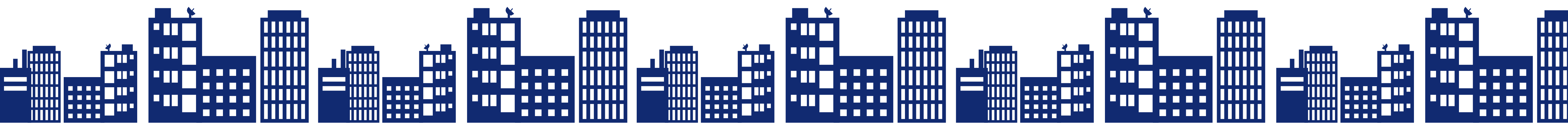
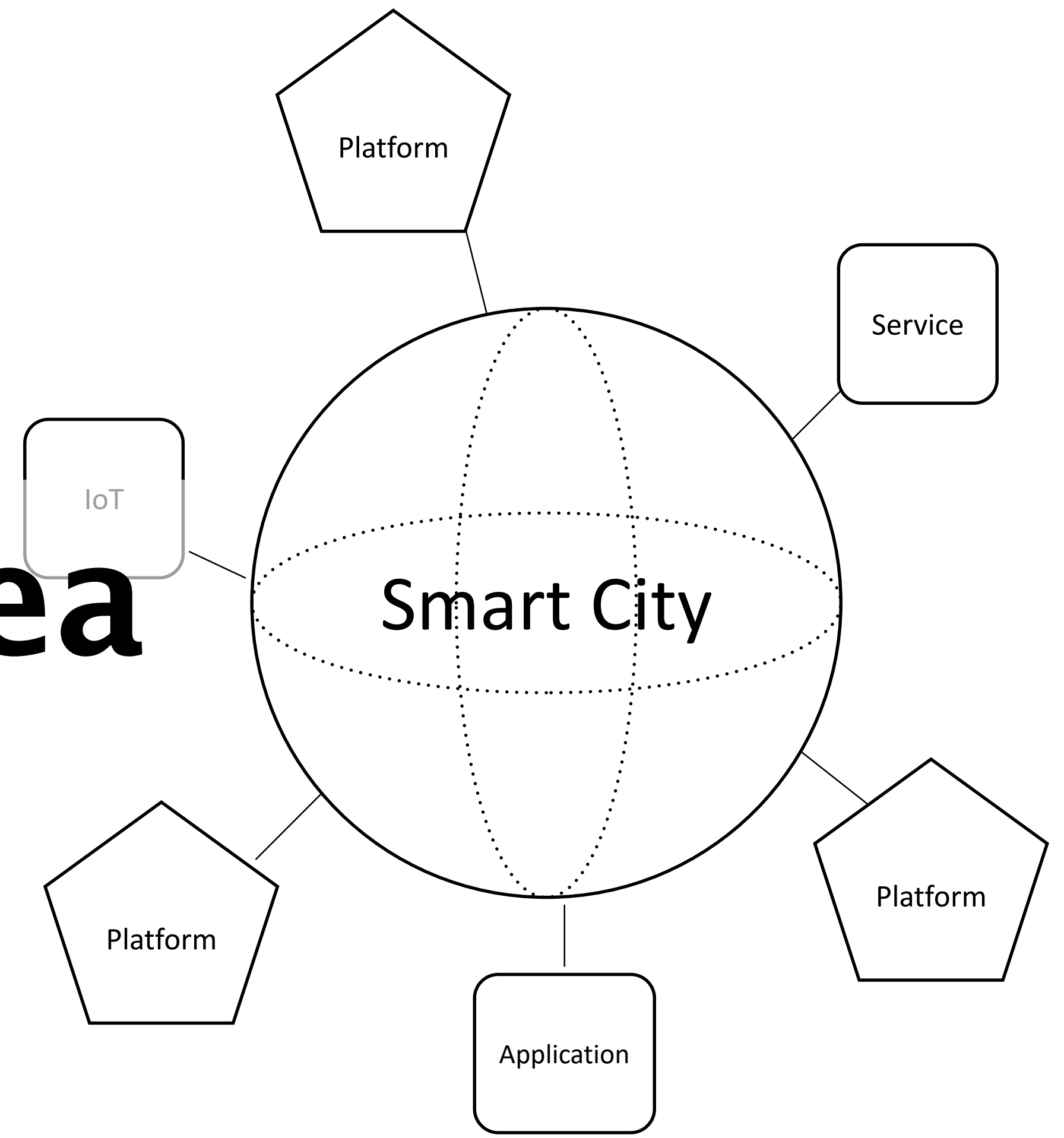


