

Technical Information

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ ***Commercial & Industrial White Paper***

This document is intended to introduce Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ to industrial and commercial users in the trucking, transportation, mining, construction and power generation industries globally.



Distributed By: Syntek Global Inc.
12382 South Gateway Park Place Suite B800
Draper, UT 84020
801-386-5007

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™

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This document is intended to introduce Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ to industrial and commercial users in the trucking, transportation, mining, construction and power generation industries globally. This product, which is distributed by Syntek Global™ is a multi-purpose and comprehensive fuel treatment which has been extensively tested in various businesses and industries and has proven to result in positive economic, operational and environmental benefits. The use of this product has been deployed on a worldwide basis in multiple sectors of the transportation, mining and power generation industries and has produced significant results in all benefit categories.

Exhaustive testing and subsequent results were aimed at proving four value propositions:

- Operational: Fuel economy and engine efficiency
- Environmental: Non-hazardous solution for reduced emissions
- Maintenance: Decreasing costs and capital expenditures for assets: increasing asset availability
- Economic: Overall net savings directly impacting the bottom line

Although all four areas have been evaluated, the tests were focused mainly on a combination of the quickest and most measurable value propositions that directly impact the bottom line (fuel economy) and the environment (reduced emissions).

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ was initially developed by a Fortune 500 laboratory to solve the issues surrounding the storage of fuels for stand-by power systems. Engines are often negatively impacted by the quality and variance of fuels. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ addresses these issues by returning to, or keeping fuels within, international (ASTM and ISO) specifications.

With the addition of the latest in organo-metallic catalyst chemistry to improve overall combustion efficiency, Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ has evolved to meet additional business needs and requirements. The addition of an advanced synthetic lubricity agent to counter the effects of low sulfur fuels on engine components completes the product's applicability to the transportation sector.

The result is a comprehensive, highly tested, patented fuel treatment formulation that can deliver tremendous value to all fuel consuming industries.

Syntek Global's Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ occupies a unique position in the market, as it delivers considerably more value than conventional single purpose fuel additives. The following represent the main functional components:

- Combustion catalyst and burn-rate modifier;
- Acts as a cetane improver to lower the ignition point;
- Reduces emissions, including soot, CO, NOX and THCs (total hydrocarbons);
- Demulsifies, moving water from the fuel;

- Acts as a lubricator and detergent;
- As a dispersant, eliminates any existing solids in the fuel;
- As a polymerization retardant, prevents the further formulation of solids;
- Retards internal corrosion and breakdown of fuel tanks;
- Prevents catalytic oxidation as a metal deactivator;

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ is soluble in all fuels and fuel oils, is non-hazardous, and requires an extremely low treatment rate, as 1 U.S. gallon treats 10,000 U.S. gallons of fuel (1/4 ounce treats 20 gallons of fuel). Detailed product information can be found in Exhibit A – Product information, Exhibit B – MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet), and Exhibit C – Frequently Asked Questions.

Impact of a “Better Burn”

When evaluating the combustion process, the better the ‘burn’ of the available fuel, the more CO₂ gas results, and the more horsepower is generated. The result is improved fuel economy. Measurements of these combustion bi-products can attest to the impact of the burn rate modifier:

Fuel = Carbon → Particulate matter (soot) + HC → CO → CO₂

This process shows that the more complete the burn of the fuel, the further to the right the amounts measured will increase. Fuel breaks down into carbon, which is measured as particulate matter (soot) and unburned hydrocarbons (un-burned fuel). The other gases are increased if the fuel is burned more effectively.

Continual testing includes the measurement of the bi-products before and after the use of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™. Observations were noted regarding the reduction of carbon on key engine components, indicating a better burn. The decrease in particulate matter and unburned hydrocarbons (HC) means better emissions. It is important to note that Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ positively affects the process, and does so at a lower temperature of activation of combustion. This has a secondary effect of decreasing NOX when the engine is properly maintained and the air-fuel mixture is set to the correct specification.

Impact of Lubricity

Recent legislative changes to reduce sulfur content in fuels have meant a decrease in the inherent lubricity of diesel fuels. Experts estimate that as much as 50 percent of today’s ULSD (ultra-low sulfur diesel) pool will need a lubricity improver to meet engine manufacturer’s specifications and that up to 75 percent of the diesel pool could require treatment as refiners convert to ULSD production in 2006 and beyond.

