



Mukilteo School District

**Second Grade**  
Review & Practice

- Reading
- Writing
- Mathematics



# Mukilteo

School District

Dear families,

As our community works to understand and respond to the effects of COVID-19, the Mukilteo School District sincerely appreciates your patience as we navigate this period of unprecedented school closures.

Attached to this letter is a packet of materials to help you supplement your child's education while away from the formal school environment. Please feel free to use this grade-level packet to review and practice previously taught skills. It is not required, nor will it be graded. Students are encouraged to skip around and find topics of interest and practice rather than complete it from beginning to end. If you find that your child's grade level is too challenging, or not challenging enough, you are welcome to work outside of their current grade level.

It is highly encouraged that your child continues to review and practice previously taught skills and remain engaged in learning. We hope these packets add to what you are already doing to support your child in learning during this challenging time.

Sincerely,

The Curriculum and Instruction Department  
Mukilteo School District

## Independent Daily Reading




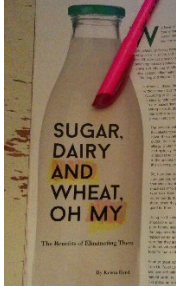

**Goal:** To practice reading at your independent reading level.

**Directions:**




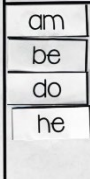

1. Read a book at your independent reading level.
2. Have a family member ask you 2-3 questions and discuss the story with them.

<b>2nd Grade Fiction Questions</b>		
<p>What did you picture as you read this story?</p> <p>What words or phrases helped you make that mental image?</p>	<p>As you read this part, what are you wondering about?</p> <p>What do you think the main character will do next?</p> <p>What in the story makes you think that?</p>	<p>How does this story remind you of your own life?</p>
<p>What can you infer, figure out about the main character?</p> <p>What clues helped you make that inference/figure it out?</p>	<p>What happened in the story? Retell the part of the story you just read.</p>	<p>What part have you found interesting or surprising? Why?</p>
<p>Who is the main character?</p> <p>How do you think the main character feels?</p> <p>What in the story makes you think that?</p>	<p>What is the problem the main character is having in the story?</p> <p>How does the problem get solved?</p>	<p>Why did you choose this book?</p> <p>Did you like it? Why or why not?</p>
<b>2<sup>nd</sup> Grade Non-Fiction Questions</b>		
<p>How does the book (title) remind you what you already know about (topic)?</p> <p>Ex. How does the book ("Caring for Cats") remind you what you already know about (cats).</p>	<p>What are you learning about this topic?</p>	<p>Choose your favorite part of the book.</p> <p>What did you picture as you read this part of the book?</p> <p>What did you see, hear, feel?</p>
<p>What did you wonder before you started reading?</p> <p>Have any of your questions been answered? How?</p>	<p>Choose a text feature in the book. Why do you think the author chose to include it?</p>	<p>Why did you choose this book?</p> <p>Do you like it? Why or why not?</p>
<p>Retell the book or a section of the book in your own words. What is the book or that section mostly about?</p>	<p>What is one thing you have learned about that you think is important to remember? Why?</p>	<p>What surprising or interesting information have you learned?</p>

# Here are activities you can do with letters, sight words, and high-frequency words.

<p><b>Memory:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make 2 sets of high-frequency word cards or letters.</li> <li>• Lay cards face down.</li> <li>• Take turns to match words.</li> <li>• Person with the most pairs wins.</li> </ul>																																					
<p><b>Go Fish:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make 2 sets of high-frequency word or letter cards.</li> <li>• Each player gets 7 cards.</li> <li>• Set remaining cards in a pile for players to draw cards from.</li> <li>• Player 1-says, "Do you have the word _____?" from their cards.</li> <li>• If Player 2 has the word, they give it to Player 1 and Player 1 sets the matching card down. If Player 2 does not have the card they say, "GO FISH", then Player 1 must get a card from the extra pile and it is Player 2's turn.</li> <li>• The most matching pair wins.</li> </ul>																																					
<p><b>Bingo:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make Bingo boards with high-frequency words or letters.</li> <li>• Call out words. If players have the word on the board, place a chip.</li> </ul>																																					
<p><b>Highlight:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Look at magazines, newspapers, cereal boxes, etc.</li> <li>• Highlight and read high-frequency words or letters found.</li> </ul>																																					
<p><b>Snowball:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set up trash can 3-4 feet away.</li> <li>• Write high-frequency words or letters on scrap paper.</li> <li>• If student reads word correctly, they crumple the paper and toss into trash can.</li> </ul>																																					
<p><b>Word Search:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create a word search using the high frequency words or letters.</li> </ul>	<p>l, the, to, and, a &amp; is</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr><td>a</td><td>n</td><td>d</td><td>y</td><td>g</td><td>p</td></tr> <tr><td>q</td><td>a</td><td>b</td><td>o</td><td>z</td><td>k</td></tr> <tr><td>u</td><td>j</td><td>k</td><td>a</td><td>s</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>g</td><td>t</td><td>h</td><td>e</td><td>q</td><td>h</td></tr> <tr><td>r</td><td>e</td><td>a</td><td>d</td><td>l</td><td>c</td></tr> <tr><td>a</td><td>r</td><td>t</td><td>o</td><td>w</td><td>v</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	a	n	d	y	g	p	q	a	b	o	z	k	u	j	k	a	s		g	t	h	e	q	h	r	e	a	d	l	c	a	r	t	o	w	v
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<p><b>Up the Stairs:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Write high-frequency words or letters on index cards.</li> <li>• Place them on stairs for students to read.</li> <li>• Include “Go Back One Step/Go Forward One Step.”</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Spotlight:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Post high-frequency words or letters on the walls, floor, or around the room.</li> <li>• Give students a flashlight and have them hunt for words or letters.</li> <li>• Students shine their light on the word or letters and read them.</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Twirl, Hop, Read:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Write movement activities (hop 2 times, 3 jumping jacks , twirl, etc.) on small scraps of paper and put them in a bag or bowl.</li> <li>• Students read a high-frequency word or a letter, then pick a movement paper to do.</li> </ul>	
<p><b>ABC Order:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organize the high frequency words or letters in alphabetical order.</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Read All About It:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Write sentences or paragraphs using high-frequency words.</li> </ul>	

Have fun!

# Set 1 Sight Words

Practice these words starting at Set 1.

Use this strategy: Say the word, Spell the word out loud or together,  
Say it again! Then... move up a Set!

<b>the</b>	<b>he</b>	<b>go</b>
<b>a</b>	<b>she</b>	<b>where</b>
<b>you</b>	<b>can't</b>	<b>my</b>
<b>can</b>	<b>isn't</b>	<b>saw</b>
<b>me</b>	<b>to</b>	<b>they</b>
<b>we</b>	<b>get</b>	<b>by</b>
<b>and</b>	<b>no</b>	<b>here</b>
<b>is</b>	<b>yes</b>	<b>are</b>
<b>see</b>	<b>down</b>	

## Set 2 Sight Words

Use this strategy: Say the word, Spell the word out loud or together, Say it again! Then... move up a Set!

<b>was</b>	<b>said</b>	<b>out</b>
<b>little</b>	<b>of</b>	<b>say</b>
<b>put</b>	<b>her</b>	<b>says</b>
<b>what</b>	<b>his</b>	<b>so</b>
<b>do</b>	<b>some</b>	<b>home</b>
<b>like</b>	<b>come</b>	<b>have</b>

## Set 3 Sight Words

Practice these words at home with your child using the following strategy: say the word, spell the word out loud or together, and say the word again.

<b>make</b>	<b>from</b>	<b>should</b>
<b>be</b>	<b>for</b>	<b>were</b>
<b>there</b>	<b>again</b>	<b>both</b>
<b>look</b>	<b>many</b>	<b>does</b>
<b>good</b>	<b>people</b>	<b>could</b>
<b>want</b>	<b>very</b>	<b>would</b>
<b>water</b>	<b>many</b>	

## Set 4 Sight Words

Practice these words at home with your child using the following strategy: say the word, spell the word out loud or together, and say the word again.

<b>every</b>	<b>toward</b>	<b>told</b>
<b>other</b>	<b>their</b>	<b>one</b>
<b>mother</b>	<b>old</b>	<b>two</b>
<b>brother</b>	<b>toward</b>	<b>don't</b>
<b>woman</b>	<b>over</b>	<b>won't</b>
<b>boy</b>	<b>women</b>	<b>too</b>
<b>every</b>	<b>cold</b>	<b>who</b>
<b>school</b>	<b>thought</b>	<b>father</b>

## Set 5 Sight Words

Practice these words at home with your child using the following strategy: say the word, spell the word out loud or together, and say the word again.

<b>after</b>	<b>live</b>	<b>great</b>
<b>work</b>	<b>walk</b>	<b>thought</b>
<b>head</b>	<b>talk</b>	<b>once</b>
<b>read</b>	<b>because</b>	<b>enough</b>
<b>never</b>	<b>children</b>	<b>watch</b>
<b>ever</b>	<b>even</b>	<b>been</b>
<b>only</b>	<b>picture</b>	<b>few</b>
<b>give</b>	<b>move</b>	<b>kind</b>
<b>find</b>	<b>mind</b>	<b>word</b>
<b>four</b>	<b>answer</b>	<b>learn</b>
<b>young</b>	<b>large</b>	<b>most</b>
<b>change</b>	<b>earth</b>	

# Week 10 High-frequency Words

Being a Reader™ Teacher's Manual, Grade 2  
© Center for the Collaborative Classroom

BLM2

because

almost

body

city

earth

easy

father

mother

idea

school

second

water

any

both

four

friend

# Week 15 High-frequency Words

Being a Reader™ Teacher's Manual, Grade 2  
© Center for the Collaborative Classroom