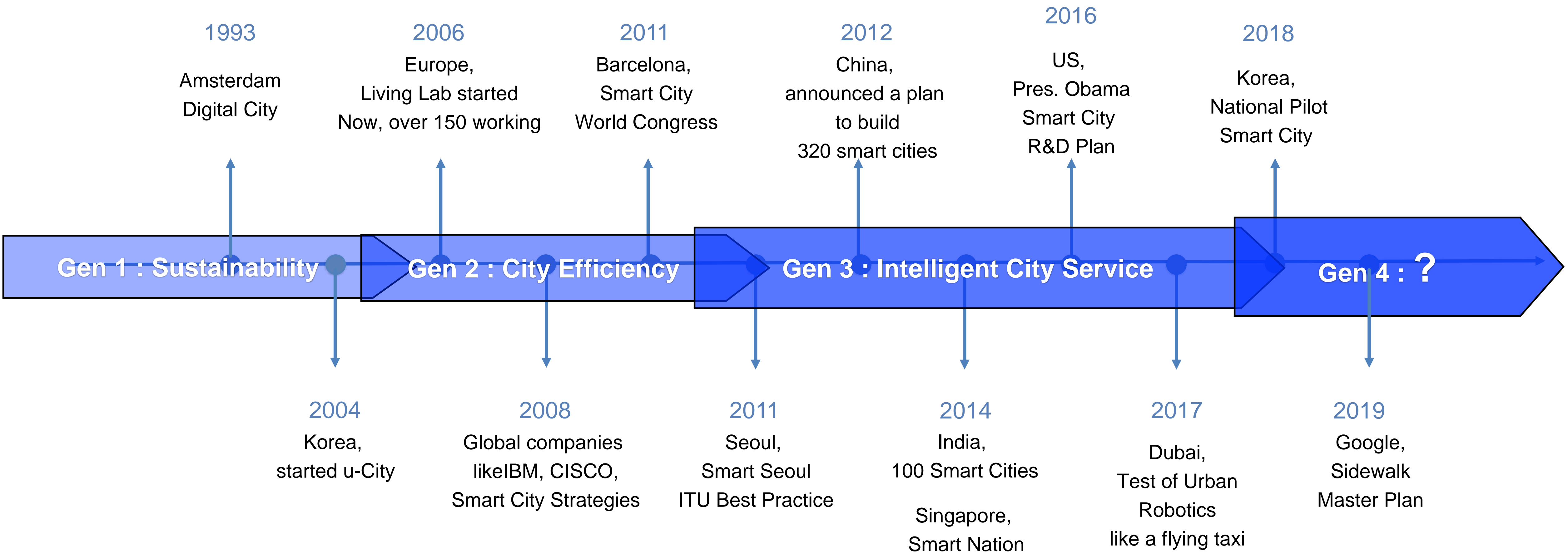
# Smart Cities of Korea



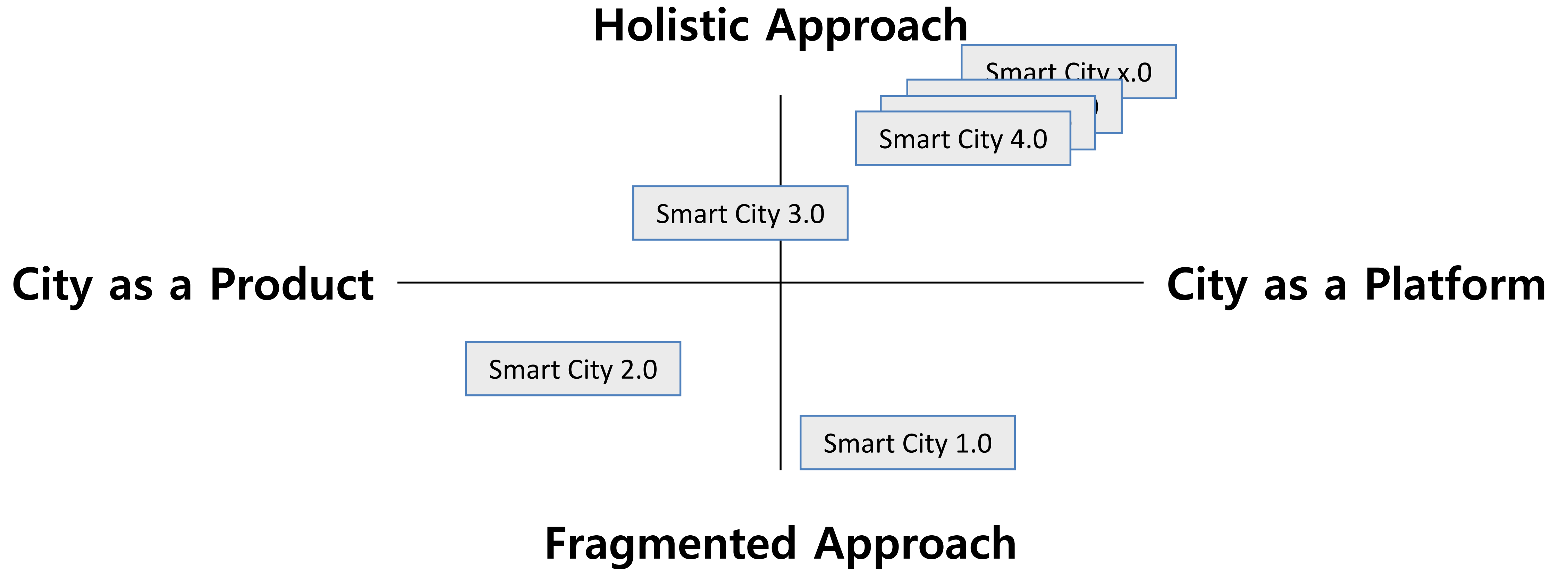
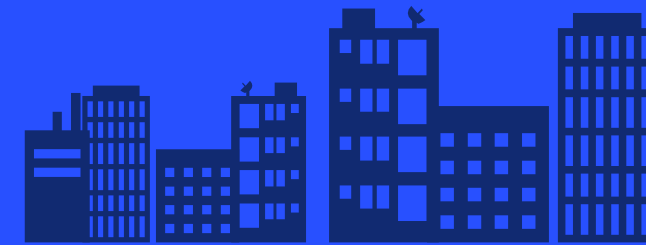
# Trends

