# Syllabus for M. A. (Education) (Regular Mode) Session 2018-19 Onwards



# DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION IGNTU, AMARKANTAK (M.P.)

# Rules and Regulations of M.A Programme IGNTU, Amarkantak (M.P.) Effect from the Academic Year 2018 – 19

# Preamble of the program

The Master of Arts (Education) Programme is an innovative programme, by which the learners will have wider and more comprehensive understanding of education as a field of knowledge and it would familiarise by catering a wide variety of learner needs. The significant practical relevancies related to teacher professionalism, psycho societal elements of shaping education, critical expansion of inclusive equality and the contemporary system have been given to nurture the prospective teachers.

# **Objective of the Programme**

The predominant aim of M.A. (Education) Programme is to create the dynamic team of well-trained teachers knowledgeable with all professionalism in education and its various dimensions. More specifically, the M.A. (Education) programme intends to:

- a) Provide learning experiences, which will enable students to understand and appreciate knowledge structures and paradigms of education.
- b) Develop expertise for effective participation in educative process in different capabilities.
- c) Create a community of schools adequately equipped for participation in educational discourse with stronger commitments.
- d) Use of critical reflection to explore the relationship between theory and practice in complex situations
- e) Bring ability to analyze, judge and critique complex or contradictory areas of wisdom, varied practices,
- f) Think creatively and flexibly to synthesize and transform variety of practicable ideas.

# Eligibility -

A Bachelor degree in any discipline from a recognized Indian or foreign university (as per the AIU foreign equivalence list) having secured a minimum of 50% aggregate in case of General and OBC categories and 45% in case of candidates belonging to SC/ST categories are eligible to apply.

# Duration

The M.A. (Education) Programme can be completed by a student in the period of two years.

# Learning activities

These will be achieved through the following learning activities:

- Lectures in classrooms to entertain in interactive session.
- Seminar sessions in the classrooms to bring out the teaching skills
- Online support to incorporate diversify in learning
- Essays to bring out the various elements
- Professional practice links

# **Classroom Interactive Hours**

At University, the term contact hours are used very broadly to refer to the amount of time that a learner spend on learning with interaction while teaching is on for studying a particular course. This time allotment provides with support in developing the subject knowledge with skills; provides opportunities to develop proper insight of the concept and to be reflective independent learning.

## **Medium of Instruction**

Though the medium of instruction is available only in English, the Hindi will be used for personal communication.

## **General Instructions**

The M.A. Education Programme comprises four semester course with differential weightage. The total number of credits will be 78. The M.A. (Education) Programme encompasses 2 years continuous programme. However, Programme will be delivered in two semester terms as given below.

# M.A. (Education)

# Structure of the Program

# Semester-I

per code	Title of the Paper	Ma	rks	Total	No of
		External	Internal	Marks	Credits
Edu-101	Philosophy of Education	60	40	100	4
Edu-102	Psychology of Education	60	40	100	4
Edu-103	Methodology of Educational Research	60	40	100	4
Edu-104	Curriculum Studies	60	40	100	4
Edu-105	Massive Open Online Course (MOOCS)	60	40	100	3
	Sub Total	30	200	50	19
	Semes	ter –II			
Edu-201	Sociology of Education	60	40	100	4
Edu-202	Advanced Educational Psychology	60	40	100	4
Edu-203	Educational Statistics	60	40	100	4
Edu-204	Comparative Education	60	40	100	4
Edu-205	Tribal Art and Education	60	40	100	3
	Sub Total	30	200	50	19
	Semes	ter-III			
Edu-301	School Administration and Management	60	40	100	4
Edu-302	History and Contemporary issues in Education	60	40	100	4
Edu-303	Personality Development	60	40	100	4
Edu-304	Peace Education/ Guidance and Counselling /Educational Measurement & Evaluation -I	60	40	100	4
Edu-305	Teacher Education	60	40	100	4
	Research Proposal		50	50	2
	Sub Total	30	250	50	22
Observation	Research Proposal	30	h	50 <b>250</b>	50         50           250         50

#### Semester-IV

	34	210	55	22	
Comp	50	_	50	2	
MAEdu-405	Dissertation	50	50	100	4
MAEdu-402 MAEdu-403 MAEdu-404	Environmental Education Educational Technology Human Rights Education/ Organization and Administration of Guidance Services in India/ Educational Measurement & Evaluation -I	60 60 60	40 40 40	100 100 100	4 4 4
MAEdu-401	Life Long Education	60	40	100	4

Additionally, a learner Propose a methodology for the research proposal which is realistic, ethical and valid incorporating an emerging approach to ideas about data interpretation with wide range of research options by providing a convincible research dissertation.

Dissertation has 4 credits which is to be completed by the students in the second year of the two – year M.A. (Education) programme. In Order to fulfil the requirements of the course, as a student is expected to carry out research work on a problem identified by her/him. The problem may be based on any of the compulsory courses or the specialized courses. He/she to purse the Dissertation work under the supervision of a guide approved by university Department. At the end of the Dissertation work, he/she has to submit the dissertation report to the Department for evaluation. The lists of reading and references will be updated by the department and by the respective teachers from time to time.

#### **RULES & REGULATIONS**

The M.A. (Education) degree will be awarded to a student who completes a total of 78 credits in a minimum of two years. Each paper will have 100 marks.

Each course will have

- 1.60% of marks as semester end examination
- 2. 40 % marks for internal assessment

Each core unit will have an internal (continues) assessment of 50 % of marks and a teacher may select a minimum of two of the following procedures:

- Written Test
- Term Paper
- Mid Term Test
- Journal / Lecture / Library Notes
- Seminar Presentation
- Short Quizzes
- Assignments
- Extension Work

#### Scheme of Assessment

The scheme of assessment will include the following:

- The student has to pass in the combined total of internal assessment and external assessment at year end examination in the theory and practical.
- Retotaling of the year end examination answer scripts are accepted but not of internal assessments paper.
- Internal assessment answer book may be shown to the students concerned but not the year - end examination answer scripts.
- While marks will be given for all examinations, they will be converted into grades. The year end and final grade sheets and transcripts will have only grades and grade-points average.
- To pass a student shall have to get minimum aggregate 40% marks (E and above on grade point scale) in each course.

 The system of evaluation will be as follows: Each assignment/ test will be evaluated in terms of marks. The marks for separate assignment and the final examination will be added together and converted into a grade and later grade point average. Results will be declared for each year and the final examination will give total marks, grades, grade point average.

Marks	Grade	Grade point
75 to 100	O: Outstanding	06
65 to 74	A: Very Good	05
55 to 64	B: Good	04
50 to 54	C: Average	03
45 to 49	D: Satisfactory	02
40 to 44	E: Pass	01
00 to 39	F: Fail	00

The formula for conversion of Grade point average (GPA) into the final grade

05.5 -	06	- 0
04.5 -	05.49	- A
03.5 -	04.49	- B
02.5 -	03.49	- C
01.5 -	02.49	- D
00.5 -	01.49	- E

GPA = Total Amt. Of Grade Points Earned X Credits hours for each course

/Total Credit.

If a student misses an internal assessment examination he/she will be given second chance with permission of the teacher concerned within stipulated time considered by the department.

Students who have failed and who have been absent for the entire course may reappear at the year - end exam. Their internal marks will not change.

The description for each of the grades will be as follows:

Grades Proposed Norms

O: Outstanding Excellent Analysis of the topic Accurate knowledge of the primary material, wider range of reading, logical development of ideas, originality in approaching the subject, neat and systematic organization of content, elegant and lucid style.

- A : Very Good Excellent Analysis of the topic Accurate knowledge of the primary material, acquaintance with seminal publication, logical development of ideas, neat and systematic organization of content, effective and clear expression.
- B: Good analysis and treatment of the topic Basic knowledge of the primary material, logical development of ideas, neat and systematic organization of content, effective and clear expression.
- C: Average some important points covered basic knowledge of the primary material, logical development of ideas, neat and systematic organization of content, good language or expression.
- D: Satisfactory some points discussed basic knowledge of the primary material, some organization, acceptable language or expression.
- E: Pass any two of the above
- F: Fail None of the above

#### **Student Evaluation**

There will be an evaluation of each course by the students at the end of every semester.

#### Academic Integrity and Plagiarism

It is the department task to encourage ethical scholarship and to inform students and staff about the institutional standards of academic behavior expected of them in learning, teaching and research. Students have a responsibility to maintain the highest standards of academic integrity in their work. Students must not cheat in examination or other forms of assessment and must ensure they do not plagiarise. The Department has adopted the following definition of Plagiarism:

Plagiarism is the act of misrepresenting as one's original work, the ideas, interpretations, words of creative works of another. These include published and unpublished documents, designs, music, sound, image, photographs, computer codes and ideas gained through working in a group. These ideas, interpretations, words or works may be found in print and /or electronic media.

The following are the examples of plagiarism where appropriate acknowledgement or referencing of the author or source does not occur:

Direct copying of paragraphs, sentences, a single sentence or significant part of a sentence;

Direct copying of paragraphs, sentences, a single sentence or significant part of a sentence with an end reference but without quotation marks around the copied text;

Copying ideas, concepts, research results, computer codes, statistical tables, designs, images, sounds or text or any combination of these;

Paraphrasing, summarization or simply rearranging another person's words, ideas, etc. without changing the basic structure and/or meaning of the text;

Offering an idea or interpretation that is not one's own without identifying whose idea or interpretations it is;

A 'cut and paste' of statements from multiple sources;

Presenting as independent, work done in collaboration with others;

Copying or adapting another student's original work into a submitted assessment item.

#### **Pattern of Theory Question Papers**

There is one pattern of Theory Examinations with the duration of 3 hours for 60 marks; Totally 5 essay type questions will be given with internal choice and each question carries 12 Marks.

# Guidelines for Attendance

- The students are permitted to fill in the exam form and complete the formalities but the students who acquire 75% of attendance in individual courses as well as aggregate will be allowed to pay fee online within the stipulated time and appear for theory and practical examinations. A student will appear for only those courses in which she/he acquires ≥ 75% attendance. However, a student is promoted to the next semester as per the promotion Rules of the University.
- All semester end exams including practical exams have to be held after 90 working days and the students who fulfil the attendance criterion alone shall be permitted to appear for practical and semester end exams.
- 3. Theory and practical Examinations can be held for the courses for which the concerned faculty members conduct the classes as per the credits. For example, the semester End Examination for a 4 credit course cannot be held if the concerned faculty member does not conduct 60 classes of one hour duration or 60 practical's of

two hours duration. Every faculty member has to submit a statement at the end of the semester on the number of the classes s/he conducted in a semester as per the credits allotted to all such courses.

 A student shall not be permitted to appear for the practical and semester end examination in the course in which he/she does not have less than 75% of attendance.

YEAR	Ι	MAEdu - 101	CREDIT	4	
SEMESTER	Ι	PHILOSOPHY OF EDUCATION	HOURS	60	
			MARKS	100 (60+40)	
OBJECTIVES:	<ul> <li><b>DBJECTIVES:</b></li> <li>To recognized and define the concept of Philosophy.</li> <li>To enable the student to understand the Philosophical origins of educationa theories and Practices.</li> <li>To enable the student to develop a philosophical outlook towards educational problems.</li> <li>To understand nature and functions of education and philosophy and their relationship.</li> <li>To analyze the concept and process of getting knowledge and its related phenomena.</li> <li>To Recognized and define the concept of Philosophy.</li> <li>To Interpret the contribution of various Indian and western schools of Philosophy in the field of Education.</li> </ul>				
COURSE CON	ГЕЛТ	/ SYLLABUS			
UNIT-I	• ( • F • E • E	<b>CATION AND PHILOSOPHY</b> Concept and definition of Education and Philosophy Relationship between Education and Philosophy Educational Philosophy and Philosophy of Educational Branches of Philosophy: Metaphysics, Epistemology, A and their Implications for Education	Axiology	10 Hrs.	
		CATIONAL THINKER AND THEIR CONTRIBUT	TION IN		
UNIT-II	Swami Vivekananda     Pavindra Nath Tagoro				
	IND	IAN SCHOOLS OF PHILOSOPHY			
UNIT-III	• E • S • J • V	/edanta Buddhism Gamkhya ainism With Special reference to Concepts of Knowledge, Real Values Their Educational implications for Aims, C Methods of teaching and Role of Teacher	•	15 Hrs.	
	WES	STERN SCHOOLS OF PHILOSOPHY			
UNIT-IV	Marz reali	lism, Realism, Naturalism, Pragmatism, Existentiali xism with special reference to the concepts of kn ity and values their educational implications for aims, methods of education.	nowledge,	15 Hrs.	

