STAAR Biology Assessment

Reporting Category 1: Cell Structure and Function

The student will demonstrate an understanding of biomolecules as building blocks of cells, and that cells are the basic unit of structure and function of living things.

(B.4) Science concepts. The student knows that cells are the basic structures of all living things with specialized parts that perform specific functions and that viruses are different from cells. The student is expected to	
(A) compare and contrast prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells; <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 1 Lesson 2
(B) investigate and explain cellular processes, including homeostasis, energy conversions, transport of molecules, and synthesis	Module 1 Lesson 3
of new molecules; and <i>Readiness Standard</i>	Module 1 Lesson 4
of new molecules, and Reduiness Standard	Module 1 Lesson 5
	Module 1 Lesson 6
	Module 1 Lesson 7
(C) compare the structures of viruses to cells, describe viral reproduction, and describe the role of viruses in causing diseases	Module 1 Lesson 7
such as human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and influenza. <i>Readiness Standard</i>	Module 1 Lesson 10 Module 1 Lesson 11
such as numan minimiodenciency virus (111 v) and mindenza. Readiness Standard	Module 1 Lesson 12
(B.5) Science concepts. The student knows how an organism grows and the importance of cell differentiation. The student is expected to	
(A) describe the stages of the cell cycle, including deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) replication and mitosis, and the importance of	Module 1 Lesson 8
the cell cycle to the growth of organisms; <i>Readiness Standard</i>	
(B) examine specialized cells, including roots, stems, and leaves of plants; and animal cells such as blood, muscle, and	Module 1 Lesson 8
epithelium; Supporting Standard	
(C) describe the roles of DNA, ribonucleic acid (RNA), and environmental factors in cell differentiation; and <i>Supporting</i>	Module 1 Lesson 8
Standard	Traductor 1 Education of
(D) recognize that disruptions of the cell cycle lead to diseases such as cancer. Supporting Standard	Module 1 Lesson 9
(B.9) Science concepts. The student knows the significance of various molecules involved in metabolic processes and energy con	versions that occur in
living organisms. The student is expected to	
(A) compare the structures and functions of different types of biomolecules, including carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, and	Module 1 Lesson 1
nucleic acids; and Readiness Standard	
(D) analyze and evaluate the evidence regarding formation of simple organic molecules and their organization into long complex	Module 1 Lesson 8
molecules having information such as the DNA molecule for self-replicating life. Supporting Standard	

Reporting Category 2: Mechanisms of Genetics

The student will demonstrate an understanding of the mechanisms of genetics.

(B.6) Science concepts. The student knows the mechanisms of genetics, including the role of nucleic acids and the principles of Mendelian Genetics. The	
student is expected to	
(A) identify components of DNA, and describe how information for specifying the traits of an organism is carried in the DNA;	Module 2 Lesson 1
Readiness Standard	
(B) recognize that components that make up the genetic code are common to all organisms; <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 2 Lesson 1
(C) explain the purpose and process of transcription and translation using models of DNA and RNA; <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 2 Lesson 2
(D) recognize that gene expression is a regulated process; <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 2 Lesson 2
(E) identify and illustrate changes in DNA and evaluate the significance of these changes; <i>Readiness Standard</i>	Module 2 Lesson 3
(F) predict possible outcomes of various genetic combinations such as monohybrid crosses, dihybrid crosses and non-Mendelian	Module 2 Lesson 4
inheritance; Readiness Standard	Module 2 Lesson 5
(G) recognize the significance of meiosis to sexual reproduction; and <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 2 Lesson 6
(H) describe how techniques such as DNA fingerprinting, genetic modifications, and chromosomal analysis are used to study the	Module 2 Lesson 7
genomes of organisms. Supporting Standard	

Reporting Category 3: Biological Evolution and Classification

The student will demonstrate an understanding of the theory of biological evolution and the hierarchical classification of organisms.

