

Sample Questionnaires for Grades K-12 for Use with Provisional Identification and Placement Protocol during Extended School Closures

Introduction

Purpose and Audience

This document provides sample questionnaires by grade band to be used with a protocol for districts to *provisionally* identify students as English learners (ELs) during the COVID-19-related school closures, which impede the administration of screening processes that require face-to-face interaction. *Provisional* screening protocols and interview questions do not replace the formal identification process, which districts are required to administer as soon as possible once school resumes normal operations for any student who has been given a provisional status. These sample questionnaires must be considered in light of guidance provided by the U.S. Department of Education fact sheets and funding information related to COVID-19.¹

The sample questionnaires are designed to assess particular student skills to help schools understand how much support students will need in a remote learning environment in which they are not in their usual classroom routines, and thus, are not able to fully interact and learn from peers who may be more proficient in English.

Background

Despite the COVID-19 related school closures, school districts are handling enrollment of newly arriving students or students who will be starting Kindergarten in SY 2020-21. The school closure and health-related requirements of social distancing impede staff from conducting in-person screening for English proficiency as required by state educational agencies and the protocols of specific assessment instruments. Notwithstanding the impediments of face-to-face assessments, it is necessary for school districts to have a general sense of the level of a student's proficiency in English for the following student cohorts:

- Current students. Enrollment of current year students who may be EL cannot be delayed
 because of the restrictions around face-to-face English proficiency screening. Estimating a
 provisional level of English proficiency for students who are potentially EL allows districts to
 immediately provide instructional resources and supports in line with health and welfare
 directives from the relevant governmental entities; and
- Incoming Kindergarteners. For students who are enrolling in Kindergarten for SY 2020-21, and
 who may be EL, districts need to know the level of English proficiency to inform placement and
 the allocation of necessary resources, including staff to provide the required English acquisition
 instructional program in SY 2020-21.

Boston Public Schools, a Council-member district, requested that the Council of the Great City Schools provide feedback on the draft guidance for provisional EL screening issued by the Massachusetts Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (DESE) for use during school closures. The Council

¹ A school district's ELL Director and legal counsel should ensure that any provisional screening protocols are in compliance with any settlement agreements or consent decrees relating to serving English learners, if applicable.



provided a suggested revised guidance and independently developed this set of sample questionnaires to be used as a *provisional* screener for English proficiency. This document contains the sample questionnaires developed by a working group, under the direction of the Council of the Great City Schools. The questionnaires are publicly available for use under a <u>Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivatives 4.0 International License</u>.

Contributors

The Council of the Great City Schools assembled a working group of English learner program administrators from member districts and consultants with experience designing and administering English proficiency screeners to examine and provide feedback on the MA guidance for provisional screening of ELs, as requested by Boston Public Schools. The group's work resulted in a revised guidance document and an entirely new set of sample questionnaires.

We thank the practitioners and experts who collaborated on developing the set of questions and associated rubric for the provisional screener for ELs. The work was informed by English proficiency screeners and rubrics currently in use in several other states as well as the existing implementation realities.

Council-member Districts

Boston	Eileen De Los Reyes, Assistant Superintendent, Office of ELs
	Faye Karp, Executive Director, Office of English Learners
	Vera Johnson, Director, Newcomers Assessment and Counseling Center
Kansas City	Stephanie Easley, ESOL Assessment Specialist
Palm Beach	Francisco (Harvey) Oaxaca, Director Multicultural & Migrant Education
San Antonio	Olivia Hernandez, Assistant Superintendent, Bilingual, ESL & Migrant

Council Staff

Gabriela Uro, Director of ELL Policy and Research **David Lai,** ELL Projects Manager

External Experts

Dr. Jennifer Chard, a specialist in multilingual assessment and the Project Director of the Multilingual Literacy SIFE Screener (MLS) in New York State, hosted at the Graduate Center of the City University of New York. Jennifer's work emphasizes the importance of incorporating students' home language skills and abilities into assessments and producing culturally and linguistically appropriate materials.

