

Sequence manipulation. Retrieving sequences from GenBank



Rafael Medina (rafael.medina.bry@gmail.com)

Yang Liu ([yang.liu@uconn.edu](mailto.yang.liu@uconn.edu))

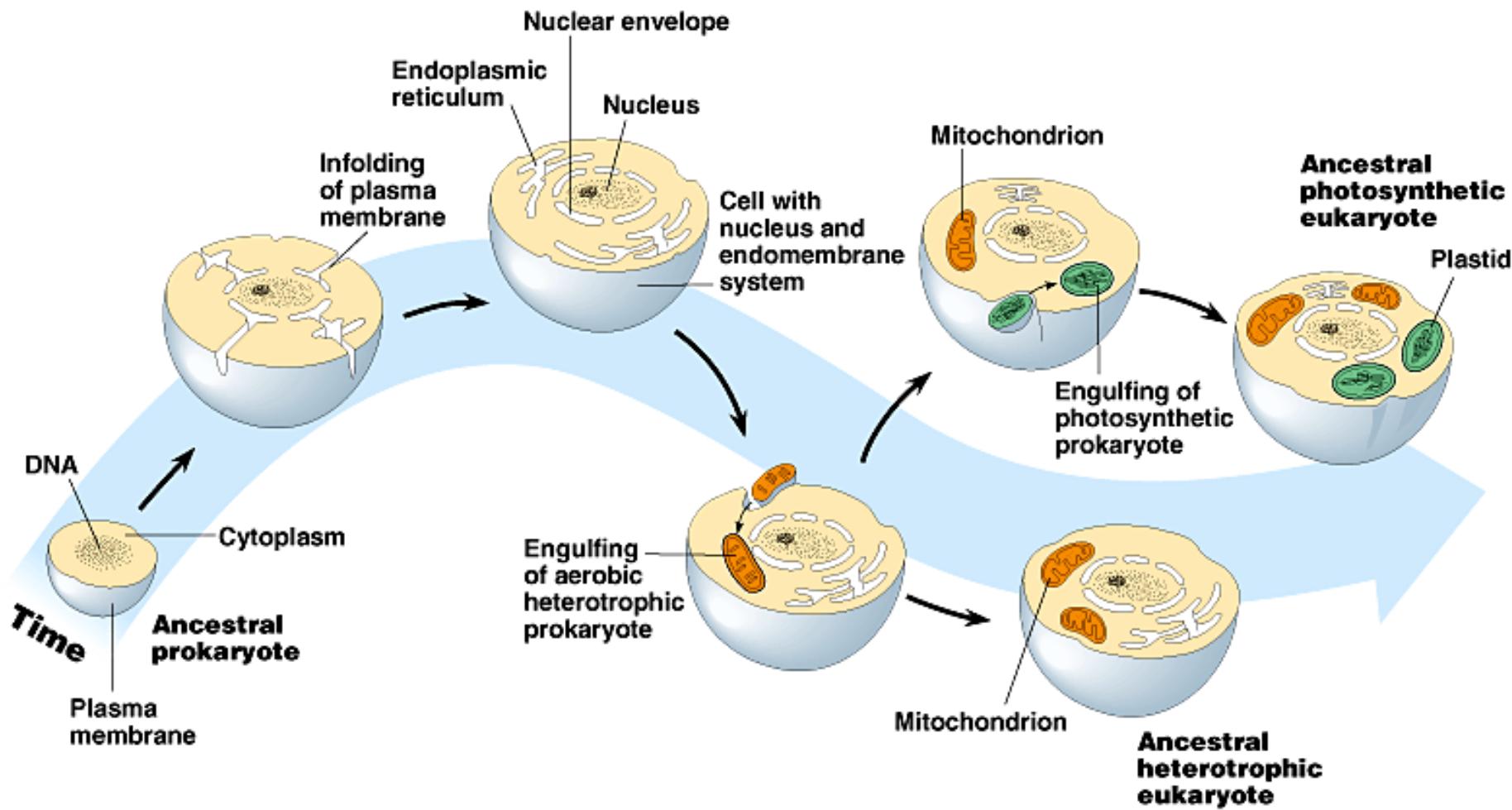
Molecular evolution and phylogeny of the *atpB-rbcL* spacer of chloroplast DNA in the true mosses

Tzen-Yuh Chiang and Barbara A. Schaal

Genome 43: 417–426 (2000)

Two universal primers, *rbcL-1* (5'-AACACCAGCTTTRAATC-CAA-3') and *atpB-1* (5'-ACATCKARTACKGGACCAATAA-3'), were developed for amplifying and sequencing the *rbcL-atpB* spacers (Chiang et al. 1998) from the sequences of *Marchantia* (Umesono et al. 1988), tobacco (Shinozaki et al. 1986), and rice (Nishizawa and Hirai 1987). The PCR amplification protocol utilized two units of Taq polymerase (New England BioLab), the Taq buffer (500 mM KCl, 100 mM Tris-HCl, pH 9.0, and 1.0% Triton X-100), 2.5 mM MgCl₂, 10 pmol of each primer, and 8 mM dNTP in 100 µL reaction. PCR amplification was carried out in 30 cycles of 94°C denaturing for 45 s, 57°C annealing for 1 min 15 s, and 72°C extension for 1 min 15 s, followed by 72°C extension for 10 min and 4°C for storing. PCR products were polyacrylamide-

