

Safety Qualified

•Forklift Training Driving Manual

- This OJT to be completed during Safety Qualification process with designated Forklift Trainer –
 - Leave Manual with new driver for reference and continued learning.



Emergency & Environmental

Self-Trigger on State to prevent critical errors

First Aid/Emergency Response	DEMO	СНЕСК
Identify location of the following:		
☐ First Aid kits		
☐ Bloodborne Pathogen kit		
☐ Eye wash stations		
☐ Fire extinguishers, Fire Alarms, Plant Evacuation Alarm		
Locate assembly areas:		
☐ Shipping Assembly Area 1		
☐ Finish Assembly Area 2		
☐ Mill B Assembly Area 3		
☐ Mill B Assembly Area 4		
☐ Mill B Secondary Assembly Area 5		
Identify appropriate emergency response for your area:		
□ First Aid:		
- Call a First Responder – know First Responders for your area and shift.		
☐ For the Following Emergencies, see Emergency Response Procedures (next page):		
o <i>Imminent danger</i> to you or others		
o Help Needed Whistle		
o Fire Alarm — Evacuation		
o Plant Evacuation Alarm — Evacuation		
□ Call 911 as appropriate in any emergency.		



Eı	mergency Response Procedures (cont.)	DEMO	СНЕСК
	In an emergency, there are specific procedures for Forklift Drivers, Mobile Equipment Operators, and the Weigh Scales.		
	 Sawmill Outfeed and Finish Infeed (GIP) drivers will both go to the front gate. Go to Company Radio Channel 2, until told to go to Channel 1 for Roll Call In the event of a power outage, go to Channel 3. 		
	After being informed where the emergency is located, the forklift from that area will lead emergency vehicles onto the plant site.		
	 The second forklift will: Bring traffic off Hwy 99 and stage them away from the entrance – to allow emergency vehicles unobstructed entry and exit. Once the "all clear" is given you will direct traffic to its intended location. If necessary, call 541-957-2503 and request that the tracks be cleared due to an emergency. 		
	20 will complete the above duties during the Window between shifts. Whoever is on or near 20 rolling stock, they will make their way to the gate to perform the traffic duties.		
	Shipping drivers gather all truck drivers in the Shipping area and report to Shipping Assembly Area 1.		
	Finish Outfeed drivers report to Finish Assembly Area 2.		
	The Log Yard Operator will proceed to the back gate to stop all incoming traffic until the "all clear" is given and, if necessary, to escort emergency vehicles onto the plant site.		
	The Weigh Scales will stop all traffic in their area from entering beyond this point until the "all clear" is given.		

Environmental	DEMO	СНЕСК
• FYI		
Did you know that 70 gallons of oil are pumped per minute through the forklift?		
DO NOT drive to the Rolling Stock Shop when you discover a leak – call the		
Rolling Stock Shop and they will come to you.		
☐ Identify spill response:		
☐ Ensure personal safety and the safety of those around you.	_	
☐ Contain and stop the spill, if possible.		
Call for help (your Team Leader and/or 20).		
☐ Notify your Team Leader if you have not already done so.		
☐ Locate SDS for materials you may be exposed to:		
☐ Access through 3E system electronically.		
☐ Hard copy available from Environmental Manager.		
☐ Locate the satellite station for aerosol cans.		
PPE	DEMO	CHECK
• Identify personal protective equipment <u>required</u> :		
☐ Hard hat (unless you are inside an enclosed cab)		
□ Safety boots		
☐ Hearing protection (unless cab doors and windows are closed)		
☐ Safety glasses (unless cab doors and windows are closed)		
☐ Rings taped or removed		
☐ Gloves – appropriate for the task		
☐ Company provided high visibility clothing:		
- If you get out of your forklift in a traffic area, you must wear company		
provided high visibility clothing.		
Forklift Care	DEMO	СНЕСК
□ Clean work area		
☐ Keep cab clean		
o Take out the trash at end of each shift		
 Keep paperwork neat and orderly 		
o Clean heater/cooler vents		
☐ Wash forklift by driving through truck wash after fueling		



Safety Procedures -

Self-Trigger on State to prevent critical errors

Safe Start	DEMO	СНЕСК
These four states		
□ Rushing : Be intentional and purposeful. Plan ahead. Ask for help if needed. Taking shortcuts is a sure sign of rushing.		
□ Frustration : Emotional response that occurs in situations where you struggle to obtain a desired result. Don't let it spiral into anger, irritability, stress or resentment. Talk it out. Get help from another crewmember.		
□ Fatigue: Drink water, eat an apple, walk on your break, and get more rest between shifts. Lack of sleep increases the risk of accidents. If you must have caffeine, try not to make it a habit or it loses its effectiveness.		
□ Complacency : Caused by becoming comfortable with the way things are and not striving to make things better. When we focus internally on ourselves rather than externally on the situation around us, we lose awareness of our surroundings and circumstances and become complacent.		
can cause or contribute to these critical errors		
☐ Eyes not on Task		
☐ Mind not on Task		
□ Line-of-Fire		
☐ Balance/Traction/Grip		
which increase the risk of injury.		
What state are you in? Rate Your State		
RADAR+	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Use RADAR+ for any upset condition:		
☐ Complete RADAR+ form and turn in to your Team Leader.		
☐ Identify potential hazards.		
10 Steps	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Use 10 Steps for any upset condition:		
☐ Complete the 10 Steps form and turn in to your Team Leader.		
☐ Identify potential hazards.		



