114
11.3	IndraDrive Mi	116
11.3.1	KSM02, KMS02	116
11.3.2	KMV03 / KMS03	119
11.4	IndraDrive ML (HMU05)	120
12	Project planning	123
12.1	X6, Motor Temperature Monitoring and Motor Holding Brake	
12.2	X49, optional safety technology Safe Torque Off	
12.3	X141, safety technology Safe Torque Off and "release brake" service input	
12.4	Connectors and cables for safety technology	
12.4.1	RBS0023, connector for safety zone node	
12.4.2	RKB0033, Cable for Safety Technology	

		Page
12.5	E-Stop function	. 130
12.6	Safety zones	. 132
12.7	Technical data of inputs and outputs	. 134
12.7.1	Digital inputs (safety technology L options)	. 134
12.7.2	Digital Outputs (Safety Technology L Options)	135
13	Service and support	137
	Index	139

Introduction 1

About this documentation 1.1

Editions of this documentation

Edition	Release date	Notes
DOK-INDRV*-SI3-OP-MAN*-OP01-EN-P	2010-10	First edition
DOK-INDRV*-SI3-**VRS**-AP02-EN-P	2011-07	 Corrections Optional module "L3" included Replaces DOK-INDRV*-SI3-OP-MAN*-OP01-EN-P
DOK-INDRV*-SI3-**VRS**-AP03-EN-P	2011-10	Declaration of Conformity updated
DOK-INDRV*-SI3-**VRS**-AP04-EN-P	2012-04	Information included on IndraDrive Mi
DOK-INDRV*-SI3-**VRS**-AP05-EN-P	2013-05	 Declaration of Conformity of IndraDrive Mi included Corrections Information included on IndraDrive M / IndraDrive C with control sections of the Cxx02 type
DOK-INDRV*-SI3-**VRS**-AP06-EN-P	2014-07	 Information included on IndraDrive ML with control sections of the Cxx02.5 type Safety instruction regarding the use of a 24 V power supply unit with protection by SELV¹) in accordance with IEC 60950-1 or PELV²) in accordance with IEC 60204-1 for the selection and the 24 V supply of devices with integrated safety technology.
DOK-INDRV*-SI3-**VRS**-AP07-EN-P	2015-11	 Information included on IndraDrive Mi (KNK03, KMV03 and KMS03) Corrections

Tab. 1-1: Record of revisions

Means of representation in this documentation

To make the reading of this documentation easier for you, the table below contains the means of representation and notations of recurring terms.

What?	How?	For example	
Boldtace		With the safety function "Safe parking axis", the following monitoring functions are deactivated :	
Parameter names, diagnostic message names, function designations	Quotation marks	The missing speed information can be replaced via the control bit "defined safety with parked axis" in "P-0-3210, Safety technology configuration".	

Tab. 1-2: Conventions of notation

Notes and tips are highlighted in the text. A symbol tells you what kind of note or tip is used in the text:

- 1) Safety Extra Low Voltage
- 2) Protective Extra Low Voltage

This box contains important information that should be taken into consideration.

This symbol highlights useful tips and tricks.

Signal words in accordance with ANSI Z535.6-2011 draw the reader's attention to hazards (see "Explanation of signal words and the safety alert symbol").

Structure of documentation Concerning integrated safety technology, the descriptions of the IndraDrive systems have the following structure:

- Application Manual on the optional safety technology modules "Safe Torque Off" ("L3", "L4") (this documentation)
 - is used to make oneself familiar with the subject of "Integrated Safety Technology "Safe Torque Off"",
 - contains information on mounting and maintenance, on proper and safe operation and on the decommissioning of the integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off" of IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi, IndraDrive M / IndraDrive ML / IndraDrive C with control sections of the Cxx02 type,
 - is addressed to persons who mount, operate and maintain IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi, IndraDrive M / IndraDrive ML / IndraDrive C with control sections of the Cxx02 type with integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off".
- Application Manual on the optional safety technology modules "Safe Motion" ("S3", "S4", "S5", "SB", "SD")
 - is used to make oneself familiar with the subject of "Integrated Safety Technology "Safe Motion"",
 - contains information on mounting and maintenance, on proper and safe operation and on the decommissioning of the integrated safety technology "Safe Motion" of IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi and IndraDrive M / IndraDrive ML / IndraDrive C with control sections of the Cxx02 type,
 - is addressed to persons who mount, operate and maintain IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi and IndraDrive M / IndraDrive ML / IndraDrive C with control sections of the Cxx02 type with integrated safety technology "Safe Motion".

Project Planning Manuals

Assist with electrical design and installation of the drive system, as well as its components

• **Parameter description** for Rexroth IndraDrive with the firmware versions MPx-1x and above, and PSB

Apart from the specific safety technology parameters, all other drive parameters are documented in the Parameter Description

• **Description of diagnostic messages** for Rexroth IndraDrive with the firmware versions MPx-1x and above, and PSB

Apart from the specific diagnostic messages of safety technology, all other diagnostic messages are documented in the Description of Diagnostic Messages (also called "Troubleshooting Guide"). For an overview of reference documentations, please refer to: "Documentations"

Your Feedback Your experience is important for our improvement processes of products and documentations.

If you discover mistakes in this documentation or suggest changes, you can send your feedback to the following e-mail address:

Dokusupport@boschrexroth.de

We need the following information to handle your feedback:

- The number indicated under "Internal File Reference".
- The page number.

1.2 Documentations

1.2.1 Drive systems, system components

Drive systems, system components

Title	Kind of documentation	Document typecode ¹⁾	Material number
Rexroth IndraDrive		DOK-INDRV*	R911
Cs	Project Planning Manual	HCS01*****-PRxx-EN-P	322210
Drive Systems with HCS01			
Mi	Project Planning Manual	KCU02+KSM02-PRxx-EN-P	335703
Drive Systems with KCU02			
KSM02, KMS02/03, KMV03			
Drive Systems with HMV01/02	Project Planning Manual	SYSTEM****-PRxx-EN-P	309636
HMS01/02, HMD01, HCS02/03			
Supply Units, Power Sections	Project Planning Manual	HMV-S-D+HCS-PRxx-EN-P	318790
HMV, HMS, HMD, HCS02, HCS03			
ML, Drive Systems with HMU05	Project Planning Manual	Hxx05*****-PRxx-EN-P	344279
Drive Controllers	Project Planning Manual	CSH******-PRxx-EN-P	295012
Control Sections CSB01, CSH01, CDB01			
Control Sections	Project Planning Manual	Cxx02*****-PRxx-EN-P	338962
CSE02, CSB02, CDB02, CSH02			
Additional Components and Accessories	Project Planning Manual	ADDCOMP****-PRxx-EN-P	306140

1)

In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current edition of the documentation (example: PR01 is the first edition of a Project Planning Manual)

Tab. 1-3: Documentations – Drive systems, system components

1.2.2 Motors

Title	Kind of documentation	Document typecode ¹⁾	Material number	
Rexroth IndraDyn		DOK-MOTOR*	R911	
A Asynchronous Motors MAD / MAF	Project Planning Manual	MAD/MAF****-PRxx-EN-P	295781	
H Synchronous Kit Spindle Motors	Project Planning Manual	MBS-H*****-PRxx-EN-P	297895	
L Synchronous Linear Motors	Project Planning Manual	MLF******-PRxx-EN-P	293635	
L Ironless Linear Motors MCL	Project Planning Manual	MCL******-PRxx-EN-P	330592	
S Synchronous Motors MKE	Project Planning Manual	MKE*GEN2***-PRxx-EN-P	297663	
S Synchronous Motors MSK	Project Planning Manual	MSK******-PRxx-EN-P	296289	
S Synchronous Motors MSM	Data Sheet	MSM******-DAxx-EN-P	329338	
S Synchronous Motors QSK	Project Planning Manual	QSK******-PRxx-EN-P	330321	
T Synchronous Torque Motors	Project Planning Manual	MBT******-PRxx-EN-P	298798	
1) In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current				

In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current edition of the documentation (example: PR01 is the first edition of a Project Planning Manual)

Tab. 1-4: Documentations – Motors

1.2.3 Gearboxes

Title	Kind of documentation	Document typecode ¹⁾	Material number	
Rexroth GTP	Project Planning Manual	DOK-GEAR**-GTP*******-PRxx-EN-P	R911267495	
Planetary Gearboxes				
Rexroth GTM	Project Planning Manual	DOK-GEAR**-GTM*******-PRxx-EN-P	R911297321	
Planetary Gearboxes				
Rexroth GTE	Project Planning Manual	DOK-GEAR**-GTE******-PRxx-EN-P	R911308842	
Planetary Gearboxes				
1) In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current edition of the documentation (example: RE02 is the second ed ition of a Reference Book)				

1.2.4 Cables

Title	Kind of documentation	Document typecode ¹⁾ DOK-CONNEC	Material number R911
Rexroth Connection Cables IndraDrive and IndraDyn	Selection Data	CABLE*INDRV-CAxx-EN-P	322949
1) In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current edition of the documentation (example: CA02 is the second ed			

ition of the documentation "Selection Data")

Documentations - Gearboxes

Tab. 1-6: Documentations – Cables

Tab. 1-5:

1.2.5 Firmware

Title Rexroth IndraDrive	Type of documentation	Document typecode ¹⁾ DOK-INDRV*	Material number R911
MPx-20	Application Manual	MP*-20VRS**-APxx-EN-P	345608
Functions			
MPx-20	Release Notes	MP*-20VRS**-RNxx-EN-P	345606
Version Notes			
Power Supply Basic PSB-20	Application Manual	PSB-20VRS**-APxx-EN-P	345612
Functions			
Power Supply Basic PSB-19	Application Manual	PSB-19VRS**-APxx-EN-P	345602
Functions			
MPx-18	Application Manual	MP*-18VRS**-APxx-EN-P	338673
Functions			
MPx-18	Release Notes	MP*-18VRS**-RNxx-EN-P	338658
Version Notes			
MPx-17	Application Manual	MP*-17VRS**-APxx-EN-P	331236
Functions			
MPx-17	Release Notes	MP*-17VRS**-RNxx-EN-P	331588
Version Notes			
MPx-16	Application Manual	MP*-16VRS**-APxx-EN-P	326767
Functions			
MPx-16	Release Notes	MP*-16VRS**-RNxx-EN-P	329272
Version Notes			
MPx-16 to MPx-20 and PSB	Reference Book	GEN1-PARA**-RExx-EN-P	328651
Parameters			
MPx-16 to MPx-20 and PSB	Reference Book	GEN1-DIAG**-RExx-EN-P	326738
Diagnostic Messages			
Integrated Safety Technology	Application Manual	SI3-**VRS**-APxx-EN-P	332634
"Safe Torque Off" (as of MPx-16)			
Integrated Safety Technology	Application Manual	SI3*SMO-VRS-APxx-EN-P	338920
"Safe Motion" (as of MPx-18)			
Rexroth IndraMotion MLD	Reference Book	MLD-SYSLIB2-RExx-EN-P	332627
Libraries as of MPx-17			
Rexroth IndraMotion MLD	Reference Book	MLD-SYSLIB3-RExx-EN-P	338916
Libraries as of MPx-18			

Title Rexroth IndraDrive	Type of documentation	Document typecode ¹⁾ DOK-INDRV*	Material number R911
Rexroth IndraMotion MLD as of MPx-17	Application Manual	MLD2-**VRS*-APxx-EN-P	334351
Rexroth IndraMotion MLD As of MPx-18	Application Manual	MLD3-**VRS*-APxx-EN-P	338914

In the document typecodes, "xx" is a placeholder for the current edition of the documentation (e.g.: RE02 is the second edition of a Reference Book)

Tab. 1-7: Documentations – Firmware

1)

Important directions for use

2 Important directions for use

2.1 Appropriate use

2.1.1 Introduction

Rexroth products reflect the state-of-the-art in their development and their manufacture. They are tested prior to delivery to ensure operating safety and reliability.

A WARNING

Personal injury and property damage caused by incorrect use of the products!

The products have been designed for use in industrial environments and may only be used in the appropriate way. If they are not used in the appropriate way, situations resulting in property damage and personal injury can occur.

Rexroth as manufacturer is not liable for any damages resulting from inappropriate use. In such cases, the guarantee and the right to payment of damages resulting from inappropriate use are forfeited. The user alone carries all responsibility of the risks.

Before using Rexroth products, the following pre-requisites must be met to ensure appropriate use of the products:

- Personnel that in any way, shape or form uses our products must first read and understand the relevant safety instructions and be familiar with their appropriate use.
- If the products take the form of hardware, then they must remain in their original state, in other words, no structural changes are permitted. It is not permitted to decompile software products or alter source codes.
- Damaged or faulty products may not be installed or put into operation.
- Make sure that the products have been installed in the manner described in the relevant documentation.

2.1.2 Areas of use and application

Drive controllers made by Rexroth are designed to control electrical motors and monitor their operation.

Control and monitoring of the Drive controllers may require additional sensors and actors.

The drive controllers may only be used with the accessories and parts specified in this documentation. If a component has not been specifically named, then it may neither be mounted nor connected. The same applies to cables and lines.
 Operation is only permitted in the specified configurations and combinations of components using the software and firmware as specified in the relevant Functional Descriptions.

Drive controllers have to be programmed before commissioning to ensure that the motor executes the specific functions of an application.

Drive controllers of the Rexroth IndraDrive line have been developed for use in single- and multi-axis drive and control tasks.

Important directions for use

To ensure application-specific use of Drive controllers, device types of different drive power and different interfaces are available.

Typical applications include, for example:

- Handling and mounting systems,
- Packaging and food machines,
- Printing and paper processing machines and
- Machine tools.

Drive controllers may only be operated under the assembly and installation conditions described in this documentation, in the specified position of normal use and under the ambient conditions as described (temperature, degree of protection, humidity, EMC, etc.).

2.2 Inappropriate use

Using the Drive controllers outside of the operating conditions described in this documentation and outside of the technical data and specifications given is defined as "inappropriate use".

Drive controllers may not be used, if ...

- they are subject to operating conditions that do not meet the specified ambient conditions. This includes, for example, operation under water, under extreme temperature fluctuations or extremely high maximum temperatures.
- Furthermore, Drive controllers may not be used in applications which have not been expressly authorized by Rexroth. Please carefully follow the specifications outlined in the general Safety Instructions!
- Components of the Rexroth IndraDrive system are **products of category C3** (with limited availability) according to IEC 61800-3. To ensure that this category (limit values) is maintained, suitable line filters must be used in the drive system. These components are not provided for use in a public low-

voltage network supplying residential areas with power. If these components are used in such a public network, high-frequency interference is to be expected. This can require additional measures of radio interference suppression.

3 Safety instructions for electric drives and controls

3.1 Definitions of terms

- Application Documentation Application documentation comprises the entire documentation used to inform the user of the product about the use and safety-relevant features for configuring, integrating, installing, mounting, commissioning, operating, maintaining, repairing and decommissioning the product. The following terms are also used for this kind of documentation: Operating Instructions, Commissioning Manual, Instruction Manual, Project Planning Manual, Application Description, etc.
 - **Component** A component is a combination of elements with a specified function, which are part of a piece of equipment, device or system. Components of the electric drive and control system are, for example, supply units, drive controllers, mains choke, mains filter, motors, cables, etc.
 - **Control system** A control system comprises several interconnected control components placed on the market as a single functional unit.
 - **Device** A device is a finished product with a defined function, intended for users and placed on the market as an individual piece of merchandise.
 - **Electrical equipment** Electrical equipment encompasses all devices used to generate, convert, transmit, distribute or apply electrical energy, such as electric motors, transformers, switching devices, cables, lines, power-consuming devices, circuit board assemblies, plug-in units, control cabinets, etc.
 - **Electric drive system** An electric drive system comprises all components from mains supply to motor shaft; this includes, for example, electric motor(s), motor encoder(s), supply units and drive controllers, as well as auxiliary and additional components, such as mains filter, mains choke and the corresponding lines and cables.
 - **Installation** An installation consists of several devices or systems interconnected for a defined purpose and on a defined site which, however, are not intended to be placed on the market as a single functional unit.
 - Machine A machine is the entirety of interconnected parts or units at least one of which is movable. Thus, a machine consists of the appropriate machine drive elements, as well as control and power circuits, which have been assembled for a specific application. A machine is, for example, intended for processing, treatment, movement or packaging of a material. The term "machine" also covers a combination of machines which are arranged and controlled in such a way that they function as a unified whole.
 - Manufacturer The manufacturer is an individual or legal entity bearing responsibility for the design and manufacture of a product which is placed on the market in the individual's or legal entity's name. The manufacturer can use finished products, finished parts or finished elements, or contract out work to subcontractors. However, the manufacturer must always have overall control and possess the required authority to take responsibility for the product.
 - **Product** Examples of a product: Device, component, part, system, software, firmware, among other things.

Project planning manual A project planning manual is part of the application documentation used to support the sizing and planning of systems, machines or installations.

Qualified persons In terms of this application documentation, qualified persons are those persons who are familiar with the installation, mounting, commissioning and operation of the components of the electric drive and control system, as well as with the hazards this implies, and who possess the qualifications their

work requires. To comply with these qualifications, it is necessary, among other things,

- to be trained, instructed or authorized to switch electric circuits and devices safely on and off, to ground them and to mark them.
- to be trained or instructed to maintain and use adequate safety equipment.
- to attend a course of instruction in first aid.
- **User** A user is a person installing, commissioning or using a product which has been placed on the market.

3.2 General information

3.2.1 Using the Safety instructions and passing them on to others

Do not attempt to install and operate the components of the electric drive and control system without first reading all documentation provided with the product. Read and understand these safety instructions and all user documentation prior to working with these components. If you do not have the user documentation for the components, contact your responsible Rexroth sales partner. Ask for these documents to be sent immediately to the person or persons responsible for the safe operation of the components.

If the component is resold, rented and/or passed on to others in any other form, these safety instructions must be delivered with the component in the official language of the user's country.

Improper use of these components, failure to follow the safety instructions in this document or tampering with the product, including disabling of safety devices, could result in property damage, injury, electric shock or even death.

3.2.2 Requirements for safe use

Read the following instructions before initial commissioning of the components of the electric drive and control system in order to eliminate the risk of injury and/or property damage. You must follow these safety instructions.

- Rexroth is not liable for damages resulting from failure to observe the safety instructions.
- Read the operating, maintenance and safety instructions in your language before commissioning. If you find that you cannot completely understand the application documentation in the available language, please ask your supplier to clarify.
- Proper and correct transport, storage, mounting and installation, as well as care in operation and maintenance, are prerequisites for optimal and safe operation of the component.
- Only qualified persons may work with components of the electric drive and control system or within its proximity.
- Only use accessories and spare parts approved by Rexroth.
- Follow the safety regulations and requirements of the country in which the components of the electric drive and control system are operated.
- Only use the components of the electric drive and control system in the manner that is defined as appropriate. See chapter "Appropriate Use".
- The ambient and operating conditions given in the available application documentation must be observed.

- Applications for functional safety are only allowed if clearly and explicitly specified in the application documentation "Integrated Safety Technology". If this is not the case, they are excluded. Functional safety is a safety concept in which measures of risk reduction for personal safety depend on electrical, electronic or programmable control systems.
- The information given in the application documentation with regard to the use of the delivered components contains only examples of applications and suggestions.

The machine and installation manufacturers must

- make sure that the delivered components are suited for their individual application and check the information given in this application documentation with regard to the use of the components,
- make sure that their individual application complies with the applicable safety regulations and standards and carry out the required measures, modifications and complements.
- Commissioning of the delivered components is only allowed once it is sure that the machine or installation in which the components are installed complies with the national regulations, safety specifications and standards of the application.
- Operation is only allowed if the national EMC regulations for the application are met.
- The instructions for installation in accordance with EMC requirements can be found in the section on EMC in the respective application documentation.

The machine or installation manufacturer is responsible for compliance with the limit values as prescribed in the national regulations.

• The technical data, connection and installation conditions of the components are specified in the respective application documentations and must be followed at all times.

National regulations which the user has to comply with

- European countries: In accordance with European EN standards
- United States of America (USA):
 - National Electrical Code (NEC)
 - National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), as well as local engineering regulations
 - Regulations of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
- Canada: Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
 - Other countries:
 - International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
 - International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)

3.2.3 Hazards by improper use

- High electrical voltage and high working current! Danger to life or serious injury by electric shock!
- High electrical voltage by incorrect connection! Danger to life or injury by electric shock!

- Dangerous movements! Danger to life, serious injury or property damage by unintended motor movements!
- Health hazard for persons with heart pacemakers, metal implants and hearing aids in proximity to electric drive systems!
- Risk of burns by hot housing surfaces!
- Risk of injury by improper handling! Injury by crushing, shearing, cutting, hitting!
- Risk of injury by improper handling of batteries!
- Risk of injury by improper handling of pressurized lines!

3.3 Instructions with regard to specific dangers

3.3.1 Protection against contact with electrical parts and housings

This section concerns components of the electric drive and control system with voltages of **more than 50 volts**.

Contact with parts conducting voltages above 50 volts can cause personal danger and electric shock. When operating components of the electric drive and control system, it is unavoidable that some parts of these components conduct dangerous voltage.

High electrical voltage! Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock or serious injury!

- Only qualified persons are allowed to operate, maintain and/or repair the components of the electric drive and control system.
- Follow the general installation and safety regulations when working on power installations.
- Before switching on, the equipment grounding conductor must have been permanently connected to all electric components in accordance with the connection diagram.
- Even for brief measurements or tests, operation is only allowed if the equipment grounding conductor has been permanently connected to the points of the components provided for this purpose.
- Before accessing electrical parts with voltage potentials higher than 50 V, you must disconnect electric components from the mains or from the power supply unit. Secure the electric component from reconnection.
- With electric components, observe the following aspects:

Always wait **30 minutes** after switching off power to allow live capacitors to discharge before accessing an electric component. Measure the electrical voltage of live parts before beginning to work to make sure that the equipment is safe to touch.

- Install the covers and guards provided for this purpose before switching on.
- Never touch any electrical connection points of the components while power is turned on.
- Do not remove or plug in connectors when the component has been powered.

- Under specific conditions, electric drive systems can be operated at mains protected by residual-current-operated circuit-breakers sensitive to universal current (RCDs/RCMs).
- Secure built-in devices from penetrating foreign objects and water, as well as from direct contact, by providing an external housing, for example a control cabinet.

High housing voltage and high leakage current! Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock!

- Before switching on and before commissioning, ground or connect the components of the electric drive and control system to the equipment grounding conductor at the grounding points.
- Connect the equipment grounding conductor of the components of the electric drive and control system permanently to the main power supply at all times. The leakage current is greater than 3.5 mA.
- Establish an equipment grounding connection with a minimum cross section according to the table below. With an outer conductor cross section smaller than 10 mm² (8 AWG), the alternative connection of two equipment grounding conductors is allowed, each having the same cross section as the outer conductors.

Cross section outer conductor		ipment grounding conductor rent $\geq 3.5 \text{ mA}$
	1 equipment grounding conductor	2 equipment grounding conductors
1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)		2 × 1.5 mm² (16 AWG)
2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)		2 × 2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)
4 mm ² (12 AWG)	10 mm ² (8 AWG)	2 × 4 mm ² (12 AWG)
6 mm ² (10 AWG)		2 × 6 mm ² (10 AWG)
10 mm ² (8 AWG)		-
16 mm ² (6 AWG)		-
25 mm ² (4 AWG)	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	-
35 mm ² (2 AWG)		-
50 mm ² (1/0 AWG)	25 mm ² (4 AWG)	-
70 mm ² (2/0 AWG)	35 mm ² (2 AWG)	-

Tab. 3-1:Minimum cross section of the equipment grounding connection

3.3.2 Protective extra-low voltage as protection against electric shock

Protective extra-low voltage is used to allow connecting devices with basic insulation to extra-low voltage circuits.

On components of an electric drive and control system provided by Rexroth, all connections and terminals with voltages up to 50 volts are PELV ("Protective Extra-Low Voltage") systems. It is allowed to connect devices

equipped with basic insulation (such as programming devices, PCs, notebooks, display units) to these connections.

Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock! High electrical voltage by incorrect connection!

If extra-low voltage circuits of devices containing voltages and circuits of more than 50 volts (e.g., the mains connection) are connected to Rexroth products, the connected extra-low voltage circuits must comply with the requirements for PELV ("Protective Extra-Low Voltage").

3.3.3 Protection against dangerous movements

Dangerous movements can be caused by faulty control of connected motors. Some common examples are:

- Improper or wrong wiring or cable connection
- Operator errors
- Wrong input of parameters before commissioning
- Malfunction of sensors and encoders
- Defective components
- Software or firmware errors

These errors can occur immediately after equipment is switched on or even after an unspecified time of trouble-free operation.

The monitoring functions in the components of the electric drive and control system will normally be sufficient to avoid malfunction in the connected drives. Regarding personal safety, especially the danger of injury and/or property damage, this alone cannot be relied upon to ensure complete safety. Until the integrated monitoring functions become effective, it must be assumed in any case that faulty drive movements will occur. The extent of faulty drive movements depends upon the type of control and the state of operation.

Dangerous movements! Danger to life, risk of injury, serious injury or property damage!

A **risk assessment** must be prepared for the installation or machine, with its specific conditions, in which the components of the electric drive and control system are installed.

As a result of the risk assessment, the user must provide for monitoring functions and higher-level measures on the installation side for personal safety. The safety regulations applicable to the installation or machine must be taken into consideration. Unintended machine movements or other malfunctions are possible if safety devices are disabled, bypassed or not activated.

To avoid accidents, injury and/or property damage:

- Keep free and clear of the machine's range of motion and moving machine parts. Prevent personnel from accidentally entering the machine's range of motion by using, for example:
 - Safety fences
 - Safety guards
 - Protective coverings
 - Light barriers

- Make sure the safety fences and protective coverings are strong enough to resist maximum possible kinetic energy.
- Mount emergency stopping switches in the immediate reach of the operator. Before commissioning, verify that the emergency stopping equipment works. Do not operate the machine if the emergency stopping switch is not working.
- Prevent unintended start-up. Isolate the drive power connection by means of OFF switches/OFF buttons or use a safe starting lockout.
- Make sure that the drives are brought to safe standstill before accessing or entering the danger zone.
- Additionally secure vertical axes against falling or dropping after switching off the motor power by, for example,
 - mechanically securing the vertical axes,
 - adding an external braking/arrester/clamping mechanism or
 - ensuring sufficient counterbalancing of the vertical axes.
- The standard equipment **motor holding brake** or an external holding brake controlled by the drive controller is **not sufficient to guarantee personal safety**!
- Disconnect electrical power to the components of the electric drive and control system using the master switch and secure them from reconnection ("lock out") for:
 - Maintenance and repair work
 - Cleaning of equipment
 - Long periods of discontinued equipment use
- Prevent the operation of high-frequency, remote control and radio equipment near components of the electric drive and control system and their supply leads. If the use of these devices cannot be avoided, check the machine or installation, at initial commissioning of the electric drive and control system, for possible malfunctions when operating such high-frequency, remote control and radio equipment in its possible positions of normal use. It might possibly be necessary to perform a special electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) test.

3.3.4 Protection against electromagnetic and magnetic fields during operation and mounting

Electromagnetic and magnetic fields!

Hazards for persons with active medical implants or passive metallic implants, as well as for pregnant women.

Persons with active medical implants (e.g. heart pacemakers), passive metallic implants (e.g. hip implants) and pregnant women might possibly risk hazards by electromagnetic or magnetic fields in the immediate vicinity of components of the electric drive and control system and the associated current-carrying conductors.

Entering the following areas can cause danger to these persons:

- Areas in which components of the electric drive and control system and the associated current-carrying conductors are mounted, commissioned and operated.
- Areas in which parts of motors with permanent magnets are stored, repaired or mounted.