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ includes a synthetic lubricity agent that addresses the Engine Manufacturers Association (EMA) preferred diesel fuel lubricity specification, the FQP-1.

The ASTM D-6079 diesel lubricity specification test balances input from engine makers, standards officials, and fuels producers. It says that a “wear scar” no larger than 520 μm (microns) in diameter should result from a standardized wear test. The lubricity agent in XFT™, when analyzed under the ASTM D-6079 test specifications produced a wear scar of only 440 μm, far exceeding the requirements for lubricity specifications required by engine manufacturers.

Fuel in Storage

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ deals with all of the issues surrounding fuel stability in storage. A number of factors have been identified that lead to the contamination and deterioration of fuel. This means that it will slowly separate out of ASTM specifications, negatively affecting combustion, and contributing to harmful emissions. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ removes water, prevents molecular chaining of hydrocarbons, prevents catalytic oxidation of the fuel, prevents corrosion of the tanks eliminating particles, and loosens up existing sludge build-up.

Warranty Issues

When considering changes to the combustion process, there is concern regarding the impact on the mechanical operation of the engine, and the OEM warranty. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ does not affect the mechanical operation of the engine; it deals with the specification and capability that the fuel delivers.

It is standard practice for OEM's to neither endorse, nor condemn the use of after-market treatments or fuel additives. The use of a fuel additive, in itself, does not void any manufacturer's warranty. Several manufacturers offer their own application specific additives, or diesel fuel conditioners. The Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act (US Code – Title 15, Chapter 50, Sections 2301-2312) prevents an engine manufacturer from voiding a warranty on a vehicle due to an aftermarket part or treatment, unless they can prove that the aftermarket part or treatment caused, or contributed, to the failure of the vehicle.

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ has a history within the transportation sector. Users have reported no negative long-term effects resulting from treating fuel. This includes users of the product over many consecutive years in bussing, locomotive/railroads, transit, ocean-faring ships, mining, and trucking fleets. None has reported an issue surrounding warranty coverage.

Summary

The need to conform to recognized standards has been met by holding Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ up to the scrutiny of extensive laboratory and practical testing.

- Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ has achieved ASTM D975 and ISO fuel specifications;
- The EPA has approved the product through its comprehensive registration and evaluation process (#217020001 per CFR 79.23) (see exhibit D – EPA Registration);
- Under the testing required by the American Trucking Association, the SAE J1321 TMC/SAE Fuel Consumption Test Procedure Type II, Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ achieved an 8.2% fuel economy improvement. This test was conducted by an independent lab under rigid test protocols to ensure a test accuracy of $\pm 1\%$.
- That the inclusion of the lubricity agent has ensured that Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ meets the Engine Manufacturer's standard FQP-1 for lubricity;

Due to the benefits the product offers, and the multiple value propositions that it delivers, organizations that deploy many varying pieces of equipment and require large amounts of fuel would be in a position to recognize the greatest return.

Case Studies

General

Following the initiation of discussions with the test company in the fleet management organization, it became apparent that there was a need to perform tests on varying vehicles to prove the value, and the comprehensive nature, of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™. This resulted in the decision to test different types of vehicles.

Prior to the initiation of the test of Syntek Xtreme Fuel Treatment™, time was taken with the appropriate personnel to confirm the validity of the product and its affect on the fuel systems in question. A number of references were contacted, and a methodology was established to offer the best 'over the road' fuel test procedures. A qualified third party technician would be necessary to analyze the effects of the solution on the engine efficiency and would also provide measurements regarding emissions.

Test Procedures

It was decided to test the product on two vehicles operating with different engines, one diesel and the other gasoline powered. In order to measure the effect of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ on the two vehicles, a baseline mile per gallon was established through analysis of recent fuel records. The drivers and mechanics were also provided an opportunity to offer their feedback.

Findings

The following are the results of the tests conducted on the diesel and gasoline powered vehicles operated under the Fleet Management unit of the test company. As a solution offers a number of value propositions, each has been separated to provide detailed analysis.