Identify Hazards and Safe Work Procedures	DEMO	СНЕСК
Safe Ergonomic Practices		
 Dr Greg appointments can be used for on or off the job advice. Let your Team Leader know you would like an appointment. 		
Watch for low overhead clearance areas:		
 Changes can occur when new equipment is installed or repaired. 		
 Don't assume an area always has adequate clearance. 		
Report all Near Misses to your Team Leader or PFC – Complete a SEEDS		
Report all Hazards to your Team Leader or PFC – Complete a SEEDS		
Communication	DEMO	CHECK
Identify appropriate channels to use on the company radio and CB radio:		
1. Finish (infeed CB Channel 2)		
2. Maintenance		
3. Log yard		
4. Sawmill (outfeed CB Channel 2)		
5. Scanning		
6. Carline		
7. Shipping		
Explain the importance of communication:		
☐ During an emergency.		
☐ To facilitate production changes.		
☐ To know what is happening on your shift.		
• When notified by others that they will be in your area you must acknowledge		
their communication . (example: 20 / maintenance forklift, persons entering the		
yard either on foot or in a vehicle)		
Entering and Exiting Building	DEMO	CHECK
The change in light can make it difficult to see		
 Go slowly and watch for pedestrians or other vehicles. 	_	
	l	<u> </u>

Common Hazards	DEMO	СНЕСК
 Right-of-way is a shared responsibility between vehicle drivers and pedestrians. Care and attention must be taken at all times to ensure safe movement of both people and vehicles on site; watch for pedestrians near exits and around buildings. Pedestrians at a cross walk: Stop before reaching cross walk. Make eye contact with pedestrian. Wave the pedestrian across. 		
 Be aware that glare may prevent pedestrian from seeing you inside the cab. You can also signal by lowering your forks to the ground. Do not resume until pedestrian is completely across cross walk. 		
Vehicle Right-of-way • These vehicles have the Right-of-Way: ○ Emergency Vehicles ○ Loaded forklifts		
Always travel to the right of oncoming vehicles		
Rolling Stock 10' Rule	DEMO	СНЕСК
 Put your forklift in a Safe State before allowing pedestrians to approach your forklift: Stop your forklift. Lower your forks to the ground. Put forklift into neutral and engage the parking brake. Establish eye contact with pedestrian. Wave them to approach 		
 Use caution and drive slowly through alley to Rolling Stock Shop – between Barcode Shed and Finish Stacker area. O This is a congested area and Handys are often out of their lift and working on the ground. 		

Proc	edure for a Spilled Load	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Ide	entify procedure to follow when you spill a unit of lumber:		
0	Assess situation — use RADAR+		
0	Develop a safe plan. 10 Steps		
0	Inform other drivers of hazard in area.		
0	Wear proper PPE if you need to exit forklift.		
0	Get assistance to restack unit if necessary:		
	 Follow safe lifting procedures. 		
0	Watch for pinch points.		
0	Complete a SEEDS report.		
0	Rate your state at time of incident:		
	Rushing		
	Complacent		
	■ Fatigue		
	 Frustration 		
0	What can I learn from this?		
0	What habit can I develop to prevent this in the future?		

Procedure for Forklift Flat Tire	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Move your forklift the shortest distance possible to be out of the way of production.		
 Call the Rolling Stock Shop – if after hours tell your Team Leader or PFC. Drive a different forklift or have a mechanic called in if there isn't a back-up available. 		
 □ Do Not Continue to Drive with a flat tire – With one flat, the mechanics can move the forklift to the Shop to change it. With two flats, the forklift must not be driven, and the tire must be changed in place. ○ It is much safer to change the tire in the Shop. 		

Y	ard Maintenance — Pothole Procedure	DEMO	СНЕСК
•	Watch for and report potholes to your Team Leader.		
•	When a pothole is identified:		
	Communicate with all drivers on shift the location of hazard.		
	☐ Communicate with next shift of drivers.		
	□ Complete a RADAR+ form.		
	□ Notify your team leader		
•	Mark the pothole with spray paint and set out cones with yellow caution tape		
	surrounding the pothole:		
	☐ The Team Leader will notify the Log Yard Team Leader and the Utility Crew (2-O) the location of the pothole.		
	☐ The Outside Clean-up crew will apply cold patch to fill the pothole.		
	☐ The Team Leader will monitor the hole and remove cones and yellow caution tape when cold patch has set.		
	☐ Metal plates may also be used to temporarily cover the potholes until they can be repaired. Larger holes are difficult to cold patch.		
	ne Paving Team will be responsible for managing the yards for potholes and suring that all necessary repairs are made immediately.		



Rolling Stock LOTOT Procedures

Self-Trigger on State to prevent critical errors

Responding to Mechanical Problems	DEMO	СНЕСК
Watch for warning lights and codes on the dashboard and flashing lights steering column. If they are lit, or codes are shown in the display, contact RSS.		
• Respond to a mechanical failure that involves leaking fluid, such as hydrau engine oil, coolant, etc.:	lic oil,	
 Only move the vehicle if it creates a hazardous condition or is directly impeding traffic flow. 		
☐ If moving the vehicle is required, only move it as far as is necessary to eliminate the hazard.)	
□ Be sure to initiate spill cleanup as soon as possible and notify appropri personnel.	ate	
• Respond to a mechanical failure or problem to a rolling stock machine duri	ng shop	
working hours by contacting (2R) Rolling Stock Shop:		
☐ Let them know you are coming to the shop and find out where they war park.	nt you to	
 Do not drive it in the shop if you see open doors and an empty s unless you are instructed to do so. 	itall,	
 You are not expected, therefore there may be tools or people in path. 	your	
 Mechanics may have all the tools and materials for some other r lined up and ready to be worked on. 	machine	
 A mechanic could be walking across the bay and you could easi them with your machine. 	ly hit	
☐ If you have not contacted the shop, park your machine on	the	
side of the shop and go talk to one of the mechanics.		



Roll	ing Stock LOTO Procedures (cont.)	DEMO	СНЕСК
	Ask mechanic to help move the machine to the shop, if necessary.		
	If in an unsafe situation or hindering production, have another machine assist in moving the machine out of the traffic area:		
	-Caution: Most rolling stock equipment requires hydraulic or air pressure		
	to release the brakes		
	Inform the Rolling Stock Mechanic of the problem.		
	When leaving the equipment parked outside the shop, install the equipment "Out of Service Tag":		
	- Any untagged machine shall be considered in service.		
	- Before driving a lift that has been serviced, do a full Pre-Shift Inspection		
	achine problem during NON shop hours including mechanical failure or other oblems:		
C	Park the machine at the Rolling Stock Shop and install an "Out of Service" tag in the window over the steering wheel:		
	- Only rolling stock mechanic can remove the tag.		
	Fill out a Rolling Stock Repair Request Form:		
	- Found in the Rolling Stock Repair Request Shack		
	Place the white copy in the service slot at the truck shop:		
	- The yellow form will stay in the book as a record.		
	Have Team Leader call in a mechanic, if necessary.		
• Pic	ck up rolling stock machine from the truck shop after being repaired:		
	Move the machine to a level area and complete a pre-shift inspection before operating equipment:		
	- Do not just climb into the rolling stock machine and drive it away.		



