

SERIES 35 PTO AIR COMPRESSOR OPERATORS, MAINTENANCE, AND PARTS MANUAL

OPERATORS AND PARTS MANUAL

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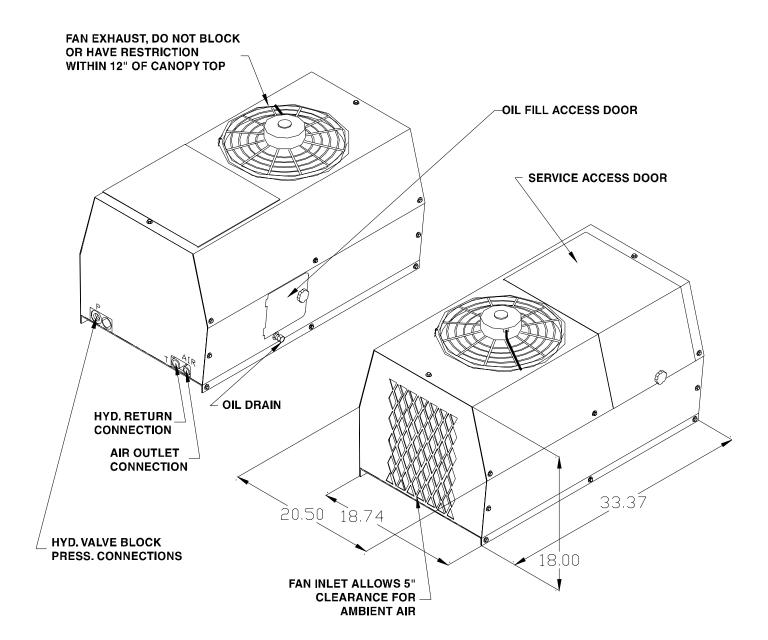
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REVISION LIST

DATE	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
20020425	PG 38-40	ECN 8897 - ADDED COLD WEATHER START INSTRUCTIONS
		RMV WARRANTY SECTION - REPLACED W/IMT WARRANTY MANUAL
20030131	PG 6	ADDED SUB-ZERO TEMPERATURE OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS
20030718	PG 17	ADDED OIL SUMP CAPACITY
	PG 42	ADDED IMT COMPRESSOR OIL IN SPARE PARTS LIST
20070329	COVER	UPDATED OWNERSHIP STATEMENT
20120619	29-30	UPDATED CANOPY DRAWING

IMT 35-175 ROTARY SCREW COMPRESSOR SPECIFICATIONS



	C.I	C.F.M. @ 100 PSIG		
	20	20 25 30 35		
H.P.	5.5	6.4	7.5	9.0
C□MPR. R.P.M.	3850	4650	5650	6400
HYD. MTR. R.P.M.	1925	2325	2825	3200
HYD. MTR. G.P.M	7.5	9.0	11.0	12.4
HYD. MTR. P.S.I.	1436	1382	1337	1413
HYD. MTR. TORQUE	189″#	182″#	176″#	186″#

	C.I	M. @	150 P	SIG
	20 25 30 35			35
H.P.	6.6	8.1	9.5	12.2
COMPR. R.P.M.	3900	4800	5750	6625
HYD. MTR. R.P.M.	1950	2400	2875	3312
HYD. MTR. G.P.M	7.6	9.3	11.2	12.9
HYD. MTR. P.S.I.	1702	1694	1664	1853
HYD. MTR. TORQUE	224"#	223″#	219"#	244"#

	C.I	M. @	175 P	SIG
	20	25	30	35
H.P.	7.8	9.3	11.5	13.0
C□MPR. R.P.M.	4050	4950	5875	6800
HYD. MTR. R.P.M.	2025	2475	2937	3400
HYD. MTR. G.P.M	7.9	9.6	11.4	13.2
HYD. MTR. P.S.I.	1937	1891	1967	1922
HYD. MTR. TORQUE	255″#	249″#	259″#	253″#

HYDRAULIC MOTOR FLOW AND PRESSURE ARE THEORETICAL AND WILL VARY WITH DIFFERENT HYDRAULIC DRIVE SYSTEMS MI0022

SAFETY

WARNING

ALL UNITS ARE SHIPPED WITH A DETAILED OPERATORS AND PARTS MANUAL. THIS MANUAL CONTAINS VITAL INFORMATION FOR THE SAFE USE AND EFFICIENT OPERATION OF THIS UNIT. CAREFULLY READ THE OPERATORS MANUAL BEFORE STARTING THE UNIT. FAILURE TO ADHERE TO THE INSTRUCTIONS COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS BODILY INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

AIR COMPRESSOR SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Safety is basically common sense. While there are standard safety rules, each situation has its own peculiarities that cannot always be covered by rules. Therefore with your experience and common sense, you are in a position to ensure your safety. Lack of attention to safety can result in: accidents, personal injury, reduction of efficiency and worst of all - Loss of Life. Watch for safety hazards. Correct them promptly. Use the following safety precautions as a general guide to safe operation:

Do not attempt to remove any compressor parts without first relieving the entire system of pressure.

Do not attempt to service any part while machine is operating.

DANGER

CHECK THE COMPRESSOR SUMP OIL LEVEL ONLY WHEN THE COMPRESSOR IS NOT OPERATING AND SYSTEM IS COMPLETELY RELIEVED OF PRESSURE. OPEN SERVICE VALVE TO ENSURE RELIEF OF SYSTEM AIR PRESSURE WHEN PERFORMING MAINTENANCE ON COMPRESSOR AIR/OIL SYSTEM. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS WARNING MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO PROPERTY AND SERIOUS BODILY HARM.

Do not operate the compressor at pressure or speed in excess of its rating as indicated in "Compressor Specifications".

Periodically check all safety devices for proper operation.

Do not play with compressed air. Pressurized air can cause serious injury to personnel.

SAFETY

Do not install a shut-off valve between the compressor and compressor oil sump.

DANGER

DO NOT USE IMT COMPRESSOR SYSTEMS TO PROVIDE BREATHING AIR. SUCH USAGE, WHETHER SUPPLIED IMMEDIATELY FROM THE COMPRESSOR SOURCE, OR SUPPLIED TO BREATHING TANKS FOR SUBSEQUENT USE, CAN CAUSE SERIOUS BODILY INJURY.

IMT DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL LIABILITIES FOR DAMAGE FOR LOSS DUE TO PERSONAL INJURIES, INCLUDING DEATH, AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE INCLUDING CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY IMT COMPRESSORS USED TO SUPPLY BREATHING AIR.

Do not disconnect or bypass safety circuit system.

Do not install safety devices other than authorized IMT replacement devices.

Close all openings and replace all covers and guards before operating compressor unit.

Tools, rags, or loose parts must not be left on the compressor anywhere near drive belts and pulleys.

Do not use flammable solvents for cleaning parts.

Keep combustibles out of and away from the Compressor and any associated enclosures.

The owner, lessor, or operator of the Compressor are hereby notified and forewarned that any failure to observe these safety precautions may result in damage or injury.

IMT expressly disclaims responsibility or liability for any injury or damage caused by failure to observe these specified precautions or by failure to exercise that ordinary caution and due care required when operating or handling the Compressor, even though not expressly specified above.

SUB-ZERO TEMPERATURE OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

CAUTION

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE SUB-ZERO TEMPERATURE OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS BELOW. DO NOT OPERATE COMPRESSOR WITH THE OIL TEMPERATURE BELOW 0° F.

Sub-Zero Operation

For IMT rotary screw compressors (both shaft driven and hydraulically driven) sub-zero temperature operation is defined as operation of the compressor when the oil temperature is below 0° F. It is possible to operate an IMT rotary screw compressor when the **ambient** temperature is below 0° F, but only by adhering to the following guidelines:

Maintenance Requirements

If the IMT rotary screw compressor is expected to operate at temperatures below 0° F, the oil filter, coalescer, air filter, and oil should be changed before the compressor is ran in sub-zero temperatures (ex: late fall, but this may vary by location and environment). Performing this maintenance will improve the performance of the system during sub-zero temperature operation. Use only IMT approved rotary screw compressor oils and filters.