BLM2

away

below

carry

country

early

family

few

only

really

remember

something

sometimes

don

didn

kind

mind



become

better

answer

different

happened

important

paper

river

usually

without

once

problem

story

their

they're

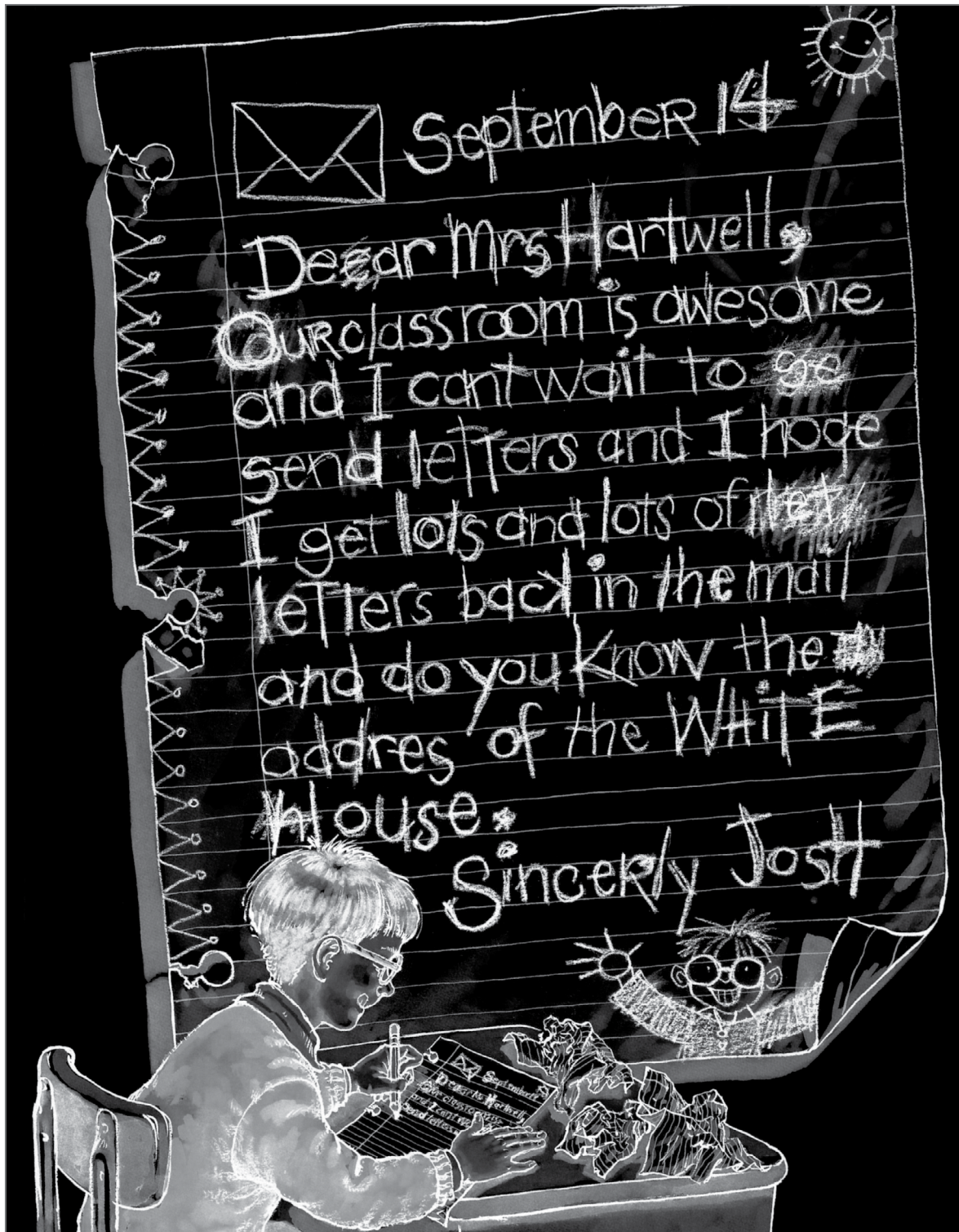
there

## Letter Writing

- Read the letter on the next page to Mrs. Hartwell from Josh.
- Try writing a friendly letter to:
  - ✓ your teacher.
  - ✓ to a friend.
  - ✓ reply to a friend's letter.
  - ✓ someone else.
  - ✓ a classmate.
  - ✓ a family member.
  - ✓ someone you do not see every day.
- Try as many as you'd like over the next few weeks!

Excerpt from *First Year Letters*

by Julie Danneberg, illustrated by Judy Love



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# Addressing an Envelope

Joy Jensen \_\_\_\_\_

12 Evergreen Way \_\_\_\_\_

Woodstock, Vermont 05091 \_\_\_\_\_

Place  
Stamp  
Here

Omar Robinson \_\_\_\_\_

625 King Street, Apt. 6 \_\_\_\_\_

Freehold, New Jersey 07728 \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Place  
Stamp  
Here

## **Polar Lands**

- Read the passage about Polar Animals and Polar Lands on the next few pages.

On different days, choose one or more of the writing ideas listed below.

- ✓ Write questions about the polar lands.
- ✓ Write about polar lands.
- ✓ Write questions about polar animals.
- ✓ Write about polar animals
- ✓ Write questions about the people who live in the polar lands
- ✓ Write about the people who live in the polar lands

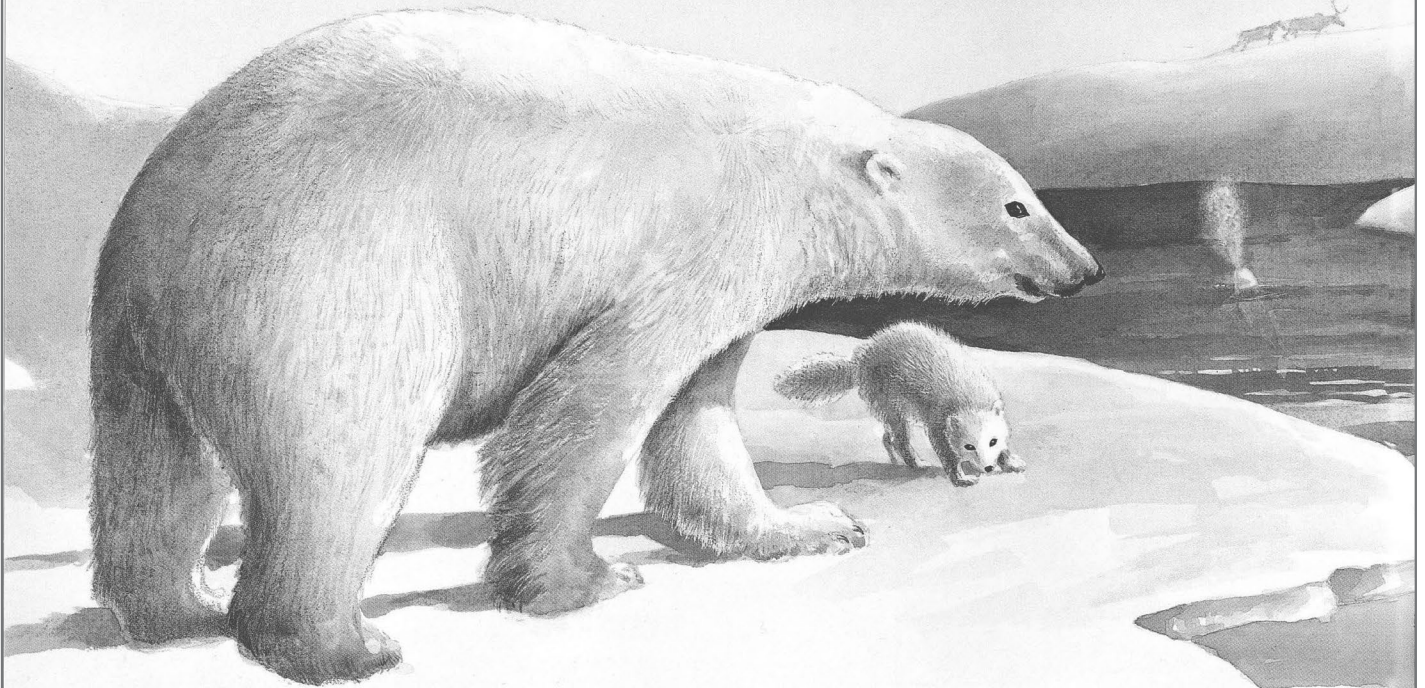


Excerpt from *Polar Animals*

by Deborah Hodge, illustrated by Pat Stephens

# What Is a Polar Region?

A polar region is a very cold place. For most of the year, thick snow and ice cover the ground. Oceans freeze and fierce winds blow. The Arctic and Antarctic are polar regions.



The Arctic is home to many amazing creatures. Like all polar animals, their bodies are built for living in the cold.

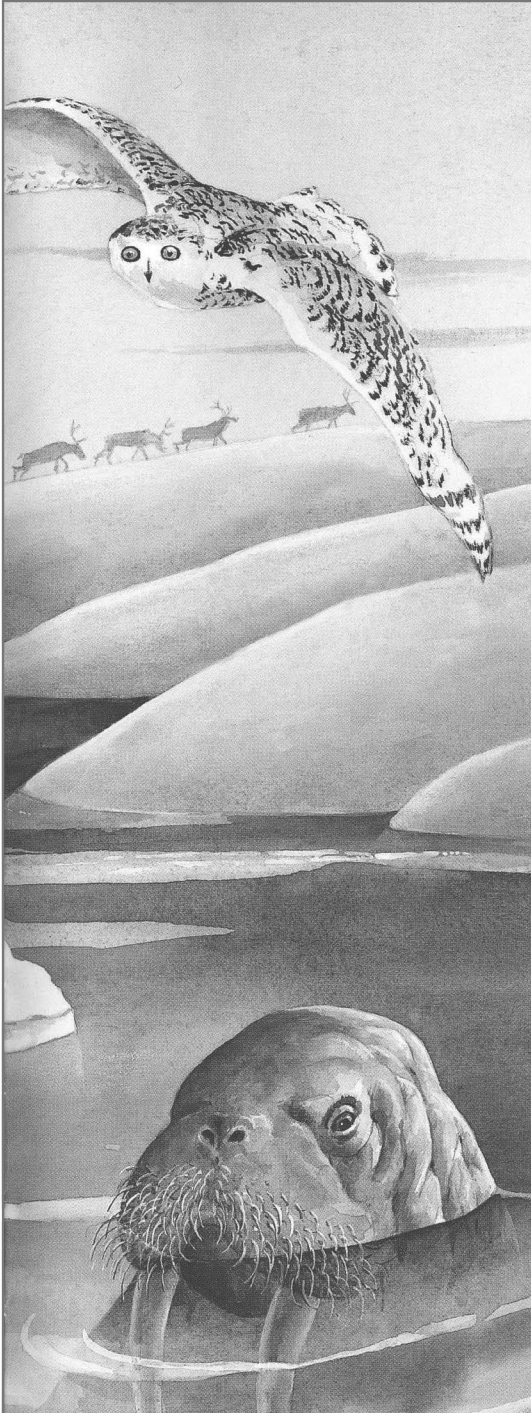
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Excerpt from *Polar Animals (Who Lives Here? series)*, written by Deborah Hodge and illustrated by Pat Stephens, is used by permission of Kids Can Press Ltd., Toronto. Text copyright © 2008 by Deborah Hodge. Illustrations copyright © 2008 by Pat Stephens.

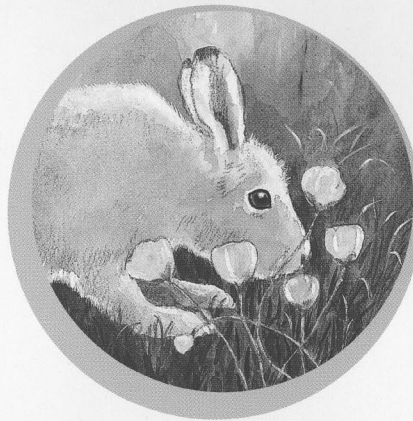
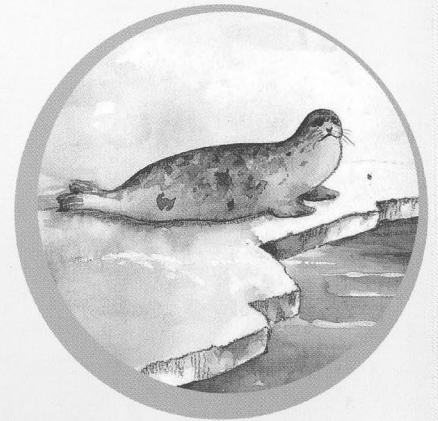


Excerpt from *Polar Animals* (continued)



Brr! Antarctica is the coldest place on Earth. Whales, seals and seabirds are the only large animals that can live here.

Some polar animals live on pack ice — large areas of sea ice floating in the ocean.



Arctic land is called tundra. Caribou and other animals gobble up plants that grow here in the short summer.