- Before entering these areas, the above-mentioned persons should seek advice from their physician.
- Observe the occupational safety and health regulations applicable at the site of operation, for installations equipped with components of the electric drive and control system and the associated current-carrying conductors.

3.3.5 Protection against contact with hot parts

Hot surfaces of components of the electric drive and control system. Risk of burns!

- Do not touch hot surfaces of, for example, braking resistors, heat sinks, supply units and drive controllers, motors, windings and laminated cores!
- According to the operating conditions, temperatures of the surfaces can be higher than 60 °C (140 °F) during or after operation.
- Before touching motors after having switched them off, let them cool down for a sufficient period of time. Cooling down can require up to 140 minutes! The time required for cooling down is approximately five times the thermal time constant specified in the technical data.
- After switching chokes, supply units and drive controllers off, wait **15 minutes** to allow them to cool down before touching them.
- Wear safety gloves or do not work at hot surfaces.
- For certain applications, and in accordance with the respective safety regulations, the manufacturer of the machine or installation must take measures to avoid injuries caused by burns in the final application. These measures can be, for example: Warnings at the machine or installation, guards (shieldings or barriers) or safety instructions in the application.

3.3.6 Protection during handling and mounting

Risk of injury by improper handling! Injury by crushing, shearing, cutting, hitting!

- Observe the relevant statutory regulations of accident prevention.
- Use suitable equipment for mounting and transport.
- Avoid jamming and crushing by appropriate measures.
- Always use suitable tools. Use special tools if specified.
- Use lifting equipment and tools in the correct manner.
- Use suitable protective equipment (hard hat, safety goggles, safety shoes, safety gloves, for example).
- Do not stand under hanging loads.
- Immediately clean up any spilled liquids from the floor due to the risk of falling!

3.3.7 Battery safety

Batteries consist of active chemicals in a solid housing. Therefore, improper handling can cause injury or property damage.

Risk of injury by improper handling!

- Do not attempt to reactivate low batteries by heating or other methods (risk of explosion and cauterization).
- Do not attempt to recharge the batteries as this may cause leakage or explosion.
- Do not throw batteries into open flames.
- Do not dismantle batteries.
- When replacing the battery/batteries, do not damage the electrical parts installed in the devices.
- Only use the battery types specified for the product.
- Environmental protection and disposal! The batteries contained in the product are considered dangerous goods during land, air, and sea transport (risk of explosion) in the sense of the legal regulations. Dispose of used batteries separately from other waste. Observe the national regulations of your country.

3.3.8 Protection against pressurized systems

According to the information given in the Project Planning Manuals, motors and components cooled with liquids and compressed air can be partially supplied with externally fed, pressurized media, such as compressed air, hydraulics oil, cooling liquids and cooling lubricants. Improper handling of the connected supply systems, supply lines or connections can cause injuries or property damage.

Risk of injury by improper handling of pressurized lines!

- Do not attempt to disconnect, open or cut pressurized lines (risk of explosion).
- Observe the respective manufacturer's operating instructions.
- Before dismounting lines, relieve pressure and empty medium.
- Use suitable protective equipment (safety goggles, safety shoes, safety gloves, for example).
- Immediately clean up any spilled liquids from the floor due to the risk of falling!

Environmental protection and disposal! The agents (e.g., fluids) used to operate the product might not be environmentally friendly. Dispose of agents harmful to the environment separately from other waste. Observe the national regulations of your country.

3.4 Explanation of signal words and the Safety alert symbol

The Safety Instructions in the available application documentation contain specific signal words (DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION or NOTICE) and, where required, a safety alert symbol (in accordance with ANSI Z535.6-2011).

The signal word is meant to draw the reader's attention to the safety instruction and identifies the hazard severity.

The safety alert symbol (a triangle with an exclamation point), which precedes the signal words DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION, is used to alert the reader to personal injury hazards.

A DANGER

In case of non-compliance with this safety instruction, death or serious injury **will** occur.

A WARNING

In case of non-compliance with this safety instruction, death or serious injury **could** occur.

In case of non-compliance with this safety instruction, minor or moderate injury could occur.

NOTICE

In case of non-compliance with this safety instruction, property damage could occur.

4 System overview

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 Motivation and objectives

Overview

The operational safety of machines and installations depends largely upon the extent of dangerous movements generated by the machine.

In **normal operation** (also called productive operation or automatic operation), protective equipment prevents humans from accessing danger zones and keeps parts / materials from being thrown outward.

In the **special mode** (also called manual mode or setting-up mode), it is often necessary for persons to access danger zones when the entire installation has not been de-energized. In such situations machine operators must be protected by mechanisms internal to the drive and the control unit.

The integrated Rexroth safety technology provides the user the requirements, on the control unit and drive side, for realizing functions of personal and machine protection with a minimum of planning and installation work required. Compared to conventional safety technology, the integrated safety technology considerably increases the functionality and availability of your machine. Integrated safety technology is characterized by the following features:

- Complies with valid standards
- Increased system performance
- Reduced system costs
- Easy understanding of complex subjects
- Improved diagnostics
- Simplified certification
- Easy commissioning
- Independent of control units

Comparison with conventional safety technology

A drive and control system with integrated safety technology differs from systems with conventional safety technology by the fact that the safety functions are directly integrated in the intelligent drives in the form hardware and software. This increases the functionality in all operation modes with a maximum of safety (short reaction times).

The power contactor between controller and motor required for the conventional safety technology is not included in drive and control systems with the integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off".

The integrated safety technology is **not** intended to replace conventional safety technology, such as EMERGENCY STOP monitoring devices and safety door monitors.

Using the integrated safety technology increases the available personnel and machine safety, because the total reaction time of the system in the case of an error event, for example, is considerably reduced with regard to comparable systems with conventional safety technology. The safety signals are transmitted with conventional wiring.

4.1.2 Conceptual overview

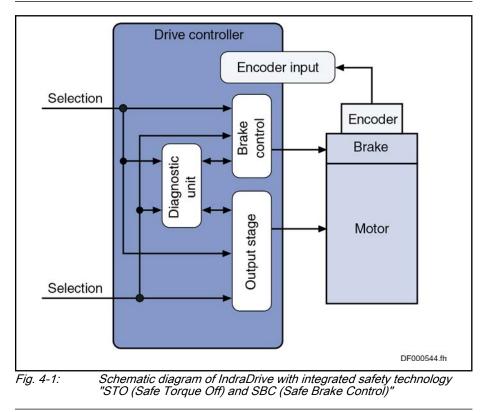
An IndraDrive system consists of the components power section, control section (including the firmware), motor and the possibly required additional components.

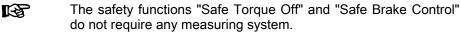
The integrated safety technology is implemented based on the interaction of the hardware and firmware components.

The figure below shows the **schematic diagram of IndraDrive controllers** with integrated safety technology "STO (Safe Torque Off) and SBC (Safe Brake Control)".

The special feature of the distributed servo drive KSM02 (IndraDrive Mi) is that the drive controller and the motor are one unit.

In contrast to the schematic diagram, IndraDrive Mi, IndraDrive C IndraDrive M and IndraDrive ML do not feature the safe brake control ("SBC")!





4.1.3 Risk assessment

Before a machine can be placed on the market, the manufacturer of the machine must carry out a risk assessment in accordance with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC in order to determine the hazards associated with the use of the machine.

The risk assessment is a multilevel, iterative process. The procedure is described in detail in "EN ISO 12100" - "General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction". This documentation can only give you a very

short overview on the subject of risk assessment; users of integrated safety technology are obliged to intensively study the respective standards and legal status.

The risk assessment carried out provides you the requirements for determining the category for safety-related control units according to the valid C-standard the safety-relevant parts of the machine control have to comply with.

For more detailed information on the required Safety Integrity Levels (SIL) and Performance Levels (PL), please refer to the applied component- and machine-relevant standards in "Safetyrelevant standards and regulations".

Procedure To obtain the highest possible degree of safety, the machine manufacturer when choosing the solutions has to apply the following basic principles in the indicated order:

- 1. Eliminate or minimize the hazards by construction measures.
- 2. Take the required protective measures against hazards that cannot be eliminated.
- 3. Document the remaining risks and inform the user of these risks.

When using integrated safety technology, the machine manufacturer will benefit from the following simplifications:

The safety-related components of the IndraDrive Cs range with the "L3" and "L4" options are suited for applications up to SIL3 of IEC 62061 or up to Category 4, PL e of ISO 13849; i.e., the optional safety technology modules of the IndraDrive Cs range allow safety functions to be implemented that comply with SIL1, SIL2 or SIL3 of IEC 62061.

The safety-related components of the IndraDrive Mi range with the "L3" option are suited for applications up to SIL3 of IEC 62061 or up to Category 4, PL e of ISO 13849; i.e., the optional safety technology modules of the IndraDrive Mi range allow safety functions to be implemented that comply with SIL1, SIL2 or SIL3 of IEC 62061.

The safety-related components of the IndraDrive C and IndraDrive M ranges with the "L3" option are suited for applications up to SIL3 of IEC 62061 or up to Category 4, PL e of ISO 13849; i.e., the optional safety technology modules of the IndraDrive C and IndraDrive M ranges allow safety functions to be implemented that comply with SIL1, SIL2 or SIL3 of IEC 62061.

The safety-related components of the IndraDrive ML range with the "L3" option are suited for applications up to SIL3 of IEC 62061 or up to Category 4, PL e of ISO 13849; i.e., the optional safety technology modules of the IndraDrive ML range allow safety functions to be implemented that comply with SIL1, SIL2 or SIL3 of IEC 62061.

• The safety functions integrated in IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi, IndraDrive C / IndraDrive M and IndraDrive ML¹⁾ were certified by TÜV Rheinland[®]; this guarantees the user that the solution complies with the state-of-the-art / the conformity of the components in accordance with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC is ensured.

¹⁾ The certification for IndraDrive ML is in preparation

Simplification by use of integrated safety technology

Safety Integrity Level (SIL): relation between the SILs of IEC 62061 and the

System overview

Performance Level (PL) of EN ISO 13849-1 Performance Level Average probability of dangerous failure Safety Integrity Level Risk [1/h] (PFH) (SIL) (PL) а ≥10⁻⁵...<10⁻⁴ _ low ≥3*10⁻⁶...<10⁻⁵ b 1 ≥10⁻⁶...<3*10⁻⁶ с 1 high d ≥10⁻⁷...<10⁻⁶ 2 ≥10⁻⁸...<10⁻⁷ 3 е

Tab. 4-1:Safety Integrity Level: failure limit values for a safety function of a
PDS(SR)

4.2 Product presentation

4.2.1 What is "Integrated Safety Technology"?

IndraDrive Cs	The control sections of the IndraDrive Cs range can be equipped with the optional modules "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)] or "L4" [STO (Safe Torque Off) and SBC (Safe Brake Control)].
	The mentioned optional modules equip IndraDrive Cs with integrated safety technology which provides the user with safe torque off and, if using the optional module "L4", additionally with the safe control of a brake.
IndraDrive Mi	The IndraDrive Mi systems with the distributed servo drive KSM02 and the distributed drive controllers KMS02/KMS03 can be equipped with the optional module "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)].
	The optional module "L3" equips IndraDrive Mi with integrated safety technology which provides the user with safe torque off.
IndraDrive M / IndraDrive C	The Cxx02 control sections of the IndraDrive M / IndraDrive C range can be equipped with the optional module "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)].
	The optional module "L3" equips IndraDrive M / IndraDrive C with integrated safety technology which provides the user with safe torque off.
IndraDrive ML	The Cxx02.5 control sections of the IndraDrive ML range can be equipped with the optional module "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)].
	The optional module "L3" equips IndraDrive ML with integrated safety technology which provides the user with safe torque off.
Definition	• "Safe Torque Off" means application-related safety functions which are applicable for personal protection at machines according to ISO 13849-1 Category 4, PL e and IEC 62061 SIL 3.
	• "Safe Brake Control" means application-related safety functions which are applicable for personal protection at machines according to ISO 13849-1 Category 4, PL e and IEC 62061 SIL 3.
Selecting the function	The safety functions are selected via 24 V inputs at the drive controller.
Certification	The safety technology was certified by TÜV Rheinland ®. The NRTL listing by TÜV Rheinland of North America is available for HCS01; the other series are in preparation.
	Certificates are available on the Internet/Extranet.

Requirements that can be realized The integrated safety technology is independent of the type of master communication, the higher-level control unit and the supply modules. It is available as a functional characteristic of the standard drive system. The following requirements can be implemented in the machine or in the installation:

- Measures in accordance with ISO 12100-2, if accessing the danger zone is required, for example, for equipping, teaching or material withdrawal.
- Requirements for safety-related parts of control units according to ISO 13849-1 Category 4, PL e and IEC 62061 SIL 3, as required in EN 1010-1 (printing and paper converting machines), EN 12415 (turning machines) and EN 12417 (machining centres).
- Control functions in the case of an error according to IEC 60204-1 ("homogeneous redundancy").

4.2.2 Integrated safety technology as IndraDrive platform solution

Characteristics of IndraDrive Cs

The type code below shows the different characteristics of IndraDrive Cs:

		4												
Short type designation	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	90												
Example:	HCS011E-W00113-A-02-E-S3-EC-NN-NN-NN-F	W												
	0 2 30 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	>												
0	Product:													
	HCS = HCS													
0	Series:													
	01 = 01													
3	Design:													
	1 = 1													
۹	Power supply unit:													
	E = Feeding													
6	E = Feeding Cooling type:													
	W = Air, internal													
6	Maximum current ¹⁾ :													
	0003 = 3 A													
	0005 = 5 A													
	0006 = 6 A													
	0008 = 8 A													
	0009 = 9 A													
	0013 = 13 A													
	0018 = 18 A													
	0028 = 28 A 0054 = 54 A													
0	Degree of protection:													
	A = IP20													

		4
Short type designation	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 8 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	3 9 0
Example:	H C S 0 1 . 1 E - W 0 0 1 3 - A - 0 2 - E - S 3 - E C - N N - N N - N N - F	= W
	0 2 3 4 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	6
8	Mains connection voltage ¹ :	
	02 = 3 × AC 110 230 V	
	03 = 3 × AC 200 500 V	
9	Control section design ²⁾ :	
	A = ADVANCED	
	B = BASIC	
	E = ECONOMY	
0	Communication ²⁾ :	
	S3 = sercos 3 / EtherCAT	
	CC = sercos 3 master (cross communication)	
	ET = Multi-Ethernet	
Û	Interface 1:	
	EC = Multi-encoder interface	
Ø	Interface 2 ²⁾ :	
	CN = CANopen	
	DA = Digital/analog I/O extension	
	EC = Multi-encoder interface	
	EP = Engineering port	
	EM = Encoder emulation	
	ET = Multi-Ethernet	
	NN = Not equipped	
	PB = PROFIBUS	
13	Interface 3 ^{2) 3)} :	
	L3 = STO (Safe Torque Off)	
	L4 = STO (Safe Torque Off) and SBC	
	NN = Not equipped	
	S4 = Safe Motion	
	S5 = Safe Motion	
	SB = Safe Motion Bus	
(9)	Other design:	
	NN = None	
6	Firmware:	
	FW = With control panel, firmware has to be ordered separately	
	NW = Without control panel, without firmware	
	1) See table "Possible combinations of maximum current and	ł
	mains connection voltage"2)See table "Possible combinations of options"	

3)

R

The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function and the certification *Type code HCS01*

Tab. 4-2:

Possible combinations of maximum current and mains connection voltage:

Mains connection voltage [V]				Max	imum curi	rent [A]			
	3	5	6	8	9	13	18	28	54
3 × AC 110 230	~	-	~	-	1	1	1	-	-
3 × AC 200 500	_	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	_	\checkmark	1	1

Tab. 4-3:Possible combinations of maximum current and mains connection
voltage

Control section	Communication				Interf	ace 2						Interf	ace 3		
design		CN	DA	EC	EM	EP	ET	NN	PB	L3	L4	NN	S4	S5	SB
A	CC	\checkmark	-	✓	1	-	✓	 ✓ 	1	✓	✓	~	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
		1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-	-
	ET	1	-	~	~	-	-	 ✓ 	-	~	~	✓	~	~	✓
		1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓	-	-	-
В	ET	~	-	~	1	-	-	✓	1	~	~	✓	\checkmark	~	✓
		-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	1	✓	1	_	-	-
E	S3	-	-	-	-	✓	-	✓	-	✓	✓	1	-	-	-

Possible combinations of options:

Tab. 4-4: Possible combinations of options

To employ the integrated safety technology, it is necessary to use at least the following firmware version or higher in the drive:

- "Safe Torque Off" (L3): IndraDrive Cs (HCS01.1): MPx-17V06 and above
- "Safe Torque Off" **and** "Safe Brake Control" (L4): IndraDrive Cs (HCS01.1): MPx-16V14 and above

Characteristics of IndraDrive Mi

The following type codes allow you to identify the devices of the "IndraDrive Mi" range and discern their properties:

										1										2										3										4
Short type designation	1	2	:3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
Example:	κ	C	U	0	2		2	N	-	Е	т	-	Е	т	*	-	0	2	5	-	N	N	-	N	- 1	N	Ν	-	F١	w										
	① ② ③ ⑤ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ① Image: Constraint of the second																																							
0	Ρ	ro	du	ct:						-												-																		
	ĸ	CI	U =	= K	CL	J																																		
0	S	Series:																																						
	02	2 :	= 2	-																																				

Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		3 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	4 0
Example:	κ	С	υ	0	2	•	2	N	-	Е	т	-	Е	т	*	-	0	2	5	-	N	N	-	N	-	Ν	Ν	-	F	w										
		1)	(2		3	4		6	0			6				7			8	>	(9		1)		6	0										
3)es = :	-	n:															_																					
(4)			-			on on	•			n																														
6		N = Fixed configuration Master communication (input): ET = Multi-Ethernet Master communication (output):																																						
6	ET = Multi-Ethernet																																							
Ø		25				ina	l ci	urre	en	t: 2	25 /	A																												_
8		n te i IN			: ne																																			
۲				-	bar ou	n el: t																																		
0					sig ne																																			
Ø		NN = None Firmware: FW = Firmware has to be ordered as a separate subposition																																						

Tab. 4-5:

5: Type code KCU02

R

To employ the integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off" (L3), it is necessary to use at least the design "2" or higher of the drive connection box:

Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 9		3 0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	4 0
Example:	κ	Ν	I S	0	2	•	1	в	-	Α	0	1	8	-	Ρ	-	D	7	-	Е	т	-	Е	Ν	н	-	L	3 -	. 1	гс) -	F	W	'				
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0	s	er	ies	:																																		
	0	2 :	= 2																																			
3	D	es	sigi	n:																																		
	1	=	1																																			
(4)	Ρ	er	for	ma	anc	æ:																																
	В	=	Ba	asi	с																																	

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Short type designation	-	+	_	-						-	_	_	_	-		_		_	-			_	_		_	_	_		_		-		-		σ	1	8	9	0
Example:	K	 N	/	S	0	2	·	1	в	- /	A) '	1 8	-	Ρ	-	D	' -	E	Т	-	E	Ν	Н	-	L	3	-	Т	0	-	F	W						
		0	D		Q	0		3	4	(5	(9		Ø		8			ອ			10			Ħ			12	2		6	3						
6	C	;0	oli	nç	g t	/p	э:																																
	A	. =	= N	la	tuı	al	со	nv	ect	ior	ı (e	xte	erio	r h	eat	sir	nk)																						
6	N	1a	ixi	n	um	۱C	urr	en	t:																														
	0	18	8 =	: 1	18	A																																	
Ø	C)e	gre	ee	90	f p	ro	ec	tior	1 :																													
	F) =	= 16	26	65																																		
8	N	lo	mi	na	al I	DC	; b	us	vol	tag	ge:																												
	C	D7 = DC 750 V Master communication:																																					
9	N	Master communication:																_																					
	E	Master communication: ET = Multi-Ethernet																																					
10	E	in	со	de	əri	int	erf	ac	э:																														_
	E	N	H	=	Eı	าต	bde	er l	Hip	erf	ace	e																											
	N	IN	IN	=	W	'ith	ου	ıt																															
Û	S	a	fet	y	ор	tic	n:																																
	L	3	=	Sa	afe	ъТ	or	que	e O	ff (ST	O)																											
	S	3	=	S	afe	۹N	/01	ior	n (w	/ith	nou	t S	BC	;) ¹⁾																									
	S	D) =	S	af	e I	Лo	tio	ר (v	vitl	ו S	BC) ¹⁾																										
	N	IN	=	V	Vit	ho	ut																																
Ø	C)tł	nei	r c	les	sig	n:																																
	N	IN	=	V	Vit	ho	ut																																
	Т	0) =	N	1ul	ti-l	Ξtŀ	er	net	οι	utpu	ut o	cou	plir	ng (2;	× M	12)																					
	E	O = Multi-Ethernet output coupling (2 × M12) S = External master communication Multi-Ethernet (2 × M12)																																					
13	F	Firmware:																																					
	F	W	/ =	F	irr	nv	/ar	e ł	nas	to	be	or	de	red	as	а	sep	ara	te	suł	эрс	osi	tio	n															

1)	Only if encoder interface = ENH
Tab. 4-6:	Type code KMS02

Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		3 0 [,]	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	4 0
Example:	κ	м	s	0	3	•	1	в	-	A	0	36	-	Ρ	-	D	7	-	Е	т	-	Е	Ν	D	-	L	3	- '	т	D	-	F	w					
		1		Ģ	9		3	4		5	(6		T)	(9		(9			1			C	D		12			6	•					
0	Ρ	roc	duc	ct:										-		-			-		-	-													-			
	ĸ	MS	5 =	K	MS	3																																
0	s	eri	es																																			
	0:	3 = 3																																				
3	D	Design:																																				
	1	=	1																																			

Short type designation													
Example:	K M S 0 3 . 1 B - A 0 3 6 - P - D 7 - E T - E N D - L 3 - T O - F W												
(4)	Performance: B = Basic												
6	Cooling type:												
	A = Natural convection (exterior heat sink)												
	B = Thermal interface												
6	Maximum current:												
	036 = 36 A												
Ø	Degree of protection:												
	P = IP65												
8	Nominal DC bus voltage:												
	D7 = DC 750 V												
9	Master communication:												
	ET = Multi-Ethernet												
0	Encoder interface:												
	END = Encoder Hiperface® and digital encoder												
Ø	Safety option:												
	L3 = Safe Torque Off (STO)												
	SD = Safe Motion (with SBC) ¹⁾												
	NN = Without												
Ø	Other design:												
	ES = External master communication Multi-Ethernet (2 × M12)												
	NN = Without												
	TO = Multi-Ethernet output coupling (2 × M12)												
10	Firmware:												
	FW = Firmware has to be ordered as a separate subposition												

1)	Only if encoder interface = END
Tab. 4-7:	Type code KMS03

										1										2										3										4
Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
Example:	κ	s	М	0	2		1	в	-	0	6	1 (С	-	3	5	Ν	-	М	1	-	н	Ρ	0	-	Е	Т	-	N	N	-	D	7	-	N	N	-	F	w	
		1		2)		3	4		. (5	(6		Q	D	8		(9		10	1	9		C			¢	€		6	5		0	6		C	0	
0	Ρ	roc	luc	:t:																																				
	ĸ	SN	1 =	KS	SN	1																																		
0	s	erie	es:																																					
	02	2 =	2																																					

Short type designation															
Example:	K S M 0 2 . 1 B - 0 6 1 C - 3 5 N - M 1 - H P 0 - E T - N N - D 7 - N N - F W														
	① ② ③ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑩ ⑩ ⑬ ⑭ ⑲ ⑲ ⑲ ⑲ ⑲ ⑲ ⑲ ⑲ ⑲ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ ᅇ														
3	Design:														
	1 = 1														
•	Performance:														
	3 = Basic														
6	ize:														
	041 = Size 041														
	061 = Size 061														
	071 = Size 071														
	076 = Size 076														
6	ength:														
	C = Length C														
Ø	Ninding:														
	24 = Winding 24														
	35 = Winding 35														
	42 = Winding 42														
	61 = Winding 61														
8	Cooling type:														
	N = Natural convection														
9	Encoder:														
	S1 = Optical encoder, Hiperface single-turn, 128 signal periods														
	S3 = Capacitive encoder, Hiperface single-turn, 16 signal periods														
	M1 = Optical encoder, Hiperface multi-turn absolute, 128 signal periods														
	M3 = Capacitive encoder, Hiperface multi-turn absolute, 16 signal periods														
0	Electrical connection:														
	H = Connector, hybrid														
10	Shaft:														
	G = Plain shaft with shaft sealing ring														
	P = Shaft with keyway according to DIN 6885-1 with shaft sealing ring														
0	Holding brake:														
	0 = Without holding brake														
	2 = Holding brake, DC 24 V, electrically releasing														
13	Master communication:														
	ET = Multi-Ethernet														

Short type designation	1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 0 1 2	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	2 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	3 7 8 9 1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8 9 0
Example:	K S M 0 2	. 1 B - 0 6 1	C - 3 5 N - M	1 - H P 0 - E	T - N N - D 7	- N N - F W
	0 2	34 5	6 7 8 0	9 0000 0	3 69 65	6 0
Ø	Safety optic	on:				
	L3 = Safe T	Forque Off (STO)				
	NN = Witho	out safety technolo	ogy			
	S3 = Safe N	Motion (without SE	3C) ¹⁾			
	SD = Safe I	Motion (with SBC)) 1)			
6	Supply volta	age:				
	D7 = DC 75	50 V				
6	Other desig	gn:				
	-	Ethernet output co	oupling (2 × M12)			
	NN = None	-				
	ES = Extern	nal master commu	unication Multi-Eth	nernet (2 × M12)		
Ø	Firmware:					
	FW = Firmv	ware has to be orc	lered as a separa	te subposition		
Size	Length			Winding		
		24	35	42	61	
041	С	_	_	<u>ح</u>	_	
061	С	_	1	_	1	
071	С	✓ ✓	1	_	_	
076	C	_	· · ·		_	
010		1)	Safety options "	23" and "SD" or		
			'M1".		ily possible il ell	
		Tab. 4-8:	Type code KSM0.	2		
		1		2	3	4
Short type designation	1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 0 1 2	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6	7 8 9 0 1 2 3	4 5 6 7 8 9 0
Example:	K M V 0 3	. 1 R - B 0 0	0 7 - P - D 7	- E T - N N N	N - F W	
	0 2	34 6 0	0 0	9 0	1	
0	Product:					
	KMV = Sup	ply module				
0	Series:					
	03 = 3					
3	Design:					
	1 = 1					
•	Power supp	ply unit:				
	R = Regene	-				
	1					

									1									2									3								4
Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	3 9	0	1	2	3	4	5 6	; 7	8			1	2	3 4	5	6	7	8			2	3	4	5	6	7	B	9 0
Example:					3		1 F	_	-	0	_		_) _	_			E		- N	-	_			F۱	-	-		-	-	-	-	+	
Елатрю.						_	_	_	-				-					_		-					_		_	+		-			_	+	_
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6	C	00	lin	g t	ype) :																													
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	1:	= ٦	Γhe	erm	nal	int	erfa	ice	(in	sul	ate	ed i	mc	ount	ing	I)																			
6	R	ate	əd	ро	we	r:																													
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	0.	1K	5 =	= 1	.5	٨W	2)																												
Ø	D	eg	re	е о	fp	rot	ecti	on:																											
	P	=	IP	65																															
8	N	on	nin	al	DC	bu	IS \	olta	age):																									
	D	7 :	= C	C	75	0 \	/																												
9	М	as	stei	r co	om	mu	nic	atic	n:																										
	E	T :	= N	/lul	ti-E	Eth	ərn	et																											
0	0	th	er	de	sig	n:																													
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Ø	Fi	irm	wa	are	:																														
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						1)					F	Rat	er	d pc)\ <i>\\</i> /¢	∍r '	00	07	/" c	nl	v w	/ith		ากไ	ina	ı tv	ne	"R	"						

