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#### Our People

#### <u>Population</u>

In 2009, Tendring had a population of 148,000<sup>1</sup> people (representing 10.6% of the total population of Essex), making it the 4<sup>th</sup> most populated of all the Essex districts. Tendring covers an area of around 338 square km, making it the 6<sup>th</sup> largest district in Essex. Tendring is the 8<sup>th</sup> most densely populated Essex district, with 438 people per square km. Accounting for the mix of rural and urban areas, the density within the towns of Clacton, Frinton & Harwich is actually much greater than the County-average.

Figure 1.1 shows the district-level populations & population density in Essex (population, in 000's)

	Population (000's, 2009)	Area (sq. km) <sup>2</sup>	Population density (people per sq. km)
Essex	1,399.0	3,465	404
Harlow	80.6	30.5	2,643
Castle Point	89.2	45.1	1,978
Basildon	174.1	110.0	1,583
Colchester	177.1	329.1	538
Chelmsford	167.8	338.8	495
Rochford	83.1	169.5	490
Brentwood	73.8	153.1	482
Tendring	148.0	337.7	438
Epping Forest	124.0	339.0	366
Braintree	142.7	611.7	233
Maldon	62.9	358.9	175
Uttlesford	73.8	641.2	115

According to the ONS 2009 population estimates, 51.76% of the population of Tendring are female and 48.24% are male.

Throughout this document, Tendring will be compared to other Essex districts, Essex as a whole, or regional & national averages. Where possible, reference is also made to Tendring's "statistical neighbours"; other local authorities with similar attributes to Tendring (including size, demography, geography, economic factors, etc). It is often more relevant to compare districts to their statistical neighbours rather than geographic ones. Tendring's nearest statistical neighbours are: Arun, Scarborough, Teignbridge, Waveney, Lewes, Wyre, Shepway, North Norfolk, Worthing, North Devon, Canterbury, Adur, East Devon, Lancaster & Sedgemoor

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>ONS, mid-year estimates 2009; www.statistics.gov.uk

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: Office for National Statistics; UK Standard Area Measurements (SAM)

## Age profile

Figure 1.1a shows the age-structure of Tendring's residents

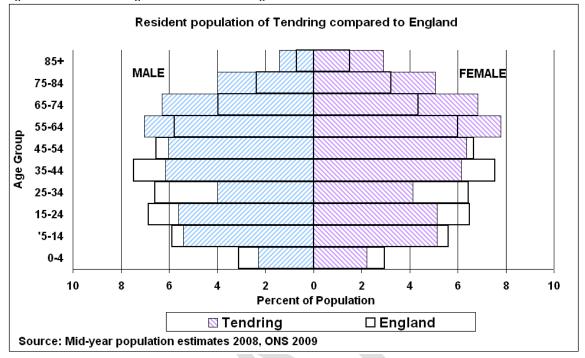


Figure 1.1a shows that Tendring has massive over-representation of both males & females over the age of 55, and fewer people under the age of 54, particularly those between 25-34 years old.

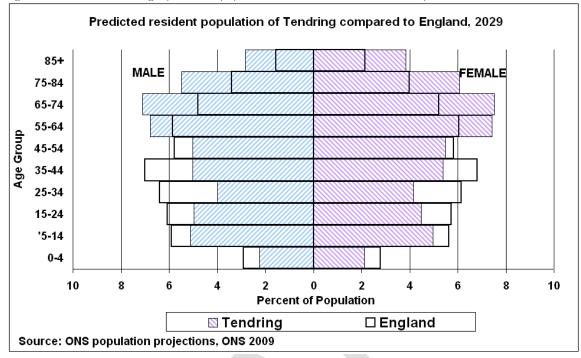


Figure 1.1b shows Tendring's predicted population in 2029, based on current patterns

This graph of projected population shows the estimated population of Tendring in 2029, compared to England. It is based on current population trends and does not take account of any policy changes or any other developments in things such as health & housing. Compared to figure 1.1a it shows a population that is ageing. Tendring is predicted to have even fewer young people and young adults, and more over-representation of older age-groups; from 55+. If this projection is accurate, it has wide-ranging implications for public sector organisations within the district.

## **BME** groups

Figure 1.2 shows a ward-level breakdown of BME population in Tendring based on the 2001 census.

