

SDMAY19-11: MIDI Zeusaphone

Gunnar Andrews, William Brandt, Jacob Feddersen,
Leo Freier, Greg Harmon, Luke Heilman

Client and Adviser: Dr. Joseph Zambreno (ISU ECpE)
Website: <http://sdmay19-11.sd.ece.iastate.edu/>

Problem Statement

- Requested solution is to build a “Zeusaphone” - a singing tesla coil
- Showpiece for Iowa State ECpE Department Demos
- Inspire next generation of ECpE students



Team 11 - MIDI Zeusaphone



Functional Requirements

- Powered by standard 120V, 60Hz wall outlet
- Generate arcs easily visible to audience
- Capable of playing two notes simultaneously
- MIDI Keyboard input for real-time, live music playing
- Saved MIDI file input for preloaded songs

Non-Functional Requirements

- Total cost less than \$1000 - budget given by client
- Safe to operate and observe - safety cannot be compromised for functionality
- Size:
 - Height less than 2 feet
 - 1 foot by 1 foot area
- Easy to move, store, transport, and set up for demonstrations
- Reliable for demonstrations

Market/Literature Survey

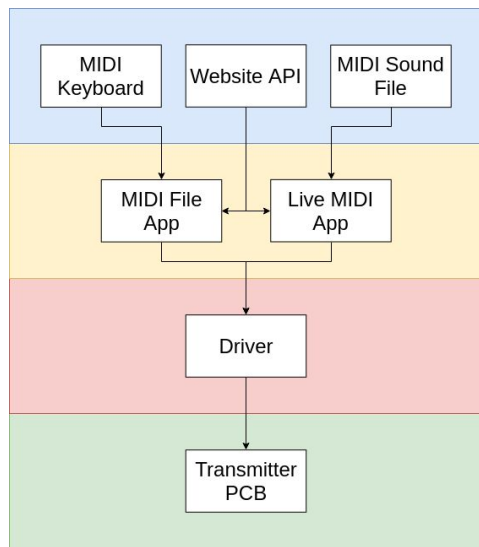
- OneTesla is a company that makes Zeusaphones
- Steve Ward and Kaizer Power Electronics have several designs and useful information
- Largely a hobbyist field - little commercial use beyond entertainment

Deliverables

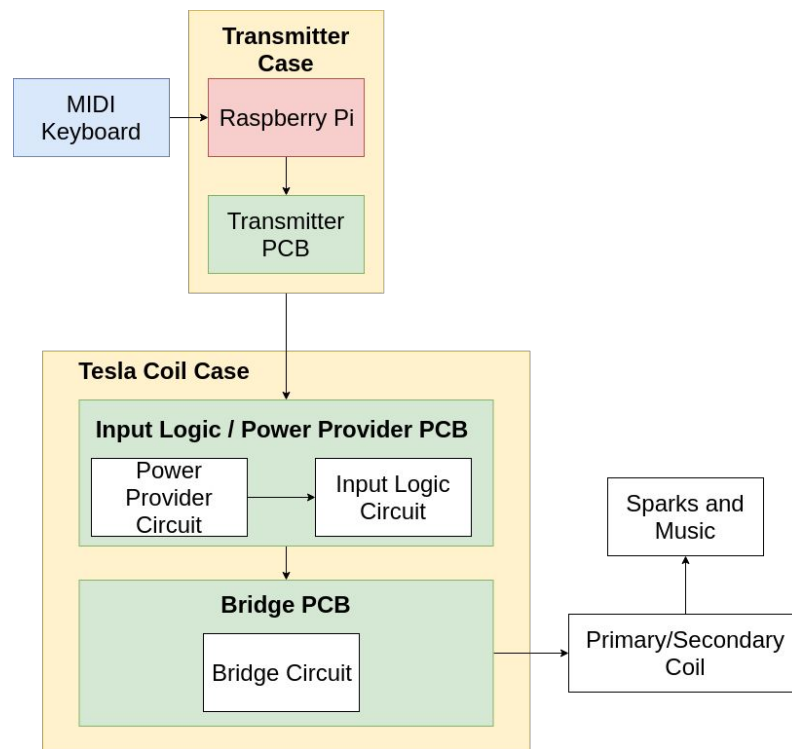
- Transmitter Module with USB MIDI Keyboard
- Tesla Coil Module
- Design Document
- User Manual and Safety Document