- **Fuel Economy and Engine Efficiency:** Starting in January and running for six weeks, Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ was deployed in two roving mechanic's vehicles, one a GM Diesel and the other a Ford gas powered truck. Research indicated that the diesel vehicle averaged 12.4 miles per gallon, and the gas powered vehicle 9.1 miles per gallon. Following compilation of six weeks of test data, it was determined that the vehicles averaged a 12% improvement in fuel economy. This result was achieved despite very poor weather conditions. The drivers also noted that their vehicles started without hesitation compared to others who had difficulties in the same harsh temperatures. During the same period, results for other testing efforts working with Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ included a 9.34% improvement for a long-haul trucking group, a 7.2% improvement for large trash and recycling service, and a 7.0% improvement for a long and short haul freight logistics company. Engine efficiency on the test vehicles improved by 21% as a result of a better burn of the fuel.
- **Environmental:** The Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ is a non-hazardous fuel treatment. Within the composition of the product, there are no carcinogenic chemicals that effect handling, and there is no alcohol that would dry out the chamber and injectors. It can easily and safely be transport, handled and stored.

Regarding the tests, emissions decreased as a results of the amount of fuel being used that was treated with XFT™. As all the tests have proven, the better burn of the existing fuel means better fuel economy, and better emissions. The chemical process with the correct air/fuel mixture would result in lower NOX emissions when the fuel is treated with XFT™.

- **Maintenance:** The composition of XFT™ includes a number of components aimed at improving efficiency by affecting the fuel and cleaning/lubricating the entire fuel system. As a result, the solution assists in lubricating these components to ensure their continue best 'spray'. The ability to hold off on the corrective maintenance and to integrate the use of XFT™ would also assist in decreasing the intervals between preventative maintenance scheduling.

The better the burn, the less black smoke, resulting in less carbon and soot that can damage engine and exhaust components. The decrease in temperature of activation for combustion means less wear and tear on components; extending the service life of these components allows for an increase in the service interval, improving productivity, and increasing maintenance hour for other functions. Other savings would include the cost of spare-parts inventory and the downtime of these assets.

- **Economic:** It has been proven that the use of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ offers significant benefits in each of the tested areas; indeed, the science would suggest that it would offer similar value to any fuel-operated device.

In assessing the impact of using XFT™, the tests confirm the possible net savings available to fleet management companies with regard to fuel economy alone. As noted, these finding are also indicative of the findings of others in the Transportation sector.

The following areas of concern are not included in the financial impact:

1. Reduced maintenance costs, including, but not limited to, reducing maintenance hours, injector changes, spare-parts inventory, and improved engine life;
2. Reduced life cycle costs (cleaner fuel systems and cleaner engines);
3. Improved asset utilization allowing for increased productivity;
4. Increased serviceability and availability leads to the elimination of capital equipment costs;
5. Possible elimination of the costs associated with using other single-purpose fuel additives currently used;
6. Improved cold starting, smoother idling, and elimination of black smoke; and
7. Improved environmental citizenship.

The overall economic impact evaluation for the testing company was as follows:

Treatment ratio: 1 gallon (US) treats 10,000 gallons (US) or 37,854 liters of fuel

Consumption (Gal/yr)	Savings (%)	Savings (Gal/yr)	Fuel Costs (\$/yr)	Savings (\$/yr)	Net Costs (\$)	Net Savings (\$)
8,778,332	12.0	1,053,400	\$22,823,663	\$2,738,840	\$317,616	\$2,421,224

Deployment Considerations

There are a number of packaging and deployment options that will minimize the expense of implementation, and have minimal impact on logistics expense.

Because of the high concentration of XFT™ and the low treatment ratio (one gallon U.S. to 10,000 gallons of fuel), on-site inventory of the product should remain low, minimizing capital outlay to purchase product in advance. The variety of packaging options also ensures ease of use for the addition directly into the fuel.

The most feasible way for fuel to be treated with XFT™ is to add the product directly to large size fuel storage tanks. It might also be possible to arrange with individual fuel suppliers to treat fuel in the delivery vehicle's tanks. This option will obviously depend on the overall amount of fuel being purchased and the willingness of the supplier to treat the fuel before delivery.

Packaging options are also available to treat quantities as small as twenty (20) gallons at a time. This option can be used with smaller vehicles that do not always refuel at central fueling stations.

Conclusion

Syntek Global's Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ has been tested in laboratory and field operations, and is currently in use with a large number of organizations globally. As a result of this ongoing testing, it has been demonstrated that the product offers considerable value. Ongoing use of XFT™ offers significant benefits for any sized organization, the effects of which can be seen in the areas of operational efficiency, environment protection, decreased costs of maintenance and capital outlay, and overall economic savings through reduced fuel consumption, all of which can directly impact the bottom line.