		MODERN CONCEPT OF PHILOSOPHY	
I III	NIT-V	Analysis- Logical analysis	10 Hrs.
U	NI I - V	Logical empiricism	10 115.
		Positive relativism	
		RANSACTION: Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem solv	ing, Film
Show		PRACTICUM	
		ПАСНОМ	
•		ts will be expected to undertake a project based on a question or idea aris	ing out of
•		nt units of the syllabus. an do such a project either individually or jointly with other Students.	
•	-	ts will be required to submit a long essay on a philosophical topic to the te	acher.
REFE	RENCES	:	
1.	Saxena	, S. (2001). Philosophical and Sociological Foundation of Education. Meeru	t: Surya
	Publica	tions.	
2.	Sodhi, '	T.S. & Suri, Aruna (1998). Philosophical and sociological Foundation of Edu	ication,
	Patiala:	Bawa Publication.	
3.	Singh.	B.N. (2005). Education: Social Change and Economic Development, Jaip	ur: RBSA
_	Publish		
4.		, S.S. Sociological Approach to Indian Education, Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agr	·a.
5.		.S. Educational Sociology, APH Publications, New Delhi.	
6.		, H.S. (1977) Building a Philosophy of Education, New York: Kringer.	
7.	-	V.R. (2002) Foundation of Education, Chandigarh: Mohindra Capital Publi	shers
8.		val, J.C. (1993). Landmarks in the History of Modern Indian Education	
0.		ing House, New Delhi.	
9.		e, S.P. (1994). Philosophical and Sociological Foundations of Education. Ag	ra, Vinad
9.			
10		Mandir.	
10.	-	Renu (2011): Philosophical, Sociological and Economic Bases of E	soucation,
	-	ana: Tondon Publications.	
11.	Dewey,	John (1966) Democracy and Education, New York: Mc Millan.	
L			

YEAR	Ι			4
SEMESTER	I	MAEdu - 102	HOURS	60
	_	PSYCHOLOGY OF EDUCATION	MARKS	100 (60+40)
OBJECTIVE	S:	<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able</li> <li>Understand individual differences among learners.</li> <li>Gain knowledge of methods of Educational Psychology</li> <li>Understand adolescent's growth, development and the</li> <li>Get acquainted with concept of learning and motivate</li> <li>Analyze the learning process based on theoretical ap</li> <li>To develop critical appreciation and insight into Constructivist and Humanistic Approaches to Learning</li> <li>To develop insight into mental Health Education and towards mentally ill people.</li> </ul>	y and recent neir proble ion proaches of structivist, ng.	ems. of learning Social
COURSE CO	ONTI	ENT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I		<ul> <li>FURE OF EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY</li> <li>Nature, Scope and Aims of Educational Psychology. Relationship between Education and Psychology.</li> <li>Methods of Educational Psychology-Observation, Exper Developmental: Longitudinal and Cross sectional.</li> <li>Recent Trends in Educational Psychology.</li> </ul>	imental,	12 Hrs.
	DY	NAMICS OF INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT		
UNIT-II		<ul> <li>Growth and Development: Concept, Difference, Prince Development.</li> <li>Infancy, childhood and Adolescence: with special refere physical, socio-emotional, Language, cognitive and aspect and their educational Implications.</li> <li>Problems of Adolescents, Educational support required adolescents.</li> </ul>	rence to moral	10 Hrs.
	LEA	RNING & MOTIVATION		
UNIT-III	•	Gagne's Hierarchy of Learning Theoretical Bases of Learning and its Impl Behaviourist Theories: Skinner and Hull, Social Const Approach: Bhandura, Constructivism Approach and Hu Approach.	ications: ructivist manistic	15 Hrs.
	INC	IVIDUAL DIFFERENCES		
UNIT-IV		Meaning and Types or verities of individual Differences Causes and distribution of Individual Differences Educational Implications of Individual Differences		10 Hrs.
	ME	NTAL HEALTH		
UNIT-V	•			13 Hrs.

## positive attitude, self-discipline, self-motivation

- Strategies for promoting good mental health: behavior therapy, CBT, REBT, Humanistic etc.
- Concept of Adjustment & Mal Adjustment
- Coping Strategies and Building Resilience

**MODE OF TRANSACTION:** Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem solving, Film Show

### PRACTICUM

## **Conduct and interpretation of following tests:**

- Learning Test
- Mental Health Test
- Adjustment Scale
- Stress Management test
- Transfer of learning using mirror drawing apparatus
- Whole vs. part method of learning poetry
- Achievement Motivation Test

- 1. Santrock, W. J. (2006). Psychology Essentials 2 (Updated ed.). Tata McGraw Hill Edition.
- 2. Sreevani, R. (2010). A Guide to Mental Health and Psychiatric Nursing (3rd. ed.). Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers.
- 3. Reber, S. A., & Reber, S. E. (2001). Dictionary of Psychology (3rd ed.). Penguin Reference.
- 4. Mangal S.K. (2000). Advanced Education Psychology. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India (P) Ltd.
- 5. Dandapani, S. (2001) A Text Book of Advanced Educational Psychology. Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 6. Woolfolk, A. (2006). Educational Psychology (9th ed.). Pearson Education.

YEAR	Ι	MAEA. 102	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	I	MAEdu - 103 METHODOLOGY OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH	HOURS	60
OBJECTIVES:		<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able</li> <li>Understand the meaning &amp; Nature of Educational Research.</li> <li>To provide insight of types of Educational Research.</li> <li>Understand the foundations of educational research.</li> <li>Develop insight of the types and methods of education</li> <li>Understand the necessity of review of literature.</li> <li>Construct and use different kinds of Tools &amp; technique</li> <li>Formulate and test Hypothesis.</li> <li>Understand about the fundamentals of Sampling theo</li> <li>Familiarize about various measurement and scaling theo</li> </ul>	search. onal researc les of Collec ory and tecl	ting Data.
COURSE CON	TE	NT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I		<ul> <li>Meaning and nature, need and importance and educational research;</li> <li>Types of Educational Research</li> <li>Fundamental Research,</li> <li>Applied Research</li> <li>Action Research</li> </ul> ETHODS OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH	scope of	12 Hrs.
UNIT-II		<ul> <li>Historical Research- need and significance, types, so and collection of data; establishing validity and interp of data;</li> <li>Descriptive Research- surveys, case study, content and developmental and correlation studies – nature and steps and interpretation,</li> <li>Ex- Post Facto Research;</li> <li>Experimental Research – need and significance, nat steps-validity; internal and external, use and limitation different types of experimental designs;</li> <li>Qualitative Research.</li> </ul>	retation alysis, use, ure and	12 Hrs.
UNIT-III	R	<ul> <li>EVIEW OF LITERATURE, VARIABLES AND HYPOTHESIS</li> <li>Review of related literature- purpose and need;</li> <li>Research problem - Source, selection and criteria, scop delimitations,</li> <li>Organizing the Related Literature; Variables - Concept characteristics and types;</li> <li>Hypothesis - Concept, importance, characteristics and formulation and testing.</li> </ul>	pe and , nature,	11 Hrs.

		SAMPLING TECHNIQUES						
		Population- Concept,						
UNIT-IV		• Sampling- Concept and need, characteristics of good sample;						
		<ul> <li>Sampling Methods - Probability sampling &amp; non-probability sampling techniques;</li> </ul>						
		<ul> <li>Errors in Sampling and sample size.</li> </ul>						
		DATA COLLECTION, RESEARCH TOOLS AND RESEARCH PROPOSAL						
		Techniques & Tools of Data Collection- Measurement Scales,						
UN	IT-V	Questionnaires, Inventories, Attitude Scales, Observations, Interview, Rating scales, check lists;	12 Hrs.					
		<ul> <li>Standardization procedure of tools</li> </ul>						
MOD	F OF TE	ANSACTION: Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem Solv	ing Film					
Show		ANSACTION. Lecture, Discussion, case study, Experiments, Problem Solv	111g, 1 1111					
		PRACTICUM						
		n review paper related to your domain.						
2. 3.	0	a tool to collect the data. a proposal.						
	RENCES							
NEFE	NEINCES:							
1.	Aggraw	al, Y P. (1998). Statistical Methods. New Delhi: Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd.						
2.	Best, J.V	V., & Kahn, J.V. (1992). Research in Education, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of I	ndia.					
3.	Best, J.V	V. (1963). Research in Education, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India. Pvt. Ltd	1.					
4.	Buch. (2	2006). Surveys of Education Nos. 1,2,3, & 4, New Delhi: NCERT.						
5.	Campbe	ell, D.T. (1966). Experimental and Quasi-Experimental Designs for	Research.					
	Chicago	: McNally. Crofts,						
6.	Garrett,	H.E. (2008). Statistics in Psychology and Education. Bombay:						
7.	Vakil, F	iffer & Simons Good, C.V. (1963). Introduction to Educational Research. N	lew York:					
	Applent	con Century						
8.	8. Guilford, J.P., & Truchter, B. (1978). Fundamental Statistics in Psychology and Education.							
	New Yo	rk: McGraw Hill.						
9.	Gupta, S	S. P. (1996). Statistical Methods, New Delhi: Sultan Chand & Sons.						
10.	Kothari	, C. R, (1998). Quantitative Techniques. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House	<u>.</u>					
11.	Kumar	Ranjith. (2005) Research Methodology: A step by step guide for beginners.	Delhi.					
L								

YEAR	Ι	MAEdu - 104	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	T		HOURS	60
SEMIESTER	Ι	CORRICOLOM STODIES	MARKS	100 (60+40)
OBJECTIVES:On completion of this course the students will be able to:• To develop an understanding of fundamentals of Curriculum develop• To understand the role of Philosophy, Psychology, Sociology Curriculum.• To develop understanding of System analysis in Curriculum.• To develop the process of Curriculum Development.• To gain Knowledge and Understanding of various Models of curriculum.• To understand the Evaluation process in Curriculum.				
COURSE CO	NTE	NT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	CU	<ul> <li><b>IRRICULUM DEVELOPMENT</b></li> <li>Meaning and concept of Curriculum</li> <li>Aims and objectives curriculum Development</li> <li>Basic elements curriculum Development</li> <li>Types of Curriculum : Activity Centered, Experience Center Work Experience, Subject Centered and Core Curriculum</li> </ul>	red,	12 Hrs.
UNIT-II		<ul> <li><b>DUNDATIONS OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT AND</b> <b>EXTEM ANALYSIS</b></li> <li>Philosophical, Sociological and Psychological bases of Curri</li> <li>System concept, Need and Importance.</li> <li>System analysis in Education.</li> <li>Curriculum as a system.</li> <li>Characteristics of System Analysis, Steps.</li> <li>Interaction among different systems and environment.</li> </ul>	culum.	10 Hrs.
UNIT-III	P	<ul> <li>RINCIPLES OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT</li> <li>Conceptual framework for Curriculum design</li> <li>Difficulties in Curriculum design</li> <li>Elements of the Curriculum, Relation among the elements</li> <li>Procedural Criteria, Referring to The Comprehensive P Curriculum Development.</li> <li>Factors of curriculum development</li> <li>Content Analysis</li> </ul>	Plan for	14 Hrs.
UNIT-IV		<ul> <li>ODELS FOR CURRICULUM DESIGN</li> <li>Technical models: Tyler Model, Taba Model. Alexander model.</li> <li>Goodlard Model, Berman Model, Hunkins Model, Miller an Seller model.</li> <li>Eisener model, Schebertian Model.</li> <li>Non-Technical Models: Open Classroom Model, W R Model Interpersonal model.</li> </ul>	ıd	14 Hrs.