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Design Architecture



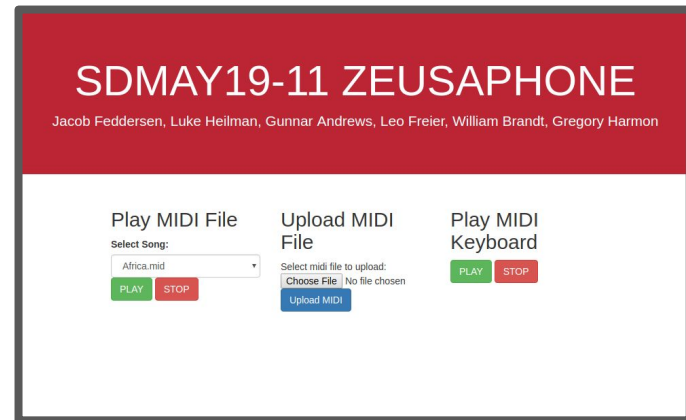
Software Architecture



Hardware Architecture

Software Design - User Interface

- Web Interface hosted by Raspberry Pi
 - Raspberry Pi serves its own WiFi access point, secured with WPA2
 - Upload/Delete MIDI files from Pi
 - Play MIDI files stored on Pi
 - Enable/disable live keyboard input
- Handled with HTML front-end, PHP back-end



Software Design - Application Layer

- Receives MIDI input and transforms the format for the driver layer:

```
C<channel number>F<frequency>;
```

- Two main programs:
 - MIDI file input
 - MidiFile library - read and play stored MIDI files
 - MIDI keyboard input
 - RtMidi library - read live input events from MIDI keyboard

```
Note On: 56 31080
Sending `C0F207.652349;`
Note Off: 56 31199
Sending `C0F0;`
Note On: 58 31200
Sending `C0F233.081881;`
Note Off: 58 31439
Sending `C0F0;`
Note On: 51 31440
Sending `C0F155.563492;`
Note Off: 51 31559
Sending `C0F0;`
Note On: 53 31560
Sending `C0F174.614116;`
Note Off: 53 31679
Sending `C0F0;`
Note On: 55 31680
Sending `C0F195.997718;`
Note Off: 55 31919
Sending `C0F0;`
```