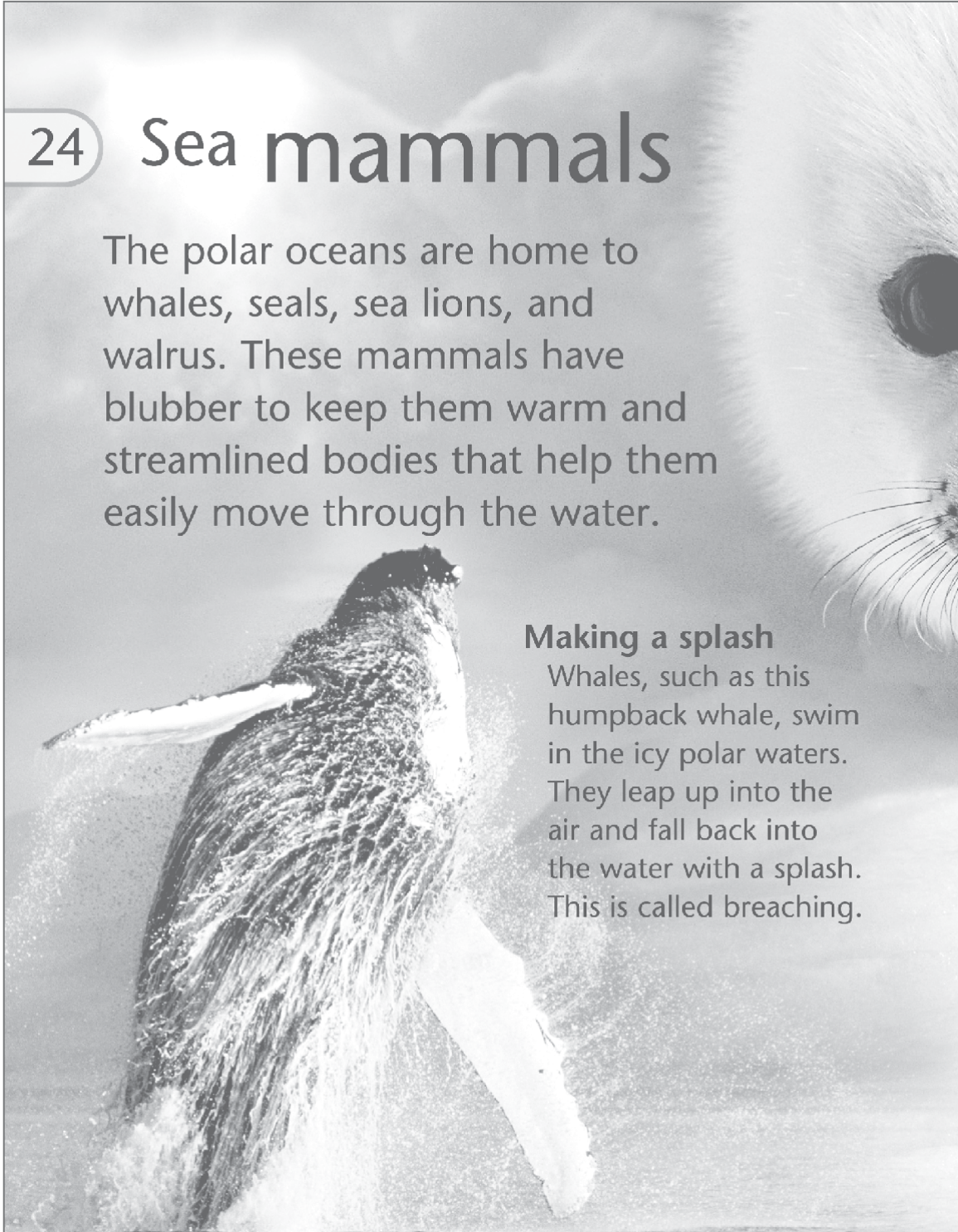
Excerpt from *Polar Lands*  
by Margaret Hynes

## 24 Sea mammals

The polar oceans are home to whales, seals, sea lions, and walrus. These mammals have blubber to keep them warm and streamlined bodies that help them easily move through the water.

### Making a splash

Whales, such as this humpback whale, swim in the icy polar waters. They leap up into the air and fall back into the water with a splash. This is called breaching.

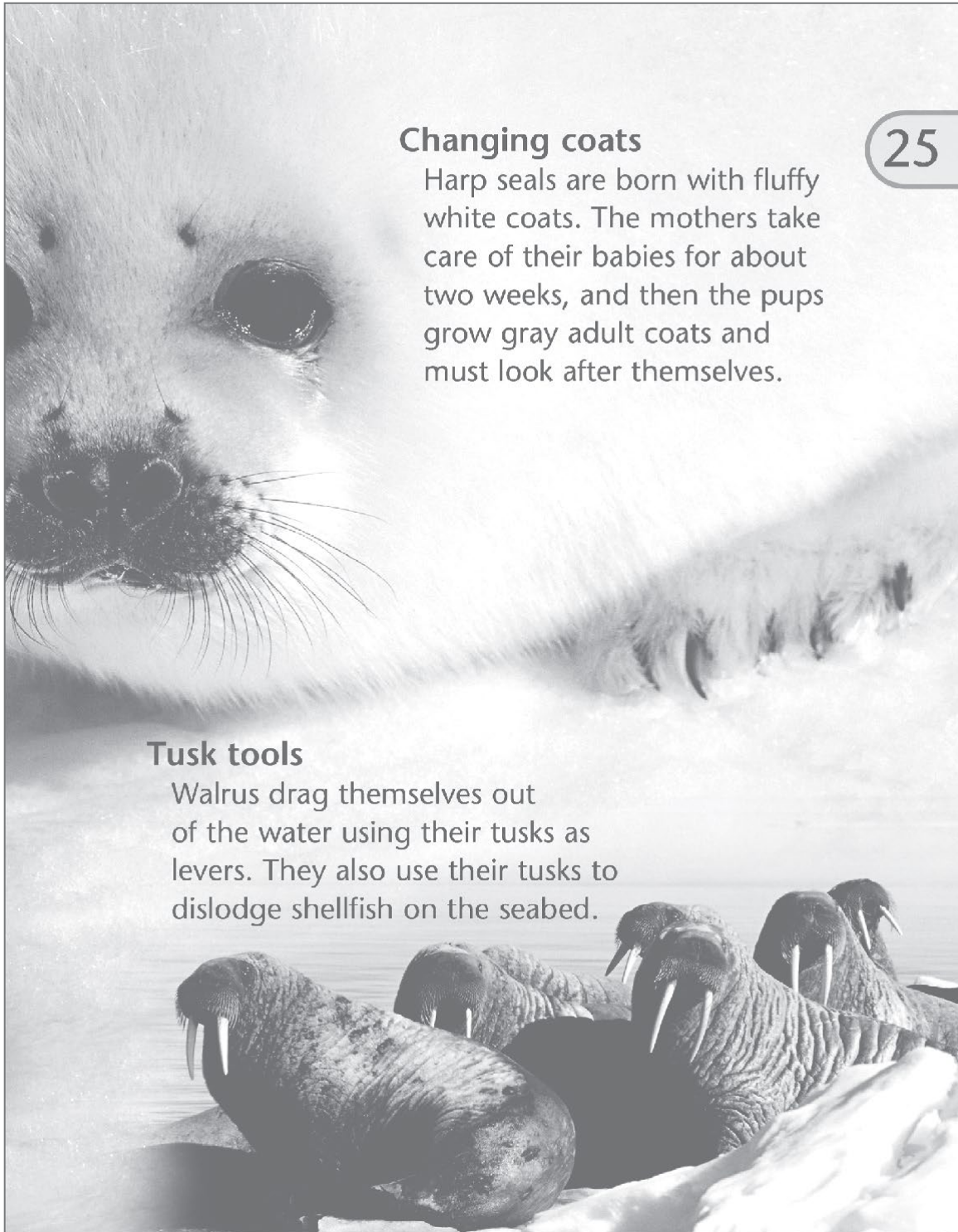


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“Sea Mammals” excerpt from *Polar Lands* by Margaret Hynes. Copyright © 2005 by Kingfisher Publications Plc. Reprinted by permission of Kingfisher Publications Plc., an imprint of Houghton Mifflin Company. All rights reserved. Whale photo: Getty Images, Inc. copyright © 1999–2008 by Getty Images, Inc. All rights reserved. All other photos: Bryan and Cherry Alexander Photography. Used by permission of the photographer. Copyright © 2002–2007 by Nature Picture Library/Doc White. All rights reserved.



Excerpt from *Polar Lands* (continued)



25

**Changing coats**

Harp seals are born with fluffy white coats. The mothers take care of their babies for about two weeks, and then the pups grow gray adult coats and must look after themselves.

**Tusk tools**

Walrus drag themselves out of the water using their tusks as levers. They also use their tusks to dislodge shellfish on the seabed.

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## 36 Modern life

Improvements in transportation, construction, food, and clothing have brought a modern way of life to the Arctic. Most people now live in small towns and work in modern industries.



### Arctic towns

Arctic towns are like other small towns, except that water has to be delivered by truck. The water would freeze if it was distributed through pipes.

### People carrier

The people living in polar lands no longer rely on animals for transportation. Today, they travel on snowmobiles—motorized sleds.



(continues)



## Excerpt from *Polar Lands* (continued)



### Oil industry

The Arctic's rich supplies of oil are processed in factories such as this one. Oil is one of the world's most important fuels and is used to make many items. The oil industry provides jobs, but it also harms the Arctic environment.

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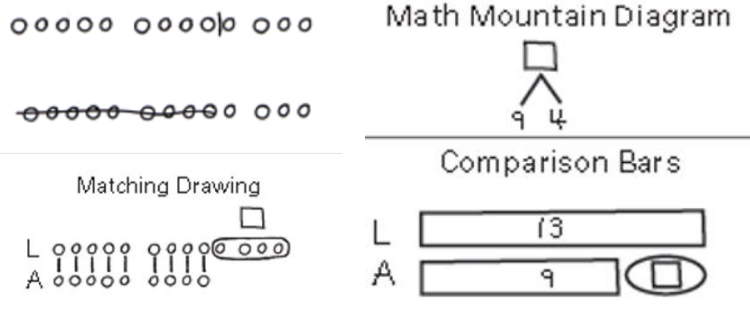
## **Other Writing Ideas**

- ✓ Write about what happened each day.
- ✓ Write about what you saw outside today.
- ✓ Write about how you are feeling.
- ✓ Write kind words you would like to tell yourself or someone.
- ✓ Write about what you are thankful for today.

# Understand

- Retell
- Retell using your hands
- What do we know?
- What do we not know?
- What is the situation/action?

# Represent



- Does your model match the problem?
- Can you retell your problem using the model?
- Do you have a variable or unknown box for what is not known?

# Solve

- What equation will solve this problem?
- Use pictures or drawings to help you solve.
- Label your thinking and your answer

# Check for Reasonableness

- Does your answer make sense?
- How do you know?
- What answer would be too little? Too large? Why?
- Defend your thinking.

**LESSON**  
**8**

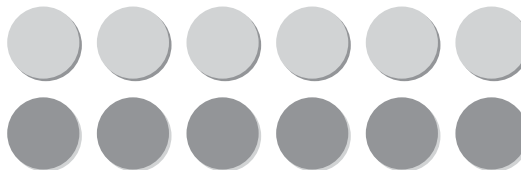
# Use Doubles Facts

**OBJECTIVE** Use doubles facts as a strategy for finding sums for near doubles facts.

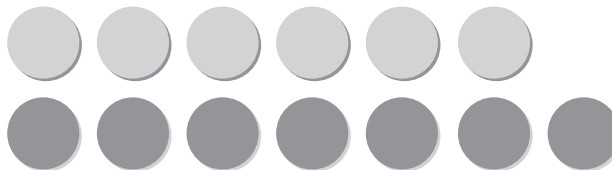
Use doubles facts to help you find sums.

If you know  $6 + 6$ ,  
you can find  $6 + 7$ .

$$\underline{6} + \underline{6} = \underline{12}$$



7 is 1 more than 6.  
So,  $6 + 7$  is 1 more than  $6 + 6$ .



$$\underline{6} + \underline{7} = \underline{13}$$

**Write a doubles fact you can use  
to find the sum. Write the sum.**

1.  $4 + 5 = \underline{\quad}$        $\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

---

2.  $5 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$        $\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

---

3.  $7 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$        $\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

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4.  $8 + 9 = \underline{\quad}$        $\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

**LESSON**  
**13**

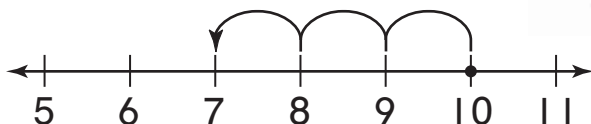
# Practice Subtraction Facts

**OBJECTIVE** Recall differences for basic facts using mental strategies.

Here are two ways to find differences.

$$10 - 3 = \underline{\quad?}$$

Count back 1, 2, or 3.



$$10 - 1 = \frac{9}{\underline{\quad}}$$

$$10 - 2 = \frac{8}{\underline{\quad}}$$

$$10 - 3 = \frac{7}{\underline{\quad}}$$

Think of a related addition fact.



$$3 + 7 = \frac{10}{\underline{\quad}}$$

so,  $10 - 3 = \frac{7}{\underline{\quad}}$

**Write the difference.**

1.  $13 - 5 = \underline{\quad}$

2.  $10 - 4 = \underline{\quad}$

3.  $12 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$

4.  $11 - 2 = \underline{\quad}$

5.  $9 - 3 = \underline{\quad}$

6.  $12 - 5 = \underline{\quad}$

7.  $16 - 8 = \underline{\quad}$

8.  $13 - 7 = \underline{\quad}$

# Remembering

Add.