Syntek Global Proprietary Chemistry

The driving component, or primary active ingredient in Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ is an organo-metallic fuel catalyst, which has been evaluated utilizing some of the most stringent testing procedures by reputable and reliable laboratories and government entities.

SAE Paper 900154 – concluded that the active ingredient included in XFT™ improved fuel octane quality, reduced emissions dramatically, while improving fuel efficiency.

U.S. Department of Interior Bureau of Mines Paper RI 9438 – determined that the active ingredient utilized in XFT™ reduces emissions significantly.

Southwest Research Diesel Engine Emission Control Technologies Paper, Appendix B, subsection B.3.5, describes the active ingredient in XFT as a catalyst component that increases cetane and reduces burnout time and temperature requirements in new Diesel Particulate Filters (DPF).

Southwest Research Paper, Hydrocarbon Fuel Chemistry provides documentation that the active ingredient in XFT™ reduces compression ignition emissions as much as 20% and improves fuel efficiency as much as 10%.

NIOSH IC 9642, Department of Health and Human Services Paper, subsection 2.2.3 indicates that the active ingredient incorporated in XFT™ reduces smoke particulate by 25% and reduces burnout time and temperatures in new Diesel Particulate Filters (DPF).

Canadian Environment Protection Agency Paper, subsection 5.2.4.1 determined that the active ingredient utilized in XFT™ reduces Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) filterable matter by 23% and reduces total particulate matter by 22%.

California Air Resource Board (CARB), 3D Air Quality-Emission Report; appendix b states that the active ingredient contained in XFT™ reduces burnout time and temperature of new Diesel Particulate Filters (DPF). Tests show reductions of particulates by 20% without the DPF and two-fold reductions with DPF.

Olsen Laboratories determined that XFT™ reduced emissions during the EPA Highway Fuel Economy Test (HFET) and Federal Test Procedure (FTP).

There are many more such tests available documenting the performance of the organo-metallic active ingredient which is a vital part of the success of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™. For this reason, critical think entities, such as those mentioned in this document, have evaluated this organo-metallic compound many times to insure qualitative and quantitative performance.

Possible Examples of net savings estimates (for reference only)

Example 1:

Treatment: 1 gallon (US) treats 10,000 gallons of fuel

MSRP: \$1,300.00/gallon or
\$29,900.00/55 gallons drum

Consumption (gal/yr)	Savings (%) *	Savings (gal/yr)	Fuel Costs (\$/yr) **	Savings (\$/yr)	XFT™ Cost (\$) ***	Net Savings (\$)
1,500,000	8.0%	120,000	\$3,900,000	\$312,000	\$87,900	\$224,100
1,500,000	10.0%	150,000	\$3,900,000	\$390,000	\$87,900	\$302,100
1,500,000	12.0%	180,000	\$3,900,000	\$458,000	\$87,900	\$370,100

Example:

Treatment: 1 gallon (US) treats 10,000 gallons of fuel

MSRP: \$1,300.00/gallon or
\$24,900.00/55 gallon drums****

Consumption (gal/yr)	Savings (%) *	Savings (gal/yr)	Fuel Costs (\$/yr) **	Savings (\$/yr)	XFT™ Cost (\$) ****	Net Savings (\$)
6,000,000	8.0%	480,000	\$22,800,000	\$1,824,000	\$273,900	\$1,550,100
6,000,000	10.0%	600,000	\$22,800,000	\$2,280,000	\$273,900	\$2,006,100
6,000,000	12.0%	720,000	\$22,800,000	\$2,736,000	\$273,900	\$2,462,100

*Potential Savings

**Projection based on \$3.80 per gallon

***Based on 55-gallon pricing

****Multiple drum purchase required to secure this price

Examples reflect only savings generated through reduced fuel consumption and do NOT include any additional savings that can be realized through reduced maintenance, reduced spare parts inventory, reduced engine downtime, overall operational efficiency, and increased equipment life cycle. These savings will be in addition to any of the above amounts.

Exhibit A - Product Information

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ is a unique blend of oil soluble organo-metallics that result in better overall performance of your combustion engine. When added to gasoline or diesel fuel, Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ results in increases in MPG and available horsepower, reductions in carbon build-up and carbon related maintenance problems, and reductions in harmful emissions and pollutants sent into the environment through the use of fossil fuels. The purpose of this report is to provide a detailed explanation about how Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ accomplishes these results.

