Improving Resilience of Supply Chains During Disasters





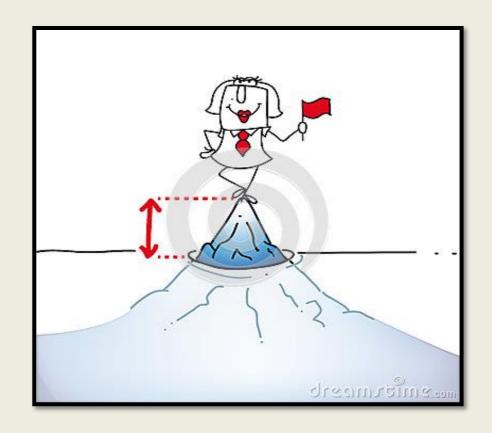


Disasters Are Bad for Business

43% of US companies experiencing disasters never re-open, and 29% of the others close within 2 years



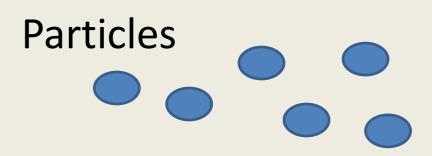
US Department of Labor

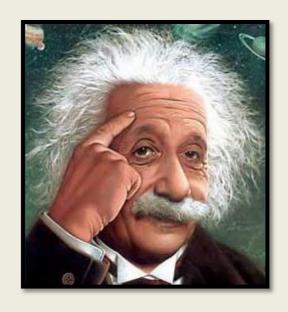


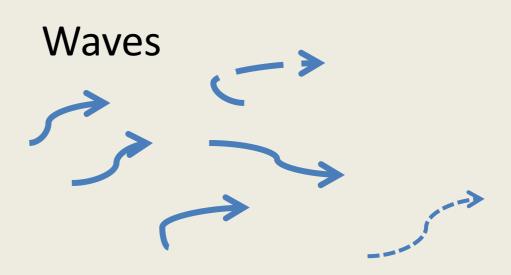
WE HAVEN'T BEEN LOOKING AT THE WHOLE PICTURE

Waves or Particles

You can think of the universe as particles, or as waves but not at the same time







We transportation people have tended to think of the world as



Particles

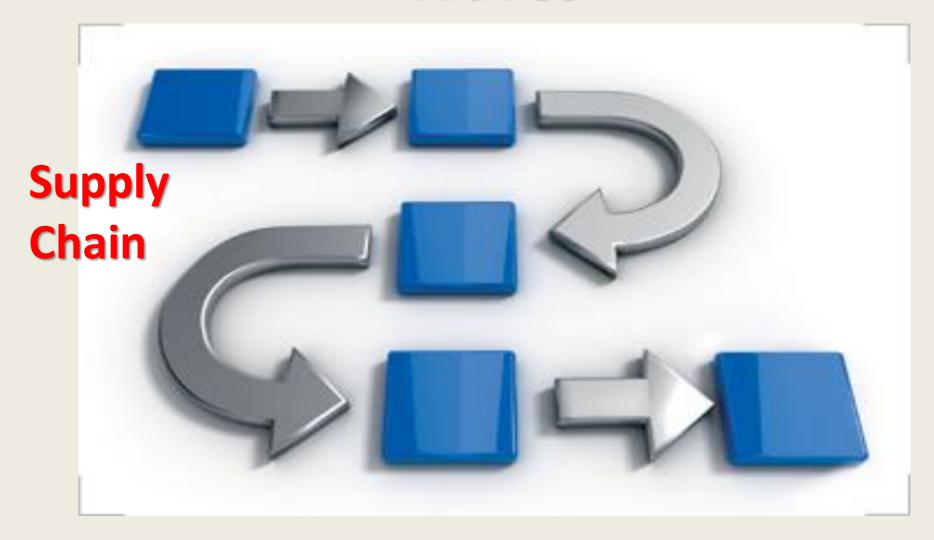








When we should be thinking of *Waves*



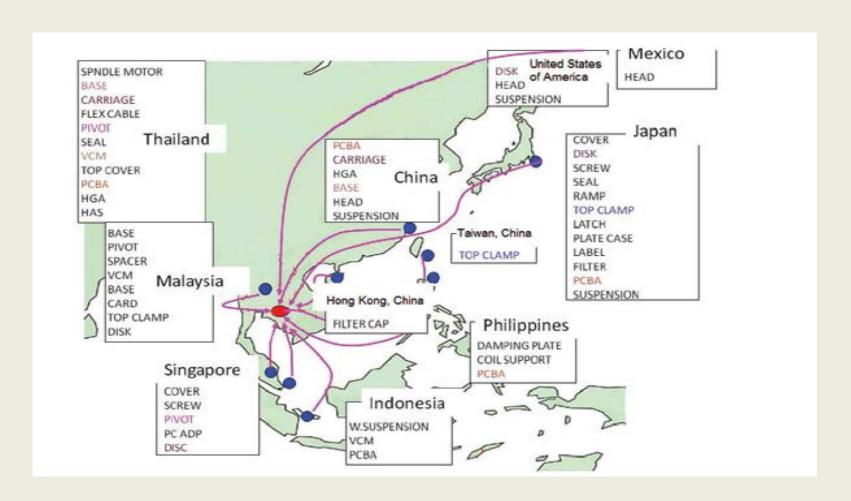
A Small Example of Widespread Impact



Volcanic eruption in Iceland (2010) impacted

- Nearby ponies
- European air passengers
- Auto assembly plants in the US, Germany, & Japan
- Rose growers in Kenya
- Manufacturers worldwide