1)	Rated power "0007" only with cooling type "B"
2)	Rated power "01K5" only with cooling type "I"
<i>Tab. 4-9:</i>	<i>Type code KMV03</i>
RF RF	To employ the integrated safety technology "Safe

8	To employ the integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off"
-	(L3), it is necessary to use at least the following firmware version
	or higher in the drive:
	IndraDrive Mi (KSM02 x): MDR 17\/08 and above

- IndraDrive Mi (KSM02.x): MPB-17V08 and above
- IndraDrive Mi (KMS02.x): MPB-17V10 and above
- IndraDrive Mi (KMS03.x): MPB-20V02 and above

Characteristics of IndraDrive M / IndraDrive C

The following type codes show the different characteristics of the control sections of IndraDrive C / IndraDrive M:

										1										2										3										4
Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
Example:	С	s	В	0	2	•	1	в	-	Е	т	-	Е	С	-	Ρ	в	-	L	3	-	Е	С	-	Ν	Ν	-	F	w											
		1		0	0		3	4		6	9		6			Ø	D		(8	0		6	0		0	0		Ð	D											
1	Ρ	roc	duc	:t:																																				
	С	SE	3 =	Si	ng	le-	ax	is	coi	ntro	ol s	sec	ctic	n	ΒA	SI	С																							
2	s	eri	es																																					
	02	2 =	02	2																																				

Short type designation	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
Example:	C S B 0 2 . 1 B - E T - E C - P B - L 3 - E C - N N - F W
Example.	
	① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩ ①
3	Design: 1 = 1
٩	Interface equipment: A = Basic scope
	B = Extended scope
6	Communication:
9	ET = Multi-Ethernet
6	Interface 1:
6	EC = Multi-encoder interface
0	Interface 2:
\bigcirc	NN = Not equipped
	PB = PROFIBUS
	CN = CANopen
	EC = Multi-encoder interface
	EM = Encoder emulation
8	Interface 3 (safety technology) ¹⁾ :
	NN = Not equipped
	L3 = STO (Safe Torque Off)
	S4 = Safe Motion ²⁾
	S5 = Safe Motion ²⁾
	SB = Safe Motion Bus ²⁾
9	Interface 4:
	NN = Not equipped
	EC = Multi-encoder interface ³⁾
	EM = Encoder emulation ⁴⁾
	DA = Digital/analog I/O extension ²⁾
10	Other design:
	NN = None
1	Firmware:
	FW = Firmware must be ordered as a separate subposition
	 The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function and the certification Only if interface equipment = B

2)	Only if interface equipment = B
3)	Only if interface equipment = B and interface 2 = PB or CN
4)	Only if interface equipment = B and interface 2 = PB, CN or EC
Tab. 4-10:	CSB02.1 type code

									4																								
Short type designation		<u></u>		4 5			0		1	2	2	4	_	. 7	0	2 9 0		0	2		5	6	-			3			E	6	-		4
					_	_				_							_					_	1	0	9		: 3	4	Э	0	/ (5 8	, 0
Example:		SE			•	-	Α	-	S 3	-			- 1	N	-	L 3	-	-	N	-	F	_											
	(0		2		3	4		6		(0		0		8			9		0												
0	Pr	odu	ct	:																													
	CS	SE =	= (Sing	gle	-ax	is (cor	ntrol	se	ctic	on l	EC	ONC	DM	ΙY																	
2	Se	eries	s:																														
	02	2 = 0)2																														
3	De	esig	n:																														
	1 =	= 1																															
(4)	Int	terfa	ac	e e	qui	ipm	en	t:																									
	A	= Ba	as	sic s	scc	ppe																											
6	Co	omn	nu	inic	ati	on:																											
	SB	3 = 9	se	rco	s I	II, E	Ξth	erC	CAT																								
6	Int	terfa	ac	e 1																													
	EC	C =	M	ulti-	er	ico	der	int	terfa	ice																							
0	Int	terfa	ac	e 2																													
	N	= ۱	N	ot e	qu	iipp	ed																										
8	Int	terfa	ac	e 3	(s	afe	ty t	ec	hno	og	y) 1):																					
	N	= ۱	N	ot e	qu	iipp	ed																										
	L3	5 = 5	ST	0 (Sa	afe	То	rqu	e O	ff)																							
9	Ot	her	d	esi	gn:																												
	N	= ۱	N	one	•																												
0	Fi	rmw	a	re:																													
	F۷	V =	Fi	irm	wa	re	mu	st I	be o	rde	ere	d a	s a	sep	ar	ate s	sub	ро	siti	on													

1)

The L3 interface guarantees both the function and the certification

Tab. 4-11:	CSE02 type code
------------	-----------------

Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		3 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	4 0
Example:	С	s	н	0	2	•	1	В	-	С	С	-	Е	С	-	Е	Т	-	Ν	Ν	-	D	A	-	Ν	N	-	F١	N											
		1)	0	2		3	4		6	9		(9		Ø)		(9		9	9		0)		A	>											
1	Ρ	ro	du	ct:																																				
	С	Sł	H =	S	ing	le-	ax	is	cor	ntro	ols	se	ctio	on	AD)V/	٩N	CE	ΞD)																				
2	s	eri	ies	:																																				
	02	2 =	= 0	2																																				
3	D	es	sigr	า:																																				
	1	=	1																																					
(4)	In	te	rfa	ce	eq	lui	om	en	t:																															
	В	=	Ex	te	nde	əd	sc	ор	е																															

SH02 $①$ $②$ $②$ \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \square	(ion: III m thern ncod thern BUS en ¹⁾ ncod er en safety	ler ir 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1)	er nterf	faco	e	B		€ T ⑦	-	N N ®	_	0 A (9)	-	N T			W D								
C = sercos I $C = sercos I$ $T = Multi-Eth$ $T = Multi-en$ $T = Multi-en$ $T = Multi-en$ $T = Multi-Eth$ $T = Multi-Eth$ $T = Multi-Eth$ $T = Multi-en$ $T = Multi-en$ $T = CANope$ $T =$	ion: III m hern ncod uippe hern BUS en ¹⁾ ncod er en	ler ir 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1)	er nterf	faco	e	<u></u>		0		8		0		•	•		Ð								
C = sercos I Γ = Multi-Eth terface 1: C = Multi-en terface 2: N = Not equ Γ = Multi-Eth B = PROFIE N = CANope C = Multi-en M = Encode terface 3 (sa N = Not equ	III m thern ncod thern BUS en ¹⁾ ncod er en	ler ir ed ¹⁾ ler ir nula	nterf	fac																					
$\Gamma = Multi-Eth$ terface 1: C = Multi-en terface 2: $N = Not equa \Gamma = Multi-Eth B = PROFIE N = CANope C = Multi-en M = Encode terface 3 (saN = Not equa$	hern ncod hern BUS en ¹⁾ ncod er en	ler ir ed ¹⁾ ler ir nula	nterf	fac																					
terface 1: C = Multi-en terface 2: $N = Not eque \Gamma = Multi-EthB = PROFIBN = CANopeC = Multi-enM = Encodeterface 3 (saN = Not eque$	ncod thern BUS en ¹⁾ ncod er en	ler ir ed net ¹⁾) ler ir nula) nterf	fac																					
C = Multi-en terface 2: $N = Not equ$ $\Gamma = Multi-Ett$ $B = PROFIE$ $N = CANope$ $C = Multi-en$ $M = Encode$ terface 3 (sa N = Not equ	uippe hern BUS ben ¹⁾ hcod er en	ed net ¹⁾) ler ir nula) nterf	fac																					
terface 2: $N = Not eque \Gamma = Multi-Ethense R = PROFIEN = CANope C = Multi-enector M = Encodeterface 3 (second)$	uippe hern BUS ben ¹⁾ hcod er en	ed net ¹⁾) ler ir nula) nterf	fac																					
N = Not equ Γ = Multi-Ett B = PROFIE N = CANope C = Multi-en M = Encode terface 3 (sa N = Not equ	thern BUS en ¹⁾ ncod er en	net ¹⁾) ler ir nula	nterf		е																				
T = Multi-Eth B = PROFIE N = CANope C = Multi-en M = Encode terface 3 (sa N = Not equ	thern BUS en ¹⁾ ncod er en	net ¹⁾) ler ir nula	nterf		е																				
B = PROFIE N = CANope C = Multi-en M = Encode terface 3 (sa N = Not equ	BUS ben ¹⁾ ncod er en safety) ler ir nula	nterf		e																				
N = CANope C = Multi-en M = Encode terface 3 (sa N = Not equ	en ¹⁾ ncod er en safety) ler ir nula	ition		e																				
C = Multi-en M = Encode terface 3 (sa N = Not equ	ncod er en afety	ler ir nula	ition		е																				
M = Encode terface 3 (sa N = Not equ	er en afety	nula	ition		е																				
t erface 3 (s a N = Not equ	afety																								
N = Not equ		y teo	- b - b - b																						
-	uippe		cnno	plog	gy)²	2):																			
s = STO (Sa		ed																							
	afe T	Гorq	ue (Off))																				
t = Safe Mo	otion	ı																							
5 = Safe Mo	otion	ı																							
3 = Safe Mo	otion	n Bu	S																						
terface 4:																									
N = Not equ	uippe	ed																							
C = Multi-en	ncod	ler ir	nter	ac	e ³⁾																				
√ = Encode	er en	nula	ition	3)																					
A = Digital/a	analo	og I/	/O e	xte	ensio	on																			
her design:	:																								
N = None																									
rmware:																									
V = Firmwa	are m	nust	be	orc	lere	d a	is a	sep	ara	ate su	ubpo	ositi	on												
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1)	Unly if communication = CC
2)	The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function
	and the certification
3)	Only if interface 2 = ET, PB, CN or EC
Tab. 4-12:	CSH02.1 type code

Chart has decimented									
Short type designation									
Example:	C D B 2 . 1 B - E C - E M - L 3 - E M - N N - F W 								
	0 2 30 6 6 7 8 9 0 0 0 0 0								
1	Product:								
	CDB = Double-axis control section BASIC								
2	Series:								
	02 = 02								
3	Design:								
	1 = 1								
(4)	Interface equipment:								
	B = Extended scope								
5	Communication:								
	ET = Multi-Ethernet								
6	Interface 1 (axis 1):								
	EC = Multi-encoder interface								
0	Interface 2 (axis 2):								
	EC = Multi-encoder interface								
8	Interface 3:								
	N = Not equipped								
	PB = PROFIBUS								
	EC = Multi-encoder interface								
	EM = Encoder emulation								
9	Interface 4 (safety technology axis 1) ¹⁾ :								
	NN = Not equipped								
	L3 = STO (Safe Torque Off)								
	S4 = Safe Motion								
	S5 = Safe Motion								
	SB = Safe Motion Bus								
0	Interface 5 (safety technology axis 2) ¹⁾ :								
	NN = Not equipped ²⁾								
	L3 = STO (Safe Torque Off) ³⁾								
	S4 = Safe Motion ⁴⁾								
	S5 = Safe Motion ⁵⁾								
	SB = Safe Motion Bus ⁶⁾								
10	Interface 6:								
	NN = Not equipped								
	EC = Multi-encoder interface ⁷)								
	EM = Encoder emulation ⁸⁾								
	DA = Digital/analog I/O extension								

										1									2										3									4
Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0 '	1	2	3	4 {	5 6	8 7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 9	9 0	1 כ	1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
Example:	С	D	В	0	2		1	в	-	E .	T ·	-	E	c ·	- E	EC	-	Е	М	-	L	3	-	L	3	-	ΕN	1	- N	N N	1 -	F	w					
		1)	0	2		3	4		6			6)		0		0	•		6	9		6)		1			12		0	3					
12	0	th	er	de	sig	in:																				_												
	N	Ν	1 =	٧o	ne																																	
(3)	F	-irmware:																																				
	F	FW = Firmware must be ordered as a separate subposition																																				
		1) The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function																																				
						~									-	cer																						
						2 3)									iter iter						1																
						4	" .)									ter																						
						4 6 7	ý.									ter																						
						7	ý.									ter							r E	С														
		8) Only if interface 3 = PB, EC or EM																																				
	Tab. 4-13:CDB02 type code																																					
	To employ the integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off" (L3), it is necessary to use at least the following firmware version or higher in the drive:																																					

- IndraDrive C (Cxx02.x control sections): MPx-18V06 and above
- IndraDrive M (Cxx02.x control sections): MPx-18V06 and above

Characteristics of IndraDrive ML

The following type codes show the different characteristics of the control sections of IndraDrive ML:

					-	_	_			1		_	•		-	_	_			2					_		_							_					4
Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	8	9 (ון ט	2	: 3	4	5	6	1	8	9	0
Example:	c	s	в	0	2	•	5	в	-	E	т	-	Е	С	-	Ρ	в	-	L	3	-	Е	С	-	Ν	Ν	-	F۱	N										
		1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0																																				
1	Ρ	ro	duo	ct:																																			
	С	SE	SB = Single-axis control section BASIC																																				
2	s	eries:																																					
	0	2 = 02																																					
3	D	es	igr	ו:																																			
	5	=	Fo	r H	xx	05																																	
(4)	In	nte	rfa	ce	eq	uip	m	ent	t:																														
	В	3 = Extended scope																																					
5	С	Communication:																																					
	E	ET = Multi-Ethernet																																					

Short type designation	1 2 2 3 3 3 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	8 9 0											
Example:	C S B 0 2 . 5 B - E T - E C - P B - L 3 - E C - N N - F W												
6	Interface 1:												
	EC = Multi-encoder interface												
Ø	Interface 2:												
	NN = Not equipped												
	PB = PROFIBUS												
	CN = CANopen												
	EC = Multi-encoder interface												
	EM = Encoder emulation												
8	Interface 3 (safety technology) ¹⁾ :												
	NN = Not equipped												
	L3 = STO (Safe Torque Off)												
	S4 = Safe Motion	4 = Safe Motion											
	5 = Safe Motion												
	SB = Safe Motion Bus												
9	Interface 4:												
	NN = Not equipped												
	EC = Multi-encoder interface $^{2)}$												
	EM = Encoder emulation ³⁾												
	DA = Digital/analog I/O extension												
0	Other design:												
	NN = None												
1	Firmware:												
	FW = Firmware must be ordered as a separate subposition												
	NW = Without control panel, without firmware												
	 The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function 	ction											
	2) Only if interface 2 = PB or CN												
	3) Only if interface 2 = PB, CN or EC												
	Tab. 4-14: CSB02.5 type code												
		4											
Short type designation		890											
Example:	C S H 0 2 . 5 B - C C - E C - E T - N N - D A - N N - F W												
	0 2 30 5 6 7 8 9 0 0 1												
1	Product:												
	CSH = Single-axis control section ADVANCED												

2

Series: 02 = 02

Short type designation	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0								
	C S H 0 2 . 5 B - C C - E C - E T - N N - D A - N N - F W								
Example.									
3	Design:								
C	5 = For Hxx05								
4	Interface equipment:								
	B = Extended scope								
6	Communication:								
	CC = sercos III master								
	ET = Multi-Ethernet								
6	Interface 1:								
	EC = Multi-encoder interface								
0	Interface 2:								
	NN = Not equipped								
	ET = Multi-Ethernet ¹⁾								
	B = PROFIBUS ¹⁾ N = CANopen ¹⁾								
	EC = Multi-encoder interface								
	EM = Encoder emulation								
8	Interface 3 (safety technology) 2):								
	NN = Not equipped								
	L3 = STO (Safe Torque Off)								
	S4 = Safe Motion								
	S5 = Safe Motion								
	SB = Safe Motion Bus								
9	Interface 4:								
	NN = Not equipped								
	EC = Multi-encoder interface ³⁾								
	EM = Encoder emulation ³⁾								
	DA = Digital/analog I/O extension								
10	Other design:								
	NN = None								
10	Firmware:								
	FW = Firmware must be ordered as a separate subposition								
	NW = Without control panel, without firmware								

1)	Only if communication = CC
2)	The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function
	and the certification
3)	Only if interface 2 = ET, PB, CN or EC
Tab. 4-15:	CSH02.5 type code

RF RF To employ the integrated safety technology "Safe Torque Off" (L3), it is necessary to use at least the following firmware version or higher in the drive:

- IndraDrive ML, CSB02.5 control sections: MPB-19 and above
- IndraDrive ML, CSH02.5 control sections: MPH-19 and above

4.3 Safety-relevant standards and regulations

4.3.1 General information

Standard documents and sheets are subject to copyright protection and Bosch Rexroth must not pass them on. If required, contact the authorized sales agencies; in Germany directly contact Beuth Verlag GmbH (http://www.beuth.de).

Below the user will find a short overview of the relevant standards for the use of safety-related control units. The overview does not claim completeness; besides, only the safety-relevant standards and regulations for functional safety are taken into consideration.

4.3.2 Standards relevant to components

Product group	Standard	Title
Electric drives	IEC 61800-5-2	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems, Part 5-2: Safety requirements - Functional
Complex controls	IEC 61508-1 to IEC 61508-7	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

Tab. 4-16:Standards relevant to components

4.3.3 Standards relevant to machinery

Standard	Title
ISO 12100	Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction
IEC 60204-1	Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines
IEC 62061	Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems
ISO 13849-1 ISO 13849-2	Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems Part 1: General principles for design Part 2: Validation
ISO 13850	Safety of machinery - Emergency stop - Principles for design
EN 1037	Safety of machinery - Prevention of unexpected start-up
ISO 13855	Safety of machinery - The positioning of protective equipment in respect of approach speed of parts of the human body
ISO 14119	Safety of machinery - Interlocking devices associated with guards - Principles for design and selection
ISO 11161	Safety of machinery - Integrated manufacturing systems - Basic requirements

Standard	Title								
ISO 10218-1	Robots and robotic devices - Safety requirements for industrial robots								
ISO 10218-2	Part 1: Robots								
	Part 2: Robot system and integration								
EN 1010-1	Safety of machinery - Safety requirements for the design and construction of printing and paper converting machines, Part 1: Common requirements								
EN 848-3	Safety of woodworking machines - One side moulding machines with rotating tools, Part 3: Numerically controlled (NC) boring and routing machines								
EN 415-1	Safety of packaging machines								
to	Part 1 to Part 8								
EN 415-8									
EN 201	Plastics and rubber machines - Injection moulding machines - Safety requirements								
EN 12415	Safety of machine tools - Small numerically controlled turning machines and turning centres								
EN 12417	Machine tools - Safety - Machining centres								
EN 13218	Machine tools - Safety - Stationary grinding machines								

Tab. 4-17: Standards relevant to machinery

4.3.4 EC Directives

Description	Title	Notes
Directive 2006/42/EC	Machinery Directive	Valid since 2009-12-29
Directive 2006/95/EC	Low-Voltage Directive	
Directive 2004/108/EC	EMC Directive	

Tab. 4-18: EC Directives

4.4 Overview of functions and characteristics

4.4.1 Characteristics of integrated safety technology

Introduction

This documentation describes the characteristics "Safe Torque Off" [pure hardware solution (optional safety technology module "L3")] and "Safe Torque Off and Safe Brake Control" [pure hardware solution (optional safety technology module "L4")] of the integrated safety technology.

The "Safe Motion" characteristic is described in the documentation "Rexroth IndraDrive; Integrated Safety Technology "Safe Motion" (MPx-18 and above)".

Drive system with optional safety technology module "Safe Torque Off"

With the optional safety technology module "Safe Torque Off" ("L3"), the energy supply to the motor can be safely interrupted. The drive in this case cannot generate any torque/force and, as a consequence, it cannot generate any dangerous movements, either (Safe **torque** off function).

The optional safety technology module "Safe Torque Off" features two 24 V inputs for dual-channel selection and two outputs for dynamization.

Drive system with optional safety technology module "Safe Torque Off and Safe Brake Control"

By means of the optional safety technology module "Safe Torque Off and Safe Brake Control" ("L4"), the drive can be protected against accidental restart and thereby be kept in a safe state (Safe **torque** off function).

In addition, an electrically releasing brake can be safely activated (Safe **brake** control function).

"Safe Torque Off and Safe Brake Control" are always selected at the same time.

The optional safety technology module "Safe Torque Off and Safe Brake Control" features two 24 V inputs for dual-channel selection and two outputs for dynamization.

4.4.2 Supported safety technology functions

	Safe Torque Off	Safe Brake Control	Safe stop 1 (Emergency stop), only in conjunction with an external, time-delayed safety selection device
IndraDrive Cs (optional safety technology modules "L3" and "L4")	\checkmark	✓ (only with optional safety technology module "L4")	✓
IndraDrive Mi (optional safety technology module "L3")	\checkmark	_	✓
IndraDrive C and IndraDrive M (optional safety technology module "L3")	\checkmark	_	✓
IndraDrive ML (optional safety technology module "L3")	\checkmark	-	✓

Tab. 4-19: Supported safety technology functions

4.4.3 Performance

Time response and reaction times

The reaction times of integrated safety technology of the optional safety technology modules "L3" and "L4" are as follows:

			Selection	Deselection							
		-	inctions, i.e. transition from operation ("bb/Ab")	of the safety functions, i.e. transition to norm operation ("bb/Ab")							
		STO "Safe Torque Off"	SBC "Safe Brake Control" (only with optional safety technology module "L4")	STO "Safe Torque Off"	SBC "Safe Brake Control" (only with optional safety technology module "L4")						
IndraDrive Cs		Up to 18 ms	Up to 18 ms + clamping delay of the brake	20 ms	20 ms						
IndraDrive Mi IndraDrive M / IndraDrive C		Up to 18 ms	-	20 ms	-						
IndraDrive ML (w MPx-19VRS)	/ith	108 ms	-	120 ms	-						
IndraDrive ML	N	18 ms		20 ms							
MPx-20VRS and above)	P ¹⁾	108 ms	-	120 ms	-						

1) "P"="parallel operation is possible"; please see the type code for whether a universal inverter is suited for parallel operation: HMU05.1N-xxxxx-Xxxx-N-xx-xx-Pxx-NNNN

Tab. 4-20: Reaction times of integrated safety technology

RF R	The above-mentioned reaction times only apply to the safety
-	functions. To determine the total reaction time of the system, take the following aspects, among other things, into account:

- When selecting the safety functions
 - Time until at least a single-channel selection greater than 1 ms exists
- When deselecting the safety functions
 - Time until an error-free dual-channel deselection exists
 - Reaction time of the drive system after the setting of drive enable (put motor under current, release brake)

4.5 Safety characteristics of the safety system

4.5.1 Introduction

- IndraDrive Cs For using the optional safety technology modules "L3" and "L4", the IndraDrive Cs system has been certified according to IEC 61508, IEC 61800-5-2, IEC 62061 and ISO 13849-1.
- IndraDrive Mi For using the optional safety technology module "L3", the IndraDrive Mi system has been certified according to IEC 61508, IEC 61800-5-2, IEC 62061 and ISO 13849-1.
- IndraDrive C / IndraDrive M For using the optional safety technology module "L3", the IndraDrive C / IndraDrive M system has been certified according to IEC 61508, IEC 61800-5-2, IEC 62061 and ISO 13849-1.
 - IndraDrive ML For using the optional safety technology module "L3", the IndraDrive ML system has been certified according to IEC 61508, IEC 61800-5-2, IEC 62061 and ISO 13849-1.

IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi, IndraDrive C, IndraDrive M and IndraDrive ML The risk assessment and risk reduction of a machine require assessing the safety functions of the individual components. The interaction of the components has to be taken into account, too. In addition to the systematic suitability, it is also necessary to determine the total PFH value for the machine or the machine part (e.g., a safety zone). The total PFH value allows assessing whether the required "Safety Integrity Levels" (SIL_r) or "Performance Levels" (PL_r) have been complied with. As regards the optional safety technology modules "L3" and "L4", the paragraph below shows how the PFH value can be determined for a drive system and how additional external components have to be integrated.

The manufacturer-independent software wizard "SISTEMA" is suited for calculating the total PFH value.

You can procure SISTEMA libraries from our website.

For more information, please see the website of "Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (IFA)" [Institut für Arbeitsschutz der Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA)]. There you can download the SISTEMA software free of charge.

Your advantages:

- Quickly calculating the Performance Level
- Easily and quickly accessing safety characteristics
- Safety characteristics for certified components

4.5.2 Optional safety technology modules "L3" / "L4"

Drives equipped with the optional safety technology modules "L3" or "L4" comply with the following "Safety Integrity Levels" (SIL) or "Performance Levels" (PL):

- Up to SIL3 according to IEC 62061
- Up to Category 4, PL e according to ISO 13849-1

For the IndraDrive Mi system, there are the following "Safety Integrity Levels" (SIL) or "Performance Levels" (PL), depending on the drive connection box design that is used:

- KCU02.2 / KCU02.3 / KMV03.1: SIL3 according to EN 61508, IEC EN 62061 and IEC 61800-5-2
- KCU02.2: Category 3, PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1
- KCU02.3 / KMV03.1: Category 4, PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1

Depending on the SBC functions and device range used, there are the following safety characteristics:

	IndraDrive Cs	IndraDrive C/M	IndraDrive Mi		IndraDrive ML	IndraDrive ML
Description	HCS01.1	Cxx02.1	KMS/ KSM02.1	KMS03	Hxx05.1 N ³⁾	Hxx05.1 P ⁴⁾
PFH _{Lx} option (without SBC function) ^{1), 2)}	0.5×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h	0.5×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h	0.5×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h	0.5×10 ^{.9} 1/h (preliminary)	1×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h	(1×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h) + [(N-1) × 0.4] [N = 1, 2, 4, 8 (number of "HMU" devices)]
PFH _{SBC function} 1), 2)	1×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h	-		-		-
Mission Time	175,200 h (20 years)					
"Proof Test" interval	175,200 h (20 years)					
MTTF _{d/channel} 1)	> 200 years					
DC _{avg}	> 99 %					
	1) The specified safety characteristics refer to an average ambi- ent temperature of 40 °C (see also "Ambient and operating conditions" in the Project Planning Manuals).					

2) 3)	ent temperature of 40 °C (see also "Ambient and operating conditions" in the Project Planning Manuals). PFH value of an axis with "Safe Torque Off", not taking additional components (e.g., brake) into account. To determine the actual PFH value, see chapter "Calculating the PFH component of an axis". Parallel operation is not possible
4)	Parallel operation is possible
	 For the IndraDrive Mi system with KMS02/KSM02/KMS03, the PFH value of the drive connection box/the distributed supply unit has to be taken into account within the safety zone in addition to the PFH values of the axis: KCU02.2/KCU02.3: <1.5×10⁻⁹ 1/h
	• KMV03.1: preliminary: <2.0×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h (2 % of SIL3)

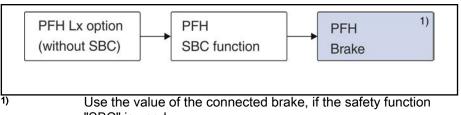
"Mission Time" and "Proof Test" interval

- The "Mission Time" of all components used must be observed and complied with. After the "Mission Time" of a component has elapsed, the component must be discarded or replaced. It is not allowed to continue operating the component!
- After the component was discarded ("Mission Time" has elapsed), it has to be ensured that the component cannot be reused (e.g., by disabling it).
- There is no specified "Proof Test" for the IndraDrive system. Therefore, the "Mission Time" cannot be reset by a "Proof Test".