Software Design - Driver Layer

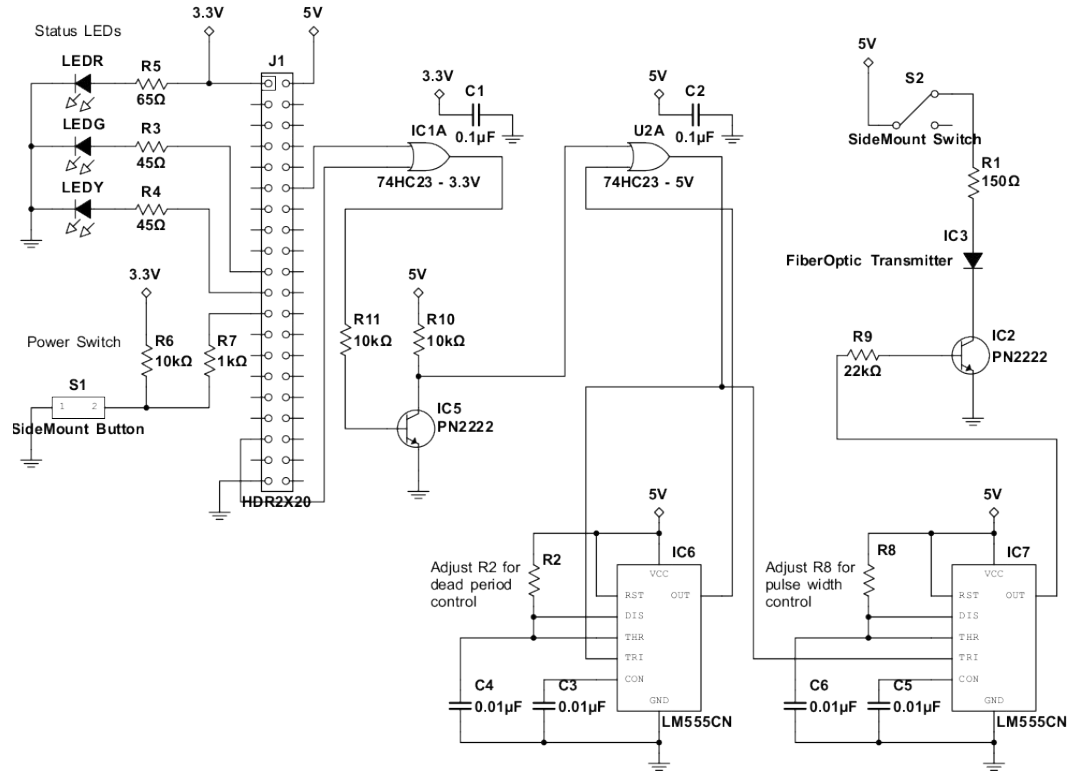
- Provides server for application layer
 - Listen for note events on local UNIX socket
- Designed to be modular
 - Works for keyboard and file input
- Output an analog square wave at frequency specified
 - Two pins - one for each channel
 - Hardware PWM pins - precise waveform generation

Hardware Design - Transmitter Circuit

- Takes Pi output and merges the two waveforms
- Uses 555 timers to filter overlapping pulses
 - Raspberry Pi output triggers both timers
 - First timer outputs pulse to tesla coil
 - Second timer creates “dead period” during which the first cannot be activated again
- Outputs over the fiber optic cable
- Switch to turn on/off fiber optic output
- Power-off push button to shut down software

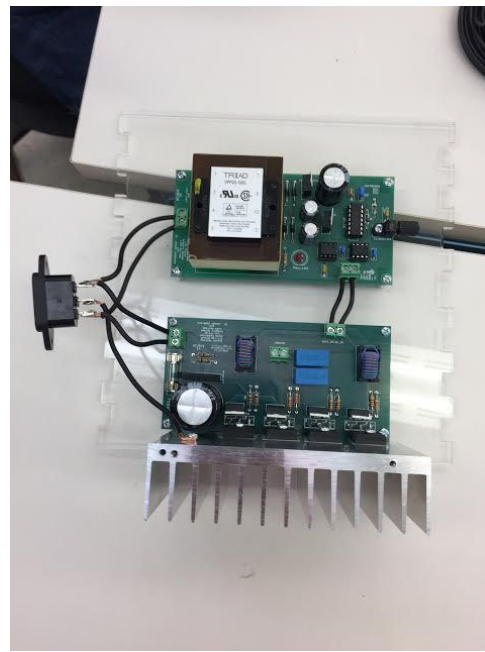
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Hardware Design - Transmitter Circuit



