



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Acknowledgments	2
Introduction/Purpose	3
Special Considerations	3-4
Acronyms	5
School Staff Health Training Guide	6-15

Prepared by: Washington State School Nurse Corps Nurse Administrators

November 2018

Washington State SNC School Health Training Guide August, 2012; Revised November, 2018

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Gail Fast, MN, RN, NCSN Gayle Thronson, MEd, RN Judy McCrudden, BSN, RN Julie Schultz, BSN, RN Katie Johnson, MN, RN-BC, NCSN Les Stahlnecker, MS, RN Lorali Gray, MEd, BSN, RN, NCSN Lynn Nelson, MSN, RN, NCSN Mona Miles-Koehler, MN, RN Winnie R. Adams, BSN, RN Julia Kintz, BSN, RN Sally Logue, BSN, RN Rebecca Cavanaugh, MN, RN, NCSN Annie Hetzel, MSN, RN Robin Fleming, PhD, RN, NCSN

ESD 105, Yakima, WA OSPI, Olympia, WA OESD 114, Bremerton, WA NEWESD 101, Spokane, WA OSPI, Olympia, WA ESD 123, Pasco, WA NWESD 189, Anacortes, WA ESD 113, Olympia, WA NCESD 171, Wenatchee, WA NCESD 171, Wenatchee, WA ESD 112, Vancouver, WA ESD 112, Vancouver, WA PSESD, Renton, WA PSESD, Renton, WA OSPI, Olympia, WA

Special thanks to Lorali Gray who led the work on this guide and to Nancy Hoffman, Ann Elkins and Jodi Meekins, School Nurse Corps Administrative Assistants at NWESD 189.

Washington State SNC School Health Training Guide August, 2012; Revised November, 2018

INTRODUCTION/PURPOSE

This guide is provided by the Washington State School Nurse Corps (SNC) to school districts in Washington State. It is intended for use by school nurses and district administration to assist in the compliance of state health training for school staff.

This is not an official Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) document and serves only as a guide, not a legal interpretation of required school staff health training. Schools are urged to review their current policy and procedure associated with school health trainings as well as consult with their school nurse and district legal counsel or risk management staff for specific questions related to the implementation of the RCW's, WAC's, or rules referred to in this guide.

Please check with your school nurse and risk management personnel annually for possible changes or updates to topics, content, or frequency of staff health training. As this guide is not intended to be a comprehensive listing of all trainings schools are required to provide, utilize appropriate district or risk management personnel as a training resource.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

ONLINE TRAINING

The SNC and OSPI Health Services do not have formal guidance regarding online training for districts to use to comply with school health services state statutes. There are, however, some important considerations when looking at online training options. Online training:

- Could <u>partially</u> meet school district compliance for mandated staff training for such requirements as general asthma training for staff;
- Must still be combined with in-person RN training for all Individual Health Plans (IHPs), Emergency Care Plans (ECPs), and delegated skills related training (for example: emergency epinephrine, and other medication administration training, etc.);
- Should include imbedded testing throughout the training to assure that staff work their way through the training;
- Should include nurse availability to answer questions;
- Should be supported by an electronic trainee roster; and,
- Must be updated by experts on a regular basis to reflect current knowledge, practice, and standards of care.

"If a video or online training media is used, it is recommended that a school nurse is present or identified as a resource for staff to direct questions and/or concerns."

Source: OSPI Guidelines for Care of Students with Anaphylaxis (March 2009)

Washington State SNC School Health Training Guide August, 2012; Revised November, 2018

TRAINING LEVELS

A few of the training topics listed in this guide require two levels of training.

General Training -

General level training is required for school staff **<u>indirectly</u>** involved with the student. This training may include office staff, building administrators, athletic personnel/coaches, bus drivers, custodians, cooks, teaching staff, paraprofessionals, playground attendants, and others deemed appropriate by the school registered nurse. Please see specific requirements per individual law for trainer qualifications and training content.

Intensive Training -

Only the school registered nurse can conduct intensive, student specific training for staff <u>directly</u> responsible for implementing the student's IHP or ECP. This training may include teacher(s), office staff, coaches, paraprofessionals, cooks, and others deemed appropriate by the school registered nurse.