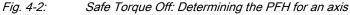
4.5.3 Calculating the PFH component of an axis

To determine the required total PFH value of an axis, the PFH values of the individual components relevant to the safety function and (if required) of the

brake have to be used for calculation. The figure below illustrates all the components relevant to the calculation:







To calculate the PFH value of an axis, a valid PFH value has to be available for all components which have an influence on the safety function (if necessary, procure the PFH value from the component manufacturer).

$$\mathsf{PFH}_{\mathsf{Axis}} = \mathsf{PFH}_{\mathsf{Lx}_{\mathsf{option}}} + \mathsf{PFH}_{\mathsf{SBC}_{\mathsf{function}}} + \mathsf{PFH}_{\mathsf{Brake}}$$

Fig. 4-3: Safe Torque Off: Formula to calculate PFH for an axis

The following conditions/restrictions apply to the general use of the formula for PFH calculation for an axis:

Variable	Value	Description
PFH _{Lx option}	See "Optional safety technology modules "Lx""	This value is independent of the safety functions used and thereby independent of the safety level to be achieved.
PFH _{SBC function}	See "Optional safety technology modules "Lx""	Enter "0" for this variable, if the safety function "SBC" is not used.
PFH _{Brake} ¹⁾	See manufacturer's specification (when using Rexroth motors, see "Required motors and measuring systems")	"SBC" is used.
' ' 'Brake		If the safety function "SBC" is not used, enter "0" for this variable.

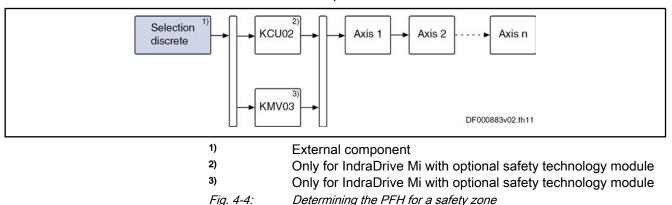
PFH=λ_D

Tab. 4-21: Variable description to calculate PFH for an axis

4.5.4 Calculating the total PFH value of a safety zone

1)

To determine the required total PFH value of an installation or a safety zone, the PFH values of the individual axes and of the required external components have to be used for calculation as follows. The figure below illustrates all the components relevant to the calculation:



To calculate the PFH value of a safety zone, a valid PFH value has to be available for all components which have an influence on the safety function (if necessary, procure the PFH value from the component manufacturer).

PFH_{SafetyZone}=PFH_{Selection_discrete}¹⁾+PFH_{KCU02}²⁾+PFH_{KMV03}³⁾+PFH_{Axis_1}+PFH_{Axis_2}+...+PFH_{Axis_n}

External component

1)

- Only for safety zone with at least one IndraDrive Mi with optional safety technology module
- 3) Only for safety zone with at least one IndraDrive Mi with optional safety technology module
- Fig. 4-5: Formula to calculate PFH for a safety zone

The following conditions/restrictions apply to the general use of the formula for PFH calculation for a safety zone:

Variable	Value	Description		
PFH _{Selection_discrete}	See manufacturer's specification	Enter the sum of the individual PFH values of the switches or safety devices involved in the selection.		
	KCU02.2: 1.5×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h	Use the value of the drive connection box "KCU" here. Enter "0" for this value, if		
PFH _{KCU02}	KCU02.3: 1.5×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h	 no IndraDrive Mi with optional safety technology module has been included in the safety zone, or 		
		a "KMV" distributed supply unit is used		
	Preliminary: <2.0×10 ⁻⁹ 1/h	Use the value of the distributed supply unit here. Enter "0" for this value, if		
PFH _{KMV03.1}		 no IndraDrive Mi with optional safety technology module has been included in the safety zone, or 		
		• a "KCU" drive connection box is used		
PFH _{Axis_x}	See "Calculating the PFH component of an axis"	This value is independent of the safety level to be attained.		

Tab. 4-22: Variable description to calculate PFH for a safety zone

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5 Functional principle of integrated safety technology

5.1 Basic functions

5.1.1 Overview

In the case of a standard drive, the axis / spindle / roll is moved according to the command values of the control unit. In this case, incorrect drive motion can be caused by operating errors, incorrect installation in the system, defects in parts or materials, failures in the system, etc. Incorrect drive motion can endanger persons staying in the danger zone of the drive motion, even if the errors only occur for a short time and occasionally.

It is therefore necessary to take measures that limit the effects of errors on the drive motion to a minimum. The residual risk of danger to persons is then considerably reduced.

During operation, the safety functions are monitored by the drive system. For this purpose, measures for detecting static error states were realized in the system:

- Dual-channel structure
- Comparison of the states of both channels
- Dynamization of static states

These measures ensure that a single error cannot cause the safety functions to be lost.

The installation or machine manufacturer has to determine in how far this is sufficient for an existing installation or machine by a risk assessment according to annex I of the Directive 2006/42/EC.

The following schematic diagram of an IndraDrive Cs device illustrates the basic functions and functional principles explained in this section. (The described basic functions and functional principles apply to IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive Mi with Kxx02/Kxx03, IndraDrive C/IndraDrive M with Cxx02 control sections and IndraDrive ML with Cxx02.5 control sections):

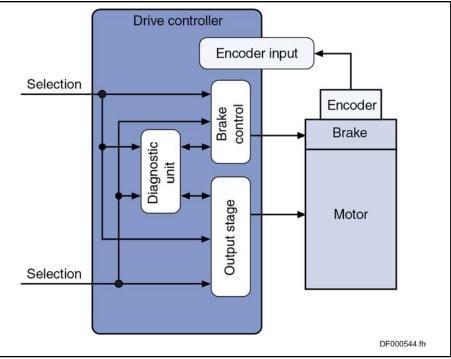


Fig. 5-1: Schematic diagram of IndraDrive Cs with integrated safety technology

5.1.2 Dynamization

Brief description

Dynamization is to detect static error states in the safety-relevant circuits. Dynamization takes place automatically in the background without having an effect on the safety function or the standard drive functions.

Functional principle of dynamization

A safety function is selected via an N/C-N/C combination, i.e. a "0" signal at both inputs is evaluated when the safety functions are selected. Therefore, the dynamization of the external selection channels can only take place in the deselected state (normal operation).

Dynamization in the case of selection via an active safety unit

An active safety unit is a safety switching device which selects the safe function via OSSD outputs. The active safety unit tests its outputs on its own.

The "OSSD" (Output Signal Switching Device) is that part of a safe selection unit which has been connected to the machine control and which goes to the OFF state, when the safe selection unit triggers during the intended operation.

When the safety functions are selected via an active safety unit, the dynamization pulses of the OSSD outputs of the active safety unit are evaluated and monitored; therefore, other dynamization signals are not required.

The active safety unit must detect the following errors via its OSSD outputs:

- Short circuit of one or both selection signals with 24 V
- Short circuit of one or both selection signals with 0 V

• Short circuit between both selection signals

In order that all other relevant errors can be detected by the optional safety technology modules "L3"/"L4", the dynamization pulses of the OSSD outputs must comply with the following limit values:

	Value	Explanation
t _{PLmax}	1 ms	Maximum low time of the test pulse
t _{PLmin}	20 µs	Minimum low time of the test pulse
t _{Pmax}	1 h	Maximum periodic time of the test pulses
t _{Pmin}	500 µs	Minimum periodic time of the test pulses
t _{Vmax}	1 s	Maximum delay of the selection signals for selection or deselection
$t_{Dmin} = t_{PH} / t_P$	90 %	Minimum sampling ratio of the selection signals
t _{Bounce}	400 ms	Maximum bounce time for a selection or deselection
φ	-	Phase shift of the test pulses on both channels: no requirement

Tab. 5-1: Limit values of the dynamization pulses of the OSSD outputs

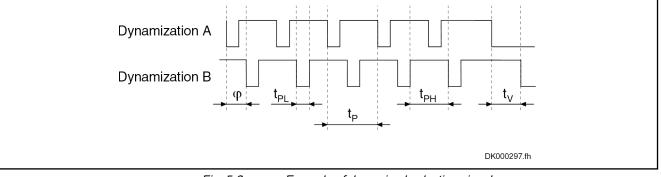
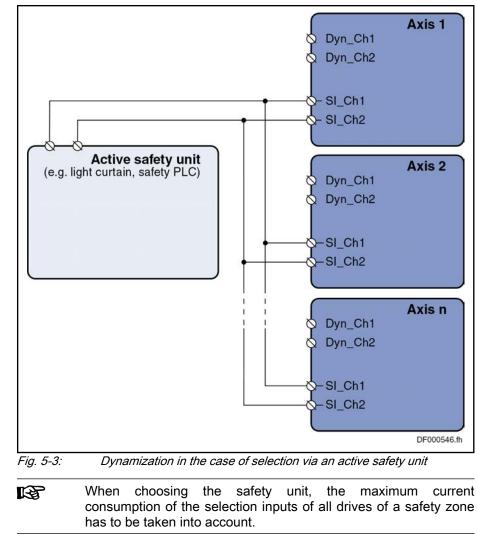


Fig. 5-2: Example of dynamized selection signals

The figure below illustrates, in schematic form, the interconnection of an active safety unit and several drives with an "L option":



Dynamization in the case of selection via passive safety units

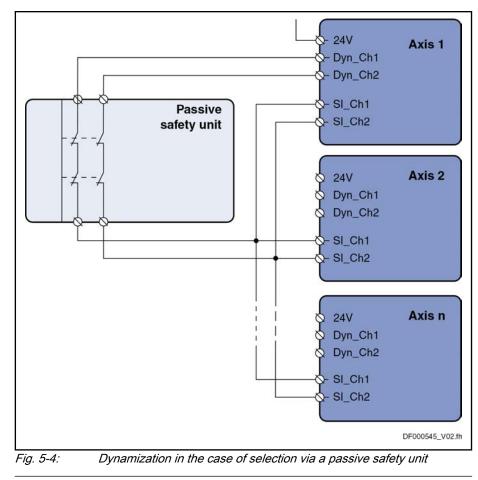
A passive safety unit is a safety switching device with which the safe function is selected via isolated contacts.

When the safety functions of the "L options" are selected via a passive safety unit, the drive checks the wiring of the selection.

When selected via a passive safety unit, a 24 V supply has to be connected to X49.4.

When the selection of the safety functions takes place via a passive safety unit, the drive generates the dynamization pulses and makes them available via the "dynamization channel A" and "dynamization channel B" outputs. These two outputs allow supplying the isolated selection contacts of the passive safety unit.

The figure below illustrates, in schematic form, the interconnection of a passive safety unit and several drives with an "L option":



At maximum, a safety zone may contain 25 drives with an optional safety technology module "L3"/"L4". If more than 25 drives are to be operated at a safety unit, multiple safety zones have to be set up.

6 Integrated safety functions

6.1 Overview of safety functions

6.1.1 General information

The application-related safety functions "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" described below have been realized for personal protection in accordance with ISO 13849-1, Category 4, PL e and IEC 62061, SIL3.

Before a safety function is selected, the drive system has to be put into the appropriate state by specifying the command values.

6.2 Safety functions in special mode "Safe standstill"

6.2.1 Safe Torque Off (STO)

Brief description

Using the "Safe Torque Off" function requires the optional safety technology module "L3" or "L4".

The energy supply to the motor is safely interrupted with the safety function "Safe Torque Off". The drive cannot generate any torque/force and, as a consequence, it cannot generate any dangerous motions, either.

Before selecting the safety function "Safe Torque Off", the drive system has to be decelerated via the command value input; there is no drive-controlled deceleration!

A WARNING

Lethal injury and/or property damage caused by unintended axis motion!

⇒ If external force influences are to be expected with the safety function "Safe Torque Off", e.g. in the case of a vertical axis, this motion has to be safely prevented by additional measures, e.g. a mechanical brake or a weight compensation. For such axes, Bosch Rexroth recommends using the safe braking and holding system.

High electrical voltage! Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock or serious injury!

During the time a safety function is active, power is not removed from the motor; de-energize the motor's drive before working on it.

Features

The safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO) has the following features:

- When the optional safety technology module "L4" is used and the safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO) is selected, the "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) is automatically activated.
- Corresponds to stop category 0 according to IEC 60204-1
- Is suited for safety-relevant applications up to SIL 3 according to IEC 62061.

- Is suited for safety-relevant applications up to Category 4, PL e (IndraDrive Mi with KCU02.2: Category 3, PL e) according to ISO 13849-1.
- The energy supply to the motor is safely interrupted via two channels.
- The selection can take place via two channels, alternatively by means of
 - a passive safety unit with dual-channel, isolated conventional (nonsolid-state) normally closed contacts (e.g., safety switching device for emergency stop, safety door monitor, etc.) or
 - an active safety unit with plus-plus-switching or plus-minusswitching OSSD outputs (e.g., safety control units, laser scanners, etc.).
- In the case of IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive C, IndraDrive M and IndraDrive ML, the selection can take place via one channel, alternatively by means of
 - a passive safety unit with an isolated conventional (non-solid-state) normally closed contact (designed in compliance with SIL3), e.g., safety switching device for emergency stop, safety door monitor, etc.

In addition, the fault exclusion (short-circuit with other signals / potentials) in the wiring (considering IEC 61800-5-2: 2007, table D.1 or ISO 13849-2: 2008, table D.4) is required, or

 by means of an active safety unit with plus-switching OSSD output (e.g., safety control units, laser scanners, etc.).

In addition, the fault exclusion (short-circuit with other signals / potentials) in the wiring (considering IEC 61800-5-2: 2007, table D.1 or ISO 13849-2: 2008, table D.4) is required.

- The dynamization of the safety function selection takes place alternatively by means of
 - the OSSD dynamization of the active safety unit or
 - the dynamization outputs at the X49 terminal connector of the optional safety technology module "L3" or "L4" in the case of control by passive safety units.
- It is possible to set up a zone by connecting up to 25 drives in parallel.
- Online dynamization of the outputs and interrupting circuits
- Short reaction time (see chapter "Time response and reaction times" on page 45)
- The state of safety function "Safe Torque Off" is displayed via the parameter "P-0-0106, Operating status STO/SBC".

Pertinent parameters

The following parameters are used in conjunction with the safety function "Safe Torque Off":

- P-0-0101, Configuration STO/SBC
- P-0-0106, Operating status STO/SBC

Pertinent diagnostic messages The following diagnostic messages can be generated in conjunction with the safety function "Safe Torque Off":

- A0011 STO/SBC active
- E8027 STO/SBC while drive enabled
- F3134 Dynamization time interval incorrect
- F8027 STO/SBC while drive enabled

- F8300 Dynamization pulse width incorrect
- F8301 Error when checking selection signals
- F8302 Error when checking switch-off channels STO/SBC
- F8303 System error STO/SBC

With the safety function "Safe Torque Off" activated, the display of the drive controller's control panel shows "STO".

The optional safety technology modules "L3"/"L4" feature two 24 V inputs for dual-channel selection and two dynamization outputs for operation at passive safety units.

For pin assignments and technical data, please refer to the chapter "Project planning".

The safety function "Safe Torque Off" can be divided into the following topics which are described in detail below:

- Dynamization
- Requirements on the command value input
- Selecting the safety function "Safe Torque Off"

Dynamization Dynamization is to detect static error states in the wiring and in the safetyrelevant circuits. Dynamization takes place automatically in the background without having an effect on the safety function or the standard drive functions.

A safety function is selected via an N/C-N/C combination, i.e. a "0"-signal at both inputs is evaluated as the selection of the safety function. Therefore, the dynamization of the external selection channels can only take place in the deselected state (normal operation). Internal dynamizations are carried out independent of the selection.

For the dynamization of the safety function selection, we distinguish whether the safety function is selected via an active or a passive safety unit. The dynamization function is explained in the chapter on "Dynamization".

Dynamization pulses of a duration of 20 μs and more are recognized as valid dynamization pulses.

The dynamization pulses are monitored for:

- the time interval
- the pulse width
- the sampling ratio

The "L option" monitors whether the dynamization of the selection signals is carried out in the deselected state. Monitoring takes place so that dynamization is carried out at the latest after 1 hour in the deselected state (normal operation). For this purpose, the time in the deselected state is added in the drive and only reset by dynamization; i.e. an interim selection does not cause monitoring to be reset. Monitoring takes place independently for both selection channels. If the time interval is exceeded, the error message "F3134 Dynamization time interval incorrect" is generated.

To increase the noise immunity, the safety technology tolerates the failure of a dynamization pulse, when the following 8 dynamization pulses occur within the time window described above.

Safety function

The safety technology monitors the sampling ratio of the dynamization pulse, too. When this is done, the dynamization pause must be at least 90% of a dynamization period. If the dynamization pause is shorter, the error message "F8300 Dynamization pulse width incorrect" is generated.

- Requirements on the command value input
- Before selecting the safety function "Safe Torque Off", the drive system has to be decelerated via the command value input; there is no drive-controlled deceleration!
- The safety function "Safe Torque Off" corresponds to stop category 0 according to EN 60204-1.

If the safety function "Safe Torque Off" is selected with drive enable set, the safety function is executed while a diagnostic message is generated at the same time, because the drive must first be decelerated before the safety function is allowed to be activated.

MPx17V06 and below: The diagnostic message which is output is the warning "E8027 STO/SBC while drive enabled".

MPx17V08 and above: The parameter "P-0-0101, Configuration STO/SBC" can be used to select whether the drive is to react to the error with the fatal error "F8027 STO/SBC while drive enabled" or the fatal warning "E8027 STO/SBC while drive enabled".

The warning is automatically cleared when drive enable is removed, the error has to be cleared by the user.

The diagnostic messages are recorded in "S-0-0375, Diagnostic numbers list".

Lethal injury and/or material damage caused by coasting axes!

 \Rightarrow If the safety function"Safe Torque Off" is selected with drive enable having been set, the drive torque, independent of the diagnostic message which was set, is immediately disabled and the drive coasts to stop; the shutdown process is relatively slow and, above all, not safe!

Selecting the safety function "Safe Torque Off" With IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive C, IndraDrive M and IndraDrive ML, the safety function "Safe Torque Off" can be optionally selected via one channel or via two channels.

In the case of "IndraDrive Mi", selection via one channel is not allowed!

The selection of the safety function is detected, when a "0"-signal is detected on both selection inputs. The selection can alternatively be made by means of active or passive safety units.

See also "Examples of application"

In the case of the safety option "L4", the safety function "Safe Brake Control" is activated, too, when the safety function "Safe Torque Off" is selected and a brake is available. It is impossible to select or deselect both safety functions separately.

The safety technology checks the selection signals for validity. In the case of single-channel selection, i.e. dual-channel selection is expected due to the wiring, but only one channel is selected, the second channel has to be selected before the first channel is deselected; otherwise, the error message "F8301 Error when checking selection signals" is generated.

The tolerance time for the differing selection between the two selection channels is 1 s; the parameter setting cannot be changed.

For diagnostic purposes, the state of the safety function "Safe Torque Off" can be read via parameter "P-0-0106, Operating status STO/SBC".

Notes on commissioning

For examples of interconnection, please refer to "Examples of application"

Notes on project planning

When configuring the safety function "Safe Torque Off", it is absolutely necessary to observe the following safety instructions:

Lethal injury and/or property damage caused by unintended axis motion!

⇒ If external force influences are to be expected with the safety function "Safe Torque Off", e.g. in the case of a vertical axis, this motion has to be safely prevented by additional measures, e.g. a mechanical brake or a weight compensation. For such axes, Bosch Rexroth recommends using the safe braking and holding system.

Injury and/or property damage caused by deviation from standstill position!

 \Rightarrow Even if the control of the power section has been safely locked, momentary axis motion, depending on the number of poles of the motor, can be triggered, when two errors are occurring simultaneously in the power section with the voltage DC bus being active:

- Breakdown of a power semiconductor **and**
- Breakdown of another semiconductor

In this case, two of six semiconductors are affected in such a way that the motor shaft is aligning.

Synchronous motor example: In the case of a synchronous motor with 6 pole pairs, the motion can be a maximum of 30 degrees. For a directly driven ball screw, e.g. 20 mm per revolution, this corresponds to a one-time maximum linear motion of 1.67 mm.

When an asynchronous motor is used, the short circuits in two separate circuits of the power section have almost no effect, because the exciter field breaks down when the inverter is shut down and has completely died down after approx. 1 s.

6.2.2 Safe Brake Control (SBC)

Brief description

R ³	Using the "Safe Brake Control (SBC)" function requires the
	optional safety technology module "L4".

The safety function "Safe Brake Control (SBC)" switches off the motor holding brake safely (via two channels).

Before selecting the safety function "Safe Brake Control (SBC)", the drive system has to be decelerated via the command value input; there is no drive-controlled deceleration!

Features

res The safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) has the following features:

- The safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC) is automatically activated when the safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO) is selected. It is not possible to select the function separately.
- Is suited for safety-relevant applications up to Category 4, PL e according to ISO 13849-1 or SIL 3 according to IEC 62061.
- The energy supply to the motor holding brake is safely interrupted via two channels.
- Only self-holding (electrically releasing) brakes are supported.
- Online dynamization of the outputs and interrupting circuits

The safety function "Safe Brake Control" only tests the control of the brake, not the brake function! If the brake function is insufficient, the axis might move in an uncontrolled way!

The function of the brake has to be cyclically checked.

- Short reaction time (see chapter "Time response and reaction times" on page 45)
- The state of the safety function "Safe Brake Control" is displayed via the parameter "P-0-0106, Operating status STO/SBC".

Pertinent parameters The following parameter is used in conjunction with the safety function "Safe Brake Control":

• P-0-0106, Operating status STO/SBC

Pertinent diagnostic messages

- sages The following diagnostic messages can be generated in conjunction with the safety function "Safe Brake Control" (SBC):
 - A0011 STO/SBC active
 - C0256 Safety technology configuration error
 - E8027 STO/SBC while drive enabled
 - F3134 Dynamization time interval incorrect
 - F8027 STO/SBC while drive enabled
 - F8300 Dynamization pulse width incorrect
 - F8301 Error when checking selection signals
 - F8302 Error when checking switch-off channels STO/SBC

• F8303 System error STO/SBC

With the safety function "Safe Brake Control" activated, the display of the IndraDrive Cs control panel shows "STO", because safe brake control can only be activated in conjunction with safe torque off (STO).

Safety function

The safety function "Safe Brake Control (SBC)" switches off the motor holding brake safely (via two channels). It is automatically activated when the safety function "Safe Torque Off" (STO) is selected. It is not possible to select or deselect the function separately.

Before selecting the safety function "Safe Torque Off" and thereby simultaneously activating the safety function "Safe Brake Control", the drive system should be decelerated via the command value input to prevent wear of the brake; there is no drive-controlled deceleration!

A DANGER

Lethal injury and/or property damage caused by long braking distances!

 \Rightarrow If the safety function "Safe Brake Control" and thereby the safety function "Safe Torque Off" is selected with drive enable having been set, the drive torque is immediately disabled, the motor brake is applied and the drive is decelerated using only the motor brake; depending on the motor brake, the shutdown process can be relatively slow and, above all, is not safe!

Notes on commissioning

For examples of interconnection, please refer to "Examples of application"

Notes on project planning

High electrical voltage! Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock or serious injury!

During the time a safety function is active, power is not removed from the motor; de-energize the motor's drive before working on it.

 As the safety function "Safe Brake Control" cannot be deactivated, it is only allowed to operate self-holding (electrically releasing) brakes at drives with the optional safety technology module "L4".

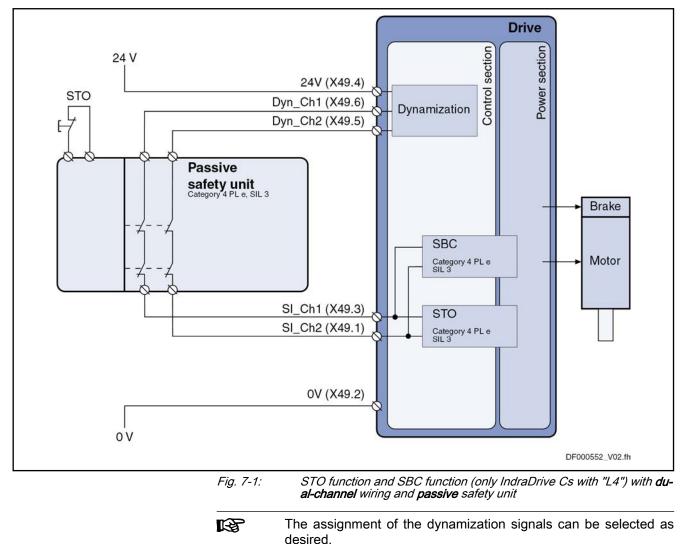
If an electrically clamping brake is configured in "P-0-0525, Holding brake control word", the transition command error "C0256 Safety technology configuration error" is generated when the drive is switched to the operating mode (OM).

- When selecting the brake, it has to be taken into account that the brake outputs are tested online during operation. For this purpose, the outputs are switched off for a short time (≤1 ms) and the brake is controlled. If a very fast acting brake is used, it cannot be excluded that the brake applies.
- When selecting the brake, it has to be taken into account that the brake current is monitored for a fixed minimum value (see also "Allowed motor holding brakes").

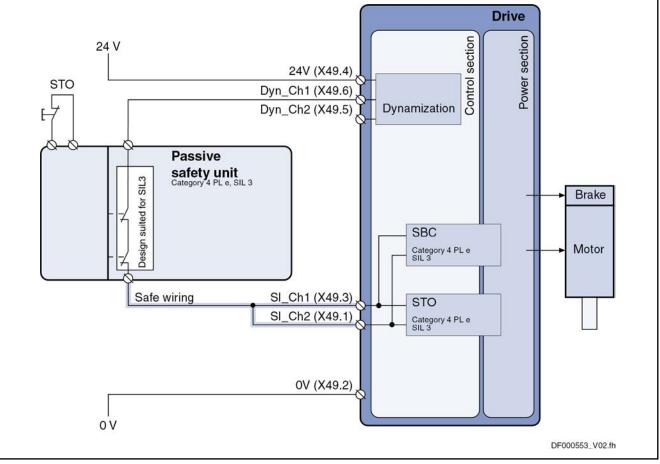
• When selecting the brake and the 24 V power supply, it has to be taken into account that the brake is directly operated with the supply voltage; a supply voltage failure (e.g., overvoltage) can cause the brake to fail!

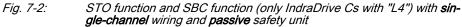
- 7.1 Examples of application for IndraDrive Cs, IndraDrive C and IndraDrive M
- 7.1.1 STO and SBC functions ("L4" only) when selected by means of passive safety units

Dual-channel wiring



Single-channel wiring

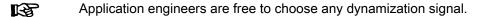




When the wiring (as illustrated above) between the passive safety unit and connector X49 of the "L option" is to be a single-channel wiring, the wiring has to be carried out as a "safe wiring". For this purpose, the following fault exclusions have to be made:

- Short circuits with other potentials
- Short circuit with 24 V
- Short circuit with ground

In the case of single-channel wiring between the passive safety unit and connector X49 of the "L option", the internal structure of the passive safety unit, too, has to meet the requirements of the "safe wiring".