	EVALUATION OF CURRICULUM	
	Nature and scope of Evaluation.	
UNI	<b>T-V</b> • Focus, Need and Purpose of Evaluation.	10 Hrs.
	Curriculum Evaluation Design.	
	• Techniques in curriculum Evaluation.	
MOD	<b>E OF TRANSACTION:</b> Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem so	lving,
	Show	U,
	PRACTICUM (any one of the following)	
•	Critical study of existing school curriculum of state (at any level), preparing a tr plan or design for the in service training or specified target group on a specified	
•	Review of any school text book, in the light of physical aspects, presentation of and its organization.	
•	Comparative study of status of elementary education in various state (at least fe	-
•	Visit two schools, where different curricula are adopted and find out learning le attain educational objective.	vel or
REFE	RENCES:	
1.	Bloom, B. S., Hastings, J. T. & Madaus, G. F. (1971): Handbook of Form Summative Evaluation Student Learning. New York: McGraw Hill.	ative and
2.	Bruner, J. S. (1966): Towards a Theory of Instruction. Cambridge: Mass,	Harvard
	University Press.	
3.	Cropper, G. L. (1974): Instructional Strategies. Englewood Cliff, N.J.: Ed	ducational
	Technology Publications.	
4.	Davis, I.K. (1971): The Management of Learning. London: McGraw Hill.	
5.	Forsyth, I., Jolliffe, A. & Stevens, D. (1999): Evaluating a Course. Practical Stra Teachers, Lectures and Trainers. London: Kogan Page.	tegies for
6.	Forsyth, I., Jolliffee, A. & Stevens, D. (1999): Planning a Course. Practical Stra Teachers, Lectures and Trainers. London: Kogan Page.	tegies for
7.	Gagne, R. M. & Briggs, L. J. (1979): Principles of Instructional Design. New Y Rinehart and Winston.	ork: Holt,
8.	National Curriculum Framework (2005): New Delhi: NCERT.	
9.	Ornstein, A. C. and Hunkins, F. P. (1988): Curriculum: Foundations, Principles a London: Prentice Hall International Ltd.	nd Issues.
10.	Popham, J. M. & Baker, E. L. (1970): Systematic Instruction. New Jersey: Prev Inc. Englewood Cliffs.	ntice Hall,
11.	Pratt, D. (1980): Curriculum Design and Development. N.Y.: Harcourt.	
12.	Romiszowski, A. J. (1986): Designing Instructional Systems. London: Kogan Page	e.
13.	Taba, H. (1962): Curriculum Development: Theory and Practice. N.Y.: Harcourt World Inc.	Brace and
14.	Taylor, P. (2003): How to Design a Training Course. A Guide to Participatory C Development. London: Continuum.	urriculum
15.	Zais, R.S. (1977): Curriculum: Principles and Foundations. London: Harper Publishers.	and Row

YEAR	Ι	MAEdu - 105	CREDIT	3
SEMESTER	I	MASSIVE OPEN ONLINE COURSES (MOOCs)	HOURS	60
SEMESTER	1		MARKS	100(60+40)
<b>OBJECTIVES</b> :	OBJECTIVES:On completion of this course the students will be able to:• To acquire knowledge to student about the MOOCs.• To make awareness and create interest of student in MOOC			
	<ul> <li>To enable the student-teachers understand about MOOCs a</li> </ul>			
		• To enable the student-teachers understand ab applications in Educational system.	out MOOLS al	iu its
		• To develop video modules of different Educ MOOCs.	·	C
		• To create interest among the children through	MOOCs platfo	orms.
		• To maintain the ethics in MOOC development.		
COURSE CON	TENT	/ SYLLABUS		
	MO	DCS		
UNIT-I		efinition, History, scope and importance of MOOC. nline education and Virtual Education.		12 Hrs.
	WO	RKING PRINCIPALS		
UNIT-II		OOC working principals. ifferent program comes under MOOCs.		12 Hrs.
	PRC	SPECTIVE OF MOOCS		
UNIT-III	• G	ntroduction lobal, National and local levels prospective and its va pplication of MOOCs.	llues	14 Hrs.
	ETH	ICS IN MOOC DEVELOPMENT		
UNIT-IV	• L • M	lagiarism in MOOCs development. anguage propensity in MOOCs. IOOC plat form, module, Google classroom, You-tube resentation, screen CASTOMETIC		12 Hrs.
	MO	OOCS - DIFFERENT ONLINE PORTALS		10.11
UNIT-V	• C	ash study, courser, Edx, SWAYAM, NPTEL, IARI, udas	sity	10 Hrs.

YEAR	Ι	MAEdy 201	CREDIT	4	
SEMESTER	п	MAEdu - 201 SOCIOLOGY OF EDUCATION	HOURS	60	
			MARKS	100 (60+40)	
OBJECTIVES:	<ul> <li>To define meaning and concept of Educational Sociology.</li> <li>To Justify Social and economic relevance of Education.</li> <li>To understand the major concepts, and theories, in sociology and Edu</li> <li>To understand certain current educational issues in social context.</li> <li>To understand the process of globalization.</li> </ul>				
COURSE CONT	1	/ STLLADUS			
UNIT-I	•	Concept of sociology and educational sociology; Relationship between sociology and education; Educational sociology: nature, scope, function importance; Social Organization: Concept and factors of influence; Dynamic characteristics of social organization Educational Implications.		11 Hrs.	
	EDU	JCATION & SOCIAL CHANGE			
UNIT-II	•	Meaning, nature & Process of social change; Relationship between Education and social change; Factors promoting social change (Agencies of social change religion, school and mass-media. Constraints on social change: Caste, Class, Langu population and regionalism.		12 Hrs.	
	THE	PROCESS OF SOCIALIZATION			
UNIT-III	•	Concept and nature of socialization; Role of education in the process of socialization; Agents of socialization: Family, School, Religion, Politics, Religion, Culture, Democracy, Economy; Education as a social system, as a social process and social progress		12 Hrs.	
	EDU	ICATION AND SOCIAL SYSTEM			
UNIT-IV	•	Characteristics of School as a sub-social System. Education and Democracy; Concept of secularism and it implications. Globalization, Industrialization, Sanskritization, Mode privatization: Concept, Overview of its impact on e society. Education as a potential equalizing social force: educational opportunities.	ernization and education and		

<ul> <li>Meaning, nature, types and factors in social stratification;</li> <li>Meaning, factors and types in social mobility;</li> <li>Role of education in social mobility;</li> <li>Education of socially and economically disadvantaged section of society with special reference to: Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribes, Women and Rural population.</li> </ul>		SOCIAL MOBILITY & STRATIFICATION	
	UNIT-V	<ul> <li>Meaning, factors and types in social mobility;</li> <li>Role of education in social mobility;</li> <li>Education of socially and economically disadvantaged section of society with special reference to: Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribes,</li> </ul>	11 Hrs.

**MODE OF TRANSACTION:** Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem solving, Film Show, etc.

# PRACTICUM (any one of the following)

- Students will be Preparing and presentation of Critical analysis of any two educational issues out of different units of the syllabus.
- They can do such a project either individually or jointly with other Students.

- 1. Chandra, S.S. & Sharma, R.K. Sociology of Education.
- 2. Sodhi, T.S. &Suri, Aruna (1998). Philosophical and sociological Foundation of Education, Patiala: Bawa Publication.
- **3.** Singh, B.N. (2005). Education: Social Change and Economic Development, Jaipur: RBSA Publishers.
- 4. Mathur, S.S.: Sociological Approach to Indian Education, Vinod Pustak Mandir, Agra. Henderson, introduction to Philosophy of education, University press, Chicago.
- 5. Bhat M.S. Educational Sociology, APH Publications, New Delhi.
- 6. Broudy, H.S. (1977) Building a Philosophy of Education, New York: Kringer.
- 7. Taneja, V.R. (2002) Foundation of Education, Chandigarh: Mohindra Capital Publishers. Aggarwal, J.C. (1993). Landmarks in the History of Modern Indian Education. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 8. Chaube, S.P. (1994). Philosophical and Sociological Foundations of Education. Agra: Vinod Pustak Mandir.
- 9. Gupta, Renu (2011): Philosophical, Sociological and Economic Bases of Education, Ludhiyana: Tondon Publications.
- 10. Dewey, John (1966) Democracy and Education, New York: Mc Millan.

YEAR	Ι		CREDIT	4
CEMECTED	II	MAEdu - 202 ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY	HOURS	60
SEMESTER	11	ADVANCED EDUCATIONAL FSTCHOLOGI	MARKS	100 (60+40)
<ul> <li>OBJECTIVES:</li> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able to: <ul> <li>To develop and understanding of role and application of psychology in education.</li> <li>Understanding learner's diversity and managing classroom</li> <li>behavior.</li> <li>To develop critical appraisal and understanding about personality in terms of its Nature, Development and Assessment.</li> <li>To develop an appropriate understanding and understanding about Intelligence in terms of its concept, measurement, evolution and theorie</li> <li>Get acquainted with concept and nature of children with special need</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				assroom ality in about nd theories.
COURSE CO	NTEN	T / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	•	ANCED EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY Concept of Advanced Educational Psychology, me definitions Concept of various schools of psychologies: psych humanistic, behavioristic, cognitive, neurobiological Contribution of Advanced Educational Psychology to th process.	hodynamic,	12 Hrs.
	UNI	DERSTANDING LEARNER'S DIVERSITY		
UNIT-II	• • •	Meaning, nature and definition of personality Determinants of Personality Theories of personality: Western and Indian perspectiv Assessment of Personality (Projective & Objective techn Intelligence – cognitive (J.P. Guilford, Emotional (D. and Multiple (H. Gardner) Aptitude, Interest, Creativity	ique)	12 Hrs.
	CHII	DREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS		
UNIT-III	•	Catering to Individual Differences i) Cognitively Exception Children ii) Physically Exceptional Children iii) Socio – C Exceptional Children Concept and Types of Learning Disabilities i) Dyslexia ii Dysgraphia iii) Dyscalculia Emotional and Behavioral Disorders i) Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD) and Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disc (ADHD) ii) Disruptive Behavior Disorder	Culturally )	12 Hrs.

UNIT-IV	<ul> <li>IMPLICATIONS FOR LEARNING AND THINKING STYLES IN CLASSROOM TEACHING</li> <li>Learning styles: Concepts and Application of Kolb's Model.</li> <li>Thinking Styles: concept, Application and Contribution of R. Sternberg.</li> <li>Creative Thinking: Concept, Application and Contribution of E. De'Bono.</li> <li>Teaching Thinking : Feuerstein's Approach.</li> </ul>	10 Hrs.
UNIT-V	<ul> <li>PROBLEMS AND APPROACHES TO MANAGING CLASSROOM BEHAVIOR</li> <li>Identifying Behavior Problem: i) Distraction ii) Aggression iii) Interpersonal Problems</li> <li>Analyzing Behavior Problems: i) Defining Behavior ii) Identifying Antecedents and Consequences, Chain of Events Leading to Behavior Problems.</li> <li>Changing Behavior: Behavioristic vs. Humanistic Approach</li> <li>Group Dynamics : Leadership, Team Building and Techniques of Managing the Group</li> <li>RANSACTION: Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem solve</li> </ul>	12 Hrs.
Show	<b>KANSACTION:</b> Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem Solv	ilig, fiilli
<ul> <li>Person</li> <li>Detaile</li> <li>Case s</li> <li>Aptitu</li> </ul>	PRACTICUM gence test hality test/ Word Association Test ed report on problematic child tudy on learning disability de test	
<b>REFERENCES</b> 1. Hallah	: an, P.D., & Kauffman, M. J. (1991). Exceptional Children; Introduction to Spec	ial

- 2. *Education* (5th ed.). Allyn & Bacon.
- 3. Mangal, K.S. (2007). Educating Exceptional Children; An Introduction to Special
- 4. *Education.* PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 5. Friedman, S.H., & Schustack, W.M. (2003). *Personality; Classic Theories & Modern Research* (2nd ed.). Pearson Education.
- 6. Mangal S.K. (2000). Advanced Education Psychology. New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India (P) Ltd.

