TAE40110 Certificate IV in Training and Assessment

TAE10: Training and Education Training Package





Assessment 4: Questions (Learning Guide Section 5)

The answers may be completed by the candidate during workshop sessions, or as a self-paced assignment.

The candidate may refer to their learning materials and conduct any necessary research when completing the answers.

These questions relate to Section 5 of the Learning Guide.

Question and Benchmark Answer	Mapping
There are 4 dimensions of competency that everybody needs (generic) in order to successfully achieve any task. What are they?	TAEDES402A-RK3
Answer	
Task skills Task management skills Contingency management skills Job/role environment skills	
2. Give an example of how job/role environment skills relate to the generic requirements for driving a car.	TAEDES402A-RK3
Answer	
Knowing the road rules and what is expected of you	
3. When you are packaging a qualification and selecting units to meet	TAEDES402A-RK7
client needs, you need to refer to the Packaging Rules for a qualification in the relevant Training Package? What would you search for on the	TAEASS402B-RK1
training.gov.au website to find the Packaging Rules?	TAEDES401A-PC2.2
Answer	
The code of the qualification	
4. How does the Range Statement of TAEDES402A define	TAEDES402A-RK9
"contextualisation"?	TAEASS401B-RK5
Answer	
linking the requirements of the competency standard to the work environment of a particular client or client group	
5. In contextualising units of competency, RTOs must NOT (complete	TAEDES402A-RK9
the sentence).	TAEASS401B-RK5
Answer	TAEDES402A-PC5.1
Remove or add to the number and content of elements and performance criteria	
6. If the Range Statement of a unit of competency states "may include" do	TAEDES402A-RK9
you need to include every item in your assessment? (Yes or no)	TAEASS401B-RK5
Answer	TAEDES402A-PC5.1
No	

Question and Benchmark Answer	Mapping
7. If the Range Statement of a unit of competency states "must include" do you need to include every item in your assessment? (Yes or no) Answer Yes	TAEDES402A-RK9 TAEASS401B-RK5 TAEDES402A-PC5.1
8. Can you contextualise your learning delivery and assessment process to substitute industry specific jargon that means the same thing? (Yes or no) Answer Yes	TAEDES402A-RK9 TAEASS401B-RK5 TAEDES402A-PC5.1
9. The assessment of competency MUST be based on the competency standard (unit or module). This means that you need evidence that the candidate is competent in 4 things. What are they?	TAEASS401B-RK4 TAEASS402B-RK1 TAEASS403B-RK1
Answer 1. All Performance Criteria 2. All Required Knowledge 3. All Required Skills 4. All Employability Skills	
10. The unit of competency has an Evidence Guide. What is the heading that lists the evidence of competency that you must gather, record and retain? Answer Critical aspects of evidence	TAEASS401B-RK4 TAEASS403B-RK1
11. There are 2 approaches to Training Needs Analysis. What are they?Answer1. Enterprise based; and2. Individual based	TAEDEL402A-RK4
12. Once you have completed both Training Needs Analyses, what type of analysis can you then perform so that you can develop a Learning Program? Answer Gap Analysis	TAEDEL402A-RK4
 13. List 3 types of individuals who may be required to conduct Training Needs Analysis. Answer should give 3 of the following: A team leader or manager Human Resources personnel Change Management personnel External consultants RTO staff and trainers acting as external consultants RTO staff and trainers developing learning programs for individual 	TAEDEL402A-RK4
trainees RTO staff and trainers developing learning programs for target groups	

Question and Benchmark Answer	Mapping
14. When selecting a qualification to develop a career path for an individual or group, how would it help you to research the Qualification Packaging Rules?	BSBLED401A-RK4
(HINT: What 2 headings in the Qualification Packaging Rules might assist in matching the qualification to the job and future career pathways?)	
Answer should indicate:	
Job roles associated with the qualification	
2. Pathways from the qualification	_
Assessor note: These headings do not appear in all Training Package qualifications (particularly the older Training Packages). The candidate's answer should reflect qualifications in their own area of expertise and therefore may vary.	
15. If you were selecting a qualification for an experienced frontline manager to further their career into senior management, what AQF level/s would you select?	BSBLED401A-RK4 TAEDES402A-PC5.1
Answer	
Diploma or above	
16. List 4 types of high risk work that have licensing requirements. Answer	TAEASS402B-RK4
1. driving a truck	
2. operating a fork lift	
operating earthmoving equipment	
4. operating cranes	
Assessor note: The above is the list identified in the Learning Guide. The candidate may select other occupations relevant to their own expertise, provided that these occupations/qualifications have licensing requirements.	
17. Units of competency state whether there are (or may be) licensing requirements. You should also consult with the relevant [finish the sentence].	TAEASS402B-RK4 TAEDES401A-PC2.1
Answer State or Territory Licensing Authority	

Question and Benchmark Answer	Mapping
18. List the title and major headings in the competency standard TAEDES402A	TAEDES402A_RK5
Answer	
 TAEDES402A: Use training packages and accredited courses to meet client needs 	
Description	
Employability Skills	
Application Of Unit	
Unit Sector	
Performance criteria	
Skills and Knowledge	
Range statement	
Evidence guide	
19. List the sub-headings in the Evidence Guide of TAEDES402A	TAEDES402A_RK5
Answer	TAEDES402A-PC5.1
Overview of assessment	
 Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate competency in this unit 	
Context of and specific resources for assessment	
Method of assessment	
Guidance information for assessment	
20. The Evidence Guide of a unit contains guidance for assessment. What is the other area of a Training Package that you should ALWAYS read for guidance on assessment?	TAEDES402A-PC5.1
(Hint: It is an endorsed component of the Training Package).	
Answer	
Assessment Guidelines	



Assessment 8 - Project: Analyse a unit (own area)

MAPPING - TAEDES402A: Use training packages and accredited courses to meet client needs					
CAE 1-2 PC 3.1-3.4, 4.1-4.2 RS 1-4 RK 5 6 7 8 9 11					

The candidate is required to analyse a unit of competency in their **own area of** expertise.

The unit should be either at AQF level Certificate III or AQF level Certificate IV.

It is recommended that the candidate select a unit from the qualification they unpacked in Assessment 6.

They are required to demonstrate the ability to locate the Training Package on training.gov.au and select the relevant unit.

The candidate should print the unit of competency and submit the printout together with their assessment. The trainer/assessor may assist with searching, selecting and printing, if required.

The candidate should then use the information in the printout to complete the following form.

Assessor note

The Assessment Guidance in the TAE10 Training Package requires assessment to be directly relevant to the candidate's own work environment and subject matter expertise. This means that specific benchmark answers cannot be provided for this assessment.

You (the assessor) should confirm that the candidate has correctly identified and analysed the following:

- Written the code and name of the unit correctly.
- Copied the unit description (or summarised correctly if it is very long).
- Identified whether there are relevant licensing requirements that relate to the unit.
- Identified any prerequisites for the unit, or alternatively stated "no prerequisites identified".
- Correctly identified the relevant Qualification code and name where Employability Skills are stated.
- Identified job roles associated with the unit. These may not be specifically stated in the unit, and in this case the candidate should use their own experience to identify relevant job roles.
- Copied all of the elements accurately.
- Listed headings in the Range Statement that may allow for contextualisation and differentiated headings in the Range Statement where "must include" does not allow for contextualisation.

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- Copied or summarised the Critical Aspects of Evidence
- Summarised appropriate assessment methods and contexts referring to the information in the Evidence Guide.

The following form is provided in the candidate's Assessment Workbook for completing this assessment task.

Code and Title of Unit		
Description		A
Licensing requirements		
Employability Skills	STATEMENT IN THE UNIT:	CODE OF RELEVANT QUALIFICATION
Relevant Job roles		
Element 1		
Element 2		
Element 3		
Element 4		
Element 5		
Element 6		
Element 7		
Element 8		
Element 9		
Headings in Range statement allowing for contextualisation		
Headings in Range Statement *must include" (if any)		
Critical aspects of evidence		
(copy or summarise)		
Assessment methods (context and resources assessment guidance in Evidence Guide)		



Assessment 11 - Project: Training Needs Analysis (own area)

MAPPING - TAEDES401A: Design and develop learning programs				
	PC 1.1-1.4		RK 3 5 12	
MAPPING -TAEDES402A: Use training packages and accredited courses to meet client				
needs				
	PC 1.1, 2.3, 4.1, 5.2	RS 1 2	RK 3 7	
MAPPING -BSBLED401A: Develop teams and individuals				
CAE 1	PC 1.1, 1.3-1.4	RS 4		
	PC 2.1			

The candidate is required to complete Training Needs Analysis (TNA) based upon the qualification that they unpacked in Assessment 6 in their own area of expertise.

The candidate is to identify an organisation that employs workers who use the skills and knowledge relevant to the unpacked qualification. Ideally this should be the candidate's own work environment. Where this is not possible, the trainer/assessor should advise the candidate on the selection of a real or simulated organisation.

The objective of the TNA is to identify a qualification or partial qualification (preferably more than one unit) which will be relevant for the target group.

This TNA will also require the candidate to identify one individual with special needs. The special need should preferably relate to a physical disability or LLN issue that limits the individual's functionality or ability to learn, but would not prevent them from doing the job. The example used in this Assessor Guide is a fork-lift driver who has a prosthetic left arm. This will not prevent the individual from doing the job, but they would need assistance with manual lifting where relevant.

The TNA will have 3 sections:

1. **Enterprise based**

The candidate may provide a typed report or use the form provided in their Assessment Workbook for this purpose.

They should research and identify the skills and knowledge that the organisation requires for their workers in the specified field (department/section). This needs to take into account specific work skills for the job and also "generic" skills.

2. Individual based - target group

The candidate may provide a typed report or use the form provided in their Assessment Workbook for this purpose.

They should identify the workers and their job role as it relates to the qualification.

They should analyse the current skills and knowledge of the workers. This should include generic skills (such as LLN) as well as existing skills and knowledge for the tasks they need to perform.

The TNA should also identify the consultation processes undertaken and the feedback received - particularly from the individual workers.

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The final section of the TNA should be a gap analysis and recommendation to undertake training and assessment leading to the qualification identified in Assessment 6.

3. Individual based - special needs

The candidate may provide a typed report or use the form provided in their Assessment Workbook for this purpose.

They should identify one worker with special needs who was included in the second TNA.

The special need may be a disability or other relevant special need such as LLN difficulties. The individual is to undertake the qualification identified in Assessment 6.

The candidate should explain how the special need affects the individual and why the disability does not prevent the worker from achieving the learning and assessment outcome and performing the required work tasks.

The TNA should also identify the consultation processes undertaken and the feedback received - from the individual worker in relation to their special need.

The final section should recommend reasonable adjustments to the training and assessment process in order to support the learner in achieving the qualification.

Suggested special needs list

ouggested special fleeds list	
Physical disability such as:	Mental disability such as:
missing limb	depression
 vision impairment 	schizophrenia
hearing impairment	 mental impairment eg Downs
 back injury 	Syndrome
 medical condition causing fatigue 	 Attention deficit disorder,
	 Asperger's syndrome or autism
Learning disability such as:	Cultural special needs
 Dyslexia: reading difficulty 	 religion (eg Islam prayer breaks)
 Dysgraphia: writing difficulty 	 race (eg Aboriginal suffering
 Dyspraxia: motor difficulties 	prejudice in Australian society)
 Dyscalculia: a difficulty performing 	 immigrants (eg dealing with trauma,
mathematical calculations	victim of torture, culture shock)

Assessor note

The Assessment Guidance in the TAE10 Training Package requires assessment to be directly relevant to the candidate's own work environment and subject matter expertise. This means that specific benchmark answers cannot be provided for this assessment.

The candidate's Assessment Workbook contains the following form. Assessor guidance on benchmark criteria has been included in this Assessor Guide in italics.

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1. Training Needs Analysis - Enterprise Based

Name of the organisation

Brief outline of the organisation's purpose / function

example may be a retail organisation such as Woolworths - purpose to sell food and household products to the general public

Role of the department/team/workgroup investigated

example may be warehousing team involving goods receipt, goods storage, goods despatch.