(B.7) Science concepts. The student knows evolutionary theory is a scientific explanation for the unity and diversity of life. The st	tudent is expected to
(A) analyze and evaluate how evidence of common ancestry among groups is provided by the fossil record, biogeography, and	Module 3 Lesson 1
homologies, including anatomical, molecular, and developmental; <i>Readiness Standard</i>	
(B) analyze and evaluate scientific explanations concerning any data of sudden appearance, stasis, and sequential nature of	Module 3 Lesson 1
groups in the fossil record; Supporting Standard	
(C) analyze and evaluate how natural selection produces change in populations, not individuals; <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 3 Lesson 2
(D) analyze and evaluate how the elements of natural selection, including inherited variation, the potential of a population to	Module 3 Lesson 2
produce more offspring than can survive, and a finite supply of environmental resources, result in differential reproductive	
success; Supporting Standard	
(E) analyze and evaluate the relationship of natural selection to adaptation and to the development of diversity in and among	Module 3 Lesson 2
species; Readiness Standard	
(F) analyze and evaluate the effects of other evolutionary mechanisms, including genetic drift, gene flow, mutation, and	Module 3 Lesson 3
recombination; and Supporting Standard	
(G) analyze and evaluate scientific explanations concerning the complexity of the cell. <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 1 Lesson 2
(B.8) Science concepts. The student knows that taxonomy is a branching classification based on the shared characteristics of organisms and can change	
as new discoveries are made. The student is expected to	
(A) define taxonomy and recognize the importance of a standardized taxonomic system to the scientific community; <i>Supporting</i>	Module 3 Lesson 4
Standard	
(B) categorize organisms using a hierarchical classification system based on similarities and differences shared among groups;	Module 3 Lesson 5
and Readiness Standard	
(C) compare characteristics of taxonomic groups, including archaea, bacteria, protists, fungi, plants, and animals. <i>Supporting</i>	Module 3 Lesson 6
Standard	

Reporting Category 4: Biological Processes and Systems

The student will demonstrate an understanding of metabolic processes, energy conversions, and interactions and functions of systems in organisms.

(B.9) Science concepts. The student knows the significance of various molecules involved in metabolic processes and energy conversions that occur in	
living organisms. The student is expected to	11, 01010110 WWW 000W1 III
(B) compare the reactants and products of photosynthesis and cellular respiration in terms of energy and matter; and	Module 4 Lesson 1
Supporting Standard	Wiodaic Lesson 1
(C) identify and investigate the role of enzymes. <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 4 Lesson 2
(B.10) Science concepts. The student knows that biological systems are composed of multiple levels. The student is expected to	
(A) describe the interactions that occur among systems that perform the functions of regulation, nutrient absorption,	Module 4 Lesson 3
reproduction, and defense from injury or illness in animals; <i>Readiness Standard</i>	
(B) describe the interactions that occur among systems that perform the functions of transport, reproduction, and response in	Module 4 Lesson 4
plants; and Readiness Standard	
(C) analyze the levels of organization in biological systems and relate the levels to each other and to the whole system.	Module 4 Lesson 5
Supporting Standard	
(B.11) Science concepts. The student knows that biological systems work to achieve and maintain balance. The student is expected to	
(A) describe the role of internal feedback mechanisms in the maintenance of homeostasis. <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 4 Lesson 6

Reporting Category 5: Interdependence within Environmental Systems

The student will demonstrate an understanding of the interdependence and interactions that occur within an environmental system and their significance.

(B.11) Science concepts. The student knows that biological systems work to achieve and maintain balance. The student is expected to	
(B) investigate and analyze how organisms, populations, and communities respond to external factors;	Module 5 Lesson 5
Supporting Standard	
(C) summarize the role of microorganisms in both maintaining and disrupting the health of both organisms and ecosystems; and	Module 5 Lesson 4
Supporting Standard	
(D) describe how events and processes that occur during ecological succession can change populations and species diversity.	Module 5 Lesson 7
Readiness Standard	
(B.12) Science concepts. The student knows that interdependence and interactions occur within an environmental system. The student is expected to	
(A) interpret relationships, including predation, parasitism, commensalism, mutualism, and competition among organisms;	Module 5 Lesson 2
Readiness Standard	
(B) compare variations and adaptations of organisms in different ecosystems; <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 5 Lesson 8
(C) analyze the flow of matter and energy through trophic levels using various models, including food chains, food webs, and	Module 5 Lesson 1
ecological pyramids; <i>Readiness Standard</i>	
(D) recognize that long-term survival of species is dependent on changing resource bases that are limited; <i>Supporting Standard</i>	Module 5 Lesson 8
(E) describe the flow of matter through the carbon and nitrogen cycles and explain the consequences of disrupting these cycles;	Module 5 Lesson 3
and Supporting Standard	
(F) describe how environmental change can impact ecosystem stability. <i>Readiness Standard</i>	Module 5 Lesson 7