Trends

# Development of Smart City

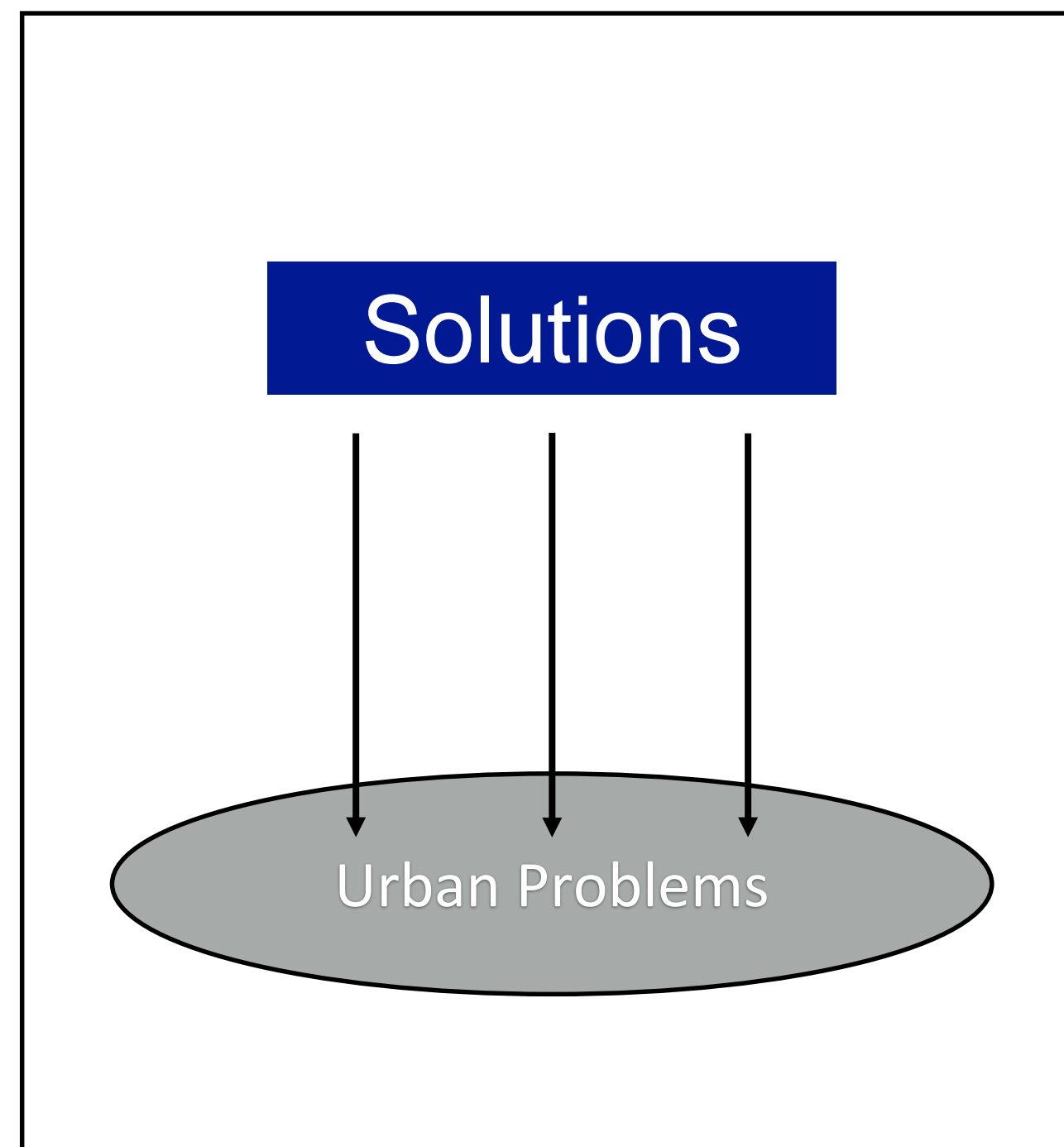


# Approaches to Smart Cities

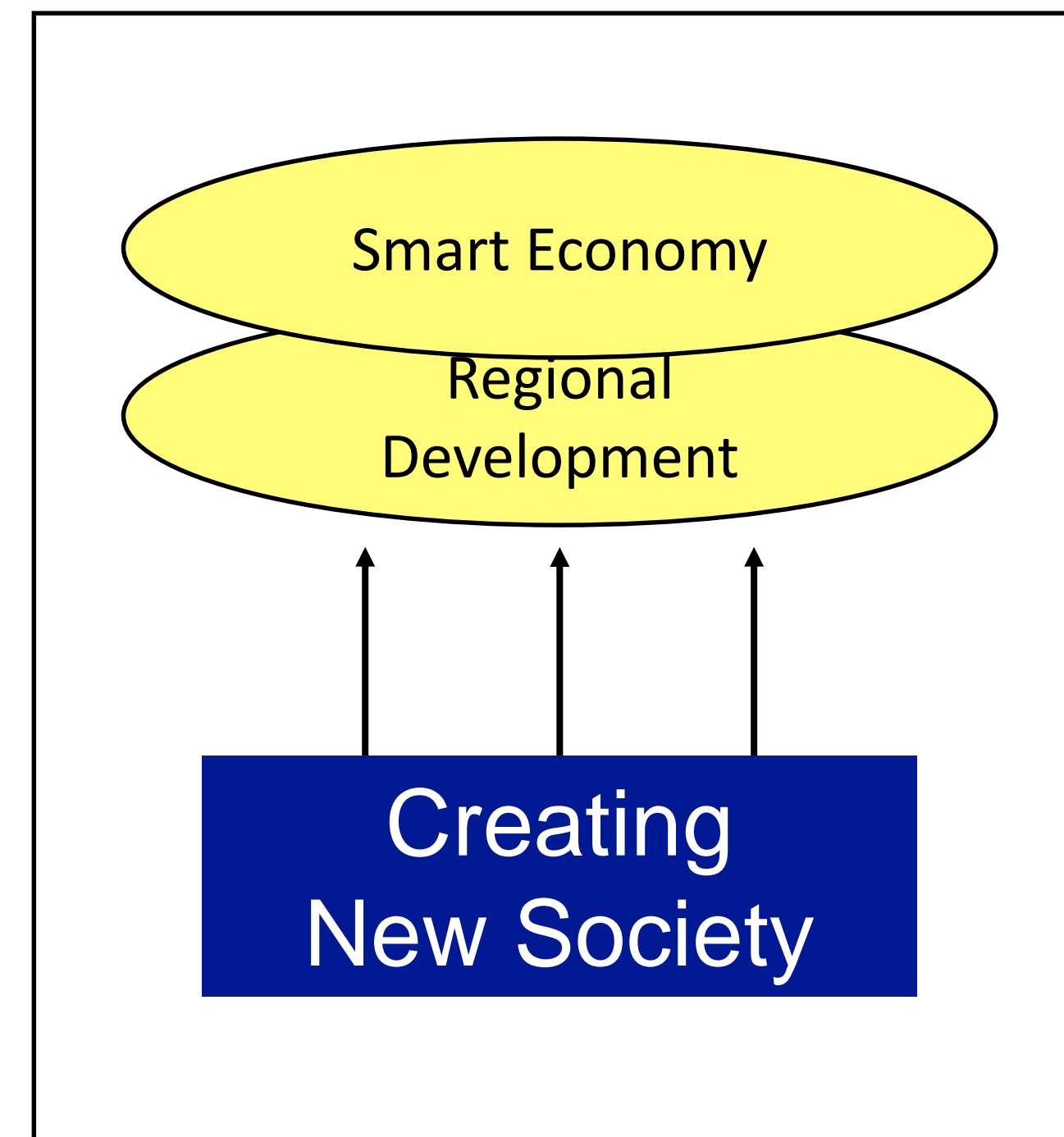


# Smart cities are ...

Urban Development Strategy?

