

STANHOPE SCHOOL LANGUAGE ARTS CURRICULUM 2012

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PREFACE

nands have driven the increased necessity for an
. To that end, this curriculum strives to address all of the
ersey Core Curriculum Content Standards (CCCS), the

federal requirements established under No Child Left Behind (NCLB), and the needs of everyday, reality-based communication.

It must be understood that the purpose of this curriculum is to be a general guide to both the specific language arts skills as well as the other curricula in which those skills should be implemented. It would be counterproductive to ignore the expertise and competence of the individual classroom teachers. Nevertheless, everyone benefits when instruction is codified, thereby ensuring continuity, eliminating redundancy, and facilitating a more comprehensive mastery of both the individual skills and the curricula in which those skills are essential.

In order to achieve the learning targets stated within this curriculum, individual teachers must teach relevant and age-appropriate language arts skills, demonstrate their application in a variety of areas, and most importantly, hold the students accountable for consistently applying those skills. Contrary to previously held educational philosophies, current thought and practice recognizes that language arts skills do not exist, nor can they be taught, in a vacuum. In order for those skills to have relevance, they must be applied outside the language arts classroom. Although this may sound like a daunting task, in actuality it simplifies instruction by allowing the teacher to target standards from many disciplines with one activity. The true measure of successful instruction is when students readily and instinctively apply their acquired language arts skills across the curricula and in their everyday lives.

GENERAL GOALS FOR LANGUAGE ARTS

- **Speaking** Students should be able to express their thoughts verbally in a clear, concise, animated manner before a variety of audiences and for a variety of purposes.
- **Listening** Students should be able to demonstrate actively that they can interpret, evaluate, and appropriately respond to information given orally in a variety of settings.
- **Writing** Students should be able to write in a clear, concise, and organized style that reflects an awareness of a specific audience and a specific purpose.
- **Reading-**Students should be able to comprehend a variety of materials utilizing various reading skills including but not limited to word attack skills, context clues, and phonics.
- **Thinking**-Students should be able to demonstrate progressive use of critical thinking skills through their growing sophistication in speaking, listening, writing, and reading.

21st Century Themes

Interdisciplinary focus and

technology integration

Time frame

e – Novels
Marking Periods 1-4
 Global Awareness Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Media Literacy
For details, view this link http://www.p21.org/documents/P21_Framework_Definitions.pdf

Big Ideas

- Classic literature reflects the time period in which it was written.
- Classic literature contains language and literary • devices that must be analyzed.



Essential Questions

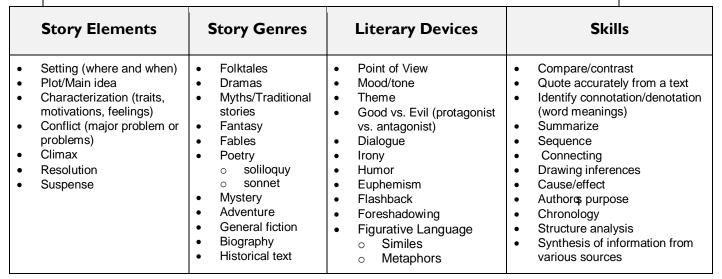
- Can the students recognize the historical elements of the time period in the literature?
- How is the time period in which the novel was written used in the novel?
- What is the meaning behind the language the author is usina?
- Can the students use the language and literary devices of the literature in their own writing?

Learning Targets-students will be able to

- Recall and analyze story elements
- Recall facts about time period in which literature was written

Social studies, science, technology

- Examine historical elements in literature
- Analyze the language and literary devices in literature
- Use the literature vocabulary in student writing
- Compare and contrast different presentations of the same story
- Connect their individual and class reading to other aspects of their personal life as well as the world at large







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- Alliteration
- o Hyperbole
- o Idiom
- Onomatopoeia
- Oxymoron
- o Analogies
- o Allusions
- Extended metaphor
- Identify & evaluate textual support
- Story element/textual aspect interaction analysis

Content Standards

Reading: Literature

- 1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 3. Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
- 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
- 5. Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.
- 6. Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.
- 7. Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.
- 9. Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.
- 10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6. 8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Reading: Informational Text

- 3. Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
- 7. Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.