Refer to specific topic requirements to determine the appropriate training level.

OSPI UNIFORM TRAINING POLICIES

Please refer to OSPI's uniform staff training policy for:

- 1. Students with Asthma (September, 2008)
- 2. Students with Diabetes (April, 2018) Appendix G Page 74-75

ACRONYMS

AE-C = Asthma Educator, CertifiedAED = Automated External Defibrillator AIDS = Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome ARNP = Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioner CAE = Certified Asthma Educator CPR = Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation DO = Doctor of OsteopathyECP = Emergency Care Plan ESD = Educational Service District ESS = Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill HIV = Human Immunodeficiency Virus IHP = Individual Health Plan LHCP = Licensed Health Care Provider MD = Medical Doctor OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration OSPI = Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction RCW = Revised Code of Washington RN = Registered Nurse **RRT** = Registered Respiratory Therapist SNC = Washington State School Nurse Corps SNOW = School Nurse Organization of Washington WAC = Washington Administrative Code WASBO = Washington Association of School Business Officials WIAA = Washington Interscholastic Activities Association WISHA = Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act

WSSDA = Washington State School Directors Association

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR (AED)		
Expected defibrillator users receive reasonable instruction in defibrillator use and cardiopulmonary resuscitation by a course approved by the Washington State Department of Health (DOH). (RCW 70.54.310 (2)(a)) Persons using an AED must receive instruction in CPR and the use of the defibrillator following a curriculum approved by the DOH. (<i>Public Access Defibrillation Training Guide,</i> DOH (2012) pg. iv)	Only if the district has an AED Program	 <u>RCW 70.54.310</u> Semiautomatic external defibrillator – Duty of acquirer – Immunity from liability. <u>RCW 4.24.300</u> Good Samaritan Act <i>Guidelines for Implementing an AED Program</i> <u>Washington Association of School Business Officials</u> (WASBO) & Washington Schools Risk Management Pool (2016)
		 <u>Public Access Defibrillation Training Course Guide and Application</u> <u>Packet DOH (2012)</u> WSSDA Model Policy # 3412 Automated External Defibrillators
ANAPHYLAXIS		5. WSSDA Model Policy # 5412 Automated External Denominators
Life threatening allergy awareness training for all school staff and student specific training for staff responsible for implementing the student's emergency care plan (ECP). (<i>Guidelines for Care of</i> <i>Students with Anaphylaxis,</i> Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) (2009) pg. 15)	YES	 <u>RCW 28A.210.380</u> Anaphylaxis - Policy guidelines - Procedures WSSDA Model Policy # 3420 Anaphylaxis Prevention & Response <u>RCW 28A.210.370</u> Students with Asthma
Training to be done by a Registered Nurse, (RN), Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioner (ARNP) or Licensed Healthcare Provider (LHCP) (<i>Guidelines for Care of Students with Anaphylaxis</i> , OSPI (2009) pg. 13)	Training to be done by a RN, ARNP, or LHCP	 <u>RCW 28A. 210-320</u> Life Threatening <u>WAC 392-380</u> Life Threatening <i>Guidelines for Care of Students with Anaphylaxis</i> OSPI (2009)
 Frequency - Life threatening allergy awareness training for all school staff should occur each school year. Epinephrine auto-injection training – For identified staff to whom the RN determines training is needed for the administration of emergency epinephrine to specific students. 	YES YES (Life threatening Law)	 <u>RCW 18.79.240</u> (1) (b) and (2)(b). Construction – Emergencies <u>Attorney General of Washington - Memo to OSPI (Feb 2,1989)</u> Should school nurses <u>train</u> non-licensed school staff in the administration of epinephrine by injection for students with a history of anaphylaxis usually to bee stings? (Source: 2-2-89 Memo above)