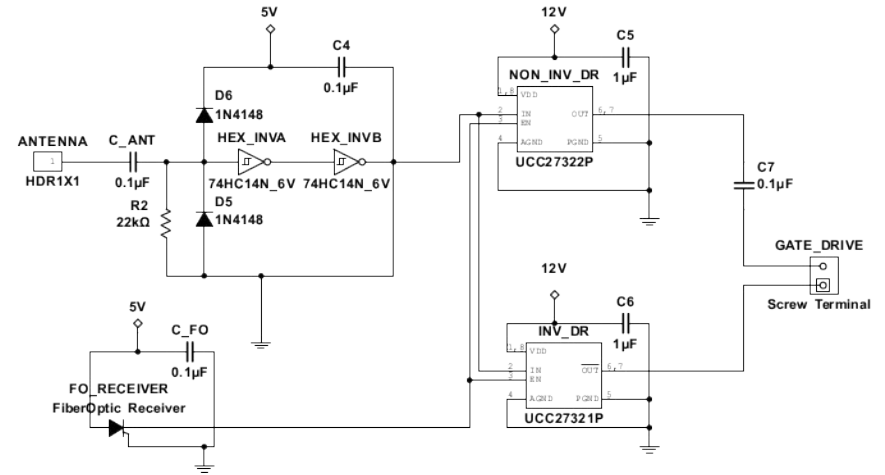
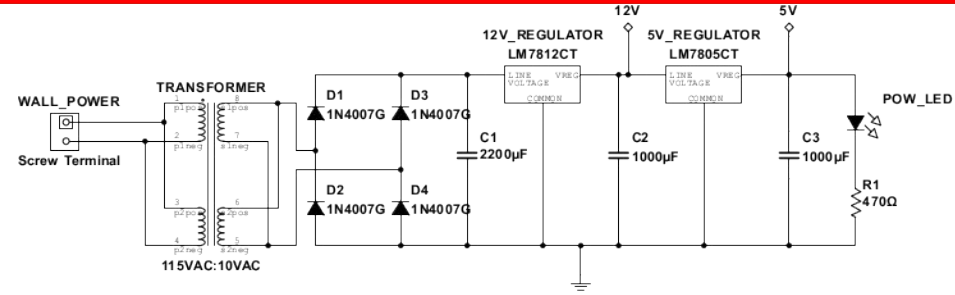
Hardware Design - Power Provider & Input Logic

- Power provider steps down 120VAC to 10VAC, regulators give 12V and 5V DC rails
- Input logic receives signal from transmitter
- Transmitter signal synced with coil through antenna feedback
- Outputs gate drive signals to bridge circuit



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Hardware Design - Power Provider & Input Logic