Figure 1.2 shows Tendring BME populations, by ward (2001 census)

Geography	Asian	Black	Chinese or Other	Mixed	White
Great and Little Oakley	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	99.48
Holland and Kirby	0.00	0.09	0.13	0.33	99.45
St Johns	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.44	99.39
Haven	0.14	0.14	0.19	0.14	99.38
St Osyth and Point Clear	0.32	0.00	0.24	0.17	99.27
Burrsville	0.14	0.00	0.19	0.52	99.15
Harwich East	0.12	0.12	0.19	0.43	99.15
Hamford	0.15	0.07	0.32	0.42	99.03
Little Clacton and Weeley	0.13	0.20	0.15	0.50	99.02
Beaumont and Thorpe	0.12	0.17	0.33	0.42	98.96
St Bartholomews	0.25	0.27	0.14	0.38	98.96
Frinton	0.15	0.07	0.32	0.51	98.95
Harwich West	0.18	0.07	0.29	0.56	98.90
Rush Green	0.30	0.12	0.12	0.66	98.80
Walton	0.14	0.21	0.27	0.59	98.79
Homelands	0.30	0.15	0.15	0.64	98.76
Manningtree Mistley Little Bentley and Tendring	0.46	0.14	0.00	0.64	98.76
Lawford	0.07	0.13	0.22	0.83	98.75
Bradfield Wrabness and Wix	0.27	0.18	0.13	0.67	98.74
Great Bentley	0.13	0.27	0.35	0.53	98.72
Peter Bruff	0.17	0.15	0.49	0.47	98.72
Brightlingsea	0.41	0.22	0.20	0.58	98.60
Harwich West Central	0.33	0.10	0.41	0.56	98.60
St Pauls	0.46	0.15	0.22	0.57	98.59
Ramsey and Parkeston	0.20	0.12	0.56	0.60	98.51
Alresford	0.47	0.00	0.56	0.47	98.49
Golf Green	0.28	0.30	0.06	0.88	98.48
Harwich East Central	0.29	0.06	0.62	0.66	98.37
Bockings Elm	0.60	0.07	0.41	0.60	98.32
Thorrington Frating Elmstead and Great Bromley	0.71	0.34	0.30	0.34	98.30
St Marys	0.36	0.12	0.36	0.87	98.29
Ardleigh and Little Bromley	0.38	0.13	0.25	1.01	98.23
Alton Park	0.35	0.10	0.39	0.97	98.20
St James	0.67	0.25	0.32	0.88	97.88
Pier	0.58	0.44	0.67	1.39	96.92

NB figures may not add exactly due to rounding

Table 1.3 below shows district-level BME population estimates based on 2007 projections by the ONS. Tendring has the  $5^{th}$  fewest BME residents according to these projections, but the proportion of BME residents is increasing.

Figure 1.3 shows district-level populations by ethnic group, 2007<sup>3</sup>

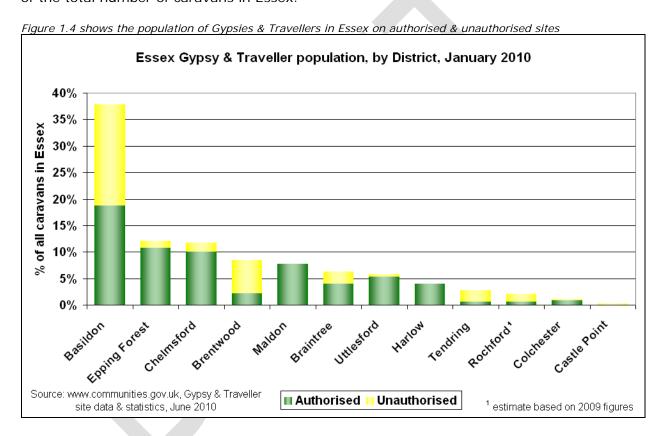
District	White British	White Irish & White Other	Mixed	Asian	Black	Chinese & Other
	DITUSIT	write Other				& Other
Maldon	93.11%	3.04%	0.96%	1.44%	1.12%	0.64%
Rochford	93.07%	2.55%	1.09%	1.46%	1.09%	0.61%
Castle Point	92.71%	2.47%	1.01%	1.79%	1.46%	0.67%
Braintree	92.34%	3.12%	1.14%	1.49%	1.14%	0.64%
Tendring	92.20%	2.53%	1.23%	1.71%	1.44%	0.82%
Uttlesford	90.76%	3.86%	1.10%	1.93%	1.24%	0.97%
Basildon	90.11%	3.24%	1.41%	2.59%	1.88%	0.88%
Chelmsford	89.54%	3.89%	1.40%	2.43%	1.58%	1.09%
Harlow	87.23%	3.96%	1.66%	2.81%	2.17%	1.79%
Colchester	86.89%	5.19%	1.65%	2.56%	1.42%	2.28%
Brentwood	86.73%	5.03%	1.40%	3.77%	1.82%	1.26%
Epping Forest	85.15%	4.79%	1.70%	4.46%	2.92%	1.05%
ESSEX	89.82%	3.68%	1.35%	2.40%	1.64%	1.10%
EAST OF ENGLAND	86.92%	4.71%	1.55%	3.59%	1.92%	1.32%
ENGLAND	83.65%	4.59%	1.70%	5.71%	2.83%	1.52%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Source: Population estimates by ethnic group, mid-2007. ONS, Crown Copyright.