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
ASTHMA		
Requires in-service training on asthma be provided by all school districts for school personnel. (RCW 28A.210.370 (1))	YES	1. <u>RCW 28A.210.370</u> Students with Asthma
General (brief) training in symptoms, treatment, and monitoring of asthma is designed for all school personnel indirectly involved with	General training to be	 <u>Uniform Staff Training Policy: Students with Asthma</u>, OSPI (2008) WSSDA Model Policy # 3419 Self-Administration of Asthma and
student(s) with asthma. Intensive training in symptoms, treatment, and monitoring of asthma is designed for school personnel <u>directly</u>	done by a RN, ARNP, RRT,	Anaphylaxis Medications
involved with the student(s) with asthma. General training to be done by a Registered Nurse (RN), Advanced	MD, DO, or CAE	 <u>RCW 28A.210-320</u> Children with life-threatening health condition Medication or treatment orders - Rules
Registered Nurse Practitioner (ARNP), Registered Respiratory Therapist (RRT), Medical Doctor (MD), Doctor of Osteopathy (DO), or Certified Asthma Educator (CAE). Intensive training related to the nursing care plan must be done by the RN (<i>Uniform Staff Training</i> <i>Policy: Students with Asthma</i> , OSPI (2008) pg. 1&2).	Intensive training to be done by the RN	 <u>WAC 392-380</u> Public School Pupils – Immunization Requiremen and Life-Threatening Health Condition
<u>Frequency</u> - The optimal training time is prior to the first day of school <i>each</i> school year. (<i>Uniform Staff Training Policy: Students with Asthma</i> , OSPI (2008) pg. 2).	YES	
BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS	r	
GENERAL	YES	 Washington Industrial Safety & Health Act (WISHA) Chapter 296-62
Make sure <u>all employees with occupational exposure</u> participate in a training program at least annually and within one year of the previous training. Training to be conducted by a person that is	For school staff with occupational	2. <u>WAC 296-823-12005</u> Provide training to your employees
knowledgeable about the subject matter as it relates to your workplace. Provide an opportunity for interactive questions and answers with the trainer at the time of the training session.	exposure Training to be	3. <u>Guidelines for Implementation of School Employee Training on</u> <u>HIV/AIDS and Other Blood borne Pathogens</u> , OSPI (April 2011).
Note: this may be person-to-person, by telephone, or by e-mail, as	conducted by a person knowledgeable in	4. <u>WAC 392-198-015</u> Training – school employees – HIV/AIDS
long as the employee can both ask and receive answers during the training session. (WAC 296-823-12005)	the subject matter.	5. <u>RCW 70.24.250</u> Office on AIDS - Repository and clearinghouse for AIDS education and training material - University of Washington

Training Topic	Required	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
	Per Law	
HIV/AIDS Each school district shall ensure that newly hired school district employees shall receive the HIV/AIDS training prescribed in WAC 392-198-015 within six months from the fist day of employment in the district. (WAC 392-198-015)	YES	6. WSSDA Model Policy # 6512 Infection Control Program
CHILD ABUSE	l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	
Staff shall receive training regarding reporting obligations during their initial orientation and every three years after initial employment.	YES	1. <u>RCW 28A.400.317</u> Physical abuse or sexual misconduct by school employees—Duty to report—Training
The district shall also encourage staff to participate in in-service programs that deal with the issues surrounding child abuse. (WSSDA Model Policy # 3421)		 <u>RCW 28A.300.160</u> Development of coordinated primary prevention program for child abuse and neglect—Office as lead agency. WSSDA Model Policy # 3421 Child Abuse, Neglect and Exploitation Prevention
CLEAN INTERMITTENT CATHETERIZATION (CIC)		
The RN, designated by the school board, shall be responsible for the training of the non-licensed school employees who are assigned to perform clean intermittent catheterization of the students. (WAC 246-840-820) Any public school district or private school that provides clean, intermittent bladder catheterization shall document the provision of training given to employees who perform these services. (RCW 28A.210.280) A practical nurse licensed pursuant to chapter 18.78 shall be exempt from training. (RCW 18.79.290 (1)(d))	YES Only if there is a student(s) requiring CIC during the school day Training must be provided by a licensed physician, ARNP, or RN	 <u>RCW 18.79.290</u> Catheterization of public and private school students <u>WAC 246-840-820</u> Provision for clean, intermittent catheterization in schools <u>RCW 28A.210.280</u> Catheterization of public and private school students WSSDA Model Policy # 3417 Catheterization