Storage Requirements

The IMT rotary screw compressor should be stored at or above 0° F. If the ambient temperature is below 0° F the vehicle should be stored inside, preferably in a heated environment. After moving the vehicle from the heated environment, the compressor system should be operated for 15 minutes before proceeding to a job site. During this time, the service valve must be slightly ajar, such that the pressure gauge reads between 100 and 140 psi. This ensures that the oil temperature has had adequate time to come up to operating temperature, and that most of the water in the system has been removed. This will allow for approximately one hour of travel time before the oil cools to ambient temperature. If an extended driving time is expected, the operator may need to stop driving and run the system for 15 minutes every hour to ensure that the oil temperature does not cool to below 0° F. The operator should use his/her judgment when deciding what interval is needed between running the compressor to warm the oil. Lower ambient temperature will require more frequent warming of the compressor oil.

Failure to Follow Maintenance & Storage Requirements

At temperatures below 0° F, failure to follow the above guidelines may result overheating of the compressor due to the oil's inability to circulate through the compressor system. The lack of circulation leads to rapid warming of the compressor air end, and eventually the compressor air end will exceed the maximum operating temperature. If the system shuts down due to high temperature during sub-zero temperature operation, the oil will need to be warmed before restarting. This may require moving the vehicle to a heated location or waiting for the ambient temperature (and therefore the oil temperature) to exceed 0° F.

CAUTION

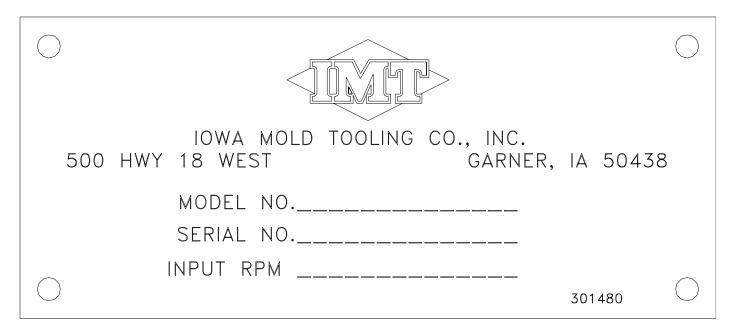
FAILURE TO ADHERE TO THESE GUIDELINES, AND REPEATED RUNNING OF THE COMPRESSOR TO HIGH TEMPERATURE SHUTDOWN, MAY RESULT IN PERMANENT DAMAGE TO THE AIR END.

SAFETY

A compliment of warning decals is supplied with each unit. These decals must be affixed to the vehicle after it has been painted, trimmed, and undercoated, etc., and prior to being put into service. The decals shall be placed so as to be clearly visible to the user and service personnel.







SAFETY



Read the operators manual before starting this unit.
Failure to adhere to instructions can result in severe personal injury.
Replacement manuals can be purchased from: lowa Mold Tooling Co., Inc. 500 Hwy 18 West Garner, IA 50438

300039001

COMPRESSOR FLUID FILL

USE IMT ROTARY SCREW COMPRESSOR
FLUID ONLY.

- CHECK FLUID LEVEL DAILY WITH TRUCK OFF AND PARKED ON LEVEL GROUND.
- 2. MAXIMUM FLUID LEVEL IS AT THE BOTTOM OF FILL PLUG CASTING THREADS.
- 3. MINIMUM FLUID LEVEL IS 1/2"
 BELOW BOTTOM OF FILL PLUG
 CASTING THREADS(1/2" BELOW MAX)

301484

DRIVE COUPLING IN
ROTATION DURING
COMPRESSOR OPERATION.
DO NOT RUN COMPRESSOR
WITH CANOPY OFF.

301442

COMPRESSOR TERMINOLOGY

AIR/OIL COALESCER - Performs second stage separation of oil from compressed air feeding air tools. Sometimes referred to as the separator element.

CFM - Refers to the volume of compressed air being produced expressed as cubic feet of air per minute.

OIL SUMP - The first stage of oil separation from compressed air. Also serves as reservoir area for compressor lubricant and sometimes referred to as the receiver tank.

PSI - Refers to the operating pressure the system is set up at, expressed as pounds per square inch.

SAFETY VALVE - A valve located on the oil sump which opens in case of excessive pressure. Sometimes referred to as the pop-off or pressure relief valve.

SHUTDOWN SWITCH - Works in conjunction with a temperature switch, sending a signal to stop the compressor power source in cases of high temperature.

SIDE MOUNT PTO - Power take off gearbox that bolts to the side of the transmission. The PTO input gear meshes with one of the gears in the vehicle's transmission. The rotation developed by the engine drives the transmission which turns the PTO gear box and powers the hydraulic pump.

HYDRAULIC MOTOR - Motor that drives compressor through a belt driven system.

DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENTS

COMPRESSOR ASSEMBLY

The IMT Series 35 PTO compressor assembly is a positive displacement, oil flooded, rotary screw type unit employing one stage of compression to achieve the desired pressure. Components include a housing (stator) with integral oil sump, two screws (rotors), bearings, and bearing supports. Power from the hydraulic motor is transferred through a belt drive system to the male rotor, which in turn drives the female rotor.

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

In operation, two helical grooved rotors mesh to compress air. Inlet air is trapped as the male lobes roll down the female grooves, pushing trapped air along, compressing it until it reaches the discharge port in the end of the stator and delivers smooth-flowing, pulse-free air to the receiver.

During the compression cycle, oil is injected into the compressor and serves these purposes:

- 1. Lubricates the rotating parts and bearings.
- 2. Serves as a cooling agent for the compressed air.
- 3. Seals the running clearances.

LUBRICATION SYSTEM

Oil from the integral sump is directed through the thermal bypass valve. The bypass valve directs oil through the oil cooler during hot operation then back to the oil filter built into the compressor housing. During cold operation oil is sent directly back to the filter compressor port.

OIL SUMP

Compressed, oil-laden air enters the sump from the compressor. As the oil-laden air enters the sump, most of the oil is separated from the air. The oil accumulates at the bottom of the sump for recirculation. However, some small droplets of oil remain suspended in the air and are passed on to the coalescer.

DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENTS

SAFETY VALVE

The pop safety valve is set at 200 PSI and is located at the top of the integral air/oil sump. This valve acts as a backup to protect the system from excessive pressure that might result from a malfunction.

AIR/OIL COALESCER

The coalescer is self-contained within a spin-on housing and is mounted to the discharge housing. When air is demanded at the service line, it passes through the coalescer, which efficiently provides the final stage of oil separation.

MINIMUM PRESSURE VALVE

The minimum pressure valve is located directly under the coalescing element and serves to maintain a minimum discharge pressure of 80 PSIG in operation, which is required to assure adequate compressor lubrication pressure..

OIL FILTER

The compressor oil filter is the full-flow replaceable element type and has a safety bypass built into it.

COMPRESSOR COOLING SYSTEM

The compressor cooling system consists of an oil cooler, electric fan motor, and fan. The fan/cooler package is self-contained in an aerodynamically designed housing.

An automated thermostatic control system maintains a temperature check of the lubricant. A continuous running fan/cooler package forces ambient air over the cooler fins ensuring a proper operating temperature.

ELECTRICAL AND SAFETY CIRCUIT SYSTEM

The Series 35 unit is supplied with an electric fan motor and a high temperature shutdown switch. The high temperature shutdown switch will shut unit down in cases of high discharge temperature. Power supply harness is included and only a 12 VDC power supply and ground is needed for electrical connections.

DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENTS

AUTOMATIC BLOW DOWN VALVE

A blow down valve is located at the downstream side of the regulator manifold and will automatically bleed the sump to zero pressure when the compressor is disengaged.

Blow down time interval takes between 30 to 60 seconds. Compressor reengagement can not occur until blow down cycle is complete.

CONTROL SYSTEM

The prime component of the compressor control system includes the compressor inlet valve. The control system is designed to match air supply to air demand and to prevent excessive discharge pressure when compressor has no demand. Control of air delivery is accomplished by the inlet valve regulation.