Rolling Stock LOTO Procedures

When there is a mechanical failure that involves leaking fluid, such as hydraulic oil, engine oil, coolant, or a flat tire at any time:

You should only move the vehicle if it creates a hazardous condition or is directly impeding traffic flow. If moving the vehicle is required, only move it as far as is necessary to eliminate the hazard. Be sure to initiate spill cleanup as soon as possible and notify appropriate personnel.

When a mechanical failure or problem occurs to a rolling stock machine during shop working hours:

- □ Take the equipment when possible to the Rolling Stock shop (RSS) to be repaired. Inform the Rolling Stock Mechanic of the problem. When leaving the equipment parked outside the shop, apply the equipment "Out of Service Tag" onto the steering wheel. Apply red "Warning Out of Service" magnetic sign to equipment in an obvious location. **Any untagged machine shall be considered in service.**
- ☐ If the equipment does not have a steering wheel, place the "Out of Service Tag" onto the equipment over the ignition key or on a location easily visible near a control used to energize the equipment. Apply red "Warning Out of Service" magnetic sign to equipment in an obvious location.

When a mechanical failure or problem occurs to a rolling stock machine during **non**-shop working hours:

- □ Park the machine when possible at the Rolling Stock Shop and place an "Out of Service" tag onto the steering wheel; Apply red "Warning Out of Service" magnetic sign to equipment in an obvious location. Only a rolling stock mechanic can remove the tags. Fill out a Rolling Stock Repair Request Form found in the Rolling Stock Repair Request Shack. Place the white copy in the service slot at the Rolling Stock Shop; the yellow form will stay in the book as a record.
- ☐ If the equipment does not have a steering wheel, place the "Out of Service Tag" onto the equipment over the ignition key or on a location easily visible near a control used to energize the equipment. Apply red "Warning Out of Service" magnetic sign to equipment in an obvious location.

Any rolling stock machine that breaks down (not drivable) on the operations floor or in the yard during or after the truck shop hours:

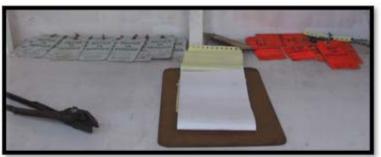
- □ Contact the rolling stock truck mechanic to help move the machine, if possible.
- ☐ If you can leave it for a Rolling Stock Shop mechanic, please do so.
- ☐ If in an unsafe situation or hindering production have another machine assist in moving the machine out of the traffic area. Caution most rolling stock equipment requires hydraulic or air pressure to release the brakes. When the shop is closed use the on-call list to contact a mechanic. Place "Out of Service" tag on the steering wheel. Apply red "Warning Out of Service" magnetic sign to equipment in an obvious location. Only a Rolling Stock Shop mechanic can remove the tag. Fill out a Rolling Stock Repair Request Form.
- ☐ If the equipment does not have a steering wheel, place the "Out of Service Tag" onto the equipment over the ignition key or on a location easily visible near a control used to energize the equipment. Apply red "Warning Out of Service" magnetic sign to equipment in an obvious location.

Picking up rolling stock machine from the Rolling Stock Shop after being repaired:

■ Move the machine to a level area and complete a pre-shift inspection before operating equipment. Do not just climb into the rolling stock machine and drive it away.











DEF

Self-Trigger on State to prevent critical errors

General Forklift Info	DEMO	СНЕСК
 Types of Forklifts on our Plant Site: Counter-balanced 		
o Diesel or Propane (LPG) fueled		
o Diesel with DEF (Diesel Exhaust Fluid)		
Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) is a solution made with 32.5% urea [(NH ₂) ₂ CO] and 67.5% water. It is used in selective catalytic reduction (SCR) in order to lower NO _x (nitrite oxides, considered harmful air pollutants) concentration in the diesel exhaust emissions. Within the SCR catalyst, the NO _x are reduced by the ammonia which are both harmless; and these are then released through the exhaust. The carbon oxide in the urea (CO) after chemical reaction in SCR is exhausted as carbon dioxide (CO ₂).		
Fuel with diesel as normal (black cap)		
DEF is stored in room across from Rolling Stock Shop		
o DEF cap is blue REMINDER to Self-Trigger on Eyes and Mind on Task		
o DEF forklifts		
shut off forklift		
 wait minimum of 2 minutes before shutting off forklift battery so 		
that DEF system can finish its processes		
 Should you put DEF into the diesel tank DO NOT START the forklift CALL Rolling Stock Shop This could turn into a \$10,000 fix if you do drive the forklift 		



DEF Information & SOP Diesel Forklift w/DEF

Self-Trigger on State to prevent critical errors

General Forklift Info		DEMO	СНЕСК	
•	Тур	es of Forklifts on our Plant Site:		
	0 (Counter-balanced		
	o I	Diesel or Propane (LPG) fueled		
	o I	Diesel with DEF (Diesel Exhaust Fluid)		
Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) is a solution made with 32.5% <u>urea</u> [(NH ₂) ₂ CO] and 67.5% <u>water</u> . It is used in <u>selective catalytic reduction</u> (SCR) in order to lower <u>NO_x</u> (nitrite oxides, considered harmful air pollutants) concentration in the <u>diesel exhaust</u> emissions. Within the SCR <u>catalyst</u> , the NO _x are reduced by the ammonia which are both harmless; and these are then released through the exhaust. The carbon oxide in the urea (CO) after chemical reaction in SCR is exhausted as carbon dioxide (CO ₂).				
•	Dies	el with DEF forklifts		
	(Fuel with diesel as normal (black cap)		
	(DEF is stored in room across from Rolling Stock Shop		
	(DEF cap is blue REMINDER to Self-Trigger on Eyes and Mind on Task		
	(DEF forklifts		
		shut off forklift		
		 wait minimum of 2 minutes before shutting off forklift battery so that DEF system can finish its processes 		
•	Shou	ald you put DEF into the diesel tank		
	(DO NOT DRIVE forklift		
	(CALL Rolling Stock Shop		
	(This could turn into a \$10,000 fix if you do drive the forklift		
•		Symbol for DEF		