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides	
CONCUSSION & HEAD INJURY			
Each school district's board of directors shall work in consort with the Washington Interscholastic Activities Association (WIAA) to develop the guidelines and other pertinent information and forms <u>to</u> <u>inform and educate coaches, youth athletes, and their parents</u> <u>and/or guardians</u> of the nature and risk of concussion and head injury. (RCW 28A.600.190 (2))	YES	 <u>RCW 4-24-660</u> Liability of school districts under contract with youth programs <u>RCW 28A.600.190</u> Youth sports — Concussion and head injury guidelines — Injured athlete restrictions — Short title <u>WIAA Concussion Management Guidelines</u> & <u>20.4.5 - training</u> WSSDA Model Policy # 3422 Student Sports – Concussion and Head Injuries 	
DIABETES	·	· · · ·	
The board of directors shall designate a professional person licensed under chapter 18.71, 18.57, or 18.79 RCW as it applies to registered nurse and advanced registered nurse practitioners, to consult and coordinate with the student's parents and health care provider, and train and supervise the appropriate school district personnel in proper procedures for care for students with diabetes to ensure a safe, therapeutic leaning environment. Training may also be provided by a diabetes educator who is nationally certified. (RCW 28A.210.330 (3)) General training in symptoms, treatment, and monitoring of diabetes is designed for all school personnel <u>indirectly</u> involved with student(s) with diabetes. Intensive training in symptoms, treatment, and monitoring of diabetes is designed for school personnel <u>directly</u> involved with the student(s) with diabetes. (Uniform Staff Training Policy: Students with Diabetes from <i>Guidelines for Care of Students</i> <i>with Diabetes</i> , OSPI (2005) pg. 70) Training to be conducted by a Registered Nurse (RN), Nationally Certified Diabetes Educator or an Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioner (ARNP).	YES For districts that have students with diabetes Training must be provided by ARNP, RN, or nationally certified diabetes educator	 <u>RCW 28A.210.330</u> Students with diabetes <u>RCW 28A.210.340</u> Policy for In-service Training <u>RCW 28A.210-320</u> Children with life-threatening health conditions – Medication <u>WAC 392-380</u> Public School Pupils – Immunization Requirement and Life-threatening Health Condition WSSDA Model Policy # 3415 Accommodating Students With Diabetes <u>Guidelines for Care of Students with Diabetes – Staff Training Policy Appendix D</u>, Washington Superintendent of Public Instruction and Washington State Department of Health (April 2018) <u>OSPI BULLETIN NO. 61-02</u> RE: ESSB 6641 Schools – Diabetic students 	

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
Frequency – The optimal training time is prior to the fist day of school each school year. (Uniform Staff Training Policy: Students with Diabetes from <i>Guidelines for Care of Students with Diabetes</i> , OSPI (2005) pg. 70).		
The board of directors shall designate a professional person licensed under chapter 18.71, 18.57, or 18.79 RCW as it applies to registered nurses and advanced registered nurse practitioners, to consult and coordinate with the student's parents and health care provider, and train and supervise the appropriate school district personnel in proper procedures for care for students with epilepsy to ensure a safe, therapeutic leaning environment. Training may also be provided by an epilepsy educator who is nationally certified. RCW 28A.210.260 (9).	YES For districts that have students with epilepsy Training must be provided by ARNP, RN, or nationally certified epilepsy educator	 <u>RCW 28A.210.260</u> Public and private schools- administration of medication by conditions <u>RCW 28A.210.270</u> Public and private schools- administration of medication- immunity from liability OSPI MEMORANDUM NO. M037-14 SECONDARY EDUCATION& STUDENT SUPPORT. Nasal Spray Administration - July 9, 2014 Frequently Asked Questions 7-9-14 WSSDA Model Policy # 3416 Medication at School
FIRST AID & CPR CERTIFICATION	1	
"In the absence of an infirmary, clinic, or hospital in near proximity to the workplace, (e.g. schools) which is used for the treatment of all injured employees, a person or persons shall be adequately trained to render first-aid quickly and effectively."	YES For First Aid Only	 WAC 296-800-15005. First-aid trained personnel OSHA 29 CFR 1910.151(b) WSSDA Model Policy #6511 Staff Safety
School Bus Driver Current and valid first aid card required.	YES	1. WAC 392-144-120 School bus driver authorization