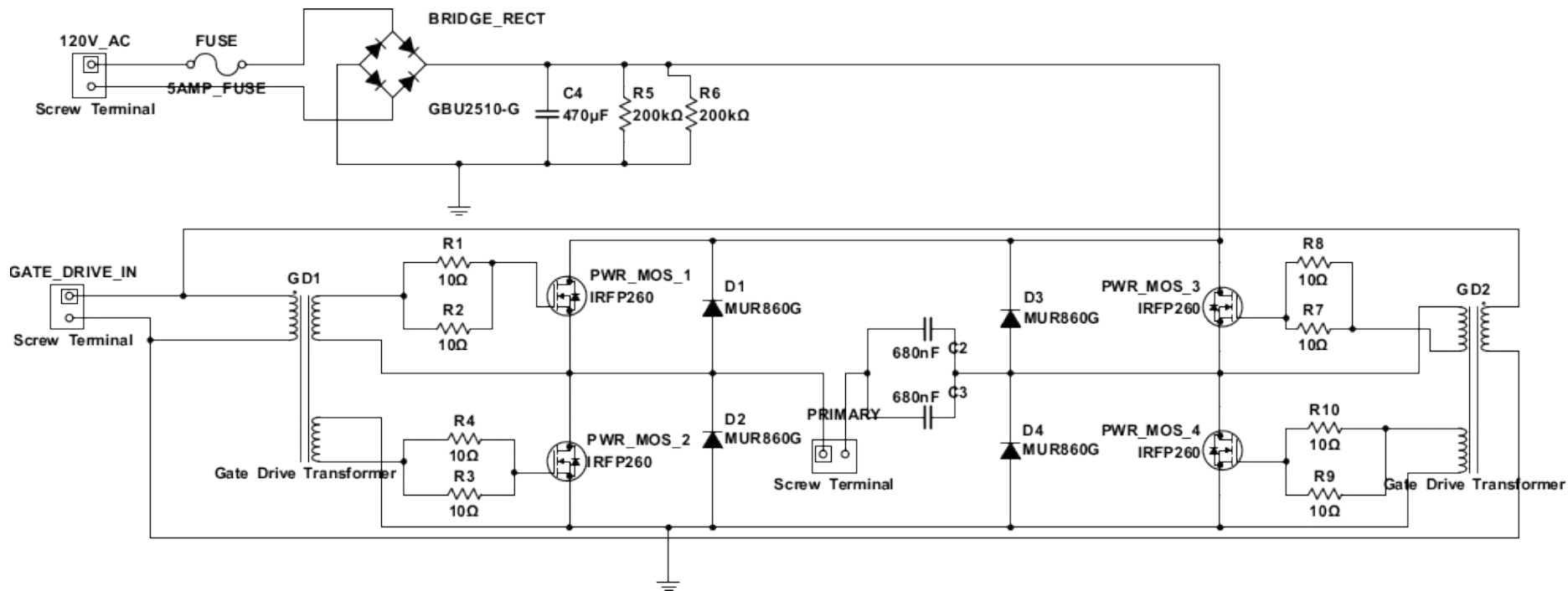


Hardware Design - Bridge Circuit

- Input: +/- Gate Drive Wires
- Output: Tesla Coil Primary Connection
- Rectifier for 120VAC mains connection with fuse
- Full bridge of IRFP260 Power MOSFETs
- Gate Drive Transformers for MOSFET gate isolation

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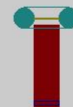
Hardware Design - Bridge Circuit



Hardware Design - Tesla Coil Simulation

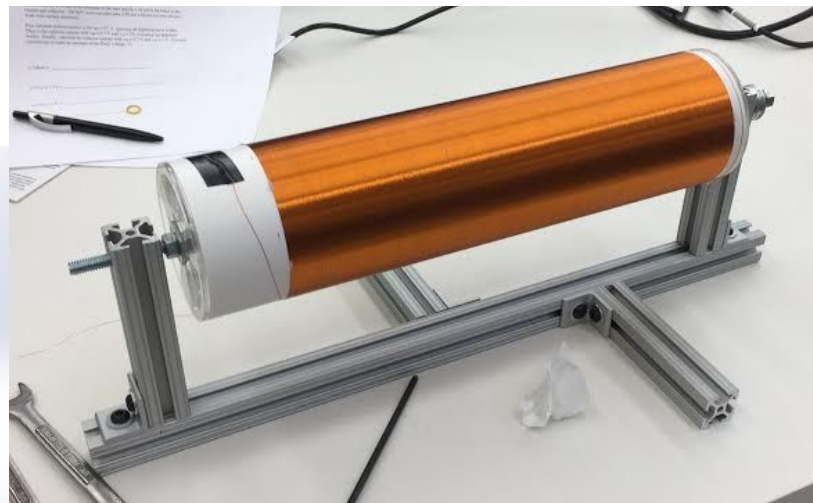
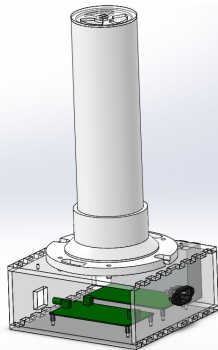
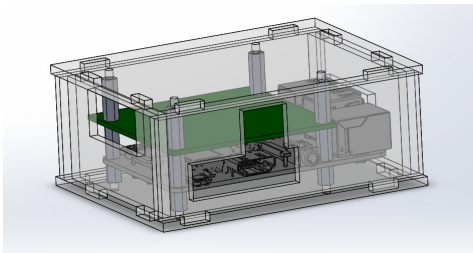
- Used JavaTC to get ballpark performance parameters
 - Commonly used for tuning tesla coils
- Also included calculators for number of turns, gauge of wire, etc.