Outline of the tasks performed by the team/workgroup

examples may be:

- communication with suppliers, transporters and stores by telephone
- checking incoming goods and completing delivery records
- stocktakes and comparison with inventory records
- reporting stock discrepancies
- safe operation of a forklift
- safe manual handling
- compliance with organisational policies and procedures

Summary of the generic skills required

examples may be:

- reading and writing
- verbal communication
- telephone communication
- teamwork
- problem solving
- technology skills

Summary of the work specific knowledge required for the tasks

examples may be:

- OHS requirements
- organisational policies and procedures
- legislative requirements
- use-by dates
- MSDS

NOTE: The candidate should refer to the selected qualification and summarise the knowledge requirements. This can be a list of the relevant units.

Summary of the work specific skills required for the tasks

examples may be:

- technology skills (computers / databases / email etc)
- · mathematical skills for inventory management
- operation of forklift
- safe manual handling

Organisational stakeholders - management and HR personnel consulted and their feedback

examples may be:

- Warehouse manager
- HR manager

feedback may be:

- Errors in inventory management
- Ineffective teamwork
- High staff turnover



Names of the individual interviewed and their job titles

example may be:

- individual A warehouse inventory officer
- individual B warehouse forklift driver
- individual C warehouse recept and despatch officer

All individuals may also be identified as having the same job title.

Generic skills assessment - related to TNA 1 list				
Generic Skills List	Manager grade (1-5)	Average of self- assessments grade (1-5)		
reading and writing	3	4		
verbal communication	3	4		
telephone communication	3	3		
teamwork	2	4		
problem solving	1	3		
technology	2	2		

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Work specific knowledge assessment - related to TNA 1 list				
	Managan	Average of		
	Manager	self-		
Work specific knowledge list	grade (1-5)	assessments		
		grade (1-5)		
OHS requirements	3	4		
organisational policies and procedures	3	3		
legislative requirements	2	4		
use-by dates	1	3		
MSDS	2	2		
Work specific skills assessment - related to TNA 1 list				
		Average of		
	Manager	self-		
Work specific skills list	grade (1-5)	assessments		
		grade (1-5)		
technology skills (computers / databases / email etc)	3	4		
mathematical skills for inventory management	3	3		
operation of forklift	2	4		
safe manual handling	1	3		

Feedback from interviews of individuals in the work group - their self-assessment and personal wishes for self-development

This should be a paragraph explaining how the workers individually felt about their career path and/or job role and their personal motivations for self-development and undertaking training.

Gap analysis and recommendations for learning program

This should be a paragraph identifying the key gaps and recommending a learning program, including preferences for delivery and assessment methods - work based learning and theory learning - time frame etc.

There should be a final paragraph recommending the individuals undertake a learning and assessment pathway to achieve the qualification identified in Assessment 6 - listing the relevant units.

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3. Training Needs Analysis - individual with special needs

Names of the individual with special needs (one of the individuals identified in TNA 2)

example may be:

• individual B - warehouse forklift driver

Identification of the individual's special need

example may be: prosthetic left arm

Explanation of the individual's ability to do the job and undertake training / assessment

example may be that it does not affect their ability to drive a forklift or to undertake inventory, receipt and despatch tasks but limits their ability for manual handling.

Generic skills assessment

Work specific knowledge assessment

Work specific skills assessment

Refer to TNA 2 - This individual was included in the TNA for the team.

Feedback from the individual to identify reasonable adjustments

example may be the individual cannot lift heavy objects manually and is limited in their ability to write quickly because they are left-handed - they have learned to write with their right hand but they are slow. OK to fill in forms but not write "essays".

Recommendations for reasonable adjustments

example may be to omit manual handling observation tasks and to use oral questioning for confirmation of knowledge rather than writing assignments.



Page 15



Assessment 16 - Project: Assessment Plan (own area)

MAPPING - TAEASS401B: Plan assessment activities and processes				
CAE 1-2	PC 1.1-1.2	RS 1 3 4	RK 2 3 4 5 9 10	
	PC 2.1-2.3			

The candidate is required to design an Assessment Plan based upon:

- The qualification in their own area of expertise that they unpacked in Assessment
- The learning program that they developed for the group of learners in Task 2 of Assessment 11. This assessment plan does not need to consider reasonable adjustments. In practice, this would require a second (different) assessment plan.

The format used may be a typed report, or the candidate may use the Assessment Matrix form provided in their workbook.

The Assessment Plan (matrix) for this course (TAE40110 Certificate IV in Training and Assessment) is provided at the end of the candidate's Assessment Workbook for reference.

The Assessment Plan should identify a range of (suggest 3) methods of assessment for each unit of competency. (Third Party verification, although supplementary, may be the 3rd method of assessment identified). The purpose of the Assessment Plan is to identify the Assessment Instruments that will need to be developed or sourced.

The candidate may also identify areas where assessments can be clustered (ie one observation checklist may cover the required skills for more than one unit)

The Assessment Guidance in the TAE10 Training Package requires assessment to be directly relevant to the candidate's own work environment and subject matter expertise. This means that specific benchmark answers cannot be provided for this assessment.

Assessment criteria

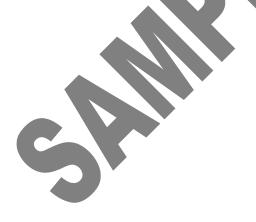
- The unit code and name should be cited in each row.
- The units should be in a logical chronological order for assessment. Often this will place the core units (such as OHS) as the first units but not always.
- It is sufficient to place an X in the relevant columns. The key aspects are to demonstrate selecting appropriate assessment methods for the unit, and ensuring that a range of assessment methods is always used.
- There is no specific requirement for 3 assessment methods however this tends to be the practice. The candidate may identify more than 3 assessment methods if this is relevant for the unit of competency.
- The candidate may identify self-assessment in all cases, on the basis that an individual should not be assessed as competent unless the individual personally believes they are competent.

Assessor note: The form in the candidate's Assessment Workbook has 12 rows. If the qualification selected by the candidate has more than 12 units, they may complete the Assessment Matrix for a partial qualification of only 12 units.

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Assessment Matrix (Assessment Plan)

Qualification Code and Title	same as Learning Program Assess	sment 13					
Target group of candidates	same as Learning Program Assessment 13						
Assessment context/s (environment)	as identified in Learning Program	Assessment	: 13				
OHS considerations and strategy	as identified in Learning Program	Assessment	13				
Assessment method / instrument	s required						
Unit Code and Name (in chronolo	ogical order of assessment)	Written Questions	Oral Questions	Projects / Practical	Observation / Practical	Third party	Self- assessment
Unit code and name (of the first unit)						X	
Second unit X X X						Х	
Third unit etc							





Assessment 21: Questions (Section 10)

The answers may be completed by the candidate during workshop sessions, or as a selfpaced assignment.

The candidate may refer to their learning materials and conduct any necessary research when completing the answers.

These questions relate to Section 10 of the Learning Guide.

Question and Benchmark Answer	Mapping
List 5 kinds of specialist support that you may need to arrange under the requirement for reasonable adjustments.	TAEASS402B-RK1
Answer - 5 of:	
Assistance by third party, such as carer or interpreter	
Support from specialist educator	
Provision of developed online assessment activities	
Support for remote or isolated candidates and assessors	
Support from subject matter or safety experts	
Advice from regulatory authorities	
7. Assessment teams and panels	
Support from lead assessors	
Advice from policy development experts.	
2. If a candidate has a disability, language problem or other special needs, you are required to make reasonable adjustments to the assessment process. What is the one situation when you would not permit the candidate to undertake either training and/or assessment? Answer should indicate If the special need was such that they would not be able to do the job.	TAEASS402B-RK1
3. Reasonable adjustments are a requirement under the AQTF because it is client-focused. List the 4 principles that underpin this requirement in relation to assessment?	TAEASS402B-RK1
Answer (Principles of assessment) 1. Fair 2. Flexible 3. Reliable	
4. Valid	
4. Is it a requirement under the principle of fairness to always agree upon the assessment process with the candidate and to give feedback?	TAEASS402B-RK1
Answer	
Yes	

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Question and Benchmark Answer	Mapping
5. If a candidate was seeking RPL, what document would you always ask them for, regardless of the qualification?	TAEASS402B-RK2
Answer	
Curriculum Vitae	
6. What is the most common organisational procedure for authenticating an RPL candidate's work experience?	TAEASS402B-RK2
Answer	
2 references (third party verification)	
7. If you are conducting assessment in a high risk environment such as drilling, rigging, construction or mining, what must you do prior to the assessment?	TAEASS402B-RK5 TAEASS403B-RK1
Answer	
Complete a risk assessment and implement risk control measures	
8. If at any time during the assessment process you believe that any person is at risk, what must you do?	TAEASS402B-RK5 TAEASS403B-RK1
Answer	
Immediately abort the assessment and report or resolve the hazard.	
9. If you fail to correctly record an assessment and this fact is identified during an audit, what can happen to the RTO?	TAEASS402B-RK4
Answer	
The RTO may be marked as "non-compliant" and their scope of registration will be at risk	
10. An RTO should inform candidates of their rights and responsibilities prior to assessment. This should include the RTOs commitment to confidentiality and the relevant parties who will have access to personal information and results of assessment decisions.	TAEASS402B-RK4
What should you make sure that the candidate does before commencing the assessment?	
Answer	
Agree to the terms at the outset.	
11. If a candidate advises you that they have a medical condition and they need to request an extension of time, what information should you pass on?	TAEASS402B-RK4
Answer	
Only the information required to gain the extension - not the personal details	

Assessment 22 - Project: Assess Competence - RIICOM201A: Communicate in the workplace

The candidate is required to assess a candidate for competence in the unit RIICOM201A: Communicate in the workplace.

The completed Assessment Task Workbook is on the following pages.

- The candidate (Joe Smith) has completed the answers to the written questions.
- The practical activities are not yet completed.

You (the assessor) should give the candidate the Assessor Guide handout RIICOM201A_Assessor Guide_HANDOUT and the candidate should read this through prior to completing the assessment project.

NOTE: The assessment task workbook has been provided in full, even though the candidate is only required to complete the assessment of the written questions.

You (the assessor) should use questioning to confirm that the candidate has knowledge of the difference between an assessment instrument and an assessment tool.

Benchmark answers are provided in italics in this assessor guide.



The Assessment Tasks

This document contains all of the summative assessment tasks required for the unit RIICOM201A: Communicate in the workplace.

Methods of Assessment

The Assessment task workbook uses a range of assessment methods which should be conducted over a period of time. There are two main projects, as follows:

Project 1:	A written test in a classroom environment
Project 2:	A practical demonstration, observed by your assessor.

Both projects must be completed satisfactorily within the assessor's expert professional judgement. The forms in the candidate's Assessment task workbook should be completed and signed at each stage of the assessment process by the assessor and the candidate (student). If at any stage of the assessments, the assessor believes that the safety of anyone is in jeopardy, they will abort the assessment session.

Assessment Project 1: Written Test

This test may be completed in a classroom environment.

The test must be completed by you individually, working alone.

Questions	Satisfa	
Write the answers in the spaces below	Not	
	Satisfa S	NYS
	√	₩15
1. Give 2 reasons why you need to communicate constantly with other members	✓	
of the team, while you are doing the job.		
So they know what you are doing		
So you know what they are doing		
Assessor Comments:		
Answer accepted - candidate did not mention safety but the answer is appropriate		
2. List the 5 key responsibilities of workers under the Workplace Health & Safety	✓	
Act (Qld).		
1. Comply with instructions given for workplace		
health and safety		
2. Use personal protective equipment if the		
employer provides it and if you are properly		
instructed in its use		
3. Not wilfully or recklessly interfere with or		
mísuse anything provided for workplace health		
. •		
and safety at the workplace		
4. Not wilfully place others at risk		
5. Not wilfully injure yourself.		