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
Coaches, Interscholastic - Paid or Volunteer First aid card and CPR certification required	YES	 WIAA Coaching Standards Requirements (Handbook interpretation) <u>20.4.3 first aid and 20.4.4 CPR</u>
Licensed Childcare Staff First aid card and CPR certification required.	YES	1. WAC 170-295-7050. Personnel records and policies
Maintenance & Operations – Construction Workers First aid card required when performing "construction" work.	YES	 <u>WAC 296-155-120</u>. First-aid training and certification <u>WAC 296-155-005-(1)</u>. Purpose and Scope
Career and Technical Education (CTE) Instructor	YES	 <u>WAC 181-77-041</u> Requirements for CTE Certification <u>OSPI CTE FAQ's</u> Carl D. Perkins Act
HARRASSMENT, INTIMIDATION & BULLLYING		S. Call D. Perkins Act
Training materials shall be disseminated in a variety of ways, including workshops and other staff developmental activities, and through the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction's (OSPI) web site, with a link to the safety center web page. (RCW 28A.300.285).	YES	 <u>RCW 28A.300.285</u> Model policy and training materials Adding a new section to chapter 43.06B WSSDA Model Policy # 3207 Prohibition of Harassment, Intimidation & Bullying
HOMELESS STUDENTS – EDUCATIONAL OUTCOMES		
On an annual basis, each school district must strongly encourage: "All school staff to annually review the video posted on the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction's web site on how to identify signs that indicate a student may be homeless, how to provide services and support to homeless students, and why this identification and support is critical to student success to ensure that homeless students are appropriately identified and supported."	Strongly Encouraged by Law	 <u>RCW 28A.320.145 Homeless students - Support</u> WSSDA Model Policy # 3115 Homeless Students – Enrollment Rights and Services

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
HAZARD COMMUNICATION Employee information and training - Employers shall provide employees with effective information and training on hazardous chemicals in their work area at the time of their initial assignment, and whenever a new physical or health hazard the employees have not previously been trained about is introduced into their work area. Information and training may be designed to cover categories of hazards (e.g., flammability, carcinogenicity) or specific chemicals. Chemical-specific information must always be available through labels and material safety data sheets. (Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910 1200 (h)(1)).	YES	 <u>Washington Industrial Safety and Health Act</u> (WISHA). <u>WAC 296-800-17030</u> Hazardous chemical training
MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION The board of directors shall designate a professional person licensed pursuant to chapter 18.71 RCW (MD) or chapter 18.79 RCW as it applies to registered nurses and advanced registered nurse practitioners, to delegate to, train, and supervise the designated school district personnel in proper medication procedures. (RCW 28A.210.260). Frequency – Prior to the beginning of a new school year. [OSPI Guidelines for Medication Administration in Schools (2015), page 15].	YES Training provided by: MD, RN or ARNP	 <u>RCW 18.79</u> – Dispositions - Nursing Care <u>RCW 28A.210.260</u> Public and private schools- administration of medication by conditions <u>RCW 28A.210.270</u> Public and private schools- administration of medication- immunity from liability <u>OSPI Guidelines for Medication Administration in Schools (2015)</u> WSSDA Model Policy # 3416 Medication at School