1.  $2 + 6 = \square$

$5 + 1 = \square$

$8 + 1 = \square$

2.  $8 + 7 = \square$

$7 + 5 = \square$

$8 + 8 = \square$

Subtract.

3.  $9 - 3 = \square$

$4 - 2 = \square$

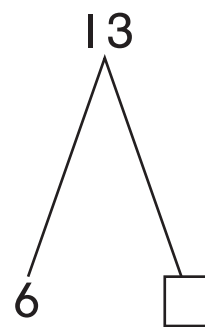
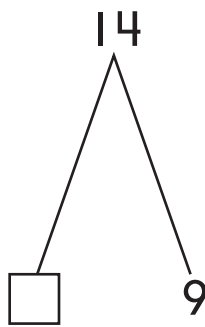
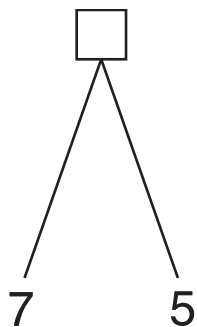
$8 - 1 = \square$

4.  $12 - 8 = \square$

$16 - 9 = \square$

$15 - 8 = \square$

5. Write two equations for each Math Mountain.

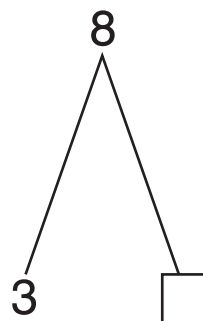
6. **Stretch Your Thinking** Write four equations for this Math Mountain.

\_\_\_\_\_

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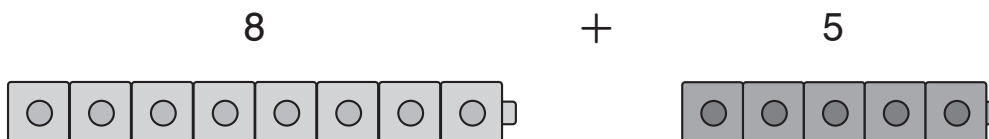
**LESSON**  
**10**

# Algebra • Make a Ten to Add

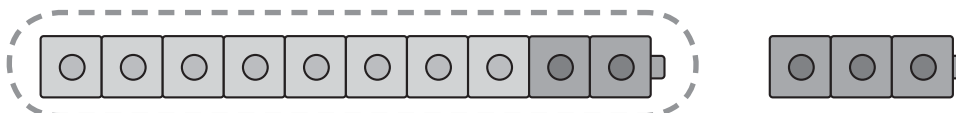
**OBJECTIVE** Recall sums for addition facts using the make a ten strategy.

$$8 + 5 = \underline{\quad?}$$

**Step 1** Start with the greater addend.  
Break apart the other addend to make a ten.



**Step 2** You need to add 2 to 8 to make a ten. So, break apart 5 as 2 and 3.



$$8 + 2 = 10$$

**Step 3** Add on the rest to the 10.

$$10 + \underset{3}{\underline{\quad}} = \underline{13}$$

**Step 4** Write the sum.

$$8 + 5 = \underline{13}$$

Show how you can make a ten to find the sum. Write the sum.

1.  $7 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$



$$10 + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

2.  $9 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$



$$10 + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

3.  $4 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$



$$10 + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

4.  $5 + 9 = \underline{\quad}$



$$10 + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

5.  $8 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$



$$10 + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

6.  $4 + 9 = \underline{\quad}$



$$10 + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

**Homework**

Make a ten to find the total.

1.  $3 + 8 = \square$

$4 + 8 = \square$

$4 + 9 = \square$

2.  $8 + 6 = \square$

$9 + 5 = \square$

$8 + 5 = \square$

3.  $6 + 7 = \square$

$7 + 7 = \square$

$7 + 5 = \square$

4.  $2 + 9 = \square$

$5 + 7 = \square$

$9 + 2 = \square$

5.  $3 + 9 = \square$

$8 + 9 = \square$

$4 + 7 = \square$

6.  $9 + 8 = \square$

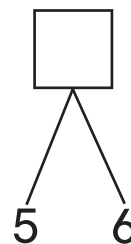
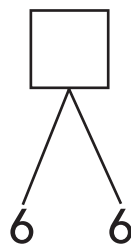
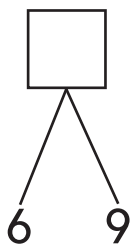
$7 + 6 = \square$

$5 + 9 = \square$

7.  $6 + 9 = \square$

$6 + 6 = \square$

$5 + 6 = \square$



**8. Critical Thinking** Explain how to make a ten to find  $8 + 6$ .

---



---

# Remembering

Add.

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ + 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ + 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ + 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ + 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ + 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Subtract.

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ - 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

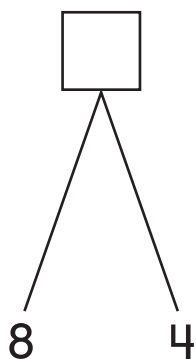
$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ - 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

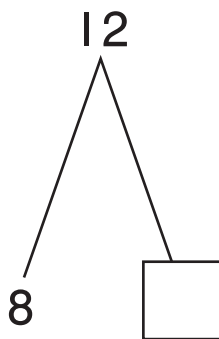
$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ - 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ - 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

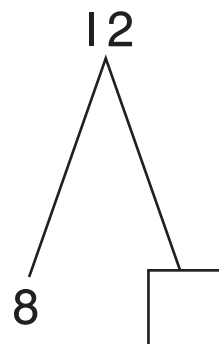
3. Complete the Math Mountains and equations.



$$8 + 4 = \square$$



$$8 + \square = 12$$



$$12 - 8 = \square$$

Find the unknown addend (unknown partner).

$$4. \quad 5 + \square = 11$$

$$13 - 9 = \square$$

$$5 + \square = 13$$

5. **Stretch Your Thinking** Draw a picture to help you solve

$$7 + \square = 12.$$

**Homework**

Add. Use doubles.

1.  $7 + 5 = \square$

$7 + 7 = \square$

$8 + 9 = \square$ 

---

2.  $9 + 9 = \square$

$9 + 11 = \square$

$8 + 8 = \square$ 

---

3.  $8 + 7 = \square$

$6 + 5 = \square$

$7 + 8 = \square$ 

---

4.  $6 + 4 = \square$

$7 + 9 = \square$

$9 + 7 = \square$ 

---

5.  $7 + 6 = \square$

$5 + 5 = \square$

$6 + 8 = \square$ 

---

6.  $6 + 6 = \square$

$6 + 7 = \square$

$8 + 6 = \square$ 

---

7.  $8 + 10 = \square$

$5 + 6 = \square$

$9 + 10 = \square$ 

---

8.  $9 + 8 = \square$

$10 + 9 = \square$

$5 + 7 = \square$

**LESSON**  
**11**

# Algebra • Add 3 Addends

**OBJECTIVE** Find sums of three addends by applying the Commutative and Associative Properties of Addition.

Add numbers in any order.  
The sum stays the same.

$1 + 4 + 6 = \dots$   
 $5 + 6 = \dots$

$1 + 4 + 6 = \dots$   
 $1 + 10 = \dots$

$1 + 4 + 6 = \dots$   
 $7 + 4 = \dots$

**Solve two ways. Circle the two addends you add first.**

1.  $2 + 3 + 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$2 + 3 + 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2.  $7 + 2 + 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$7 + 2 + 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3.  $1 + 1 + 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$1 + 1 + 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4.  $6 + 4 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$6 + 4 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

**Homework**

Add in any order. Write the total.

1.  $9 + 1 + 4 = \square$

2.  $6 + 9 + 1 = \square$

3.  $8 + 9 + 1 = \square$

4.  $7 + 8 + 2 = \square$

5.  $7 + 5 + 3 = \square$

6.  $8 + 8 + 2 = \square$

7.  $1 + 4 + 8 = \square$

8.  $5 + 6 + 7 = \square$

9.  $4 + 3 + 8 = \square$

10.  $2 + 7 + 6 = \square$

11.  $9 + 9 + 2 = \square$

12.  $6 + 3 + 7 = \square$

13.  $4 + 3 + 2 + 4 = \square$

14.  $6 + 4 + 5 + 5 = \square$

15.  $8 + 3 + 1 + 7 = \square$

16.  $1 + 7 + 2 + 4 = \square$

17.  $3 + 7 + 9 + 3 = \square$

18.  $7 + 6 + 3 + 4 = \square$

19.  $8 + 3 + 9 + 3 = \square$

20.  $1 + 8 + 9 + 4 = \square$



## Algebra • Even and Odd Numbers

Shade in the ten frames to show the number.

Circle even or odd.

**1.**            15



even            odd

**2.**            18



even            odd

**3.**            11



even            odd

**4.**            17



even            odd

**5.**            13



even            odd

**6.**            20



even            odd

## Problem Solving

**7.** Mr. Dell has an odd number of sheep and an even number of cows on his farm. Circle the choice that could tell about his farm.

9 sheep and 10 cows

10 sheep and 11 cows

8 sheep and 12 cows

**Homework**

Make a drawing. Write an equation.

Solve the problem.

**Show your work.**

1. In the morning, Nick makes 8 animals out of clay. In the afternoon, he makes some more clay animals. Altogether, he makes 15 clay animals. How many did he make in the afternoon?



clay animal

\_\_\_\_\_

label

2. Carrie sees some birds in a tree. 8 fly away. 5 are left. How many birds were in the tree in the beginning?



bird

\_\_\_\_\_

label

3. Leon and his friends made 12 snowmen. The next day, Leon sees that some of them have melted. Only 9 snowmen are left. How many melted?



snowmen

\_\_\_\_\_

label

4. 3 lizards sit on a rock in the sun. Then 9 more come out and sit on the rock. How many lizards are on the rock now?



rock

\_\_\_\_\_

label



**Homework**

Make a drawing. Write an equation. Solve the problem.

Show your work.

1. One bus has 6 girls and 7 boys on it.  
How many children are on the bus?



bus

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

2. Pang buys some oranges. Bill buys  
6 pears. Pang and Bill buy 13 pieces  
of fruit. How many oranges does Pang buy?



orange

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

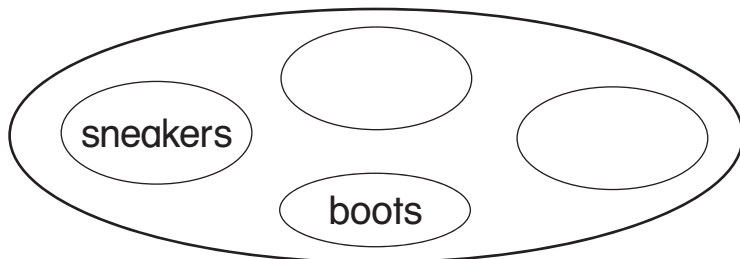
3. Davant has 16 birds. He has 7 parrots.  
The rest are canaries. How many  
canaries does Davant have?



canary

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

4. Complete the diagram by adding at  
least two things in the circle.  
Write the group name.



\_\_\_\_\_ Group Name

**Homework**

Make a matching drawing or draw comparison bars.  
Solve the problem.

**Show your work.**

1. Peter has 13 eggs. Joe has 4 fewer eggs than Peter. How many eggs does Joe have?

\_\_\_\_\_

label



eggs

2. I want to give each of my 14 friends an apple. I have 8 apples in my basket. How many more apples do I need to pick to give each friend an apple?

\_\_\_\_\_

label



basket

3. Lë has 5 lemons. Tina has 7 more lemons than Lë. How many lemons does Tina have?

\_\_\_\_\_

label



lemon

**Write Your Own** Complete this word problem.  
Draw comparison bars and solve.

4. I have 12 \_\_\_\_\_.

My friend has \_\_\_\_\_ fewer

\_\_\_\_\_ than I have. How many

\_\_\_\_\_ does my friend have?