Writing

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
 - Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
 - Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
 - Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
 - Establish and maintain a formal style.
 - Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
 - Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
 - Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
 - Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
 - Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
 - Establish and maintain a formal style.
 - Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

Speaking and Listening

- 1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on othersqideas and expressing their own clearly.
 - Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
 - Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
 - Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to othersquestions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas
 - Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented
- 5. Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.
- 6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.



Learning Activities

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- TOTALO CONTOUR AND TROMOGRAMOT
- Scaffolding
- Modeling
- Teacher-led discussions
- Teacher circulation
- Use of technological tools
- Teacher created class webpage

- Interdisciplinary Activities
- Cooperative Learning Activities
- Read aloud
- Performing the literature in front of class/audience
- Webquests
- Video presentations
- PowerPoint presentations/note taking
- Various literature vocabulary practices
- Short non-fiction readings and discussion
- Study guide questions
- Class discussions
- Interactive whiteboard

Differentiation

- Dependent and independent group work
- Diagnostic Assessment
- Cooperative Learning (Flexible Grouping)
- Tiered activities, assignments, and assessments
- Hands-on activities

- Kinesthetic Activities
- Re-teach and enrichment activities
- Study Guides
- Use of technological tools

Assessment

- Formal and informal teacher observation
- Test/Quizzes
- Performance evaluation with rubric
- Class discussions/participation

- Homework/class work
- Oral question responses
- Rubrics
- Student self-evaluation

Resources

The Pearl . John Steinbeck

A Christmas Carol . Charles Dickens

A Midsummer Night's Dream . William Shakespeare

Inherit the Wind . Jerome Lawrence and Robert E. Lee

Edhelper.com articles

Discovery Education Website

LitPlan Teacher Pack CDs . Teacher Pet Publications

The Renaissance for Students: A History of the Renaissance . Schlessinger Media

The Renaissance for Students: Everyday Life in the Renaissance . Schlessinger Media

Shakespeare Tragedies . The Standard Deviants

William Shakespeare's A Midsummer Night's Dream directed by Michael Hoffman 1999

A Midsummer Night's Dream directed by Peter Hall 1968

Various supplemental teacher guides

PDF Complete

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Ommined Payes and Expa	e – Prose & Poetry
Time frame	Marking Period 1-4
21 st Century Themes	Global Awareness Civic Literacy Information Literacy ICT Literacy Initiative and Self-Direction Productivity and Accountability Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving For details, view this link http://www.p21.org/documents/P21_Framework_Definitions.pdf
Interdisciplinary focus and technology integration	Social studies, science, technology

Big Ideas

- Students can be successful when reading at their own pace and reading level.
- Reading is not an isolated activity; it is connected to and used in all areas of life.

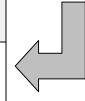


Essential Questions

- How can students choose reading material that is appropriate for their individual needs?
- How is the reading connected to other areas of the world?

Learning Targets-students will be able to

- Recall and analyze story elements
- Assess chosen reading material for grade-level appropriateness and skill-level suitability
- Apply knowledge of non-fiction reading to class discussions of literature
- Analyze and apply knowledge of rubric when responding to prose
- Connect their individual and class reading to other aspects of their personal life as well as the world at large
- Draw and support conclusions based on reading
- Compose short essay responses to text containing supporting evidence and outside connections



Story Elements	Story Genres	Literary Devices	Skills
 Setting (where and when) Plot/Main idea Characterization (traits, motivations, feelings) Conflict (major problem or problems) Climax Resolution Suspense 	 Folktales Dramas Myths/Traditional stories Fantasy Fables Poetry soliloquy sonnet Mystery Adventure General fiction Biography Historical text Scientific text 	 Point of View Mood/tone Theme Good vs. Evil (protagonist vs. antagonist) Dialogue Irony Humor Euphemism Flashback Foreshadowing Figurative Language Similes Metaphors Alliteration 	 Compare/contrast Quote accurately from a text Identify connotation/denotation (word meanings) Summarize Sequence Connecting Drawing inferences Cause/effect Authors purpose Chronology Structure analysis Synthesis of information from various sources Identify & evaluate textual



ext

- Hyperbole Idiom
- IdiomOnomatopoeia
- Oxymoron
- Analogies
- o Allusions
- Extended metaphor

support

Story element/textual aspect interaction analysis

Content Standards

Reading: Literature

- 1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 3. Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
- 5. Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.
- 6. Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.
- 7. Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.
- 9. Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.
- 10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6. 8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Reading: Informational Text