ASSESSMENT TASK WORKBOOK: RIICOM201A: COMMUNICATE IN THE WORKPLACE

Questions Write the answers in the spaces below	Not	Yet actory
	S ✓	NYS
Assessor Comments:		
correct in all details		
3. If a Code of Practice applies in your workplace, you (or your employer) has 2 choices - they MUST do one or the other. What are the 2 choices?	✓	
Do what the code says		
Do it a better way than the code says		
Assessor Comments:		
answer has summarised benchmark answer in the candidate's own words		
4. What is the name of the Act that makes disability discrimination unlawful and aims to promote equal opportunity and access for people with disabilities?	√	
Disability Discrimination Act		
Assessor Comments:		
correct - date omitted but this is acceptable		
List 4 safety procedures that you would comply with, when using	✓	
communication equipment. site safety plan		
traffic management plan		
environmental management plan		
follow instructions		
check equipment before use		
Assessor Comments:		
answer does not directly comply with benchmark but is more specific and demonstr	ates know	ledge
6. List 5 signalling methods to convey information that may apply at a construction work site.	✓	
hand signals		
whistles		
lights		
sígns		
sírens		

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Questions Write the answers in the spaces below		ctory / Yet actory
	S ✓	NYS
Assessor Comments:		
correct in context of candidate's work environment		
7. List 2 types of earthmoving plant where you may need to act as a "spotter" and give hand signals to guide the operator.	√	
bobcat		
digger		
Assessor Comments:		
these are not listed in benchmarks but answer is correct	>	
8. What are the 2 hand signals that every construction site worker must know?	✓	
stop		
emergency stop		
Assessor Comments: correct		
9. How do you know when a 2-way radio battery is dead?	√	
ít beeps		
Assessor Comments: correct		
10. What is the usual procedure for communicating a serious accident?	✓	
díal 000		
report to supervisor		
tell other people around		
make the area safe		
help the person		
Assessor Comments:		
much more detailed answer than required by benchmark - good work		

Questions Write the answers in the spaces below		Satisfactory / Not Yet Satisfactory	
	S ✓	NYS ✓	
11. What are the 5 steps in active listening? 1. Pay attention.	✓		
2. Show that you are listening.			
3. Províde feedback.			
4. Defer judgement.			
5. Respond appropriately.			
Assessor Comments:			
correct			
12. If you located underground services that were damaged, what type of equipment would you use to record and report the damage?	√		
camera			
phone			
Assessor Comments:			
correct with additional information - good			
13. List 6 ways that you can communicate cooperatively in meetings. Be on time	✓		
Listen			
Don't talk to people			
Question			
Give opinian			
Stick to facts			
Assessor Comments:			
wording varies from benchmark but means the same			
14. List 2 reasons why you need to complete documentation to track (log) supplies.	√		
budgeting			
having materials when you need them			

Questions Write the answers in the spaces below	Satisfactory / Not Yet Satisfactory	
	S ✓	NYS ✓
Assessor Comments:		
wording differs from benchmark but means the same		
15. When are personal danger tags attached to a piece of machinery or equipment?	✓	
When it's being maintained		
Assessor Comments:		
wording differs from benchmark but means the same		

Total Number of Questions	15
Result (total satisfactory answers)	15



Assessment Checklist - Project 1: Written Test				
Student name	Joseph Smíth		Student Number	1234
Assessor	NAME TO BE WRITTEN HERE			
name	Delegation (tiple the value and	5I		
	ssessment Declaration (tick the relevant l			
explained to n				No 🗆
I have receive	d information about the qualification		Yes 🗹	No 🗆
	he type of evidence to be collected		Yes 🗹	No 🗆
	system has been explained to me		Yes 🔽	No 🗆
	ed my assessor of any special needs that ma red during the assessment		Yes 🗹	No 🗆
Candidate sig	nature	Date		
	Joe Smith	DATE T HERE	O BE WRI	TEN
Assessor co	mments (tick the relevant box)			
RPL / accelera	ated progression required		Yes	No 🗹
Language / Li	teracy / Numeracy support required		Yes \square	No 🗹
Any other spe	cial needs (describe in the space below)		Yes \square	No 🗹
Assessor sign SIGNATURE	ature TO BE WRITTEN HERE	Date DATE T HERE	O BE WRIT	ΓΤΕΝ
Result of ass	essment - Project 1: Written Test			
Attempt No 1:	S ☑ NYS Attempt No 2: S ☐ NYS	Attemp	t No 3: S	□NYS□
The candidate	e's overall performance was Satis	sfactory E	Not Yet	
Satisfactory 5				
	candidate on overall performance lear and good understanding of the required	l knowledg	ge for this u	ınit.
Assessor sign SIGNATURE	ature TO BE WRITTEN HERE	Date DATE T HERE	O BE WRIT	ΓΤΕΝ
I intend to lod	ge an appeal on the above decision		Yes \square	No 🗹
Candidate sig	nature	Date		
	Joe Smith	DATE T HERE	O BE WRIT	ΓΤΕΝ

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Assessment Project 2: Practical Demonstration Tasks

You will be asked to complete a number of practical tasks to demonstrate your competency. Your assessor will observe you individually completing the task or, where relevant, completing the task as part of a team.

The tasks will be completed either in a real workplace or a realistic simulated workplace. Your assessor will complete the Task Checklists in your Assessment task workbook while they observe you demonstrating the tasks. Your assessor will discuss your performance and give you feedback and support during the practical demonstration and after it is completed.

The assessor may ask you to explain the purpose or reasons for your actions as you perform each task. This is to confirm that you have the underpinning knowledge relating to the qualification and units of competency.

Tack	Inetru	ictions	to	Canc	lidate

Task 1:

You are required to access a site traffic management plan (your assessor may provide this, or it may be a traffic management plan for your current work site).

- 1. Explain the meaning of the symbols and words on the traffic management plan to your assessor.
- 2. Explain the reason for having a site traffic management plan to your assessor.

3.	may be a job that you are required to complete as part of the assessment for another unit in your qualification or a work job that you are required to complete as part of your job role).						
Assess	sor Checklist:						
	Explained and applied documented site procedures						
	Explained the purpose of the traffic management plan in terms site safety requirements						
_	and public safety						
	Knowledge of relevant signs and symbols						
Assess	sor comments and reasons for decision						
	Satisfactory □ Not Satisfactory □						
Task 2:							
	e required to access a 2-way radio at your workplace or a realistic simulated workplace.						
1. Check that the radio is fully operational and explain to your assessor how you check the							
	radio, and how you rectify any faults or report the faults.						
2. Explain the safety requirements associated with using a 2-way radio on a civil							
	construction worksite.						
3.	Use the 2-way radio to communicate either with your assessor or another worker, on a						
Λεερει	real work job. sor Checklist:						
	Identified communications equipment faults and methods of resolving / reporting						
	Operated the communications equipment effectively						
	Communicated using standard phrases for 2-way radio						
	Communicated effectively and concisely						
	Applied all operational safety requirements						
Assessor comments and reasons for decision							
Assess	sor comments and reasons for decision						
	Satisfactory □ Not Satisfactory □						

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Task 3					
You are	e required to use hand signals to communicate with a plant operator.				
1.	Describe to your assessor and demonstrate the range of hand signals.				
2.	Explain to your assessor the safety aspects of hand signalling and the reasons why you				
	need to use hand signals.				
3.	Guide a plant operator to complete a work job safely, using hand signals.				
	sor Checklist:				
	Correctly interpreted and used hand signals				
	Ensured that the plant operator understood the signalling before commencing the work				
	Applied all operational safety requirements - effectively guiding the plant operator				
	Explained why hand signals are required				
Assess	sor comments and reasons for decision				
	Satisfactory □ Not Satisfactory □				
Task 4					
You are	e required to participate in a site meeting to plan a job.				
	Demonstrate active listening and active participation.				
2.	Communicate in a clear and concise manner				
	Ask questions and confirm the meaning of instructions				
	Ensure that you have obtained and communicated all relevant information				
	Demonstrate appropriate communication and language, and co-operation with others				
	sor Checklist:				
	Demonstrated active listening - concentrating on what was being said.				
	Did not indulge in side discussions				
	Demonstrated focusing on the team goal of achieving the job				
	Participated actively in the meeting, making suggestions, asking questions				
	Spoke clearly and concisely				
	Used appropriate language - plain English - non-discriminatory language.				
	Demonstrated active co-operation with others.				
A					
Assess	sor comments and reasons for decision				
	·				
	Satisfactory □ Not Satisfactory □				
Task 5					
	e required to complete a Job Safety Analysis for a specific job				
1.	Demonstrate identification of hazards and documenting the hazards clearly.				
2.	Demonstrate assessment of risks associated with the hazards and document the risks				
۷.					
	Clearly.				
	Demonstrate analysis of risk control measures, and document the risk control measures				
4.	Pass on the document to your assessor and include it in your evidence portfolio.				
	sor Checklist:				
	Written communication skills				
	Ability to transfer thoughts and verbal communication to clear written communication				
	Following organisational procedures for safe work practices and risk management				
	Following organisational procedures for reporting.				
Assess	sor comments and reasons for decision				
	Satisfactory □ Not Satisfactory □				

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ASSESSMENT TASK WORKBOOK: RIICOM201A: COMMUNICATE IN THE WORKPLACE

	Assessment Checklist – Project 2 Practica	I Demons								
Student			Student							
name			Number							
Assessor										
Candidate Assessment Declaration (tick the relevant box)										
	and outcomes of the assessment have been	OX)	\Box	🗖						
explained to m	ne		Yes L	No 🗆						
	d information about the unit		Yes 🛛 No 🗖							
	he type of evidence to be collected		Yes No							
• •	system has been explained to me		Yes D No D							
	ed my assessor of any special needs that maged during the assessment	y need	Yes 🛚	No 🔲						
Candidate sig	nature	Date								
	mments (tick the relevant box) ated progression required									
	teracy / Numeracy support required		Yes U	No U						
	cial needs (describe in the space below)		Yes U	No 🗆						
Any other spe	cial fleeds (describe in the space below)		Yes L	No 🛚						
Assessor sign	ature	Date								
Result of assessment Project 2 Practical Demonstration										
Attempt No 1:	S ☐ NYS Attempt No 2: S ☐ NYS ☐	Attempt	t No 3: S	JNYS						
The candidate		factory \square	Not Yet							
Feedback to candidate on overall performance										
Assessor sign	ature	Date								
I intend to lode	ge an appeal on the above decision	<u> </u>	Yes \square	No 🗆						
Candidate sig	nature	Date		··· —						

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Summative Assessment Record

RIICOM201A: Communicate in the workplace									
Student's name		Joseph Smíth							
		ate of essment	Signature of As	ssessor	S	NS			
Assessment 1: Written Date: Date:									
Assessment 2: Practical Date: Date:			~	1					
Assessor's comments:									
Competent			Not yet	competent					
Re-assessment required									
Assessor's name									
Assessor's signature									
Student's signature									
Date									



Assessment 25 - Project: Validation (own area)

MAPPING - TAEASS403B: Participate in assessment validation					
CAE 1-6 PC 1.1-1.3 RS 1-4 RK 1-3					
PC 2.1-2.3					
	PC 3.1-3.3				
MAPPING: TAEASS401B: Plan assessment activities and processes					
PC 3.2 3.3 3.5 RS 1 3-6 RK 1-10					

Option 1:

The candidate is required to actively participate in a validation of one of the assessment instruments that were designed in Assessment 18: This may be the instrument that they personally designed or an instrument designed by another person.

This activity can be completed in a simulated workplace environment, with small groups holding meetings and documenting the outcomes. All participants must sign the documented outcome and submit a copy in their evidence portfolio.

Option 2:

The candidate is required to attend a validation meeting in their workplace for the purpose of validating an assessment instrument or tool.

The documented outcome (minutes and action plan) from the meeting must be presented in the candidate's evidence portfolio.

In both options, the candidate is required to:

- Arrange all of the materials required for the validation including the unit of competency, the assessment tool / instrument and a checklist or form designed to guide the meeting. (NOTE: The form on the following page may be used for this purpose).
- Actively participate in the meeting.
- Apply the principles of assessment and the rules of evidence.
- Make recommendations for improvement.
- Ensure that the outcome of the meeting is correctly documented together with an action plan for implementing improvements.

Assessor note: The following form is partially completed to provide benchmark criteria. The answers provided are a guide only. The candidate's answers may vary.

It should be noted by the participants in the meeting that the assessment instrument is not sufficient alone to assess competence for the whole unit and there should be recommendations for development of other assessment instruments.

NOTE: The benchmark answers provided in italics on the following form may not apply. This will depend upon the assessment instrument that is validated. They are provided simply as a guide for you, the assessor.