\_\_\_\_\_

label

**Homework**

1. Write the numbers going down to see the tens.

1	11			41			71		
2									92
3						63			
				44			74		
		25							95
					56				
			37						
	18							88	
						69			
10	20			50					100

2. What number comes after 100? \_\_\_\_\_

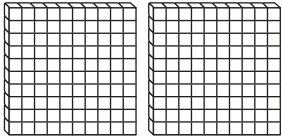
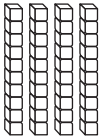

3. What number comes next? \_\_\_\_\_

**LESSON**  
**20**

# Model 3-Digit Numbers

**OBJECTIVE** Use concrete and pictorial models to represent 3-digit numbers.

Show 243.


Hundreds	Tens	Ones
		

With blocks:

In a chart:

Hundreds	Tens	Ones
2	4	3

With a quick picture:



Write how many hundreds, tens, and ones.  
Show with   .. Then draw a quick picture.

1. 138

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

2. 217

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

3. 352

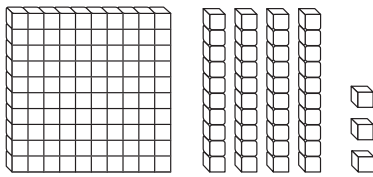
Hundreds	Tens	Ones

4. 174

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

# Hundreds, Tens, and Ones

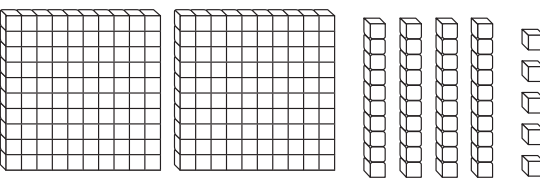
Write how many hundreds, tens, and ones are in the model. Write the number in two ways.

1. 

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

\_\_\_\_\_

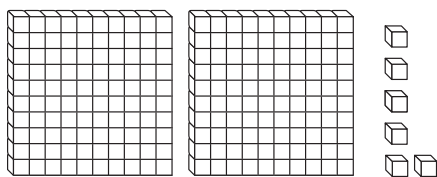
\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_

2. 

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_

3. 

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_

## Problem Solving

4. Write the number that answers the riddle.  
 Use the chart. A model for my number has 6 ones blocks, 2 hundreds blocks, and 3 tens blocks. What number am I?

Hundreds	Tens	Ones

\_\_\_\_\_

**Homework**

Add.

1.  $50 + 40 = \underline{\quad}$        $80 + 10 = \underline{\quad}$        $60 + 20 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$        $8 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$        $6 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$

2.  $10 + 70 = \underline{\quad}$        $30 + 70 = \underline{\quad}$        $40 + 30 = \underline{\quad}$

$1 + 7 = \underline{\quad}$        $3 + 7 = \underline{\quad}$        $4 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$

3.  $30 + 60 = \underline{\quad}$        $20 + 80 = \underline{\quad}$        $50 + 40 = \underline{\quad}$

$3 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$        $2 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$        $5 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$

4.  $50 + 30 = \underline{\quad}$        $70 + 20 = \underline{\quad}$        $40 + 60 = \underline{\quad}$

$5 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$        $7 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$        $4 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$

5.  $90 + 10 = \underline{\quad}$        $50 + 20 = \underline{\quad}$        $20 + 30 = \underline{\quad}$

$9 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$        $5 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$        $2 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$

6.  $30 + 10 = \underline{\quad}$        $50 + 30 = \underline{\quad}$        $40 + 20 = \underline{\quad}$

$3 + 1 = \underline{\quad}$        $5 + 3 = \underline{\quad}$        $4 + 2 = \underline{\quad}$




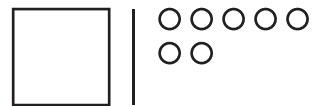
# Homework

Draw the number using hundred boxes, ten sticks, and circles. Then write the expanded form.

<b>1.</b>      <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.5em;">176</div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <math>\underline{100} + \underline{70} + \underline{6}</math> </div>	<b>2.</b>      <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.5em;">143</div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <math>\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}</math> </div>	<b>3.</b>      <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.5em;">184</div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <math>\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}</math> </div>
--	---	---

What number is shown?

H = Hundreds, T = Tens, O = Ones

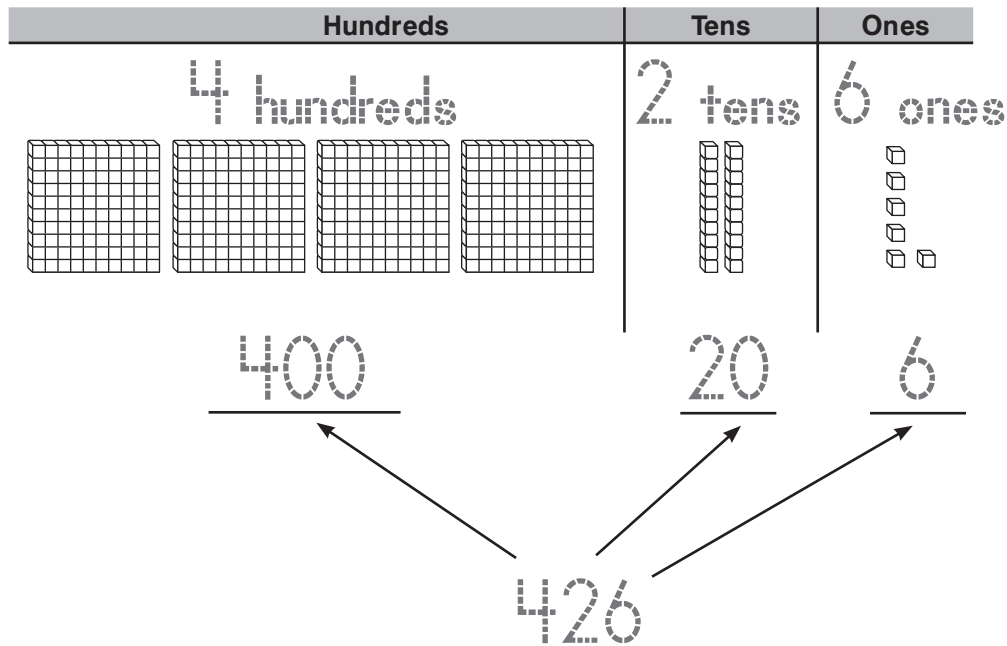
<b>4.</b>   <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.2em;"> <math>\underline{1} \text{ H } \underline{2} \text{ T } \underline{7} \text{ O}</math> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <math>\underline{127} = \underline{100} + \underline{20} + \underline{7}</math> </div>	<b>5.</b>   <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.2em;"> <math>\underline{\quad} \text{ H } \underline{\quad} \text{ T } \underline{\quad} \text{ O}</math> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <math>\underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}</math> </div>
<b>6.</b>   <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.2em;"> <math>\underline{\quad} \text{ H } \underline{\quad} \text{ T } \underline{\quad} \text{ O}</math> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <math>\underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}</math> </div>	<b>7.</b>   <div style="text-align: center; font-size: 1.2em;"> <math>\underline{\quad} \text{ H } \underline{\quad} \text{ T } \underline{\quad} \text{ O}</math> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <math>\underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}</math> </div>

**LESSON 22**

# Place Value to 1,000

**OBJECTIVE** Use place value to describe the values of digits in numbers to 1,000.

The value of each digit in 426 is shown by its place in the number.



**Circle the value or the meaning of the underlined digit.**

1. 7 <u>8</u> 2	800	80	8
2. <u>3</u> 52	3 hundreds	3 tens	3 ones
3. 7 <u>4</u> 2	4	40	400
4. 41 <u>9</u>	9 hundreds	9 tens	9 ones
5. <u>5</u> 84	500	50	5



**LESSON**  
**24**

# Counting Patterns Within 100

**OBJECTIVE** Extend counting sequences within 100, counting by 1s, 5s, and 10s.

You can count different ways.

Count by fives.

5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35

Count by tens.

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60

**Count by fives.**

1. 5, 10, 15, 20, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

2. 20, 25, 30, 35, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

3. 55, 60, 65, 70, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

**Count by tens.**

4. 10, 20, 30, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

5. 30, 40, 50, 60, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

**Homework**

Make a drawing for each number. Write  $<$ ,  $>$ , or  $=$ .

1. 131 ○ 141

2. 29 ○ 28

3. 56 ○ 56

4. 132 ○ 38

Write  $<$ ,  $>$ , or  $=$ .

5. 157 ○ 175

6. 103 ○ 107

7. 80 ○ 18

8. 100 ○ 100

9. 148 ○ 149

10. 116 ○ 99

11. 122 ○ 150

12. 73 ○ 111

13. 64 ○ 64

14. 188 ○ 186

# Remembering

1. Start with 10. Count by tens to 100.

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Write the numbers from 56 to 66.

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Write the numbers from 81 to 91.

\_\_\_\_\_

Draw the number using hundred boxes, ten sticks, and circles. Then write the expanded form.

<p>4.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">127</p> <p><u>100</u> + <u>20</u> + <u>7</u></p>	<p>5.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">109</p> <p>_____ + _____ + _____</p>	<p>6.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">133</p> <p>_____ + _____ + _____</p>
---	---	---

7. **Stretch Your Thinking** Add ones or tens.

$4 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$3 + 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$40 + 40 = \underline{\quad}$

$30 + 60 = \underline{\quad}$

$140 + 40 = \underline{\quad}$

$130 + 60 = \underline{\quad}$

**LESSON**  
**36**

# 2-Digit Addition

**OBJECTIVE** Record 2-digit addition using the standard algorithm.

Add 27 and 36.

**STEP 1**

Model 27 and 36.  
Add the ones.  
 $7 + 6 = 13$

Tens	Ones

Tens	Ones
<input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/>	
2	7
+	3 6

**STEP 2**

If you can make a 10,  
regroup 10 ones for  
1 ten.  
 $13 \text{ ones} = 1 \text{ ten } 3 \text{ ones}$

Tens	Ones

Tens	Ones
<input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/>	
2	7
+	3 6
	3

**STEP 3**

Add the tens.  
Remember to add the  
regrouped ten.  
 $1 + 2 + 3 = 6$

Tens	Ones

Tens	Ones
<input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/>	
1	
2	7
+	3 6
6	3

**Regroup if you need to. Write the sum.**

<p><b>1.</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+</td> <td>2 9</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="border-top: 1px solid black;"> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tens	Ones	<input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/>		5	4	+	2 9			<p><b>2.</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+</td> <td>6 1</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="border-top: 1px solid black;"> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tens	Ones	<input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/>		1	7	+	6 1			<p><b>3.</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+</td> <td>2 9</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="border-top: 1px solid black;"> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tens	Ones	<input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/>		4	1	+	2 9			<p><b>4.</b></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+</td> <td>3 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="border-top: 1px solid black;"> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Tens	Ones	<input style="width: 40px; height: 40px;" type="text"/>		3	5	+	3 2		
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## 2-Digit Addition

Regroup if you need to. Write the sum.

1.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 4 & 7 \\ +2 & 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 3 \\ +1 & 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

3.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 & 8 \\ +6 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 1 & 3 \\ +6 & 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

5.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 1 & 7 \\ +2 & 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

6.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 6 \\ +5 & 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

7.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 5 & 8 \\ +2 & 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 7 \\ +4 & 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

9.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 5 & 2 \\ +2 & 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 6 & 6 \\ +2 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

11.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 7 & 4 \\ +1 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

12.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 3 & 7 \\ +3 & 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

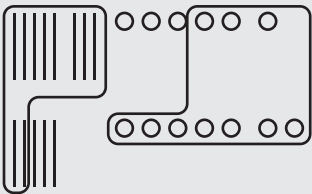
## Problem Solving

Solve. Write or draw to explain.

- 13.** Angela drew 16 flowers on her paper in the morning. She drew 25 more flowers in the afternoon. How many flowers did she draw in all?

\_\_\_\_\_ flowers

**Homework**

$\begin{array}{r} 86 \\ + 57 \\ \hline 130 \\ + 13 \\ \hline 143 \end{array}$	or	$\begin{array}{r} 86 \\ + 57 \\ \hline 143 \end{array}$	
			$130 + 13 = 143$

Add. Use any method.

1. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 97 \\ + 45 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 54 \\ + 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ + 47 \\ \hline \end{array}$$


---

2. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 56 \\ + 77 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 76 \\ + 88 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 86 \\ + 65 \\ \hline \end{array}$$


---






3. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 47 \\ + 73 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 87 \\ + 49 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 57 \\ + 48 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

# Homework

Here are some more fruits and vegetables from the Farm Stand. Answer the questions below. Then draw the money amount. The first one is done for you.