Dr. Tamara Alsace, former Director of Multilingual Education for Buffalo Public Schools (NY)

Terry Walter, former San Diego County Office of Education (CA)



Section A. Descriptors of Broad Levels of English Proficiency Used in Provisional Screener and Suggested Supports

The sample questionnaires developed by the Council of the Great City Schools that allow staff to assess a student's receptive and productive language ability in English. Corresponding rubrics were developed for the sample questionnaires. Should a district choose to use a different set of questions or add supplemental questions, care must be taken to use age-appropriate questions and questions that are free from cultural bias and do not presume a student is familiar with U.S. cultural norms or experiences. In addition, the district will need to revise the corresponding rubric. See Section E for an explanation of the type of questions included.

Beginner-level students range from being completely new to English to being able to understand and/or produce common words and short, simple sentences on familiar topics related to school, self, and home. They may be able to express some basic personal information and answer "yes" or "no" to simple direct questions, showing that they have understood the question and are able to respond appropriately. Beginner-level students may be able to understand and respond appropriately to simple WH-questions (e.g., who, what, where, etc.) and questions with "or." The answers may be one-word answers, phrases, or simple sentences. Beginner-level students may not understand questions with multiple clauses. They cannot answer in sentences with multiple clauses and may have limited understanding or production of English.

Suggested supports. These students will need the most support and will likely be unable to understand instructions for remote learning tasks in English without a lot of help. Instructions should include visual cues (modeling, video, etc.) and should be provided in the home language where possible to get students to the point of even being able to engage with learning English.

Intermediate-level students will answer questions using phrases or complete sentences, or single words where appropriate. Simple sentences may be grammatically accurate, with correct word order. Students can name objects in their environment and describe them with appropriate adjectives. Students can compare and contrast using appropriate connecting words and can express and support an opinion. Students can understand the prompts for these types of questions and can mostly make their answers understood, though there may be grammatical inaccuracies, pronunciation errors, and/or they may struggle with vocabulary in some areas. Students may struggle with understanding and producing complex sentences such as relative clauses, reported speech, and conditionals.

Suggested supports. These students will likely understand simple instructions given by a teacher in English but will need a lot of guidance to perform new routines and participate in remote learning, including modeling and visual support. Home language instructions for entirely new routines will help students understand expectations so they can focus on learning English.

Advanced-level students will understand much of what is being said to them, including complex sentences and multi-step instructions. They will respond with mostly accurate simple sentences and will likely be able to produce complex sentences when prompted, sometimes needing support and scaffolding to do so. These students will connect sentences with appropriate transitions and use some low-frequency, specialized words. These students can have conversational exchanges, seek clarification or explanation when they need it, and



find a way to make themselves understood even if that is not the typical way a native speaker would say something.

Suggested supports. Advanced-level students will be able to understand most instructions about novel remote learning circumstances in English. They will have the English proficiency to ask questions when they do not understand instructions, though in some cases they may hesitate to reach out for help. Modeling and visual support for new routines will help these students. Be prepared to explain words and concepts related to distance learning, since many of these words are not typical classroom English language to which these students will been exposed.

- **Non-response or incomplete screening interview.** Students who are unable to respond to any of the questions and/or prompts, or whose responses are unintelligible will be provisionally identified at the **beginner** level.
- Native-like English proficiency. Students who respond to the advanced-level questions with
 native-like fluency and complexity may require only minimal supports (or none at all).
 Instructional supports and services will be provided, nonetheless, to address any potential lack of
 familiarity with the school system, technology, distance learning, cultural norms, and/or English
 academic language.



Section B. Questionnaire for Grades K-2 and Grades 3-5

Overall guidance for the interviewer:

- After introductory Questions 1 through 3, consider whether to continue in order or to jump to Question 6, if the student is providing responses that may be intermediate or advanced.
- If possible, record the conversation (and inform the parent/guardian it will be recorded), so you can listen to the responses and score after the interview concludes.
- Please remember to prompt/encourage students to provide more detail in their responses, especially as the remote interview process poses greater challenges to interpersonal communication, without visual cues and facial expression.

For each question, note whether the student's answer matches the Beginner Responses column or the Intermediate and Advanced Responses column.