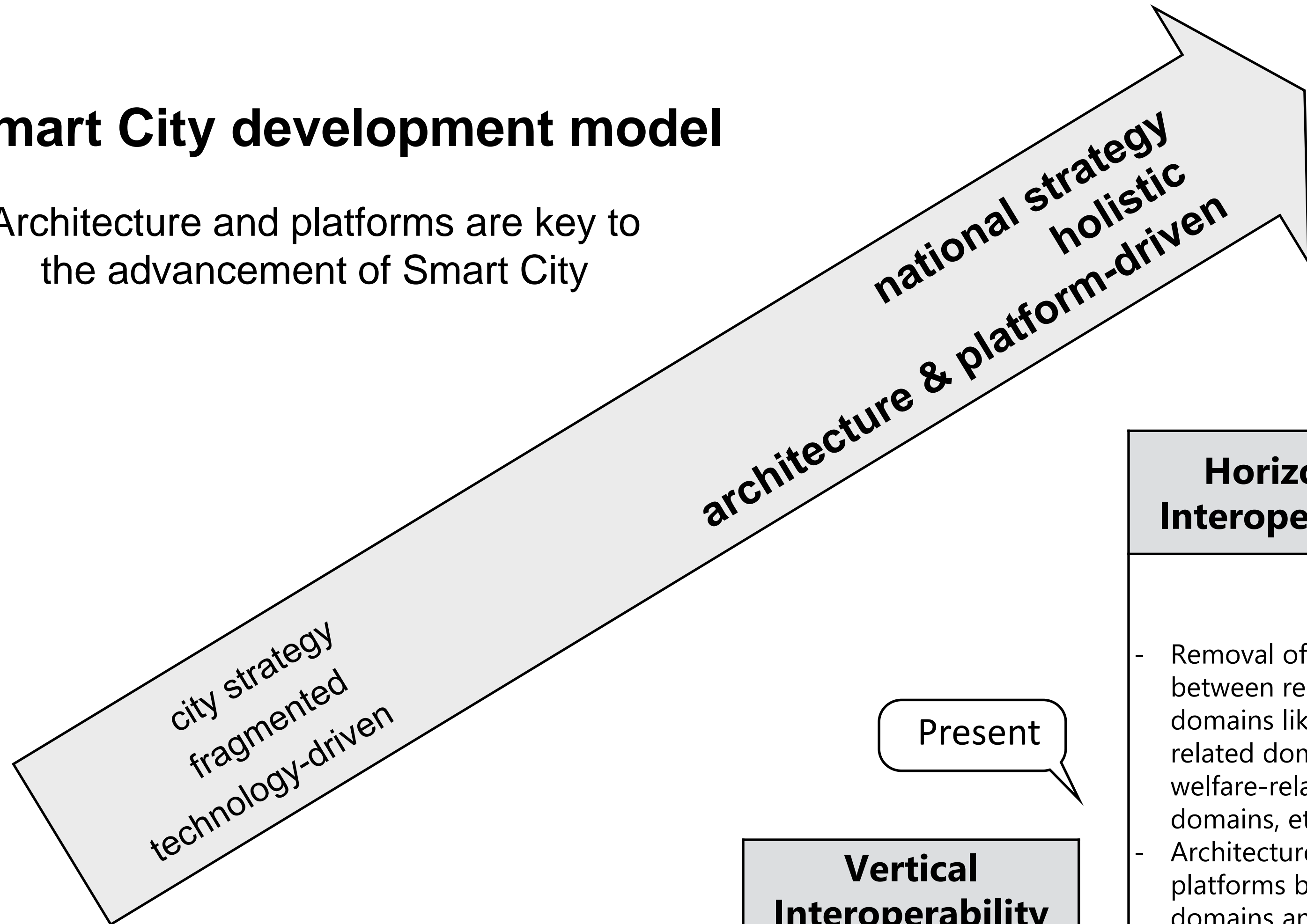


National Development Strategy?



# Smart City development model

Architecture and platforms are key to the advancement of Smart City



Present

**Infrastructure**

- Modern physical infrastructure
- Tech friendly city

**Smart System**

- Separated system
- Smart devices like smart card, street lights

**Vertical Interoperability**

- Link or integration of Smart services in a domain or along the same value chain
- Service hub for each domain
- Smart energy, smart traffic, etc.

**Horizontal Interoperability**

- Removal of silos between related domains like safety-related domains, welfare-related domains, etc.
- Architecture & platforms bridge domains and enable new convergence services
- A totally new service from existing ones
- Institutional innovation is needed

**City as a Platform**

- A city works as a platform
- Well-designed architecture(rules and structure) in place
- Interoperability of data, systems and services across the city
- City substantially enables the use of smart technologies such as robot and AR

# Smart City Winter

스마트 시티 윈터

# AI Winter

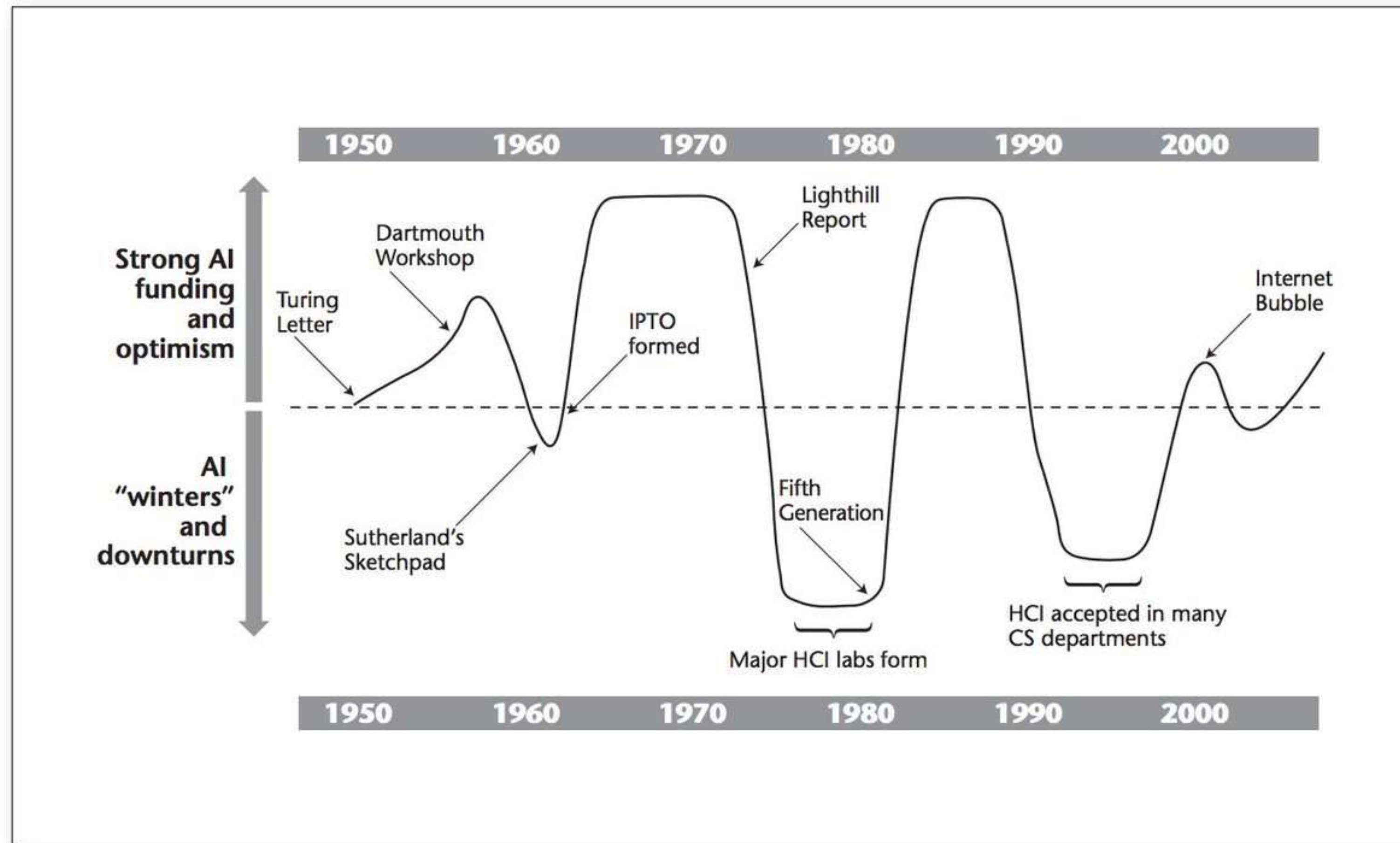


Figure 1. The Changing Seasons of AI and HCI.

Funding climate and public perception with three HCI high points.