YEAR	Ι	MAEL- 000	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	п	MAEdu - 203 EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS	HOURS	60
SEMESTER	11	On completion of this course, the students will be able	MARKS	100(60+40)
<ul> <li>OBJECTIVES:</li> <li>Convey the essential characteristics of a set of data by representitive tabular and graphical forms and computing relevant measures of available and measures of variation.</li> <li>Examine relationship between and among different types of variables research study.</li> <li>Explain or predict values of a dependent variable based on the valuone or more independent variables.</li> <li>Estimate the characteristics of populations based on their sample data.</li> <li>Test specific hypotheses about populations based on their sample data.</li> <li>Demonstrate competence in the use of statistical packages for analydata.</li> </ul>				s of average ariables of a ne values of e data. ple data.
COURSE CO	NTE	NT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	•	SCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS OF QUANTITATIVE DATA Data types: Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio; Data Levels: individual and group; Graphical represendata Description and comparison of groups: measures of tendencies and dispersion, assumptions, uses and interprint Normal Distribution: Theoretical and empirical distribution Deviation from normality and underlying causes, Characteristics of Normal Probability curve and its applica Relative Positions Percentile Rank z-scores.	of central retation ons,	12 Hrs.
UNIT-II	•	<b>TA RELATIONS</b> Examining Relationships: Scatter plots and their interpreta Product Moment, Rank, Biserial, point-biserial, Tetra-choric and Multiple correlations; Linear Regression Analysis-concept of regression, regressive equation, Regression line and their uses, accuracy of prediction	, Partial	12 Hrs.
UNIT-III	•	<b>ERENTIAL ANALYSIS OF QUANTITATIVE DATA-1</b> Estimation of a Parameter-Concept of parameter and s sampling error, sampling distribution, Standard Error of I Testing of Hypotheses-Null and Alternative Hyp Directional Alternative Hypotheses, Testing of Null Hypotheses, types of Error, Levels of Significance, testing the Significance of d between the following statistics for independent and co samples: Proportions, Means (including small samples), Va	Mean ootheses, ifference orrelated	10 Hrs.

	INFERENTIAL ANALYSIS OF QUALITATIVE DATA-2			
UNIT-IV	<ul> <li>Analysis of variance and Co-variance (ANOVA and ANCOVA)- concept, assumptions and uses.</li> <li>Analysis of Frequencies using Chi-square, Chi-square as test of goodness of fit and test of independence, contingency coefficient and its uses.</li> <li>Non-Parametric statistics: assumptions and uses of sign test, rank test and median test.</li> </ul>	13 Hrs.		
	COMPUTER FOR DATA ANALYSIS AND PREPARATION OF RESEARCH REPORT			
UNIT-V	<ul> <li>Analysis of visual data, segmenting coding and developing category systems;</li> <li>Enumeration, identifying relationships among categories, constructing diagrams, corroborating and validating results</li> <li>Use of Computer for Data Analysis and its importance</li> <li>Knowledge of Software for Statistical Analysis such as SPSS, EXCEL, N6 etc.</li> </ul>	12 Hrs.		
	PRACTICUM (any one of the following):	•		
based stude	, Demonstration and discussion, reading additional resources provided ents study sites, individual and group exercises, study of published ticle, and development of a statistical analysis plan on the topic se	empirical		
	SESSIONAL WORK			
	may undertake any one of the following activities:			
	assessment of statistical techniques used in a research report. on of graphic designs of data obtained in a research study.			
	and description of appropriate statistical technique(s) for answering a res	search		
	or for testing a given hypothesis.	scaren		
-	of data using Statistical Packages like SPSS, N6, Excel etc.			
REFERENCE				
	ver, W. J. (1971). Practical Non-Parametric Statistics. New York: John Wile	ey & Sons		
<ol> <li>Ferguson, G. (1981). A Statistical Analysis in Psychology and Education, New York: McGraw Hill.</li> </ol>				

- (3<sup>rd</sup> edition). Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- 5. Guilford, J. P., and B. Fruchter. (1987). Fundamental Statistics in Education and Psychology (Student-Sixth edition). Tokyo: McGraw Hill.
- 6. Henry, G.T. (1995). Graphing data: Techniques for display and analysis. Thousand oaks, CA: Sage.
- 7. Howell, D.C. (1997). Statistical Methods for Psychology. Belmont, CA: Duxbury Press.
- 8. Huck, S.W. (2007). Reading Statistics and research. Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- 9. Popham and Sirohic (1993). Educational Statistics-Use and Interpretation, New York.

YEAR	Ι		CREDIT	4	
SEMESTER	II	MAEdu - 204 COMPARATIVE EDUCATION	HOURS	60	
SLULSTLK	11	N	MARKS	100(60+40)	
OBJECTIVES	<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able to:</li> <li>To understand the concept, significance and scope of Comparative Education.</li> <li>To acquaint with the various approaches to study of comparative education; and also factors affecting development of education.</li> <li>To comprehend and compare the concept, practice teaching and evaluation system of teacher education on focused countries.</li> <li>To know the recent trends and best practices in education such as distance and open learning, vocational education and educational administration.</li> <li>To understand and reflect on comparison of the educational systems of USA, UK, and India with special reference to Primary Education, Secondary Education and Higher Education.</li> <li>To understand the prevailing problems and issues in education and also know the role of various agencies which acts for the progress of</li> </ul>				
		education system.			
COURSE COM		NT / SYLLABUS			
UNIT-I		<ul> <li>ONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK OF COMPARATIVE EDUCATION</li> <li>Concept, Significance and Scope of Comparative Education</li> <li>Factors Affecting Development of Educational System</li> <li>Approaches to the study of Comparative Education: Historic Philosophical and Sociological views.</li> </ul>	cal,	10 Hrs.	
UNIT-II		COMPARATIVE REFLECTIONS ON TEACHER EDUCA FINLAND AND INDIA) • Concept, Importance and Scope • Practice teaching • Evaluation system	ATION	10 Hrs.	
UNIT-III	S	TRUCTURE OF EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM: A COMPARATIVE ST	TUDY	14 Hrs.	
UNIT-IV		OMPARATIVE REFLECTIONS ON RECENT TRENDS AND BE RACTICES IN EDUCATION Distance and Open Learning in U.K., Australia and India: Aims Methods of instruction and Evaluation system. Vocational Education: USA & India. Educational Administration in USA, UK & India.		14 Hrs.	

UN	<ul> <li>CURRENT ISSUES AND SIGNIFICANCE OF RESEARCH IN EDUCATION</li> <li>Issues: Poverty, population explosion, environmental degradation, human trafficking, terrorism, unemployment, illiteracy, in-equalization of educational opportunities.</li> <li>Role of various International agencies: UNO, SAARC, UNICEF, UNESCO.</li> <li>Role of various National scheme in Education: SSA,RMSA, RUSSA, MDG, RTE.</li> </ul>	12 Hrs.				
	<b>DDE OF TRANSACTION:</b> Lecture, Discussion, Case Study, Experiments, Problem so m Show.	olving,				
	PRACTICUM					
•	<ul> <li>aration and presentation on comparative analysis of education system of any two Preparing a report on some current issues and also measures taken by concern International agencies.</li> <li>Unit test will be conducted.</li> <li>Group discussion will be organized on some given topics.</li> <li>Students will review various researches carried out in this area and also will be identifying dearth research topics.</li> <li>Writing a report on the best practices of teacher training programs in India and Finland.</li> </ul>					
REFE	RENCES:					
	Beredy, G.Z.F. (1964). Comparative Methods in Education. New Delhi: Oxfo Publishing Co. Blavic, Emile. (1987). Primary Education: Development and Reform, Persp Education. In Education, Vol. 3, 153-60.					
3.	3. Carlton, R., Colley and Machinnon. (1977). Educational change and Society. Toronto: Gage					
	Educational Publishing.					
4.						
5.	Standford University Press. Cantor, Leonard. (1989). The Re-visioning of Vocational Education in American High					
0.	School. In Journal of Comparative Education, Vol. 25, Number 2.					
6.	Dearden, R.F. (1970). The Philosophy of Primary Education. London: Routledge	and Kegan				
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YEAR	Ι	MAEdu - 205	CREDIT	3
SEMESTER	п	TRIBAL ART AND CULTURE	HOURS	60
				100(60+40)
OBJECTIVES	:	<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able</li> <li>Understanding the tribes of India.</li> <li>Understanding the importance of the tribal art and cupresentation.</li> <li>Understand various 'culture forms' and their integration practices.</li> <li>Develop creativity through different creative tribal art</li> <li>Understand the different tribal culture, festivals and determined on the different tribal culture.</li> </ul>	lture and th on in tradit t and painti	ional ng.
COURSE CON	ITEI	NT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	T] • • •	RIBES OF INDIA Tribal: Concept and definition of tribes in Indian context. Geographical distribution of tribes in India. Characteristics, Classification of tribes: on the basis of Lang and culture.	uage	10 Hrs.
UNIT-II	H • •	ISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF TRIBES Impact of British administration on Tribes: land, forest soci institutions. Society: Social Groups (Primary and Secondary), Family, Ma Kinship in Tribal Society. Social changes: Factors and Agencies. Sanskritization and westernization among Indian tribes.		14 Hrs.
UNIT-III	T • • •	RIBAL ART Colour, Strokes and Sketching – understating of various me and perspectives. Different form of tribal art and painting – Worli art, Gond a Bodo art, Santal art. Use of drawing and Painting in Education – Chart making, making, drawing and other form. Decorative Art – Rangoli, Ekebana, Wall painting (Mural). The use of different art forms in Education.	art,	14 Hrs.
UNIT-IV	T] • • •	RIBAL CULTURE AND FESTIVALS Basic nature of tribal culture. Festival: keslapur Jathra – Gond, Karma – Baiga, Baishagu. Festival – Bodo, Disum Sendra – Santal, Hornbill Festival – Naga, Bushu – Kachari, Wangala – Garo, Nongkre Festival – Khasi, Karam, Maghe – Munda.	2	12 Hrs.
UNIT-V		RIBAL DANCE FORAMS arious Dance Forms: • Bagurumba • Dalkhai • Hojagiri • Karma • Keslapur Jathra • Parvi Nach		14 Hrs.

### PRACTICUM

- Tribal Art (Warli Art).
- Designing Infographics of Tribal Art and culture.
- Visiting tribal Villages.
- Documentary of tribal culture and way of living.

- 1. Hasnain Nadeem (2017), Tribal India.
- 2. Mohanty, Namita (2013), Tribal Education Issue and Approaches, Satprakash Katla, New Delhi.
- 3. Pani, P.K. (2014). Tribes and Tribal Problems, Classical Publicating Company, Karampura, New Delhi.
- 4. Taneja, B.K. (2014). Changing Tribal Society in Indian issue and Challenges. Abhijeet Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. Bhowmick, P.K., Singh, K., & Rajak, M.P. (2016). Tribal Health in North East India, New Delhi.
- Loustaunam, M.O. and Sobo, E.J. (1997). The cultural context of Health, Illness and Medicine.
   Westport, ct: Bergin and Garvey.
- 7. http://www.tourmyindia.com/blog/the-indigenous-colour-of-india-the-indian-tribes/
- 8. http://htindia.com/blog/indian-folk-and-tribal-dances/

YEAR	II	MAEd. 201	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	III	MAEdu - 301 SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT	HOURS	60
OBJECTIVES		<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able</li> <li>Understand the conceptual aspects involved in school management.</li> <li>Appreciate the perspectives of administration and man strategies and practices.</li> <li>Understand critical process of educational manage levels of education.</li> <li>Acquire necessary skills to understand the manageme human resources relevant to school education.</li> </ul>	l administra agement of ment relate	school issues, d to various
COURSE CO	NTE	NT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	•	<b>IOOL ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT</b> Meaning, nature and scope of school administration School administration and school management, their role. Management as an organization, aims and functions management.	of school	10 Hrs.
UNIT-II	•	NCEPTUAL BASIS OF SCHOOL MANAGEMENT Basic management function: Planning, organizing, motivating and controlling and their implications for school management. Using management functions for an effective c management in schools.	leading, effective lassroom	12 Hrs.
UNIT-III	LE\ •	JCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT AT I VELS Educational administration and management at central, s local levels Role and functions of CABE, NCERT, CBSE, KVS, NVS, NIOS Role and functions of SCERT, DIETs etc.		15 Hrs.
UNIT-IV	•	ALITY MANAGEMENT APPROACH FOR SCHOOLS Quality management: meaning, scope and role. Approaches and functions of total quality management. TQM and its application in school management.		13 Hrs.
UNIT-V	•	SOURCE MANAGEMENT Resource: meaning, nature and classification. Human and non-human resources: creation, sha management. Leadership and decision making. Funding arrangements and its utilization.	ring and	10 Hrs.