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ contains an advanced burn-rate modifier and combustion surface modifier catalyst, which, when combined with gasoline or diesel fuel, (1) increases the rate of the combustion reaction and (2) changes the molecular surface structure of the fuel to achieve a more efficient combustion process.

A catalyst is a substance that lowers the amount of energy required to start a reaction and which increases the rate at which the reaction occurs without being used up during the process. The catalyst is utilized over and over again without undergoing permanent degradation. The ingredients in Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ are used over and over again. When this occurs, the overall combustion time is altered, which makes the small treatment application of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ possible.

The active ingredient in Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ prevents soot particles from adhering to equipment and metal surfaces. The product deactivates the sites where undesirable chemistry occurs. Soot particles are composed of an inner core and an outer shell, as seen using high-powers transition electron microscopes (TEM). The inner core of soot particles is made up of small carbon particulates and the outer shell is formed by carbon crystallites that have a graphite structure, located parallel to the periphery of the inner core. Once the outer shell is formed, combustion of the soot particle is almost impossible. In order to reduce soot formation in diesel engines, mechanisms that oxidize the inner core of soot, before completely formed, are required. The active ingredients in Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ are effective in facilitating this process.

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ also reduces the fuel droplet size and thus increases the surface area where combustion occurs. This reduction in fuel droplet size allows for the increase in the frequency of fuel oxygen collisions, ultimately increasing the concentration of reactants, and thereby increasing the rate of the reaction. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ initiates the fuel combustion process at a temperature 400 degrees Fahrenheit lower than the normal ignition point. This reaction produces a combustion and fuel-burn efficiency that more closely resembles the ideal OTTO Cycle for gasoline engines and more efficient fuel burn in diesel engines.

The more efficient combustion process resulting from Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ eliminates the formation of soot particles in diesel engines by causing combustion of the hydrocarbons before the coagulation of condensates can occur.

Combustion surface modification is an important component of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™. Larger particle surface areas result in a more complete burn of the available fuel and reduced particle mass build-up. Corrosive and abrasive engine deposits never form, or if present, are gradually eliminated through ongoing and improved fuel combustion. By burning and eliminating soot particle build-up on equipment surfaces, harmful emissions are reduced significantly.

Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ can also prevent the buildup of carbon deposits on the gas side of turbochargers. As a result, the rated efficiency of the turbocharger can be maintained and water washing can be significantly reduced.

Exhibit A - Product Information, Continued

The additional components of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ include detergents for both gasoline and diesel engines, lubricants to treat pumps and injectors, a corrosion inhibitor to keep metal parts of the fuel system like new, a demulsifier to reduce and eliminate condensation in the fuel system, stability agents to prolong the life of stored fuel, and polymerization retardants to reduce solid formation. Additional benefits of using Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ include reduced cold and acid corrosion, reduced high temperature corrosion and more.

The highly concentrated blend of ingredients in Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ (1/4 ounce treats up to 20 gallons of fuel) eliminates the need for multiple products that are intended to treat just one symptom. Regular use of Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ will allow for optimum results in engine performance when combined with regular and scheduled maintenance of any combustion engine.

Exhibit B - MSDS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
SYNTEK GLOBAL INC.
12382 SOUTH GATEWAY PARK PLACE, SUITE B800
DRAPER, UT 84020

SECTION 1

Identity (as used on label): Xtreme Fuel Treatment
Chemical Names and Synonyms: Fuel Inhibitor & Burn Rate Modifier/Catalyst
Chemical Family: Not Applicable
Formula: Complex Mixture
Date Prepared: November 20, 2009
INFORMATION: 1-801-386-5007 EMERGENCY RESPONSE: 1-800-424-9300

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS)

HEALTH: 2
FLAMMABILITY: 2
REACTIVITY: 0
SPECIAL NOTICE: -

SECTION II – HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS

CONCENTRATIONS

Proprietary Oil Compound	N.A.	Trade Secret
Proprietary Compound	N.A.	Trade Secret
Proprietary Compound II	N.A.	Trade Secret
Proprietary Distillate	N.A.	Trade Secret
Proprietary Solvent	N.A.	Trade Secret

SECTION III – PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Density (LB/gal): 6.88
Solubility in Water: Slight
Appearance and Odor: Amber to Orange Liquid, Organic, Solvent odor

SECTION IV- FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flash Point (Method Used): 164° F (P.M.C.C.)
Extinguishing Media: CO₂ Foam, Dry Chemical or Halon
Special Fire Fighting Procedure: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not extinguish with water.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None