INTERVIEW RATER INSTRUCTIONS: The screener provides a holistic sense of English proficiency rather than a numeric score. Classify the response to each question according to the level that that best represents the response. After Question 3, you will be prompted to pause and quickly assess whether to skip to a more advanced question for higher levels of proficiency. **BEGINNER-LEVEL QUESTIONS Interview Question** Intermediate or Advanced Response **Beginner Response** 1 What is your name? ☐ No response, or response is unintelligible Responds appropriately with one word or a basic If the student struggles: Is it [insert name]? ☐ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response phrase ☐ Frequent and long pauses in attempt to communicate ☐ Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 2 K-2 ☐ No response, or response is unintelligible ☐ Responds appropriately with one word, a basic Are you in [CITY/TOWN]? Tell me about it. ☐ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response phrase, or a more detailed response ☐ Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical ☐ Frequent and long pauses in attempt to communicate Grade 3-5 errors do not impede meaning ☐ Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word Is there a park close to where you live? Tell me choice impede meaning about it.



3	When did you last watch tv, a movie, or video? What is your favorite show? What is your favorite movie/video? When did you last watch it? If the student struggles: Do you have a favorite song? Tell me more.	 No response, or response is unintelligible "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Frequent and long pauses in attempt to communicate Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 	 Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical errors do not impede meaning
	INTERVIEW RATER INSTRUCTIONS: If the student ans	wers Questions 1-3 appropriately or with a more detailed response	onse, JUMP TO QUESTION 6.
4	What is your favorite color? Tell me three things that have this color. If the student struggles: What is your favorite sound? What makes that sound?	 No response, or response is unintelligible "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 	 Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical errors do not impede meaning
5	What do you see around you right now? (What else, tell me more, what's that, what color is it)? If the student struggles: Do you see a table? What is on the table? Do you see a bag? What is in the bag? Interviewer should prompt students to give 3 objects with at least 1 trait each. *Note: if a video platform or device is being used, images could be sent via text message or the digital platform.	 No response, or response is unintelligible "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response May give a one-word answer and be unable to describe any object Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 	 □ Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response □ Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical errors do not impede meaning
6	What do you do for fun? Can you tell me more? (Ask a follow up question for the student to describe the activity.) Interviewer should prompt students to name an activity and give some details about that activity.	 No response, or response is unintelligible "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response May give a one-word answer, does not include details Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 	 Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical errors do not impede meaning



	Majority of marks under each of the three proficiency levels:		0			
	Under which column (classification) do most responses fall?	STOP the interview. Student is a provisional beginner.	Proceed to asking Intermediate/Advanced-level questions.			
INTERVIEW RATER INSTRUCTIONS: The screener provides a holistic sense of English proficiency rather than a numeric score. Classify the response to each question according to the level that that best represents the response. • If a student has great difficulty in giving an answer on three or more questions, STOP. Classify this student as having Beginning proficiency in English. • Otherwise, proceed to the next section.						



INTERMEDIATE/ADVANCED-LEVEL QUESTIONS

General Description of Expected Responses

Intermediate-level students will engage with all questions but may misunderstand some prompts or responses may not be understood on all questions. Responses will not be grammatically accurate for all questions, or answers may be limited to simple language structures.

Advanced-level students will be able to answer all questions and provide more detail when prompted. They can make their point understood in **all** or **all but 1 question**. They may make grammatical errors, but errors do not impede communication.