- 1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 3. Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
- 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
- 5. Analyze in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.
- 6. Determine an author point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
- 7. Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
- 8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- 9. Analyze a case in which two or more texts provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
- 10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6. 8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Writing

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
 - Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
 - Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
 - Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
 - Establish and maintain a formal style.
 - Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
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 - Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
 - Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
 - Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
 - Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
 - Establish and maintain a formal style.
 - Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

Speaking and Listening

- 1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on othersqideas and expressing their own clearly.
 - Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
 - Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
 - Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to othersquestions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.



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ocused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and welland clear pronunciation.

clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest. g command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Teaching Strategies/Procedures	Learning Activities
 Direct Instruction Differentiated Instruction Reinforcement and Remediation Scaffolding Modeling Teacher-led discussions Teacher circulation Use of technological tools Teacher created class webpage 	 Interdisciplinary Activities Cooperative Learning Activities Independent reading with letter responses Read aloud Webquests Video presentations PowerPoint presentations/note taking Interactive Whiteboard Short non-fiction readings and discussion
	Research information for written multiple-page report

Differentiation	
 Dependent and independent group work Diagnostic Assessment Cooperative Learning (Flexible Grouping) Peer tutoring Tiered activities, assignments, and assessments 	 Hands-on activities Re-teach and enrichment activities Kinesthetic Activities Use of technological

Assessment		
 Formal and informal teacher observation Test/Quizzes Class discussions/participation Homework/class work 	 Oral question responses Rubrics Student self-evaluation 	

Resources

Student-chosen novels Edhelper.com articles Teacher-created webquests

Teacher-created PowerPoints from videos used in novel unit

Teaching Shakespeare-Yes You Can! . Larraine Hopping Egan

Various books, videos and web sources chosen by teacher and student to use for research paper

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e frame	Marking Periods 1-4
st Century Themes	Global Awareness Civic Literacy Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Information Literacy Initiative and Self-Direction Productivity and Accountability For details, view this link http://www.p21.org/documents/P21_Framework_Definitions.pdf
nterdisciplinary focus and echnology integration	Social studies, science, technology, health

Big Ideas

- Comprehension of text can be attained when the vocabulary is successfully decoded.
- Writing has grade level potential when grade appropriate vocabulary is included.
- The ability to decode and understand terminology extends to academic areas other than language arts.

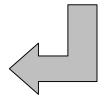


Essential Questions

- Can students use language structure and context clues to identify and apply the meaning of unknown words and phrases?
- How can the choosing of accurate and specific vocabulary enhance student writing?
- Can the students apply learned terminology/vocabulary to other academic areas?

Learning Targets-students will be able to

- Spell and decode grade level vocabulary
- Identify word origins and parts of speech
- Apply context clues to new terms
- Incorporate target vocabulary to communication
- Identify and evaluate unknown words for appropriate use in writing
- Evaluate known words for appropriate use in writing
- Produce formal writing pieces using learned vocabulary



8th Grade Vocabulary List

(Word Up Project)

abet concept confiscate adept connoisseur advocate conscientious agile conservative allot conventional amiss convey crucial	exceptional excerpt excruciating exemplify exotic facilitate fallacy fastidious feasible	inventory irascible jurisdiction languish legendary liberal loll lucrative luminous	reception recourse recur renounce renown revenue rubble rue sage	
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atrocity defect
attribute deplore
audacious deploy
augment desist
authority desolate

fend memoir sedative ferret mercenary serene flair mien servile flustered millennium shackle foreboding minimize sleek forfeit modify sporadic formidable muse stamina fortify muster stance foster ornate staple gaunt ovation stint gingerly overt strident

avail avid awry balmy banter barter benign bizarre blasé bonanza bountiful cache capacious caption chastise citadel cite clad commemorate	deter dire discern disdain disgruntled dispatch disposition doctrine dub elite embargo embark encroach endeavor enhance enigma epoch era eventful	glut grapple grope gullible haggard haven heritage hindrance humane imperative inaugurate incense indifferent infinite instill institute intervene intricate inventive	pang panorama perspective phenomenon pioneer pithy pivotal plausible plunder porous preposterous principal prodigy proficient profound pseudonym pungent rankle rational	sublime subside succumb surpass susceptible swelter tedious teem tirade tract trepidation turbulent tycoon ungainly vice versa vie vilify voracious wage