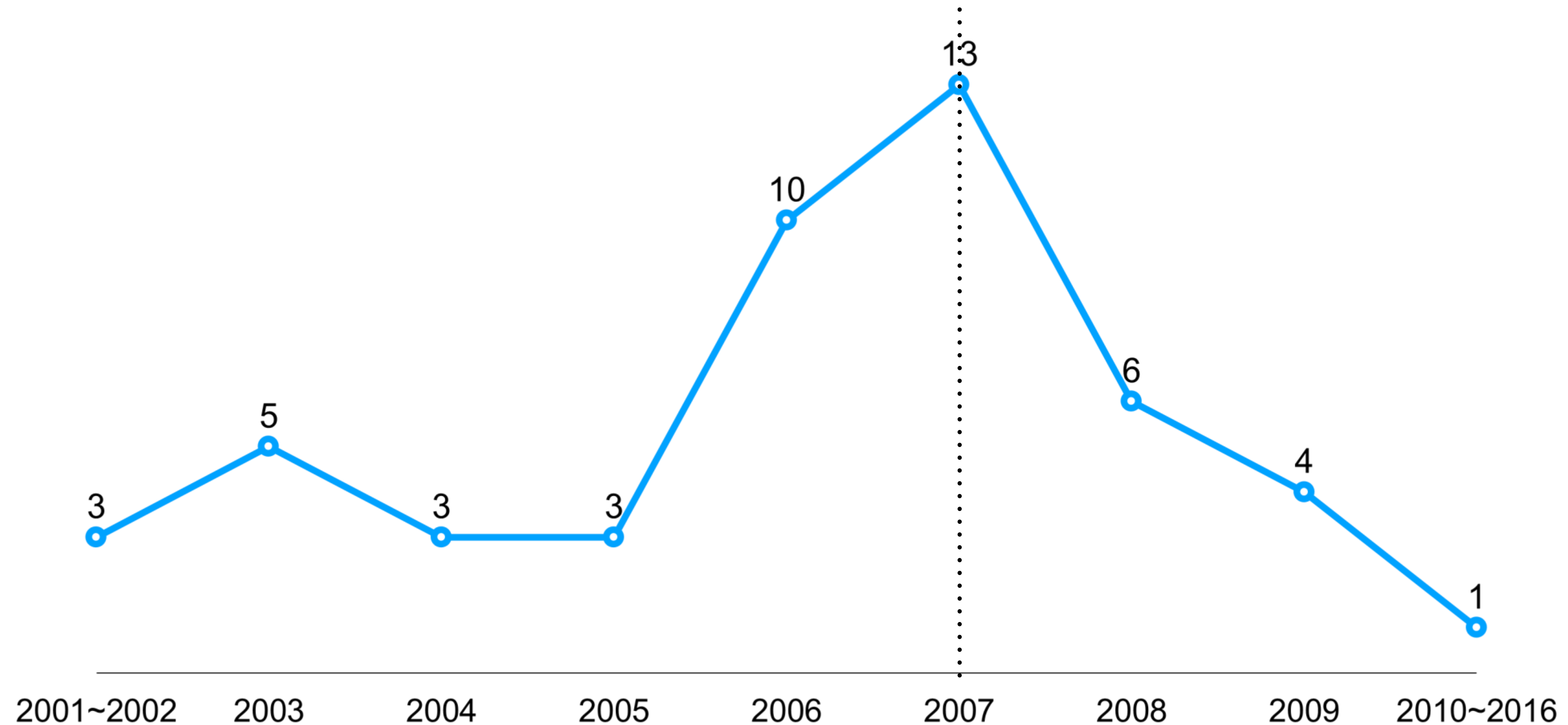




u-City had a good start and produced best cases in the early 2000s



# u-City lost momentum and Korea fell into smart city winter



Number of Greenfield u-City in Korea

# What's wrong with u-City?

## City as a Product

- Separation of build and operation
- Lack of continuous innovations
- Reliance on developer for investment

## Fragmented Approach

- Focus on service without common platform
- Missing the power of architecture and platform



Hwasung-Dongtan, the first greenfield u-city in 2008

# Retry


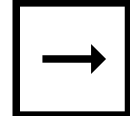
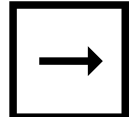
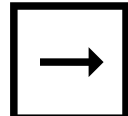
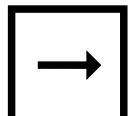
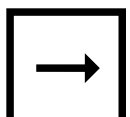
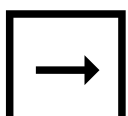
Κεϋλ



The Korean government adopted the 4th Industrial Revolution as a new development strategy in 2017.

Smart City was regarded as an integral part of the 4IR.

# New Smart City Strategy of Korea in 2018

1. Technology-driven  Human-oriented Smart city
2. Urban development  City as an engine for innovation-based growth
3. Investment in infrastructure  Value for citizen from service
4. One-size-fits-all service  Customized city
5. One-off development  Sustainable city as a platform
6. Supplier and public led  Customer and private led open city
7. Fragmented policy and projects  Converged and linked city

# Approaches to Types of Cities

Type	Direction	Key policy
New city	Apply new technologies and establish new infrastructures	National pilot cities Regulation-free regions
Growing city	Develop services promptly by using mature technologies	Data hub Specialized services zones
Shrinking city	Apply smart solutions under the government's leadership	Regenerate a city based on smart city strategies

# Law & Plan

## Special Act

- **Act on u-City Constructions & etc.**
  - enacted world first smart city act in March 2008
  - approached smart city as a product
- **Act on Smart City Creation & etc.**
  - revised in July 2018
  - approached smart city as a platform

## Comprehensive Planning

1st Plan (2009~2013)	established Nov. 2009	Focused on construction & vertical data integration
2nd Plan (2014~2018)	Sep. 2013	Focus on service & horizontal data integration
3rd Plan (2019~2023)	Jun 2019	Focus on innovation & platform