	Interview Question	Beginner Response	Intermediate Response	Advanced Response
7	K-2 Can you describe a favorite food you like to eat? If the student struggles: What is your favorite toy? Can you describe it? Student can use the name for the food or toy in their language, and describe if hot or cold, hard or soft, etc. Grade 3 - 5 Someone asks you how to get to the nearest place to buy food. What would you say? Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	 "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Provides single-word response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Pronunciation errors impede meaning 	 Student's answer can generally be understood Includes high-frequency vocabulary and common phrases Uses simple sentences with few transitions, attempts to use complex sentences may interfere with understanding Includes brief pauses when searching for words or attempting to restate or clarify, word choice may obscure meaning Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning 	 □ Provides details with well-connected sentences, using some specialized, low-frequency words □ Includes few brief pauses, speech is fairly sustained with minor choppiness □ Few pronunciation errors and grammatical errors but none impede meaning
8	What is the difference between wet and dry weather? Or hot and cold weather? (What activities do you do? What clothing/shoes do you wear?) Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	 "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Provides single-word response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Pronunciation errors 	 Student may need prompting for more detail Student's answer can generally be understood Includes high-frequency vocabulary and common phrases Uses simple sentences with few transitions, attempts to use complex sentences may interfere with understanding Includes brief pauses when searching for 	 Compares and contrasts Provides details with well-connected sentences, using some specialized, low-frequency words Includes few brief pauses, speech is fairly sustained with minor choppiness Few pronunciation errors and



		impede meaning	words or attempting to restate or clarify, word choice may obscure meaning Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning	grammatical errors but none impede meaning
9	Select one: Tell me about a place you really like. Why do you like it? If the student struggles: Describe that place. Who also goes to that place? OR What do you think is the most dangerous/exciting sport? Tell me why. Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	 "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Provides single-word response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Pronunciation errors impede meaning 	 Student is able to answer and provide a reason Student's answer can generally be understood Includes high-frequency vocabulary and common phrases Uses simple sentences with few transitions, attempts to use complex sentences may interfere with understanding Includes brief pauses when searching for words or attempting to restate or clarify, word choice may obscure meaning Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning 	 □ Articulates and supports an opinion fluently □ Provides details with well-connected sentences, using some specialized, low-frequency words □ Includes few brief pauses, speech is fairly sustained with minor choppiness □ Few pronunciation errors and grammatical errors but none impede meaning
10	If you could meet one famous person, who would it be, and why? If the student struggles: If you could choose to have one new talent, what would it be, and why? Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	 "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Provides single-word response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Pronunciation errors impede meaning 	 □ Responds using "I will" or just stating the answer □ Student's answer can generally be understood □ Includes high-frequency vocabulary and common phrases □ Uses simple sentences with few transitions, attempts to use complex sentences may interfere with understanding □ Includes brief pauses when searching for words or attempting to restate or clarify □ Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning 	 □ Responds to the prompt using "I would" □ Provides details with well-connected sentences, using some specialized, low-frequency words □ Includes few brief pauses, speech is fairly sustained with minor choppiness □ Few pronunciation errors and grammatical errors but none impede meaning
11	Select one: Describe the rules of a game you played as a child. OR Describe what a school day was like for you in the past.	 "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Provides single-word response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate 	 Responds to prompt with common words and phrases. Sentences demonstrate some sequencing with simple connective words (game question) Student responds to prompt describing their experience using high-frequency words and 	 Student can fluently sequence sentences to describe rules and routines using appropriate connective words Uses some specialized, low-frequency words Includes few brief pauses, speech



	Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	☐ Pronunciation errors impede meaning	common phrases (school day question) Student's answer can generally be understood Uses simple sentences with few transitions, attempts to use complex sentences may interfere with understanding Includes brief pauses when searching for words or attempting to restate or clarify Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning	is fairly sustained with minor choppiness Few pronunciation errors and grammatical errors but none impede meaning
	Majority of marks under each of the three proficiency levels:	0	0	0
	Under which column (classification) do most responses fall?			
INTERVIEW RATER INSTRUCTIONS: The screener provides a holistic sense of English proficiency rather than a numeric score. Classify the response to each question according to the level that that best represents the response. • If the student cannot answer three or more questions appropriately, the student is a Beginner. • If the student is able to answer all questions, assess whether there are more responses in the intermediate column or advanced column for a final placement.				



Section C. Questionnaire for Grades 6-12

Overall guidance for the interviewer:

- After introductory Questions 1 through 3, consider whether to continue in order or to jump to Question 6, if the student is providing responses that may be intermediate or advanced.
- If possible, record the conversation (and inform the parent/guardian it will be recorded), so you can listen to the responses and score after the interview concludes.
- Please remember to prompt/encourage students to provide more detail in their responses, especially as the remote interview process poses greater challenges to interpersonal communication, without visual cues and facial expression.