DISCHARGE PRESSURE REGULATOR VALVE

This valve, located on the compressor unit is used to set the desired discharge pressure within the operating pressure range. Turning the regulator screw clockwise increases the working pressure, a counterclockwise movement of the screw reduces the working pressure. The system has a maximum operating pressure of 175 lbs.

NOTE: Most air tool operating pressure range is between 90 and 125 psi. Operating above the tools recommended pressures will decrease the life of the tool. Higher operating pressure can also over torque nut and bolts fatiguing the fastener and mating parts. Strictly adhere to tool operating pressures and torque standards set forth by the tool manufacturer and the specifications of the equipment that work is being performed on.

INLET VALVE

The compressor inlet valve is a piston operated disc valve that has a dual function of regulating the inlet opening to control capacity and serving as a check valve at shutdown.

DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENTS

CONTROL SYSTEM OPERATION

The following discussion explains the operation of the control system from a condition of "no load" to a condition of "full capacity" at working pressure. For the working pressure range of your machine, refer to applicable data in "Specifications".

The pressure regulator, mounted on the regulator manifold, operates as follows:

- 1. As the demand for air decreases, the receiver pressure rises. When this pressure exceeds the set point of the pressure regulator, the regulator opens sending a secondary pressure signal to the inlet valve. The poppet valve moves towards the valve inlet against the force of the modulating spring inside the valve. This regulates the opening area of the inlet valve.
- 2. If the air demand goes to zero, (service valve closed or air deadheaded at tool) the inlet valve will close completely.
- 3. As the demand for air increases, the secondary pressure signal to the inlet valve is removed and the inlet valve poppet modulates to full open.

INSPECTION, LUBRICATION, AND MAINTENANCE

This section contains instructions for performing the inspection, lubrication, and maintenance procedures required to maintain the compressor in proper operating condition. The importance of performing the maintenance described herein cannot be over emphasized.

The periodic maintenance procedures to be performed on the equipment covered by this manual are listed below. It should be understood that the intervals between inspections specified are maximum interval. More frequent inspections should be made if the unit is operating in a dusty environment, in high ambient temperature, or in other unusual conditions. A planned program of periodic inspection and maintenance will help avoid premature failure and costly repairs. Daily visual inspections should become a routine.

The LUBRICATION AND MAINTENANCE CHART lists serviceable items on this compressor package. The items are listed according to their frequency of maintenance, followed by those items which need only "As Required" maintenance.

The maintenance time intervals are expressed in hours. The hourmeter shows the total number of hours your compressor has run. Use the total number of hours run for determining your maintenance schedules. Perform the maintenance at multiple intervals of the hours shown. For example, when 100 hours has elapsed all items listed under "EVERY 10 HOURS" should be serviced for the tenth time, and all items under "EVERY 50 HOURS" should be serviced for the second time, and so on.

DANGER

COMPRESSOR MUST BE SHUT DOWN AND COMPLETELY RELIEVED OF PRESSURE PRIOR TO CHECKING FLUID LEVELS. OPEN SERVICE VALVE TO ENSURE RELIEF OF SYSTEM AIR PRESSURE. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS WARNING MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO PROPERTY AND SERIOUS BODILY HARM.

LUBRICATION AND MAINTENANCE CHART

INTERVAL	ACTION
PERIODICALLY DURING OPERATION	1. Note any change from the NORMAL reading and determine the cause. Have necessary repairs made. (Note: "NORMAL" is the usual operating conditions on a day to day basis.)
EVERY 10 HOURS OR DAILY	1. Check compressor oil level. 2. Check air filter. Pressure drop indicator while compressor is operating. 3. Check for oil and leaks. 4. Check safety circuit switches. NOTE: After first 10 hours of operation check belt tension and adjust.
EVERY 25 HOURS OR MONTHLY	1. Drain water from compressor oil.
EVERY 100 HOURS	1. Check belt tension.
EVERY 500 HOURS OR 6 MONTHS	 Change compressor oil and oil filter. Check compressor shaft seal for leakage. Check air filter piping, fitting, and clamps. Check compressor supports. Install new air filter element. (Shorter interval may be necessary under dusty conditions.) Check sump safety valve. Check belt tension.
EVERY 1000 HOURS	1. Change coalescing element.
PERIODICALLY OR AS REQUIRED	Inspect and clean air filter element. Inspect and replace spin-on coalescer element if necessary. Inspect and clean oil cooler fins.

LUBRICANT RECOMMENDATIONS

WARNING

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT THE COMPRESSOR OIL BE OF A RECOMMENDED TYPE AND THAT THIS OIL AS WELL AS THE AIR FILTER, OIL FILTER, AND COALESCER ELEMENTS BE INSPECTED AND REPLACED AS STATED IN THIS MANUAL.

THE COMBINATION OF A COALESCER ELEMENT LOADED WITH DIRT AND OXIDIZED OIL PRODUCTS TOGETHER WITH INCREASED AIR VELOCITY AS A RESULT OF THIS CLOGGED CONDITION MAY PRODUCE A CRITICAL POINT WHILE THE MACHINE IS IN OPERATION WHERE IGNITION CAN TAKE PLACE AND COULD CAUSE A FIRE IN THE OIL SUMP.

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THIS WARNING MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO PROPERTY AND SERIOUS BODILY HARM.

The following are general characteristics for IMT rotary screw lubricant. Due to the impossibility of establishing limits on all physical and chemical properties of lubricants which can affect their performance in the compressor over a broad range of environmental influences, the responsibility for recommending and consistently furnishing a suitable heavy duty lubricant must rest with the individual supplier if they choose not to use the recommended IMT rotary screw lubricant. The lubricant supplier's recommendation must, therefore, be based upon not only the following general characteristics, but also upon his own knowledge of the suitability of the recommended lubricant in PTO helical screw type air compressors operating in the particular environment involved. The owner of this equipment should contact the factory if IMT rotary screw lubricant is not used as supplied with this equipment.

CAUTION

MIXING DIFFERENT TYPES OR BRANDS OF LUBRICANTS IS NOT RECOMMENDED DUE TO THE POSSIBILITY OF A DILUTION OF THE ADDITIVES OR A REACTION BETWEEN ADDITIVES OF DIFFERENT TYPES.

IMT 'Cool Blue' rotary screw lubricant shipped with your kit contains additives for rust, corrosion and anti-wear inhibitors. Use of any other lubricant is not recommended and may forfeit the warranty.

LUBRICANT RECOMMENDATIONS

LUBRICANT CHARACTERISTICS

- 1. Flash point 400°F minimum.
- 2. Pour point -40°F.
- 3. Contains rust and corrosion inhibitors.
- 4. Contains foam suppressors.
- 5. Contains oxidation stabilizer.

NOTE

DUE TO ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS THE USEFUL LIFE OF ALL "EXTENDED LIFE" LUBRICANTS MAY BE SHORTER THAN QUOTED BY THE LUBRICANT SUPPLIER. IMT ENCOURAGES THE USER TO CLOSELY MONITOR THE LUBRICANT CONDITION AND TO PARTICIPATE IN AN OIL ANALYSIS PROGRAM WITH THE SUPPLIER.

NOTE

NO LUBRICANT, HOWEVER GOOD AND/OR EXPENSIVE, CAN REPLACE PROPER MAINTENANCE AND ATTENTION. SELECT AND USE IT WISELY.

COMPRESSOR OIL SUMP FILL, LEVEL, AND DRAIN

Before adding or changing compressor oil make sure that the sump is completely relieved of pressure. Oil is added at the fill cap on the side of the receiver/sump. A drain plug is provided at the bottom of the sump. The proper oil level, when unit is shut down and has had time to settle, is at the midpoint of the oil sightglass. The truck must be level when checking the oil. DO NOT OVERFILL. The oil sump capacity is 5.5 Quarts.

MAINTENANCE

If some of the maintenance intervals in the schedule outlined in this manual seem to be rather short, it should be considered that one hour's operation of a compressor is equal to about 40 road miles on an engine. Thus, eight hours operation is equal to 320 road miles, 250 hours is equal to 10,000 road miles, etc.