Forklift Operation

Safety Qualification Training Checklist

•			
DI	EF continued:	DEMO	CHECK
•	Check DEF gauge (also has a sight tube) and refill at 14 or less b going to the DEF		
	station located in building across from the Rolling Stock Shop		
•	Standard PPE is required. Neoprene gloves are available at the DEF Station		
•	Sight glass is difficult to use. Please use gauge.		
•	Forklift with DEF systems must be allowed 100 seconds or 2 minutes after shutting off the forklift before you turn off the battery disconnect.		
•	Any sooner and the DEF system will not finish its processes and may not restart after power is turned back on.		

Diesel Fuel Cap



DEF Cap
Blue and locks

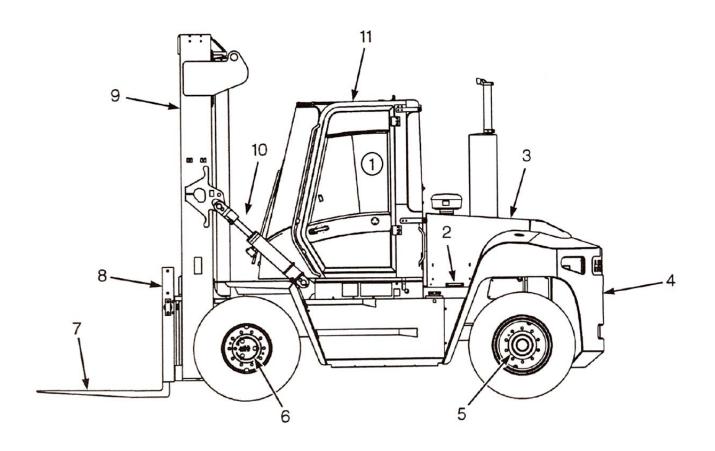


DEF continued:		CHECK	
If you do put the DEF or Diesel incorrectly into forklift DO NOT DRIVE – call Rolling Stock immediately to prevent engine failure. This is potentially a \$10,00 repair if you start the engine			
I have read and understand the DEF requirements.			
Printed Name:			
Date:			

Main Components – Forklift Components May Vary		СНЕСК
• Identify basic components and their functions:		
□ Mast		
 Supports carriage and forks. 		
 Production lifts are double stage with zero free lift. 		
□ Carriage		
o Raises by hydraulic pistons.		
 Lowers by gravity. 		
□ Forks		
 Supported by the carriage. 		
□ Counterweight		
□ Overhead guard		
 Protects driver from falling objects, not a rollover. 		
 Guard is tested and measured in foot-pounds. 		
□ Fuel cap		
☐ Hydraulic cylinders		
☐ Steering axle (Rear)		
□ Drive axle (Front)		
☐ Capacity plate		
 Inside operator cab 		
 Must be clean and legible 		
☐ Operating lights:		
o Driving		
o Back-up		
o Beacon		
☐ Back-up alarm		



Identify Main Components



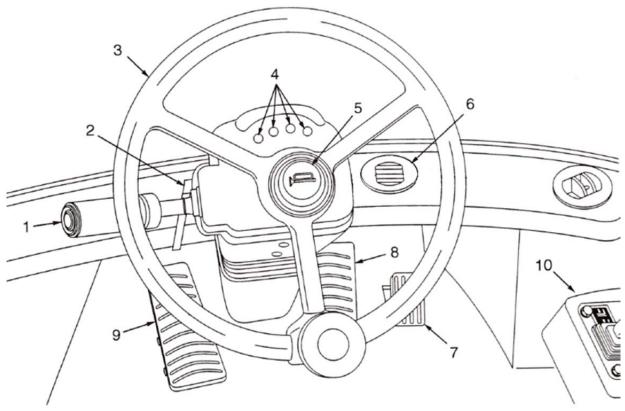
_____Mast
____Counterweight
_____Forks
_____Steering Axle
_____Carriage/Backrest
_____Overhead Guard
____Fuel Cap
_____Back-up Alarm
_____Drive Axle
_____Tilt Cylinders
_____Operator Cab



Forklift Controls, Switches, and Signals	DEMO	СНЕСК
Not all controls are on all lifts		
Steering wheel		
o Steering column adjustment		
o Horn		
Brakes:		
o Service brake pedal		
o Inching brake pedal		
o Parking brake set/release button		
Accelerator		
Gear selector lever		
o Forward – Reverse - Neutral		
o 1, 2, 2-3, D		
Load handling controls on armrest		
o Lift/Lower		
o Tilt Forward/Back		
o Side shift		
o Left/Right fork position		
Hydraulic backrest		
Some forklifts have levers instead of armrest controls		
• Ignition		
Heating/Cooling/Venting controls		
Windshield wiper controls		
Gauges and warning lights		



Identify Driving Controls and Signals

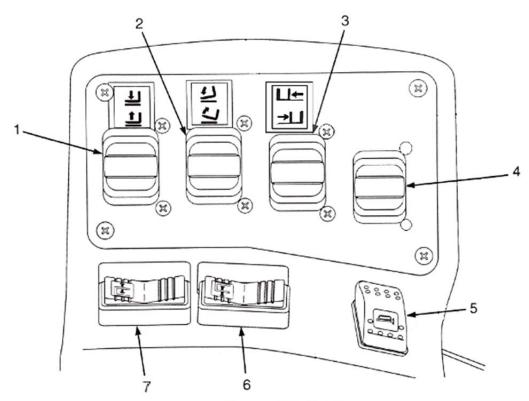


Controls and Signals

 _Inching Brake Pedal
 _Warning Lights
 _Cab Vent
 _Service Brake Pedal
 _Gear Selector
 _Accelerator Pedal
 _Steering Column Adjustment
 _Armrest
 _Horn
Steering Wheel