Scientific Process Skills

These skills will not be listed under a separate reporting category. Instead, they will be incorporated into at least 40% of the test questions from reporting categories 1–5 and will be identified along with content standards.

(B.1) Scientific processes. The student, for at least 40% of instructional time, conducts laboratory and field	
investigations using safe, environmentally appropriate, and ethical practices. The student is expected to	
(A) demonstrate safe practices during laboratory and field investigations; and	Module 0 lesson 1
	Module 0 lesson 2
(B) demonstrate an understanding of the use and conservation of resources and the proper disposal or recycling of materials.	Module 0 lesson 3
(B.2) Scientific processes. The student uses scientific methods and equipment during laboratory and field investigations. The student	lent is expected to
(A) know the definition of science and understand that it has limitations, as specified in chapter 112.39, subsection (b)(2) of 19	Module 0 lesson 5
TAC;	Module 0 lesson 6
(B) know that hypotheses are tentative and testable statements that must be capable of being supported or not supported by	Module 0 lesson 7
observational evidence. Hypotheses of durable explanatory power which have been tested over a wide variety of conditions are	
incorporated into theories;	
(C) know scientific theories are based on natural and physical phenomena and are capable of being tested by multiple	Module 0 lesson 4
independent researchers. Unlike hypotheses, scientific theories are well-established and highly-reliable explanations, but they	
may be subject to change as new areas of science and new technologies are developed;	
(D) distinguish between scientific hypotheses and scientific theories;	Module 0 lesson 4
(E) plan and implement descriptive, comparative, and experimental investigations, including asking questions, formulating	Module 0 lesson 5
testable hypotheses, and selecting equipment and technology;	Module 0 lesson 6
(F) collect and organize qualitative and quantitative data and make measurements with accuracy and precision using tools such	Module 0 lesson 8
as calculators, spreadsheet software, data-collecting probes, computers, standard laboratory glassware, microscopes, various	
prepared slides, stereoscopes, metric rulers, electronic balances, gel electrophoresis apparatuses, micropipettors, hand lenses,	
Celsius thermometers, hot plates, lab notebooks or journals, timing devices, cameras, Petri dishes, lab incubators, dissection	
equipment, meter sticks, and models, diagrams, or samples of biological specimens or structures;	
(G) analyze, evaluate, make inferences, and predict trends from data; and	Module 0 lesson 11
(H) communicate valid conclusions supported by the data through methods such as lab reports, labeled drawings, graphic	Module 0 lesson 12
organizers, journals, summaries, oral reports, and technology-based reports.	
(B.3) Scientific processes. The student uses critical thinking, scientific reasoning, and problem solving to make informed decision	ns within and outside
the classroom. The student is expected to	
(A) in all fields of science, analyze, evaluate, and critique scientific explanations by using empirical evidence, logical reasoning,	Module 0 lesson 11
and experimental and observational testing, including examining all sides of scientific evidence of those scientific explanations,	Module 0 lesson 12
so as to encourage critical thinking by the student;	Module 0 lesson 13
(B) communicate and apply scientific information extracted from various sources such as current events, news reports, published	Module 0 lesson 13
journal articles, and marketing materials;	
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(C) draw inferences based on data related to promotional materials for products and services;	Module 0 lesson 13
(D) evaluate the impact of scientific research on society and the environment;	Embedded in all
	lessons in Module 1
	through Module 5
(E) evaluate models according to their limitations in representing biological objects or events; and	Embedded in all
	lessons in Module 1
	through Module 5
(F) research and describe the history of biology and contributions of scientists.	Embedded in all
	lessons in Module 1
	through Module 5