SECTION V – REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable
Conditions to Avoid: Open Flame
Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)
 Strong oxidizing agents
Hazardous Decomposition Products:
 Irritating and/or toxic fumes including CO, CO₂, N and S Compounds may be released.
Hazardous Polymerization: None
Condition to Avoid: None
Inhalation- can cause irritation, dizziness, nausea, fatigue, headache, and unconsciousness or asphyxiation.
Ingestion- can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Exhibit B - MSDS, Continued

IDENTITY: XTREME FUEL TREATMENT

SECTION VI – HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: Not determined for product, see Section II

Route (s) of Entry:

Inhalation?	Yes
Skin?	Yes
Ingestion?	Yes

TOXICITY (ACUTE & CHRONIC)

This proprietary amine compound is a mild eye irritant. The acute oral LD50 (rat) is .612 gm/kg. The acute dermal LD50 (rat) is greater than .251 gm/kg. The acute inhalation LC50 is greater than 1 mg/L for one hour exposure (rat).

CARCINOGENICITY: NPT-NO IARC-NO OSHA-NO

Napthenic Oil may cause skin and eye irritation.

CARCINOGENICITY: NPT-NO IARC-NO OSHA-NO

Hexahydro – 1, 3, 5 – triethyl-s-triazine has an acute oral LD50 (rats) of 280 mg/kg. The acute dermal LD50 (rabbits) is 400 mg/kg.

Acute hepatotoxicity studies have shown severe toxic focal necrosis of the liver in rats. There were no teratogenic effects in a developmental toxicity study with rats.

CARCINOGENICITY NTP-NO IARC-NO OSHA-NO

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Eyes – can cause irritation, redness, blurred vision. Skin – prolonged contact can cause irritation, dermatitis.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID:

Skin – wash with soap and water

Eyes – flush with copious amounts of water, get medical attention

Inhalation – remove to fresh air. If breathing is impaired get medical attention

Ingestion – do not induce vomiting. Keep warm, get medical attention

SECTION VII – PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be taken in case material is released and spilled:

Clean spill with absorbent material

Eliminate ignition sources

Do not store greasy materials in enclosed containers or for long periods of time.

Waste Disposal Method:

Dispose of waste in a chemical landfill as approved by current, local, state and federal laws and regulations

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing:

Protect from physical damage. Store in cool, dry ventilated area away from acids, alkalis, and open flames

Other Precautions:

None

SECTION VII – CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection:

Use NIOSH approved organic respirator if TWA/TLV limits are exceeded

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust - Use to maintain levels below TWA limits

Mechanical - Use non-sparking equipment

Special - None

Other - None

Protective Gloves - Chemical resistant gloves

Eye Protection - Wear safety glasses or goggles

Other Protective Equipment or Practices:

None

INFORMATION ON THIS FORM IS FURNISHED SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF COMPLIANCE WITH
OSHA'S HAZARD COMMUNICATIONS STANDARD, 29 CFR 1910.1200 AND SHALL NOT BE USED FOR
ANY OTHER PURPOSE.
(SIMILAR TO OSHA FORM 174)

Exhibit C - Frequently Asked Questions

Q. Will using the Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ void the engine manufacturer's warranty?

A. No, Engine manufactures cannot discriminate against the use of a fuel additive. Under the terms of the Magnuson-Moss Warranty act, engine manufacturers must take the position that the use of a fuel additive does NOT void the engine warranty unless it can be proven that the specific additive was the cause of the failure. Manufactures may assert that the use of certain additives may prove useful.

Q. How does Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ work?

A. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ contains an oil soluble, organo-metallic compound which functions as a 'burn rate modifier' and a 'catalyst' to lower the ignition point of fuel in the combustion chamber. It reduces the temperature of the burn from 1200°F to 800°F which increases the length of the time of the fuel burn. This results in a more complete burn of the available BTU's of the fuel. The product also causes a reduction in the fuel droplet size that is injected into the combustion chamber, thus increasing the surface area available to be burned. This results in a more complete fuel burn, which adds horse power, increases mileage, reduces emissions and cleans the engine.