# Organization

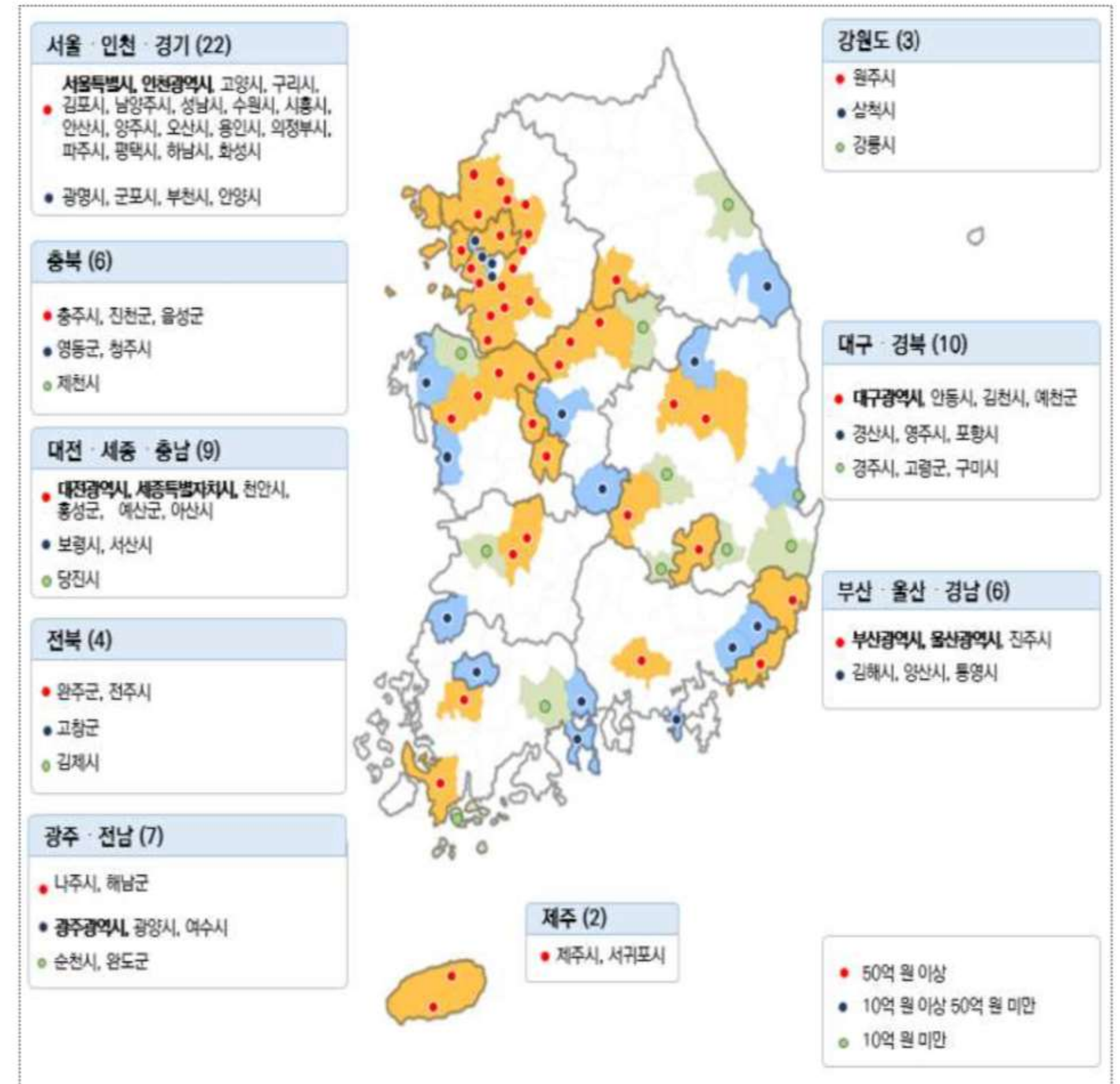
- **At a National Level**

- Special Committee on Smart City  
Nov. 2017
- Government Committee on Smart City

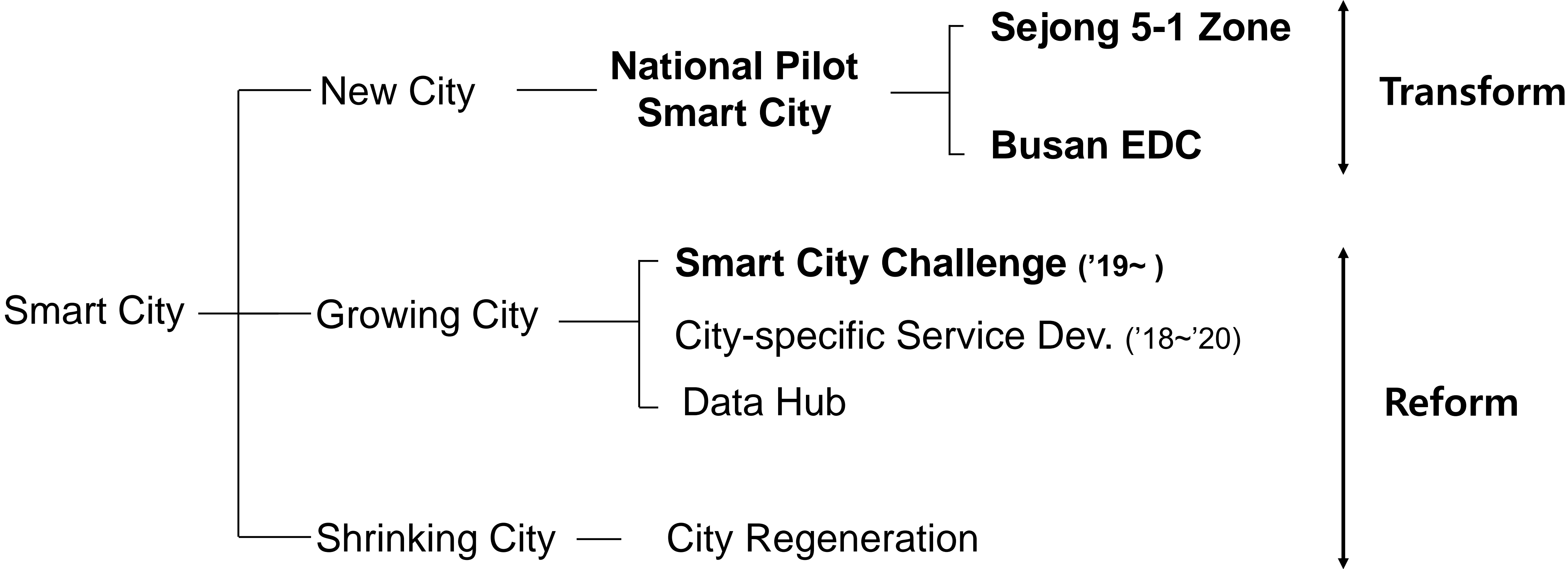
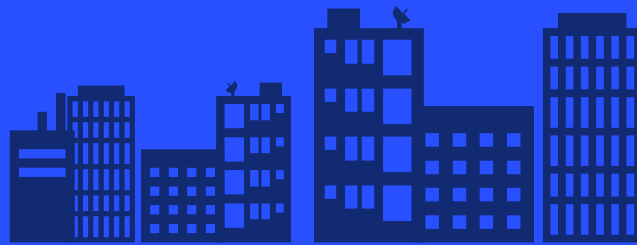
- **At a City Level**

- 84 Cities have smart city projects  
(as of Jun 2019)
- No. of cities with dedicated SC squad

10('14) → 34('18) → 46('19)