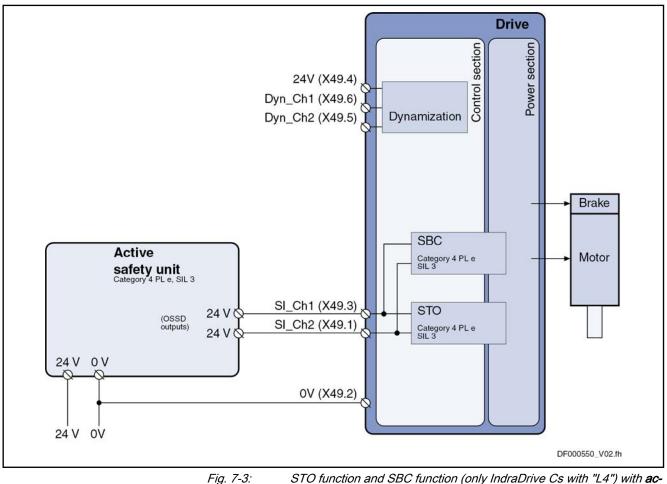
7.1.2 STO and SBC functions ("L4" only) when selected by means of active safety units

Dual-channel wiring

Plus-plus-switching safety unit

When the safety function is selected by means of a plus-plus-switching safety unit, the following errors have to be detected by the OSSD outputs:

- Short circuit of the selection signals with 24 V
- Short circuit between the two selection signals



7-3: STO function and SBC function (only IndraDrive Cs with "L4") with **active** safety unit (**plus-plus-switching** outputs)

Plus-minus-switching safety unit

When the safety function is selected by means of a plus-minus-switching safety unit, the following errors have to be detected by the OSSD outputs:

- Short circuit of the plus-switching selection signal against 24 V
- Short circuit of the minus-switching selection signal against 0 V

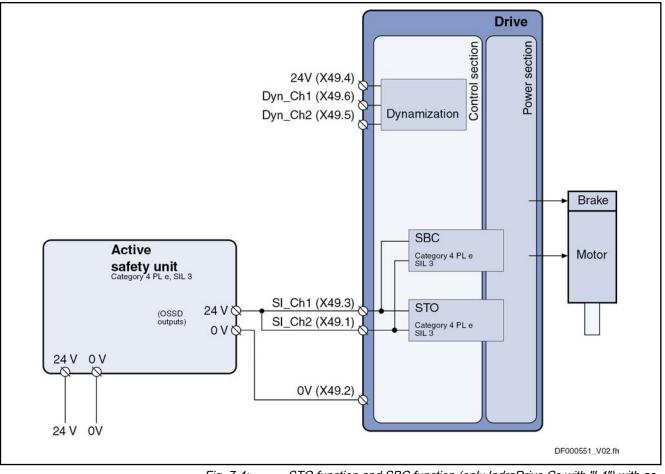
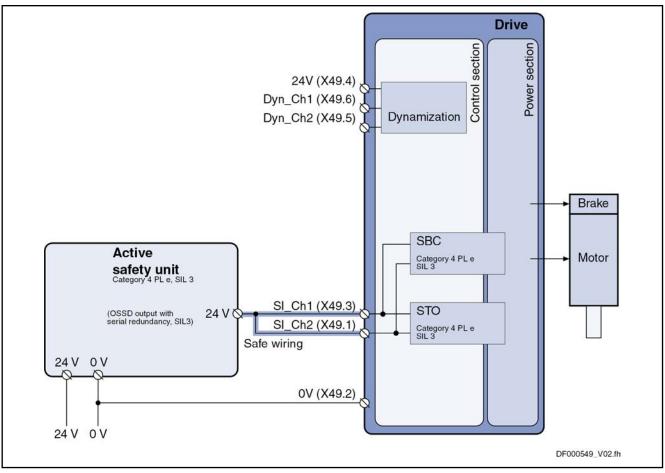
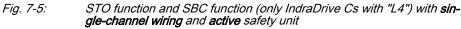


Fig. 7-4: STO function and SBC function (only IndraDrive Cs with "L4") with active safety unit (*plus-minus-switching* outputs)

Single-channel wiring

When the safety function is selected by means of a safety unit, the short circuit with 24 V has to be detected by the OSSD output.





When the wiring between the active safety unit and connector X49 of the "L option" is to be a single-channel wiring (as illustrated above), the wiring has to be carried out as a "safe wiring". For this purpose, the following fault exclusions have to be made:

- Short circuits with other potentials
- Short circuit with 24 V
- Short circuit with ground

See also EN 61800-5-2: 2007, table D.1

If the wiring between the active safety unit and connector X49 of the "L option" is a single-channel wiring, the OSSD output has to be designed with "serial redundancy" in accordance with SIL3.

7.1.3 "Safe stop 1 (emergency stop)" function with "L3"/"L4" option

Using the E-Stop function of the drive (or the NC stop of the control unit), the STO function can be extended to obtain the "Safe stop 1 (Emergency stop)" function. For this purpose, the selecting safety unit (active or passive) first has to shut down the drive by means of the E-Stop function (or the NC stop of the control unit) and select the STO function after a fixed time that has been set is over. The selection always has to take place after the time that has been set, independent of the axis state.

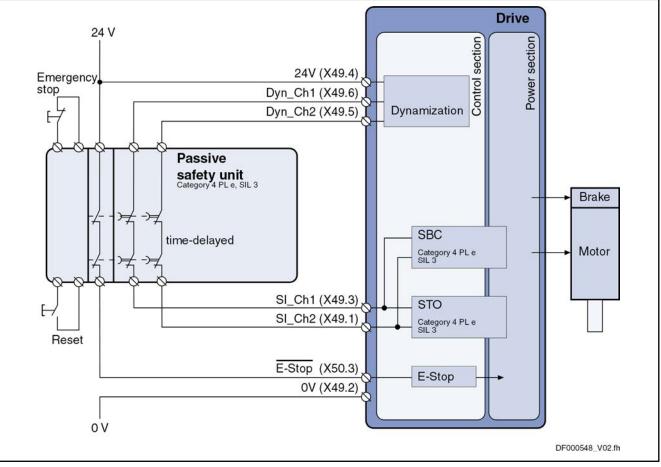
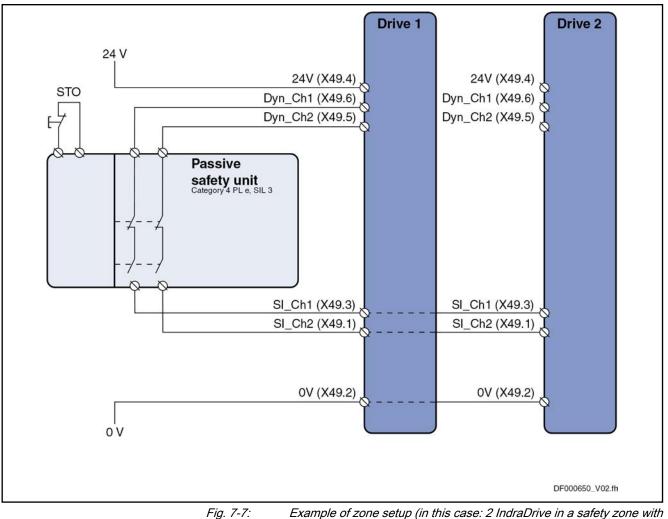


Fig. 7-6: SS1 function (including "SBC") with **dual-channel** wiring and **passive** safety unit

7.1.4 Zone setup



Example of zone setup (in this case: 2 IndraDrive in a safety zone with dual-channel wiring and passive safety unit)

7.2 Examples of application for IndraDrive Mi

7.2.1 Single-channel selection

> R In the case of "IndraDrive Mi", selection via one channel is not allowed!

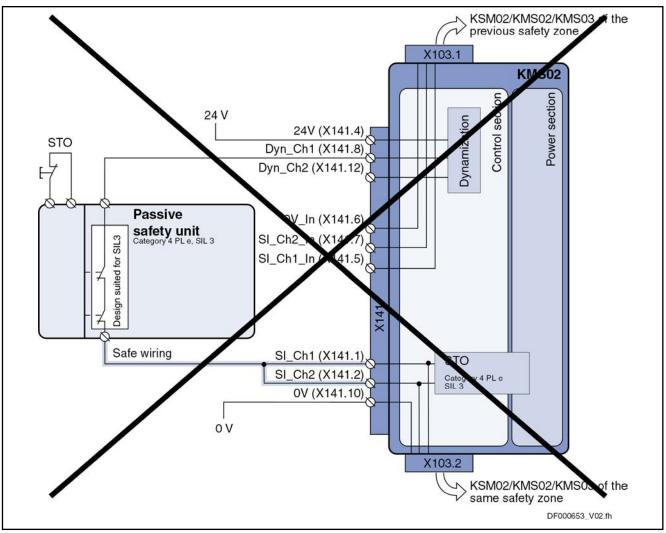
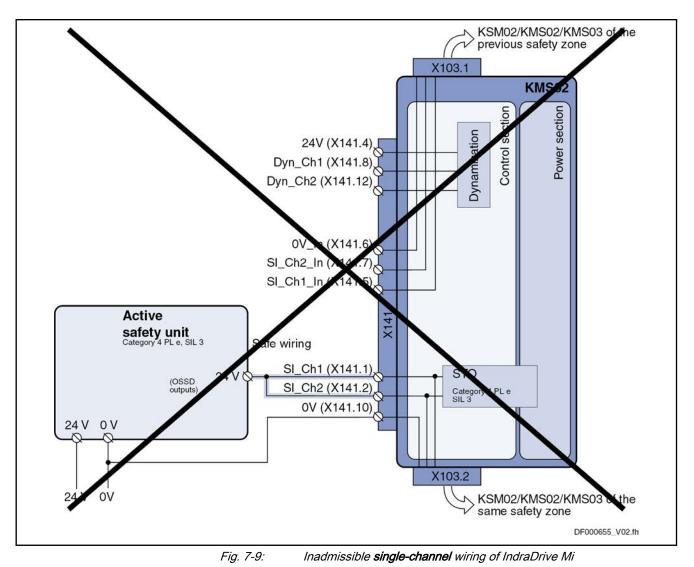


Fig. 7-8: Inadmissible single-channel wiring of IndraDrive Mi



7.2.2 Central selection

Selection via the passive safety unit

It is **not** possible to connect a passive safety unit to KMV03.

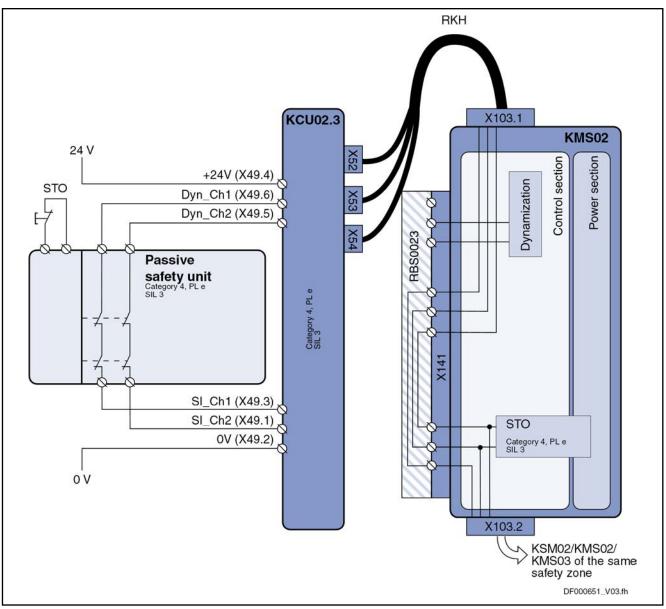


Fig. 7-10: KCU02 with dual-channel wiring and passive safety unit

Selection via the active safety unit

Plus-plus-switching safety unit

A passive safety unit can also be connected to KMV03.	
-------------------------------------------------------	--

When the safety function is selected by means of a plus-plus-switching safety unit, the following errors have to be detected by the OSSD outputs:

- Short circuit of the selection signals with 24 V
- Short circuit between the two selection signals

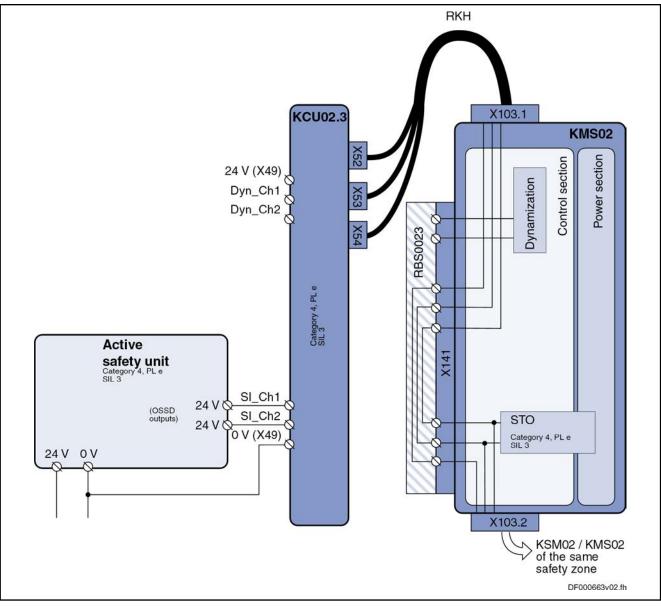


Fig. 7-11: KCU02 with active safety unit (plus-plus-switching outputs) **Plus-minus-switching safety unit**

A passive safety unit can also be connected to KMV03.

When the safety function is selected by means of a plus-minus-switching safety unit, the following errors have to be detected by the OSSD outputs:

- Short circuit of the plus-switching selection signal against 24 V
- Short circuit of the minus-switching selection signal against 0 V

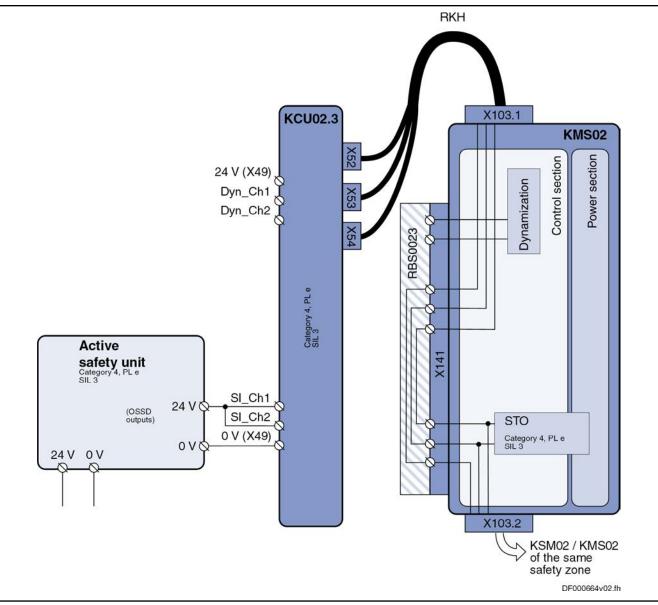
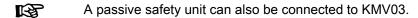


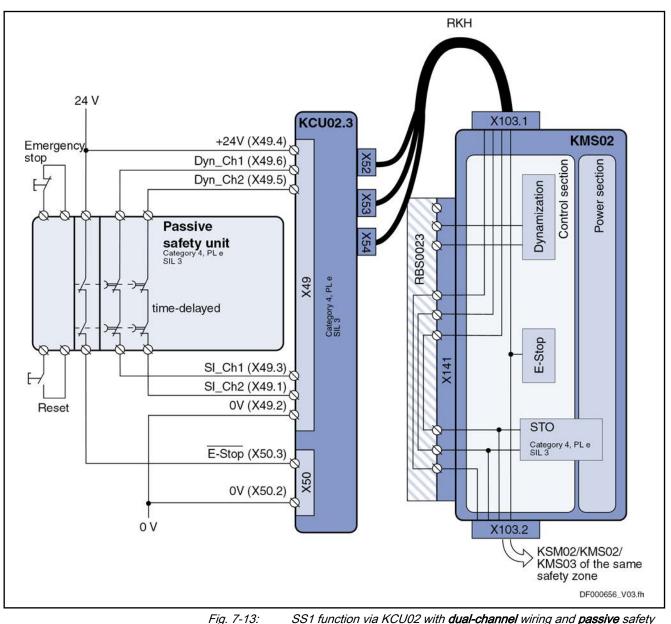
Fig. 7-12: KCU02 with active safety unit (plus-minus-switching outputs)

"Safe stop 1 (Emergency stop)" function with "L3" option

Using the E-Stop function of the drive (or the NC stop of the control unit), the STO function can be extended to obtain the "Safe stop 1 (Emergency stop)" function. For this purpose, the selecting safety unit (active or passive) first has to shut down the drive by means of the E-Stop function (or the NC stop of the control unit) and select the STO function after a fixed time that has been set is over. The selection always has to take place after the time that has been set, independent of the axis state.

The figure below shows **KCU02 as a zone beginner**. The E-Stop signal is wired to X50 of KCU02 and is transmitted to the zone nodes via the hybrid cable.



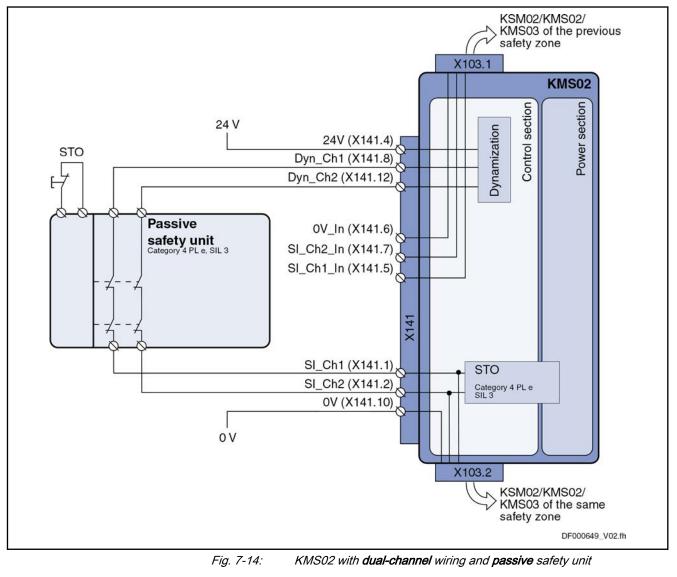


unit

LSA Control S.L. www.lsa-control.com comercial@lsa-control.com (+34) 960 62 43 01

7.2.3 Distributed selection at KSM02/KMS02/KMS03

Selection via the passive safety unit

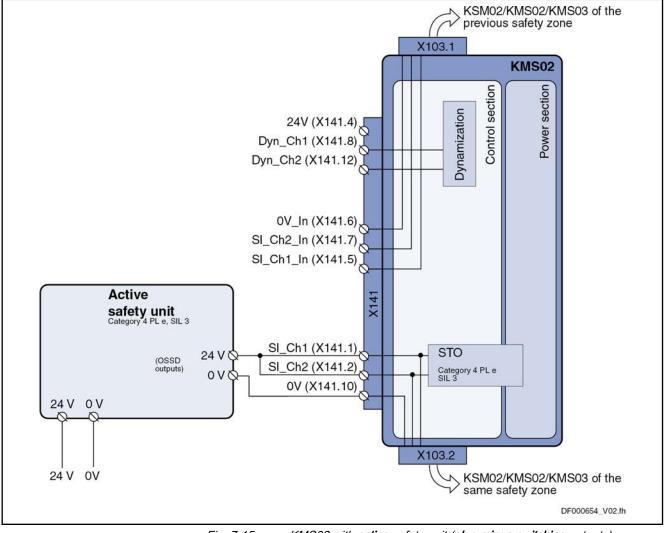


The assignment of the dynamization signals can be selected a desired.

Selection via active safety units

Plus-minus-switching safety unit When the safety function is selected by means of a plus-minus-switching safety unit, the following errors have to be detected by the OSSD outputs:

- Short circuit of the selection signals with 24 V
- Short circuit of the selection signals with 0 V



Plus-plus-switching safety unit

Fig. 7-15: KMS02 with active safety unit (plus-minus-switching outputs)

When the safety function is selected by means of a plus-plus-switching safety unit, the following errors have to be detected by the OSSD outputs:

- Short circuit of the selection signals with 24 V
- Short circuit between the two selection signals

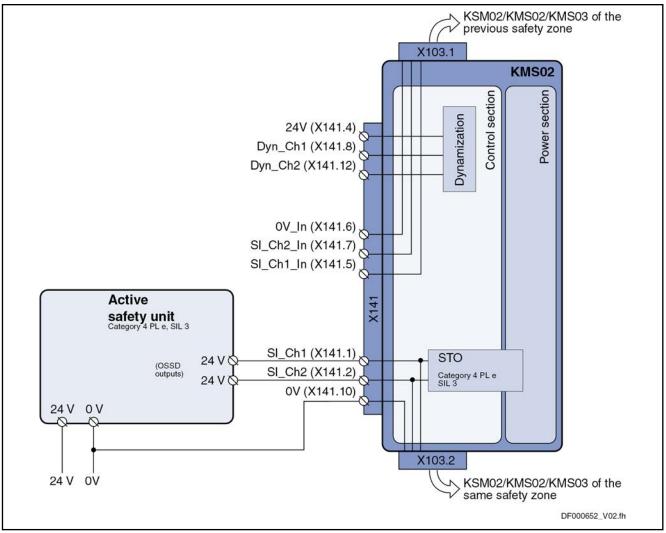


Fig. 7-16: KMS02 with active safety unit (plus-plus-switching outputs)

"Safe stop 1 (Emergency stop)" function with "L3" option

Using the E-Stop function of the drive (or the NC stop of the control unit), the STO function can be extended to obtain the "Safe stop 1 (Emergency stop)" function. For this purpose, the selecting safety unit (active or passive) first has to shut down the drive by means of the E-Stop function (or the NC stop of the control unit) and select the STO function after a fixed time that has been set is over. The selection always has to take place after the time that has been set, independent of the axis state.

The figure below shows **KMS02 as a zone beginner**. The E-Stop signal is wired to a digital input [X37 (alternative: X38)] of KMS02 and can be transmitted to another node of the same safety zone via the hybrid cable.

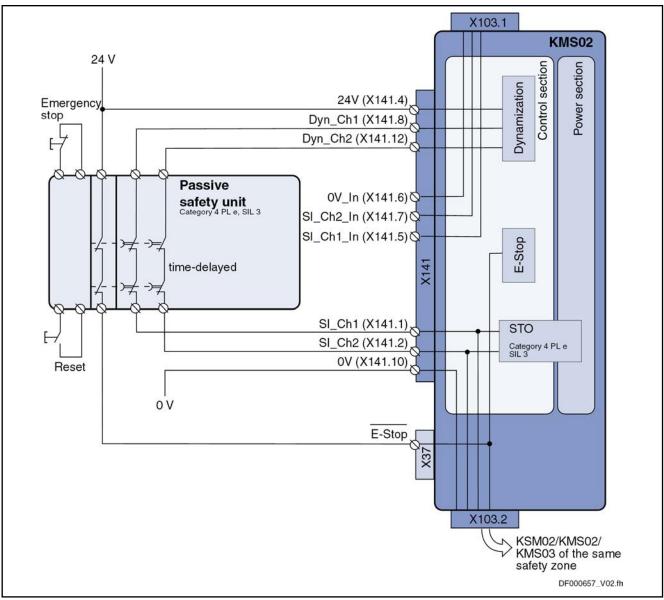


Fig. 7-17: SS1 function via KMS02 with dual-channel wiring and passive safety unit

7.2.4 Zone setup

The figure below shows an exemplary zone setup with two safety zones.

Selection in **safety zone 1** is made via a passive safety unit at KCU02. The E-Stop function of the drive was used to extend the STO function to obtain the "Safe stop 1 (Emergency stop)" function. Drive 1 features L3 option; connector RBS0023 is plugged into X141 for transmitting the selection signals.

Drive 2 does not feature L3 option. Connector RBS0023 at X141 is not required here because, in the case of devices of the KMS02/KSM02/KSM03 type without L3 option, X103.1 internally transmits the selection signals to X103.2.

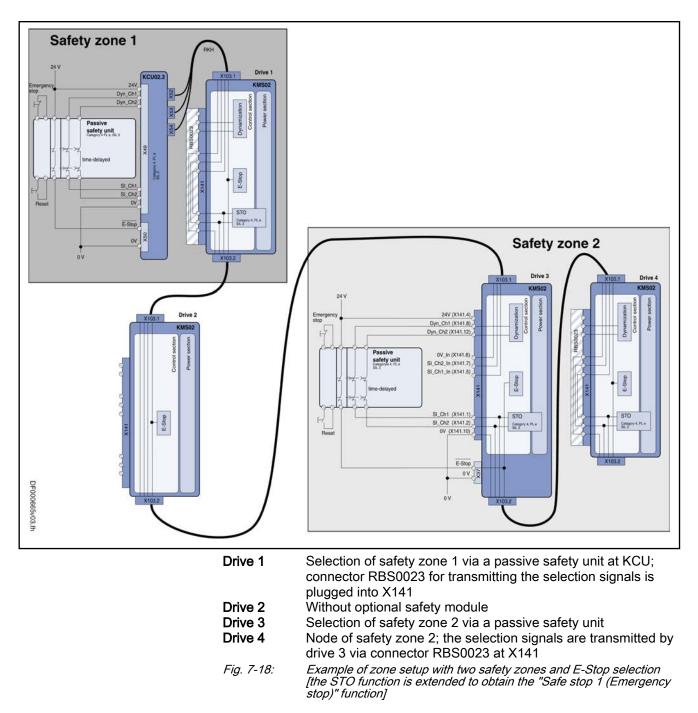
Selection in **safety zone 2** is made via a passive safety unit at KMS02 (drive 3). The E-Stop function of the drive was used here as well to extend the STO

function to obtain the "Safe stop 1 (Emergency stop)" function . Drive 4 features L3 option.

At devices of the KMS02/KSM02/KSM03 type, X141 is covered by a plastic hood in the condition as supplied. If these devices feature L3 option, X141 has to be connected:

- for transmitting the selection signals with connector RBS0023 or
- for transmitting new selection signals with cable RKB0033.

Connector RBS0023 and cable RKB0033 are described in the Appendix (see chapter 12.4 "Connectors and cables for safety technology" on page 129).



7.3 Mixed Operation of Optional Safety Technology Modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4"

7.3.1 Mixed Operation of Optional Safety Technology Modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4" at an Active Safety Unit

When a safety zone is to be implemented, in which drives with optional safety technology modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4" at an active safety unit are integrated, the axes must be interconnected as follows.

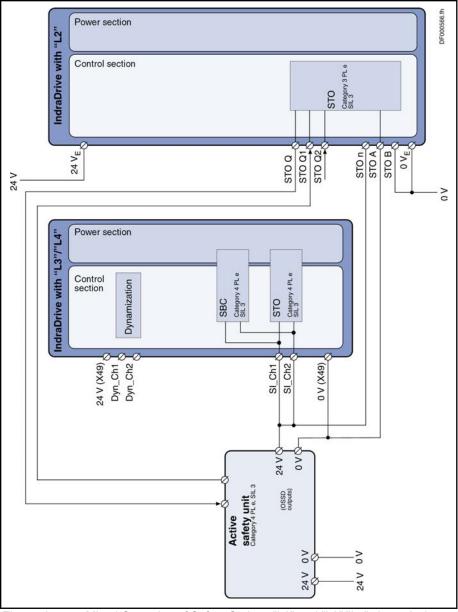


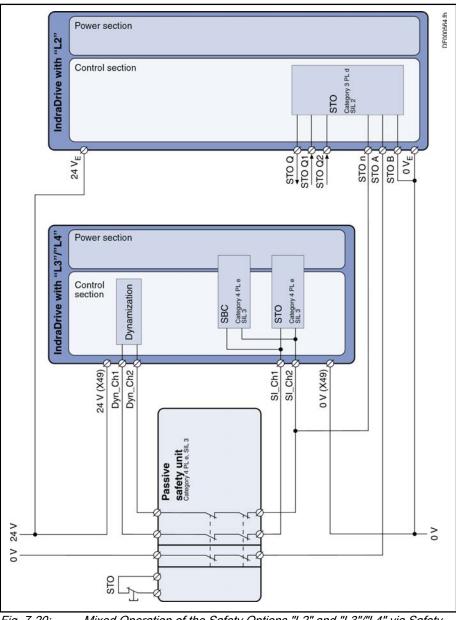
Fig. 7-19: Mixed Operation of Safety Options "L2" and "L3"/"L4" via an Active Safety Unit (Plus-Minus-Switching)

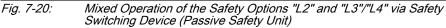
The circuit illustrated above makes the following demands on the active safety unit which is used:

- Short circuits of the 0 V-switching output against 0 V/GND must be detected.
- Short circuits of the 24 V-switching output against a voltage >10 V must be detected.
- Test pulses in accordance with the requirement for optional safety technology modules "L3" or "L4" must be output.
- A cyclic test for optional safety technology modules "L2" must be made in accordance with the requirement.
- The outputs of the safety unit must be designed for the number of nodes of a safety zone.