Identify Load Handling Controls

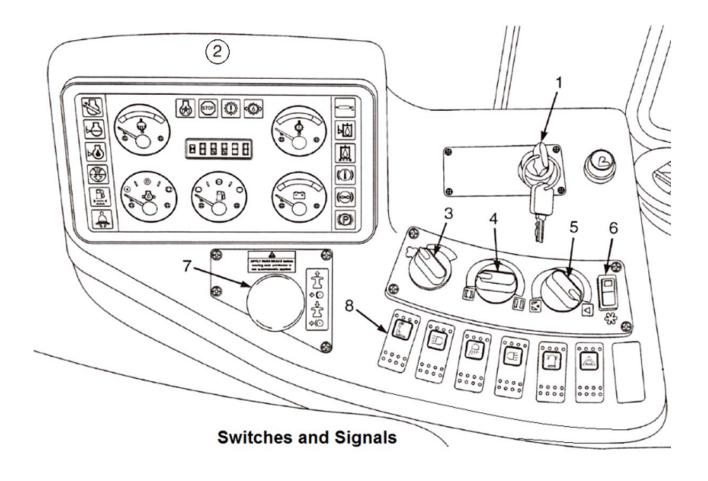


Armrest Controls

 Side Shift Control
 Right Fork Position
 Horn
 Lift/Lower Carriage
 Tilt
 Left Fork Position
 Hydraulic Backrest

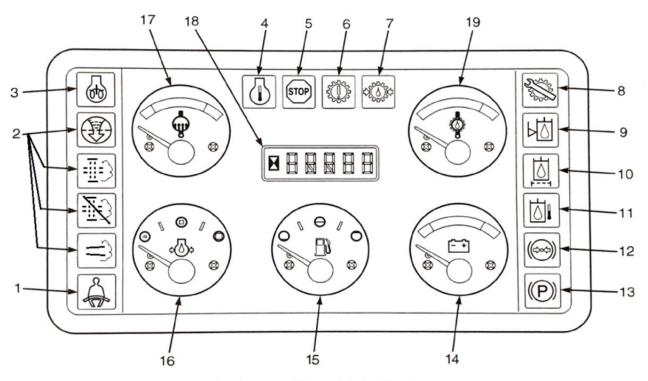


Identify Switches and Signals



_____Heat Control
_____A/C Switch
_____Running Light Switches
_____Instrumental Panel
_____Fresh Air Control
_____Ignition
____Fan Control
_____Parking Brake Knob

Identify Instrument Indicators



Instrument Panel & Indicators

Hyd Oil Level	Parking Brake
Hour Meter	Overheat Indicator
Glow Plug Indicator	Engine Oil Pressure
Voltmeter Gauge	Fuel Level Gauge
Transmission Pressure	Engine Stop Warning
Transmission Fault	Engine Maintenance
Air Filter Warnings	Transmission Oil Temp
Coolant Temperature	Hyd Oil Tank Hi Temp
Hyd Oil Filter Restriction	Seat Belt Warning
Brake System Low Pressure	



Operating Procedures

Eyes and Mind on Task to fight Complacency

Starting a Forklift		DEMO	СНЕСК
•	Before starting, make sure the forklift is in neutral, the parking brake is set, and electrical loads, especially lights and heater fan, are turned off . O Starting a forklift with lights and heater fan already on causes a power surge in the electrical system and can decrease the lifespan.		
•	Turn the key to the ON position and wait for the "coil" glow plug indicator light to go out before starting the lift. o This could take 2 – 5 seconds. o Especially during cold weather		
Warming Up a Cold Forklift		DEMO	СНЕСК
•	 To properly warm up a lift: Do your pre-shift inspection with the engine off. Turn on the engine and check the transmission fluid (except on 9951) and check all the lights. Get in the forklift after the check is complete, put on your seatbelt, and begin to slowly drive the lift. Operate the controls with the expectation it will feel sluggish and "lazy". As the fluids and components warm up, they will be faster and smoother. 		
•	It is not advisable to "warm-up" a forklift by turning the engine on and letting it idle. O The engine may be getting warmer, but the transmission, hydraulics, differential and all their respective fluids are still cold. O The physical parts of the lift are also cold, as well as the grease that lubricates the joints and moving parts. O All the parts need to warm-up so get movingslowly!		



Shut Down and Park Forklift –	DEMO	СНЕСК
Drive to parking area with lower RPMs to allow the Turbo Charger to cool down. O When driving a lift at full speed and capacity, the turbo kicks in to give it more horsepower. Allow turbo time to slow down to prevent causing damage to the turbo.		
 Position machine in correct parking area. Do not encroach on emergency access points or pedestrian crosswalks. 		
 Tilt mast forward and lower forks to the ground. Ensure the forks are flat on the ground and are not a tripping hazard. 		
• Put the shifting lever in neutral and set parking brake.		
 If the lift is equipped with a VMT, use proper procedures to shut it down. Wait until the VMT completely shuts down before turning off ignition. 		
• Turn off Lights, even if they turn off automatically.		
• Turn off Heater Fan.		
• Turn off ignition.		
• Turn off batteries if it is the end of shift.		
 Always turn off the forklift if you are leaving it unattended. Unattended forklift definition: 25' from operator or out of view. OSHA 1910.178(m)(5)(i)-(iii) You must have unobstructed access to the forklift if you leave it running. 		



Pre-Shift Inspection

Eyes and Mind on Task to fight Complacency

Perform Inspection at the Beginning of Each Shift		DEMO	СНЕСК
•	Obtain a Pre-shift Inspection form and complete it as checks are done.		
	☐ These are kept in the silver clipboard box. If the box is empty or low, obtain a current form from your Team Leader.		
	☐ Do not just copy the one in the box, as they can become outdated.		
•	Approach parked forklift:		
	☐ Look for signs of oil, water, or fuel leaks.		
•	Check wheels:		
	☐ Ensure lugs are tight.		
	☐ Check tread for cuts or excessive wear.		
•	Check hydraulic hoses and cylinders:		
	☐ Check hoses for leaks and loose fittings.		
•	Check mast, lift chains and chain pins:		
	□ Look for loose bolts or pins.		
	☐ Look for cracks and damage.		
	☐ Look for loose bolts or pins.		
•	Check forks for wear or damage.		
	☐ Check for rough spots that could damage lumber.		
	☐ Check welds and corners for cracks.		
	☐ Report any new damage to forks or lift to your Team Leader.		
•	Ensure fire extinguisher is in place:		
	☐ Check tag to ensure it has been inspected.		
•	Check counterweight bolts:		
	☐ Check bolts visually to ensure they are in position and tight.		