## PRACTICUM

- Case based study of exemplary practices in school management.
- Visits to school with records of best practices.
- Developing case profiles of effective classrooms/schools.

- 1. Pandya, S.R. (2011): Administration and Management of Education, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 2. Thakur D and Thakur, D.N. (1997): Educational Planning and Administration, Deep and Deep Publication, New Delhi.
- 3. Bhatia, K.K & Singh, Jaswant: Principles and practice of school management, Tandaon publications books Market, Ludhiana.
- 4. Bhatnagar, R.P & Agarwal, Vidya: Education administration, Supervision, Planning and financing, Surya Publication, Meerut.
- 5. Koortz, Harold & Weihrich, Heinz: Essential of management an international perspective, Tata Mc Graw – Hill publishing Company Limited New Delhi.
- 6. Sindhu, Kulbir Singh: School organisation and administration, sterling, publishing, private Limited, New Delhi.
- 7. Varshrey, G. K: Organisation and Management, S Chand and Company LTD, New Delhi.

YEAR	II	MAEdu - 302	CREDIT	4	
CEMECTED	TTT	HISTORY AND CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN	HOURS	60	
SEMESTER	III	EDUCATION	MARKS	100 (60+40)	
<ul> <li>OBJECTIVES: On completion of this course the students will be able to:         <ul> <li>Analyze the historical perspectives of education at different levels.</li> <li>Understand the nature of education as an area of simultidisciplinary knowledge base.</li> <li>Reflect on the contemporary issues in education.</li> <li>Appreciate that relevant research work would help t efficiency and excellence in the educational practices.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
COURSE CO	NTE	NT / SYLLABUS			
		TORICAL PERSPECTIVES ON EDUCATION			
UNIT-I	•	Education: history and its evolution. Education in Pre-Independent India – recommenda commissions and committees. Education in Post-Independent India – recommenda Commissions and Committees.		12 Hrs.	
	EDI	JCATION IN CONTEMPORARY INDIA			
UNIT-II	•	Contemporary Indian Education and its salient features. National Policy on Education – 1986, 1992. Universalization of Elementary Education – Sarva Shiksha RTE ACT 2009, RMSA.	Abhiyan.	12 Hrs.	
	ASS	URED QUALITY EDUCATION			
UNIT-III	٠	Concept and scope of quality education. Need and significance of quality education. Approaches and strategies of quality education.		10 Hrs.	
	LIB	ERALIZATION, PRIVATIZATION AND GLOBALIZATION			
UNIT-IV	٠	Concept and implications of liberalization in education. Concept and implications of privatization. Concept and implications of globalization.		14 Hrs.	
	COI	NTEMPORARY ISSUES IN EDUCATION			
UNIT-V	•	Equalization of Educational Opportunities. Education of SC/ST, OBC, differently-abled, women and min Value Education. Environmental Education.	orities.	12 Hrs.	
PRACTICUM					
<ul> <li>Study the impact of Right to Education Act 2009 on schools.</li> <li>Critical Analysis of Different Committees and Commissions on Education.</li> <li>Study of Educational Process in Private Schools.</li> <li>Planning awareness among SC/ST students about various schemes and scholarships available to them.</li> </ul>					
REFERENCES:					
New	<ol> <li>Bhatia, K. &amp; Bhatia, B. (1983). The philosophical and Sociological foundation of Education. New Delhi: Doaba House.</li> <li>Bhattacharya, S. (2006). Sociological Foundation of Education: Atlantic Publishers. New</li> </ol>				

Delhi.

- 3. Dhankar, N. (2010). Education in Emerging Indian Society. New Delhi: APH Publishing Corporation.
- 4. Dhiman, O. P. (1973). Principles and Techniques of Education. Ludhiana: Sharda Brothers.
- 5. Fagerling, I., and Saha, L. J.O. (1989). Education and National Development (2nd Ed.). England: Pergamon Press.
- 6. Kakkar, S. B. (1995). Changing Perspectives in Education. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Mehta D. D. (2009). Education in Emerging Indian Education, Indian Education. Ludhiyana: Tondan Publications, Books Market.
- 8. Mehta, D. D. (2009). Education in Emerging Indian Education, Indian Education. Ludhiyana:Tondan Publications, Books Market.
- 9. Murthy, S. K. (2009). Philosophical and Sociological Foundation of Education. Ludhiyana: Tondan Publication, Books Market.
- 10. Murthy, S. K. (2009). Philosophical and Sociological Foundation of Education. Ludhiyana: Tondan Publication, Books Market.
- 11. Narulla, S. & Naik, J. P. (1964). Student History of Education in India. Mc Millian & Co., of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 12. National Policy and Education. (1986). MHRD. New Delhi: Govt. of India.
- 13. Pathak, K. R. (2007). Education in the Emerging India. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers.

YEAR	II	CREDI	Г 4
CEMECTED	ш	MAEdu - 303 PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT	6 60
SEMESTER	111	PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT MARK	§ 100 (60+40)
OBJECTIVES	:	<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able to:</li> <li>To develop understanding about personality in terms of development and assessment</li> <li>To promote the strategies of the personality develop students.</li> </ul>	
COURSE CON	NTEN	Γ / SYLLABUS	
	MEA	ANING, NATURE AND THEORIES OF PERSONALITY	
UNIT-I	•	Meaning and definition of personality. Nature, characteristics and determinants of personality. Structure of Integration of Personality. Type and Trait theories of personality with educational implications.	12 Hrs.
	PER •	SONALITY DEVELOPMENT Importance of personality Development.	_
UNIT-II	•	Tips of Personality Development. Personality Traits. Different Type of Personality-A practical Approach.	14 Hrs.
	PER	SONALITY DISORDERS & STRESS	
UNIT-III	•	Personality Disorders Dressing and Personality Development Communication skill and Personality Development Role of personality development in reducing stress	10 Hrs.
	PER	SONALITY ASSESSMENT	
UNIT-IV	•	Subjective-Introspection & Interview. Objective-Personality Inventories & Scale. Projective Techniques.	12 Hrs.
	IND	ICATORS OF SUCCESSFUL PERSON	
UNIT-V	•	Creativity, Multiple and Emotional Intelligence Group Dynamics and Interpersonal Relationship Self Confidence, Attitude, temperament & Life Style Social Responsibility & Community Work	12 Hrs.

#### PRACTICUM

#### Note: Unit IV & V shall be based on practicum

- 1. Aggarwal, G.C. (1996). Essential of Educational Psychology. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 2. De Bono, Edward. (2000). Six Thinking Hats. 2nd Edition. Penguin Books.
- **3.** Frey, D and Carlock, C. (1989). Enhancing Self Esteem. 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. Indiana: Accelerated Development INC.
- 4. Gardner, Howard. (1993). Multiple Intelligences: The Theory in Practice: A Reader Basic Book. New York.
- 5. Johnson, D.W. (1997). Reaching out Interpersonal Effectiveness and Self Actualization. 6th ed. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
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YEAR	II	MAEdy 204 (i) CR	EDIT	4
SEMESTER	III	PEACE EDUCATION	DURS	60
		MA	ARKS	100(60+40)
OBJECTIVES:		<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able to:</li> <li>Understand the importance of peace.</li> <li>Describe the historical importance of peace education.</li> <li>Recognize the education for peaceful life.</li> <li>Promoting culture of peace.</li> </ul>		
COURSE CONTENT / SYLLABUS				
	PEA	PEACE EDUCATION		
UNIT-I	•	Introduction, Meaning, Definition, Concept, Scope Objectives of peace education, Human Miseries in the Modern world and quest for peace, Gandhian concept of peace, Different approaches to peace; Establishment of peace education institutions; Pacifism Education.		10 Hrs.
UNIT-II	•	<b>TORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF PEACE EDUCATION</b> Aims, Creation of United Nations, UNESCO, UNICEF, UNDP, UNEP, UNHIRC, Amnesty International. International Committee of Red Cross and NGOs, Peace Education in India and its development.	UNO-	14 Hrs.
	INTEGRATING PEACE EDUCATION IN THE CURRICULUM			
UNIT-III	•	Curriculum Development of Education for peace, Stage specific approach - Early childhood; Elementary Secondary stage; Higher Education stage; Adult Edu stage. Major Media of Integration, Subject context, S perspectives - Teaching methods.	0	10 Hrs.
UNIT-IV	CON	CONFLICT RESOLUTION		14 Hrs.
	•	<ul> <li>Aspects of Conflicts - Antagonism; social divisions</li> <li>Types of Conflicts; Conflict resolution; Conflict management; Models of conflict Resolution.</li> </ul>		
	PROMOTING CULTURE OF PEACE			
UNIT-V	• • • • • • • •	Introduction, Peaceful Home; Culture of Peace; Fostering culture of peace for inner peace; Participatory Communication; Democratic Participation and Gender equality;		10 Hrs.

- Non-violence;
- International Peace and Security in the present scenario.

## PRACTICUM

- Street Play for demonstrating the importance of peaceful life
- Field Visit to have real experience of peaceful existence of the society.
- Conflict resolution Management in the affected in the tribal areas.

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YEAR	II	MAEdy 204 (;;)	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	ш	MAEdu - 304 (ii) GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING	HOURS	60
OBJECTIVE		On completion of this course the students will be a	MARKS ole to:	100(60+40)
		<ul> <li>To develop understanding of bases meaning, need and types of g</li> <li>To get acquainted with the tools and techniques of appraisal of a individual.</li> <li>To develop understanding of meaning characteristics and types counseling.</li> <li>To get acquainted with process and techniques of Counseling.</li> <li>To get acquainted with the importance of placement and follow</li> <li>To develop understanding about Counseling- research, issues ar</li> </ul>		of up services.
COURSE CO	NTI	ENT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	ME	<ul> <li>ANING AND CONCEPT OF GUIDANCE</li> <li>Meaning, nature and scope of Guidance</li> <li>Needs and importance of Guidance service</li> <li>Bases of guidance: Philosophical, Sociological, Psychological</li> <li>Influence of family and Community on guidance.</li> <li>Functions and purposes of Guidance.</li> </ul>	Pedagogical,	10 Hrs.
UNIT-II	TY	<ul> <li>PES OF GUIDANCE</li> <li>Types of Guidance.</li> <li>Major guidance areas- Educational, Vocational, Person Social, Health, Marital, Moral etc.</li> <li>Adjustive guidance, Identification of maladjusted of the principles of dealing with them.</li> <li>Group Guidance-meaning, importance and Technique</li> </ul>	hildren and	14 Hrs.
UNIT-III	СО	<ul> <li>UNSELLING: MEANING, TYPE AND OTHER ASPECTS</li> <li>Meaning, Characteristics and importance of counseli</li> <li>Difference between Guidance and Counseling.</li> <li>Types of counseling.</li> <li>Basic assumptions, process and steps of Counseling.</li> <li>Role of counselor in counseling.</li> <li>Different school of thoughts in counseling.</li> </ul>	ng.	10 Hrs.
	T	HEORIES OF COUNSELLING		
UNIT-IV		<ul> <li>Client Centered Therapy (Carl Rogers).</li> <li>Rational Emotive Therapy (Albert Ellis).</li> <li>Behavior Therapy (B.F. Skinner).</li> <li>Gesalt Therapy (Fredric Pearls).</li> <li>Psychoanalytic Therapy (Sigmund Freud).</li> </ul>		14 Hrs.