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Validation form for assessment instrument

Validation form for assessment instrument				
			assessment	
Training package co	ode and name	Un	it of competency code and name	
Date assessment				
instrument created				
Date of validation				
session				
Participants in				
validation session				
Brief description of		st and i	instructions to the candidate on task to be	
the assessment	performed			
instrument and its			r in the workplace or realistic simulated	
purpose		observ	vation of the candidate performing a specific	
	work task.			
		- () ()	detien Occasion	
0 0 1 1			dation Session	
Questions – does th	ne instrument:	Y/N	Comments/improvements/ amendments required*	
		Υ	There is sufficient guidance for the	
•	easure of competency		assessor incorporated into the observation	
which enables co	nsistent and accurate		checklist.	
assessments to b	e made?		The task relates directly to the required	
			skills for the competency standard. It	
			incorporates all skills in the competency	
	standard and does not require skills that are			
			additional to the competency standard.	
		N	The instrument is insufficient alone to cover	
1	t evidence to measure		the entire unit of competency.	
competency for t	he whole unit of		A range of assessment methods needs to	
competency?			be used.	
			Performance criteria, required knowledge	
			and critical aspects of evidence are not	
			incorporated in the assessment instrument.	
2 provide a vary f	oncuring the ovidence	Υ	The instrument is an observation to be	
	ensuring the evidence		conducted by the assessor and therefore	
	e candidate's current		requires the candidate to demonstrate	
knowledge and sl	KIIIS?		current skills (but not current knowledge)	
		Υ	The instrument is an observation to be	
-	confirming that the		conducted by the assessor.	
evidence is authe				
candidate's own	work?			
		Υ	The instrument can be used in the	
5. provide a fair me	asure which meets		workplace for any candidate who is capable	
requirements of a	access and equity and		of doing the task.	
allows for reason	able adjustments for		The task relates directly to the required	
special needs?	-		skills for the competency standard.	

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6.	provide for situations where the assessment may need to be contextualised for a particular industry or type of employment?	Υ	The instrument is to be used for observing actual work skills in the workplace.
7.	provide appropriate flexibility in the method of assessment to maintain a client-focused approach?	Y	The instrument can be used in the workplace or a simulated workplace for any candidate who is capable of doing the task.
8.	incorporate assessment of the dimensions of competency?	N	The instrument incorporates task skills. There is an element of task management skills, contingency management skills and job/role environment skills, but this would need to be supplemented by other forms of assessment
9.	incorporate required skills and knowledge?	N	Incorporates required skills only - not required knowledge.
	incorporate employability skills?	N	The instrument does not fully incorporate all employability skills. It would need to be supplemented by other forms of assessment.

Final Recommendations and Comments:

The instrument meets the rules of evidence and principles of assessment for assessing a portion only of the competency standard.

suggestions for further instruments to be developed:

- Oral or written questioning for required knowledge
- Third party verification supplementary
- A project that covers all performance criteria and critical aspects of evidence

Signed by all participants in the validation session:				
1.	2.	3.		
4.	5.	<u>6.</u>		
7.	8.	9.		
10.	11.	12.		

^{*} Comments must be completed for each question.

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These pages have been deleted from the sample.



Assessment 30: Questions (Section 15)

The answers may be completed by the candidate during workshop sessions, or as a selfpaced assignment.

The candidate may refer to their learning materials and conduct any necessary research when completing the answers.

These questions relate to Section 15 of the Learning Guide.

	on and Benchmark Answer	Mapping			
1. Wha	at are the 2 main purposes of a presentation?	BSBCMM401A-RK 4			
1.	To impart information.				
2.	To present ideas and to persuade.				
2. List strateg	3 audience characteristics that would influence your presentation y.	BSBCMM401A-RK 4			
Answei	r - 3 of:				
1.	Age				
2.	Language background				
3.	Educational background or general knowledge				
4.	Gender				
5.	Culture				
6.	Religion				
	3 legislative or ethical considerations that you would take into t when preparing a presentation.	BSBCMM401A-RK3			
Answei	r - 3 of:				
1.	Anti-discrimination legislation				
2.	Ethical principles				
3. 4.	Codes of practice Privacy laws				
5.	5. Environmental issues				
6.	Occupational health and safety				

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4. List 5 types of presentation aid. Answer 1. Computer simulations and presentations 2. Diagrams, charts and posters 3. Models 4. Overhead projector 5. Paper-based materials 6. Video and audio recordings 7. Whiteboard 5. List 3 benefits of using PowerPoint as a presentation aid. Answer - 3 of: 1. It is a visual aid that can be used to emphasise key points. 2. The PowerPoint slides can be printed as handouts, acting as a memory aid for the audience to take away with them. 3. It can display pictures and graphical images. 4. It can display charts 5. It can be used instead of keyword potes, as a prompt to keep the speaker on track. 6. The slides can be printed together with a Notes Page, for the speaker's reference. 7. The slide show can be enhanced with sound. 8. What are the 3 most common mistakes that speakers make when using PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Answer 1. Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. 2. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. 3. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. 8. BSBCMM401A-RK 4 Answer 1. What are the 2 key benefits of making eye contact with your audience? Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued. 2. Too made information and slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides.	Questi	Mapping			
1. Computer simulations and presentations 2. Diagrams, charts and posters 3. Models 4. Overhead projector 5. Paper-based materials 6. Video and audio recordings 7. Whiteboard 5. List 3 benefits of using PowerPoint as a presentation aid. Answer - 3 of: 1. It is a visual aid that can be used to emphasise key points. 2. The PowerPoint slides can be printed as handouts, acting as a memory aid for the audience to take away with them. 3. It can display pictures and graphical images. 4. It can display charts 5. It can be used instead of keyword notes, as a prompt to keep the speaker on track. 6. The slides can be printed together with a Notes Page, for the speaker's reference. 7. The slide show can be enhanced with animation and movement. 8. The slide show can be enhanced with sound. 6. What are the 3 most common mistakes that speakers make when using PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Answer 1. Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. 2. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 buller points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. 3. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. PSBCMM401A-RK 4 Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued.	4. List	5 types of presentation aid.	BSBCMM401A-RK 5		
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4. Overhead projector 5. Paper-based materials 6. Video and audio recordings 7. Whiteboard 5. List 3 benefits of using PowerPoint as a presentation aid. Answer - 3 of: 1. It is a visual aid that can be used to emphasise key points. 2. The PowerPoint slides can be printed as handouts, acting as a memory aid for the audience to take away with them. 3. It can display pictures and graphical images. 4. It can display charts 5. It can be used instead of keyword notes, as a prompt to keep the speaker on track. 6. The slides can be printed together with a Notes Page, for the speaker's reference. 7. The slide show can be enhanced with animation and movement. 8. The slide show can be enhanced with sound. 6. What are the 3 most common mistakes that speakers make when using PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Answer 1. Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. 2. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. 3. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. BSBCMM401A-RK 4 Answer 1. What are the 2 key benefits of making eye contact with your audience? Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued.	2.	Diagrams, charts and posters			
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 It can display charts It can be used instead of keyword notes, as a prompt to keep the speaker on track. The slides can be printed together with a Notes Page, for the speaker's reference. The slide show can be enhanced with animation and movement. The slide show can be enhanced with sound. What are the 3 most common mistakes that speakers make when using PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. What are the 2 key benefits of making eye contact with your audience? BSBCMM401A-RK 4 Answer The audience feels acknowledged and valued. 	2.				
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speaker on track. 6. The slides can be printed together with a Notes Page, for the speaker's reference. 7. The slide show can be enhanced with animation and movement. 8. The slide show can be enhanced with sound. 6. What are the 3 most common mistakes that speakers make when using PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Answer 1. Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. 2. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. 3. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. 7. What are the 2 key benefits of making eye contact with your audience? BSBCMM401A-RK 4 Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued.	4.	It can display charts			
speaker's reference. 7. The slide show can be enhanced with animation and movement. 8. The slide show can be enhanced with sound. 6. What are the 3 most common mistakes that speakers make when using PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Answer 1. Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. 2. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. 3. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. 7. What are the 2 key benefits of making eye contact with your audience? Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued.	5.				
8. The slide show can be enhanced with sound. 6. What are the 3 most common mistakes that speakers make when using PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Answer 1. Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. 2. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. 3. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. 7. What are the 2 key benefits of making eye contact with your audience? Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued.	6.				
6. What are the 3 most common mistakes that speakers make when using PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Answer 1. Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. 2. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. 3. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. 7. What are the 2 key benefits of making eye contact with your audience? Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued.	7.	The slide show can be enhanced with animation and movement.			
PowerPoint as a presentation aid? Answer 1. Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. 2. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. 3. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which is distracting for the audience. 7. What are the 2 key benefits of making eye contact with your audience? Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued.	8.	The slide show can be enhanced with sound.			
Answer 1. The audience feels acknowledged and valued.	Answer 1.	Reading from the PowerPoint slide without expanding upon the concepts presented. Too much information on a slide. Slides should contain no more than 6 bullet points. If there are more points, they should be on separate slides. The speaker standing in front of the slide projection or walking past it. The slide will then be projected on to the speaker's body, which	BSBCMM401A-RK 5		
The audience feels acknowledged and valued.			BSBCMM401A-RK 4		
2. The speaker can gauge addictive reaction and respond quickly.	_	-			
	۷.	The operation dair gauge addiction reaction and respond quickly.			

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Question and Benchmark Answer	Mapping
8. What percentage of information is likely to be remembered by your audience in a presentation or training session?	BSBCMM401A-RK 4
Answer	
20%	
What kind of Learning Domain outcome are you usually seeking in a presentation?	BSBCMM401A-RK 4
Answer	
Affective	
10. List 2 ways that you can collect data that will support your review of a presentation.	BSBCMM401A-RK 1
Answer	
Seek feedback	· ·
2. Action research	



Assessment 31 - Project: 2 Delivery Sessions

MAPPING - TAEDEL40	MAPPING - TAEDEL401A: Plan, organise and deliver group-based learning				
CAE 1-3	PC 1.1-1.4	RS 1-6	RK 4 5 6 7 14		
	PC 2.1-2.3				
	PC 3.1-3.3				
	PC 4.1-4.4				
	PC 5.1-5.4				
MAPPING - TAEDEL40	02A: Plan, organise and	facilitate learning in the	workplace		
CAE 1-3	PC 1.1-1.3	RS 1-6	RK 5 7		
	PC 3.1-3.2 3.4-3.5				
	PC 4.1-4.4				
	PC 5.1-5.4				
	PC 6.1-6.2				
MAPPING- TAEDEL30	1A: Provide work skill in	nstruction			
CAE 1	PC 1.2-1.6	RS 1-3 5-8	RK 1-5 7		
	PC 2.1-2.8				
	PC 3.1-3.2				
MAPPING - BSBCMM401A: Make a presentation					
CAE 1-2	PC 1.1-1.3	RS 1-3	RK 2-5		
	PC 2.1-2.6				
MAPPING - BSBLED401A: Develop teams and individuals					
CAE 2	PC 2.2-2.4	RS 1-6	RK 1-2		

The candidate is required to **prepare and deliver** 2 training sessions for group delivery to 2 different groups.

The sessions should relate to the unit of competency that the candidate analysed in Assessment 8. This is the unit of competency within the candidate's own area of expertise.

The first training session should be designed for the learner group identified in Assessment 11 - Training Needs Analysis - Task 2.

The second training session should be designed for a group that includes the learner with special needs identified in Assessment 11 - Training Needs Analysis - Task 3.

Each session must be at least 40 minutes duration.

Session 1 should be a 40 minute theory session - involving:

- Introduction of the learning outcome based upon the unit description
- A 20 minute presentation of the theory (including a PowerPoint or other type of presentation aid)
- Facilitation of discussion and questioning
- A short examination (formative assessment)
- Review of the examination and further discussion
- Explanation of activities to be completed in Session 2.
- Summary of the session
- Group to complete evaluation sheets.

Session 2 should be a presentation followed by a practical session of 40 minutes duration - involving:

A 15 minute presentation which includes demonstration and instruction in work based skills, using a presentation aid (model, equipment etc)

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- A 5 minute (per trainee) activity for each of the trainees in the group to practice work-based skills while being coached/mentored by the candidate.
- 5 minute discussion and questioning.
- Summary of the outcomes of the session
- Group to complete evaluation sheets

For session 1 the candidate should prepare:

- The session plan
- The presentation "speech"
- The presentation aid (eg PowerPoint or a model, plan, overheads, samples, pictures, charts, equipment etc)
- The examination a one page handout with short answer questions.
- The evaluation form.