For each question note whether the student's answer matches the *Beginner Responses* column or the *Intermediate and Advanced Responses* column.

INTERVIEW RATER INSTRUCTIONS: The screener provides a holistic sense of English proficiency rather than a numeric score. Classify the response to each question according to the level that that best represents the response. You will be prompted to pause after Question 3 to assess whether to skip to a question for higher levels of proficiency. **BEGINNER LEVEL QUESTIONS Interview Question Beginner Response Intermediate or Advanced Response** What is your name? 1 ☐ No response, unintelligible response ☐ Responds appropriately with one word, a basic ☐ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate phrase If the student struggles: Is it [NAME]? ☐ Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate 2 Are you in [CITY/TOWN]? ☐ No response, or is unintelligible ☐ Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response ☐ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response ☐ Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical ☐ Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in errors do not impede meaning attempt to communicate ☐ Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 3 When did you last watch tv, a movie, video? ☐ No response, or is unintelligible ☐ Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response



	What is your favorite show? What is your favorite movie/video? When did you last watch it? If the student struggles: Do you have a favorite song? Tell me more.	 "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 	☐ Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical errors do not impede meaning
	INTERVIEW RATER INSTRUCTIONS: If the s	tudents answer Questions 1-3 appropriately or with a more	detailed response, JUMP TO QUESTION 6.
4	What is your favorite color? Tell me three things that have this color. If the student struggles: What is your favorite sound? What makes that sound?	 No response, or response is unintelligible "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 	 Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical errors do not impede meaning
5	What do you see around you right now? (What else, tell me more, what's that, what color is it)? If the student struggles: Do you see a table? What is on the table? Do you see a bag? What is in the bag? Interviewer should prompt students to give 3 objects with at least 1 trait each. *Note: if a video platform or device is being used, images could be sent via text message or the digital platform.	 □ No response, or response is unintelligible □ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response □ Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate □ Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 	 Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical errors do not impede meaning
6	What do you do for fun? Can you tell me more? (Ask a follow up question for student to describe the activity.) Interviewer should prompt students to name an activity and give some details about that activity.	 □ No response, or response is unintelligible □ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response □ Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate □ Grammatical errors and limited or erroneous word choice impede meaning 	 Responds appropriately with one word, a basic phrase, or a more detailed response Pronunciation, word choice, and grammatical errors do not impede meaning



Majority of marks under each of the three proficiency levels:		0
Under which column (classification) do most responses fall?	STOP the interview. The student is a provisional beginner.	Proceed to asking Intermediate/Advanced-level questions.

INTERVIEW RATER INSTRUCTIONS: The screener provides a holistic sense of English proficiency rather than a numeric score. Classify the response to each question according to the level that that best represents the response.

- If a student has great difficulty in giving an answer on three or more questions, STOP. Classify this student as having Beginning proficiency in English.
- Otherwise, proceed to the next section.



INTERMEDIATE/ADVANCED LEVEL QUESTIONS

General Description of Expected Responses

Intermediate-level students will engage with all questions but may misunderstand some prompts or responses may not be understood on all questions. Responses will not be grammatically accurate for all questions, or answers may be limited to simple language structures.

Advanced-level students will be able to answer all questions and provide more detail when prompted. They can make their point understood in **all** or **all but 1 question**. They may make grammatical errors, but errors do not impede communication.

	Interview Question	Beginner Response	Intermediate Response	Advanced Response
7	Someone asks you how to get to the nearest place to buy food. What would you say? If the student struggles: Can you describe a favorite food that you like to eat? Students can use the name for the food in their language, and describe if hot or cold, hard or soft, etc. Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	 □ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response □ Provides single-word response □ Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate □ Pronunciation errors impede meaning 	 □ Gives an answer using high-frequency vocabulary and common phrases □ Uses simple sentences with a few transitions □ Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning 	 Provides details with well-connected sentences, using some specialized, low-frequency words Includes few brief pauses, speech is fairly sustained with minor choppiness Few pronunciation errors and grammatical errors but none impede meaning
3	What is the difference between wet and dry weather? Or hot and cold weather? (What activities do you do? What clothing/shoes do you wear?) Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	 □ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response □ Provides single-word response □ Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate □ Pronunciation errors impede meaning 	□ Student's answer can generally be understood □ Includes high-frequency vocabulary and common phrases □ Uses simple sentences with few transitions, attempts to use complex sentences may interfere with understanding □ Includes brief pauses when searching for words or attempting to restate or	 □ Compares and contrasts fluently □ Provides details with well-connected sentences, using some specialized, low-frequency words □ Includes few brief pauses, speech is fairly sustained with minor choppiness □ Few pronunciation errors and grammatical errors but none impede meaning