AIR INTAKE FILTER

The air intake filter is a heavy-duty two-stage dry type high efficiency filter designed to protect the compressor from dust and foreign objects.

Frequency of maintenance of the filter depends on dust conditions at the operating site. The filter element must be serviced when clogged (maximum pressure drop for proper operation is 15" H2O). (If so equipped.)

AIR/OIL COALESCER

The air/oil coalescer employs an element permanently housed within a spin-on canister. This is a single piece unit that requires replacement when it fails to remove the oil from the discharge air. Dirty oil clogs the element and increases the pressure drop across it.

To replace element proceed as follows:

- 1. Shutdown compressor and wait for complete blow down (zero pressure).
- 2. Turn element counterclockwise for removal.
- 3. Check new rubber seal in head and supply a film of fluid directly to seal.
- 4. Rotate element clockwise by hand until element contacts seal.
- 5. Rotate element approximately one more turn clockwise with band wrench near the top of element.
- 6. Run system and check for leaks.

WARNING

DO NOT SUBSTITUTE ELEMENT. USE ONLY A GENUINE IMT REPLACEMENT
ELEMENT. THIS ELEMENT IS RATED AT 200 PSI WORKING PRESSURE. USE OF ANY
OTHER ELEMENT MAY BE HAZARDOUS AND COULD IMPAIR THE PERFORMANCE AND
RELIABILITY OF THE COMPRESSOR, POSSIBLY VOIDING THE WARRANTY AND/OR
RESULTING IN DAMAGE TO PROPERTY AND SERIOUS BODILY HARM.

MAINTENANCE

OIL FILTER

The compressor oil filter is a spin-on, throw away type.

To replace filter proceed as follows:

- 1. Make sure system pressure is relieved.
- 2. Remove filter by unscrewing from filter head (turn counterclockwise by hand) and discard.
- 3. Install a new filter by applying a little oil to the seal and then screw the filter on by hand (turning it clockwise until hand tight, plus one third turn). Do not use tools to tighten the filter.
- 4. Check for leaks in operation.
- 5. Dispose of oil filter in accordance with all local laws and regulations.

WARNING

DO NOT SUBSTITUTE ELEMENT. USE ONLY A GENUINE IMT REPLACEMENT
ELEMENT. THIS ELEMENT IS RATED AT 200 PSI WORKING PRESSURE. USE OF ANY
OTHER ELEMENT MAY BE HAZARDOUS AND COULD IMPAIR THE PERFORMANCE AND
RELIABILITY OF THE COMPRESSOR, POSSIBLY VOIDING THE WARRANTY AND/OR
RESULTING IN DAMAGE TO PROPERTY AND SERIOUS BODILY HARM.

OIL COOLER

In extreme cases the interior of the oil cooler should be cleaned when the pressure drop across it at full flow exceeds 25 PSI. The following procedure has been recommended by the vendor who supplies the cooler:

- 1. Remove cooler.
- 2. Circulate a suitable solvent to dissolve and remove varnish and sludge.
- 3. Flush generously with oil.
- 4. After cooler is reinstalled and compressor is filled with fresh oil, change compressor oil after 50 hours of normal operation.

MAINTENANCE

COMPRESSOR SHAFT OIL SEAL

To remove the oil seal first remove the belts and pulley. Then unbolt seal cover plate and pull seal out of housing. Reverse procedure to install.

NOTE

THE SEAL COVER IS INSTALLED USING AN O-RING GASKET. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO NOT PINCH THE O-RING OUT OF ITS GROOVE UPON REINSTALLATION.

PTO

The PTO should be serviced in accordance with the PTO manual. The SAE side-mount type of PTO is lubricated by the transmission oil and thus requires little maintenance. It is strongly recommended that you periodically torque the fasteners in accordance with the PTO manual.

COMPRESSOR DRIVE BELTS

The 2 belt arrangement is sized for an average life of 1000 hours. This time frame can be increased or decreased depending on the end users periodic maintenance schedule. Drive belt tension should be checked for adjustment after the first 10 hours of operation and checked for adjustment every 100 hours there after. Belt deflection is to be checked at midpoint between both pulleys on one belt at a time. Single belt deflection is to be 1/8" at 3.5 lbs. Minimum to 5.0 lbs. Maximum.

BELT TENSION

Belt tension is accomplished as follows:

- Loosen 1/2" bolt that attaches the hydraulic motor mounting plate to the compressor.
- Loosen 3/8" jam nut on the turn buckle assembly.
- Loosen 3/8" nuts at the top and bottom eyebolts.
- Rotate turnbuckle nut clockwise to increase belt tension and counterclockwise to decrease belt tension.

NOTE: Over-tensing belts can damage compressor and drive motor. When tensing belts all hardware should be broken loose only to the point in which the drive pulley can pivot when rotating the turnbuckle nut.

TROUBLESHOOTING

This section contains instructions for troubleshooting the equipment following a malfunction.

The troubleshooting procedures to be performed on the equipment are listed below. Each symptom of trouble for a component or system is followed by a list of probable causes of the trouble and suggested procedures to be followed to identify the cause.

In general, the procedures listed should be performed in the order in which they are listed, although the order may be varied if the need is indicated by conditions under which the trouble occurred. In any event, the procedures which can be performed in the least amount of time and with the least amount of removal or disassembly of parts, should be performed first.

UNPLANNED SHUTDOWN

When the operation of the machine has been interrupted by an unexplained shutdown, check the following:

- 1. Check the fuel level and truck dash gauges and indications for possible engine problems.
- 2. Check the compressor high discharge temperature switch.
- 3. Check oil cooler for dirt, slush, ice on the fins, or any other obstructions to cooling the airflow.
- 4. Make a thorough external check for any cause of shutdown such as broken hose.
- 5. Check to determine if the compressor oil is at proper level.

IMPROPER DISCHARGE PRESSURE

- 1. If discharge pressure is too low, check the following:
 - a. Too much air demand. (Air tools require more air than what the compressor can produce.)
 - b. Service valve wide open to atmosphere.
 - c. Leaks in service line.
 - d. Restricted compressor inlet air filter.
 - e. Faulty control system operation (i.e. regulator is sending a signal to close inlet valve at all times.)
- 2. If discharge pressure is too high or safety valve blows, check the following:
 - a. Faulty discharge pressure gauge.
 - b. Coalescer plugged up.
 - c. Faulty safety valve.
 - d. Faulty regulator (regulator air pressure signal is not getting to inlet valve).

TROUBLESHOOTING

SUMP PRESSURE DOES NOT BLOW DOWN

If after the compressor is shutdown, pressure does not automatically blow down, check for:

- 1. Automatic blow down valve may be inoperative at regulator manifold.
- 2. Blockage in air line from side of inlet valve to blow down valve.
- 3. Muffler at blow down clogged.

OIL CONSUMPTION

Abnormal oil consumption or oil in service line, check for the following:

- 1. Over filling of oil sump.
- 2. Leaking oil lines or oil cooler.
- 3. Plugged oil return line: check sightglass.
- 4. Defective coalescer element.
- 5. Compressor shaft seal leakage.
- 6. Discharge pressure below 65 PSI or above 175 PSI.

COALESCER PLUGGING

If the coalescer element has to be replaced frequently because it is plugging up, it is an indication that foreign material may be entering the compressor inlet or the compressor oil is breaking down.

Compressor oil can break down prematurely for a number or reasons.

- (1) Extreme operating temperature.
- (2) Negligence in draining condensate from oil sump.
- (3) Using the improper type of oil.
- (4) Dirty oil.

The complete air inlet system should be checked for leaks.

HIGH COMPRESSOR DISCHARGE TEMPERATURE

- Check compressor oil level. Add oil if required (see Section for oil specifications).
- 2. Check thermal valve operation.
- 3. Clean outside of oil cooler.
- 4. Clean oil system (cooler) internally.

COMPRESSOR OPERATION

Before starting the compressor, read this section thoroughly. Familiarize yourself with the controls and indicators, their purpose, location, and use.