U	NIT-V	<ul> <li>TOOLS FOR COLLECTING INFORMATION, CAREER RESOURCE CENTRE</li> <li>Techniques of Counseling – formal- informal discussions Committee reports, lectures, dramatics question banks, Case Conference Methods.</li> <li>Questionnaire, Anecdotal Record, Autobiography,</li> <li>Rating scale, Observation, cumulative record card and interview.</li> <li>Career Resource center: Central and State Planning.</li> <li>Problems of Guidance services in India.</li> </ul>	10 Hrs.
•	Mainte	nance of Self -Appraisal reports with respect to Guidance Programme at	
		ntary/Secondary level.	1
•		ct a Guidance and Counseling Programme at Elementary/Secondary leve zing a Job Fair/Career Fate for school children.	21.
•	0	ation and administration of any two tool that is observation, interview,	
	-	onnaire etc. with respect to guidance services at elementary/secondary	level.
•	-	ation of Job resume for Self-enrichment.	
•	Visit to	Guidance and counseling cell /bureau and prepared the report.	
Refei	rences:		
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3.		gar, A. & Gupta, N. (Eds) (1999). Guidance and counseling, A theoretical	perspective.
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	Co.		

YEAR	Π	MAEdu - 304 (iii)	CREDIT	4
CEMECTED		EDUCATIONAL MEASUREMENT AND	HOURS	60
SEMESTER	III	<b>EVALUATION - I</b>	MARKS	100 (60+40)
<ul> <li>OBJECTIVES:</li> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able to:         <ul> <li>To develop an understanding of the concepts of measurement, assessment and evaluation</li> <li>To develop an understanding of the taxonomy of educational obje</li> <li>To compare the tools and techniques of evaluation</li> <li>Understand the basic concepts and techniques of measurement as evaluation in education.</li> <li>Understand the new trends in evaluation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				
COURSE CO	NTE	NT / SYLLABUS		
		CONCEPT OF EDUCATIONAL MEASUREMENT AND	EVALUATION	10 Hrs.
UNIT-I		<ul> <li>Meaning, nature, purpose of educational measure assessment and evaluation.</li> <li>Relation between measurement and evaluation</li> <li>Types of evaluation – formative and summative – characteristics, areas, differences.</li> </ul>		
		ASSESSMENT AND EXAMINATIONS		
UNIT-II		<ul> <li>Continuous and comprehensive assessment significance, areas, merits, challenges.</li> <li>New trends in evaluation grading and semester s</li> <li>External examinations in higher education: mea significance.</li> <li>Challenges related to planning and conduct examinations.</li> </ul>	ystem. aning, need,	12 Hrs.
		EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES		
UNIT-III		<ul> <li>Concept of educational aims and objectives, relatively between aims and objectives, classification of edu objectives.</li> <li>Revised Bloom's Taxonomy of the Cognitive Dom</li> <li>Krathwohl and Masia's Taxonomy of the Affective</li> <li>Dave's Taxonomy of the Psychomotor Domain.</li> <li>Writing objective in behavioral terms.</li> </ul>	cational ain.	15 Hrs.
		LEARNING EXPERIENCES AND OUTCOMES		
UNIT-IV	7	<ul> <li>Learning Experiences: meaning, types, significance based learning experiences.</li> <li>Learning Outcomes: meaning, need, significance.</li> <li>The Relationship between Objectives, Specification Experiences and Evaluation.</li> </ul>		11 Hrs.
		TOOLS OF EVALUATION		
UNIT-V		<ul> <li>Concept of tools of evaluation (meaning, characte</li> <li>Performance tests – Oral and Practical – merits, suggestions for improvement.</li> <li>Written Tests – Essay type and objective type only) questions – merits, limitations, suggestions</li> </ul>	limitations, e (in general	12 Hrs.

	improvement.
	<ul> <li>Norm Referenced Testing, Criterion Referenced Testing</li> <li>Online Tests – features, merits and limitations, challenges.</li> </ul>
	PRACTICUM
the o	a student should construct two questionnaires (minimum 10 questions) to assess opinions of ten students and ten teachers, analyse the data and submit a report on any of the following:
stud	challenges in Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation Programme, faced by ents and teachers (upto class XII) challenges in the Credit based Semester and Grading System, faced by students and
	hers in colleges/institutions.
	SEMINAR
• Ea	ach Student-teacher has to present a Seminar on a topic relevant to Education.
• As	ssessment will be done for the written work and for the presentation.
REFEREN	CES:
1	
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YEAR	II	MAEd. 205 (DSE)	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	ш	MAEdu - 305 (DSE) TEACHER EDUCATION	HOURS	60
OBJECTIVES		On completion of this course the students will be ab	MARKS	100 (60+40)
<ul> <li>To enable the students to understand about the concept, aims of teacher education in India with historical perspectives.</li> <li>To visualize the structure and frame work of teacher education.</li> <li>To understand the Concept, Determinants, Identification and Cha of teacher Effectiveness.</li> <li>To enable the students to understand the prevailing trends education and agencies to develop and implement the concern in India.</li> <li>To develop in the students an understanding about the importation findings in teacher education.</li> </ul>			aracteristics in teacher ned policies,	
COURSE CO	NTI	ENT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	FU • •	NDAMENTALS OF TEACHER EDUCATION Concept, Aims and Scope; Historical Background & Education in India with Special Reference to the recom various commissions on Teachers Education Commission. National Policy on Education 1986, Revised POA (1992 Historical development of Teacher Education in Indi objectives of teacher education at: Elementary Leve Level and College level. Implementation of curricula of teacher education.	nmendation , Kothari 2). ia: Aims and	12 Hrs.
UNIT-II	• • •	Recommendations of NCERT (NCF, 2005) and NCFTE ( Problems of Teacher Education in India and Remedial Measures. Pre-Service and In-service Teacher Training programm Agencies of In-service programme: NCERT, NCTE, SCERT, IASE, CTE, DIET, Academic Staff College Extension Department.	ne. RIE, SIE, (ASC) and	12 Hrs.
UNIT-III	TE	Post graduate courses in education, research and im teacher education. Techniques of teacher training, core teaching, mic interaction analysis.	cro-teaching,	12 Hrs.

	TEACHED EFFECTIVENECC	
UNIT-IV	<ul> <li>TEACHER EFFECTIVENESS</li> <li>Concept, Determinants, Identification and Characteristics of teacher Effectiveness.</li> <li>Organization of Practice Teaching for developing an Effective</li> <li>Practice Teaching Internship- its Organization and Problems.</li> <li>Supervision of Practice Lessons: Observation, Assessment and Feedback to Student Teacher.</li> <li>Recent trends and Research Activities in Teacher Education.</li> </ul>	12 Hrs.
UNIT-V	<ul> <li>PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT</li> <li>Teaching as a Profession.</li> <li>Professional organizations for various levels of teachers and their role; performance appraisal of teachers.</li> <li>Faculty improvement program for Teacher Education</li> <li>Orientation and Refresher courses Current Problems:</li> <li>Teacher Education and Practicing Schools</li> </ul>	10 Hrs.
teacl Prep unit) A wo poss Exar refer Prep	rvey of research in Teacher Education conducted during last two years on hers, or on higher education teachers, or on teacher educators. paration of facilitative resource materials in school education (on any teach ). ork study project related to teacher education, problems and improvement ibilities. nining teaching competency and effectiveness of prospective teachers with rence to teaching methods and skills used. paring a" Peer Group Observation Performa", administer it and evaluate tea erials and skills. Give feedback and suggestions for improvement.	ing
Re 2. La Ya 3. Lin Ch 4. Lo Te 5. Ma Ne	CES: brthagen, Fred A.J.et al; (2001): Linking Practice and Theory: The Pec ealistic Teacher Education. Lawrence Erlbaum Associates. mpert, M. (2001). Teaching problems and the problems of teaching. Ne le University Press. anda Darling Hammond & John Bransford (ed.) (2005): Preparing Teach hanging World. Jossey-Bass, San Francisco. bughran, John (2006): Developing a Pedagogy of Teacher education: Unde eaching and Learning about Teaching. Rutledge: New York. angala, Sheela (2000). Teacher Education: Trends & Strategies, Radha P ew Delhi. artin, D. J. & Kimberly S. Loomis (2006): Building Teachers: A cons	w Haven: ers for a rstanding ublishing,
ap 7. M1 Ne 8. M1 Re 9. M1	proach to introducing education. Wadsworth Publishing, USA. HRD (1986) National Policy on Education and Programme of Action, Govt. ew Delhi. HRD (1990) Towards an Enlightened and Humane Society; (Rama Murti C eport), Department of Education, Govt. of India, New Delhi. HRD (1992) Programme of Action, Department of Education, Govt. of In elhi.	. of India, ommittee

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YEAR	II		CREDIT	2
SEMESTER	ш	<b>RESEARCH PROPOSAL</b>	HOURS	30
SEMESTER	111		MARKS	50 (Internal)
OBJECTIVE	ZS:	<ul> <li>The student has to prepare a research proposition work.</li> <li>The student should submit the research presentation before the Departmental Research Content of the research supervisor of the candidate in content of the research supervisor of the candidate can give proposal.</li> </ul>	oroposal alor ommittee. onsultation w d by the memb	ng with the vith the DRC pers.

YEAR	II	MAEdu - 401	CREDIT	4	
SEMESTER	IV	LIFE LONG EDUCATION	HOURS	60	
		On completion of this course the students will be a	MARKS	100 (60+40)	
OBJECTIVES	<ul> <li>Understand the Conceptual framework of Adult and Learning.</li> <li>Gain insight into the relationship between Literacy, Adult Educ Lifelong Learning.</li> </ul>				
COURSE CON	NTE	NT / SYLLABUS			
		SICS OF LIFELONG LEARNING			
UNIT-I	•	Concepts and terms of Lifelong Learning and Extension Adult and Lifelong Learning – Pre-Independence period.		8 Hrs.	
UNIT-II	GR • •	EAT THINKERS OF LIFE LONG EDUCATION Imminent Indian thinkers of Adult Education – Vivek Gandhi, Tagore, Gandhi, Zakir Hussin. Imminent International Thinkers Frank Charles Lanb Illich, Paulo Friere. Indian Values for adult education and its practices.	·	12 Hrs.	
		EATION OF CONSTRUCTIVE SOCIAL AWARENESS ARNING	S THROUGH		
UNIT-III	•	Creation of Right Life orientation by constructive lear Environment movements in India and in abroad for h Learning Social Exclusion and Social Justice; Dalit Mo its developments – Modern values of Agrarian R sustaining rural lives. Women's movement for sustainable growth.	nealthy life wement and	12 Hrs.	
	CU	RRENT TRENDS IN LIFELONG LEARNING IN INDIA			
UNIT-IV	•	Learning for establishing State intervention in Social & development by Legislation linked Social developmen groups - Street Children, Bonded Labor; Gender Sensit Tribal wellbeing. Non-State engagement in Social development -Use of and Innovations in Lifelong Learning	t – Vulnerable ization;	14 Hrs.	
		GANIZATIONS AND PROGRAMS FOR CONTEXTUALIZ	ING VALUE		
	BASED DEVELOPMENT				
UNIT-V	•	Evolving institutions for sustainable livelihoods - International Missions on learning – Consumer Awareness Capacity building programs - National Rural Livelih (NRLM), Jan Dhan Yojana (JDY). Tribal welfare program	s; ood Mission	14 Hrs.	