Pre-Shift Inspection (cont.)		СНЕСК
Open hood and check visually for signs of wear or damage:		
☐ Ensure visible belts are in good condition.		
☐ Check for loose or disconnected wires.		
☐ Ensure radiator is clear of debris.		
☐ Look for signs of oil, water, or fuel leaks.		
• Check fluid levels — if low, note on inspection form. If necessary, inform Rolling Stock immediately and have fluid added. Do not drive a lift with inadequate amount of fluid!		
□ DEF		
□ Coolant		
□ Engine oil		
☐ Hydraulic oil		
☐ Transmission oil		
 Check with engine idling 		
 Do not check on 9951 – Rolling Stock Shop will do this 		
Check battery cables:		
☐ Ensure connections are tight.		
☐ Ensure metal is not corroded.		
☐ Ensure battery is securely attached to frame.		
Check capacity plate; ensure it is clean, legible, and securely attached:		
☐ Ensure machine is rated for the tasks to be performed.		
• Start engine:		
☐ Ensure transmission is in neutral.		
☐ Ensure park brake is on.		
☐ Turn on all lights and check if they are working		
• 50% must be operational (front & back)		
If less, take machine to Rolling Stock Shop		



Pre-Shift Inspection (cont.)	DEMO	СНЕСК
 Check operation of components: □ Check steering; watch wheels as you turn. □ Check service brakes. □ Test horn. □ Check back-up alarm and light. If unsure ask someone to give you visual confirmation. Never stand behind a forklift with the engine running and transmission in reverse even with parking brake applied. 		
 Check parking brakes: Set brake, put machine into gear and accelerate lightly. 		
Check lift and ensure carriage raises/lowers smoothly.		
Check tilt and side shift operation: □ Observe cylinders; check for wear or leaks.		
 Release parking brake and place machine in gear: Check transmission operation. Check brakes to ensure they work properly: If you suspect any problems with the brakes, report the problem to the mechanics. 		
 After machine is warm, check transmission fluid level: Lower forks and place engine in neutral. Top up fluid as needed. Do Not Check 9951 (Dunnage Lift) 		
 Sign and date inspection form: □ Turn in forms weekly. □ Turn in at file box outside Purchasing Office (near glove machines) or to Team Leader 		
 Report any problems to mechanics as soon as possible. ☐ Inspection may take up to 2 weeks or more to get to the Rolling Stock Shop 		



Revised 05/29/2020

Post-Shift Shut Down

Eyes and Mind on Task to fight Complacency

End of Each Shift	DEMO	CHECK
• Report any problems that need attention to the Rolling Stock Shop		
• Exterior of forklift		
☐ Regularly wash at truck wash		
Park in designated forklift parking:		
Practice Good Housekeeping		
☐ Removal all personal items		
☐ Removal all accumulated garbage		
☐ Wash window (inside & out)		
☐ Use air to blow out dust accumulation		
• Shutting down – ALL forklift models		
1. Turn off all accessories (heater/cooler, radio, computer) this allows for efficient startup of vehicle		
2. Shut off forklift		
3. Look for signs of oil, water, or fuel leaks as you leave the forklift.		
4. Turn off battery disconnect.		
• Shutting down—forklifts with DEF		
1. Wait two minutes after engine shut off to turn off battery disconnect		
a. You must allow the time after forklift engine has been shut down before you turn off the battery disconnect because if system is shut off too soon, the system will not finish its processes, throw codes and will possibly not want to restart after the power is turned back on.		
I acknowledge I have read and understand the End of Each Shift information questions I will talk with the Rolling Stock Mechanics. Trainee Name	l on. If I	have

Cottage Grove

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Stability

Balance/Traction/Grip

Center of Gravity	DEMO	СНЕСК
 Every object has a Center of Gravity (CG): This is the point at which an object can be suspended and be perfectly balanced. A forklift has a Center of Gravity. A load has a Center of Gravity. When the forklift picks up a load, there is now a Combined Center of Gravity (CCG). 		
Fulcrum Point	DEMO	СНЕСК
 Like a teeter totter, a forklift has a Fulcrum Point (the point where it pivots when unbalanced). As long as the majority of the weight and the Center of Gravity remains on one side of the Fulcrum Point, the forklift will not tip forward. The front axle is the Fulcrum Point and if the front of the forklift (the forks) is overloaded, the forklift will tip forward. Keeping the load tight to the backrest and low to the ground keeps the Center of Gravity in the most stable position. 		
Stability Triangle/Pyramid	DEMO	СНЕСК
 Stability Triangle: Invisible line marking the boundary of stability on a forklift. Stability Triangle base is formed by the front axle (Fulcrum Point). The tip of the triangle is where the forklift attaches to the center of the back axle When the forklift is stationery with the forks down, the CG is in about the center of the forklift, under the operator's cab. 		
 Stability Pyramid: When the carriage is raised, the triangle becomes a 3D pyramid and the CG raises up. This effect is minimal in an unloaded forklift. In a loaded forklift, the CCG is towards the front of the lift just behind the front axle. 		
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How the Center of Gravity Affects Stability	DEMO	СНЕСК
Center of Gravity will shift when the forklift is moving.		
☐ CG moves backwards when the lift is moving forward and will rush forward in a sudden stop.		
☐ You have felt this when riding in a car: speeding up, stopping, turning corners.		
• If the CG (or Combined CG) moves outside Stability Pyramid, the forklift will tip over.		
☐ It's critical to stop and start smoothly, corner smoothly, maintain a safe speed, and travel with the load low.		
• The more a load is raised, the more a forklift becomes unstable (See Stability Pyramid).		
• When a load is raised, and the mast is tilted forward, the effect on the CCG is even more pronounced. Add to that, the motion of the forklift driving forward and the lift is at a very high risk of tipping forward.		
• When a load is being raised, it's critical to keep it tilted slightly back (not all the way back) until you're in position to set the load down.		
When stacking a load make sure to tilt the load forward only when over the stack.		
Safe Driving Practices - Complacency	DEMO	СНЕСК
Avoid driving over uneven surfaces when possible		
 Adjust your speed to the conditions of the road. 		
Safely maneuver the forklift around uneven surfaces		
• Driving over uneven surfaces, sewer grates, potholes, bunks, and speed bumps can		
cause bounce for your forklift.		
o This bounce will affect the stability of the forklift and therefore the loads		
being carried.		
Report any uneven surfaces including potholes to your team leader.		