CONTROL OR INDICATOR	PURPOSE
FLUID LEVEL SIGHTGLASS	Indicates fluid level in the sump. Proper level should be at bottom of fill plug casting threads. Check this level when the compressor is disengaged and the vehicle is parked on level ground.
PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE	Vents sump pressure to the atmosphere if the pressure inside the sump exceeds 200 PSI.
COMPRESSOR INLET CONTROL VALVE	Regulates the amount of air intake in accordance with the amount of compressed air being used. Isolates fluid in compressor unit on shutdown.
PRESSURE REGULATING VALVE	Senses air pressure from sump to provide automatic regulation of the compressor inlet control valve.
BLOW DOWN VALVE	The blow down valve vents the sump pressure to the atmosphere at shutdown.
MINIMUM PRESSURE VALVE	Restricts air flow to balance sump and service air pressure. Assures a minimum of 80 PSI to maintain compressor lubrication.

COMPRESSOR OPERATION

OPERATING CONDITIONS

The following conditions should exist for maximum performance of the compressor. The truck should be as close to level as possible when operating. The compressor will operate on a 15 degree sideward and lengthwise tilt without any adverse problems. Fluid carry over and/or oil starvation may occur if operated beyond this tilt.

NOTE

IF THE COMPRESSOR IS BEING USED TO POWER SANDBLASTING EQUIPMENT, OR AN AIR STORAGE TANK, USE A CHECK VALVE DIRECTLY AFTER THE MINIMUM PRESSURE VALVE TO PREVENT BACKFLOW INTO THE SUMP. THIS CHECK VALVE SHOULD HAVE A MAXIMUM PRESSURE DROP RATING OF 2 PSIG (13.78kPa) OPERATING AND A CAPACITY RATING EQUAL TO THE COMPRESSOR.

NOTE

THE COMPRESSOR SERVICE VALVE SHOULD BE RELOCATED TO THE HOSE REEL INLET OR BE THE CUSTOMERS AIR CONNECTION PORT WHEN A HOSE REEL IS NOT USED.

TYPICAL PLUMBING FROM CANOPY AIR OUTLET PORT:

- 1. CHECK VALVE.
- 2. AIR TANK (WHEN USED).
- 3. SERVICE VALVE.
- 4. MOISTURE TRAP/GAUGE/OILER COMBINATION (WHEN USED).
- 5. HOSE REEL (WHEN USED).

COMPRESSOR INSTALLATION

- 1. Prepare the mounting location of the compressor by drilling four (4) holes 7/16" diameter as shown in the following installation diagram.
- 2. If rubber isolators are to be used position these over drilled mounting holes.
- 3. Bottom side of compressor uses 3/8"-16 weld nuts. Mounting bolts are to go thru the mounting surface to the weld nuts with 3/8" of the bolt extending beyond the top side of the weld nut.
- 4. Tighten mounting bolts.

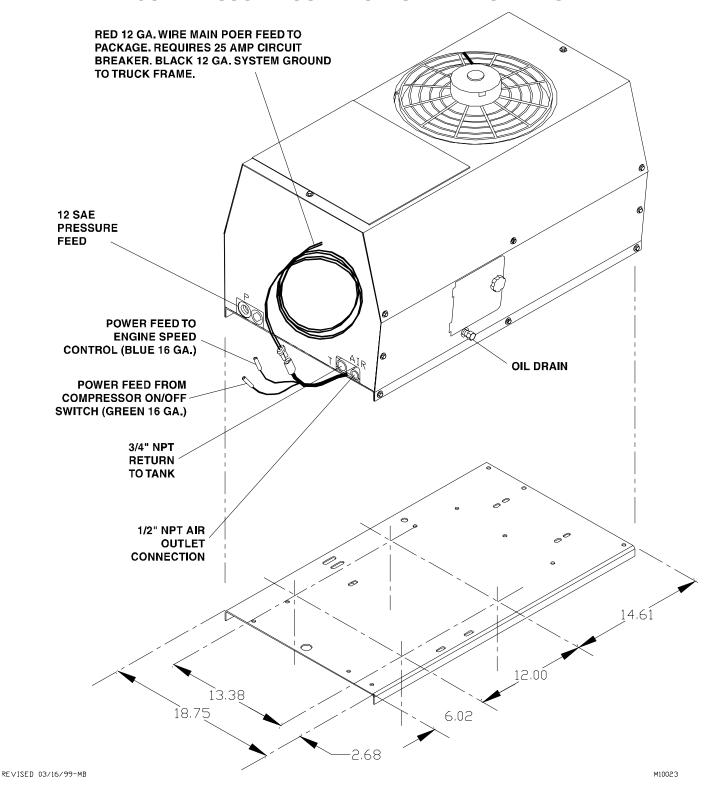
ELECTRICAL & HYDRAULIC AIR CONNECTIONS

The hydraulic connections for pump feed and return are made at the valve block (see Installation Diagram) pressure feed line should be a minimum 3/4" hose rated for 3000 PSI. The pressure feed port size is –12 SAE o-ring connection. The minimum line back to tank should be 1" hose rated at 1000 PSI. The return port size is 3/4" NPT.

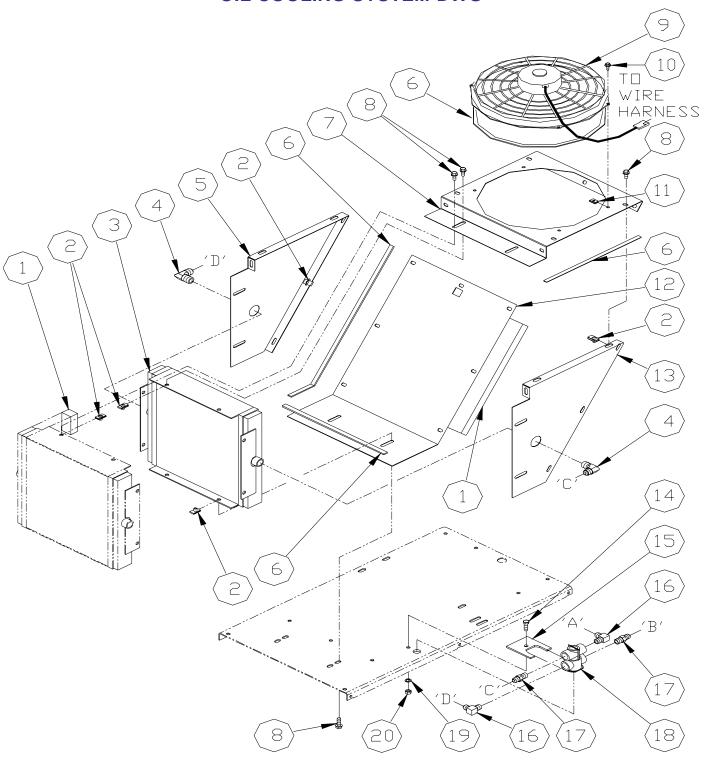
The air connection port is 1/2" NPT.

See diagram for Electrical Connections.

COMPRESSOR MOUNTING INSTALLATION-DWG



OIL COOLING SYSTEM-DWG



REVISED 03/16/99-MB M10014

OIL COOLING SYSTEM-PARTS

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	301380	INSULATION, 1" POLY	1
2	961505-140	RETAINER, NUT 5/16	28
3	300836	COOLER, OIL	1
4	960208-050	ELBOW, 1/2" NPT X 1/2 JIC	2
5	3013401	DUCT, SIDE OIL COOLER - LEFT	1
6	300444	TAPE, 1/16" X 3/4" CELL	15
7	301339	DUCT, TOP OIL COOLER	1
8	929705-100	BOLT, WHIZ 5/16 x 1"	28
9	301378	FAN ASSY, 13 W/GRILL	1
10	974604-088	BOLT, HEX 1/4-20 X 7/8"	4
11	961504-090	RETAINER	4
12	301338	DUCT, BOTTOM OIL COOLER	1
13	301340R	DUCT, SIDE OIL COOLER - RIGHT	1
14	929806-100	BOLT, HEX 3/8" X 1"	1
15	301395	BRACKET, THERMAL VALVE MTG	1
16	960208-038	ELBOW, 3/8" NPT X 1/2" JIC	2
17	960108-038	CONNECTOR, 3/8" NPT X 1/2" JIC	2
18	301261	VALVE, THERMAL 3/8"	1
19	937806-094	WASHER, LOCK 3/8"	1
20	926006-337	NUT, HEX 3/8"	1