Q. What makes Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ different from all the other additives on the market?

A. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ is a proven fuel treatment, used in the mining industry for the last 11 years. It is very concentrated; one gallon will treat 10,000 gallons of fuel. Not only does it have a combustion catalyst that will help increase fuel economy, Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ also has detergents, to remove harmful deposits from fuel pumps and injectors, lubricants to provide lubrication to pistons, fuel pumps, injectors and reduces friction, fuel stabilizers to prolong the life of stored fuel, polymerization retardant and dispersants to reduce sludge in fuel, rust and corrosion inhibitors to prevent fuel system corrosion and demulsifiers to help reduce water that forms in fuel.

Q. Can I use lower grades of fuel when using Xtreme Fuel Treatment™?

A. The Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ formula allows you to use the lowest octane fuel without causing pings or lower engine performance.

Q. What happens if I put more Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ in my tank than is recommended?

A. Over treating will not cause any negative effects on your engine. However, you will not get better results by using more of the formula. The recommended treatment rate has proven to provide the best results.

Q. Do I need to add the Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ on an empty tank?

A. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ is made to disperse quickly into your complete fuel tank; it does not matter if you add the additive on an empty tank or a full tank. However, it makes more sense to add the additive before you begin pumping your fuel.

Q. When I pour the additive into my tank, there seems to be some that sits on the metal flap of my gas tank inlet, what happens to that product.

A. The additive will only remain on the top of the inlet flap for a few seconds before seeping beyond the flap and down into the fuel tank. It is recommended that you add Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ before you begin to pump the fuel which helps disperse the additive throughout the fuel tank.

Exhibit C - Frequently Asked Questions, Continued

Q. What does the EPA registration mean?

A. In order to get an EPA registration, a product must pass a three phase tier test. The purpose is to ensure the quality of the additive being used in combustion engines. It does not mean that the EPA endorses the product.

Q. Will using your product damage my engine?

A. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ has been specifically tested to ensure complete compliance with all standards and performance criteria. The product will not damage any engine.

Q. Is Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ classified as a hazardous material?

A. Xtreme Fuel Treatment™ is considered a non-hazardous material and can be shipped without specific hazardous warnings. The product MSDS (material safety data sheet) is available upon request. Medical treatment is necessary if product should be taken internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Q. Can I use the instrument panel in my vehicle that shows 'miles to empty' and MPG as a true measurement?

A. Most computers in today's cars and trucks show an average of savings and can be calculated in a number of different ways. It is advised, before using Xtreme Fuel Treatment™, to get a true MPG base line, by dividing the number of miles traveled by the gallons of fuel used. Then, once the additive is used, reevaluate the savings by the same method. If you pull a boat or trailer you may have to remove the positive battery connection to reset the computer to get an accurate reading on your instrument panel.

Q. What is the difference between Flash Point and Combustion Point?

A. The flash point of any volatile liquid is expressed by the lowest temperature at which that liquid can vaporize with the addition of an oxidizer (air) into an ignitable mixture with the assistance of an outside ignition source. Now, this does not mean that the mixture will continue to burn once the ignition source is removed; it only means that it will ignite with an outside ignition source. Continued burning of the volatile liquid is referred to as the "Fire Point."

The combustion or ignition point of a volatile liquid is significantly different. That is the point in which fuel is injected into a combustion chamber, at some point above autoignition (around 500 degrees K.), where in it mixes completely with an oxidizer (air) and ignites. This takes place some where around 800 to 900 degrees K. This is only an estimate in temperature since temperature is affected by so many other variables, i.e., fuel type, air inlet temperature, load, engine design, etc. Again, this is only the combustion or ignition point, since combustion temperatures vastly exceed combustion or ignition point temperatures due to thermal heat expansion.

Exhibit D - EPA Registration



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

JAN 17 2008

Syntek Global Inc.
Mr. Curt Ence
Vice President

OFFICE OF
AIR AND RADIATION

Dear Mr. Ence:

Pursuant to your December 3, 2007 notification, the following fuel additive has been registered per 40 CFR 79.23 (our internal identification number precedes the name):

217020001 Syntek Engine Boost 2.0

Note that per 40 CFR 79.21(f) you would be required to notify us in writing if certain information in your notification were to change. In addition, note, that with your notification, you have provided assurances that you will not represent, directly or indirectly, in any notice, circular, letter, or other written communication, or any written, oral or pictorial notice or other announcement in any publication or by radio or television, that registration of this additive constitutes endorsement, certification, or approval by any agency of the United States.

Please call (202) 343-9754 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "K. Simon".

Karl J. Simon
Director
Compliance and Innovative Strategies Division