The leading cause of forklift driver fatalities is rollover



Capacity

Balance/Traction/Grip

•	Forklift capacity is measured using a standard called Load Center.	
	☐ This refers to the measurement of the distance to the center of a square load.	
•	Our forklifts are rated using a 24" load center.	
	☐ This means they can pick up a load measuring 48" x 48", weighing X amount of pounds, sitting against the backrest.	
•	This is the forklift's MAXIMUM capacity.	
	☐ If an attachment is added to the lift, the capacity drops.	
	☐ If the load is not up against the backrest, the capacity drops.	
	☐ As the load is raised, the capacity drops.	
•	Adding weight to the counterweight is not the answer to more capacity.	
	☐ It will just add strain to the forklift and decrease its life span.	
•	Forks have a maximum capacity as well and that has to be considered when they're replaced.	



Safe Driving

Line of Fire

Driving in a Pedestrian Area	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Even a big, noisy forklift can be silent and invisible at times.		
☐ Alert pedestrians you will be in their area.		
☐ Use signs, lights, or guarding that is designated for the area, such as the straps at the Banders or the Lights at the Finish Chipper.		
☐ Have a spotter when driving in and out of Mill B basement or the maintenance shop at the Finish Sorter.		
☐ Use your horn!		
Climb On and Off Machine Safely – 3 Point Contact	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Always use three-point contact when entering or exiting the cab:		
☐ Do not jump out of the cab to ground level.		
☐ Do not run and jump onto forklift or side steps.		
☐ Don't rush — steps may be slippery.		
☐ Hands should be free.		
 Do not carry items into or out of the forklift as you are entering or exiting. Place them onto the floor of the forklift Climb into the forklift and get seated. Lift item up and into place. 		
 Look at your foot placement as you are exiting to ensure your feet are placed securely onto each step. Face towards the forklift like a ladder 		
Wear seat belt at all times while in forklift (Plant Safety Rule).		

COTTAGE GROVE LUMBER

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

ENTERING AND EXITING A FORKLIFT



When entering or exiting the cab of the lift be sure to self-trigger on the four states and keep

- ·Eyes on Task
- ·Mind on Task
- •Be aware of Balance-Traction & Grip



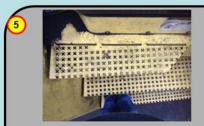
Inspect steps to insure they are clear of debris and in good condition.



Place items in cab prior to entering so both hands are free.



Always use 3 points of contact to enter / exit a forklift and watch where you are stepping.



Picture taken by person looking down at feet & steps when exiting parallel to the steps.



Picture of person SLIGHTLY turned (45 degrees) and looking down when exiting. Either of these ways are correct.



Remove items from the cab after you have exited and are on ground level

Each year people are injured entering or exiting a forklift.
Always check your foot placement and watch where you are stepping.

NEVER EXIT A FORKLIFT FACING OUTWARD

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Reviewed 03/2017

JSA-SOP\Plantwide Common

Demonstrate Safe Operation	DEMO	СНЕСК
Allow for rear-end swing clearance while turning. The rear wheels do not track the front wheels and will go sideways quicker than expected. TAIL SWING		
Check gauges and warning lights while operating.		
Report any problems to Rolling Stock:		
☐ Never operate a machine that is not in safe operating condition.		
Demonstrate control while operating in reverse.		
• Always check behind – double shoulder check and look around before backing up.		
Be aware of and monitor blind spots.		
Identify safety hazards in the yard, and demonstrate precautions required:		
☐ Notify other vehicle operators before entering their work area.		
☐ Observe safe speed limits — slowdown in icy or wet conditions.		
☐ Watch carefully near buildings or pedestrian walkways.		
☐ Slow down and look carefully before going around corners or areas of obstructed view.		
□ Never carry riders.		
☐ Watch for others in the area; e.g., Interstate Sweepers, Engineering, Outside crew.		
Travel with forks raised high enough to avoid obstructions, railroad tracks, dips in		
pavement or speed bumps.		
Use markings on mast to align carriage and mast for proper height.		



Demonstrate Safe Operation (cont.)	DEMO	СНЕСК
Watch for boards or debris in travel path:		
☐ Pick up objects — keep the work area clean.		
Use mirrors in warehouse to monitor vehicle and pedestrian traffic:		
☐ Use caution near walkways		
Demonstrate Control of Unloaded Forklift	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Check that parking brake is released.		
Select correct gears.		
Start and stop smoothly.		
Make smooth turns and control direction of movement accurately.		
Stop before changing direction.		
• Check rear clearance before backing up – look over BOTH shoulders.		