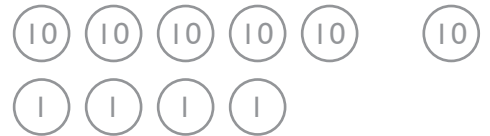
<p>Apples 79¢</p> 	<p>Eggplant 96¢</p> 	<p>Pears 58¢</p> 	<p>Green Onions 67¢</p> 	<p>Oranges 85¢</p> 
---	---	--	---	--

How much would you spend if you wanted to buy

1. apples and oranges?

164 ¢  
\$ 1.64

1 dollar



2. apples and green onions?

\_\_\_\_\_ ¢  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_

3. pears and green onions?

\_\_\_\_\_ ¢  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_


4. eggplant and oranges?

\_\_\_\_\_ ¢  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_

# Homework

Under the coins, write the total amount of money so far.  
Then write the total using \$. The first one is done for you.

1. 5¢      5¢      5¢      5¢



5¢      10¢      15¢      20¢

\$ 0 . 2 0  
total

2. 5¢      5¢      1¢      1¢      1¢



\_\_\_\_\_

\$ \_\_\_\_\_  
total

3. 10¢      10¢      1¢      1¢      1¢      1¢



\_\_\_\_\_

\$ \_\_\_\_\_  
total

4. 10¢      10¢      10¢      5¢      5¢      5¢



\_\_\_\_\_

\$ \_\_\_\_\_  
total

5. Troy has 1 dime, 5 nickels, and 4 pennies.

Draw (10)s, (5)s, and (1)s.

Write the total amount of money.      \$ \_\_\_\_\_  
total



# Remembering

Solve. Make a proof drawing.

Show your work.

1. Sal goes to a plant nursery and sees 57 apple trees and 79 pear trees. How many trees does he see in all?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

2. Carol has a bag of red and yellow marbles. 48 of them are red and 63 of them are yellow. How many marbles does she have in total?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

Add. Use any method.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 47 \\ + 77 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 91 \\ + 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ + 67 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Be the helper. Is the answer OK? Write *yes* or *no*.  
If *no*, fix the mistakes and write the correct answer.

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 57 \\ + 49 \\ \hline 106 \end{array} \quad \text{OK?} \quad \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 72 \\ + 39 \\ \hline 101 \end{array} \quad \text{OK?} \quad \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \quad 63 \\ + 78 \\ \hline 142 \end{array} \quad \text{OK?} \quad \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

7. **Stretch Your Thinking** Write an addition word problem using two 2-digit numbers. Solve the problem. Show your work.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

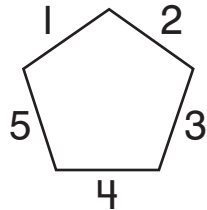
**LESSON  
101**

# Two-Dimensional Shapes

**OBJECTIVE** Name 3-, 4-, 5-, and 6-sided shapes according to the number of sides and vertices.

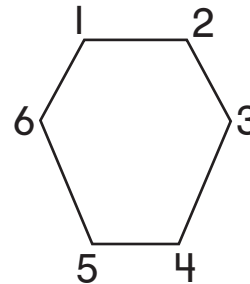
Count sides and vertices.

A pentagon has 5 sides.



**pentagon**

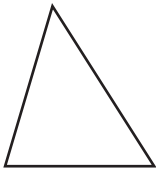
A hexagon has 6 vertices.



**hexagon**

**Write the number of sides and the number of vertices.**

**1.** triangle



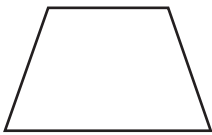
\_\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_\_ vertices

**2.** rectangle



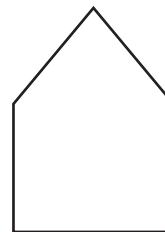
\_\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_\_ vertices

**3.** quadrilateral



\_\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_\_ vertices

**4.** pentagon



\_\_\_\_\_ sides  
\_\_\_\_\_ vertices

# Homework

Look for shapes in your home and neighborhood.

1. List or draw objects that show squares.

2. List or draw objects that show rectangles.

3. List or draw objects that show triangles.

4. List or draw objects that show pentagons.

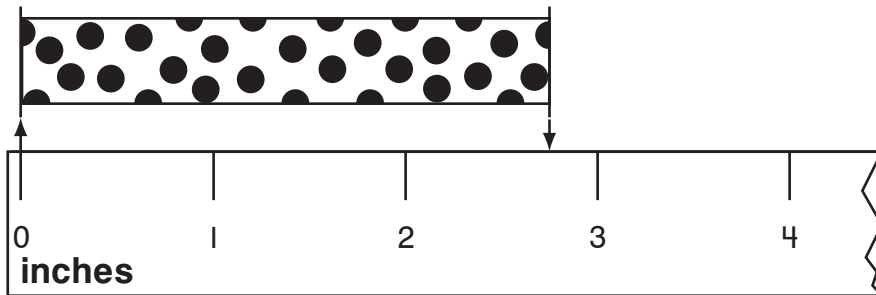
5. List or draw objects that show hexagons.

**LESSON  
68**

# Measure with an Inch Ruler

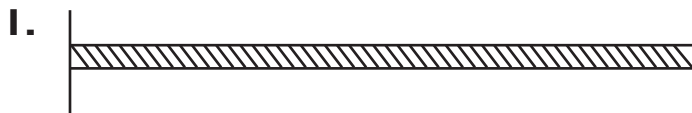
**OBJECTIVE** Measure the lengths of objects to the nearest inch using an inch ruler.

1. Line up one end with 0.
2. Find the inch mark closest to the other end.
3. Read the number of inches at that mark.



The ribbon is about 3 inches long.

## Measure the length to the nearest inch.



\_\_\_\_\_ inches



\_\_\_\_\_ inches



\_\_\_\_\_ inches

**Homework**

1. Find five objects at home to measure in inches.  
 Choose objects that are less than 1 yard (36 in.) long.  
 Estimate and measure the length of each object.  
 Measure to the nearest inch. Complete the table.

Object	Estimated Length (in.)	Measured Length (in.)

2. Plot the data from the last column in Exercise 1 on the line plot.



Length of Objects (inches)

3. Find five objects at home to measure in feet or yards.  
 Complete the table. Remember to include units with  
 your measurements.

Object	Estimated Length	Measured Length

# Remembering

Make a matching drawing or draw comparison bars. Solve the problem.

Show your work.

1. Erin has 6 grapes. Cody has 8 more grapes than Erin. How many grapes does Cody have?



\_\_\_\_\_

label

Under the coins, write the total amount of money so far. Then write the total using \$.

2. 10¢

10¢

5¢

5¢

1¢

1¢



\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\$ \_\_\_\_\_  
total

Label the shapes using the words in the box.

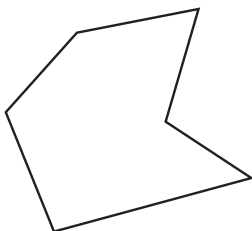
cube

quadrilateral

pentagon

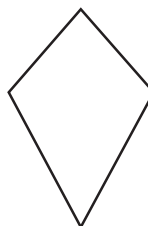
hexagon

3.



\_\_\_\_\_

4.



\_\_\_\_\_

5. **Stretch Your Thinking** Explain why we use rulers instead of hands or fingers to measure things.

\_\_\_\_\_

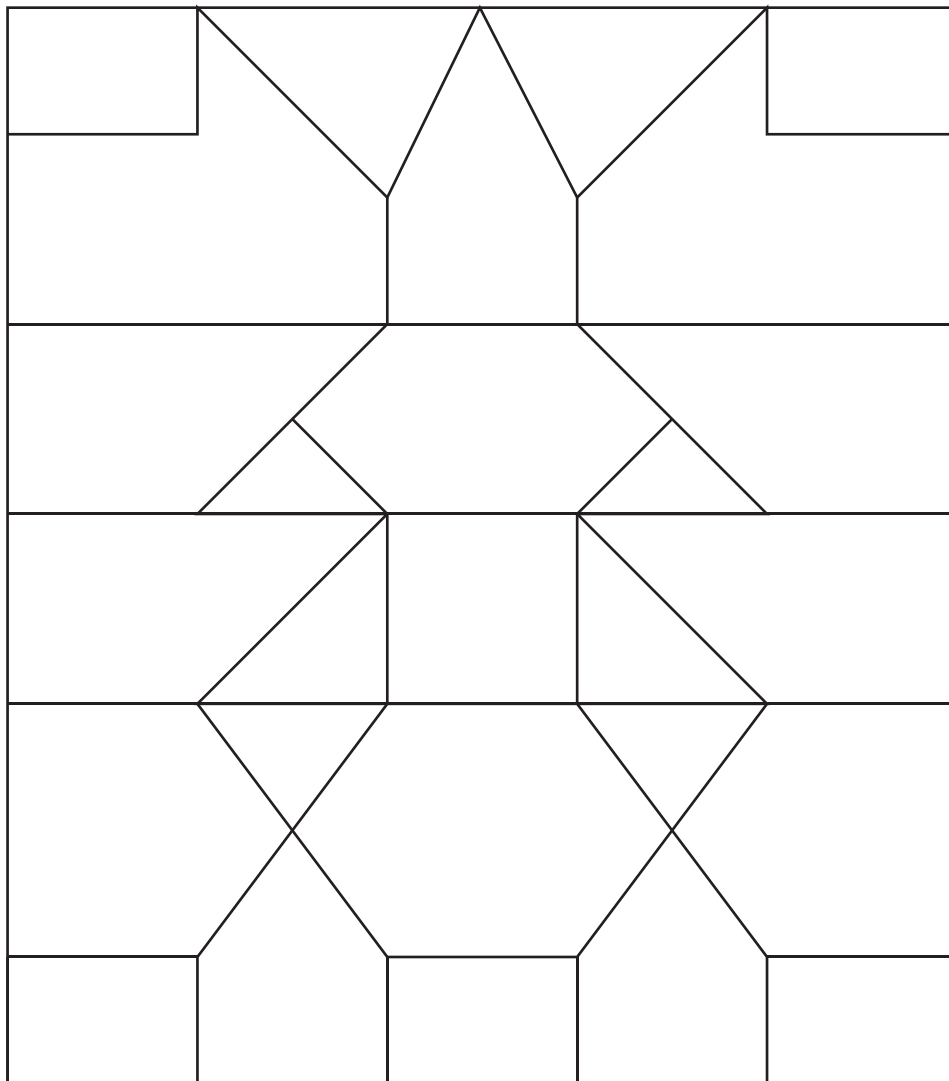
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Homework**

Color the quilt pattern. Use the table below.

Shape	Color
triangle	green
quadrilateral	red
pentagon	purple
hexagon	yellow



# Remembering

Make a drawing. Write an equation.

Solve the problem.

**Show your work.**

1. Evan has 4 markers. That is 7 fewer markers than Jenna has. How many markers does Jenna have?

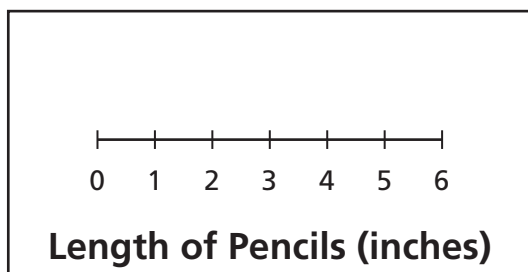
\_\_\_\_\_  
label

Add.

2.  $14 + 22 + 57 = \square$

3.  $36 + 18 + 24 = \square$

4. Show the data from the table on the line plot.



Length of Pencils (inches)
5 inches
2 inches
4 inches
3 inches
5 inches

5. **Stretch Your Thinking** Show an example of how you could put two triangles together to make a larger triangle. Show an example of how you can put two triangles together to make a quadrilateral.



# Homework

Draw coins to show 6 different ways to make 25¢ with pennies, nickels, and dimes.

1. 25¢	2. 25¢	3. 25¢
4. 25¢	5. 25¢	6. 25¢

Write how to count the money.