SECONDARY COIL OUTPUT DATA		PRIMARY COIL OUTPUT DATA	
Secondary Resonant Frequency	282.83 kHz	Primary Resonant Frequency	77.58 kHz
Angle of Secondary	90 deg °	Percent Detuned	72.57 % high
Length of Winding	12 inch	Angle of Primary	90 deg °
Turns Per Unit	90.9 inch	Length of Wire	3.87 ft
Space Between Turns (e/e)	0.00098 inch	DC Resistance	15.56 mOhms
Length of Wire	999.6 ft	Space Between Turns (e/e)	0.074 inch
H/D Aspect Ratio	3.43 :1	Proximity	0.07 inch
DC Resistance	102.3069 Ohms	Recommended Minimum Proximity	0 inch
Reactance at Resonance	47455 Ohms	Primary Inductance-Ldc	2.723 μH
Weight of Wire	0.3 lbs	Resonant Tank Cap Reference	0.10233 μF
Effective Series Inductance-Les	26.704 mH	Primary Lead Inductance	0.372 μH
Equivalent Energy Inductance-Lee	28.248 mH	Mutual Inductance	82.843 μH
Low Frequency Inductance-Ldc	27.11 mH	Coupling Coefficient	0.305 k
Effective Shunt Capacitance-Ces	11.858 pF	Recommended Coupling Coefficient	0.128 k
Equivalent Energy Capacitance-Cee	11.21 pF	Energy Transfer	3.28 1/2 cycle
Low Frequency Capacitance-Cdc	28.502 pF	Total Energy Transfer Time	19.88 μs
Topload Effective Capacitance	8.963 pF		
Skin Depth	5.44 mils		
AC Resistance	194.0585 Ohms		
Secondary Q	245		



Hardware Design - Construction

- Transmitter Case and Tesla Coil Base - Laser Cut Acrylic
 - Modeled in Solidworks
- Tesla Coil Secondary
 - Built custom rig to wind secondary with a drill
 - ~1000 turns



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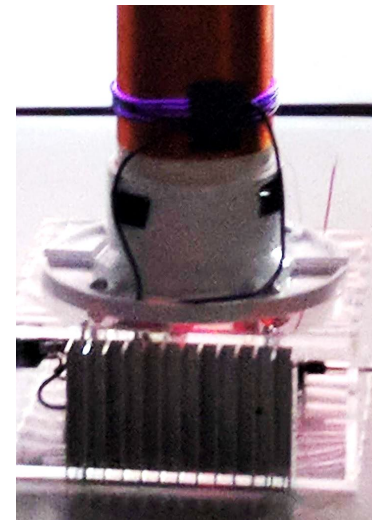
Testing

- Oscilloscope was our friend
- Started with the mini coil and breadboard circuits
- Analyzed the OneTesla coil
- Used the secondary coil of the OneTesla with our perfboard circuit
- Lastly put together our PCBs and own coil



Major Challenges

- Overlapping pulses when playing multiple notes
 - Caused an extra long pulse, which resulted in a very long spark and a loud “pop” in the music
 - Debugged using oscilloscope
 - Solved using filtering circuit on transmitter
- Electrical noise interfering with input logic of tesla coil
 - Noise started when stepping up to full bridge driving circuit
 - Traced noise back to the antenna input using oscilloscope
 - When antenna input was attached to oscilloscope, noise disappeared
 - Added pull-down resistor to input; noise was solved
- Sparks and glow around primary coil on final design
 - Primary was too high on secondary coil; voltage differential was too great