Content Standards

Reading: Literature

4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

Reading: Informational Text

4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

Writing

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
 - Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and
 evidence.
 - · Establish and maintain a formal style.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
 - Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
 - Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
 - Establish and maintain a formal style.
- 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
 - Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.
 - Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.

Speaking and Listening

6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Language



, speaking, reading, or listening.

aning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly

or paragraph; a words position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the

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es and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).

(e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.

- Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- 5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
 - Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
 - Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
 - Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).
- 6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Teaching Strategies/Procedures	Learning Activities
 Direct Instruction Differentiated Instruction Reinforcement and Remediation Scaffolding Modeling Teacher circulation Teacher-led discussions Use of technological tools Teacher created class webpage 	 Interdisciplinary Activities Cooperative Learning Activities Interactive Whiteboard Class discussions Homework Sentence writing VOCABO Use prior knowledge to match new word to its definition Changing endings of words to change part of speech chart Word illustrations Independent weekly workbook lessons

Differentiation	
 Dependent and independent group work Diagnostic Assessment Cooperative Learning (Flexible Grouping) Peer tutoring 	 Tiered activities, assignments, and assessments Hands-on activities Kinesthetic Activities Re-teach and enrichment activities

Assessment	
 Formal and informal teacher observation Test/Quizzes Class discussions/participation 	Homework/class workOral question responsesStudent self-evaluation

Resources

Novel-associated word lists from LitPlan Teacher Pack CDs . Teachers Pet Publications

Word Explorer Level H. Peoples Publishing Group Greek and Latin Roots. Creative Teaching Press, Inc. Prefixes and Suffixes. Creative Teaching Press, Inc.



abulary

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Time frame	Marking Periods 1,2 & 4
21 st Century Themes	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Initiative and Self-Direction Productivity and Accountability For details, view this link http://www.p21.org/documents/P21_Framework_Definitions.pdf
Interdisciplinary focus and technology integration	Technology

Big Ideas

Knowledge and application of proper grammar help to improve a students writing skills.



Essential Questions

- How do rules of language affect communication?
- How can grammar skills improve written expression?

Learning Targets-students will be able to

- Explain, identify and utilize complements
- Explain, identify and utilize various phrases
 - o Adjective & Adverb
 - o Participle, Gerund & Infinitive
 - Appositive
- Differentiate independent and subordinate clause
- Explain, identify and utilize various subordinate clauses
 - o Adjective & Adverb
 - o Noun
- Identify and utilize various types of sentence structure
 - o Simple
 - $\circ \ \, \text{Compound}$
 - o Complex
 - Compound-Complex
- Use correct capitalization, punctuation, and spelling throughout writing.
- Demonstrate knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.

Content Standards

Writing

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
 - Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
 - Establish and maintain a formal style.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
 - Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
 - Establish and maintain a formal style.
- 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
 - Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another,



events.

h grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.

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rrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.

- 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
 - Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
- 3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
- 6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Teaching Strategies/Procedures	Learning Activities	
 Direct Instruction Differentiated Instruction Reinforcement and Remediation Scaffolding Modeling Teacher circulation Teacher-led discussions Use of technological tools Teacher created class webpage 	 Interdisciplinary Activities Cooperative Learning Activities Video Presentations Interactive Whiteboard Class discussions Homework Note Taking Textbook practice and reinforcement Incorporate learned English conventions during writing Teacher-created grammar packet 	

Differentiation	
 Dependent and independent group work Diagnostic Assessment Cooperative Learning (Flexible Grouping) Peer tutoring 	 Tiered activities, assignments, and assessments Hands-on activities Re-teach and enrichment activities Study Guides