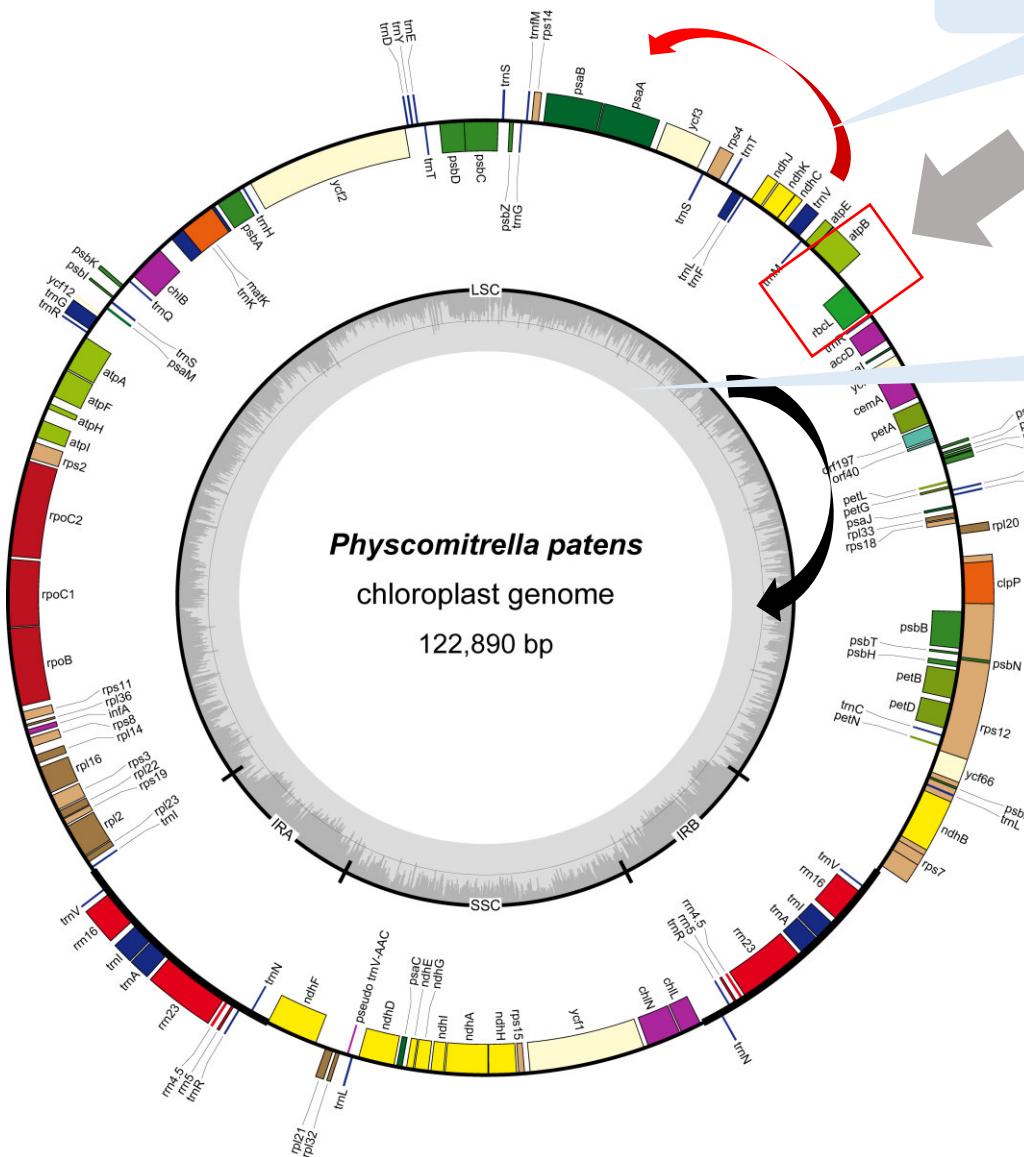
Origin of plant chloroplast genome



Copyright Pearson Education, INC., publishing as Benjamin Cummings

Physcomitrella (moss) chloroplast genome

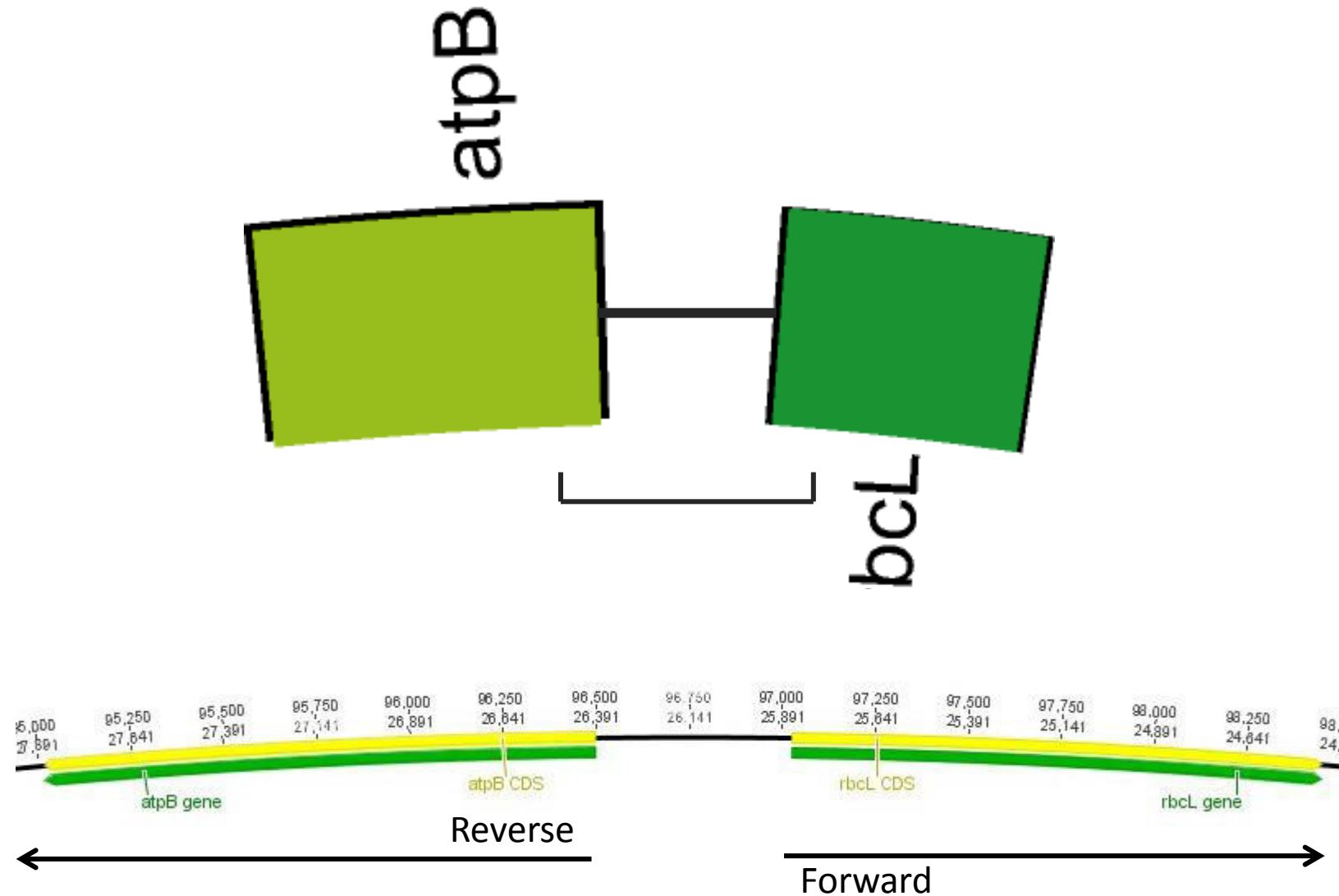
Outer genes: reverse



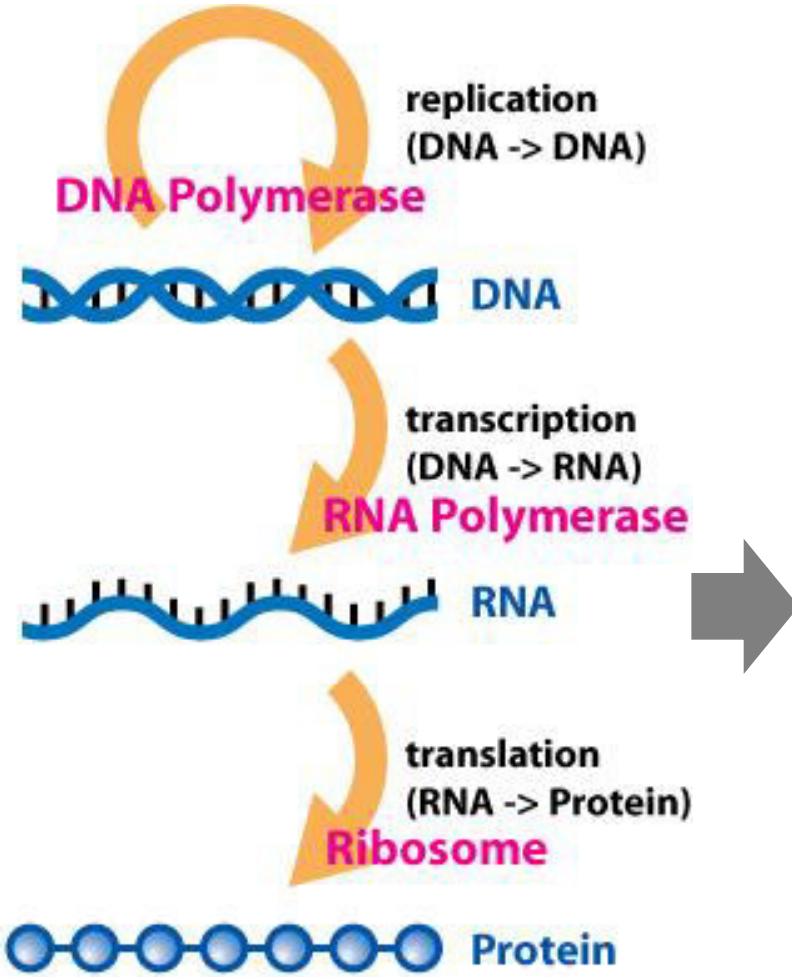
Inner genes: direct