### Gypsy & traveller communities

In January 2010, Tendring was home to 31 caravans. This was the 4<sup>th</sup> fewest in Essex, and represented around 3% of all the caravans in Essex<sup>4</sup>. Although there are not a large number of caravans in Tendring, over three quarters are on unauthorised, privately-owned land without planning permission – the highest rate in Essex. This compares to an Essex average of 30% unauthorised caravans. All of the caravans in Tendring are on privately owned sites; none of the 11 Essex County Council managed sites are located within the district.

As shown in the graph below, the Essex district with the most caravans is Basildon, which has over 35% of the total number of caravans in the county, just over half of which are on unauthorised sites. The districts of Epping Forest and Chelmsford have the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> most caravans in Essex. Collectively, these 3 districts have over 60% of the total number of caravans in Essex.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> www.communities.gov.uk, Gypsy and Traveller site data and statistics January 2010

#### **Deprivation**

Figure 1.5 shows the national IMD rankings of Essex's districts

#### Indicies of Multiple Deprivation 2007: Essex Districts

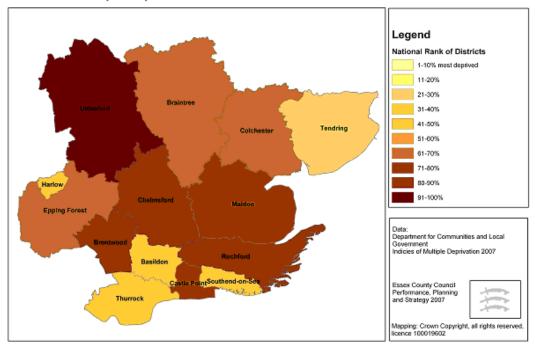


Figure 1.5 shows where the Essex districts rank nationally on the IMD scale.

The Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) combines a number of indicators, chosen to cover a range of economic, social and housing issues, into a single deprivation score for each small area in England. This allows each area to be ranked relative to one another according to their level of deprivation<sup>5</sup>. The latest version of the IMD is from 2007.

Tendring is ranked as the most deprived of all Essex districts, ranked 103<sup>rd</sup> of 354 authorities. 23 of Tendring's 90 LSOA areas are in the 10% most deprived in Essex. Tendring 018a (South West of Golf Green ward in Jaywick) is the most deprived area in Essex, and the 3<sup>rd</sup> most deprived area in the country.

Figure 1.5a below shows deprivation in Tendring at Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) level, which shows where the hot-spots of deprivation are, and also highlights the diversity within the borough with some areas showing as experiencing low levels of deprivation.

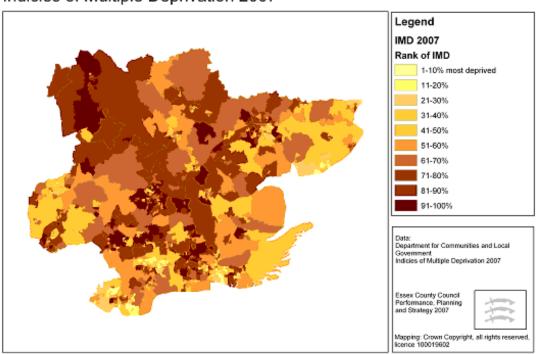
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Communities and local government website, 2007

Figure 1.5a shows deprivation in Tendring at LSOA level

Figure 1.5b below shows deprivation in the rest of Essex at LSOA level.