7.3.2 Mixed Operation of Optional Safety Technology Modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4" at a Passive Safety Unit

Dual-Channel Selection of "L3"/"L4" Option When a safety zone is to be implemented, in which drives with optional safety technology modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4" at a passive safety unit are integrated, the axes must be interconnected as follows; in this case, the dual-channel control of the "L3"/"L4" option must be used:





The circuit illustrated above makes the following demands on the passive safety unit which is used:

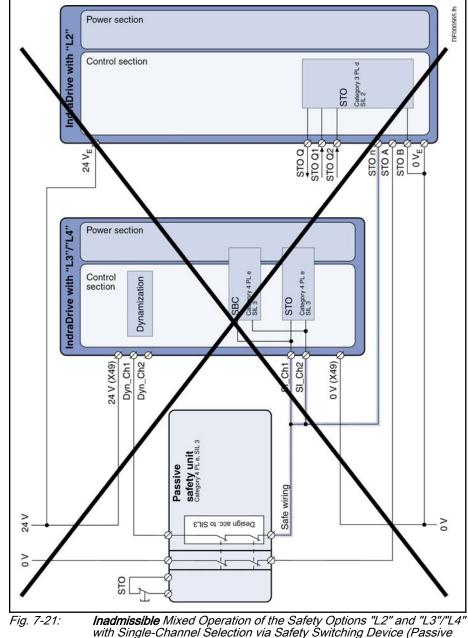
- No more than 15 axes with the optional safety technology modules "L2"/"L3"/"L4" may be combined in a safety zone.
- The two outputs of the passive safety unit, which are used to control the "L3"/"L4" options, must meet the requirements of the SIL or Performance Level to be achieved.

Single-Channel Selection of the "L3"/"L4" Option

Examples of application

- The two outputs of the passive safety unit, which are used to control the "L2" options, must meet the requirements of the SIL or Performance Level to be achieved.
- A cyclic test for optional safety technology modules "L2" must be made in accordance with the requirement.

Setting up a safety zone with control via a passive safety unit, in which drives with the optional safety modules "L2" and "L3"/"L4" are integrated, and single-channel wiring of the "L3"/"L4" option are **not allowed**!



Safety Ŭnit)

8 Commissioning the safety technology

8.1 Safety instruction

Dangerous movements! Danger to life, risk of injury, serious injury or property damage!

Do not commission the installation without having it checked by a qualified person!

Before an installation with integrated safety technology is commissioned for the first time, the installation must be checked and approved in documented form by a qualified person.

Check the danger zone!

- Before commissioning, make sure that nobody is staying in the danger zone.
- Check the danger zone and secure it against access by persons (e.g., put up warning signs, install barriers or the like).

Observe the applicable laws and local regulations.

8.2 Prerequisites for using integrated safety technology

8.2.1 General information

The mechanical parts of power transmission, such as gear, motor, and those of the safety devices (brakes, fall-down protection, arresting device, ...) shall be designed to withstand the occurring static and dynamic stresses (e.g., dual weight of the load).

The safety factor and the dimensioning are application-specific and must be defined by the installation manufacturer or machine manufacturer.

For the maximum gear input torque, too, a safety factor in relation to the maximum motor torque must be taken into account. This, too, applies to motor-gearbox combinations by Bosch Rexroth. (See also documentation of the respective gearbox.)

A WARNING

In the case of error, injury and property damage due to inadmissibly high voltage!

For selection and the 24 V supply of devices with integrated safety technology, use a 24 V power supply unit with protection by **SELV**¹) in accordance with IEC 60950-1 or **PELV**²) in accordance with IEC 60204-1.

8.2.2 Required drive firmware

The safety technology functions provided by the "L options" are functionalities only scalable by means of the hardware and do **not require any** additional **enabling of functional firmware packages**.

The integrated safety functions can be used with the following firmware versions:

- "Safe Torque Off" (L3):
- 1) Safety Extra Low Voltage
- 2) Protective Extra Low Voltage

- IndraDrive Cs (HCS01.1): MPx-17V06 and above
- IndraDrive Mi (KSM02.x): MPB-17V08 and above
- IndraDrive Mi (KMS02.x): MPB-17V10 and above
- IndraDrive Mi (KMS03.x): MPB-20V02 and above
- IndraDrive C (Cxx02.x control sections): MPx-18V06 and above
- IndraDrive M (Cxx02.x control sections): MPx-18V06 and above
- IndraDrive ML (Cxx02.5 control sections): MPx-19V02 and above
- "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" (L4) [(IndraDrive Cs (HCS01.1) only]: MPx-16V14 and above

See also Functional Description of firmware "Firmware types"

8.2.3 Required controller configuration

General information

To use the integrated safety technology of Rexroth IndraDrive controllers, the drive controller has to be configured/equipped with the corresponding optional safety technology module.

Optional safety technology module "L3"

Using the "Safe Torque Off" function requires the optional safety technology module "L3". The optional module can be ordered for the following controllers:

- IndraDrive Cs Basic (HCS01.1E-W00**-A0*-**B**)
- IndraDrive Cs Economy (HCS01.1E-W00**-A0*-E)
- IndraDrive Cs Advanced (HCS01.1E-W00**-A0*-A)
- Motor-integrated servo drive KSM02
- Near motor servo drive KMS02/KMS03
- Servo drives of the IndraDrive Mi type equipped with the optional safety module "L3" may only be operated at the drive connection box of the "KCU02.2"/"KCU02.3" or "KMV03" type.
- IndraDrive C (HCS02.1E-W00xx-A-03-xNNN and

HCS03.1E-W0xxx-A-05-xxxN) with CSB02 or CSH02 control section

- IndraDrive M (HMS01, HMS02) with CSB02 or CSH02 control section
- IndraDrive M (HMD01) with CDB02 control section
- All IndraDrive C and IndraDrive M power sections produced since 2007 can use the Cxx02 control sections. See power section type plate: "FD" has to be at least "07W01".
- IndraDrive ML (HMU05.1) with CSB02.5 or CSH02.5 control section
- Parallel operation is only allowed for universal inverters (HMU05.1) of the same performance. Parallel operation of universal inverters (HMU05.1) with different performances is forbidden.
- For pin assignments and technical data of the optional safety technology module "L3", please refer to the Appendix: "X49, optional safety technology L3 or L4".

Optional safety technology module "L4"

Using the "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" function requires the optional safety technology module "L4". The optional module can be ordered for the following controllers:

- IndraDrive Cs Basic (HCS01.1E-W00**-A0*-B)
- IndraDrive Cs Economy (HCS01.1E-W00**-A0*-E)
- IndraDrive Cs Advanced (HCS01.1E-W00**-A0*-A)
- For pin assignments and technical data of the optional safety technology module "L4", please refer to the Appendix: "X49, optional safety technology L3 or L4".

8.2.4 Required motors and measuring systems

Rexroth Motors

The motor and the measuring system are not subject to any specific requirements in conjunction with the "L options" of safety technology.

For motors with integrated brake, observe the requirements mentioned in chapter "Allowed motor holding brakes".

Third-party motors / optional measuring systems

The motor and the measuring system are not subject to any specific requirements in conjunction with the "L options" of safety technology.

For motors with integrated brake, observe the requirements mentioned in chapter "Allowed motor holding brakes".

8.2.5 Allowed motor holding brakes

When a controller with an "L4 option" is used, the brake connected to the controller has to meet the following requirements:

- **Control:** When the "L4" option is used, the brake has to be designed in such a way that the holding torque of the brake takes effect in the deenergized state (e.g., electrically releasing friction surface brake).
- Electrical connection:
 - The electrical connections of the brake should not have ground reference.
 - The voltage range of the brake has to correspond to the supply voltage range.
 - The output voltage of the power supply has to stay within the range specified for the brake, even in the case of an error. The safety function does not provide any protection against overvoltage!
 - The brake current in the activated state has to be between 0.1 A and 1.25 A.
- **Mechanics:** When the "L4" option is used, only friction surface brakes are allowed as motor holding brakes. It is not allowed to operate form-fitting brakes as motor holding brakes. The static holding torque of the brake has to be dimensioned such that the maximum weight of the load of the axis can be safely held. If necessary, the brake has to be cyclically tested for proper functioning.

For more detailed information on the dimensioning of the brake, please refer to the corresponding C-standard.

- In addition to the static holding torque of the brake, the required dynamic braking torque of the brake has to be considered. The dynamic braking torque of the brake has a direct influence on the behavior of the axis in the case of error and needs to be taken into account in the risk analysis.
- **Reliability:** The brake has to have been authorized for ambient temperatures from 0 to 40°C. Depending on the application, the brake has to cover a bigger temperature range.
- **Testing:** The brake has to tolerate test pulses (brake voltage switched off) ≤ 1 ms without switching.

8.2.6 Required commissioning tools

One of the following tools is required for commissioning the optional safety technology modules "L3"/"L4":

- Any commissioning tool for visualizing and modifying parameters
- IndraWorks commissioning software
 - IndraDrive Cs and Mi: at least IndraWorks 12V04
 - IndraDrive C and M: at least IndraWorks version 13V04
 - IndraDrive ML: at least IndraWorks version 13V14

8.3 Checks before initial commissioning

The checks before the initial commissioning are meant to confirm the safety requirements stipulated in the national/international regulations (EC conformity), particularly in the Machinery Directive or the Use of Work Equipment Directive.

Check the protective equipment at the machine for effectiveness in all operation modes and functions which can be set at the machine.

Make sure that the operators - before they start working at the machine with integrated safety technology - are instructed by qualified staff of the company operating the machine. The operating company of the machine is responsible for the instruction.

8.4 Commissioning procedure

8.4.1 IndraDrive Cs/C/M/ML

Overview

The "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" functions are preferably commissioned using the IndraWorks commissioning software or manually.

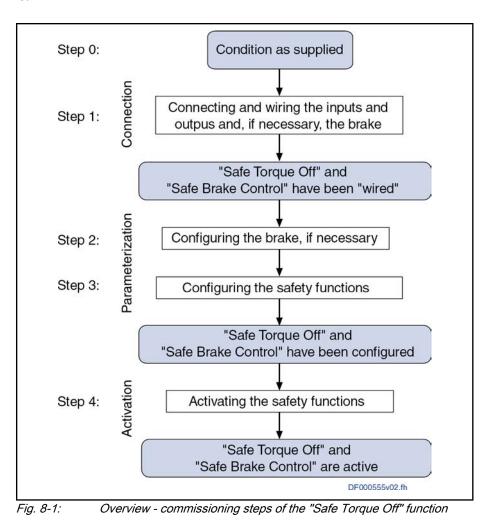
The following commissioning steps describe the commissioning procedure on the basis of IndraWorks 12V04. For commissioning with a different commissioning tool, the corresponding parameters which have to be set are listed.

A DANGER

Lethal injury and/or property damage caused by unintended axis motion!

⇒ If external force influences, together with danger for persons or machines, are to be expected with the safety function "Safe Torque Off", e.g. due to the weight of the load in the case of a vertical axis, this motion must be safely prevented by additional measures, e.g. by a mechanical brake or a weight compensation.

 \Rightarrow In this case, all cases of operation occurring in the application must be taken into account, including mains failure and tripped fuses.



Commissioning steps

Step 0: Condition as supplied and initialization

Step 1: Connecting and wiring the "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" function (L4 only) The "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" functions (L4 only) are

always active and cannot be deactivated.

During the booting process, the drive system is in the "STO" and "SBC" operating states; i.e. the output stage and the brake (if available) have been switched off via two channels.

After the booting process, the safety functions "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" are active. When the drive is switched from operating mode to parameter mode, the functionality of the functions "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" is maintained, i.e. according to the selection, the functions "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" become active or not.

The connection and wiring of the "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" function depends on the option used to make the selection at the drive. The "Examples of application" chapter shows the different options of selection and wiring.

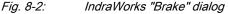
The inputs and outputs at the connector X49 of the optional safety technology module have to be wired in accordance with the type of safety unit (active or passive) and on the wiring type (single-channel or dual-channel, plus-plus-switching or plus-minus-switching):

The dynamization outputs Dyn_Ch1 (X49/6) and Dyn_Ch2 (X49/5) in the case of selection via a passive safety unit

- The selection inputs SI_Ch1 (X49/3) and SI_Ch2 (X49/1) always
- The 24V supply of the X49 connector (X49/4) in the case of selection via a passive safety unit
 - The 0V supply of the X49 connector (X49/2) always

When a holding brake is used, the brake connected to X6 has to be configured. (Call the IndraWorks dialog: Motor, brake, measuring systems ► Brake.)

Configuration			
	-holding	Manu O	Release holding brake" allowed "Release holding br." allowed via ctrl panel val operation of brake Release Holding Brake
Drive OFF 150 Max. drive OFF delay time 100	ms	0	Apply Holding Brake Stop Operation Command
Brake current monitoring Actual holding brake current 0.00 Deactivate wire break monitoring	D A		



Switch the drive to the parameter mode (phase 2 or PM) before starting the parameter setting. The "Configuration" field of the IndraWorks "Brake" dialog is used to parameterize the connected brake; in this dialog, configure "self-holding" as the holding brake type when using the optional safety technology module "L4", because only electrically releasing brakes are allowed with the optional module "L4". (P-0-0525, Holding brake control word).

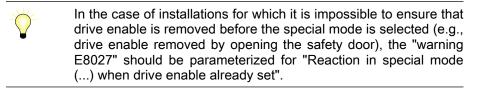
Step 3: Configuring the safety function With MPx17V08 and above, it is possible to configure the diagnostic message output and the error reaction of the L options. The configuration can be made in IndraWorks. (Call the configuration dialog in IndraWorks: Driveintegrated safety technology ► Configuration.)

Step 2: Configuring the brake

onfiguration - Axis [17] Demo				
xis [17] Demo		• 0		
Reaction in special mode (STO / SBC)	when external drive e	nable already set		
Error F8027				
O Warning E8027				
When the special mode has error F8027 is generated an been removed.				
Diagnostic message output Complete diagnostic message				
C Limited diagnostic message				
With "Complete diagnostic r	nessage'' active, all er	rrors are output in	the operating mode (OM).	
				DB000716_

Fig. 8-3: IndraWorks "Configuration" dialog

- Switch the drive to the parameter mode (phase 2 or PM).
- Use the field "Reaction in special mode (...) when external drive enable already set" to select which diagnostic message the drive is to output when drive enable had been set when the special mode was selected.



The corresponding parameter is "P-0-0101, Configuration STO/SBC".

• The "Diagnostic message output" field is used to limit the error output in the operating mode (OM), after the initialization of the axis and before drive enable is set for the first time.

When the L option is selected by external components which output invalid selection states during initialization, "Limited diagnostic message" should be parameterized.

The corresponding parameter is "P-0-0101, Configuration STO/SBC".

Before selecting the safety functions "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" (L4 only), shut down the drive system using the command value input and reset drive enable. There is no drivecontrolled stopping process!

The safety functions "Safe Torque Off" and "Safe Brake Control" are automatically activated after the booting process. They cannot be deactivated.

Step 4: Activating / deactivating the safety function

8.4.2 IndraDrive Mi

Overview

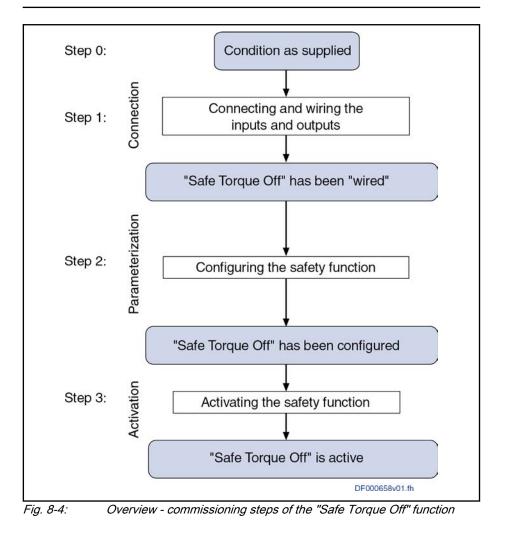
The "Safe Torque Off" function can be commissioned for the IndraDrive Mi system, preferably via the IndraWorks commissioning software or manually.

The following commissioning steps describe the commissioning procedure on the basis of IndraWorks 12V04. For commissioning with a different commissioning tool, the corresponding parameters which have to be set are listed.

Lethal injury and/or property damage caused by unintended axis motion!

 \Rightarrow If external force influences, together with danger for persons or machines, are to be expected with the safety function "Safe Torque Off", e.g. due to the weight of the load in the case of a vertical axis, this motion must be safely prevented by additional measures, e.g. by a mechanical brake or a weight compensation.

 \Rightarrow In this case, all cases of operation occurring in the application must be taken into account, including mains failure and tripped fuses.



Commissioning steps	
Step 0: Condition as supplied and initialization	The "Safe Torque Off" function is always active and cannot be deactivated.
	During the booting process , the drive system is in the "STO" operating status; i.e., the output stage has been switched off via two channels.
	After the booting process, the safety function "Safe Torque Off" is active. When the drive is switched from operating mode to parameter mode, the functionality of the "Safe Torque Off" function is maintained, i.e. according to the selection, the "Safe Torque Off" function becomes active or not.
Step 1: Connecting and wiring the "Safe Torque Off" function	The connection and wiring of the "Safe Torque Off" function depends on the option used to make the selection at the drive, the drive connection box KCU02 or the distributed supply unit.
	The "Examples of application for IndraDrive Mi" chapter shows the different options of selection and wiring.

The table below shows the dependancies of the optional safety technology module wiring:

		KCU02	KMV03	KSM02 / KMS02 / KMS03 as zone beginner	KSM02 / KMS02 / KMS03 as zone node
	Dynamization outputs Dyn_Ch1 and Dyn_Ch2	X49/6 and X49/5		X141/8 and X141/12	
Selection via a passive safety unit	Selection inputs SI_Ch1 and SI_Ch2	X49/3 and X49/1	passive safety unit not possible)	X141/1 and X141/2	
	24V supply	X49/4		X141/4	Connector RBS0023 at X141
	0V supply	X49/2		X141/10	
Selection via an active safety unit	Dynamization outputs Dyn_Ch1 and Dyn_Ch2	-	-	-	Hybrid cable at X103.1 / X103.2
	Selection inputs SI_Ch1 and SI_Ch2	X49/3 and X49/1	X141/1 and X141/2	X141/1 and X141/2	
	24V supply	-	-	-	
	0V supply	X49/2	X141/10	X141/10	

Step 3: Configuring the safety
functionThe diagnostic message output and the error reaction of the L options can be
configured. The configuration can be made in IndraWorks. (Call the
configuration dialog in IndraWorks: Drive-integrated safety
technology ► Configuration.)

onfiguration - Axis [17] Demo	_ 🗆 ×
xis [17] Demo 🔹 🔺 🔹 🔹 🥑	
Reaction in special mode (STO / SBC) when external drive enable already set	
Error F8027	
O Warning E8027	
When the special mode has been selected and external drive enable has been set at the same tim error F8027 is generated and the axis goes torque-free. The error must be cleared after the cause heen removed.	
Diagnostic message output C Complete diagnostic message	
C Limited diagnostic message	
With "Complete diagnostic message" active, all errors are output in the operating mode (OM).	
	DB000716_g

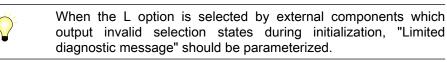
Fig. 8-5: IndraWorks "Configuration" dialog

- Switch the drive to the parameter mode (phase 2 or PM).
- Use the field "Reaction in special mode (...) when external drive enable already set" to select which diagnostic message the drive is to output when drive enable had been set when the special mode was selected.

In the case of installations for which it is impossible to ensure that drive enable is removed before the special mode is selected (e.g., drive enable removed by opening the safety door), the "warning E8027" should be parameterized for "Reaction in special mode (...) when drive enable already set".

The corresponding parameter is "P-0-0101, Configuration STO/SBC".

• The "Diagnostic message output" field is used to limit the error output in the operating mode (OM), after the initialization of the axis and before drive enable is set for the first time; for this purpose, select "Limited diagnostic message".



The corresponding parameter is "P-0-0101, Configuration STO/SBC".

Step 4: Activating / deactivating the safety function

Before selecting the safety function "Safe Torque Off", shut down the drive system by means of the command value input and reset drive enable. There is no drive-controlled stopping process!

The safety function "Safe Torque Off" is automatically activated after the booting process. It cannot be deactivated.

8.5 Control unit requirements

Optional safety technology modules "L3" and "L4" The control unit is subject to the following requirements in conjunction with the optional safety technology modules "L3" and "L4":

- Before selecting the safety function, shut down the drive by means of the command value input and disable the drive torque.
- When the safety function is selected via the control unit, the selection has to comply at least with the required safety level of the application.
- When the safety function is selected via isolated selection contacts (passive safety unit), it has to be ensured that the test pulses described in chapter "Dynamization" are not inhibited.

- or -

The control unit features OSSD outputs (active safety unit) and has to monitor the wiring between the control unit and the safety option, as well as detect errors in the wiring.

9 Troubleshooting information

9.1 Introduction

For diagnostics (error messages, warnings and operating status messages) and servicing (firmware and hardware replacement), it is necessary to make oneself familiar with some of the functions/elements using the Functional Description of the firmware:

- Control panel and
- Parameter handling

The paragraphs below mainly explain the aspects relevant to integrated safety technology in detailed form.

The paragraphs are divided into:

- Overview of diagnostic system (e.g., logbook parameters and parameters containing information on the hardware configuration) ("Diagnostic system")
- Diagnostic messages of integrated safety technology

9.2 Diagnostic system

9.2.1 General information

The general diagnostic system of IndraDrive is explained in detail in the Functional Description of the firmware where you can read more about it, if required (see also index entry "Diagnostic system").

The following parameters are used in conjunction with the diagnostic system:

- S-0-0095, Diagnostic message
- S-0-0375, List of diagnostic numbers
- S-0-0390, Diagnostic message number
- P-0-0009, Error number (MPx18 and below)
- P-0-0478, Logbook event
- P-0-0479, Logbook time stamp

Axis or device configuration A drive controller consists of several components (power section, control section, firmware,...); each of them has its own identifier in the form of a parameter (see also Functional Description of firmware "Device configuration").

Identifiers useful for the purpose of diagnostics and service are stored in the following parameters:

- S-0-0140, Controller type
- S-0-0141, Motor type
- S-0-0142, Application type
- P-0-1518, Module code of control section
- P-0-1519, Module code of power section
- P-0-1520, Control section type
- S-0-0030, Manufacturer version

Electronic type plate With the firmware MPx-18 and above, the (electronic) type plate of a component is represented in the following parameters:

• S-0-1300.x.1, Component Name

- S-0-1300.x.3, Vendor Code
- S-0-1300.x.4, Device Name
- S-0-1300.x.5, Vendor Device ID
- S-0-1300.x.8, Hardware version
- S-0-1300.x.9, Software version
- S-0-1300.x.11, Order Number
- S-0-1300.x.12, Serial Number

9.3 Diagnostic messages of integrated safety technology

9.3.1 Overview

For integrated safety technology, we distinguish operating states **normal operation** and **special mode**; in both operating states, the triggering of a monitoring function causes an error of category F3xxx or F8xxx.

Apart from the error and warning messages, the operating states of integrated safety technology are displayed in individual parameters (status messages).

9.3.2 Status information of integrated safety technology

For diagnostic purposes, the following pieces of status information are made available for integrated safety technology (the pieces of status information are **not** allowed for the safety-relevant evaluation):

- Parameter "P-0-0106, Operating status STO/SBC" provides binary status signals for online monitoring of the safety technology states. By means of this status word, the individual status signals can be optionally programmed to existing real-time bits of the master communication or hardware I/Os or I/O extensions.
- Description of the status display dialog in IndraWorks 13:
- The dialog described below is displayed for devices with optional safety technology module "L4". For devices with optional safety technology module "L3", only "STO" is displayed instead of "STO / SBC"; the information content (status information) is identical for both optional modules.

The "STO / SBC status" field of the IndraWorks dialog "Diagnostics" can be used to diagnose the following aspects (calling the Diagnostics dialog in IndraWorks: **Drive-integrated safety technology ► Diagnostics**):

- "STO / SBC in normal operation" is active (green), if the safety functions have not been selected or a safety technology error was detected.
- "STO / SBC in special mode" is active (green), if the safety functions have been selected and are active.
- "Output stage locked by STO / SBC" is active (red), if the safety technology has locked the output stage.
- "Error" is active (red), if a safety technology error was detected.
- "Limited diagnostic message" is active (green), unless the axis has been in control (AF) after the initialization. In this state, selection errors are not output so that external components for selection have enough time for initialization.

 "Complete diagnostic message" is active (green), if the axis has been in control after the initialization. Safety technology error messages are not suppressed.

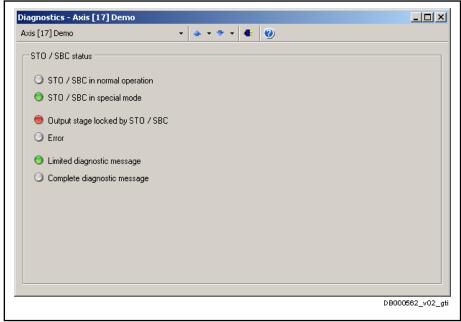


Fig. 9-1: IndraWorks "Diagnostics" dialog

9.3.3 Behavior in the case of non-fatal safety technology errors (F3xxx)

If optional safety technology modules "STO" (L3) or "STO and SBC" (L4) are used, the behavior of the drive when non-fatal safety technology errors occur can be configured with "P-0-0119, Best possible deceleration" and "P-0-0117, Activation of NC reaction on error".

At the end of the error reaction, the drive goes torque-free (see also Functional Description of firmware "Error reaction").

Commissioning steps

The drive can only be put into operation again, if:

- 1. The error reaction has been completed, i.e. the drive has stopped (velocity="0"!).
- 2. The cause of the error was removed.
- 3. The error message has been cleared by the error clearing command (cf. "S-0-0099, C0500 Reset class 1 diagnostics").
- 4. The drive is in the operating mode again and power has been switched on ("Ab").
- 5. Drive enable has been switched on again (positive edge).

In case non-fatal safety technology errors are occurring repeatedly, contact our service department as operating the drive then is no longer allowed.

9.3.4 Behavior in the Case of Fatal Errors (F8xxx)

Generally, there are 3 types of fatal errors (F8 errors):

- Fatal errors during initialization (e.g. F81xx)
- Fatal errors during operation (e.g. F80xx)
- Fatal safety technology errors (F83xx)

Fatal Errors During InitializationFatal initialization errors cannot be cleared but require that the drive be
restarted.(Initialization Errors)restarted.

~	5-	
	/	

The drive can be restarted either by removing the 24-V supply or (as of MPx17V08) by starting the "Reboot command" (C6400).

Fatal Errors During Operation When a fatal error occurs during operation, control (or U/f control) of the drive is no longer ensured; therefore, drive enable is immediately removed in case of these errors and the holding brake - if available - is switched on. Depending on the setting in "P-0-0119, Best possible deceleration", bit 8, D.C. braking can be additionally activated.

With the corresponding setting in "P-0-0118, Power supply, configuration", the power supply is disconnected in the case of fatal errors.

Fatal Safety Technology Errors When a fatal safety technology error occurs, the safety technology immediately locks the output stage via two channels (in the case of an error in the output stage interlock, possibly via one channel only) (STO) and - if available and configured - switches the holding brake on (SBC). D.C. braking (P-0-0119, bit 8) is no longer possible.

With the corresponding setting in "P-0-0118, Power supply, configuration", the power supply is disconnected in the case of fatal safety technology errors.