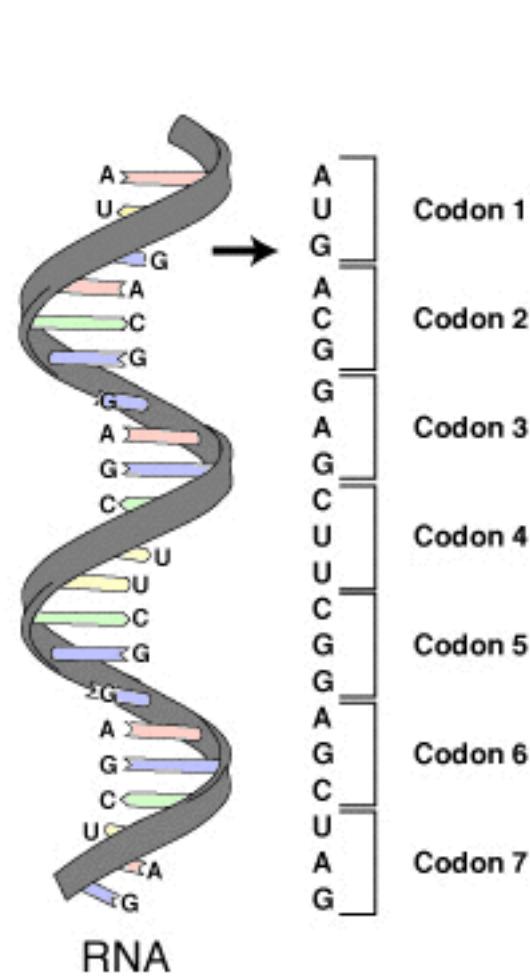
atpB-rbcL



Central dogma



Dhorspool



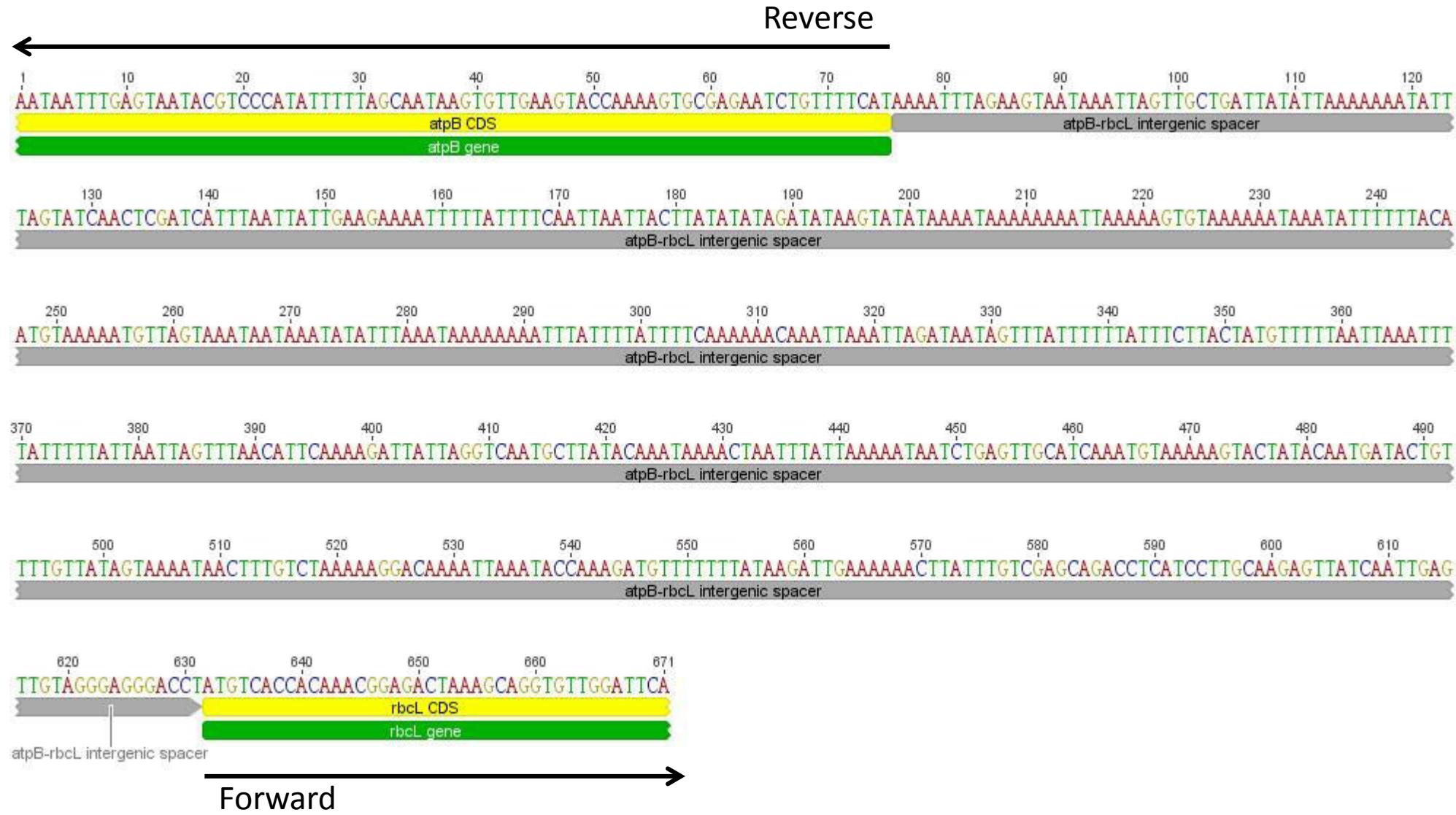
Ribonucleic acid

TransControl

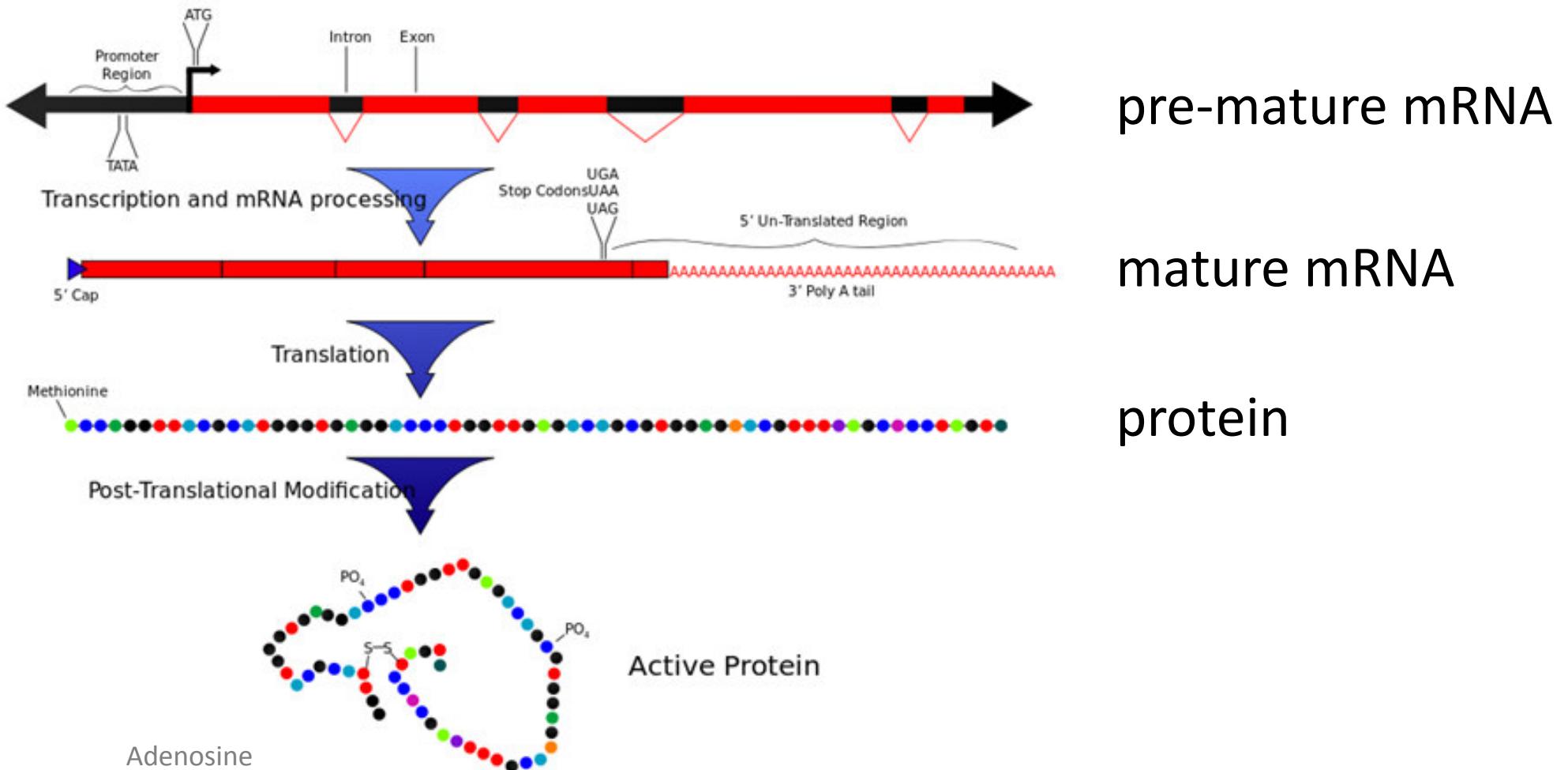
Start codons: ATG
Stop codons: TAA, TGA, TAG

U	C	A	G
UUU Phe	UCU Ser	UAU Tyr	UGU Cys
UUC	UCC	UAC	UGC
UUA Leu	UCA	UAA Stop	UGA Stop
UUG	UCG	UAG	UGG Trp
CUU Leu	CCU Pro	CAU His	CGU Arg
CUC	CCC	CAC	CGC
CUA	CCA	CAA Gln	CGA
CUG	CCG	CAG	CGG
AUU Ile	ACU Thr	AAU Asn	AGU Ser
AUC	ACC	AAC	AGC
AUA Met	ACA	AAA Lys	AGA Arg
AUG	ACG	AAG	AGG
GUU Val	GCU Ala	GAU Asp	GGU Asp
GUC	GCC	GAC	GGC
GUA	GCA	GAA Glu	GGG Gly
GUG	GCG	GAG	GGG