**LESSON**  
**41**

# Model and Record 2-Digit Subtraction

**OBJECTIVE** Draw quick pictures and record 2-digit subtraction using the standard algorithm.

<p>Subtract. <math display="block">\begin{array}{r} 54 \\ - 15 \\ \hline \end{array}</math></p> <p>Are there enough ones to subtract 5? <u>no</u></p>	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td>     </td><td>○○○</td></tr> </table>	Tens	Ones		○○○	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td>□</td><td>□</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr><td>-</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>	Tens	Ones	□	□	5	4	-	1		5		
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Tens	Ones																	
□	□																	
5	4																	
-	1																	
	5																	
<p>Regroup 1 ten as 10 ones.</p> <p>Write the new number of tens and ones.</p>	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td>     </td><td>○○○○○</td></tr> </table>	Tens	Ones		○○○○○	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>14</td></tr> <tr><td><del>5</del></td><td><del>4</del></td></tr> <tr><td>-</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>	Tens	Ones	4	14	<del>5</del>	<del>4</del>	-	1		5		
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Tens	Ones																	
4	14																	
<del>5</del>	<del>4</del>																	
-	1																	
	5																	
<p>Subtract the ones.</p> <p>14 ones - 5 ones = <u>9</u> ones</p> <p>Write that number in the ones place.</p> <p>Subtract the tens.</p> <p>4 tens - 1 ten = <u>3</u> tens</p> <p>Write that number in the tens place.</p>	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td>     </td><td>○○○○○</td></tr> </table>	Tens	Ones		○○○○○	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>14</td></tr> <tr><td><del>5</del></td><td><del>4</del></td></tr> <tr><td>-</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>9</td></tr> </table>	Tens	Ones	4	14	<del>5</del>	<del>4</del>	-	1		5	3	9
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Tens	Ones																	
4	14																	
<del>5</del>	<del>4</del>																	
-	1																	
	5																	
3	9																	

**Draw a quick picture to solve. Write the difference.**

<p><b>1.</b></p> <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; margin-right: 20px;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td>□</td><td>□</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>-</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table> <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>	Tens	Ones	□	□	4	3	-	1		6			Tens	Ones			<p><b>2.</b></p> <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; margin-right: 20px;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td>□</td><td>□</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>-</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>7</td></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table> <table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"> <tr><th style="width: 50%;">Tens</th><th style="width: 50%;">Ones</th></tr> <tr><td> </td><td> </td></tr> </table>	Tens	Ones	□	□	3	1	-	1		7			Tens	Ones		
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## Model and Record 2-Digit Subtraction

Draw a quick picture to solve.

Write the difference.

1.

Tens	Ones
□	□
4	3
-	7
□	□

Tens	Ones

2.

Tens	Ones
□	□
3	8
-	9
□	□

Tens	Ones

3.

Tens	Ones
□	□
5	2
-	7
□	□

Tens	Ones

4.

Tens	Ones
□	□
3	5
-	9
□	□

Tens	Ones

## Problem Solving

Solve. Write or draw to explain.

5. Kendall has 63 stickers.  
 Her sister has 57 stickers.  
 How many more stickers does  
 Kendall have than her sister?

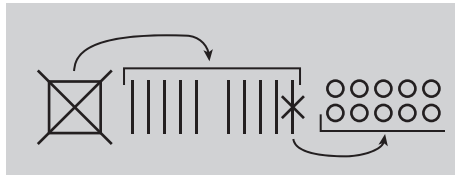
\_\_\_\_\_ more stickers

# Homework

Solve the word problems. Rewrite the 100 or make a drawing. Add to check your answer.

$$100 = \overset{90}{\cancel{100}} + \overset{10}{\cancel{0}}$$

Tens	Ones
$\overset{9}{\cancel{10}}$	$\overset{10}{\cancel{0}}$



1. There were 100 rubber ducks in the store. The shopkeeper sold 19 of them. How many ducks are in the store now?

**Show your work.**

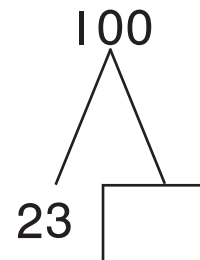
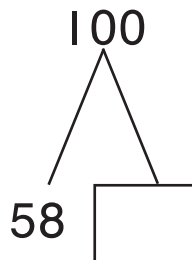
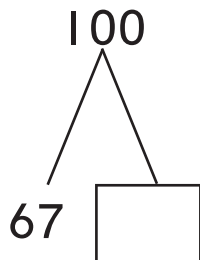
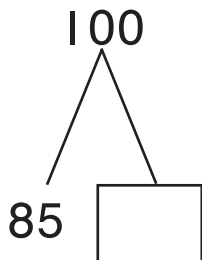
\_\_\_\_\_  
label

2. Ben bought 100 napkins for the picnic. There are 26 napkins left after the picnic. How many napkins were used?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

Find the unknown addend. Check by adding.


3.



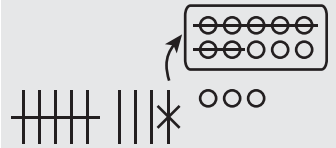
**Homework****Expanded Method**

$$\begin{array}{r}
 80 + 13 \\
 93 = \cancel{90} + \cancel{3} \\
 - 57 = \underline{50 + 7} \\
 \hline
 30 + 6 = 36
 \end{array}$$

**Ungroup First Method**



$$\begin{array}{r}
 \cancel{9} \cancel{3} \\
 - 57 \\
 \hline
 36
 \end{array}$$

**Proof Drawing**

Subtract using any method.

1. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ - 21 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

2. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 57 \\ - 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

3. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 95 \\ - 64 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

4. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ - 13 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

5. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 68 \\ - 15 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

6. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 77 \\ - 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

7. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ - 48 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

8. 
$$\begin{array}{r} 84 \\ - 49 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

**Homework**

Solve each word problem. Draw a proof drawing if you need to.

**Show your work.**

1. There are 200 water bottles on a table. The runners in a race take 73 of them. How many water bottles are left on the table?

	label

2. There are 200 weeds in Kelly's garden. Her little sister pulls out 44 of them. How many weeds are still in the garden?

	label

Subtract.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 200 \\ - \quad 66 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 200 \\ - \quad 82 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 200 \\ - \quad 54 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \quad 200 \\ - \quad 95 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \quad 200 \\ - \quad 38 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \quad 200 \\ - \quad 47 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

**Homework**

Decide if you need to ungroup. Then subtract.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 130 \\ - \quad 99 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. \quad 150 \\ - \quad 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 160 \\ - \quad 67 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 108 \\ - \quad 88 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 120 \\ - \quad 83 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \quad 101 \\ - \quad 72 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Solve each word problem.

**Show your work.**

7. There were 120 nickels in a jar. Janice took out 49 nickels. How many nickels are in the jar now?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label


8. Last week, there were 109 books at the bookstore. So far, 25 books have been sold. How many books have not been sold?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

# Homework

What would you like to buy? First, see how much money you have. Pay for the item. How much money do you have left?

## Yard Sale

				
Globe 85¢	Ring 67¢	Sports Bag 98¢	Eraser 79¢	Color Pencils 66¢

1. I have 124¢ in my pocket.

I bought the \_\_\_\_\_.

$$\begin{array}{r} 124\text{¢} \\ - \quad \text{¢} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

I have \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ left.

2. I have 152¢ in my pocket.

I bought the \_\_\_\_\_.

$$\begin{array}{r} 152\text{¢} \\ - \quad \text{¢} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

I have \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ left.

3. I have 145¢ in my pocket.

I bought the \_\_\_\_\_.

$$\begin{array}{r} 145\text{¢} \\ - \quad \text{¢} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

I have \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ left.

4. I have 131¢ in my pocket.

I bought the \_\_\_\_\_.

$$\begin{array}{r} 131\text{¢} \\ - \quad \text{¢} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

I have \_\_\_\_\_ ¢ left.



**Homework**

Subtract.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 29 \\ - 13 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. \quad 54 \\ - 26 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 75 \\ - 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 48 \\ - 38 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 90 \\ - 57 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \quad 17 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \quad 100 \\ - 42 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \quad 63 \\ - 22 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \quad 97 \\ - 59 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

10. Explain how you found the difference for Exercise 7.

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**Homework**

Draw a Math Mountain to solve each word problem. Show how you add or subtract.

**Show your work.**

1. Papi has 148 slices of pizza in his shop. He sells 56 slices. How many slices does Papi have left?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

2. There are 34 children at the park. Then 16 children join them. How many children are at the park now?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

3. Bella has 19 crayons. She gives 12 of them to her friend. How many crayons does she have left?

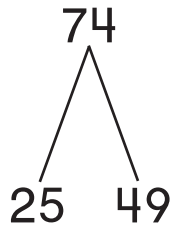
\_\_\_\_\_  
label

4. Seventy-nine girls and forty-eight boys are in Grade 2 at Center School. How many children are in Grade 2?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

**Homework**

1. Write all of the equations for 74, 25, and 49.



$$25 + 49 = 74$$


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$$74 = 25 + 49$$


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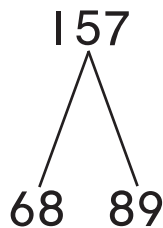


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2. Write all of the equations for 157, 68, and 89.



$$68 + 89 = 157$$


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$$157 = 68 + 89$$


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**Homework**

Add or subtract. Watch the sign!

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \quad 75 \\ + 25 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. \quad 14 \\ + 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \quad 47 \\ + 38 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \quad 87 \\ - 48 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \quad 34 \\ + 18 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \quad 27 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \quad 100 \\ - 85 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \quad 67 \\ - 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \quad 58 \\ + 37 \\ \hline \end{array}$$






$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \quad 81 \\ - 53 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11. \quad 47 \\ + 37 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12. \quad 99 \\ - 39 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

# Homework

Mr. Green wants to buy some things at a flea market. He will pay for the items with one dollar (100 cents). How much change will he get back?

				
Mittens 17¢	Toy Binoculars 39¢	Toy Camera 46¢	Toy Lamb 28¢	Plant 52¢

1. Mr. Green buys the mittens and the plant.

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢} \\ + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢} \\ \hline \text{Total: } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ 100\text{¢} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \text{His change will be } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢.} \end{array}$$

2. Mr. Green buys the toy lamb and the toy camera.

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢} \\ + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢} \\ \hline \text{Total: } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ 100\text{¢} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \text{His change will be } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢.} \end{array}$$

3. Mr. Green buys the toy binoculars and the toy lamb.

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢} \\ + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢} \\ \hline \text{Total: } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ 100\text{¢} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \text{His change will be } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢.} \end{array}$$

4. Mr. Green buys the toy camera and the plant.

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢} \\ + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢} \\ \hline \text{Total: } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ 100\text{¢} - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \\ \text{His change will be } \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ¢.} \end{array}$$

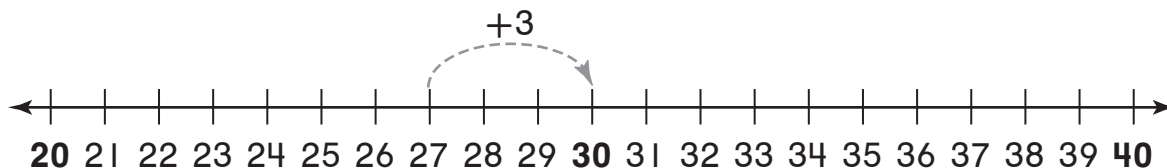
**LESSON**  
**45**

# Add to Find Differences

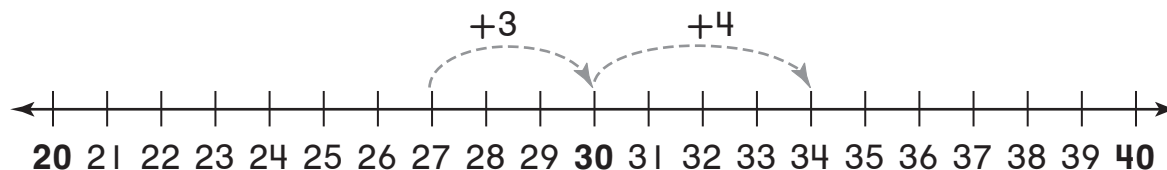
**OBJECTIVE** Use addition to find differences.