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
REGISTERED NURSING (RN) TASKS TO BE DELEGATED		
 Tasks may include: oral medication, eye drops, ear drops, topical medication, nasal spray, emergency epinephrine injection, gastrostomy feeding, CIC, etc. If the RN determines delegation to non-licensed staff is appropriate, training is required. Chapter 246-840 WAC Practical and Registered Nursing "Delegation" means the licensed practical nurse or registered nurse transfers the performance of selected nursing tasks to competent individuals in selected situations. The licensed practical nurse or registered nurse delegating the task retains the responsibility and accountability for the nursing care of the client. The licensed practical nurse or registered nurse of the unlicensed person. (WAC 246-840-010[(7]). Note: Licensed Practical Nurses do not delegate in a school setting. 	YES	 <u>RCW 18.79</u> – Dispositions - Nursing Care <u>WAC 246-840-010(7)</u> Definitions - Delegation <u>Staff Model for the Delivery of School Health Services</u>, OSPI & Washington State Nursing Care Quality Assurance Commission (2000) <i>SNOW</i> position statement <i>Delegation</i> Washington State Nursing Care Quality Assurance Commission Advisory Opinion <u>Registered Nurse Delegation in School Settings</u> <u>Number: NCAO 4.0 July 11, 2014</u> Washington State Nursing Care Quality Assurance Commission Advisory Opinion <u>Standing Orders and Verbal Orders Number:</u> <u>NCAO 6.0 September 12, 2014</u>
SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST (SCA)		
"Every three years, prior to coaching an interscholastic athletic activity coaches shall complete the online sudden cardiac arrest prevention program described in this section. Coaches shall provide a certificate showing completion of the online sudden cardiac arrest prevention program to the school". (RCW 28A.600.195)	YES	 <u>RCW 28A.600.195</u> Sudden cardiac arrest in youth athletes – Online pamphlet – Online prevention program for coaches WSSDA Model Policy # 3422 Student Sports-Concussion, Head Injury and Sudden Cardiac Arrest <u>Sudden Cardiac Arrest Information Sheet for Student-Athletes, Coaches and Parents/Guardians.</u> WIAA Coaching Standards Requirements (Handbook interpretation) <u>20.4.6 Sudden Cardiac Arrest Awareness</u>

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
SUICIDE TRAINING		
RCW 43.70.442 – Suicide Prevention Training(1)(a) "Each of the following professionals certified or licensed under Title 18 RCW shall, at least once every six years, complete training in suicide assessment, treatment, and management that is approved, in rule, by the relevant disciplining authority:"(i) An adviser or counselor certified - 18.19 RCW(ii) A chemical dependency professional licensed -18.205 RCW(iii) A marriage and family therapist licensed -18.225 RCW(iv) A mental health counselor licensed -18.225 RCW(v) An occupational therapy practitioner licensed - 18.59 RCW(vi) A psychologist licensed under chapter 18.83 RCW(vii) A social worker or independent clinical social worker 	YES Must use model training programs	 <u>RCW 43.70.442</u> (1)(a);(5)(a) -Suicide Prevention Training <u>HB 1336</u> Increasing the capacity of school districts to recognize and respond to troubled youth. <u>RCW 28A.410.226</u> Washington professional educator standards board — Training program on youth suicide screening — Certificates for school nurses, social workers, psychologists, and counselors — Adoption of standards. <u>WA State Department of Health - Suicide Prevention Training for Health Professionals</u> WSSDA Model Policy # 2145 Suicide Prevention <u>Professional Educator Standards Board</u> State of Washington <u>Chapter 197 [Engrossed Substitute Bill 1336] K-12 Schools - Troubled Youth</u>
Chapter 197 [Engrossed Substitute Bill 1336] K-12 Schools Troubled Youth	YES	
"Individuals certified by the professional educator standards board as a school nurse, school social worker, school psychologist, or		

Training Topic	Required Per Law	RCW's, WAC, Laws, Rules & Guides
<u> </u>	ſ	
school counselor must complete a training program on youth suicide screening and referral as a condition of certification. The training program must be at least three hours in length.		
VIOLENCE PREVENTION AND CONFLICT RESOLUTION		
Requires OSPI to the extent funding is available, contract with school districts, Educational Service Districts and approved in- service providers to conduct training sessions for school certificated and classified employees in conflict resolution and other violence prevention topics. (RCW 28A.300.270)	YES	1. <u>RCW 28.A.300.270</u> . Violence prevention training
WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES (L&I) WORKPLACE TRAINING AND PLANS		
Additional training may be found on the Washington State L & I Web site at http://www.lni.wa.gov/Safety/TrainTools/default.asp.		