Plagiothecium latebricola *atpB-rbcL*



Transcription and translation a gene with intron

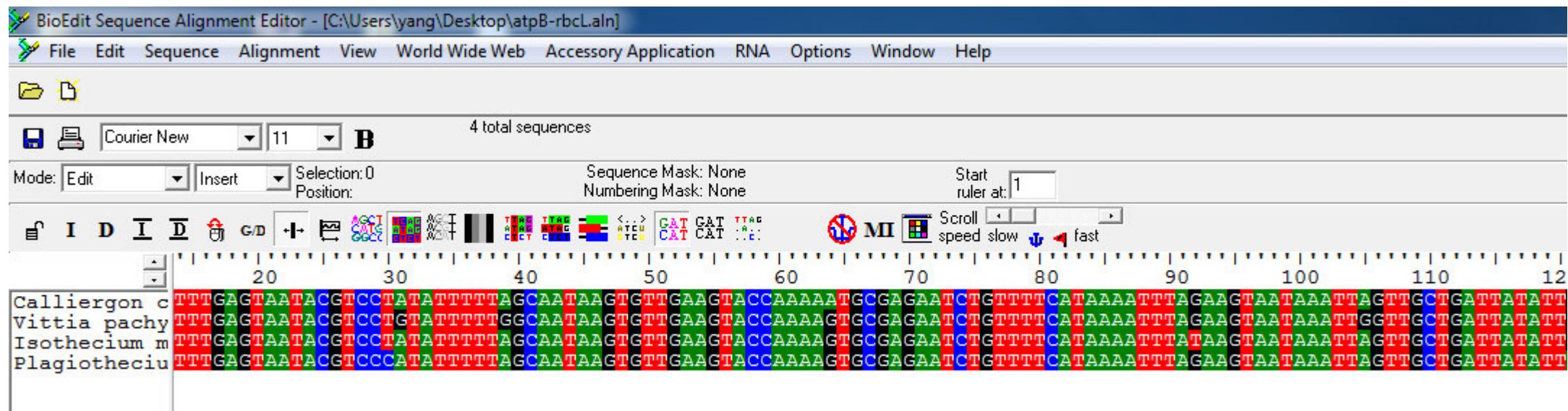


Organize sequences



- Use a text editor: WordPad, Notepad ++ (windows);
TextEdit, TextWrangler (Mac)
- One file for one gene, always include GenBank **accession number** for a sequence
- Molecular programs: [BioEdit v7.2](#), [MEGA v5](#), [PhyDE](#)

BioEdit v7.2



BioEdit v7.2

BioEdit Sequence Alignment Editor - [C:\Users\yang\Desktop\atpB-rbcL.aln]

File Edit Sequence Alignment View World Wide Web Accessory Application RNA Options Window Help

New Sequence

Edit Sequence

Select Positions

Open at cursor position

Rename

Sort

Pairwise alignment

Similarity Matrix (for pairwise alignments and shading)

Features

Sequence groups (or families)

Edit Mode

Mask

Toggle Color

Gaps

Manipulations

World Wide Web

Nucleic Acid

Protein

Translate or Reverse-Translate (permanent)

Translate in selected frame (permanent)

Toggle Translation

Ctrl+G

Dot Plot (pairwise comparison)

Start ruler at: 1

TTAG
...
60 70 80 90 100 110 1

ACCAAAAT GCGAGAA TCTGGTTTCA TAAAAATTAGAAGTAATAAAATTAGTTGCTGATTATAT
ACCAAAAGT GCGAGAA TCTGGTTTCA TAAAAATTAGAAGTAATAAAATTGGTTGCTGATTATAT
ACCAAAAGT GCGAGAA TCTGGTTTCA TAAAAATTAAAGTAATAAAATTAGTTGCTGATTATAT
ACCAAAAGT GCGAGAA TCTGGTTTCA TAAAAATTAGAAGTAATAAAATTAGTTGCTGATTATAT

Nucleotide Composition

Complement

Reverse Complement

DNA > RNA

RNA > DNA

Translate

Find next ORF

The screenshot shows the BioEdit v7.2 interface with a sequence alignment window. The 'Sequence' menu is open, displaying various options like 'New Sequence', 'Edit Sequence', and 'Pairwise alignment'. A sub-menu for 'Nucleic Acid' is also open, showing 'Complement' and 'Reverse Complement'. The 'Reverse Complement' option is circled in red. The main window displays four DNA sequences with a color-coded ruler at the top.

MEGA v5

M5: Alignment Explorer (atpB-rbcL.aln)

Data Edit Search Alignment Web Sequencer Display Help

DNA Sequences Translated Protein Sequences

Species/Abbrv

Species/Abbrv	Sequence
1. Calliergon cordifolium AY85759	-CCCAATAATTTGAGTAATAACGTCCCTATATTTTAGCAATAAGTGTTGAAAGTACCCAAAAAATGGGAGAACCTGTTCATAAAATTIAGRAAGTAAATAAA
2. Vittia pachyloma AY242357	-ATTTGAGTAATAACGTCCCTGTATTTTTGGCAATAAGTGTTGAAAGTACCCAAAAAGIGCGAGAACCTGTTCATAAAATTIAGRAAGTAAATAAA
3. Isothecium myosuroides AY66328	ACGGGACCAATAATTTGAGTAATAACGTCCCTATATTTTAGCAATAAGTGTTGAAAGTACCCAAAAAGIGCGAGAACCTGTTCATAAAATTIATAAGTAAATAAA
4. Plagiothecium latebricola KF88	-ATAATAATTGAGTAATAACGTCCCCATATTTTAGCAATAAGTGTTGAAAGTACCCAAAAAGIGCGAGAACCTGTTCATAAAATTIAGRAAGTAAATAAA
5.	*****