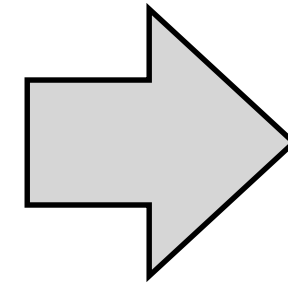
# Korea's New Smart City Strategy



# Busan Pilot Smart City

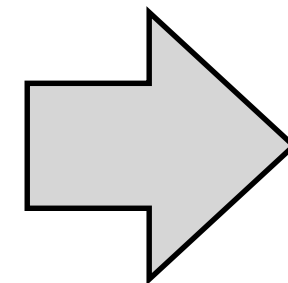
Busan Pilot Smart City

Digitalization

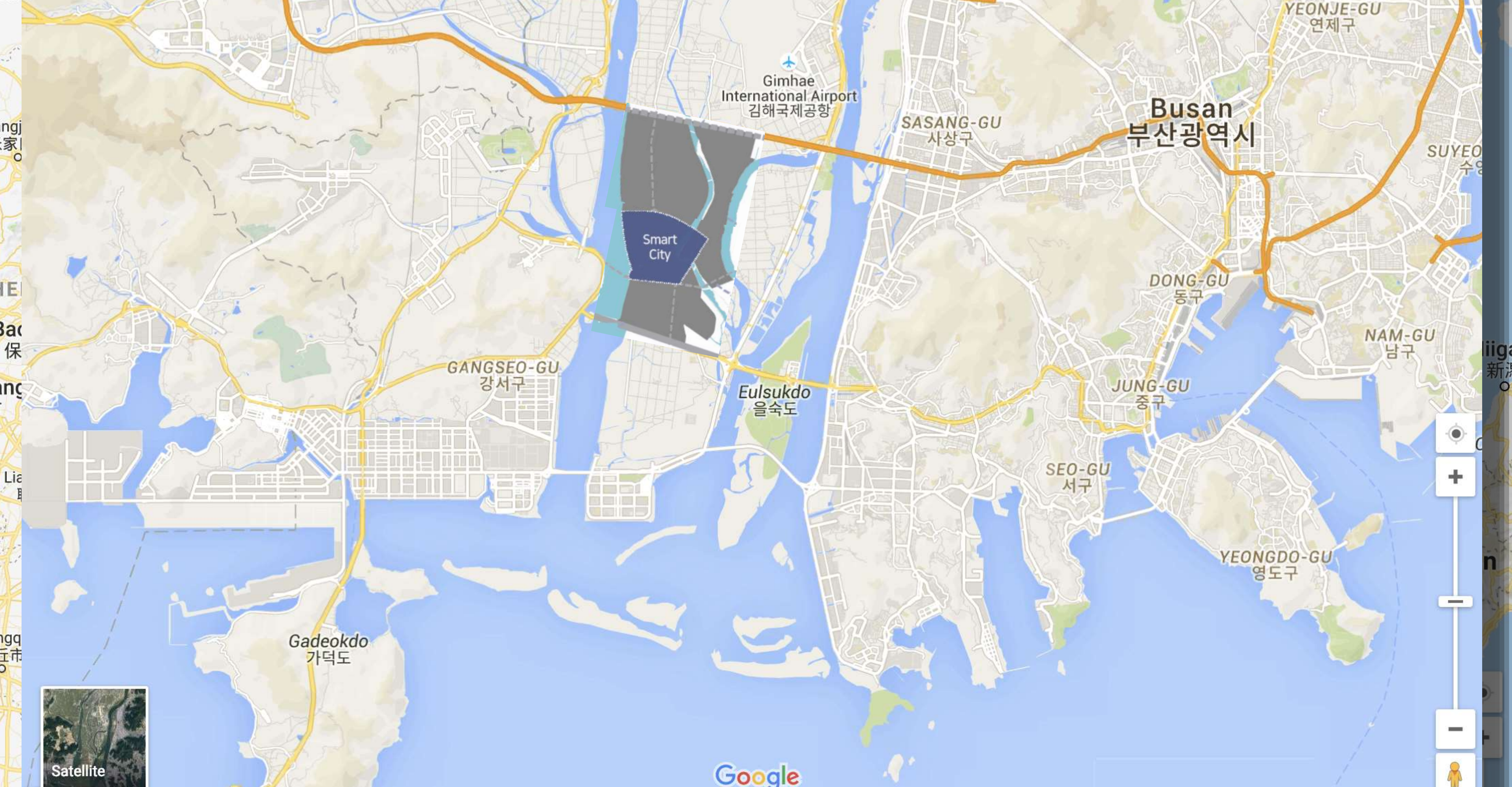


Digital  
Transformation

Smart City



Smart  
Transformation



Gimhae International Airport  
김해국제공항

Busan  
부산광역시

SASANG-GU  
사상구

DONG-GU  
동구

JUNG-GU  
중구

SEO-GU  
서구

YEONGDO-GU  
영도구

GANGSEO-GU  
강서구

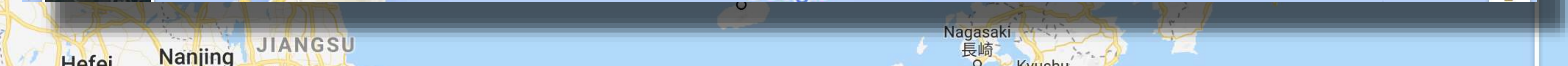
Eulsukdo  
을숙도

Gadeokdo  
가덕도

Google



Satellite



Hefei

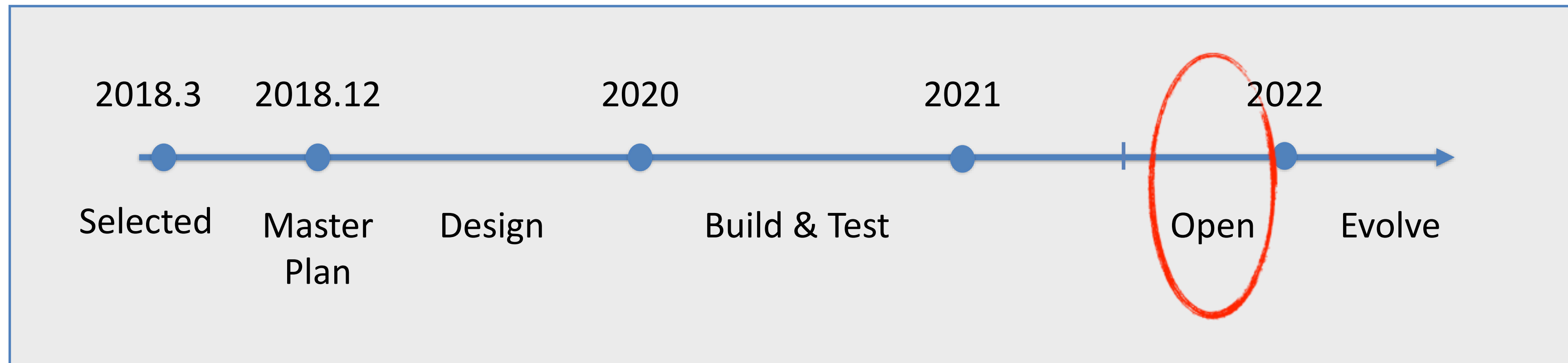
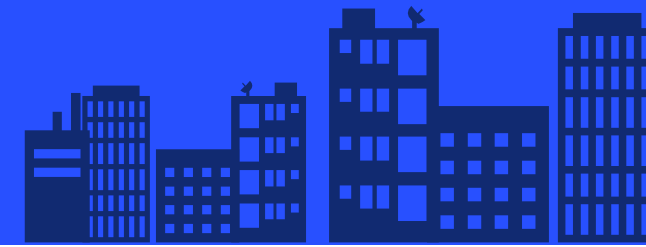
Nanjing

JIANGSU

Nagasaki  
長崎

Kyushu

# Overview of Busan National Pilot Smart City



## Pilot Smart City is ...

### Model House

- Future City Concept
- Basic City Platform

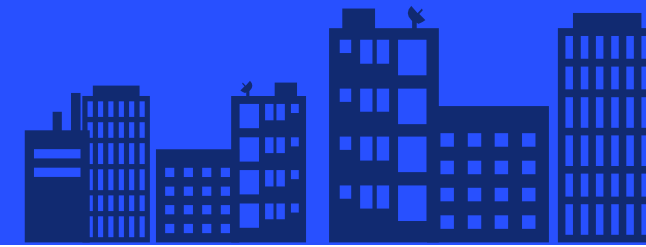
### Development Lab

- Common Services for all Cities
- Living Lab

### Test bed

- Real Environment Test bed
- Open Innovation

# Busan aims to be the world first Augmented City



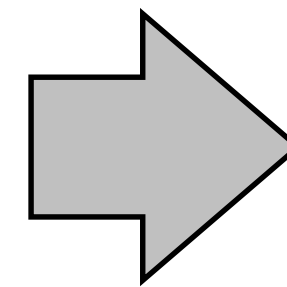
Digital (Data, AI)