Assessment	
 Formal and informal teacher observation Test/Quizzes Class discussions/participation Homework/class work 	 Oral question responses Notebooks Student self-evaluation

Resources

Holt Elements of Language Second Course Textbook

Holt Elements of Language Second Course - Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Language Skills Practice Book

Holt *Elements of Language* Second Course . various teacher resources

Discovery Education Website

Various practice books for supplemental worksheets



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Time frame	Marking Periods 2, 3, & 4			
21 st Century Themes	Global Awareness Environmental Literacy Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy ICT Literacy Flexibility and Adaptability Initiative and Self-Direction Productivity and Accountability For details, view this link http://www.p21.org/documents/P21_Framework_Definitions.pdf			
Interdisciplinary focus and technology integration	Social studies, Science, World Cultures, Technology			

Big Ideas

- Writing is the process of communicating in print for a variety of audiences and purposes.
- Good writing contains a balanced variety of traits
- Successful writing is essential in all academic disciplines.

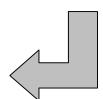


Essential Questions

- How do good writers express themselves?
- How does process shape the writer sproduct?
- Why does a writer choose a particular form of writing?
- How do writers respond to prompts of different genres?
- Can students synthesize researched information into a cohesive written piece?

Learning Targets-students will be able to

- Generate and narrow ideas for writing through reading and making connections by considering purpose and audience
- Develop a writing piece through the use of strong, well-developed details
- Organize writing with an interesting introduction, well-structured body, and a strong conclusion
- Use the various types of literary devices in student writing
- Utilize strong word choice to convey clear meaning and interest the reader
- Utilize Standard English conventions in all writing, such as sentence structure, grammar and usage, punctuation, capitalization, and spelling
- Assess writing for good writing practices using a rubric
- Publish writing using various computer writing applications



Content Standards

Writing

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
 - Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
 - Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding



and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and

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- Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- Establish and maintain a formal style.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
- 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
 - Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
 - Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
 - Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.
 - Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and
 events.
 - Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1. 3 above.)
- 5. With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
- 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
- 7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
- 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
- 9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two).

Language

- 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
 - Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
 - Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
 - Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.*
- 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
 - Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
 - Spell correctly.
- 3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact)
- 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
 - Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).
- 5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
 - Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
 - Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
 - Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).
- 6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Teaching Strategies/Procedures	Learning Activities	
 Direct Instruction Differentiated Instruction Reinforcement and Remediation Scaffolding 	 Interdisciplinary Activities Cooperative Learning Activities Journal writing Open-ended responses 	



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- Scoring sample essays (individual and group)
- Peer editing
- Timed writing practice
- Homework
- Use of interactive whiteboard
- Research process and paper
- Respond to independent reading

Differentiation

- Dependent and independent group work
- Diagnostic Assessment
- Cooperative Learning (Flexible Grouping)
- Peer tutoring

- Tiered activities, assignments, and assessments
- Vary duration of time allowed for writing
- Re-teach and enrichment activities

Assessment

- Formal and informal teacher observation
- Projects and reports
- Class discussions/participation
- Homework/class work

- Oral question responses
- Portfolio
- Rubrics
- Student self-evaluation

Resources

NJ Holistic 6pt Scoring Rubric
Teacher created Writing Traits Rubrics
Holt *Elements of Language* Second Course Textbook
NJ ASK writing prompts (Speculative, Expository, Persuasive)
NJ ASK sample essays

Various professional books on teaching writing

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Jillilliteu Payes allu Expa	ion – Title IX
Time frame	9-10 weeks
21 st Century Themes	Health Literacy Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Social and Cross-Cultural Skills Leadership and Responsibility For details, view this link http://www.p21.org/documents/P21_Framework_Definitions.pdf
Interdisciplinary focus and technology integration	Social Studies, Health

Big Ideas

- Sexual harassment is a problem faced by all middle school students.
- Incidences of sexual harassment hinder a student progress in school.
- Most middle school students have 3 major misconceptions about sexual harassment:
 - It only involves inappropriate touching.
 - It only happens between opposite genders.
 - Its not sexual harassment if someone is just joking around.