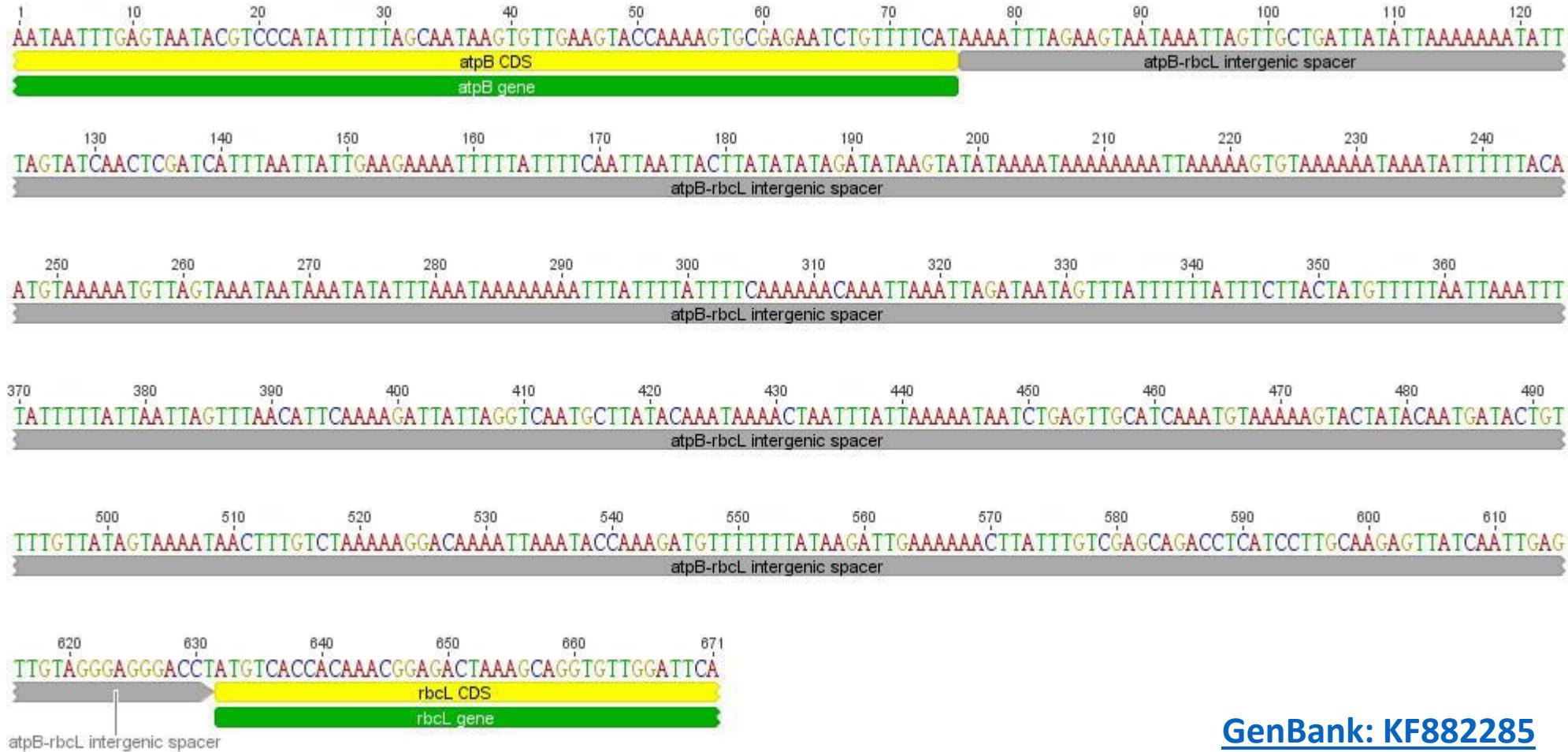


GenBank

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>

- GenBank: an open access sequence database collecting nucleotide sequences and their protein translations
- GenBank is found in 1982 by the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI), which belongs to the National Institutes of Health (NIH)
- By August 2014, GenBank has 174 million loci, 165 billion bases, and for more than 300,000 organisms
- Doubling every 18 months

Plagiothecium latebricola *atpB-rbcL*



[GenBank: KF882285](#)

Retrieving sequences from GenBank

- Search by gene and organism name
- Search by a query sequence
 - Using BLAST (Basic Local Alignment Search Tool)

Acquiring sequences from GenBank: Search by name

NCBI Resources How To

jilly2000 My NCBI Sign Out

NCBI
National Center for Biotechnology Information

Nucleotide

Search

NCBI Home

Resource List (A-Z)

All Resources

Chemicals & Bioassays

Data & Software

DNA & RNA

Domains & Structures

Genes & Expression

Genetics & Medicine

Genomes & Maps

Homology

Literature

Proteins

Sequence Analysis

Taxonomy

Training & Tutorials

Variation

Welcome to NCBI

The National Center for Biotechnology Information advances science and health by providing access to biomedical and genomic information.

[About the NCBI](#) | [Mission](#) | [Organization](#) | [Research](#) | [NCBI News](#)

Get Started

- [Tools](#): Analyze data using NCBI software
- [Downloads](#): Get NCBI data or software
- [How Tos](#): Learn how to accomplish specific tasks at NCBI
- [Submissions](#): Submit data to GenBank or other NCBI databases

Genotypes and Phenotypes

Data from Genome Wide Association studies that link genes and diseases. See study variables, protocols, and analysis.

II 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Popular Resources

PubMed

Bookshelf

PubMed Central

PubMed Health

BLAST

Nucleotide

Genome

SNP

Gene

Protein

PubChem

NCBI Announcements

NIHMS's new look streamlines the manuscript submission process

Jan 29, 2015

Today, the NIH Manuscript Submission

(<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>)

Acquiring sequences from GenBank: Search by name

NCBI Resources How To

jilly2000 My NCBI Sign Out

Nucleotide Nucleotide Plagiothecium atpB-rbcL Save search Advanced Help

Show additional filters Display Settings: Summary, 50 per page, Sorted by Default order Send to: Clipboard: 1 item Filters: Manage Filters

Results: 28

[Plagiothecium undulatum voucher CP:J. T. Wynns 2050 ATP synthase beta subunit \(atpB\) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer, complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large subunit \(rbcL\) gene, partial cds; plastid](#)
1. [\(atpB\) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer, complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large subunit \(rbcL\) gene, partial cds; plastid](#)
676 bp linear DNA
Accession: KF882295.1 GI: 610663837
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#) [PopSet](#)

[Plagiothecium succulentum voucher CP:J. T. Wynns 1965 ATP synthase beta subunit \(atpB\) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer, complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large subunit \(rbcL\) gene, partial cds; plastid](#)
2. [\(atpB\) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer, complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large subunit \(rbcL\) gene, partial cds; plastid](#)
662 bp linear DNA
Accession: KF882294.1 GI: 610663834
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#) [PopSet](#)

[Plagiothecium succulentum voucher CP:J. T. Wynns 2063 ATP synthase beta subunit \(atpB\) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer, complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large subunit \(rbcL\) gene](#)
3. [\(atpB\) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer, complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large subunit \(rbcL\) gene](#)

Results by taxon

Top Organisms [Tree]

- Plagiothecium nemorale (3)
- Plagiothecium euryphyllum (2)
- Plagiothecium curvifolium (2)
- Plagiothecium succulentum (2)
- Plagiothecium undulatum (2)
- All other taxa (17)

More...