			clarify, word choice may obscure meaning Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning	
9	Select one: Tell me about a place you really like. Why do you like it? If the student struggles: Describe that place. Who also goes to that place? OR What do you think is the most dangerous/exciting sport? Tell me why. Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	 □ "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response □ Provides single-word response □ Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate □ Pronunciation errors impede meaning 	Student is able to answer and provide a reason Student's answer can generally be understood Includes high-frequency vocabulary and common phrases Uses simple sentences with few transitions, attempts to use complex sentences may interfere with understanding Includes brief pauses when searching for words or attempting to restate or clarify, word choice may obscure meaning Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning	 □ Articulates and supports an opinion fluently □ Provides details with well-connected sentences, using some specialized, low-frequency words □ Includes few brief pauses, speech is fairly sustained with minor choppiness □ Few pronunciation errors and grammatical errors but none impede meaning
10	If you could meet one famous person, who would it be, and why? If the student struggles: If you could choose to have one new talent, what would it be, and why? Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	 "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Provides single-word response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate Pronunciation errors impede meaning 	Student responds to the prompt using "I will" or just stating the answer Student's answer can generally be understood Students attempt to use complex sentences, but these may interfere with understanding Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning	 □ Responds to the prompt using "I would" □ Provides details with well-connected sentences, using some specialized, including hypothetical, low-frequency words □ Includes few brief pauses, speech is fairly sustained with minor choppiness □ Few pronunciation errors and grammatical errors but none impede meaning
11	Select one: Describe the rules of a game you played as a child. OR Describe what a school day was	 "I don't know" or may not give appropriate response Provides single-word response Frequent and long pauses (halting, choppy) in attempt to communicate 	Uses simple signal words for sequencing (game question) Student responds to prompt describing their experience using high-frequency words and common phrases (school day question) Student's answer can generally be	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



like for you in the past. Note: Student may need prompting for more detail.	☐ Pronunciation errors impede meaning	understood Uses simple sentences with few transitions, attempts to use complex sentences may interfere with understanding Includes brief pauses when searching for words or attempting to restate or clarify Pronunciation and grammatical errors mostly do not impede meaning	errors but none impede meaning	
Majority of marks under each of the three proficiency levels: Under which column (classification) do most responses fall?	0		0	
INTERVIEW RATER INSTRUCTIONS: The screener provides a holistic sense of English proficiency rather than a numeric score. Classify the response to each question according to the level that that best represents the response. • If the student cannot answer three or more questions appropriately, the student is a Reginner.				

• If the student is able to answer all questions, assess whether there are more responses in the intermediate column or advanced column for a final placement.



Section D. Writing Assessment (Optional)

Writing (Optional)

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Use a writing prompt to determine if the student has writing skills in English. The interviewer can verbally provide the prompt or if using a virtual platform, the prompt can also be displayed on the screen for the student to reference. The interviewer should select from the sample prompts below based on what may be more likely to elicit a response from the student.