Global Supply Chains of Hard Drives Assembled in Thailand



Source: ESCAP

Commercial Impact of 2011 Thai Floods



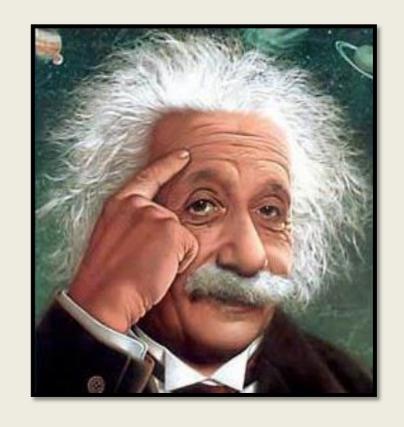
Source: AON Benfield, 2012

- Thailand is the #2 producer of hard drives in the world
- Floods there resulted in a 30% drop in global harddrive production
- Company losses
 - Sony \$162 million
 - Canon \$603 million
 - Western Digital \$199million

Japan's Experience After 2011 Earthquake & Tsunami

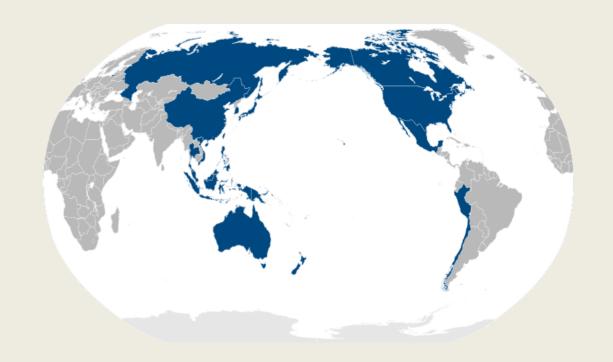
90% of the businesses that closed went bankrupt due to indirect losses/damage

SOURCE: Asian Disaster Reduction Center, Kobe Japan



HOW TO ADDRESS SUCH A WIDESPREAD ISSUE

21 member economies 40% of world population 56% of world GDP 70% of natural disasters

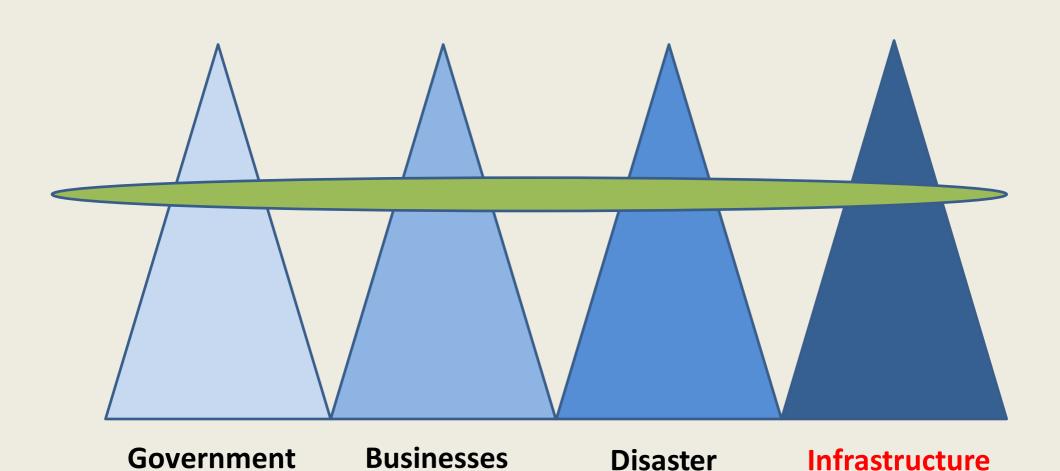


ASIA PACIFIC ECONOMIC COOPERATION (APEC)

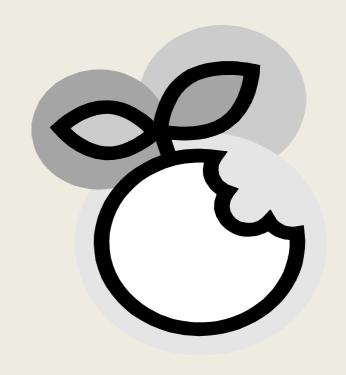
Seven Principles

- 1. Share information and knowledge to promote supply chain resilience.
- Promote disaster risk management and hazard mapping to better understand potential risks to supply chain resilience.
- 3. Support planning and business continuity management to improve global supply chain resilience.
- 4. Promote best practice policy, regulations, and flexibility to enable global supply chain resilience.
- 5. Leverage regional cooperation to support the supply chain, including coordination with other multinational organizations working on supply chain resilience inside and outside the APEC region.
- 6. Promote critical infrastructure protection and inter-modalism as a key component of supply chain resilience.
- Recognize and promote best practices in human resource and capacity management in the context of supply chain resilience.

Supply Chain Resilience



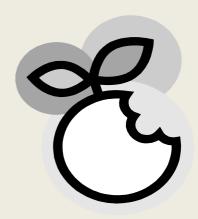
Preparednes Planning



APEC FIVE YEAR ACTION PLAN FOR IMPROVED SUPPLY CHAIN RESILIENCE

Focus on One Developing Economy Each Year

- Each year, develop an Action Plan for Supply Chain Resilience for one of the APEC economies
 - Involve partners (e.g. World Bank, USAID, companies)
 - Conduct a workshop
 - Facilitate discussions
 - Jointly develop an Action Plan
 - Implement the Action Plan
- 2015 = the Philippines



Promote One Principle Each Year

- Best practices
- Intense workshop with multiple participants from each participating economy
- Cooperation between government, business,
 NGOs, international organizations

2015 = Hazard & risk mapping of supply chains

Working Together to Improve Supply Chain Resilience

















Want to Participate With Us?

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