Find related data

Database: Select

Find items

Search details

("Plagiothecium" [Organism] OR Plagiothecium [All]

Acquiring sequences from GenBank: Search by name

NCBI Resources How To

jilly2000 My NCBI Sign Out

Nucleotide Nucleotide Plagiothecium atpB-rbcL Save search Advanced Help

Show additional filters

Display Settings: Summary, 50 per page, Sorted by Default order

Send to: Clipboard: 1 item

Format Items per page Sort by

Summary 5 Default order
GenBank 10 Accession
GenBank (full) 20 Date Modified
FASTA 50 Date Released
FASTA (text) 100 Organism Name
ASN.1 200 Taxonomy ID

Re 1. Plagiothecium succulentum voucher CP:J. T. Wynns 1965 ATP synthase beta subunit (atpB) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer, complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) gene, partial cds; plastid

2. 662 bp linear DNA

Accession: KF882294.1 GI: 610663834

GenBank FASTA Graphics PopSet

Plagiothecium succulentum voucher CP:J. T. Wynns 2063 ATP synthase beta subunit (atpB) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer, complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large subunit (rbcL) gene, partial cds; plastid

Find related data Database: Select

Find items

Search details ("Plagiothecium" [Organism] OR Plagiothecium [All]

Species
Plants (28)
More ...

Molecule types
genomic DNA/RNA (28)
More ...

Source databases
GenBank (26)
More ...

Genetic compartments
Chloroplast (1)
Plastid (26)

Sequence length
Custom range...

Release date
Custom range...

Acquiring sequences from GenBank: Search by name

```
>gi|610663837|gb|KF882295.1| Plagiothecium undulatum voucher CP:J. T. Wynns 2050
ATP synthase beta subunit (atpB) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer,
complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large
subunit (rbcL) gene, partial cds; plastid
TGAGTAATACGTCTATTTAGCAATAAGTGGAAAGTACCAAAAGTCGCGAGAATCTGTTTCATA
AAATTAGAAGTAATAAATTAGTTGCTGATTATATTAAAAAAATTTAGTATCAACTCGATCATTAAAT
TATTGAAGAAAAAAATTATTTCAATTAAATTACTTATATAGATATAAGTATATAAAATAAAAAAAATT
AAAAAGTGTAAAGAAATAAATGAAATAAATTTTACAATCTAAAATATTAGTAAATAATAAATAT
ATTTAAATAAAAATTTTATTTCAAAAAATAATTAAATTAGATAATAGTTTTTTTATT
CTTACTATGTTTAATTAAAATTTTATTAAATTAGTTAACATTCAAAAGATTATTAGGTCAAT
GCTTATACAAATAAAACTCATTTATTAAAATAATTGAGTTGCATCAAATGTAAAAAGACTATACAAT
GATACTGTTGTATAGTAAATAACTTGTCTAAAAAAGACAAAATTAAACCAAAAGATGTTTTT
ATAAGATTGAAAAAAACTTATTGTCGAGCAGACCTCATCCTGCAAGAGTTATCAATTGAGTTGTAGGGA
GGGACCTATGTCACCACAAACGGAGACTAAAGCAGGTGTTGGATT

>gi|610663834|gb|KF882294.1| Plagiothecium succulentum voucher CP:J. T. Wynns 1965
ATP synthase beta subunit (atpB) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer,
complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large
subunit (rbcL) gene, partial cds; plastid
TGAGTAATACGTCTATTTAGCAATAAGTGGAAAGTACCAAAAGTCGCGAGAATCTGTTTCATAA
AATTAGAAGTAATAAATTAGTTGCTGATTATATTAAAAAAATTTAGTATCAACTCGATCATTAAATT
ATTGAAGAAAAAAATTATTTCAATTAAATTACTTATATAGATATAAGTATATAAAATAAAAAAAATT
AAAAGTGTAAAAAAATAAATTTTACAATCTAAAATATTAAATAATAAAATATTTAAATAAAAA
AATTTTATTATTAAATTAAATTAAATTAGATAATAGTTATTTTTATTCTTACTATGTT
TTAATTAAATTATTATTAAATTAGTTAACATTCAAAGATTATTAGGTCAATGCTTATACAAT
AAAACTCATTATTAAATAATCTGAGTTGCATCAAATGTAAAAAAACTATACAATGATACTGTTT
TTATAGTAAATAACTTGTCTAAAAAAGACAAAATTAAACCAAAAGATGTTTTTATAAGATTGAAA
AAACTTATTGTCGAGCAGACCTCATCCTGCAAGAGTTATCAATTGAGTTGTAGGGAGGGACCTATGTC
ACCACAAACGGAGACTAAAGCAGGTGTTGGAT

>gi|610663831|gb|KF882293.1| Plagiothecium succulentum voucher CP:J. T. Wynns 2063
ATP synthase beta subunit (atpB) gene, partial cds; atpB-rbcL intergenic spacer,
complete sequence; and ribulose-1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase large
subunit (rbcL) gene, partial cds; plastid
TTTGAGTAATACGTCTATTTAGCAATAAGTGGAAAGTACCAAAAGTCGCGAGAATCTGTTTC
AAAAATTAGAAGTAATAAATTAGTTGCTGATTATATTAAAAAAATTTAGTATCAACTCGATCATT
ATTATTGAAGAAAAATTATTTCAATTAAATTACTTATATAGATATAAGTATATAAAATAAAAAAA
TTAAAAGTGTAAAAAAATAAATTTTACAATCTAAAATATTAAATAATAAAATATTTAAATA
AAAATTTTATTAAATTAAATTAAATTAGATAATAGTTATTTTTATTCTTACTAT
TTTTTAATTAAATTAAATTAGTTAACATTCAAAGATTATTAGGTCAATGCTTATACA
AAACTTATTGTCGAGCAGACCTCATCCTGCAAGAGTTATCAATTGAGTTGTAGGGAGGGACCTATGTC
```

Retrieving sequences from GenBank

- Search by gene and organism name
- Search by a query sequence
 - Using BLAST (Basic Local Alignment Search Tool)