Risks and Mitigation

- Obviously a high-voltage device
 - Is safe from a distance - stay about 10 feet away
 - Wait 5 minutes after power-off for tank capacitors to discharge
- Hardware-intensive for team composition
 - 4 CprEs and 2 EEs
 - Hardware design was behind this semester
 - Lots of time invested to learn and understand hardware, PCB design, and physical construction

Conclusions and Future Work

- We successfully completed the project
- Future work
 - Redesign the transmitter for variable pulse lengths
 - Include an arduino or FPGA for better pulse control
 - Better top load construction
 - Upgrade to a DRSSTC
 - Use secondary coil current feedback instead of antenna

References

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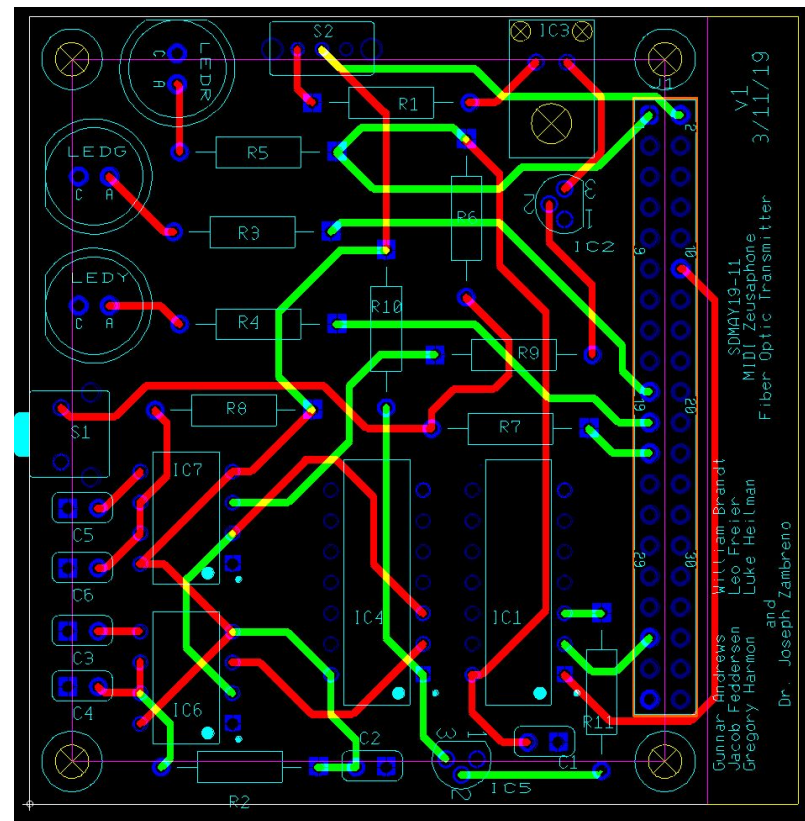
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Questions?