Figure 1.5b shows deprivation at lower super output area

## Indicies of Multiple Deprivation 2007



#### Geodemographic profiles

Geodemographics is described as the analysis and classification of people by where they live. The technique involves classifying small areas to help draw general conclusions about the characteristics and behaviours of the people who live in them. The idea being that people who live in similar places, will have similar interests, do similar things and have similar lifestyles. Public and private organisations can use geodemographics to estimate anticipated patterns in certain areas and can target their resources more effectively and efficiently.

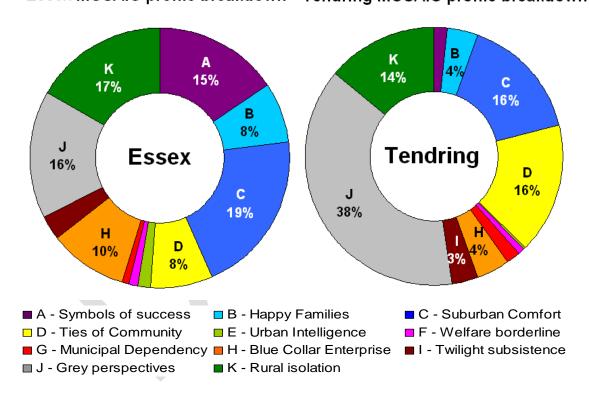
Geodemographic systems estimate the most probable characteristics of people based on the pooled profile of all people living in a small area. There are a number of geodemographic profiling tools available, but here we have used MOSAIC. For a list of the MOSAIC groups and types, please see the <u>Appendix</u>.

The Tendring & Essex MOSAIC charts are shown below:

Figure 1.6 shows the MOSAIC group profiles of Tendring & Essex

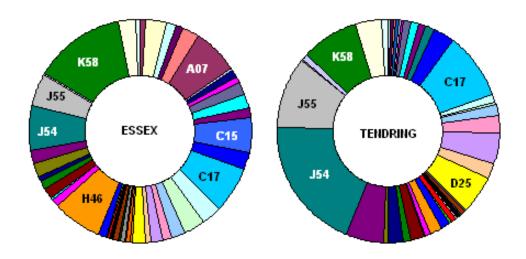
Essex MOSAIC profile breakdown

Tendring MOSAIC profile breakdown

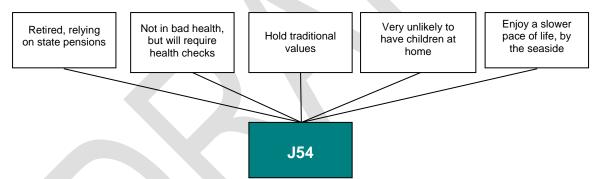


This comparison shows the difference between the MOSAIC group profiles of Tendring & Essex. There are some broad similarities between the two profiles, such as similar numbers of groups B, C & K, but Tendring has many more residents belonging to group J; more than double the Essex average, more in group D and fewer in groups A & H.

Figure 1.7 shows the MOSAIC "types" profile of Tendring & Essex



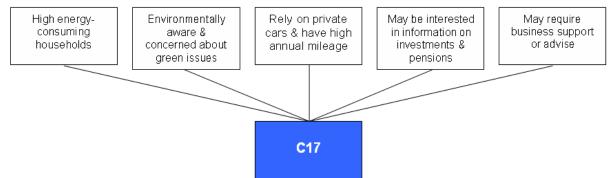
Essex & Tendring MOSAIC profile types & charts of need; using MOSAIC we can determine the likely needs of the most common MOSAIC types in Tendring & Essex. For instance, group J54 is the most common MOSAIC type in Tendring. People in type J54 tend to have the following traits, which may determine what sort of services they require from the public sector:



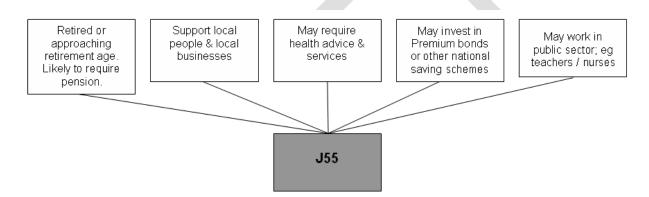
J54; Older couples, independent but on limited incomes, living in bungalows by the sea

By identifying the services that this group is likely to require, we can target areas more efficiently. Because we know that households in MOSAIC type J54 are receptive to the press & local social networks (and unreceptive to internet, telemarketing, TV, & posters), we also know how to get messages out to them effectively. With the information provided by MOSAIC, the Health service could target these people with information about Heath MOTs or ways to prevent injuries such as falls. The environmental team might target them with ideas on how to be more environmentally friendly. Leisure services could target them with information about opportunities to stay fit & healthy. All of these activities would be targeted at people that are most likely to be interested in them, reducing the amount of resources that public sector organisations use to communicate with their residents.

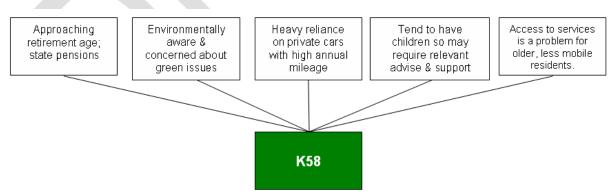
Other common MOSAIC types in Tendring include C17, J55 & K58. The charts for these types are as follows:



C17; Small business proprietors living in low density estates in smaller communities.

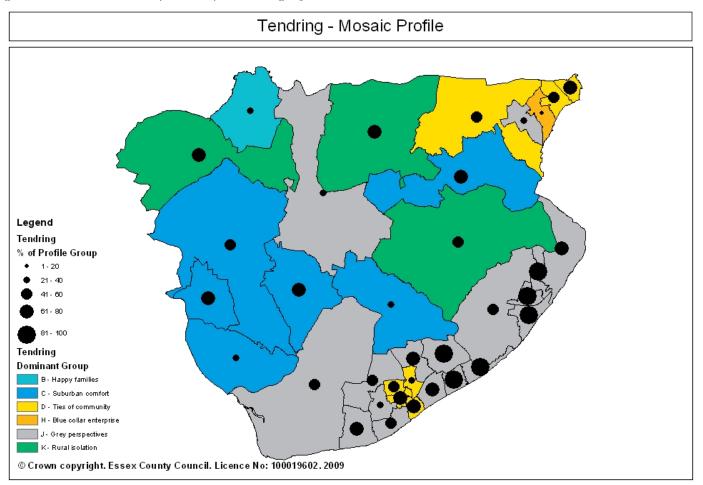


# J55; Older people preferring to live in familiar surroundings in small market towns



K58; Well-off commuters & retired people living in attractive country villages.

Figure 1.8 shows the MOSAIC profile map of Tendring, by ward



This map shows the predominant MOSAIC group in each ward in Tendring. The sizes of the black dots show the dominance of that particular group within an area. The large black dots all along the coast suggest that there is a high level of dominance amongst the J & D groups in this area. Other wards have smaller dots, suggesting that although one group is dominant, there is a mix of different groups within the ward.

#### Community engagement

Figure 1.9 shows district-level NI4 scores from the 2008-9 Place survey

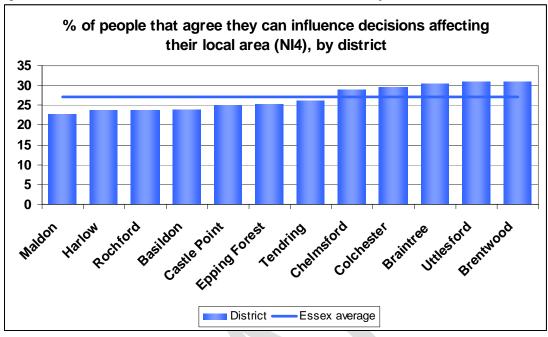
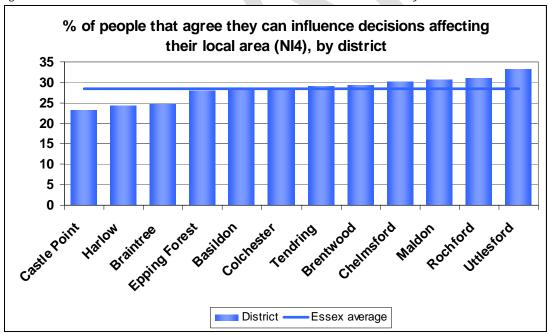