^{&#}x27;A' OIL FROM SUMP TO THERMAL VALVE (HOSE ASSY. 975508-014)

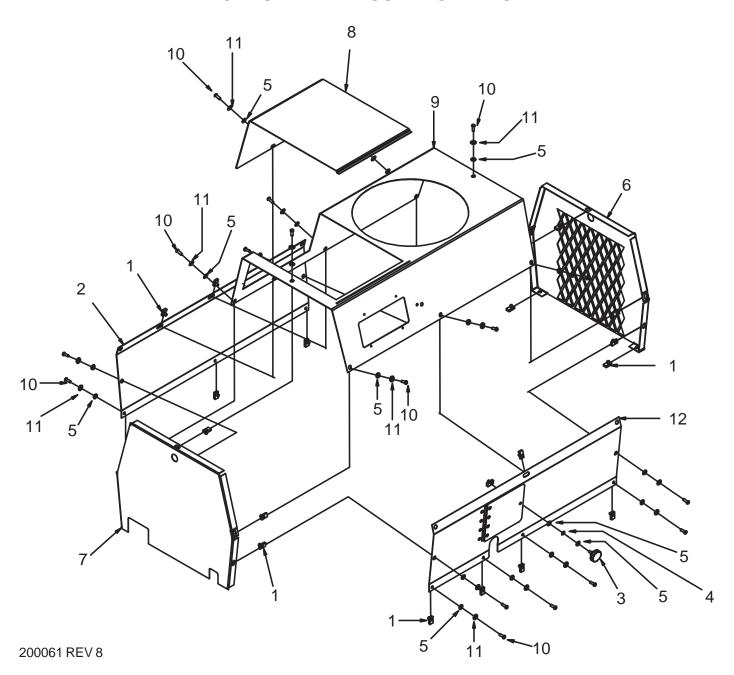
SERVICE VALVE LINE FROM COMPRESSOR TO 1/2" CUSTOMER CONNECTION (HOSE ASSY. 975408-017)

^{&#}x27;B' OIL FROM THERMAL VALVE TO COMPRESSOR OIL INLET (HOSE ASSY. 975408-021)

^{&#}x27;C' OIL FROM THERMAL VALVE TO COOLER (HOSE ASSY. 975408-012)

^{&#}x27;D' OIL FROM COOLER TO THERMAL VALVE (HOSE ASSY. 975408-019)

CANOPY AND INSULATION-DWG

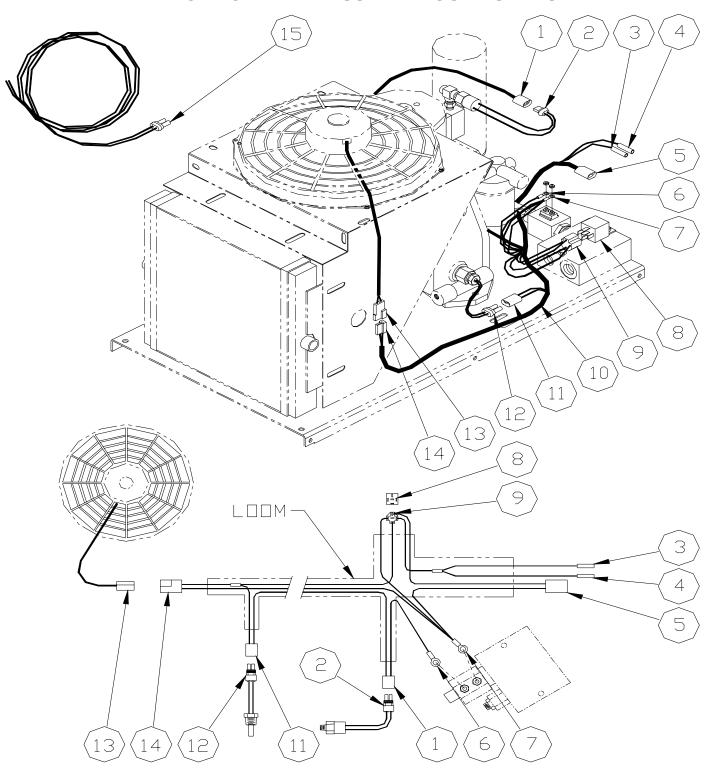


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CANOPY AND INSULATION-PARTS

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	961504-090	NUT, TINNERMAN 1/4-20	23
2	308989	PANEL, SIDE	1
3	301373-025	KNOB, SOCKET HD WITH SCREW 1/4-2	0 X 9/16 1
4	943415-250	RETAINER, SHAKEPROOF 1/4	1
5	977004-062	WASHER, NYLON 1/4 X .06 X .62	22
6	308990	PANEL, OIL COOLER END	1
7	308991	PANEL, END	1
8	308994	DOOR, HINGED TOP	1
9	308993	CANOPY W/ACCESS DOOR	1
10	983904-075	BOLT, BTN SS STAR DRIVE 1/4-20 X 3/4	20
11	984004-071	WASHER, FLAT 1/4 SS 0.69 OD	20
12	308992	PANEL, OIL FILL SIDE W/DOOR	1
		(WAS 301356, 303200)	
	301380	INSULATION	5.4"