NOTE: Section 13 of the Learning Guide contains an example of an evaluation form. The candidate may use this format or use a different format that will achieve the same outcome.

For session 2 the candidate should prepare:

- The session plan
- The presentation
- Instructions, materials and/or equipment for a 5 minute practical activity for each trainee.
- The evaluation form.

The Session Plan forms on the following pages have been partially completed, in order to guide the candidate in preparing the two sessions. The candidate should complete all blank sections of the session plan forms.

Two Observation Checklist forms have been supplied in this Assessor Guide and in the candidate's Assessment Workbook. These may be used by you (the assessor) to conduct a formal observation of delivery.

Alternatively, you may nominate another person to complete the observations. The Critical Aspects of Evidence for the units do not specifically state that the delivery sessions must be observed by a qualified assessor (see CAE on the next page).

The CAE require evidence that the training sessions have been delivered by the candidate. Evaluation forms from participants, together with observation forms from an observer will meet these evidence requirements, provided that they can be authenticated.

The Assessment Guidelines in the TAE10 Training and Education Training Package specify that assessment should take place in the workplace wherever possible.

Where assessment is being conducted in a "workshop" environment, this assessment activity must relate to the candidate's own area of expertise and it must result in evidence which meets all of the Critical Aspects of Evidence that are shown on the next page.

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Critical Aspects of Evidence relevant to this Assessment:

TAEDEL401A: Plan, organise and deliver group-based learning

- CAE 1. •facilitate group-based learning by preparing and delivering a series of training sessions, including:
 - a. •at least two consecutive sessions, of a duration commensurate with a substantive training session (e.g. 40-60 minutes), that follow one of the learning program designs
 - b. •at least one session delivered to a different learner group, with evidence of how the characteristics and needs of this group were addressed
- CAE 2. •identify and respond to diversity and individual needs
- CAE 3. •access and use documented resources and support personnel to guide inclusive practices.

TAEDEL402A: Plan, organise and facilitate learning in the workplace

- CAE 1. •prepare and facilitate work-based learning
- CAE 2. *provide evidence of a minimum of two examples of developing work-based learning pathways, that include:
 - a. oidentifying needs for learning
 - b. •analysing work practices, work environment and work activities
 - c. organising and allocating work in a way that reflects learning needs and provides effective learning opportunities through work processes
- CAE 3. •provide a minimum of two examples of a learning facilitation relationship being conducted:
 - a. owith different individuals
 - b. odemonstrating communication skills and flexibility
 - c. •demonstrating one or more of the processes or techniques identified.

TAEDEL301A: Provide work skill instruction

- CAE 1. •carry out a minimum of three training sessions, involving demonstrating and instructing particular work skills for different groups; with each session addressing:
 - a. odifferent learning objectives
 - b. •a range of techniques and effective communication skills appropriate to the audience.

BSBLED401A: Develop teams and individuals

CAE 2 •giving and receiving feedback from team members to encourage participation in and effectiveness of team

BSBCMM401A: Make a presentation

CAE 1. •preparation, delivery and evaluation of the effectiveness of at least two presentations related to the candidate's occupation or area of interest

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These pages have been deleted from the sample.



Assessment 32 - Project: Review of Delivery

MAPPING - TAEDEL401A: Plan, organise and deliver group based training				
CAE 2		RS 6	RK 11	
MAPPING - TAEDEL40	2A: Plan, organise and	facilitate learning in the	e workplace	
	PC 6.2-6.3			
	PC 7.1-7.3			
MAPPING - TAEDEL30)1A: Provide work skill i	instruction		
	PC 3.3	RS 4-5 8	RK 1 6	
	PC 4.1			
MAPPING - BSBCMM401A: Make a presentation				
CAE 1-2	PC 1.5		RK 1 4	
	PC 3.1-3.2			
MAPPING - BSBLED401A: Develop teams and individuals				
	PC 3.1-3.2	RS 1	RK 2	

The candidate is required to analyse the feedback from the 2 delivery sessions conducted in Assessment 31 and review the effectiveness of the delivery, identifying strategies for improvement.

The candidate may submit the review as a report, or complete the form on the following page.

The report should state.

- 1. The characteristics of each group, identifying the differences between the two groups.
- 2. The required learning outcomes for each of the sessions.
- 3. How the learning outcomes were measured.
- 4. How feedback was sought.
- 5. How feedback was analysed.
- 6. The result of the analysis.
- 7. Identifying the trainer's strengths and "what worked well".
- 8. Identifying areas and strategies for improvement in the presentation segments of the sessions.
- 9. Identifying areas and strategies for improvement in the facilitation methods used for session 1.
- 10. Identifying areas and strategies for improvement in the demonstration methods used for session 2.
- 11. Identifying areas and strategies for improvement in the methods used to provide opportunities for practice and skills development in session 2.

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Review of Presentations and Training Delivery

	<u> </u>
Delivery date/s	
Unit of Competency	
Group 1 characteristics	
Group 2 characteristics	
Learning outcome statement session 1	
Learning outcome statement session 2	
Formative assessment methods	
Methods of seeking feedback	
Methods of analysing feedback	
Result of feedback analysis	
Trainer overall strengths (what worked well)	

Presentations - areas for improvement	
Facilitation - areas for improvement	
Demonstration - areas for improvement	
Trainee practice / skills development - areas for improvement	

These pages have been deleted from the sample.



Assessor note:

The following form is provided in the candidate's Assessment Workbook for them to complete. The form must be completed in full and signed by the candidate prior to the final assessment.

You (the assessor) should complete all of the forms in the candidate's Assessment Workbook where indicated, including the summative assessment forms at the end of the Workbook.

Candidate self-assessment and submission of evidence

Self-assessment:

I have successfully completed the training course and all formative and summative assessment activities for the qualification TAE40110 Certificate IV in Training and Assessment.

I consider that I am competent in all of the following units:

- 1. TAEDES401A: Design and develop learning programs
- TAEDES402A: Use training packages and accredited courses to meet client needs
 TAEASS401B: Plan assessment activities and processes
 TAEASS402B: Assess competence

- 5. TAEASS403B: Participate in assessment validation6. TAEDEL401A: Plan, organise and deliver group-based learning
- 7. TAEDEL402A: Plan, organise and facilitate learning in the workplace
- 8. TAEDEL301A: Provide work skill instruction
- 9. BSBLED401A: Develop teams and individuals
- 10. BSBCMM401A: Make a presentation

Submission of evidence portfolio

I have submitted:

- My Assessment Workbook fully completed.
- Curriculum vitae detailing my work experience for the past 5 years.
- Documentary evidence of my skills and knowledge in my own area of expertise.

Confirmation of authenticity

I confirm that the evidence I have submitted for assessment is my own work and/or the result of my own research.

Candidate:			
	(print name)	(signature)	(date)

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Mapping Summary

IVIAP	pring Summary	
TAED	ES401A: Design and develop learning programs	Assessment #
1. Defi	ne parameters of the learning program	
1.1 Clar	rify purpose and type of learning program with key stakeholders	11
	ess and confirm the competency standards and other training	11
	rations on which to base the learning program	
	ntify language, literacy and numeracy requirements of the program	11
	ntify and consider characteristics of the target learner group	11
	k within the vocational education and training (VET) policy framework	
	ess relevant VET policies and frameworks, and apply to work practices	134
	ntify changes to training packages and accredited courses and apply these	124
	ram development	
	duct work according to organisational quality assurance policies and	1 14
proced		
	elop program content	
	earch, develop and document specific subject matter content according to	12 13
	design options	
	luate existing learning resources for content relevance and quality	12 13
	cify assessment requirements of the learning program	12 13
-	ign structure of the learning program	
	ak the learning content into manageable segments and document	12 13
	me for each segment	12 13
	ermine and confirm delivery strategies and required assessment methods	12 13
and too		12 13
	cument complete learning program in line with organisational	12 13 14
require		11 10 1 .
	riew complete program with key stakeholders and adjust as required	12 13
	ure a safe learning progression by analysing risks in the learning	12 13
	nment and including a risk control plan	11 10
	ed skills	
RS 1.	•organisational skills to ensure resources are available and suitable	12 13
RS 2.	•evaluation skills to determine the time required for each learning	12 13
	segment and the overall timelines of the learning program	
RS 3.	•cognitive skills to develop the learning program content and design its	12 13
1.5 5.	structure	11 13
RS 4.	language and literacy skills to read and interpret a range of	12 13
	documentation, including technical and subject matter documents,	11 10
	references and texts	
Require	ed knowledge	
RK 1.	•information about training package developers and course accreditation	1
	agencies responsible for specific learning program parameters	
RK 2.	•training packages and relevant competency standards to be used as the	1 12 13
	basis of the learning program	
RK 3.	•other performance standards and criteria to be used as the basis of the	1 11 12 13
	learning program, where relevant	
RK 4.	•distinction and relationship between a training package/accredited	12 13
	course, learning strategy and learning program, where linked	
RK 5.	•different purposes and focus of learning programs	10 11 12 13
RK 6.	•sound knowledge of learning principles	10
RK 7.	•instructional design principles relating to different design options for	10 12 13
	learning program design and structure	
RK 8.	•availability and types of different relevant learning resources, learning	10 12 13
	materials and pre-developed learning activities	_
L	1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1

TAEDE	S40	1A: Design and develop learning programs	Assessment #
RK 9.	•m	ethodology relating to developing and documenting new learning	10 12
	acti	ivities and related learning materials	
RK 10.	•di	fferent delivery modes and methods	12
RK 11.	•re	levant policies, legal requirements, codes of practice and national	1 3 14
	staı	ndards, including commonwealth and state or territory legislation that	
	ma	y affect training and assessment in the VET sector	
RK 12.	•re	levant OHS knowledge relating to the work role, and OHS	11 12 13 14
	con	siderations that need to be included in the learning program	
Critical	aspe	cts for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate	
compet	ency	in this unit Evidence of the ability to:	
CAE	1.	design, develop and review learning programs within the VET	12 13
		context	
CAE	2.	•prepare and develop a minimum of two learning programs:	12 13
	a.	∘that contain differentiated learning program designs to reflect —	
		particular needs, contexts and timelines	
	b.	∘at least one of which must be based on competency standards or	
		accredited courses and must cover at least one entire unit of	•
		competency or accredited course module.	

TAEDES402A: Use training packages and accredited courses to	Assessment #
meet client needs	
Select appropriate training package or accredited course	
1.1 Confirm training and/or assessment needs of client	11
1.2 Identify and source training packages and/or accredited courses which could	13
satisfy client needs	13
1.3 Use training products in line with the training and assessment organisation's	14
quality assurance policies and procedures	
2. Analyse and interpret the qualifications framework	
2.1 Read and interpret qualification rules	5 6
2.2 Review and determine applicable licensing requirements and prerequisites	56
2.3 Determine suitable electives that meet client needs and job roles	5 6 11
3. Analyse and interpret units of competency and accredited modules	
3.1 Select individual unit or accredited module to meet client needs	78
3.2 Read, analyse and interpret all parts of the unit or accredited module for	78
application to client needs	
3.3 Analyse links between unit and/or accredited module to develop effective	78
applications for the client	
3.4 Document analysis of unit or accredited module in a clear and accessible	78
manner	
4. Contextualise units and modules for client applications	
4.1 Use information from the client to contextualise the unit or accredited module	7 8 11
to meet client needs	
4.2 Use advice on contextualisation produced by the training package developer	78
or course developer to meet client needs	
5. Analyse and interpret assessment guidance	
5.1 Read, analyse and apply the assessment guidance of the relevant training	3 4
package or accredited course	44
5.2 Determine any special requirements for assessment or reasonable adjustment	11
to suit client needs	
RS 1. •communication and interpersonal skills to collaborate with others in	567811
RS 1. •communication and interpersonal skills to collaborate with others in using training products	30/011
RS 2. •planning skills to develop a structure for a particular application of	567811
training packages and accredited courses	30/011
training packages and accredited courses	