Figure 1.9a shows district-level NI4 scores from the 2009-10 tracker 8 survey



Tendring was around the Essex average in both the Place survey & the most recent tracker survey for residents' perceptions that they can influence decisions affecting their local area (NI4). Amongst its 15 statistical neighbours, Tendring ranked 11<sup>th</sup> for NI4<sup>6</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Based on CLG Place survey data; http://www.communities.gov.uk/publications/corporate/statistics/placesurvey2008

#### Education

In 2009 Tendring was ranked 11<sup>th</sup> of 12 Essex districts for secondary school children achieving 5 or more grades A\*-C at GCSE<sup>7</sup>. 63.2% of Tendring pupils achieved 5 or more grades A\*-C. The Essex average was 68.2% and the national average was 70%.

Figure 1.10 shows school GCSE achievement by district, 2008 & 2009

Rank (based on 2009 figures)	District	Level 2 (5 or more grades A*- C) 2008	Level 2 (5 or more grades A*- C) 2009
1	Rochford	72.5%	81.7%
2	Brentwood	68.4%	72.2%
=3	Chelmsford	69.7%	71.1%
=3	Uttlesford	71.1%	71.1%
5	Maldon	58.9%	68.9%
=6	Basildon	62.7%	67.5%
=6	Harlow	59.1%	67.5%
8	Castle Point	58.2%	67.1%
9	Colchester	64.0%	66.0%
10	Epping Forest	57.9%	64.8%
11	Tendring	59.3%	63.2%
12	Braintree	55.6%	62.4%
Essex		63.3%	68.2%
East of England			69.0%
England		65.3%	70.0%

Source: Department for Children, Schools & Families website

Figure 1.10a shows school GCSE achievement by Tendring's statistical neighbours, 2008 & 2009

Rank amongst statistical neighbours	District	Level 2 (5 or more grades A*- C) 2008	Level 2 (5 or more grades A*- C) 2009
1	Wyre	71.2%	77.4%
2	Lancaster	68.6%	75.9%
3	Scarborough	58.8%	75.2%
4	Canterbury	68.2%	72.8%
5	East Devon	67.0%	70.4%
6	Shepway	65.4%	70.0%
7	Lewes	60.9%	68.8%
8	Worthing	63.8%	68.3%
9	Adur	50.7%	65.0%
10	Teignbridge	60.9%	63.6%
11	Tendring	59.3%	63.2%
12	North Devon	58.9%	62.7%
13	Sedgemoor	52.7%	60.9%
14	North Norfolk	58.9%	60.7%
15	Waveney	56.4%	59.4%
16	Arun	51.7%	56.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Source: DCSF, 2008 NB Excludes independent schools

Tendring schools

1 - Clacton Coastal Academy (1)

2 - Clacton Coastal Academy (2)

3 - Clacton County High School

4 - Colne Community School

5 - Manningtree High School

6 - Tendring Technology College

7 - The Harwich School

Source: Essex County Council

There are 6 LEA-controlled secondary schools within Tendring (NB Bishops Park & Colbayns merged to become the Clacton Coastal Academy in September 2009). The Tendring Technology College was the best performer in 2009; 81% of pupils achieving 5 or more A\*-C GCSE grades (14<sup>th</sup> best result in Essex amongst schools for which results are available). All other schools in Tendring performed below the Essex & England average. Figure 1.12 below shows results, by school.

Figure 1.12 shows the results of Tendring's schools 2005-2009

School	# of 15 year old pupils on		15 old p nore A*-0				overall absence	persistent absence
	Roll (2008/09)	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	(2008-9)	(2008-9)
Clacton Coastal Academy*	Da	ita unava	ilable –	school c	pened a	after Jan	uary 2009	
Clacton County High School	280	47%	50%	51%	62%	63%	8.90%	7.40%
Colne Community School & College	239	50%	57%	61%	67%	67%	6.90%	6.30%
The Harwich School	214	36%	40%	40%	43%	53%	10.10%	11.40%
Manningtree High School	163	58%	60%	55%	61%	63%	6.10%	3.90%
Tendring Technology College	301	53%	61%	70%	75%	81%	7.70%	7.80%

Source: Department for Children, Schools & Families website

<sup>\*</sup> Bishops Park & Colbayns High merged to become the Clacton Coastal Academy in September 2009.