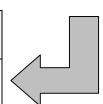


Essential Questions

- Can students recognize incidences of sexual harassment?
- How do incidences of sexual harassment affect students, both personally and academically?
- What options do students have for dealing with incidences of sexual harassment?
- Why should students report incidences of sexual harassment?
- Can students recognize sexual harassment in their own behavior?

Learning Targets-students will be able to

- Define and explain the Title IX law
- Define and identify sexual harassment
- Define the schools policy on bullying and sexual harassment
- Explain the consequences of sexual harassment, both personally as well as academically
- Differentiate flirting and hurting
- Analyze scenarios of sexual harassment
- Formulate and evaluate various options for dealing with sexual harassment
- Explain the importance of reporting such incidences to a trusted adult
- Evaluate their own behavior for incidences of sexual harassment



Content Standards

Reading: Literature

- 1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 3. Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
- 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

Reading: Informational Text



sis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. It over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide

text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and

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evant evidence.

- Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
- Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
- Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- Establish and maintain a formal style.
- Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
 - Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
 - Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
 - Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
 - Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
 - Establish and maintain a formal style.
 - · Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1. 3 above.)

Speaking & Listening

- 1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on othersqideas and expressing their own clearly.
 - Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
 - Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
 - Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to othersquestions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
 - Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
- 3. Delineate a speakers argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- 4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

Language

- 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a words position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

Teaching Strategies/Procedures	Learning Activities	
 Direct Instruction Differentiated Instruction Reinforcement and Remediation Scaffolding Modeling Teacher circulation Teacher-led discussions Use of technological tools Teacher created class webpages 	 Interdisciplinary Activities Cooperative Learning Activities Pre/Post Survey View interactive video Small group discussions Class discussions Read aloud Journal writing in response to literature Letter written to harasser Open-ended responses to various scenarios Homework Use of interactive whiteboard 	

Differentiation



- Hands-on activities
- Kinesthetic Activities
- Re-teach and enrichment activities
- Use of technological tools
- Study Guides

Assessment

- Formal and informal teacher observation
- Pre/Post Survey
- Class discussions/participation
- Homework/class work

- Oral question responses
- Reading Journal Rubric
 - Rubrics
- Student self-evaluation

Resources

Flirting or Hurting Sexual Harassment in Schools . WGBY TV Public Television School Policy on Bullying and Sexual Harassment Sexual harassment scenarios Pre/Post Survey

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t Preparation			
Time frame	Marking Periods 1-3		
21 st Century Themes	Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Flexibility and Adaptability Initiative and Self-Direction Productivity and Accountability Leadership and Responsibility For details, view this link http://www.p21.org/documents/P21_Framework_Definitions.pdf		
Interdisciplinary focus and technology integration	Technology, science and social studies		

Big Ideas

Students need to develop and practice testtaking skills for reading and writing in preparation for mandated standardized tests.



Essential Questions

- Do students possess test taking skills that demonstrate their language arts literacy level?
- Can students apply test taking strategies and skills to a standardized test?

Learning Targets-students will be able to

Reading:

- Write short construction responses using R.A.S.C. (Restate, Answer, Support, Connect) to answer open-ended questions.
- Determine the best answer for multiple choice questions.
- Apply pre-reading and test taking strategies to answer questions within a given time frame.
- Analyze open-ended sample responses and set goals to improve scores for future tests.

Writing:

- Construct speculative and explanatory writing responses for given prompts.
- Apply pre-writing and post-writing test taking strategies to complete writing tasks within a given time frame
- Analyze sample essays and set goals to improve scores for future tests.



Content Standards

Reading: Literature

- 1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 3. Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.
- 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

Reading: Informational Text

- 1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.



s between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or

d in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the analogies or allusions to other texts.

, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key

nalyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or

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viewpoints.

8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.

Writing

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
 - Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
 - Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
 - Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
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 - Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
 - Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1. 3 above.)
- 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) **Language**
- 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word
 sposition or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of
 a word or phrase.