Acquiring sequences from GenBank: BLAST

BLAST® Basic Local Alignment Search Tool My NCBI ?
Home Recent Results Saved Strategies Help Welcome jilly2000. [Sign Out]

► NCBI/ BLAST Home
BLAST finds regions of similarity between biological sequences. [more...](#)

New DELTA-BLAST, a more sensitive protein-protein search [Go](#)

BLAST Assembled Genomes

Find Genomic BLAST pages:
Enter organism name or id—completions will be suggested [GO](#)

[Human](#) [Rabbit](#) [Zebrafish](#)
 [Mouse](#) [Chimp](#) [Clawed frog](#)
 [Rat](#) [Guinea pig](#) [Arabidopsis](#)
 [Cow](#) [Fruit fly](#) [Rice](#)
 [Pig](#) [Honey bee](#) [Yeast](#)
 [Dog](#) [Chicken](#) [Microbes](#)

Basic BLAST

Choose a BLAST program to run.

nucleotide blast	Search a nucleotide database using a nucleotide query <i>Algorithms:</i> blastn, megablast, discontiguous megablast
protein blast	Search protein database using a protein query <i>Algorithms:</i> blastp, psi-blast, phi-blast, delta-blast
blastx	Search protein database using a translated nucleotide query
tblastn	Search translated nucleotide database using a protein query
tblastx	Search translated nucleotide database using a translated nucleotide query

Your Recent Results New!
[All Recent results...](#)

News

MOLE-BLAST
MOLE-BLAST is a new tool to classify multiple query sequences and discover their relationship to each other.
Thu, 29 Jan 2015 10:00:00 EST
[More BLAST news...](#)

Tip of the Day
[How to Search Custom Databases in Web-Blast Using Entrez Queries.](#)
A powerful feature of the BLAST Web interface is the ability to limit BLAST searches to a subset of any database using a standard Entrez query.
[More tips...](#)

Acquiring sequences from GenBank: BLAST

Basic Local Alignment Search Tool

NCBI/BLAST/blastn suite

Standard Nucleotide BLAST

BLASTN programs search nucleotide databases using a nucleotide query. [more...](#)

Enter Query Sequence

Enter accession number(s), gi(s), or FASTA sequence(s) [Clear](#)

Query subrange [?](#)

From
To

Or, upload file [Browse...](#) [?](#)

Job Title

Enter a descriptive title for your BLAST search [?](#)

Align two or more sequences [?](#)

Choose Search Set

Database Human genomic + transcript Mouse genomic + transcript Others (nr etc.) [?](#)

Nucleotide collection (nr/nt) [?](#)

Organism [Optional](#)

Enter organism name or id—completions will be suggested Exclude [+](#)
Enter organism common name, binomial, or tax id. Only 20 top taxa will be shown [?](#)

Exclude [Optional](#)

Models (XM/XP) Uncultured/environmental sample sequences

Limit to [Optional](#)

Sequences from type material

Entrez Query [Optional](#)

[YouTube](#) [Create custom database](#)
Enter an Entrez query to limit search [?](#)

Program Selection

Optimize for Highly similar sequences (megablast)
 More dissimilar sequences (discontiguous megablast)
 Somewhat similar sequences (blastn)

Choose a BLAST algorithm [?](#)

BLAST

Search database Nucleotide collection (nr/nt) using Blastn (Optimize for somewhat similar sequences)

Show results in a new window

[Algorithm parameters](#)

- **blastn**

Search nucleotide database by nucleotide query

- **blastp**

Search protein database by protein query

- **blastx**

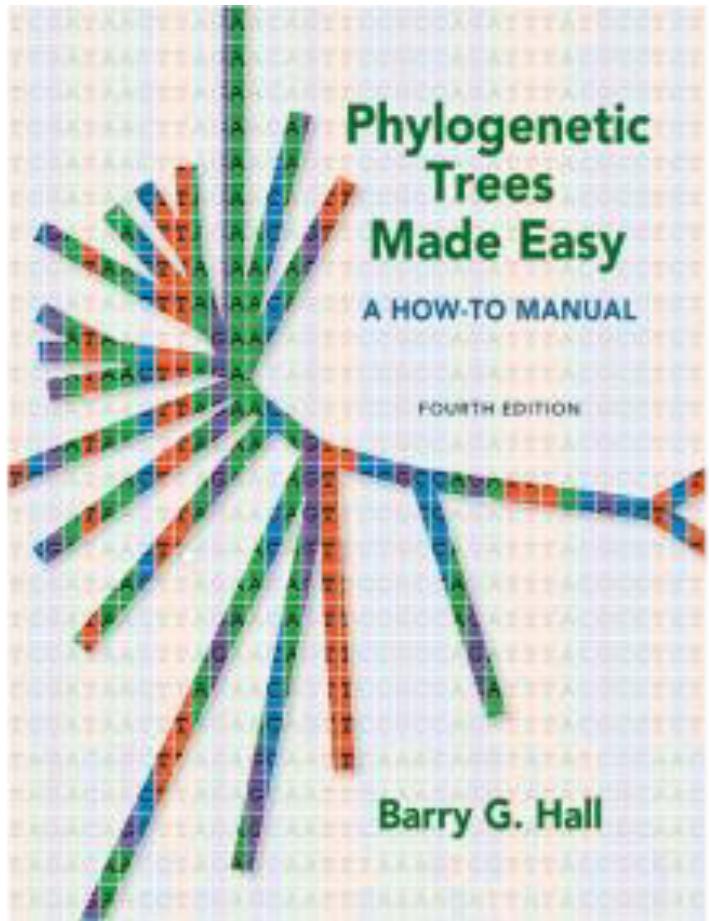
Search protein database by translated nucleotide query

- **tblastn**

Search translated nucleotide database by protein query

- **tblastx**

Search translated nucleotide database by translated nucleotide query



Barry G. Hall
Phylogenetic Trees Made Easy: A How-To Manual
Sinauer Associates, Inc.; Fourth edition (April 30, 2011)

Table of Contents:

1. Read Me First
2. Tutorial: Estimate a Tree
3. Acquiring the Sequences
4. Aligning the Sequences
5. Major Methods for Estimating Phylogenetic Trees
6. Neighbor Joining Trees
7. Drawing Phylogenetic Trees
8. Parsimony
9. Maximum Likelihood
10. Bayesian Inference of Trees using MrBayes
11. Working with Various Computer Platforms
12. Advanced Alignment using GUIDANCE
13. Reconstructing Ancestral Sequences
14. Detecting Adaptive Evolution
15. Phylogenetic Networks
16. Some Final Advice: Learn to Program