See also Application Manual "Error Reactions"

- **Commissioning Steps** After a fatal error has occurred, the drive can only be put into operation again after the following steps were carried out:
 - 1. The cause of the error must be recognized and removed; this possibly means that an entire component (e.g., motor or drive controller) must be replaced.
 - 2. The error message must be cleared by the error clearing command [cf. "S-0-0099, C0500 Reset class 1 diagnostics"] (for this purpose, it might possibly be necessary to switch to the parameter mode or to switch the drive off completely).
 - 3. The drive must be in the operating mode again and power must be switched on again ("Ab").
 - 4. Drive enable must be switched on again (positive edge).
 - In case fatal errors are occurring repeatedly, contact our service department as operating the drive then is no longer possible.

9.4 Removing malfunctions, maintenance measures, deactivating the motors

R	When removing malfunctions, performing maintenance measures
	or deactivating the motors, observe the safety instructions in
	chapter "Safety instructions for electric drives and controls"!

In the case of malfunctions, maintenance measures or to deactivate the motors, proceed as follows:

• Observe the instructions contained in the machine documentation.

- Use the machine-side control commands to bring the drive to a controlled standstill.
- Switch off the power voltage and control voltage of the controller.
- Only for motors with fan unit: Switch off the motor circuit breaker for the fan unit.
- Switch off the main switch of the machine.
- Secure the machine against accidental movements and against unauthorized operation.
- Wait to allow the electric systems to discharge and then disconnect all electrical connections.
- Before dismounting them, secure the motor and, if necessary, the fan unit against falling or moving, before unfastening the mechanical connections.

9.5 Replacing drive components

9.5.1 General information

When replacing drive components, observe the safety instructions in the chapter "Safety instructions for electric drives and controls"!

The following chapters only describe the replacement of drive components which ensure safe operation. The replacement of other drive components is described in the respective Project Planning Manuals.

9.5.2 Replacing the motor

A WARNING

Lethal electric shock by live parts with more than 50 V!

The supply unit may only be replaced by qualified personnel which have been trained to perform the work on or with electrical devices.

The motor should be replaced by a motor of identical type. Only by doing this is it ensured that all parameter settings can remain unchanged; in addition, it is not required in this case to repeat the acceptance test within the scope of the function "Integrated safety technology".

- 1. If necessary, write down last absolute value
- 2. Open main switch
- 3. Make sure main switch cannot be switched on again
- 4. Disconnect plug-in connectors

When replacing the motor, cover the open mating sites of power lines with protective caps if sprinkling with cooling liquid/lubricant or pollution may occur (allowed pollution degree according to EN50178: 2).

5. Replace motor

To mechanically replace the AC servo motor, observe the instructions of the machine manufacturer.

- 6. Connect plug-in connectors
- 7. **WARNING!** Risk of accident caused by unwanted axis motion! Servo axes with indirect distance measuring system via the motor encoder will lose their position data reference when the motor is replaced!

This position data reference to the machine coordinate system must therefore be reestablished after replacement.

9.5.3 Replacing the brake

A WARNING

Dangerous movements! Danger to persons from falling or dropping axes!

While the brake is replaced, secure the axis by a blocking device or by moving the axis to a safe end position.

The same type of brake must be used after replacement.

9.5.4 Mounting and dismounting control sections and optional cards

NOTICE

Risk of damage from improper handling!

Only those trained by Rexroth for mounting and dismounting control sections and optional cards are allowed to perform these actions.

Risk of damage and impairment to operational safety from electrostatic charges!

Exposed conductive parts coming into contact with control sections and optional cards must be discharged beforehand through grounding.

Such exposed conductive parts include:

- The human body (grounding by touching a conductive, grounded object)
- Parts and tools (place them on a conductive surface)

Control sections and optional cards may only be stored or shipped in conductive packaging.



Risk of damage from frequent mounting and dismounting!

A control section or an optional card may only be mounted and dismounted a maximum of **20 times**.

How to proceed

- 1. Loosen the mounting screws of the control section, optional card or blank cover.
- 2. Carefully remove the control section or optional card from the slot.
- 3. Mounting is the reverse of dismounting.

9.5.5 Replacing the controller

Overview

A controller of the IndraDrive range consists of the components power section, control section and programming module / control panel (incl. firmware). The control section can be configured with additional components (e.g., optional safety technology module). The control section and power section are firmly connected to each other; only Rexroth service engineers or especially trained users are allowed to replace individual components. The paragraphs below describe how to replace the complete drive controller.

The controller has to be replaced by a device of identical type. This is the only way to ensure that the originally configured functions can be used in unchanged form.

When using devices with integrated safety technology, make sure by organizational measures that only an authorized person replaces the device, e.g., by a lockable control cabinet. Also make sure that the device replacement is not carried out for several axes at a time to avoid accidentally interchanging the axes.

A device intended for replacement that has already been in operation (thus is not in the factory-new condition as supplied), has to be brought to the condition as supplied again ["load defaults procedure (factory settings)", command C0750] before it is used.

The figure below illustrates the basically required individual steps.

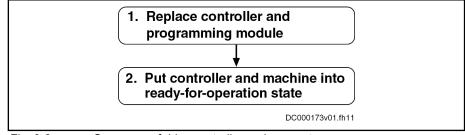


Fig. 9-2: Sequence of drive controller replacement

"IndraMotion Service Tool (IMST)" or "IndraDrive Service Tool (IDST)" allow accessing the drive system, e.g. for remote diagnostics. Besides, authorized users can handle different service cases with IMST or IDST, such as replacing drive components, loading parameters or updating/upgrading the drive firmware.

"IndraMotion Service Tool (IMST)" additionally analyzes drive systems connected via cross communication (CCD). Further information on "IndraMotion Service Tool (IMST)" and "IndraDrive Service Tool (IDST)" is described in the separate documentation "Rexroth IndraDrive Service Tools IMST/IDST" (DOK-IM*MLD-IMSTIDSTV13-RE**-EN-P; mat. no. R911342652).

How to proceed when replacing drive controllers

1.

Replacing the drive controller and the programming module

Open the main switch

Troubleshooting information

- 2. Make sure the main switch cannot be switched on again.
- 3. Make sure drive controller is de-energized.
 - **WARNING!** Lethal electric shock from live parts with more than 50 V! Before working on live parts: De-energize system and secure power switch against unintentional or unauthorized reconnection. Wait at least **30 minutes** after switching off the supply voltages to allow **discharging**. Make sure voltage has fallen below 50 V before touching live parts.
- 4. Separate connection lines from controller.
- 5. Dismount drive controller from control cabinet.
- 6. Dismount programming module / control panel
 - With IndraDrive C/M/Cs: Pull off programming module / control panel from defective device.
 - With IndraDrive Mi: Remove programming module (X107) from defective device, note down positions of address selector switches S4 and S5 (address selector switches below connections X103.1 and X103.2).
- 7. Mount programming module / control panel
 - With IndraDrive C/M/Cs: Plug programming module / control panel of defective device onto new controller.
 - With IndraDrive Mi:
 - 1. Set the address selector switches in the same way as for the defective device.
 - 2. Dismount cover above slot X107.
 - 3. Plug programming module of defective device onto replacement device.
 - 4. Mount cover above slot X107.

NOTE: Damage to the programming module caused by penetrating dirt or moisture. When mounting the cover of X107, make sure that the sealing ring is undamaged and is seated correctly.

8. Mount new controller.

The controller has to be replaced by a device of identical type. This is the only way to ensure that the originally configured functions can be used in unchanged form.

- 9. Connect device according to machine circuit diagram
- 1. Restore control voltage.
- 2. Put machine into ready-for-operation state again according to the machine manufacturer's instructions.
- 3. Activate safety technology (only with active Safe Motion with S3/S4 option)

With single-axis devices, the following message appears on the display of the control panel during the booting process:

"Load new Safety?"

With double-axis devices, the following message appears on the display of the control panel during the booting process:

".1 Load new Safety?" for Axis 1 or ".2 Load new Safety?" for Axis 2

Putting drive controller and machine into ready-for-operation state

Troubleshooting information

Pressing the "Enter" key at the control panel acknowledges the message. The safety technology parameters are now loaded from the control panel to memory of the optional safety technology module.

IndraDrive Mi does not feature a control panel; this is why the parameter image of safety technology has to be activated by executing the command "P-0-3231.0.3, C8300 SMO: Command Activate parameter image", e.g., using IndraDrive Service Tool (IDST).

The error "F8330, SMO: Configuration data record has not been activated" generated during the booting process signals that the active image identifier on the programming module does not comply with the image identifier that was stored on the safety technology hardware. After the command C8300 has been successfully executed, the error must be cleared by the "clear error" command (C0500). The command execution is described in the Functional Description of the firmware, see chapter "Command Processing".

- 4. Check functions of the drive.
- 5. Check safety technology parameters (only with active Safe Motion with S3/S4 option)

Completing the process, it is necessary to check, with activated safety technology, whether the correct safety technology parameters have been loaded for the drive.

The replacement of the device has to be recorded in the machine logbook. For this purpose, the data of the following safety technology parameters have to be accordingly documented and checked for correctness (these data can be queried via the control panel in the "SMO Info" menu; for IndraDrive Mi, the data have to be read, e.g. by means of the IndraDrive Service Tool (IDST), because IndraDrive Mi does not feature a control panel):

- P-0-3230, SMO: Password level
- P-0-3235.0.1, SMO: Active axis identifier
- P-0-3234.0.1, SMO: Configuration checksum
- P-0-3234.0.2, SMO: Operating hours at last change of configuration
- P-0-3234.0.3, SMO: Configuration change counter
- P-0-3234.0.4, SMO: Parameterization checksum
- P-0-3234.0.5, SMO: Operating hours at last change of parameterization
- P-0-3234.0.6, SMO: Parameterization change counter

Possible problems during controller replacement

Display defective or programming module defective

If the programming module / the display is defective, the parameter values saved after initial commissioning must be loaded.

Troubleshooting information

NOTICE

The parameter values saved after initial commissioning are not generally suited for reestablishing the operatability of the drive after a device has been replaced!

Check actual position values and active target position before setting drive enable!

When firmware and drive parameters are to be transmitted to the replacement controller, the required firmware and a parameter backup of the respective axis must be available.

- 1. Reestablish the control voltage supply of the controller.
- 2. Carry out firmware update, see also chapter "Firmware replacement"
- 3. Via the "IndraWorks" commissioning tool or the control master, load parameter file to controller:
 - "IndraWorks" commissioning tool

Load parameter values saved after initial commissioning to controller.

"IMST" or "IDST" service tools

Load parameter values saved after initial commissioning to controller.

Control master

Load axis-specific parameter values saved after initial commissioning [according to list parameters "S-0-0192, IDN-list of all backup operation data" and "P-0-0195, IDN list of retain data (replacement of devices)"].

With active Safe Motion, initial or serial commissioning of the drive controller is required after the programming module has been replaced!

In the case of drives with absolute value encoder and modulo format, the position data reference has to be established again after having loaded the parameter values saved after initial commissioning, even if the actual position values are signaled to be valid via the parameter "S-0-0403, Position feedback value status"!

Decommissioning Drive Components

10 Decommissioning Drive Components

Before the drive or a component is decommissioned, an impact and hazard analysis must be prepared. This analysis must assess how the decommissioning affects the safety of the installation.

Furthermore, the impact and hazard analysis must contain a risk assessment of the process of decommissioning.

On the basis of this impact and hazard analysis, decommission the drive or component (see also IEC 61508-1:2010, 7.17).

11 Declarations of conformity

11.1 IndraDrive Cs (HCS01)

The "HCS01" drive controller of the "IndraDrive Cs" range complies with the protection goals of the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC.

We declare conformity with the Machinery Directive for the optional safety technology modules "L4" [STO (Safe Torque Off) and SBC (Safe Brake Control)] and "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)].

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Bosch Rexroth Eleo Bürgermeister-DrI 97816 Lohr a. Mair		юH		
dass die nachstehe	enden Produkte			
Bezeichnung: Typ: Ab Herstelldatum:	Sicherheitstechnik-C HCS01.1E-W0*L 2010-11-08	Dptionsmodul L4 mit den Sicherhe 4	eitsfunktionen STO	und SBC
Bezeichnung: Typ: Ab Herstelldatum:	Sicherheitstechnik-0 HCS01.1E-W0*L 2011-09-19	Optionsmodul L3 mit der Sicherhe 3	itsfunktion STO	
in Übereinstimmun	g mit der oben genannten El	U-Richtlinie entwickelt, konstruiert	und gefertigt wurd	en.
Angewandte harmo	onisierte Normen:			
<u>Norm</u> EN ISO 13849-1	<u>Titel</u> Sicherheit von Maschinen – S	icherheitsbezogene Teile von Steuer	ungen – Teil 1: 20	<u>isgabe</u> 008+AC:2009
EN 62061		ze unktionale Sicherheit sicherheitsbezo id programmierbarer elektronischer	gener 20	005
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EN 60204-1		lektrische Ausrüstung von Maschinen	- Teil 1: 20	006+A1:2009
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	Änderungen im Inhalt der Konform	itätserklärung sind vorbehalten. Derzeit gül	tige Ausgabe auf Anfrag	e.

"L4" [STO (Safe Torque Off) and SBC (Safe Brake Control)] and "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)]

Electric Drives and Controls	Hydraulics Linear Motion and Assembly Technologies Pneumatics Service Resch Group
Declaration	of Conformity Doc. No.: TC30124-1
	original Declaration of Conformity) Date: 2011-09-19
in accordance w in accordance w in accordance w in accordance w	with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC with Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC with EMC Directive 2004/108/EC with Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC with ATEX Directive 94/9/EC
The manufacturer	
Bosch Rexroth Elect Bürgermeister-DrN 97816 Lohr a. Main	
hereby declares that	
Name: Type: From date of manufa	Optional safety technology module L4 with safety functions STO and SBC HCS01.1E-W0*L4 acture: 2010-11-08
Name: Type: From date of manufa	Optional safety technology module L3 with safety function STO HCS01.1E-W0*L3 acture: 2011-09-19
was developed, des	gned and manufactured in compliance with the above-mentioned EU directive.
Harmonized Standa	:ds applied:
	<u>Title</u> <u>Edition</u> Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems – Part 1: General 2008+AC:2009 principles for design 2008+AC:2009
EN 62061 EN 61800-5-2	Safety of machinery – Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and 2005 programmable electronic control systems – Part 5-2: Safety requirements – 2007
EN 60204-1	Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines – Part 1: General 2006+A1:2009 requirements
Notified body that ha Name: Address: Identification numbe No of EC type-exam	
The individual below	is authorized to compile the relevant technical files:
	nristian Russo, Department DC-IA/EDY4 irgermeister-DrNebel-Str. 2, 97816 Lohr am Main / Germany
implemented in accord The optional safety tec	: hnology module L4 with the safety functions "Safe Torque Off (STO)" and "Safe Brake Control (SBC)" has been ance with SIL 3 according to EN 62061 / EN 61800-5-2 and Category 4 and PL e according to EN ISO 13489-1. hnology module L3 with the safety function "Safe Torque Off (STO)" has been implemented in accordance with 62061 / EN 61800-5-2 and Category 4 and PL e according to EN ISO 13489-1.
Place/date/signatu	ire as indicated in the original declaration.
We	reserve the right to make changes to the content of the Declaration of Conformity. Current issue on request.
	Page 1 / 1
	Fig. 11-2: Translation of the original declaration of conformity for the optional safety technology modules "L4" [STO (Safe Torque Off) and SBC (Safe Brake Control)] and "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)]
	The declaration of conformity is expected to be available in the English language with signatures as of October 2015.
	If you have access to the Bosch Rexroth Intranet, please download the declaration of conformity here. Otherwise, please contact our sales representative.

11.2 IndraDrive M / IndraDrive C (HCS, HMS)

The "HCS" / "HMS" controllers of the "IndraDrive M" / "IndraDrive C" ranges comply with the protection goals of the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC.

We declare conformity with the Machinery Directive for the optional safety technology module "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)].

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Bosch Rexroth AG Bürgermeister-DrI 97816 Lohr a. Main				
dass die nachstehe	nden Produkte			
Bezeichnung: Typ:	Optionsmodul "Safe Torque Of CSB02.11-**-**-L3-**t-3 CSH02.11-**-**-L3-**-** CDB02.11-**-**-**-L3-L3-L3-**-*			
Ab Herstelldatum:	2013-05-06			
in Übereinstimmun	g mit der oben genannten EU-Richtlinie	e entwickelt, konstruiert und g	gefertigt wurden.	
Angewandte harmo	onisierte Normen:			
<u>Standard</u> EN ISO 13849-1 EN 62061 EN 61800-5-2 EN 60204-1	<u>Titel</u> Sicherheit von Maschinen – Sicherheitsby Allgemeine Gestaltungsleitsätze Sicherheit von Maschinen – Funktionale S elektrischer, elektronischer und progamm Elektrische Leistungsantriebssysteme mit Anforderungen an die Sicherheit – Funkti Sicherheit von Maschinen – Elektrische A Allgemeine Anforderungen	Sicherheit sicherheitsbezogener nierbarer elektronischer Steuerun t einstellbarer Drehzahl – Teil 5-2 onale Sicherheit	2005+A gssysteme 2: 2007	C:2009 C:2010
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Name: Anschrift: Kennnummer: EG-Baumusterprüfl		nd Industrie Service GmbH , 12103 Berlin / Germany /13		
Nachfolgende Pers	on ist bevollmächtigt, die relevanten te	echnischen Unterlagen zusam	menstellen:	
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8000	in accordance with in accordance with in accordance with	Machinery Directive 2006/42/ Low Voltage Directive 2006/9 EMC Directive 2004/108/EC Pressure Equipment Directive ATEX Directive 94/9/EC	5/EC	Date:	2013-05-06	
The	manufacturer					
Bürg	sch Rexroth AG germeister-DrNeb 16 Lohr a. Main / G					
here	eby declares that th	e products below				
Nan Type		CSB02.1*-**- CSH02.1*-**-	ule "Safe Torque Off (STO)" **-**-L3-**-** **-**-L3-**-** **-**-L3-*-23-L3-**-**			
Fror	m date of manufact	ure: 2013-05-06				
were	e developed, desig	ned and manufactured in co	ompliance with the above-me	entioned EU directive.		
Harr	monized Standards	applied:				
	ndard <u>Til</u> ISO 13849-1 Sa		ated parts of control systems – F		lition 08+AC:2009	
	62061 Sa	nciples for design afety of machinery – Functional	safety of safety-related electric		05+AC:2010	
EN 6	61800-5-2 Ad		systems r drive systems – Part 5-2: Safe	ety requirements - 20	07	
EN 6	60204-1 Sa	inctional afety of machinery – Electrical e quirements	equipment of machines – Part 1	: General 20	06+A1:2009	
Noti	ified body that has	conducted the EC type-exa	mination procedure in accord	dance with the above-	mentioned directive:	
Iden	ne: dress: ntification number: of EC type-examina	Alboi 0035	Rheinland Industrie Service nstr. 56, 12103 Berlin / Germ /5/5319/13			
		authorized to compile the r				
Nan Add		stian Russo, Department D(ermeister-DrNebel-Str. 2,	2-IA/EDY4 97816 Lohr am Main / Germ	nany		
The	ther explanations: optional module "Safe Category 3 and PL e	e Torque Off (STO) [°] has been i according to EN ISO 13489-1.	mplemented in accordance with	h SIL 3 according to EN (52061 / EN 61800-5-2	
Plac	ce/date/signature	as indicated in the origir	nal EC Declaration of Con	nformity.		
	We reser	ve the right to make changes to the	e content of the EC Declaration of Co	onformity. Current issue on r	equest.	
					Page 1 / 1	
	ŀ	Fig. 11-4: Tra sai	anslation of the orig fety technology mo	ginal declaratio odule "L3" [STo	on of conformity for the option O (Safe Torque Off)]	nal
					expected to be available as of October 2015.	in the
		down		ation of conf	osch Rexroth Intranet, p ormity here. Otherwise, p	

- 11.3 IndraDrive Mi
- 11.3.1 KSM02, KMS02

The distributed servo drive "KSM02" and the distributed drive controller "KMS02" of the "IndraDrive Mi" range comply with the protection goals of the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC.

We declare conformity with the Machinery Directive for the optional safety technology module "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)].

Konformi	tätserklärung	DokN	r.: TC30129-1
⊠ nach Masc □ nach Niede □ nach EMV □ nach Drucl	hinenrichtlinie 2006/42/EG erspannungsrichtlinie 2006/95/EG -Richtlinie 2004/108/EG kgeräte-Richtlinie 97/23/EG (-Richtlinie 94/9/EG	Datum	: 2012-05-16
Hiermit erklärt d	er Hersteller,		
	Electric Drives and Controls GmbH brNebel-Straße 2 lain / Germany		
dass die nachste	ehenden Produkte		
Bezeichnung:		I L3 zur Relalisierung der Sicherheit rischen Antriebssystem "IndraDrive	
Тур:	KSM02.1B-*-*-*-ET-L3-D7-*-FW KMS02.1B-A018-P-D7-ET-*-L3-*		
Ab Herstelldatur	n: 2012-05-16		
in Übereinstimm	ung mit der oben genannten EU-Richtlinie e	entwickelt, konstruiert und gefertigt v	vurden.
Angewandte ha	rmonisierte Normen:		
<u>Norm</u> EN ISO 13849-1	<u>Titel</u> Sicherheit von Maschinen – Sicherheitsbezo	ogene Teile von Steuerungen – Teil 1:	Ausgabe 2008+AC:2009
EN 62061	Allgemeine Gestaltungsleitsätze Sicherheit von Maschinen – Funktionale Sicl elektrischer, elektronischer und programmie		2005
EN 61800-5-2	Steuerungssysteme Elektrische Leistungsantriebssysteme mit ei Anforderungen an die Sicherheit – Funktiona		2007
EN 60204-1	Sicherheit von Maschinen – Elektrische Aus Allgemeine Anforderungen	rüstung von Maschinen – Teil 1:	2006+A1:2009
Benannte Stelle	, die das EG-Baumusterprüfverfahren nach o	oben genannter Richtlinie durchgefi	ührt hat:
Name: Anschrift: Kennnummer: EG-Baumusterp		Industrie Service GmbH 2103 Berlin / Germany 2	
Nachfolgende P Name: Anschrift:	erson ist bevollmächtigt, die relevanten tech Christian Russo, Abteilung DC-IA/EDY4 Bürgermeister-DrNebel-Str. 2, 97816 Lol	na secondo e constante constante con el constant	en:
	rungen: chnik-Optionsmodul L3 mit der Sicherheitsfunktio 800-5-2 und Kategorie 4 und PL e nach EN ISO 1		nrt entsprechend SIL 3 nach
Lohr a. Main	, den 2012-05-16 ppa.		Shering
Ort	Datum	chim Hennig	Eberhard Schemm klungsbereichsleiter Antriebe
			nfrage.

"L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)] in the distributed servo drives KSM02 and the distributed drive controllers KMS02

Electric Drives and Controls Hydrau	Linear Motion and Assembly Technologies	Pneumatics Service		Rexroth osch Group
	Conformity inal Declaration of Conformity) achinery Directive 2006/42/EC			TC30129-1 2012-05-16
in accordance with E in accordance with P in accordance with A	w Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC MC Directive 2004/108/EC ressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC TEX Directive 94/9/EC			
The manufacturer Bosch Rexroth Electric D Bürgermeister-DrNebel- 97816 Lohr a. Main / Ger	Straße 2			
hereby declares that the	102 156 10600 M0			
Name:	Optional safety function	n module L3 for realization of)) within the electric drive sys		
Туре:	KSM02.1B-*-*-*-ET-L KMS02.1B-A018-P-D7			
From date of manufacture	2012-05-16			
were developed, designe	d and manufactured in compliance	e with the above-mentioned E	EU directive.	
Harmonized Standards a	oplied:			
	y of machinery – Safety-related parts ples for design	of control systems – Part 1: Gen	eral <u>Edition</u> 2008+	1 AC:2009
EN 62061 Safet	ty of machinery – Functional safety of ammable electronic control systems	safety-related electrical, electron	nic and 2005	
EN 61800-5-2 Adjus	stable speed electrical power drive systional	stems – Part 5-2: Safety requiren	ments – 2007	
EN 60204-1 Safet	ty of machinery – Electrical equipment rements	of machines - Part 1: General	2006+	A1:2009
Notified body that has con	nducted the EC type-examination	procedure in accordance with	h the above-me	ntioned directive:
Name:		d Industrie Service GmbH		
Address: Identification number: No of EC type-examinatio	0035	12103 Berlin / Germany 2		
The individual below is au	thorized to compile the relevant te	echnical files:		
	an Russo, Department DC-IA/EDY meister-DrNebel-Str. 2, 97816 Lo			
	module L3 (Safe Torque Off (STO)) fu / PL e_according to EN ISO 13489-1.	Ifils the requirements of SIL 3 ac	cording to EN 618	300-5-2 / EN 62061
Place/date/signature as	s indicated in the original decla	aration.		
We reserv	e the right to make changes to the content o	of the Declaration of Conformity. Curr	rent issue on request	
				Page 1 / 1
Fig	safety te	chnology module "	"L3" [STO (of conformity for the optional (Safe Torque Off)] in the distrib- tributed drive controllers KMS02
~				pected to be available in the of October 2015.

If you have access to the Bosch Rexroth Intranet, please download the declaration of conformity here. Otherwise, please contact our sales representative.

11.3.2 KMV03 / KMS03

The distributed supply unit "KMV03" and the distributed drive controller "KMS03" of the "IndraDrive Mi" range comply with the protection goals of the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC.

The type examination had not been completed before the documentation was published. After the type examination has been successfully completed, Bosch Rexroth will declare conformity with the Machinery Directive for the optional safety technology module "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)] in the distributed drive controller "KMS03". For the status quo, please contact our service department.

11.4 IndraDrive ML (HMU05)

The "HMU05" drive controller of the "IndraDrive ML" range complies with the protection goals of the Low-Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC.

We declare conformity with the Machinery Directive for the optional safety technology module "L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)].