Demonstrate Correct Way to Pick Up Loads	DEMO	СНЕСК
Ensure load is within weight limits for machine		
 Approach load slowly, adjusting fork height so that it does not damage the load or the surface: Ensure load is centered, with forks clear of dunnage. Ensure forks are clean. Wipe off any mud or debris. Use caution when side shifting forks. 		
 Ensure load is tight against carriage, then lift straight up to take the weight Lift enough to clear dunnage, tilt the load (mast) back and then back away — always check behind. 		
• If forks are long, be aware you may damage loads stacked behind. Support load enough to move it forward, then readjust forks before carrying load away.		
Carry Load Safely	DEMO	СНЕСК
 Carry Load Safely Carry load at correct height for the forklift and slightly tilted back: □ Travel in reverse if view is obstructed. 	DEMO	СНЕСК
Carry load at correct height for the forklift and slightly tilted back:		CHECK
 Carry load at correct height for the forklift and slightly tilted back: Travel in reverse if view is obstructed. Travel forward with load raised (to see beneath) only when it is safe to do so and when placing the load on a stack. Come up to the location for placing your load, stop, raise load and proceed 		CHECK

Place Load Properly	DEMO	СНЕСК
o Line forklift up with stack and drive forward, keeping wheels straight		
 Keep load low until close to stack. 		
o Raise load high enough to clear stack.		
o Drive forward until load on forks is 2-3 inches away from being aligned with		
front of stack. Use Inching Brake as needed.		
o Demonstrate correct use of <u>Inching Brake</u> .		
o Don't allow your foot to rest on the inching brake pedal. It will		
proportionally disengage the transmission causing the forklift to have to		
work harder.		
o Ideally, the inching pedal should only be utilized when lifting/positioning		
the load. The inching pedal is a specialty pedal, it should be utilized as such.		
When driving through the yard and not maneuvering loads, drive as you		
would any automatic transmission car, with your right foot on either the		
accelerator or brake pedal.		
o Tilt mast forward until load aligns with stack.		
o Side shift if necessary, to align the sides of the load.		
o Set load down safely on dunnage, without dropping or damaging load.		
o Ensure load does not contact mud or other debris.		
Adjust tilt of forks and raise/lower mast as needed to release forks.		
Back away without scraping the surface or dislodging dunnage.		



Tour Facilities

Eyes and Mind on Task to fight Complacency

Identify Locations	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Locate:		
□ Parking areas		
□ Refueling area		
☐ Pedestrian walkways		
☐ Truck traffic in the yard		
☐ Train tracks:		
- Train car movement and safety precautions.		
□ Rolling stock shop:		
- Taking a forklift out of service.		
- Who to call if you have a problem.		
□ Yards:		
- GIP yard		
- Shipping		
- Barcode Shed		
Demonstrate Use of Rescue Man Basket	DEMO	СНЕСК
Locate the man basket stored in Shipping.		
• Demonstrate how to safely hook the man basket onto the forklift.		
 Demonstrate how to safely maneuver the forklift with the man basket attached. Do NOT drive the forklift with a person in the basket. It is for lifting and lowering only. 		



Fueling

Line of Fire

This page is not required for Dunnage forklift qualification		
Fuel Forklift (Diesel)	DEMO	СНЕСК
• Pull up close to the fuel station.		
1		
• Shut down the engine and ensure there is no other source of ignition.		u
• Remove nozzle on Pump #2 (small) and flip switch to turn pump on.		
• Insert nozzle and begin fueling:		
 Wear gloves. Watch the nozzle throughout the process. Shut off pump if a problem occurs. Do not top off tank. This can create a vacuum inside tank if the cap isn't venting properly A fuel leak or spill could occur, which is an environmental hazard. 		
• Shut off pump and replace nozzle. Make sure the fuel tank cap is on properly.		
• Press EMERGENCY SHUT OFF if pump does not shut off:		
 Use radio to communicate problems – call 2M. 		
o Report spills.		
• Don't let your Forklift run out of fuel!!		
o Getting fuel into an empty lift involves more than getting a gas can.		
 Contact Rolling Stock Shop to get forklift refueled and restarted. 		
• In case of a fuel spill:		
o Ensure your personal safety.		
 Use spill clean-up materials to clean up spills immediately: 		
 Dispose of rags or cleanup materials in contaminated material container. 		
o Call 2U to help.		
o Report spills.		



GOOD FORKLIFT CARE PRACTICES

- Do the pre-shift inspection.
- Turn all the electrical loads off before starting the engine that includes lights and heater fan (radios are not a significant load so they can be left on).
- Wait for the engine heater light to go off before you start the engine.
- Warm up forklift not by turning the engine on and running it for a while, but by using the forklift. Use it gingerly for first 10 – 15 minutes, and when all the fluids and moving parts are 'warmed up', gun it. 'Feel' the forklift, it'll 'tell' you when it's all ready.
- Use the inching pedal only when working the carriage, when driving remove your left foot off of the inching pedal, use the right foot to accelerate and slow down.
- Throttle only as much as necessary, no more, no less than that.
- Do not idle for longer than a couple minutes. If production is down shut the engine off. That saves on the wear of the engine, machine hours, fuel, makes air in the shed and offices cleaner.
- Before you shut the engine off, let it run 'easy' for a little while.
- If something is broken and needs to be repaired, take the forklift to the shop and talk to the mechanics.
- If it feels, looks, smells, sounds funny (strange funny, not necessarily ha-ha funny), take it to the shop.
- If in doubt, take it to the shop
- If it drips oil or fuel take it to the shop, if it leaks and leaves trail behind you, park it where you are, shut the engine off, call the shop. If it goes 'boom' or 'crash' or any variation of the two and/or covers you with fluids, shut the engine off, call the shop (company radio Chanel 2, 2R)
- If tires are worn, lubed components dry, take it to the shop
- Make sure the truck shop has your hours on weekly basis so they can schedule PMs timely
- Always keep in mind that you are entrusted a costly piece of equipment that can do lots of damage if driven inattentively.
- Keep the inside and the outside of the forklift clean.
- Before you shut the engine off, put the forklift in neutral, shut off lights and heater fan.

Cottage Grove Lumber Standard Operation Procedure

Environmental Forklift Spill Kits

1) Begin by checking that your spill kit is properly stocked. Each kit should have 15 white pads, 5 grey pads and 2 bags of loose absorbent.



2) Then place the pads in the kit first, this will create a flat surface for the loose absorbent to sit. Push out excess air, seal kit and Velcro flap shut.



3) This will make the kit compact and avoid clutter within the forklifts.



4) The kits should then be placed behind the seat of the forklift.



5) To restock kit, please take note of what is needed and gather items from the 20 shop. Note these kits are only for spill that are 7 gallons or less.





The Spill Kit has been added to the Forklift Pre-use Inspection sheet.

Remember to report all spills and ask your Team Leader to help you complete a SEEDS report.



Also complete the Area Specific OJT Checklist with the Qualified Bid Operator for that area.