ELECTRICAL HARNESS AND ROUTING-DWG

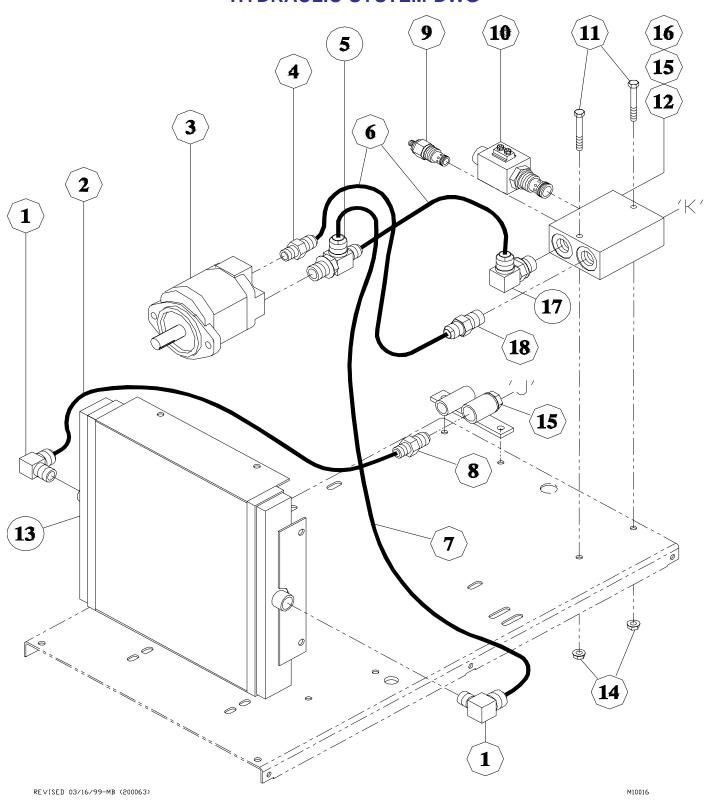


REVISED 12/29/98-MB M10017

ELECTRICAL HARNESS AND ROUTING

- 1.) MAIN HARNESS CONNECTION TO NORMALLY CLOSED BLOW DOWN PRESSURE SWITCH. LIGHT BLUE AND BLACK. SWITCH OPENS FOR APPROXIMATELY 40 SECONDS AFTER SHUTDOWN AND CLOSE WHEN COMPRESSED AIR IS RECEIVED FROM SYSTEM.
- 2.) 301421 BLOW DOWN PRESSURE SWITCH CONNECTION TO MAIN HARNESS. LIGHT BLUE AND BLACK.
- 3.) 12V POWER RELAY COIL SUPPLY FOR HYDRAULIC SOLENOID ACTIVATION. FROM COMPRESSOR ON/OFF SWITCH GREEN
- 4.) 12V POWER FEED TO ENGINE SPEED CONTROL. DARK BLUE
- 5.) MAIN POWER AND GROUND TO COMPRESSOR UNIT CONNECTION LOCATION OUTSIDE OF CANOPY ALONG WITH BOTH RELAY ACTIVATION WIRES.
- 6.) POWER TO SOLENOID (LIGHT BLUE) MAIN HARNESS.
- 7.) SYSTEM GROUND BLACK X 3 MAIN HARNESS.
- 8.) 300211 RELAY, WIRED NORMALLY OPEN AND CLOSES WITH 12V SIGNAL FROM 3 OR 4 TO START COMPRESSOR PACKAGE.
- 9.) RELAY CONNECTION MAIN HARNESS VIEWED FROM WIRE SIDE OF PLUG. DARK BLUE RIGHT SIDE, BLACK LEFT SIDE, RED TOP AND BOTTOM. NO WIRE IN CENTER.
- 10.) 301391 HARNESS, MAIN WIRING.
- 11.) MAIN HARNESS CONNECTION TO NORMALLY CLOSED HI COMPRESSOR OIL TEMP SHUT DOWN SWITCH. RED POWER BLACK POWER.
- 12.) 300320-001 HIGH OIL TEMP SHUT DOWN SWITCH BLACK X 2
- 13.) CONNECTION TO MAIN HARNESS TO OIL COOLING FAN. RED POWER BLACK GROUND.
- 14.) MAIN HARNESS CONNECTION AT FAN. RED POWER BLACK GROUND.
- 15.) 301392 HARNESS MAIN POWER AND GROUND CONNECTION FROM TRUCK TO CONNECTION #5 OF HARNESS OF COMPRESSOR PACKAGE.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM-DWG



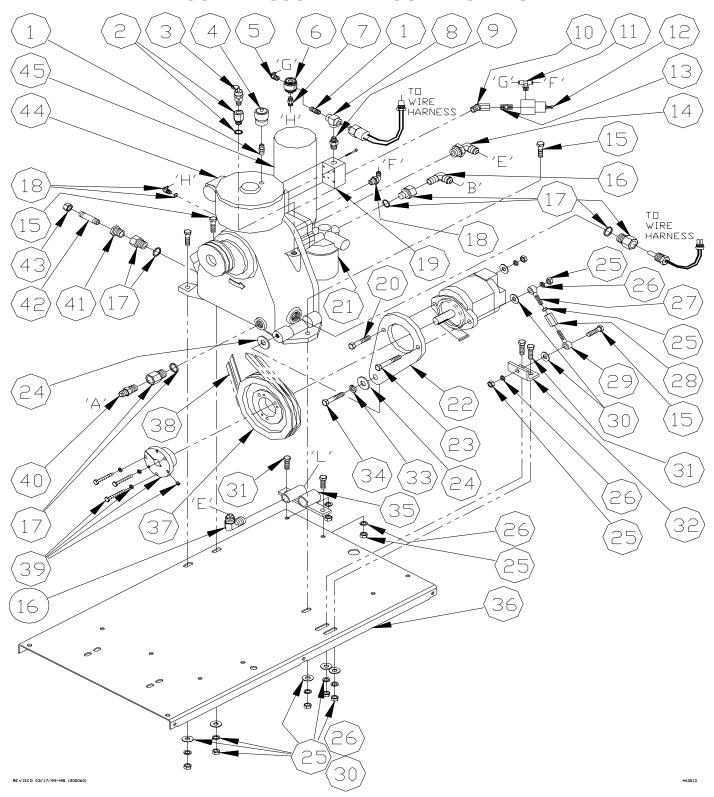
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM-PARTS

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	960212-050	ELBOW, 1/2" NPT X 3/4" JIC	2
2	975512-036	3/4" HOSE X 36" LG	1
3	301256	MOTOR, HYDRAULIC .87	1
4	970512-088	CONNECTOR, 3/4" JIC X 10 SAE	1
5	976512-106	TEE, 3/4"M SAE X 3/4"M JIC	1
б	975512-027	3/4" HOSE X 27" LG	2
7	975412-033	3/4" HOSE X 33" LG	1
8	960112-075	CONNECTOR, 3/4" NPT X 3/4" JIC	1
9	301251	VALVE, HYD.RELIEF	1
1 0	301250	SOLENOID, HYD. N.O.	1
1 1	929105-250	BOLT, HEX 5/16"-18 X 2-1/2" GR5	2
1 2	301249	BLOCK, HYDRAULIC	1
1 3	300836	COOLER, OIL 12 X 13.5	1
1 4	924305-166	NUT, NYLOC 5/16-18 GR5	2
1 5	301663	PLUG, PLASTIC PIPE 3/4" NPT	2
16	902915-030	PLUG, PIPE 3/4" NPT RECESSED	1
1 7	960212-075	ELBOW, 3/4" NPT X 3/4" JIC	1
1 8	970512-106	CONNECTOR, 3/4" NPT X 12 SAE	1

^{&#}x27;J' LOW PRESSURE HYDRAULIC OUTLET BACK TO TANK 3/4" NPT

^{&#}x27;K' HIGH PRESSURE HYDRAULIC INLET FROM PUMP - 1 1/16 SAE

COMPRESSOR AND MOUNTING-DWG



COMPRESSOR AND MOUNTING-PARTS

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	922202-000	NIPPLE, PIPE 1/8" X CLOSE SCH. 80	1
2	970804-025	ADAPTER & SEAL 1/4" NPT X 1.4" BSPP	1
3	300330-200	VALVE, RELIEF 1.4" NPT X 200#	1
4	300853	INDICATOR, AIR FILTER	1
5	971325-012	ELBOW, TUBE 5/32" TUBE X 1/8" NPT	1
6	300715	VALVE, BLOW DOWN 1/8" N.C.	1
7	971225-012	CONNECTOR, TUBE 5/32" TUBE X 1/8" NPT	1
8	960602-012	TEE, PIPE 1/8" FEMALE	1
9	961604-012	NIPPLE, HEX RED 1/4" X 1/8"	1
10	960804-025	ELBOW, 1/4" NPT X 1/4" FPT X 45°	1
11	971425-025	TEE, 5/32" TUBE X 5/32 TUBE X 1/4 NPT	1
12	300057	VALVE, REG 1.4"	1
13	960404-025	NIPPLE, HEX 1/4" X 1/4"	1
14	970608-050	ELBOW, 1/2" BSPP X 1/2" JIC	1
15	929806-150	BOLT, HEX 3/8-16 UNC X 1 1/4"	4
16	960208-050	ELBOW, 1/2" NPT X 1/2" JIC	1
17	970808-050	ADPTER, 1/2" BSPP X 1/2" NPT	4
18	971004-012	ELBOW, TUBE 5.32" TUBE X 1/8" BSPP	2
19	301372-1	MANIFOLD, AIR REG/BLOW DOWN	1
20	929806-200	BOLT, HEX 3/8-16 UNC X 2"	1
21	300324	ELEMENT, OIL FILTER	1
22	301262	PLATE, HYD MOTOR MTG.	1
23	929806-250	BOLT, HEX 3/8"-16 UNC X 2 1/2"	1
24	928208-112	WASHER, FLAT 1/2"	2
25	926006-337	NUT, HEX 3/8"	11
26	937806-094	WASHER, LOCK 3/8"	10
27	301259	EYEBOLT, 3/8"-16 RH	1
28	301258	NUT, TURNBUCKLE 3/8"-16	1
29	301257	EYEBOLT, 3/8"-16 LH	1
30	938206-071	WASHER, FLAT 3/8"	10
31	929806-100	BOLT, HEX 3/8"-16 UNC X 1"	4
32	301370	BRACKET, BELT ADJUSTER	1
33	937808-125	WASHER, LOCK 1/2"	1
34	929808-150	BOLT, HEX GR8 1/2"-20 UNF X 2 1/4"	1
35	301260	BRACKET, AIR SERVICE VALVE	1
36	301334	BASE, THR 35/175	1
37	300807-005	PULLEY, 3V-2-GROOVE	1
38	300742-335	BELT, 3VX335	2
39	300745-075	BUSING, SDS 3/4" X 3/16" KEY	1
40	960108-050	CONNECTOR, 1/2" NPT X 1/2" JIC	1

COMPRESSOR AND MOUNTING-PARTS CONT.