TAEDE	Assessment #	
	client needs	5670
RS 3.	•cognitive skills to analyse, interpret and apply the various components	5678
DC 4	of selected training packages and accredited courses	F C 7 0
RS 4.	•research skills to analyse and interpret training package and accredited course content to meet client needs	5678
Doguire		
RK 1.	•Australian Qualifications Framework (AQF) guidelines, including	1356
KK 1.	characteristics of AQF qualification levels	1330
RK 2.	•functions and responsibilities of training package developers and course	1
IXIX Z.	accreditation agencies, and their roles as key vocational education and	1
	training (VET) organisations	A
RK 3.	•dimensions of competency	411
RK 4.	•format and structure of accredited courses	1
RK 5.	•format and structure of competency standards	478
RK 6.	•function of training packages and accredited curriculum as benchmarks	135678
	in a competency-based VET training and assessment system	
RK 7.	•methodology relating to analysing and using competency standards for	4567811
	a range of applications and purposes to meet the needs of a diverse	
	range of VET clients	
RK 8.	•language and terminology used in training packages and accredited	Ž 5 6
	courses	
RK 9.	 parts of training packages that can be contextualised and parts that 	48
	cannot	
RK 10.	•structure of training packages and the role and purpose of each	23
	endorsed component	
RK 11.	•sources of training package information	25678
	aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate	
	ency in this unit Evidence of the ability to:	
CAE 1.	•analyse a training package and or accredited course to examine its	5678
	component parts, identify relevant units of competency or modules, and	
	contextualise those to meet a specific client need	
CAE 2.	•demonstrate a minimum of two examples of analysing training	5678
	specifications, including at least one training package; the other may be	
	another training package or an accredited course that meets a specific	
	client need	

TAEASS401B: Plan assessment activities and processes	Assessment #
1. Determine assessment approach	
1.1 Identify candidate and confirm purposes and context of assessment/RPL with	16 20
relevant people according to legal, organisational and ethical requirements	
1.2 Identify and access benchmarks for assessment/RPL and any specific	16 20
assessment guidelines	
2. Prepare the assessment plan	
2.1 Determine evidence and types of evidence needed to demonstrate	16 20
competence, according to the rules of evidence	
2.2 Select assessment methods which will support the collection of defined	16 20
evidence, taking into account the context in which the assessment will take place	
2.3 Document all aspects of the assessment plan and confirm with relevant	16 20
personnel	
3. Develop assessment instruments	
3.1 Develop simple assessment instruments to meet target group needs	17 18 19
3.2 Analyse available assessment instruments for their suitability for use and	17 18 19 25
modify as required	
3.3 Map assessment instruments against unit or course requirements	17 18 19 25

TAEAS	S401B: Plan assessment activities and processes	Assessment #		
	te clear instructions for candidate about the use of the instruments	17 18 19		
3.5 Tria	l draft assessment instruments to validate content and applicability, and	17 18 19 25		
record	outcomes			
Require	Required skills			
RS 1.	cognitive interpretation skills to:	16 17 18 19 20 25 26		
	a. interpret competency standards and other assessment			
	documentation, including material relating to reasonable adjustment			
	b. identify opportunities for integrated competency assessment			
	c. contextualise competency standards to the operating assessment			
	environment, including RPL			
	d. consider access and equity needs of diverse candidates			
RS 2.	technology skills to use appropriate equipment and software to	18		
DC 2	communicate effectively with others	46474040303536		
RS 3.	research and evaluation skills to:	16 17 18 19 20 25 26		
	a. obtain competency standards, assessment tools and other relevant			
	assessment resources			
	 research candidate characteristics and any reasonable adjustment needs 			
	c. evaluate feedback, and determine and implement improvements to			
	processes			
RS 4.	literacy skills to read and interpret relevant information to design and	16 17 18 19 20 25 26		
	facilitate assessment and recognition processes			
RS 5.	communication skills to discuss assessment, including RPL processes with	19 20 25 26		
	clients and other assessors			
RS 6.	interpersonal skills to:	19 20 25 26		
	a. demonstrate sensitivity to access and equity considerations and			
	candidate diversity			
	 b. promote and implement equity, fairness, validity, reliability and flexibility in planning an assessment processes. 			
Require	ed knowledge			
RK 1.	ethical and legal requirements of an assessor	15 25		
RK 2.	competency based assessment, including:	15 16 17 18 19 20 25		
	a. work focused	26		
	b. criterion referenced			
	c. standards based			
	d. evidence based			
RK 3.	different purposes of assessment and different assessment contexts,	15 16 18 19 20 25 26		
TIK 3.	including RPL	13 10 10 13 20 23 20		
RK 4.	how to read and interpret the identified competency standards as the	4 16 17 1 19 25 26		
	benchmarks for assessment	. 10 17 1 10 10 10		
RK 5.	how to contextualise competency standards within relevant guidelines	4 16 17 18 19 25 26		
RK 6.	four principles of assessment and how they guide the assessment process	15 17 18 19 20 25 26		
RK 7.	purpose and features of evidence, and different types of evidence used in	15 17 18 19 20 25 26		
	competency-based assessments, including RPL			
RK 8.	rules of evidence and how they guide evidence collection	15 17 18 19 25 26		
RK 9.	different types of assessment methods, including suitability for collecting	15 16 17 18 19 20 25		
	various types of evidence	26		
RK 10.	assessment instruments and their purpose; different types of	15 16 17 18 19 20 25		
	instruments; relevance of different instruments for specific evidence-	26		
	gathering opportunities.			

TAEAS	S40	1B: Plan assessment activities and processes	Assessment #
Critical	aspe		
compet	ency	y in this unit Evidence of the ability to:	
CAE 1.	pla	n and organise the assessment process on a minimum of two	16 17 18 19 20
	oco	casions	
CAE 2.	col	lect evidence that demonstrates:	16 17 18 19 20
	a.	documented assessment plans	
	b.	having covered a range of assessment events	
	c.	catering for a number of candidates	
	d.	different competency standards or accredited curricula	
	e.	an RPL assessment	
	f.	contextualisation of competency standards and the selected	
		assessment tools, where required	
	g.	incorporation of reasonable adjustment strategies	
	h.	development of simple assessment instruments for use in the	
		process	
	i.	organisational arrangements.	

TAEASS402B: Assess competence	Assessment #
1. Prepare for assessment	
1.1 Interpret assessment plan and confirm organisational, legal and ethical	18 19 22 23
requirements for conducting assessment with relevant people	
1.2 Access and interpret relevant benchmarks for assessment and nominated	18 19 22 23
assessment tools to confirm the requirements for evidence to be collected	
1.3 Arrange identified material and physical resource requirements according to	18 19 22 23
assessment system policies and procedures	
1.4 Organise specialist support required for assessment	18 19 22 23
1.5 Explain, discuss and agree details of the assessment plan with candidate	18 19 22 23
2. Gather quality evidence	
2.1 Use agreed assessment methods and instruments to gather, organise and	18 19 22 23
document evidence in a format suitable for determining competence	
2.2 Apply the principles of assessment and rules of evidence in gathering quality	18 19 22 23
evidence	
2.3 Determine opportunities for evidence gathering in actual or simulated	18 19 22 23
activities through consultation with the candidate and relevant personnel	
2.4 Determine opportunities for integrated assessment activities and document	18 19 22 23
any changes to assessment instruments where required	
3. Support the candidate	
3.1 Guide candidates in gathering their own evidence to support recognition of prior learning (RPL)	18 19 22 23
3.2 Use appropriate communication and interpersonal skills to develop a	18 19 22 23
professional relationship with the candidate that reflects sensitivity to individual	
differences and enables two-way feedback	
3.3 Make decisions on reasonable adjustments with the candidate, based on	18 19 22 23
candidate's needs and characteristics	
3.4 Access required specialist support in accordance with the assessment plan	18 19 22 23
3.5 Address any OHS risk to person or equipment immediately	18 19 22 23
4. Make the assessment decision	
4.1 Examine collected evidence and evaluate it to ensure that it reflects the	18 19 22 23
evidence required to demonstrate competence	
4.2 Use judgement to infer whether competence has been demonstrated, based	18 19 22 23
on the available evidence	
4.3 Make assessment decision in line with agreed assessment procedures and	18 19 22 23
according to agreed assessment plan	

TAEAS	S402B: Assess competence	Assessment #
4.4 Pro	vide clear and constructive feedback to candidate regarding the	18 19 22 23
	nent decision and develop any follow-up action plan required	
	ord and report the assessment decision	
5.1 Rec	ord assessment outcomes promptly and accurately	18 19 22 23
	nplete and process an assessment report according to agreed assessment	18 19 22 23
proced	ures	
5.3 Info	orm other relevant parties of the assessment decision according to	18 19 22 23
confide	entiality conventions	
6. Revi	ew the assessment process	
6.1 Rev	riew the assessment process in consultation with relevant people to	18 19 22 23
improv	e own future practice	
6.2 Dod	cument and record the review according to relevant assessment system	18 19 22 23
policies	s and procedures	
Require	ed skills	
RS 1.	analysis and interpretation skills to:	18 19 22 23
	a. break down competency standards	
	b. interpret assessment tools and other assessment information,	•
	including those used in RPL	
	c. identify candidate needs	
	d. make judgements based on assessment of available evidence	~
RS 2.	observation skills to:	18 19 22 23
	a. recognise candidate's prior learning	
	b. determine candidate's performance	
	c. identify when candidate may need assistance during the assessment	
	processes	
RS 3.	research and evaluation skills to:	18 19 22 23
	a. access required human and material resources for assessment	
	b. access assessment system policies and procedures	
	c. access RPL policies and procedures	
	d. evaluate evidence	
	e. evaluate assessment process	
RS 4.	cognitive skills to:	18 19 22 23
	a. weigh up the evidence and make a judgement	
	b. consider and recommend reasonable adjustments	
RS 5.	decision-making skills to:	18 19 22 23
	a. recognise a candidate's prior learning	
	b. make a decision on a candidate's competence	
RS 6.	literacy skills to:	18 19 22 23
	a. read and interpret relevant information to conduct assessment	
	b. prepare required documentation and records or reports of	
	assessment outcomes in required format	
RS 7.	communication and interpersonal skills to:	18 19 22 23
	a. explain the assessment, including RPL process	
	b. give clear and precise instructions	
	c. ask effective questions	
	d. provide clarification	
	e. discuss process with other relevant people	
	f. give appropriate feedback	
	g. discuss assessment outcome	
	h. use language appropriate to candidate and assessment environment	
	i. establish a working relationship with candidate.	

TAEAS	S402B: Assess competence	Assessment #
	d knowledge	
RK 1.	competency-based assessment, including:	1 3 4 15 18 19 22 23
	a. vocational education and training as a competency-based system	
	b. criterion-referenced assessment as distinct from norm-referenced	
	assessment	
	c. competency standards as the basis of qualifications	
	d. structure and application of competency standards	
	e. principles of assessment and how they are applied	
	f. rules of evidence and how they are applied	
	 g. range of assessment purposes and assessment contexts, including RPL 	
	h. different assessment methods, including suitability for gathering	
	various types of evidence, suitability for content of units, and	
	resource requirements and associated costs	
	i. reasonable adjustments and when they are applicable	
	j. types and forms of evidence, including assessment instruments that	
	are relevant to gathering different types of evidence used in	
	competency-based assessment, including RPL	
	k. potential barriers and processes relating to assessment tools and	
	methods	
	I. assessment system, including policies and procedures established by	
	the industry, organisation or training authority	
RK 2.	RPL policies and procedures established by the organisation	18 19 22 23
RK 3.	cultural sensitivity and equity considerations	14 18 19 22 23
RK 4.	relevant policy, legislation, codes of practice and national standards,	4 18 19 22 23
	including commonwealth and state or territory legislation that may affect	
	training and assessment in the vocational education and training sector,	
	such as:	
	a. copyright and privacy laws in terms of electronic technology	
	b. security of information	
	c. plagiarismd. training packages and competency standards	
	e. licensing requirements	
	f. industry and workplace requirements	
	g. duty of care under common law	
	h. recording information and confidentiality requirements	
	i. anti-discrimination, including equal employment opportunity, racial	
	vilification and disability discrimination	
	j. workplace relations	
	k. industrial awards and enterprise agreements	
RK 5.	OHS responsibilities associated with assessing competence, such as:	14 18 19 22 23
	a. requirements for reporting hazards and incidents	
	b. emergency procedures	
	c. procedures for use of relevant personal protective equipment	
	d. safe use and maintenance of relevant equipment	
	e. sources of OHS information.	
	aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate ency in this unit Evidence of the ability to:	
CAE 1.	assess competence of a number of candidates within the vocational	18 19 22 23
	education and training context against different units of competency or	
	accredited curricula, following the relevant assessment plan	
CAE 2.	assess at least one candidate for RPL	18 19 22 23
CAE 3.	consider reasonable adjustment and the reasons for decisions in at least	18 19 22 23
	one assessment	

TAEASS402B: Assess competence			Assessment #
CAE 4.	4. cover an entire unit of competency and show:		18 19 22 23
	a.	the application of different assessment methods and instruments	
		involving a range of assessment activities and events	
	b.	two-way communication and feedback	
	c.	how judgement was exercised in making the assessment decision	
	d.	how and when assessment outcomes were recorded and reported	
	e.	assessment records and reports completed in accordance with	
		assessment system and organisational, legal and ethical	
		requirements	
	f.	how the assessment process was reviewed.	