Teaching Strategies/Procedures	Learning Activities	
 Direct Instruction Differentiated Instruction Reinforcement and Remediation Scaffolding Modeling Teacher circulation Teacher-led discussions Use of technological tools Teacher created class webpages 	 Interdisciplinary Activities Cooperative Learning Activities Timed writing/ reading practice Review open-ended and writing scoring rubrics Read and analyze sample open-ended responses/essays Self, peer and teacher evaluation of responses Homework Use of interactive whiteboard 	

Dependent and independent group work Diagnostic Assessment Tiered activities, assignments, and assessments Re-teach and enrichment activities



• Study Guides

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Assessment

- Formal and informal teacher observation
- Test/Quizzes
- Class discussions/participation
- Homework/class work

- Oral question responses
- Rubrics
- Student self-evaluation

Resources

Njdoe.com

Teacher-created sample packets
NJ Holistic 6pt Scoring Rubric Writing
NJ Holistic 4pt Scoring Rubric Open-Ended Reading

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n & Preparation	
Time frame	1-2 Weeks
21 st Century Themes	Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Flexibility and Adaptability Initiative and Self-Direction Productivity and Accountability Leadership and Responsibility
Interdisciplinary focus and technology integration	Technology, science, social studies, and math

Big Ideas

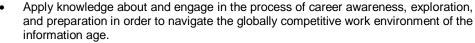
Career preparation requires purposeful planning based on research, self-knowledge, and informed choices.

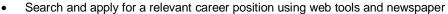


Essential Questions

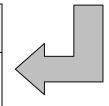
- What may be some prerequisites to applying for a iob?
- What are the knowledge and skills needed to pursue 21st century occupations and skills?

Learning Targets-students will be able to





 Create a relevant application, cover letter, and resume using a word processor and model samples



Content Standards

9.3.8.B.3	Evaluate personal abilities, interests, and motivations and discuss how they might influence job and career selection
9.3.8.B.4	Identify high school and county career and technical school courses and programs that support career or occupation areas of interest.
9.3.8.B.5	Use workplace readiness skills and career information learned from job shadowing, high school visits, speakers, volunteering, or other career exploration activities to assist with career exploration.
9.3.8.B.6	Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills and how they might be further developed in preparation for a future career through involvement in school, home, work, and extracurricular activities.
9.3.8.B.7	Explain what is meant by \(\) bs+and \(\) areers,+and examine how each tends to be distributed regionally, nationally, globally.
9.3.8.B.8	Compare and contrast how traditional and nontraditional occupational roles have changed or remained the same regionally, nationally, and globally.
9.3.8.B.9	Inventory the requirements for entering different career areas of interest using online job information, such as the federal Occupational Information Network (O*NET) or the New Jersey State Career Development Website, and determine why those requirements are needed for success in a chosen career.



job outlook and wage trends) in areas of career interest using online resources, nation Network (O*NET) or the New Jersey State Career Development Website.

tter as part of an application for part-time or summer employment.

attitudes, and other choices can impact the success or failure of a job applicant.

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9.3.8.B.16	Relate academic achievement, as represented by high school diplomas, college degrees, and industry credentials, to employability and to potential level of income.
9.3.8.B.17	Recognize that an individuals online behavior (e.g., social networking, photo exchanges, video postings) may impact opportunities for employment or advancement.
9.3.8.B.18	Compare and contrast current and past employer hiring and employment practices related to substance use (e.g., tobacco, drugs, and alcohol).

Reading: Informational Text

- 1. Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- 3. Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).
- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1. 3 above.)
- 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

Speaking and Listening

1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on othersqideas and expressing their own clearly.

Language

- 1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
- 3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
- 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on *grade 8 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

Teaching Strategies/Procedures	Learning Activities
 Direct Instruction Differentiated Instruction Modeling Teacher-led discussions Use of technological tools 	 Online career surveys Job search Resume writing Possible career day Interdisciplinary Activities Cooperative Learning Activities Homework Use of interactive whiteboard

Differentiation	
Dependent and independent group work	 Cooperative Learning (Flexible Grouping) Tiered activities, assignments, and assessments

Assessment				
 Formal and informal teacher observation Class discussions/participation Homework/class work 	Oral question responsesRubricsStudent self-evaluation			



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Discovery Education website
List of 16 Career Clusters
http://www.careerkey.com/
http://resume.monster.com/
http://www.edonline.com/newtest/index.php