- **Prompt (presented verbally or in writing):** Using complete sentences, tell me about A, B, or C. Try to include at least three details.
 - A. A family member or friend
 - B. A favorite story you know
 - C. A sport you enjoy playing/watching OR a favorite athlete/player

	C. A sport you enjoy playing/watching OR a favorite athlete/player						
	Beginner Responses	Intermediate Responses	Advanced Responses				
Sentence Level	 □ Is (not) minimally comprehensible □ Includes minimal, irrelevant, or no supporting details □ Uses short phrases and fragments (not complete sentences) or short, simple sentences 	 Is mostly comprehensible Includes some relevant supporting details Uses complete sentences and attempts complex and compound structure 	 Is fully comprehensible Includes many relevant supporting details Uses complete sentences with purposeful use of varying structure and uses complex structures 				
Vocabulary	 Contains common simple, high frequency vocabulary Vocabulary errors and usage obscure meaning 	 Contains some repetition and range of vocabulary Occasional vocabulary errors obscure meaning Includes simple signal words, like conjunctions (e.g., before, when, or, because) 	☐ Uses high level, precise vocabulary showing a sense of word choice ☐ Variation and range of vocabulary is sufficient to express ideas, and includes signal wordslike conjunctionsto show time, cause/effect and compare/contrast (e.g., until, leads to, also, however)				
Grammar and Syntax	☐ Contains very simple syntax in English, repetitive phrases and grammatical structures, or is mostly a word-for-word restatement of the prompt ☐ Grammatical structures: may use invented spelling, may include primary language phonics, may include frequent grammatical errors (punctuation, spelling, capitalization) that interfere with meaning	 Contains mostly correct but simple English syntax (e.g., simple pattern using present/past tense, subject-verb agreement) or may use syntax of the home language (e.g., nounadjective order) Use of grammatical conventions is partially correct (capitalization, punctuation and spelling) that distract from meaning 	 □ Uses correct grammar and English syntax □ Uses correct verb tenses □ Uses capitalization, punctuation and spelling with few errors that interfere with meaning 				



Section E. Description of Questions by Typology and Skills Examined

BEGINNER LEVEL QUESTIONS			
	Interview Question	Skill Tested	
1	What is your name? If the student struggles: Is it [insert name]?	Listening - English basic phrase Speaking	
2	K-12 Are you in [CITY/TOWN]? Tell me about it.	Listening - yes/no question Speaking	
	Grade 3-5 Is there a park close to where you live? Tell me about it.		
3	When did you last watch tv, a movie, video? What is your favorite show? What is your favorite movie/video? When did you last watch it? If the student struggles: Do you have a favorite song? Tell me more.	Listening - wh question Speaking	
4	What is your favorite color? Tell me three things that have this color. If the student struggles: What is your favorite sound? What makes that sound?	Listening – ("or") understanding you need to choose one Speaking - describe preference	
5	What do you see around you right now? (What else, tell me more, what's that, what color is it)? If the student struggles: Do you see a table? What is on the table? Do you see a bag? What is in the bag?	Listening - understanding the prompt Speaking - name objects and describe them with adjectives	
6	What do you do for fun? Can you tell me more? (Ask a follow up question for the student to describe the activity.)	Listening - understanding the prompt Speaking - using words and phrases about self and others, if applicable, sequence of steps	
INTERMEDIATE/ADVANCED LEVEL QUESTIONS			
	Interview Question	Skill Tested	
7	K-2 Can you describe a favorite food you like to eat? If the student struggles: What is your favorite toy? Can you describe it? Grade 3-12	K-2 Listening - understanding the prompt Speaking - Express preference for an object and describe it with adjectives.	
	Someone asks you how to get to the nearest place to buy food. What would you say?	Grade 3-12 Listening - understanding the prompt Speaking - using words to indicate direction.	
8	What is the difference between wet and dry weather? Or hot and cold weather? (What activities do you do? What clothing/shoes do you wear?)	Listening - understanding the prompt Speaking - Compare and contrast	
9	Select one:		



	Tell me about a place you really like. Why do you like it? OR What do you think is the most dangerous/ exciting sport? Tell me why.	Speaking - Articulate and support an opinion
10	If you could meet one famous person, who would it be, and why? If the student struggles or doesn't want to talk about that topic: If you could choose to have one new talent, what would it be, and why?	Speaking - Conditional constructions
11	Choose 1: Describe the rules of a game you played when you were younger. OR Describe what a school day was like for you in the past.	Can sequence sentences using appropriate connective words using vocabulary outside of immediate experience



Section F. Notes