TAEASS403B: Participate in assessment validation	Assessment #
1. Prepare for validation	
1.1 Discuss and confirm the approach to validation according to defined purposes,	25 26
context, and relevant assessment system policies and procedures	
1.2 Analyse relevant benchmarks for assessment and agree on the evidence	25 26
needed to demonstrate competence	•
1.3 Arrange materials for validation activities	25 26
2. Contribute to validation process	
2.1 Demonstrate active participation in validation sessions and activities using	25 26
appropriate communication skills	
2.2 Participate in validation sessions and activities by applying the principles of	25 26
assessment and rules of evidence	
2.3 Check all documents used in the validation process for accuracy and version	25 26
control	
3. Contribute to validation outcomes	
3.1 Collectively discuss validation findings to support improvements in the quality	25 26
of assessment	
3.2 Discuss, agree and record recommendations to improve assessment practice	25 26
3.3 Implement changes to own assessment practice, arising from validation	25 26
Required skills	
RS 1. planning skills to participate in validation activities within agreed timeframes.	25 26
RS 2. problem-solving skills to identify information that is inconsistent,	25 26
ambiguous or contradictory	23 20
RS 3. evaluation skills to:	25 26
a. determine evidence requirements from competency standards	
b. review assessment process, tools and methods	
c. review collected evidence	
RS 4. communication skills to share information in validation meetings.	25 26

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TAEAS	S403B: Participate in assessment validation	Assessment #
Require	d knowledge	
RK 1.	how to interpret competency standards and other related assessment information to determine the evidence needed to demonstrate competence, including: a. criterion-referenced assessment as distinct from norm-referenced assessment b. various reasons for carrying out validation and the different	4 15 21 24 25 26
	 approaches to validation that may be appropriate before, during and after assessment c. critical aspects of validation, including validation of assessment 	
	processes, methods and products d. relevant OHS legislation, codes of practice, standards and guidelines, impacting on assessment	
	e. legal and ethical requirements of assessors, particularly in relation to validation activities	
RK 2.	principles of assessment	15 24 25 26
RK 3.	rules of evidence.	15 24 25 26
	aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate	
CAE 1.	actively participate in a minimum of two validation sessions or meetings which, in combination, address the critical aspects of validation using different validation approaches and activities	25 26
CAE 2.	clearly explain purposes of validation and the legal and ethical responsibilities of assessors	25 26
CAE 3.	collate documentation relating to validation process in a logical manner	25 26
CAE 4.	demonstrate communication and liaison with relevant people	25 26
CAE 5.	provide feedback and interpret documentation in validation sessions	25 26
CAE 6.	record contribution to validation findings.	25 26

TAEDEL401A: Plan, organise and deliver group-based learning	Assessment #
Interpret learning environment and delivery requirements	
1.1 Access, read and interpret learning program documentation to determine	31
delivery requirements	
1.2 Use available information and documentation to identify group and individual	31
learner needs and learner characteristics	
1.3 Identify and assess constraints and risks to delivery	31
1.4 Confirm personal role and responsibilities in planning and delivering training	31
with relevant personnel	
2. Prepare session plans	
2.1 Refine existing learning objectives according to program requirements and	31
specific needs of individual learners	
2.2 Develop session plans and document these for each segment of the learning	31
program	
2.3 Use knowledge of learning principles and theories to generate ideas for	31
managing session delivery	
3. Prepare resources for delivery	
3.1 Contextualise existing learning materials to meet the needs of the specific	31
learner group	
3.2 Finalise learning materials and organise facility, technology and equipment	31
needs in time for delivery of learning sessions	
3.3 Confirm overall delivery arrangements with relevant personnel	31
4. Deliver and facilitate training sessions	
4.1 Conduct each session according to session plan, modified where appropriate	31
to meet learner needs	

TAEDE	L401A: Plan, organise and deliver group-based learning	Assessment #
4.2 Use	the diversity of the group as another resource to support learning	31
4.3 Emp	ploy a range of delivery methods as training aids to optimise learner	31
experie	nces	
4.4 Den	nonstrate effective facilitation skills to ensure effective participation and	31
group n	nanagement	
	oort and monitor learning	
	nitor and document learner progress to ensure outcomes are being	31
	d and individual learner needs are being met	
5.2 Mak	te adjustments to the delivery sessions to reflect specific needs and	31
circums	tances	
	nage inappropriate behaviour to ensure learning can take place	31
	ntain and store learner records according to organisational requirements	31
Require		
RS 1.	 presentation skills to ensure delivery is engaging and relevant, including: 	31
	a. •synthesising information and ideas	
	b. opreparing equipment, such as data projectors and computer	
	presentation applications	
	c. •speaking with appropriate tone and pitch	
	d. •using language appropriate to audience	
DC 2	e. •encouraging and dealing appropriately with questions	24
RS 2.	•group facilitation skills to ensure that:	31
	a. •every individual has an opportunity for participation and input	
	b. •group cohesion is maintained	
	 c. •behaviour that puts others at risk is observed, interpreted and addressed 	
	d. odiscussion and group interaction are enhanced	
RS 3.	•conflict resolution and negotiation skills to:	31
11.5 5.	a. •identify critical points, issues, concerns and problems	31
	b. •identify options for changing behaviours	
RS 4.	•oral communication and language skills to:	31
1.5	a. •motivate learners to transfer skills and knowledge	31
	b. •engage with the learner	
RS 5.	•interpersonal skills to maintain appropriate relationships and ensure	31
	inclusivity	
RS 6.	observation skills to monitor individual and group progress	31 32
	d knowledge	
RK 1.	•introductory knowledge of learning theories	27
RK 2.	•sound knowledge of learning principles	27
RK 3.	•sound knowledge of learner styles	27
RK 4.	•industry area and subject matter of the delivery	31
RK 5.	•learner group profile, including characteristics and needs of individual	27 31
	learners in the group	
RK 6.	•content and requirements of the learning program and/or delivery plan	10 31
RK 7.	•different delivery methods and techniques appropriate to face-to-face	27 31
	group delivery	
RK 8.	•techniques for the recognition and resolution of inappropriate	27
	behaviours	
RK 9.	•behaviours in learners that may indicate learner difficulties	27
RK 10.	•organisational record-management systems and reporting requirements	28
RK 11.	•evaluation and revision techniques	28 32
RK 12.	•specific resources, equipment and support services available for learners	27
	with special needs	

TAEDE	L401A: Plan, organise and deliver group-based learning	Assessment #
RK 13.	•relevant policy, legal requirements, codes of practice and national standards, including commonwealth and state or territory legislation that may affect training and assessment in the vocational education and training sector	14
RK 14.	OHS relating to the facilitation of group-based learning, including: a. oassessment and risk control measures b. oreporting requirements for hazards c. osafe use and maintenance of relevant equipment d. oemergency procedures e. osources of OHS information f. orole of key workplace persons	14 31
RK 15.	•policies and procedures relevant to the learning environment	14
Critical	aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate	
compet	ency in this unit Evidence of the ability to:	
CAE 1.	 facilitate group-based learning by preparing and delivering a series of training sessions, including: a. oat least two consecutive sessions, of a duration commensurate with a substantive training session (e.g. 40-60 minutes), that follow one of the learning program designs b. oat least one session delivered to a different learner group, with evidence of how the characteristics and needs of this group were addressed 	31
CAE 2.	•identify and respond to diversity and individual needs	31
CAE 3.	•access and use documented resources and support personnel to guide inclusive practices.	31

TAEDEL402A: Plan, organise and facilitate learning in the workplace	Assessment #
Establish effective work environment for learning	
1.1 Establish and agree upon objectives and scope of the work-based learning	31
1.2 Analyse work practices and routines to determine their effectiveness in	31
meeting established learning objectives	
1.3 Identify and address OHS implications of using work as the basis for learning	31
2. Develop a work-based learning pathway	
2.1 Address contractual requirements and responsibilities for learning at work	29
2.2 Arrange for integration and monitoring of external learning activities with the	29
work-based learning pathway	
2.3 Obtain agreement from relevant personnel to implement the work-based	29
learning pathway	
3. Establish the learning-facilitation relationship	
3.1 Identify context for learning and individual's learning style	31
3.2 Select appropriate technique or process to facilitate learning and explain the	31
basis of the technique to learner	
3.3 Develop, document and discuss individualised learning plan with learner	10
3.4 Access, read and interpret documentation outlining the OHS responsibilities of	14 31
the various parties in the learning environment	
3.5 Monitor supervisory arrangements appropriate to learner's levels of	31
knowledge, skill and experience to provide support and encouragement and	
ensure learner's health and safety	
4. Implement work-based learning pathway	
4.1 Sequence introduction of workplace tasks, activities and processes to reflect	31
the agreed work-based learning pathway	
4.2 Explain objectives of work-based learning and the processes involved to	31
learner	
4.3 Encourage learner to take responsibility for learning and to self-reflect	31

TAEDEL402A: Plan, organise and facilitate learning in	the workplace Assessment #
4.4 Develop techniques that facilitate learner's transfer of skills ar	
5. Maintain and develop the learning/facilitation relationship	ia knowledge 31
5.1 Prepare for each session	31
5.2 Structure learning activities to support and reinforce new learn	
strengths, and identify areas for further development	ming, build on
5.3 Observe learner cues and change approaches where necessary	y to maintain 31
momentum	y to maintain 31
5.4 Practise ethical behaviour at all times	14 31
5.5 Monitor effectiveness of the learning/facilitation relationship	
meetings between the parties	tinough regular 23
6. Close and evaluate the learning/facilitation relationship	
6.1 Carry out the closure smoothly, using appropriate interperson	al and 31
communication skills	al allu
6.2 Seek feedback from learner on the outcomes achieved and val	lue of the 31 32
relationship	ide of the
6.3 Evaluate and document process, including impact, self evaluat	cion and 32
reflection, and file according to legal and organisational requirement	
7. Monitor and review the effectiveness of the work-based learn	
7.1 Document work performance and learning achievement and k	
according to organisational requirements	eep records 32
7.2 Evaluate effectiveness of the work-based pathway against the	objectives, 32
processes and techniques used	objectives, 32
7.3 Recommend improvements to work-based practice in light of	the review 32
process	the leview 32
Required skills	
RS 1. •oral communication and language skills to:	31
a. •motivate the learner	31
b. otransfer skills and knowledge	
RS 2. •interpersonal skills to maintain appropriate relationship	os 31
RS 3. • observation skills to monitor individual progress	31
RS 4. •literacy skills to:	4 3 1
a. •read and interpret organisational documents, legal contracts	documents and
b. •complete and maintain documentation	
RS 5. •organisational skills to provide guidance and feedback to	o individuals 27 31
RS 6. •communication skills, including:	31
a. •using effective verbal and non-verbal language	31
b. ousing critical listening and questioning techniques	
c. •giving constructive and supportive feedback	
d. •assisting learners to paraphrase advice or instructio	ns back to the
trainer/facilitator	
e. • providing clear and concrete options and advice	
f. •using appropriate industry/profession terminology	and language
g. •ensuring language, literacy and numeracy used is ap	= =
learners	- 1 1 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1
Required knowledge	
RK 1. •systems, processes and practices within the organisatio	n where work- 29
based learning is taking place	
RK 2. •operational demands of the work and impact of change	s on work roles 29
RK 3. •organisational work culture, including industrial relation	
RK 4. •systems for identifying skill needs	29
Systems for identifying skin needs	

TAEDE	L402A: Plan, organise and facilitate learning in the workplace	Assessment #
RK 5.	•introductory knowledge of different learning styles and how to	29 31
	encourage learning in each, for example:	
	a. •visual learners	
	b. •audio learners	
	c. •kinaesthetic learners	
	d. otheoretical learners	
RK 6.	•relevant policy, legislation, codes of practice and national standards that	14
	may affect training and assessment in the vocational education and	
	training sector	
RK 7.	•OHS relating to the work role, including:	14 31
	a. •hazards relating to the industry and specific workplace	
	b. •reporting requirements for hazards and incidents	
	c. •specific procedures for work tasks	
	d. •safe use and maintenance of relevant equipment	
	e. •emergency procedures	
	f. •sources of OHS information	
	aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate	
	ency in this unit Evidence of the ability to:	
CAE 1.	•prepare and facilitate work-based learning	31
CAE 2.	•provide evidence of a minimum of two examples of developing work-	31
	based learning pathways, that include:	
	a. ∘identifying needs for learning	
	b. •analysing work practices, work environment and work activities	
	c. organising and allocating work in a way that reflects learning needs	
	and provides effective learning opportunities through work processes	
CAE 3.	•provide a minimum of two examples of a learning facilitation	31
	relationship being conducted:	
1	a. •with different individuals	
	b. odemonstrating communication skills and flexibility	
	c. •demonstrating one or more of the processes or techniques	
1	identified.	