Appendix

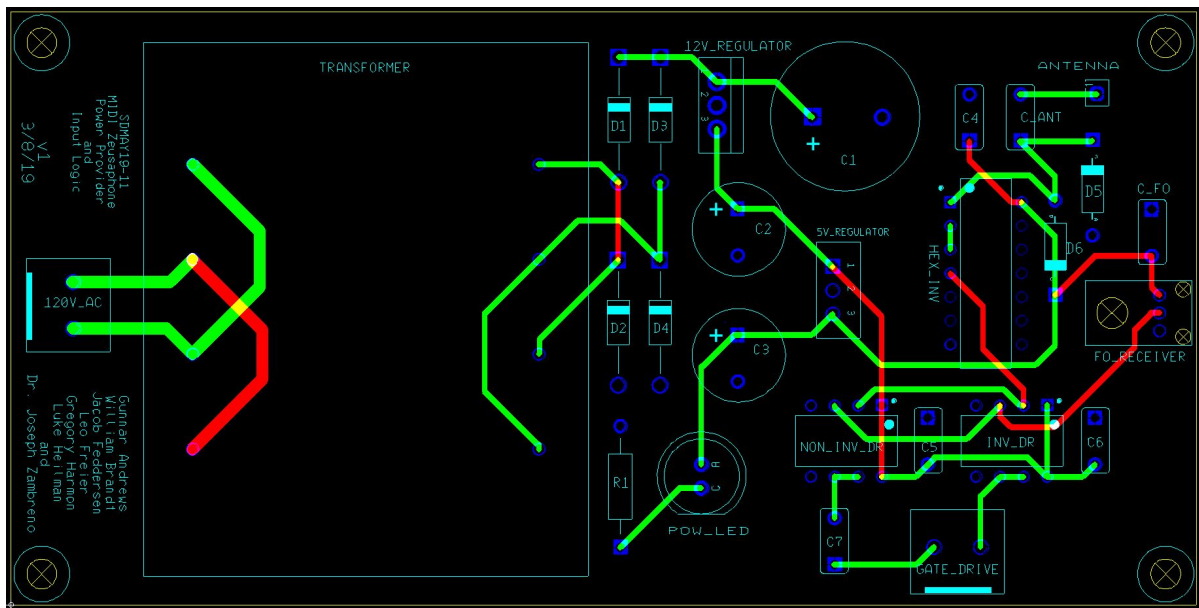
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Transmitter Circuit PCB



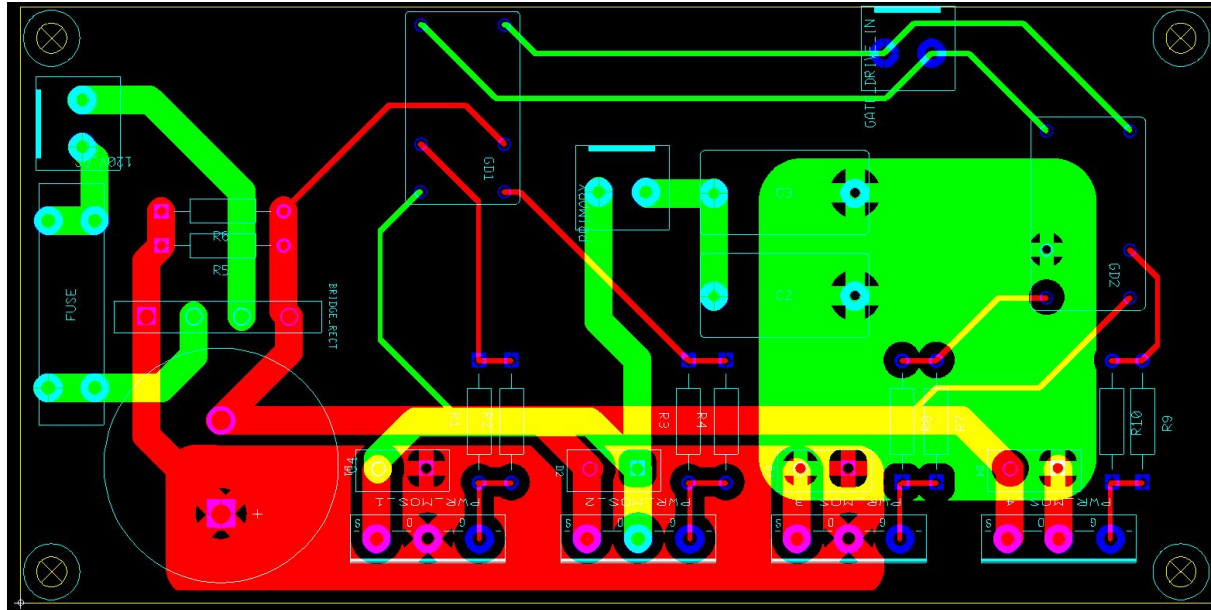
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PP/IL Circuit PCB



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Bridge Circuit PCB



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555 Timer Waveforms