	Skill India Program: Introduction, Objectives, Features and Advantages				
• ] • ]	<ul> <li>Design of Computer Aided Learning (CAL) for aged tribal groups by Using of Internet.</li> <li>Monitoring of any one Welfare Program at Gram Panchayat Level in the tribal locality.</li> </ul>				
REFERI	ENCES:				
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	Singh, Madhu. (Ed.2002) Lifelong Learning, Humberg: UNESCO Institute of Lifelong				
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YEAR	II	MAEdu - 402	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	IV	ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION	HOURS	60
OBJECTIVES:			MARKS	100(60+40)
<ul> <li>OBJECTIVES:</li> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able to: <ul> <li>To acquire knowledge to student about the concept of Environme and Ecology.</li> <li>To make awareness and create interest of student in Environment Education.</li> <li>To enable the student-teachers understand about Pollution and i control.</li> <li>To develop a sense of responsibility towards about the Glob Environmental problems.</li> <li>To develop reasonable understanding to the need for Conservation the resources.</li> <li>To develop desirable attitude, values and respect for the Environment.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				Environmental ution and its t the Global onservation of
COURSE CON	TENT	/ SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	• • •	MULTIDISCIPLINARY NATURE OF ENVIRON DIES Definition, scope and importance. Need for public awareness. Renewable and Non-renewable Resources: resources and associated problems in Recourses - Water, Food, Energy, Mineral, Land. Role of an individual in conservation of natural reso	Natural - Forest,	12 Hrs.
	ECO	SYSTEMS		
UNIT-II	•	Concept of an ecosystem; Structure and functio ecosystem. Producers, consumers and decomposers, Energy flo ecosystem Ecological succession. Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. Introduction, types, characteristic features, struct function of Eco systems – Grass Land, Desert Aquatic.	w in the ure and	12 Hrs.
	BIO	DIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION		
UNIT-III	•	Introduction, definition: genetic, species and ediversity. Biodiversity at global, National and local levels and India as a mega-diversity nation. Hot-spots of biodiversity. Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of man- wildlife conflicts. Endangered and endemic species of India. Conservation of biodiversity: in-situ and conservation of biodiversity.	its values	14 Hrs.
UNIT-IV		IRONMENTAL POLLUTION Definition, Causes, effects and control measures of		12 Hrs

	(a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g)				
	<ul> <li>Nuclear hazards.</li> <li>Solid waste management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Pollution case studies. Disaster management: Foods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.</li> </ul>				
	SOCIAL CONCERNS AND THE ENVIRONMENT				
UNIT	<ul> <li>Urban problems; Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management.</li> <li>Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions.</li> <li>Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies.</li> <li>Environment Protection Acts.</li> <li>Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act.</li> <li>Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act.</li> <li>Wildlife Protection Act.</li> <li>Forest Conservation Act.</li> <li>Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation.</li> </ul>	10 Hrs.			
	PRACTICUM				
	Visit to a local area to document environmental assets—river/forest/grassland	d/hill/			
	Mountain. /isit to a local polluted site—Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural.				
	Study of common plants, insects, birds.				
	Study of simple ecosystems—pond, river, hill slopes, etc.				
REFERE					
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_	Encyclopedia, Jaico Publ. House, Mumbai.				
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,.	Univ. Press 1140p.	ound nuge			
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	House, Delhi.				
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YEAR	II		CREDIT	4
SEMESTER IV		MAEdu - 403 EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY	HOURS	60
			MARKS	100(60+40)
OBJECTIVES:		<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be a</li> <li>Understand the nature and scope of education about the various forms of technology</li> <li>Establish relationship between learning the technology</li> </ul>	onal technolog	
	<ul> <li>Know the instructional design and modes of development of self learning material.</li> <li>Know the different models of teaching.</li> </ul>			types of
COURSE CON	NTEN	NT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	ME.	<ul> <li>Nature, Scope and Significance of Educational Technology</li> <li>Nature, Scope and Significance of Educational Technology Har Software;</li> <li>Multi-media approach in Educational Technology.</li> </ul>	nology; dware and	12 Hrs.
	CO	MMUNICATION AND MODALITIES OF TEACHING		
UNIT-II		<ul> <li>Communication Process: Concept, nature, process, of communication, Principles. Modes and communication, Classroom communication (intera and non-verbal) and Mass media approach;</li> <li>Instructional Design – Psycho-analytic approact theory approach (with special emphasis on soc theory), Systems approach in educational techno characteristics.</li> </ul>	Barriers of action verbal ch, Learning ial learning	12 Hrs.
	MC	DELS OF TEACHING AND INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNO	LOGY	
UNIT-III	•	<ul> <li>Models of Teaching: Concept, different families models Designing Instructional System.</li> <li>Formulation of instructional. Objectives Task.</li> <li>Analysis Designing of Instructional Strategies, such Team Teaching, Discussion, Panel Discussion, Se Tutorials.</li> </ul>	of teaching n as Lecture,	14 Hrs.

	<ul> <li>Modalities of Teaching-difference between teaching and instruction, conditioning and training.</li> <li>Stages of teaching-pre- active. Interactive and post-active.</li> </ul>			
UNIT-IV	<ul> <li>PROGRAMMED LEARNING AND RESOURCE CENTRES</li> <li>Computer assisted instruction.</li> <li>Uses of Communication Technology in Teaching – Videotape, Radio-Vision, Tele conferencing, Video Conferencing, CCTV, INSAT, and problems of introducing new technologies in the Indian context.</li> <li>Resources centers for Educational Technology: CIET, UGC, Open sources (MOOC), Blended Learning, State ET Cell, AVRC, EMRC, NIST - their activity for the improvement of learning processes.</li> </ul>			
UNIT-V	<ul> <li>EVALUATION AND INSTRUCTIONAL TECHNOLOGY</li> <li>Evaluation Strategies in Distance Education;</li> <li>Counselling Methods in Distance Education.</li> <li>Development of Evaluation Tools- Norm-referenced and criterion-referenced tests.</li> </ul>	10 Hrs.		
<ol> <li>Visit</li> <li>Desig</li> <li>REFERENCES:</li> <li>Adam, Pren, Ir</li> <li>Behera, New De</li> <li>Coburn Publish</li> </ol>	, S.C. (1991): Educational Television Programmes, Deep and Deep Pu	blications, n –Wesley		
<ol> <li>Evaut, 1</li> <li>Haas, K</li> <li>Prentic</li> <li>Kumar,</li> <li>New De</li> <li>Mukhoj</li> <li>Associa</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Evaut, M. The International Encyclopaedia of Educational Technology.</li> <li>Haas, K.B. and Packer, H.Q. (1990): Preparation and Use of Audio Visual Aids, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, Inc.</li> <li>Kumar, K.L. (2008): Educational Technology, New Age International Pvt. Ltd. Publishers, New Delhi (Second Revised Edition).</li> <li>Mukhopadhyay, M. (1990): Educational Technology – Year Book 1988, All India. Association for Educational Technology, New Delhi.</li> </ol>			

YEAR	II		CREDIT	4
		MAEdu - 404 (i)	HOURS	60
SEMESTER	III	HUMAN RIGHTS EDUCATION	MARKS	100(60+40)
OBJECTIVES	:	On completion of this course the students will be ab	le to:	
	<ul> <li>Understand the importance of peace</li> <li>Describe the historical importance of peace education</li> <li>Recognize the education for peaceful life</li> <li>Promoting culture of peace</li> <li>Understand concept, meaning and significance of inclusive education.</li> <li>Distinguish the concepts of Special Education, Integrated Education and Inclusive Education.</li> <li>Analyze critically the needs, problems, causes and educational provisions meant for CWDN.</li> <li>Develop critical understanding of the recommendations of variou commissions and committees towards teacher preparation for inclusive education.</li> <li>Appreciate the need for promoting inclusive practice and the roles and</li> </ul>			ucation and provisions of various for inclusive
COURSE CON	NTEN	NT / SYLLABUS		
<ul> <li>VALUES OF PEACE EDUCATION IN SUSTAINING HUMAN RIGHTS</li> <li>Introduction, Meaning- Definition, Concept, Scope, Objectives of peace education and Human Rights.</li> <li>Human Miseries in the Modern world and quest for peace,</li> <li>Gandhian concept of peaceful life,</li> <li>Different approaches to civil Rights,</li> <li>Establishment of peace education institutions; Pacifism and Education.</li> </ul>		12 Hrs.		
UNIT-IIHISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS EDUCATION• Aims, Creation of United Nations, Creation of UNESCO, UNICEF, UNO-UNDP, UNEP, UNHIRC, Amnesty International, International Committee of Red Cross and NGOs.• Peace and human Rights Education in India and its lawful developments.		12 Hrs.		
UNIT-III	IN • •	<b>TEGRATING HUMAN RIGHTS EDUCATION IN THE CUP</b> Curriculum Development of Education for Human Right Stage specific approach - Early childhood; Elementar Secondary stage; Higher Education stage; Adult E stage; Major Media of Integration, Subject context - perspectives - Teaching methods.	rs; ry stage; ducation	10 Hrs.

	INTRODUCTION TO INCLUSIVE EDUCATION				
UNIT-IV	<ul> <li>Concept of Inclusive Education, Integrated Education and Special Education.</li> <li>Need, Objectives &amp; Scope of Inclusive Education.</li> <li>Factors responsible for successful inclusion in the mainstream - future vision.</li> <li>Definition of disability and inclusion in educational framework.</li> <li>Threats of psychological problems of disability.</li> <li>Historical perspectives of inclusive education for children with diverse needs.</li> </ul>	14 Hrs.			
	TYPES OF CHILDREN WITH DIVERSE NEEDS (CWDN)				
UNIT-V	<ul> <li>Concept, classification, characteristics, causes, problems, identification, classroom management strategies and prevention for children with diverse needs, Right of person with Disability Act (2016).</li> <li>Learning disability.</li> <li>Mental Retardation.</li> <li>Visual Impairment and Hearing Impairment.</li> <li>Locomotor Impairment, Educational Provisions &amp; Programmes.</li> </ul>	12 Hrs.			
	PRACTICUM				
<ul><li>Field V</li><li>Conflic</li><li>Prepar</li></ul>	Play for demonstrating the importance of peaceful life. Visit to have real experience of peaceful existence of the society. It resolution Management in the affected in the tribal areas. Tration of a status report on education of any category of CWDN. It on a visit to school practicing inclusion and identifying learning disable	d students.			
REFERENCES	:				
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<ol> <li>Bernard Jessie, (1957) 'The sociological study of conflict" International sociological Association, The nature of conflict UNESCO Paris.</li> </ol>					
<ul><li>6. Galtung, J. (1996), Peace by peaceful means: Peace and conflict, Development and Civilization, PRIO: International Peace research institute of Oslo and sage publication.</li></ul>					
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YEAR	II	MAEdu - 404 (ii)	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	IV	ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION OF	HOURS	60
		GUIDANCE SERVICES IN INDIA	MARKS	100 (60+40)
<b>OBJECTIVES:</b> On completion of this course the students will be able to:				
	<ul> <li>Explain the concept, aims, objectives, principles and development guidance.</li> <li>Describe the nature of guidance programme.</li> <li>Understand meaning, nature, principles, types, techniques, origin a development of counseling.</li> <li>Explain concept and process of career development.</li> <li>Understand relevance of helping relationship.</li> <li>Become acquainted with the concept and relevance of counseling in Ind situations.</li> <li>Understand the skills of counseling.</li> </ul>			origin and
COURSE CO	NTEN	NT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	•	GANISATION OF GUIDANCE SERVICESMeaning of career, Golden rules, componentsSources and methods of Career informationMeaning and Sources of Occupational information,Classifications.Personal and Social Information,Kinds of services, like informative, placement, apprafollow – up.	-	12 Hrs.
UNIT-II	TH)	EORIES OF CARRIER DEVELOPMENT Meaning and importance of career development Strategies of Planning and Decision making Theories of Career Development: Holland, Krumbe Super.	oltz and	10 Hrs.
UNIT-III	PL/	ACEMENT AND FOLLOW UP AND RECENT TRENDS Aims and types of placement. Responsibility of the school and Community about the services. Importance and purposes of follow up services. Research, Issues, Trends in guidance and counseling.	placement	12 Hrs.
UNIT-IV	HE • •	LPING RELATIONSHIPS Helping relationships: Meaning, nature and importance Counseling as helping relationship. Concept & relevance of parental counseling, a counseling, peer counseling & counseling of speci (Children with disabilities, disadvantaged, adopted gifted) in Indian situations.	dolescents al groups	14 Hrs.