+

AR/VR

+

Robotics



Augmented City

## Digital Platform

- ① City Computing (Super-Computer)
- ② Intelligent Communication
- ③ City-wide Cyber Security
- ④ Data Hub

## Augmented Reality Platform

- ① Dynamic Digital Twin
- ② Precision Location
- ③ Data with Geo-context

## Robot Platform

- ① Robot Management at the City Level
- ② City Design for Robot Use
- ③ Robot Risk Management



# Lessons

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# The Power of Architecture & Platforms

## Without A&P

- Investment-driven development
- Silos of Services & Infrastructures
- Short term effects

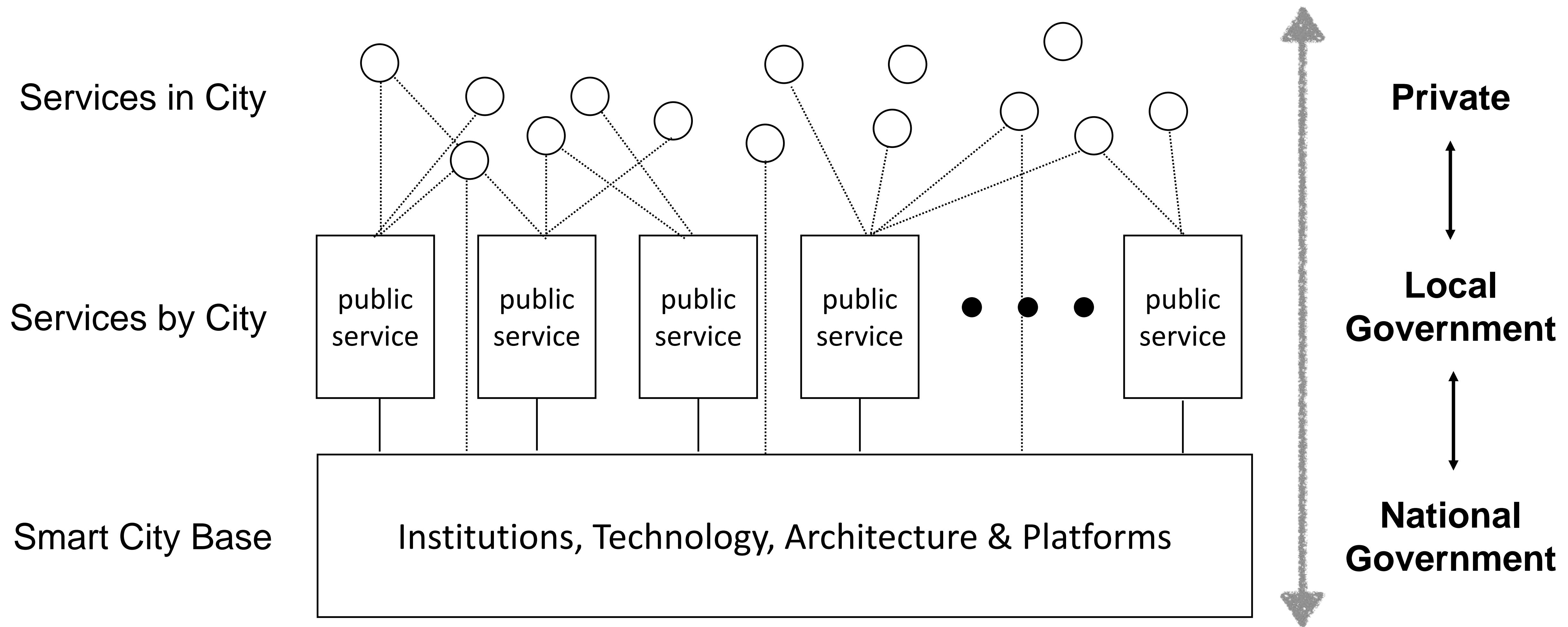


## With A&P

- Innovation-driven
- Democratization of technology
- Connected city and sharing of Infra
- Long term effects



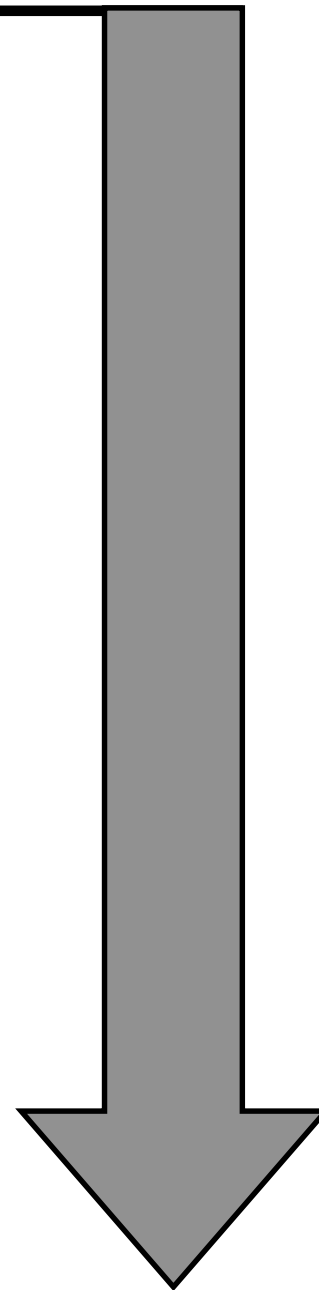
# The Role of Governments



# The Role of Governments

Top-down

- Active role of national government
- Architecture of smart city platform
- Interoperability between cities



- Promotion of citizen engagement
- Private investment and service development
- Testbed for creative ideas

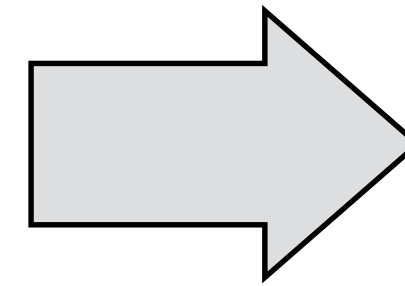
Bottom-up

# Smart City Guidelines

One of big contributions by The World Bank and the Korean government is to develop guidelines together for cities and policymakers around the world

## Smart City Guidelines

- Concept & Structure
- Policy & Organizational Framework
- Key Steps
- Best Practices
- Financing & Business Model
- Evaluation ....



- Common Language & Process
- Long-term & Holistic Perspective
- Systematic Approach
- Knowledge Sharing
- Leap frogging of developing cities

# Thank you

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Lead Researcher at National Information Society Agency

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