TAEDEL301A: Provide work skill instruction	Assessment #
1. Organise instruction and demonstration	
1.1 Gather information about learner characteristics and learning needs	11
1.2 Confirm a safe learning environment	31 33
1.3 Gather and check instruction and demonstration objectives and seek assistance if required	31 33
1.4 Access and review relevant learning resources and learning materials for suitability and relevance, and seek assistance to interpret the contextual application	31 33
1.5 Organise access to necessary equipment or physical resources required for instruction and demonstration	31 33
1.6 Notify learners of details regarding the implementation of the learning program and/or delivery plan	31 33
2. Conduct instruction and demonstration	
2.1 Use interpersonal skills with learners to establish a safe and comfortable learning environment	31 33
2.2 Follow the learning program and/or delivery plan to cover all learning objectives	31 33
2.3 Brief learners on any OHS procedures and requirements prior to and during training	31 33
2.4 Use delivery techniques to structure, pace and enhance learning	31 33
2.5 Apply coaching techniques to assist learning	31 33

TAEDEL301A: Provide work skill instruction	Assessment #
2.6 Use communication skills to provide information, instruct learners and	31 33
demonstrate relevant work skills	
2.7 Provide opportunities for practice during instruction and through work	31 33
activities	
2.8 Provide and discuss feedback on learner performance to support learning	31 33
3. Check training performance	
3.1 Use measures to ensure learners are acquiring and can use new technical and	31
generic skills and knowledge	
3.2 Monitor learner progress and outcomes in consultation with learner	31
3.3 Review relationship between the trainer/coach and the learner and adjust to	32
suit learner needs	
4. Review personal training performance and finalise documentation	
4.1 Reflect upon personal performance in providing instruction and	32
demonstration, and document strategies for improvement	
4.2 Maintain, store and secure learner records according to organisational and	28
legal requirements	
Required skills	24.22
RS 1. •verbal and non-verbal communication techniques, such as:	31 33
a. •asking relevant and appropriate questions	
b. •providing explanations	
c. odemonstrating d. ousing listening skills	
e. •providing information clearly	
	24.22
RS 2. •safety skills to implement OHS requirements, by acting and responding	31 33
safely in order to:	
a. •identify hazards	
 b. •conduct pre start-up checks if required c. •observe and interpret learner behaviour that may put people at risk 	
RS 3. •time-management, skills to:	31 33
a. ∘ensure all learning objectives are covered	31 33
b. •pace learning	
RS 4. •reflection skills in order to:	31 33
a. •identify areas for improvement	31 33
b. •maintain personal skill development	
RS 5. •literacy skills to:	31 33
a. •complete and maintain documentation	31 33
b. •read and follow learning programs and plans	
c. •read and analyse learner information	
RS 6. •technology skills to operate audio-visual and technical equipment	31 33
RS 7. •interpersonal skills to:	31 33
a. engage, motivate and connect with learners	3133
b. •provide constructive feedback	
c. •maintain appropriate relationships	
d. •establish trust	
e. •use appropriate body language	
f. omaintain humour	
g. odemonstrate tolerance	
h. ∘manage a group	
i. ∘recognise and be sensitive to individual difference and diversity	

TAEDE	L301A: Provide work skill instruction	Assessment #
RS 8.	•observation skills to:	31 33
	a. omonitor learner acquisition of new skills, knowledge and	
	competency requirements	
	b. oassess learner communication and skills in interacting with others	
	c. oidentify learner concerns	
	d. orecognise learner readiness to take on new skills and tasks	
Require	ed knowledge	
RK 1.	•learner characteristics and needs	27 29 31 32 33
RK 2.	•content and requirements of the relevant learning program and/or delivery plan	10 28 29 31 33
RK 3.	•sources and availability of relevant learning resources and learning materials	28 31 33
RK 4.	•content of learning resources and learning materials	28 31 33
RK 5.	•training techniques that enhance learning and when to use them	27 28 29 31 32 33
RK 6.	•introductory knowledge of learning principles and learning styles	27
RK 7.	•key OHS issues in the learning environment, including:	14 31 33
	a. oroles and responsibilities of key personnel	•
	b. •responsibilities of learners	
	c. •relevant policies and procedures, including hazard identification, risk	
	assessment, reporting requirements, safe use of equipment and	
	emergency procedures	
	d. orisk controls for the specific learning environment	
	aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate	
	ency in this unit Evidence of the ability to:	2.22
CAE 1.	•carry out a minimum of three training sessions, involving demonstrating	31 33
	and instructing particular work skills for different groups; with each	
	session addressing:	
	a. •different learning objectives	
	b. •a range of techniques and effective communication skills	
	appropriate to the audience.	

BSBLED401A: Develop teams and individuals	Assessment #
1. Determine development needs	
1.1 Systematically identify and implement learning and development needs in line	11 12 13
with organisational requirements	
1.2 Ensure that a learning plan to meet individual and group training and	12 13
development needs is collaboratively developed, agreed to and implemented	
1.3 Encourage individuals to self-evaluate performance and identify areas for	11
improvement	
1.4 Collect feedback on performance of team members from relevant sources and	11
compare with established team learning needs	
2. Develop individuals and teams	
2.1 Identify learning and development program goals and objectives, ensuring a	11 12 13
match to the specific knowledge and skill requirements of competency standards	
relevant to the industry	
2.2 Ensure that learning delivery methods are appropriate to the learning goals,	31 12 13
the learning style of participants, and availability of equipment and resources	
2.3 Provide workplace learning opportunities, and coaching and mentoring	31
assistance to facilitate individual and team achievement of competencies	
2.4 Create development opportunities that incorporates a range of activities and	31
support materials appropriate to the achievement of identified competencies	
2.5 Identify and approve resources and time lines required for learning activities in	12 13
accordance with organisational requirements	

BSBLE	D401A: Develop teams and individuals	Assessment #
3. Mor	itor and evaluate workplace learning	
3.1 Use feedback from individuals or teams to identify and implement		32
improv	ements in future learning arrangements	
3.2 Ass	ess and record outcomes and performance of individuals/teams to	32
determ	ine the effectiveness of development programs and the extent of	
	nal development support	
	otiate modifications to learning plans to improve the efficiency and	13
	eness of learning	
	ument and maintain records and reports of competency according to	13
	ational requirements	
Require		
RS 1.	•communication skills to receive and report on feedback, to maintain	31 32
	effective relationships and to manage conflict	
RS 2.	•culturally appropriate communication skills to relate to people from	13 31
	diverse backgrounds and people with diverse abilities	
RS 3.	•leadership skills to gain trust and confidence of clients and colleagues	31
RS 4.	•literacy skills to read, write and understand a variety of texts; and to edit	11.31
	and proofread documents to ensure clarity of meaning, accuracy and	
	consistency of information	
RS 5.	 negotiation skills to achieve mutually acceptable outcomes 	31
RS 6.	•technology skills to support effective communication and presentation.	31
	ed knowledge	
RK 1.	•key provisions of relevant legislation from all levels of government that	14 31
	may affect aspects of business operations, such as:	
	a. •anti-discrimination legislation	
	b. •ethical principles	
	c. •codes of practice	
	d. •privacy laws	
DIC 2	e. •occupational health and safety (OHS)	27 20 20 24 22
RK 2.	•facilitation techniques to encourage team development and	27 28 29 31 32
DV 2	improvement durant solution and accordance of the solution accordance of the solution and accordance of the solution accordance of the sol	1.4
RK 3.	•organisational policies, plans and procedures	14
RK 4.	•career paths and competency standards relevant to the industry.	4 10 12 29
Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate		
	ency in this unit Evidence of the following is essential: •identifying and implementing learning opportunities for others	11 12
CAE 1.		11 12
CAE 2.	 giving and receiving feedback from team members to encourage participation in and effectiveness of team 	31
CAE 3.	creating learning plans to match skill needs	12
CAE 4.	knowledge of relevant legislation.	
CAE 4.	Thiowieuge of Televalit legislation.	14

BSBCMM401A: Make a presentation	Assessment #	
1. Prepare a presentation		
1.1 Plan and document presentation approach and intended outcomes	31	
1.2 Choose presentation strategies, format and delivery methods that match the	31	
characteristics of the target audience, location, resources and personnel needed		
1.3 Select presentation aids, materials and techniques that suit the format and	31	
purpose of the presentation, and will enhance audience understanding of key		
concepts and central ideas		
1.4 Brief others involved in the presentation on their roles/responsibilities within	33	
the presentation		
1.5 Select techniques to evaluate presentation effectiveness	32	

BSBCMM401A: Make a presentation	Assessment #
2. Deliver a presentation	
2.1 Explain and discuss desired outcomes of the presentation with the target	31
audience	
2.2 Use presentation aids, materials and examples to support target audience	31
understanding of key concepts and central ideas	
2.3 Monitor non-verbal and verbal communication of participants to promote	31
attainment of presentation outcomes	
2.4 Use persuasive communication techniques to secure audience interest	31
2.5 Provide opportunities for participants to seek clarification on central ideas and	31
concepts, and adjust the presentation to meet participant needs and preferences	
2.6 Summarise key concepts and ideas at strategic points to facilitate participant	31
understanding	
3. Review the presentation	
3.1 Implement techniques to review the effectiveness of the presentation	32
3.2 Seek and discuss reactions to the presentation from participants or from key	32
personnel involved in the presentation	
3.3 Utilise feedback from the audience or from key personnel involved in the	32
presentation to make changes to central ideas presented	
Required skills	
RS 1. •culturally appropriate communication skills to relate to people from	31
diverse backgrounds and people with diverse abilities	
RS 2. •facilitation and presentation skills to communicate central ideas of a	31
message in an informative and engaging manner, and to utilise verbal and	d
non-verbal techniques to sustain participant engagement	
RS 3. •literacy skills to prepare presentation information and to write in a rang	e 31
of styles for different target audiences.	
Required knowledge	
RK 1. •data collection methods that will support review of presentations	32
RK 2. •industry, product/service	31
RK 3. •key provisions of relevant legislation from all forms of government that	14 30
may affect aspects of business operations, such as:	
a. ∘anti-discrimination legislation	
b. •ethical principles	
c. •codes of practice	
d. oprivacy laws	
e. •environmental issues	
f. occupational health and safety	27.00.00
RK 4. •principles of effective communication	27 30 32
RK 5. •range of presentation aids and materials available to support presentations.	30
Critical aspects for assessment and evidence required to demonstrate	
competency in this unit Evidence of the following is essential:	
CAE 1. •preparation, delivery and evaluation of the effectiveness of at least two	31 32
presentations related to the candidate's occupation or area of interest	
CAE 2. •knowledge of the principles of effective communication.	31 32

Assessment Task 9	EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS
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