	PROCESS OF COUNSELLING				
UNIT	<ul> <li>Process, stages of counseling, ethics of counseling</li> <li>Counseling techniques and practices: Structure the counseling relationships. Degree of lead by counselor. Non- verbal behavior.</li> </ul>	10 Hrs.			
	PRACTICUM (Any two)				
• (	Conduct a Guidance and Counseling Programme at Elementary/Secondary level Organizing a Job Fair/Career Fate for school children. Preparation and administration of any two tool that is Observation, Interview, Questionnaire etc. with respect to Guidance services at Elementary/Secondary I Preparation of Job resume for Self-enrichment. Visit to Guidance and counselling cell/bureau.				
REFER					
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9.	Petterson, G.H. (1962). Counselling and guidance in schools. London: Mcg Book Company.	raw Hill			
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12.	Saraswat, R. K. & Gaur, J. S. (1994). Manual for guidance counsellors. Ne NCERT.	Saraswat, R. K. & Gaur, J. S. (1994). Manual for guidance counsellors. New Delhi:			
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	<ol> <li>Tolbert, E.L. (1978). An introduction to guidance. Toronto: Little Brown and Company.</li> <li>Shertzer, B. &amp; Stone, S.G. (1980). Fundamentals of Counselling. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co.</li> </ol>				

YEAR	II	MAEdu - 404 (iii)	CREDIT	4
SEMESTER	III	EDUCATIONAL MEASUREMENT AND	HOURS	60
		EVALUATION-II	MARKS	100 (60+40)
<ul> <li>On completion of this course the students will be able to:</li> <li>Understand the basic concepts and techniques of measurement evaluation in education.</li> <li>Understand the new trends in evaluation.</li> <li>Understand and develop Skills in the construction and standardiz of tests.</li> <li>Understand and develop Skills in the construction of Diagnostic and organize remedial teaching.</li> <li>Prepare an objective based Question bank.</li> <li>Understand and use the various Models in Evaluation.</li> <li>Develop skills in feedback and reporting.</li> </ul>			ardization	
COURSE CO	NTE	NT / SYLLABUS		
UNIT-I	•	referenced).	c.), nature mode of nature of criterion- valuation:	12 Hrs.
UNIT-II	• • •	OLS AND TECHNIQUES OF EVALUATION Administration of Test and Interpreting test result Meaning of Norms, Types of Norms, Age, Grade, Percer Standard Score Checklist, Questionnaire, Rating Scale, Interview, Observ Uses of Computer in Evaluation: Marking and reportir grades, Written description of performance, Number percentage grades, reports, student Profiles and PTA me	ation ng Letter grades,	12 Hrs.
UNIT-III	•	STS OF SCHOLASTIC ACHIEVEMENTTest: Meaning and importance; Test Items: types, chara & construction; Types of Tests: Teacher made, Stand Norm referenced and criterion referenced.Achievement Test - Concept, Construction and Standardized Test - Construction, Merits & demerits.Characteristics of a good test: Validity, Reliability, Prac Usability.Test Standardization: Steps involved in standardizing Item Analysis- Method, Uses & limitations.	cteristics dardized, d uses; ticability,	10 Hrs.

	EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS	
UNIT-IV	<ul> <li>Use of Statistics in Educational Evaluation; Descriptive Statistics and inferential statistics</li> <li>Organization and tabulation of data; Graphical Representation: Histogram, Frequency polygon, Pie diagram</li> <li>Measures of Central tendency, Measures of variance, Correlation</li> <li>NPC- Properties and uses, Skewness and Kurtosis; Measures of relative positions: Quartile, Deciles, Percentile and percentile rank, standard scores and T-scores.</li> </ul>	14 Hrs.
	INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS• Organizing data from classroom assessment.	
UNIT-V	<ul> <li>Calculating and interpreting measures of central tendency – Mean, Median, Mode. (Use of a Simple Calculator is allowed)</li> <li>Normal Probability Curve – concept, meaning and characteristics</li> <li>Interpretation of Percentages, Percentile Rank and Percentiles.</li> </ul>	10 Hrs.
	ect classroom assessment data, analyze it and interpret the results using cor struct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic.	nputer.
<ul> <li>Colle</li> <li>Cons</li> </ul> Each stu <ul> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Diag:</li> </ul>	ect classroom assessment data, analyze it and interpret the results using construct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic. <b>Ident must submit a report on any one of the following:</b> Extruction, try out and item analysis of a teacher made test. Extruction, try out of a Diagnostic Test or Achievement Test. nosis of Students deficiencies in any one of the following: Problems Solving, elling & Sentence Structures – Reading.	-
<ul> <li>Colle</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Each stu</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Diag</li> <li>Spe</li> <li>Each</li> </ul>	struct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic. <b>Ident must submit a report on any one of the following:</b> struction, try out and item analysis of a teacher made test. struction, try out of a Diagnostic Test or Achievement Test. nosis of Students deficiencies in any one of the following: Problems Solving,	-
<ul> <li>Colle</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Diag</li> <li>Specific terms</li> <li>Each</li> <li>Assee</li> <li>REFERENCIA</li> <li>1. Agga</li> </ul>	struct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic. <b>Ident must submit a report on any one of the following:</b> struction, try out and item analysis of a teacher made test. struction, try out of a Diagnostic Test or Achievement Test. nosis of Students deficiencies in any one of the following: Problems Solving, elling & Sentence Structures – Reading. <b>SEMINAR</b> Student-teacher has to present a Seminar on a topic relevant to Education. ssment will be done for the written work and for the presentation.	Arithmet
<ul> <li>Colle</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Diag</li> <li>Special</li> <li>Each</li> <li>Asse</li> <li>REFERENCI</li> <li>Agga</li> <li>Hou</li> <li>2. Agga</li> </ul>	struct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic. <b>Ident must submit a report on any one of the following:</b> struction, try out and item analysis of a teacher made test. struction, try out of a Diagnostic Test or Achievement Test. nosis of Students deficiencies in any one of the following: Problems Solving, elling & Sentence Structures – Reading. <b>SEMINAR</b> Student-teacher has to present a Seminar on a topic relevant to Education. ssment will be done for the written work and for the presentation. <b>CES:</b> arwal, J.C. (1995). Essentials of Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas	Arithmet
<ul> <li>Colle</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Diag</li> <li>- Spe</li> <li>Each</li> <li>Asse</li> <li>REFERENC</li> <li>1. Agga Hou</li> <li>2. Agga Mea</li> <li>3. Best</li> </ul>	struct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic. <b>Ident must submit a report on any one of the following:</b> struction, try out and item analysis of a teacher made test. struction, try out of a Diagnostic Test or Achievement Test. nosis of Students deficiencies in any one of the following: Problems Solving, elling & Sentence Structures – Reading. <b>SEMINAR</b> Student-teacher has to present a Seminar on a topic relevant to Education. ssment will be done for the written work and for the presentation. <b>CES:</b> arwal, J.C. (1995). Essentials of Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas se Pvt. Ltd. arwal, J.C. (2003). Essentials of Examination System Evaluation, T	Arithmet Publishin Tests an
<ul> <li>Colle</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Diag: <ul> <li>Special</li> </ul> </li> <li>Each</li> <li>Asse</li> </ul> <li>REFERENCE <ul> <li>Agga</li> <li>Hou</li> <li>Agga</li> <li>Hou</li> </ul> </li> <li>Agga</li> <li>Mea</li> <li>Best of In</li> <li>Bhat</li>	struct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic. dent must submit a report on any one of the following: struction, try out and item analysis of a teacher made test. struction, try out of a Diagnostic Test or Achievement Test. nosis of Students deficiencies in any one of the following: Problems Solving, elling & Sentence Structures – Reading. SEMINAR Student-teacher has to present a Seminar on a topic relevant to Education. ssment will be done for the written work and for the presentation. CES: arwal, J.C. (1995). Essentials of Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas se Pvt. Ltd. arwal, J.C. (2003). Essentials of Examination System Evaluation, ' surement. New Delhi: Vikas Publication House. ; John. W and James V. Khan (2006). Research in Education. New Delhi: Pr dia Pvt. Ltd. tia, H.R. (1977). Textbook of Educational Psychology. New Delhi: The	Arithmet Publishin Tests an rentice Ha
<ul> <li>Colle</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Diag: <ul> <li>Special</li> </ul> </li> <li>Each</li> <li>Asse</li> </ul> <li>REFERENCE <ul> <li>Agga</li> <li>Hou</li> <li>Agga</li> <li>Hou</li> </ul> </li> <li>Agga</li> <li>Mea</li> <li>Best <ul> <li>of In</li> <li>Bhat</li> <li>Com</li> </ul> </li> <li>Chau</li>	struct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic. <b>dent must submit a report on any one of the following:</b> struction, try out and item analysis of a teacher made test. struction, try out of a Diagnostic Test or Achievement Test. nosis of Students deficiencies in any one of the following: Problems Solving, elling & Sentence Structures – Reading. <b>SEMINAR</b> Student-teacher has to present a Seminar on a topic relevant to Education. ssment will be done for the written work and for the presentation. <b>CES:</b> arwal, J.C. (1995). Essentials of Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas se Pvt. Ltd. arwal, J.C. (2003). Essentials of Examination System Evaluation, ' surement. New Delhi: Vikas Publication House. ; John. W and James V. Khan (2006). Research in Education. New Delhi: Pr dia Pvt. Ltd. tia, H.R. (1977). Textbook of Educational Psychology. New Delhi: The upany of India Ltd. uhan, S.S. (1988). Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas F	Arithmet Publishin Tests an entice Ha
<ul> <li>Colle</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Cons</li> <li>Diag</li> <li>Special</li> <li>Each</li> <li>Asse</li> <li>REFERENG</li> <li>Agga Mea</li> <li>Best of In</li> <li>Bhat Com</li> <li>Chau Hou</li> </ul>	struct a Checklist or a Rating Scale, on any one educational topic. <b>dent must submit a report on any one of the following:</b> struction, try out and item analysis of a teacher made test. struction, try out of a Diagnostic Test or Achievement Test. nosis of Students deficiencies in any one of the following: Problems Solving, elling & Sentence Structures – Reading. <b>SEMINAR</b> Student-teacher has to present a Seminar on a topic relevant to Education. ssment will be done for the written work and for the presentation. <b>CES:</b> arwal, J.C. (1995). Essentials of Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas se Pvt. Ltd. arwal, J.C. (2003). Essentials of Examination System Evaluation, T surement. New Delhi: Vikas Publication House. ; John. W and James V. Khan (2006). Research in Education. New Delhi: Pr rdia Pvt. Ltd. tia, H.R. (1977). Textbook of Educational Psychology. New Delhi: The upany of India Ltd. uhan, S.S. (1988). Advanced Educational Psychology. New Delhi: Vikas Fell ret, H.E. (1971). Statistics in Psychology and Education. Bombay: Vakils Fell	Arithmet Publishin Fests an entice Ha McMilla Publicatio

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- 11. Sidhu, K.S. (2007). New Approaches to Measurement and Evaluation. New Delhi: Sterling Publishing Pvt. Ltd.
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YEAR	II		CREDIT	4
		MAEdu - 405	HOURS	60
SEMESTER	IV	DISSERTATION	MARKS	100 (50 Internal + 50 External)
OBJECTIVE	ES:	<ul> <li>The student has prepared a dissertation based on t submitted during the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester.</li> <li>The research supervisor has to supervise the cand dissertation research work.</li> <li>The student has to submit the certified disserted disserted.</li> </ul>	idate to co	mplete the

YEAR	II	COMPREHENSIVE VIVA-VOCE	CREDIT	2
SEMESTER	IV		MARKS	50 (External)
OBJECTIVE	S:	<ul> <li>The student has to give the presentation on his/ before the open viva-voce committee.</li> <li>The viva-voce committee will examine the dissertate clarification from the student if any.</li> <li>The external examiner can give the score in constructed on the student.</li> </ul>	tion work a	nd raise the