Count up to solve.  $34 - 27 = ?$

Start at 27. Count up 3 to 30.



To get to 34 from 30, count up 4 more.

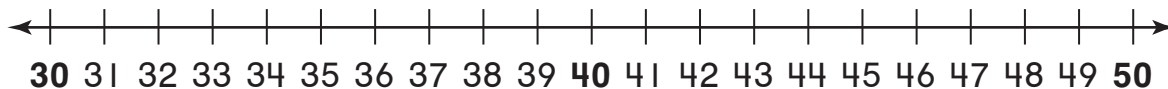


7 was added  
to get to 34.

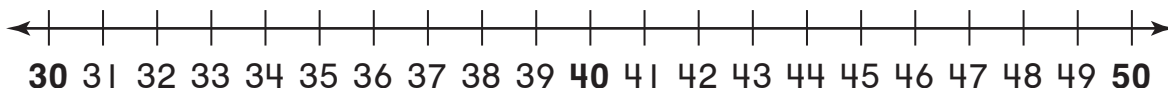
So,  $34 - 27 = \underline{7}$ .

**Count up to find the difference.**

1.  $41 - 37 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



2.  $43 - 38 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



**Homework**

Add up to solve each word problem.

**Show your work.**

- 
1. Rudy has 45 ants in his ant farm. He adds some more ants to the ant farm. Now there are 69 ants. How many ants does Rudy add to the ant farm?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

---

2. Tina has 92 flowers in her garden this morning. After she takes some flowers to school, there are 33 flowers in her garden. How many flowers does Tina take to school?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

---

3. Lia collects 86 buttons. Then she gives some to Matt. Now Lia has 61 buttons. How many buttons does Lia give to Matt?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

---

4. There were 73 cars in the garage this morning. Now there are 24 cars in the garage. How many cars left the garage?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

**Homework**

Write an equation. Solve the word problem.

1. Abigail's mother gives her some carrots to sell at the state fair. Abigail picks 16 more carrots from the garden. Now Abigail has 73 carrots to sell. How many carrots did her mother give her?

\_\_\_\_\_ label

2. Stanley the grocer has lots of onions. He sells 44 onions in the morning. Now he has 48 onions left to sell. How many onions did Stanley have to begin with?

\_\_\_\_\_ label

3. At the end of the first half of the basketball game, Carmen's team has 23 points. At the end of the second half, they have 52 points. How many points did Carmen's team score in the second half of the game?

\_\_\_\_\_ label

4. Mr. Art has 88 sheets of paper in his cabinet. He gives some paper to his students. Then he has 61 sheets of paper left. How many sheets of paper did Mr. Art give to his students?

\_\_\_\_\_ label



**Homework**

Draw comparison bars and write an equation to solve each problem.

1. Tran has 29 seashells. Vimi has 63 seashells. How many fewer seashells does Tran have than Vimi?

\_\_\_\_\_

label

2. Justine and Morgan are buying feathers at the craft store. Morgan buys 17 more feathers than Justine. Morgan buys 76 feathers. How many feathers does Justine buy?

\_\_\_\_\_

label

3. Ali has 54 guppies in her fish tank. Peter has 28 more guppies than Ali. How many guppies does Peter have in his fish tank?

\_\_\_\_\_

label

4. Stanley the grocer buys 91 bags of flour for his store. Ted buys 46 fewer bags of flour than Stanley. How many bags of flour does Ted buy?

\_\_\_\_\_

label

# Remembering

Add.

1.  $15 + 29 + 34 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $23 + 38 + 27 + 59 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Solve the word problem.

**Show your work.**

3. Carter has 5 jersey shirts, 4 solid shirts, and some plaid shirts. He has 15 shirts altogether. How many plaid shirts does he have?

\_\_\_\_\_

label

Draw comparison bars and write an equation to solve the problem.

4. Max has 72 pennies. Jada has 34 fewer pennies than Max. How many pennies does Jada have?

\_\_\_\_\_

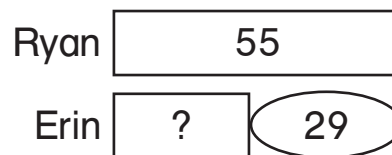
label

5. **Stretch Your Thinking** Write and solve a word problem that matches the drawing.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



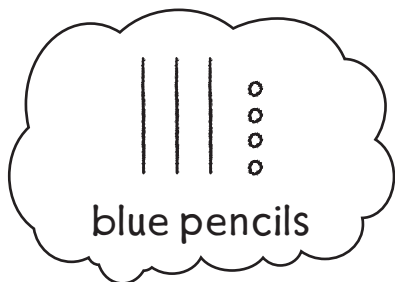
**LESSON**  
**7**

# Solve Multistep Problems

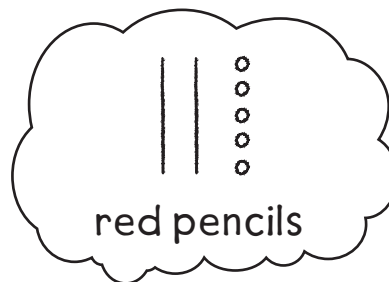
**OBJECTIVE** Analyze word problems to determine what operations to use to solve multistep problems.

Mr. Wright had 34 blue pencils and 25 red pencils. He gave 42 pencils to students. How many pencils does he have now?

The first sentence tells you what Mr. Wright had.

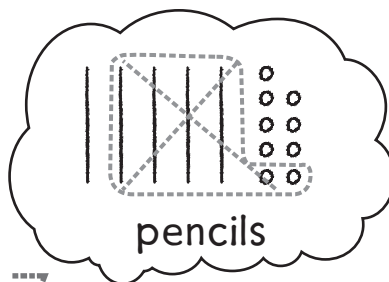


and



$$\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ + 25 \\ \hline 59 \end{array}$$

The second sentence tells you that he gave 42 of the pencils to students.



$$\begin{array}{r} 59 \\ - 42 \\ \hline 17 \end{array}$$

Mr. Wright has 17 pencils now.

**Solve the problem in steps. Show what you did.**

- I. Kara had 37 stickers. She gave 11 stickers to Sam and 5 stickers to Jane. How many stickers does Kara have now?

\_\_\_\_\_ stickers

**Homework**

Think about the first-step question.  
Then solve the problem.

---

1. Luisa has 35 building blocks. Jack gives her 18 more blocks. Luisa uses 26 blocks to build a castle. How many blocks are not used in the castle?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

---

2. There are 45 red apples and 24 green apples for sale at a farm stand. The farmer sells some apples. Now she has 36 apples left. How many apples does the farmer sell?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

---

3. Maria has 16 more beads than Gus. Gus has 24 beads. Denise has 12 more beads than Maria. How many beads does Denise have?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

# Homework

The children on the math team each measured the length of one of their feet. They made a table to show their data.

**Length of Foot**

Name	Length
Marta	19 cm
Pete	18 cm
Alberto	20 cm
Miko	13 cm
Sasha	16 cm

Use the table to solve each word problem.

**Show your work.**

1. How much longer is Alberto's foot than Pete's?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

2. Which child has a foot that is 3 cm longer than Sasha's?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Miko's foot is 2 cm shorter than Jon's. What is the length of Jon's foot?

\_\_\_\_\_  
label

4. Use the information in the table to write your own problem. Solve the problem.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

# At the Zoo

**Martin's class visits the zoo.**

1. There are some brown bears and some white bears.  
There are 12 bears in all.  
How many brown and white bears could there be?  
Write an equation to show your answer.

\_\_\_\_\_ brown bears                      \_\_\_\_\_ white bears

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Martin sees 3 rows of cages in the bird house.  
There are 3 cages in each row.  
How many cages are in the bird house?

Complete the number sentence to solve.

\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

There are \_\_\_\_\_ cages.

**There are 13 monkeys at the monkey house.  
8 of the monkeys are outside.  
The rest of the monkeys are inside.**

3. How many monkeys are inside? Draw or write to show how you found your answer.

\_\_\_\_\_ monkeys inside

4. How many more monkeys are outside than inside?  
Draw or write to show how you found your answer.

\_\_\_\_\_ more monkeys

5. Martin counts 7 baby seals and 8 adult seals.  
Find the sum. Then write the related addition fact.

$$7 + 8 = \underline{\quad\quad\quad} \quad \underline{\quad\quad\quad} + \underline{\quad\quad\quad} = \underline{\quad\quad\quad}$$

## Brick Towers

Some friends are building towers with bricks.  
Some of the bricks are big. The rest are small.

Tower A uses 47 bricks.

Tower B uses 52 bricks.

Tower C uses 45 bricks.

1. Kumari's favorite tower uses 35 big bricks and 17 small bricks.

Which tower is Kumari's favorite?

Tower \_\_\_\_\_

2. How many total bricks are in Tower A and Tower C?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. Which two towers use a total of 99 bricks?

Tower \_\_\_\_\_ and Tower \_\_\_\_\_

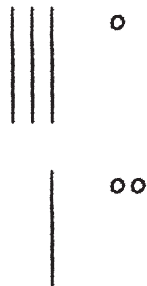


Mila made these models to show how many bricks she used to make Towers D and E.

**Tower D**



**Tower E**



4. How many bricks did Mila use to build Tower D?

\_\_\_\_\_ bricks

5. What is the total number of bricks Mila used to make Towers D and E?

\_\_\_\_\_ bricks

6. You are asked to build a tower that has 62 bricks in total. Use some big bricks and some small bricks. How many big bricks and how many small bricks will you use?

\_\_\_\_\_ big bricks

\_\_\_\_\_ small bricks

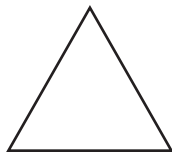
## Windows in the City

Kai and Alicia are looking at the windows in their city.  
The windows are in many different shapes.

1. Kai sees a window that has a shape he really likes.  
The window has all straight sides. It has more than 4 angles and fewer than 7 angles.

Draw a shape that the window could be.

2. Alicia sees a window in this shape.



What is the name of this shape? \_\_\_\_\_

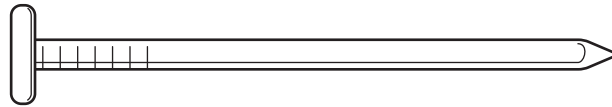
How many sides does it have? \_\_\_\_\_ sides

How many angles does it have?

\_\_\_\_\_ angles

## Use a centimeter ruler.

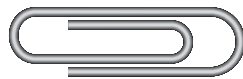
3. Kai and Alicia are making a window box. They are going to use nails that look like this.



What is the length of the nail to the nearest centimeter?

\_\_\_\_\_ cm

4. Kai uses a pencil to mark the wood for cutting. The paper clip is about 3 cm long. What is a good estimate for the length of the pencil?



The pencil is about \_\_\_\_\_ cm long.

5. Alicia sees 3 windows. Each window is in the shape of a quadrilateral. How many sides are there in all?

\_\_\_\_\_ sides

Explain how you know. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# The Farmers Market

**Maggie goes to the farmers market with her family.  
There are 32 farmers selling food at the market.**

1. There are 13 farmers who sell fruit.  
How many farmers do NOT sell fruit?

\_\_\_\_\_ farmers

2. Of the 32 farmers at the market, there are 5 farmers who do NOT sell vegetables. How many farmers sell vegetables?

\_\_\_\_\_ farmers

3. There are 47 apples in a big basket at the market.  
There are 24 apples in a small basket.

How many more apples are in the big basket than in the small basket?

Write an equation with a  for the unknown partner. Then solve the problem.

\_\_\_\_\_ more apples

4. One farmer at the market is selling juice. He has a stack of 11 cups and a stack of 18 cups.

He needs 35 cups in all.

How many more cups does he need?

\_\_\_\_\_ cups

**One farmer at the market sells cherry jam and peach jam.**

**She sells 26 jars of jam in all.**

**She sells 17 jars of cherry jam.**

5. How many jars of peach jam does the farmer sell?  
Draw or write to show how you found your answer.

\_\_\_\_\_ jars

6. How many more jars of cherry jam than peach jam does the farmer sell?

Draw or write to show how you found your answer.

\_\_\_\_\_ more jars