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
41	907602-010	BUSHING, RED 1/2" X 1/4"	1
42	922104-020	NIPPLE, PIPE 1/4" X 2"	1
43	906030-010	CAP, PIPE HEX 1/4"	1
44	301255	COMPRESSOR, 35/175 RS	1
45	301416	ELEMENT, COALESCER NK40	1

^{&#}x27;A' SUMP OIL OUT TO THERMAL VALVE (HOSE ASSY. 975508-014)

'B' MIXED OIL FROM THERMAL VALVE TO COMPRESSOR (HOSE ASSY. 975408-021)

'E' COMPRESSED AIR OUT TO CUSTOMER CONNECTION (HOSE ASSY. 975408-017)

'F' BLOW DOWN AIR TO REGULATOR TEE

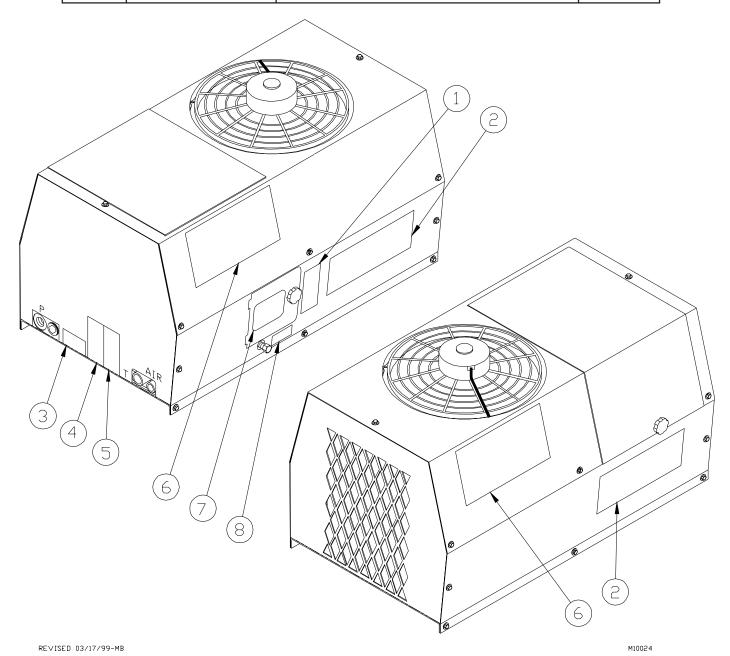
'G' BLOW DOWN AIR FROM REGULATOR TEE TO BLOW DOWN VALVE

'H' BLOW DOWN VALVE AIR SIGNAL TO BLOW DOWN VALVE

'L' 1/2" FPT CUSTOMER AIR OUT CONNECTION

DECAL & IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1	300038	DECAL, DANGER HOT OIL	1
2	3001483	DECAL, SERIES 35	2
3	301480	PLATE, SERIAL IMT	1
4	300040	DECAL, DANGER BREATHING AIR	1
5	301474	DECAL, WARNING READ MANUAL	1
6	301479	DECAL, DIAMOND AIR	2
7	301484	DECAL, COMPRESSOR FLUID FILL	1
8	300913	DECAL, OIL DRAIN	1



CONTINUED

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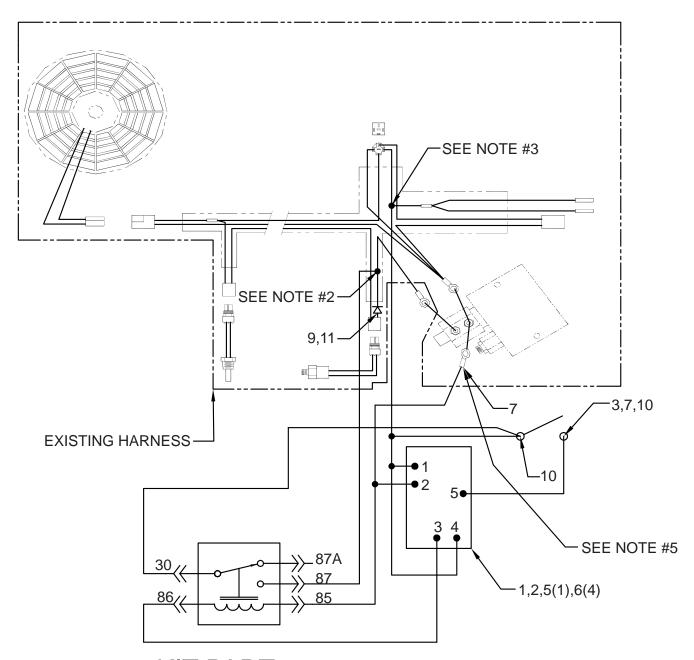
COLD WEATHER OVERRIDE (99903418-1)

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
1.	77045900	RELAY-5 MIN. DELAY	1
2.	77045878	RELAY BASE	1
3.	77041013	SWITCH	1
4.	77041251	RELAY	1
5.	77040137	TERM-FEM SLIP ON	2
6.	77040186	TERM-FSLPON I 1/4TAB	8
7.	77040000	RING TERM	2
8.	77040049	TERM-BUTT CONN	5
9.	77441026	DIODE-6 AMP	1
10.	77040060	RING TERM	1
11.	77040048	TERM-BUTT CONN	2
12.	70396178	DECAL (NOT SHOWN)	1

NOTES:

- 1. Mount the push button switch (#3) and the time delay relay (#1,2)as shown in the picture on 99903418-2.
- 2. The wire to splice onto the blow down pressure switch should be blue. With power to the compressor, disconnect the Packard connector and check on the harness side of the switch that the black wire has a constant 12V DC. The blue wire should not have voltage across it. In case the wires in the harness are reversed, splice into the wire that does not have voltage across it.
- For power, splice into the 12V DC power feed wire. The wire is dark blue. This wire will only have power when the truck ignition is on, and the compressor is on at the hand set.
- Orient diode as shown. Use #77040048 butt-connector to attach diode to wire. Trim the ends of the diode to fit the butt-connection. Crimp one connector to each end of the diode, then crimp to wire.
- 5. Use this for ground. The post with the ground will have at least two wire spliced into the ring connector. Remove the nut, use one of the supplied ring connectors and attach ground here.

COLD WEATHER OVERRIDE (99903418-1)



KIT PART # 41717568

P/N: 301440: 19990317: pg 41 COLD WEATHER OVERRIDE PHOTOS (99903418-2)













RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS LIST

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
300324	OIL FILTER ELEMENT	1
301413	AIR FILTER ELEMENT	1
301416	SPIN-ON COLAESCER	1
300187	REGULATOR REPAIR KIT	1
301414	COMPRESSOR SHAFT SEAL REPAIR KIT	1
301428	HYDRAULIC MOTOR SHAFT SEAL KIT	1
300742-335	DRIVE BELTS	2
300320-001	HI-TEMPERATURE SHUTDOWN SWITCH	1
302138025	IMT "COOL BLUE" ROT. SCR. COMP. OIL	QT.
302138300	IMT "COOL BLUE" ROT. SCR. COMP. OIL	CASE

SERVICE QUESTIONNAIRE

		DATE:
1.	Information given by:	
2.	Information received by:	
3.	Has anyone helped you:	No
4.	Distributor:	
5.	End-User:	
6.	Phone Number:	
7.	Make and Model for PTO:	
8.	IMT Serial #:	
9.	Make and Model of Engine:	
10.	Engine:	
11.	Transmission:	
12.	Nature of Problem:	
12	Engine DDM:	
	Engine RPM:	
	Compressor RPM:Action Taken:	
13.	Action Taken.	
AD	DITIONAL COMMENTS: _	

SCREW COMPRESSOR AIR-END EXCHANGE PROGRAM

Replacement air-ends are available from the factory. For current prices and availability, contact IMT Co., Inc. or an authorized IMT distributor. Prices are F.O.B. shipping point. Prices do not include labor for removal or installation.