_		Rexroth Bosch Group
EG-Konfor	nitätserklärung - Original	DokNr.: DCTC-30133-001 Datum: 2015-06-30
nach Niede nach EMV nach EMV nach Druck nach Druck nach ATE>	ninenrichtlinie 2006/42/EG rspannungsrichtlinie 2006/95/EG Richtlinie 2004/108/EG geräte-Richtlinie 97/23/EG -Richtlinie 2014/5/EG -Richtlinie 2011/65/EU	
8 Hiermit erklärt der 6 Bosch Rexroth AG 8 Bürgermeister-Dr. 97816 Lohr am Mi 8 dass die nachsteh	Nebel-Straße 2	
양 성 dass die nachsteh	enden Produkte	
Bezeichnung: Typen:	Sicherheitstechnik-Optionsmodul L3 für Indra Drive CL/ML mit der Sicherheitsfunktion "Safe Torque Off (STO)" CSB02.5*L3; CSH02.5*L3; HMU05.1*Pxx; HM HPC01.1-MN02; HPC01.1-P001	1U05.1*N1N;
Ab Herstelldatum:	2015-06-30	
ក្ត ឲ្យ in Übereinstimmu	g mit der oben genannten EU-Richtlinie entwickelt, konstruiert und g	efertigt wurden.
in Übereinstimmur Angewandte harm	onisierte Normen:	
ಜೆ ಕ್ಷ Norm	Titel	Ausgabe
© EN ISO 13849-1 (/SO 13849-1)	Sicherheit von Maschinen – Sicherheitsbezogene Teile von Steuerungen – Allgemeine Gestaltungsleitsätze	
EN 62061 (<i>IEC</i> 62061)	Sicherheit von Maschinen – Funktionale Sicherheit sicherheitsbezogener e elektronischer und programmierbarer elektronischer Steuerungssysteme	KONDERS DE STORENZ OUD-LADANAGE
EN 61800-5-2 (<i>IEC</i> 61800-5-2)	Elektrische Leistungsantriebssysteme mit einstellbarer Drehzahl – Teil 5-2: Anforderungen an die Sicherheit – Funktionale Sicherheit	1 (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990) (1990)
EN 60204-1	Sicherheit von Maschinen – Elektrische Ausrüstung von Maschinen – Teil 1 Allgemeine Anforderungen	
(IEC 60204-1) Benannte Stelle, o Name, Anschrift: EG-Baumusterprüfb	ie das EG-Baumusterprüfverfahren nach oben genannter Richtlinie d TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH, Alboins 0035 scheinigungs-Nr.: 01/205/5427.00/14 und 01/205/5427.01/15	
w Nachfolgende Per ∽ Name, Anschrift:	son ist bevollmächtigt, die relevanten technischen Unterlagen zusam Christian Russo, DC-IA/EDY4, Bürgermeister-DrNebel-Str. 2, 9781	
Weitere Erläuterur Das Optionsmodul L C Lohr am Main Ort	igen: 3 ist entsprechend SIL 3 nach EN 62061 / EN 61800-5-2 und Kategorie 4 und _ , den	PL e nach EN ISO 13849-1 ausgeführt. I.V. Eberhard Schemm Entwicklungsbereichsleiter Antriebe
	Änderungen im Inhalt der EG-Konformitätserklärung sind vorbehalten. Derzeit gültig	e Ausgabe auf Anfrage.
		Seite 1/1

"L3" [STO (Safe Torque Off)] in the "HMU05" drive controllers of the "IndraDrive ML" range

					Rexroth Bosch Group	
		ion of conforn e original Declaration	and the second second	Doc. N Date:	lo.: DCTC-30133-0 2015-06-30	001
	in accordance in accordance in accordance in accordance in accordance	e with Machinery Directive e with Low Voltage Directi e with EMC Directive 200- e with Pressure Equipmer e with ATEX Directive 94/ e with RoHS Directive 201	ive 2006/95/EC 4/108/EC it Directive 97/23/EC 9/EC			
	Bosch Rexroth AG Bürgermeister-Dr1 97816 Lohr am Mai					
	hereby declares tha Name: Types:	with the safety f CSB02.5*L3-	technology module L3 for IndraDrive CL/ML unction "Safe Torque Off (STO)" ; CSH02.5*L3; HMU05.1*Pxx; HM ; HPC01.1-P001	/U05.1*N1N	l;	
15	From the date of m		16-30 red in compliance with the above-mentioned B	FIL directive		
Rexroth AG 201	Harmonized standa			EO directive.		
Bosch Rexro	Standard EN ISO 13849-1 (ISO 13849-1)	Title Safety of machinery – Sa principles for design	afety-related parts of control systems – Part 1: Gen	neral 20	lition 08+AC:2009 006+AC:2009)	
0	EN 62061 (IEC 62061)	Safety of machinery – Fo programmable electronic	unctional safety of safety-related electrical, electron c control systems		05 + A1: 2013 005 + A1:2013)	
	EN 61800-5-2 (IEC 61800-5-2)	Adjustable speed electri Functional	cal power drive systems – Part 5-2: Safety requiren		07 007)	
	EN 60204-1 (IEC 60204-1)	Safety of machinery – E requirements	lectrical equipment of machines – Part 1: General		06 + A1:2009 005 + A1:2008)	
	Name, address: Identification number: No. of EC type-exami The individual beloo Name, address: C Further explanation	nation certificate: w is authorized to comp hristian Russo, DC-IA/ED S: L3 has been implemented	pe-examination procedure in accordance with TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH, Alboins 0035 01/205/5427.00/14 and 01/205/5427.01/15 sile the relevant technical files: r4, Bürgermeister-DrNebel-Str. 2, 97816 Lohr am	str. 56, 12103 Be n Main / German	rlin / Germany y	PL e
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					Page	1/1
		Fig. 11-8:	Translation of the original safety technology module "HMU05" drive controllers	• "L3" [ST(O (Safe Torqu	ie Off)] in the
		Č.	The declaration of confor English language with sigr	-	•	
			If you have access to download the declaration			

contact our sales representative.

1)

Project planning

12 Project planning

This chapter describes the interfaces, connectors and cables relevant to the safety technology.

	IndraDrive Cs	IndraDrive C/	IndraDrive ML	IndraDrive Mi		
	Indiabilive CS	IndraDrive M		KMS/KSM	KMV03	KCU
X6						
Motor temperature monitoring and motor holding brake	√ 1)	_	_	-	-	-
X49						
Optional safety technology Safe Torque Off	1	\checkmark	1	-	-	\checkmark
X141						
Safety technology Safe Torque Off and "release brake" service input	_	_	_	\checkmark	~	_

Only if optional safety module "L4" configured

Tab. 12-1:STO/SBC, relevant interfaces

In addition, this chapter describes the E-Stop function, the setting up of safety zones and the technical data of the inputs and outputs.

12.1 X6, Motor Temperature Monitoring and Motor Holding Brake

Dangerous movements! Danger to persons from falling or dropping axes!

The standard motor holding brake provided or an external motor holding brake controlled directly by the drive controller are not sufficient on their own to guarantee personal safety!

Personal safety must be achieved using higher-level, fail-safe measures:

- Block off danger zones with safety fences or safety guards
- Additionally secure vertical axes against falling or dropping after switching off the motor power by, for example,
 - mechanically securing the vertical axes
 - adding external braking/arrester/clamping mechanisms
 - ensuring sufficient equilibration of the vertical axes

Lethal electric shock by live parts with more than 50 V!

The input of the motor temperature evaluation is **not** galvanically isolated from the housing. If the voltage applied to the input is impermissibly high (e.g. because of a flashover of the motor winding voltage), this voltage may come into contact with the housing. Ensure that the temperature sensor of the connected motor has a **double** isolation against the motor winding.

NOTICE

Excessive voltage at the input of the motor temperature evaluation may cause damage to the device!

The voltage allowed at the input of the motor temperature evaluation must correspond to the allowed control voltage of the device. If the voltage applied to the input is impermissibly high, the device may be damaged.

Function Connection point X6 contains the connections for

- monitoring the motor temperature
- controlling the motor holding brake

Via an integrated contact element (BR), the power section switches the voltage of the **external** 24-V supply to the output for controlling the motor holding brake.

View	Connectio n	Signal name	Function	
	1	MotTemp+	Motor temperature evaluation	
2	2	MotTemp-	input	
	3	+24VBr	Output for controlling the motor	
DGB0028461_m.tr	4	0VBr	 holding brake 	
Spring terminal (connector)	Unit	Min.	Max.	
Connection cable	mm ²	0,25	1,5	
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16	
Stripped length	mm		10	
Current carrying capacity of outputs X6	А	-	1,25	
Time constant of load	ms	-	50	
Number of switching operations at maximum time constant of load		Wear-free electronic contact		
Switching frequency	Hz	-	0,5	
Short circuit protection		X6.3 against X6.4 (output for co	ontrolling the motor holding brake)	
Overload protection		X6.3 against X6.4 (output for controlling the motor holding brake)		

Tab. 12-2: Function, pin assignment

Motor holding brake: selection

Maximum current carrying capacity of outputs X6: 1.25 A

 \Rightarrow R_{br (min)} = U_{br (max)} / 1.25 A

R_{br (min)}: Minimum allowed resistance of the motor holding brake

U_{br (max)}: Maximum supply voltage of the motor holding brake

If $U_{br (max)}$ = 24 V +5% = 25.2 V, this results in:

 $R_{br(min)} = 20.16 \Omega$ (applicable to all operating and ambient conditions)

Motor holding brake: installation instructions

Make sure the **power supply** for the motor holding brake at the motor is sufficient. You have to take into account that voltage drops on the supply line. Use connection lines with the highest possible cross section of the single strands.

Use an **external contact element in accordance with the required safety category**, if you wish to supply motor holding brakes with higher currents than the allowed current load at X6. Make sure to comply with the required minimum current consumption of 100 mA when using the external contact element. Otherwise, the brake current monitoring unit signals an error.

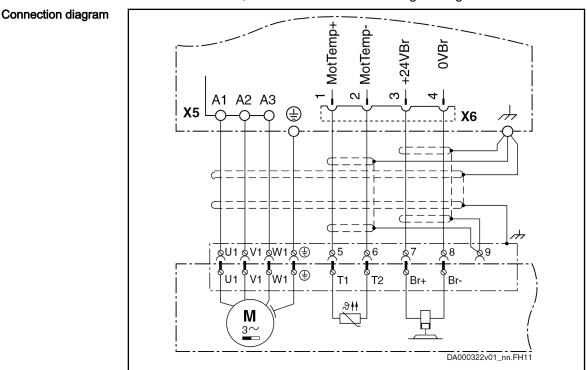


Fig. 12-1: Connection of motor temperature monitoring and motor holding brake

12.2 X49, optional safety technology Safe Torque Off

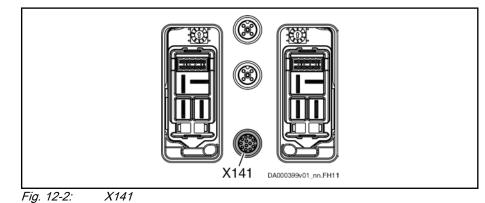
View	Connectio n	Signal name	Function
SI_Ch2 1	1	SI_Ch2	Input for selection of channel 2
0V 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2	0V	GND reference of inputs and outputs
+24V 4	3	SI_Ch1	Input for selection of channel 1
Dyn_Ch1 6	4	+24V	Dynamization outputs power supply
	5	Dyn_Ch2	Channel 2 dynamization output
	6	Dyn_Ch1	Channel 1 dynamization output
	1		
Spring terminal (connector)	Unit	min.	max.

Connection cable	mm ²	1	1.5
Stranded wire	AWG	16	16
Stripped length	mm	-	8

Tab. 12-3:X49, optional safety technology Safe Torque Off

When the dynamization outputs do not work, check the power supply connection. The polarity might possibly have been reversed.

12.3 X141, safety technology Safe Torque Off and "release brake" service input



View	Connec	Signal name	Signal name	Function
	tion	Devices with safety technology	Devices without safety technology ¹⁾	
	1	SI_Ch1	n. c.	Input for selection of channel 1 (connected to X103.2.10)
	2	SI_Ch2	n. c.	Input for selection of channel 2 (connected to X103.2.8)
	3	Zone_Br	Zone_Br	For the desired function, X141.3 has to be accordingly controlled:
				Safety zone beginner:
4 3				Input not connected
DA000400v01_nn.FH11				Safety zone node:
Female connector M12 (12-pin, D-				Short circuit to X141.11
coded)				(input voltage: 0 … 6 V)
				"Release brake":
				Short circuit to X141.9
				(input voltage: 24 V ±20%)
	4	24V	n. c.	Dynamization outputs power supply
	5	SI_Ch1_In	n. c.	Input for selection of channel 1, preceding axis (connected to X103.1.10)
	6	0V_ln	0V ²⁾	0V selection, preceding axis (connected to X103.1.9)
	7	SI_Ch2_In	n. c.	Input for selection of channel 2, preceding axis (connected to X103.1.8)
	8	Dyn_Ch1	n. c.	Channel 1 dynamization output ³⁾
	9	24V_ZBr	24V_Br	Internal interface only;
				24 V for "release brake" function
	10	0V	0V ²⁾	Inputs and outputs power supply (connected to X103.2.9)
	11	GND_Zone	GND	For "safety zone node" function
	12	Dyn_Ch2	n. c.	Channel 2 dynamization output ³⁾

Ready-made connection cable	RKB0033					
Connector for safety zone node	RBS0023					
	When a KSM/KMS with optional safety technology is to be a safety zone node within a safety zone, X141 has to be equipped with the connector RBS0023.					
	At X141, the connector RBS0023 jumpers the following connections:					
	• 5 ↔ 1					
	• 7 ↔ 2					
	 6 ↔ 10 					
	● 11 ↔ 3					
	1)	KSM/KMS without optional safety technology can be operated within a safety zone, because the signals are transmitted to the next safety zone node via X103.1 and X103.2. KSM/KMS with- out optional safety technology do not react to safety technology signals.				
	2) 3)	X141.6 connected to X141.10 When the two outputs are used for different functions, short cir- cuit between the two signal wirings has to be excluded.				
	Tab. 12-4:	Function, pin assignment, properties				

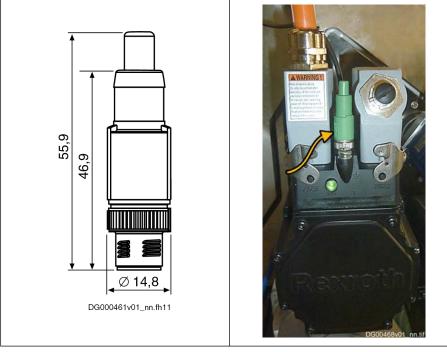
Technical data

Function	Signal	Connection	Technical data	
Channel 1 selection	SI_Ch1	1	chapter 12.7.1 "Digital inputs (safety technology L options)" on page 134	
Channel 2 selection	SI_Ch2	2		
Channel 1 dynamization output	Dyn_Ch1	8	chapter 12.7.2 "Digital Outputs (Safety Technology L Options)" on page 135	
Channel 2 dynamization output	Dyn_Ch2	12		
Power supply of isolated inputs and outputs	+24V	4	DC 19.2 30 V	
	0V	10	max. 700 mA	

Tab. 12-5: Technical data

12.4 Connectors and cables for safety technology

12.4.1 RBS0023, connector for safety zone node



Tab. 12-6: Connector RBS0023

RBS0023 Connector M12, 12-pin, A-coded; mat. no.: R911335348	Connecti on	Connected to connection	Function
	1	5	When a KSM/KMS with optional safety technology is to be
3 2 A	2	7	a safety zone node within a safety zone, the connection point X141 must be equipped with the connector
10	3	11	RBS0023.
4	4	n. c.	The connector RBS0023 jumpers the following connections:
	5	1	 5 ↔ 1
5	6	10	 7 ↔ 2
	7	2	 6 ↔ 10
6 7 8	8	n. c.	• 11 ↔ 3
DA000437v01_nn.fh11	9	n. c.	
A: Coding	10	6	KSM/KMS without optional safety technology can be operated within a safety zone without the connector
	11	3	RBS0023, because the signals are directly transmitted to
	12	n. c.	the next safety zone node via X103.1 and X103.2.

Tab. 12-7:

Function, pin assignment, properties

RKB0033, Cable for Safety Technology 12.4.2



Fig. 12-3: RKB0033

Assignment

For devices with safety option L3. The cable can be used to form a new safety zone within a drive line in a distributed manner.

Length that can be ordered, order code

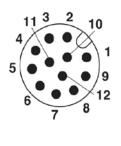
Length	Order code	Material number
1.5 m	RKB0033 / 001,5	R911334865
10 m	RKB0033 / 010,0	R911335718

Tab. 12-8: RKB0033

RKB0033		
Plug-in connector	Bulk cable	Plug-in connector
M12, 12-pin	Bus cable	Open ends

٦

Interconnection diagram



DG000428v01_nn.fh11

	SI_Ch1	BN
3	Zone_Br	WH
6	SI_0V_In	YE
4	+24V	GN
5	SI_Ch1_In	PK
8	Dyn_Ch1	GY
7	SI_Ch2_In	BK
10	SI_0V	VT
9	24V_Br	RD
2	SI_Ch2	BU
[11]	GND	GYPK
12	Dyn_Ch2	RDBU
L		

Use instruction: only fixed lengths

Tab. 12-9:

RKB0033 parts

12.5 **E-Stop function**

The E-Stop function is wired at KCU02 and transmitted to KSM/KMS via the hybrid cable. The E-Stop signal is amplified in each KSM/KMS.

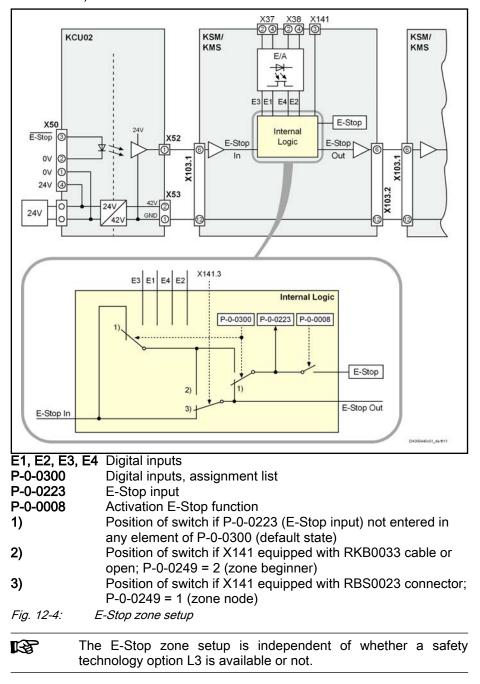
Assigning and transmitting E-Stop signals

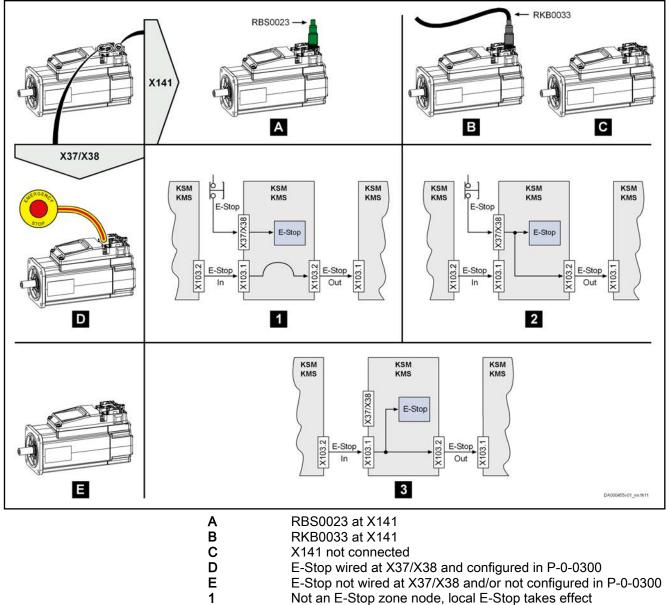
If a KSM/KMS has been configured as a safety zone beginner (X141.3 = • n. c., P-0-0249 = 2) and an E-Stop signal has been assigned to this KSM/KMS via an I/O (X37/X38), this E-Stop signal is transmitted to the subsequent KSM/KMS.

When a new safety zone begins, a new E-Stop zone can be begun via a local I/O (X37/X38).

If a KSM/KMS has been configured as a safety zone beginner (X141.3 = n. c., P-0-0249 = 2) and no E-Stop signal has been assigned to this KSM/KMS, the E-Stop signal of the preceding safety zone is transmitted.

In this case, the E-Stop signal is input to the safety zone via an isolated 24V contact (X50.3) at KCU02. The reference potential of the E-Stop signal within the safety zone is X53.1 (output of the DC-DC converter in KCU02).





- E-Stop zone beginner
- E-Stop zone node
- Fig. 12-5: Logic table of E-Stop zone setup

See also Functional Description of firmware "E-Stop function".

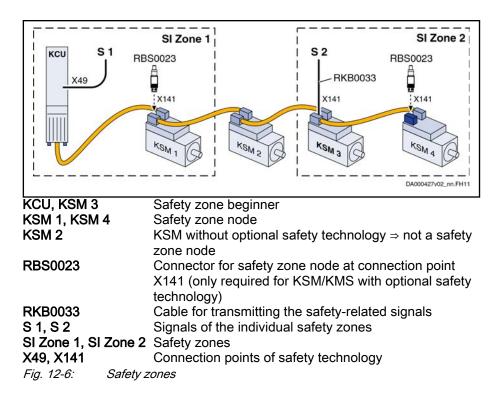
12.6 Safety zones

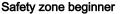
Safety zone

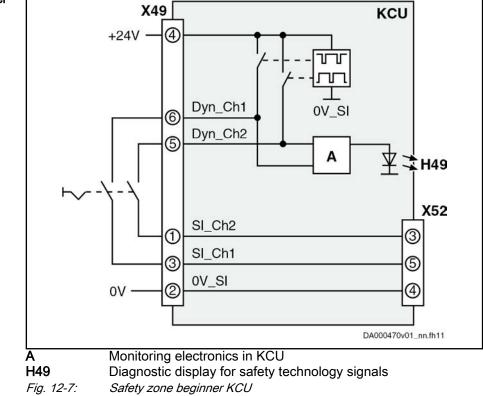
2

3

one A safety zone consists of a safety zone beginner and one or several safety zone nodes. The example shows a drive system with 2 safety zones.

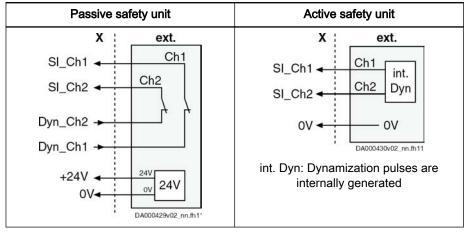


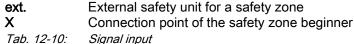




Two options for signal input:

- Passive safety unit with internal dynamization pulses in conjunction with external safety technology contacts and an external 24V power supply unit
- Active safety unit via a safety PLC





Safety zone node When a KSM/KMS with optional safety technology is to be a safety zone node within a safety zone, X141 must be equipped with the connector RBS0023.

KSM/KMS **without** optional safety technology do not require the connector, because for these devices the signals are directly transmitted to the next safety zone node via X103.1 and X103.2. KSM/KMS without optional safety technology are not safety zone nodes and do not react to safety technology signals.

12.7 Technical data of inputs and outputs

12.7.1 Digital inputs (safety technology L options)

The digital inputs correspond to IEC 61131, type 2.

		⊶ 1 ►	
		DX000037v01_nn.fh11	
-ia 12_8·	Symbol		

Fig. 12-8: Symbol

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Allowed input voltage	V	-3	30
High	V	11	30

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Low	V	-3	5
Current consumption ¹⁾	mA	7	15

1) For KCU02, the specified values must be multiplied with the number of zone nodes of the drive line.

Tab. 12-11: Digital inputs (safety technology L options)

12.7.2 Digital Outputs (Safety Technology L Options)

The digital outputs are compatible with digital inputs of types 1, 2 and 3 (IEC 61131).

→ 1	
DX000038v01_nn.fh11	

Fig. 12-9: Symbol

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Supply voltage (U _{ext})	V	19,2	30
Current consumption (I _{ext})	mA		700
Output voltage ON	V	18,2	30
Output voltage OFF	V		5
Output current ON	mA		350
Allowed energy content of connected inductive loads, e.g. relay coils; only allowed as single pulse	mJ		400
Short circuit protection		Available	
Overload protection		Available	

Tab. 12-12: Digital Outputs (Safety Technology L Options)

Service and support

13 Service and support

Our worldwide service network provides an optimized and efficient support. Our experts offer you advice and assistance should you have any queries. You can contact us 24/7.

Service Germany Our technology-oriented Competence Center in Lohr, Germany, is responsible for all your service-related queries for electric drive and controls.

Contact the Service Hotline and Service Helpdesk under:

Phone:	+49 9352 40 5060
Fax:	+49 9352 18 4941
E-mail:	service.svc@boschrexroth.de
Internet:	http://www.boschrexroth.com/

Additional information on service, repair (e.g. delivery addresses) and training can be found on our internet sites.

Service worldwide Outside Germany, please contact your local service office first. For hotline numbers, refer to the sales office addresses on the internet.

Preparing information To be able to help you more quickly and efficiently, please have the following information ready:

- Detailed description of malfunction and circumstances
- Type plate specifications of the affected products, in particular type codes and serial numbers
- Your contact data (phone and fax number as well as your e-mail address)

Index

Index

Α

Accessories	
Cable, RKB0033	130
RBS0023, connector for safety zone node	129
Additional documentations	7
Appropriate use	11
Applications	11
Automatic operation	

C Cable

Cable	
RKB0033	130
Commissioning the safety technology	
Safety instruction	. 87
Connection	
Motor holding brake (X6)	
Motor temperature monitoring (X6)	123
Control section	
Mounting and dismounting	104

D

Deactivating 102
Digital inputs
Technical data, safety technology L options 134
Digital outputs
Technical data, safety technology L options 135
Dismounting
Control section 104
Optional card 104
Display defective 107
Documentation
Additional documentations7
Overview7
Reference documentations7
Drive controller
Replace 105
Drive system 13

E E St

E-Stop	
Function	130
Electric drive system	. 13

Η

Hazard analysis	. 25
Helpdesk	137
Hotline	137

I

Inappropriate use Consequences, exclusion of liability	
IndraDrive	
Conceptual overview	24
Integrated safety technology	

Dynamization Functional principle	
K KSM02 Safety technology, connection point X141, Safe Torque Off	126

L

L3	44, 57
Commissioning, IndraDrive C	91
Commissioning, IndraDrive Cs	
Commissioning, IndraDrive M	91
Commissioning, IndraDrive Mi	95
Commissioning, IndraDrive ML	91
Controller configuration	88
Safe Torque Off	
L4	45, 57, 62
Commissioning, IndraDrive Cs	
Controller configuration	89

М

M	
Maintenance measures	102
Manual mode	23
Means of representation	
Conventions of notation	
Notations	5
Notes	5
Motor	
Connection motor holding brake (X6)	123
Connection motor temperature monitor-	
	123
	123
Motor temperature monitoring	
Replace	103
Mounting	
Control section	104
Optional card	104

Ν

Normal operation	23
	~~

0

•	
Optional card	
Mounting and dismounting	104
Optional module	
L3, Safe Torque Off	125
Overview of safety functions	. 57

Ρ

F	
PELV	17
Performance	
Reaction times	45
Time response	45

Index

PFH value	
Safe Torque Off	47
Safe Torque Off and Safe Brake Control	47
Productive operation	23
Programming module defective 1	07
Protective extra-low voltage	17

R

RBS0023	
Connector for safety zone node 12	29
Reaction times	
Reference documentations	7
Release brake	
Service input 12	26
Removing malfunctions 10	02
Replace	
Drive controller 10	05
Motor 10	03
Replacing devices	
Drive controller 10	05
Requirements	
Motors	90
Optional measuring systems	90
Third-party motors	90
Risk reduction	24
RKB0033	
Cable	30

S

Safe Brake Control	
Safe Brake Control (SBC)	
Safe Torque Off	
Activating, IndraDrive Cs	94
Activating, IndraDrive Mi	
Deactivating, IndraDrive Cs	
Deactivating, IndraDrive Mi	
L3	125
X49	125
Safe Torque Off (STO)	57
Safety characteristics	
PFH component of an axis	48
Total PFH value of a safety zone	49
Safety functions	
Overview	57
Safe Brake Control	62
Safe Torque Off	57
Safety functions in special mode "Safe	
standstill"	57
Safety instructions for electric drives and	
controls	13
Safety technology	
Cable, RKB0033	130
L3 (Safe Torque Off)	125
RBS0023, connector for safety zone nod	e 129
Safety zone	
Safety zone beginner	
Safety zone node	

X141 (KSM02, Safe Torque Off)	126
Safety-relevant standards and regulations	43
SBC	62
Service hotline	137
Service input	
Release brake	126
Setting-up mode	23
Single-channel selection	71
Special mode	23
Special mode "Safe standstill"	
Safe Brake Control	62
Safe Torque Off	57
State-of-the-art	11
STO	57
Support	137

Т

Technical data	
Digital inputs, safety technology L options	134
Digital outputs, safety technology L options.	135
Time response	. 45

U Use

Appropriate use	11
Inappropriate use	12

X X6

70		
	Motor temperature monitoring and motor holding brake	123
Χ4	9	
	Safe Torque Off	125
X1	•	
	Release brake service input	126
	Safety technology Safe Torque Off	

Notes

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