According to the autumn 2009 school census, there were 16,776 pupils attending Tendring schools (the 5<sup>th</sup> highest number in Essex), of which 887 (5.3% of the total) lived outside the district & travelled in. 563 pupils travelled from Colchester & 307 from outside Essex.

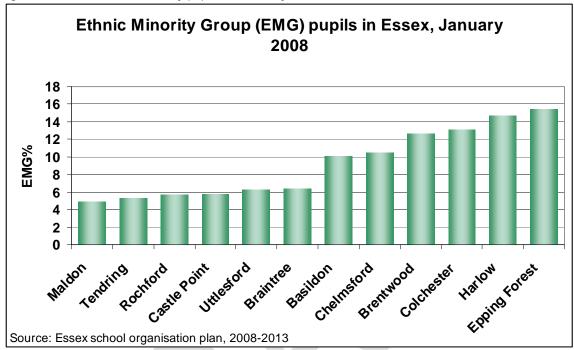


Figure 1.13 shows ethnic minority pupils in Essex, by district

In January 2008, Tendring had the  $2^{nd}$  fewest ethnic minority pupils in Essex; 5.3% compared to an Essex average of 9.6%. Although the figure has increased from 3.3% in 2005, and is set to increase further.

In the 2008-9 Place Survey, Tendring residents chose education provision as their 7<sup>th</sup> most important issue (selected by 22.8% of respondents). In the County-wide Place survey results, Essex residents selected education provision as their 5<sup>th</sup> most important issue (selected by 26.6% of respondents). For more details on the results of these surveys, please see the section on perception data, below.

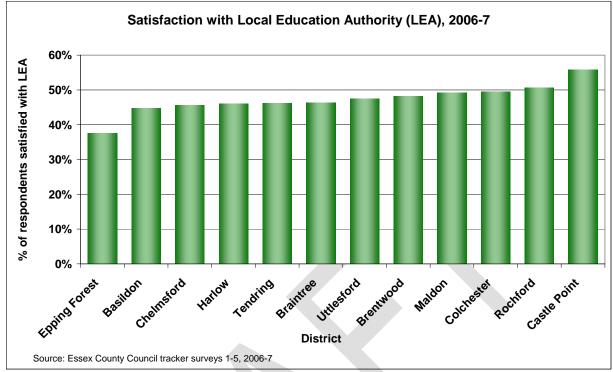


Figure 1.14 shows satisfaction with LEA by Essex district

Data was collected in the ECC tracker surveys between 2006 and 2007. It shows that Tendring residents were the 5th least satisfied in Essex with their LEA.

NEET (Children not in education, employment or training)

In March 2010, Tendring had the highest rate of children NEET in Essex; 13.6%, compared to an Essex average of just under 7%<sup>8</sup>. Tendring's average rate for the year 2009-10 was 14%; the highest average rate in Essex & above the County & national averages. 2009-10 NEET rates for Essex are shown in figure 1.15 below.

Figure 1.15 shows the 2009-10 NEET rates for Essex, by district

	Apr '09	May '09	Jun '09	Jul '09	Aug '09	Sep '09	Oct '09	Nov '09	Dec '09	Jan '10	Feb '10	Mar '10	Avg. '09-10
Tendring	13.5%	13.7%	14.0%	14.8%	16.7%	14.3%	13.4%	13.8%	13.3%	13.4%	13.1%	13.6%	14.0%
Basildon	11.0%	10.9%	10.9%	12.2%	14.7%	13.5%	13.2%	12.7%	12.6%	12.8%	12.5%	13.4%	12.5%
Braintree	11.1%	11.4%	11.8%	12.4%	15.6%	14.4%	11.5%	10.8%	10.7%	11.4%	11.0%	11.1%	11.9%
Maldon	9.1%	8.0%	8.3%	8.9%	11.0%	11.9%	10.3%	10.7%	9.6%	10.5%	10.8%	10.6%	10.0%
Rochford	5.8%	5.6%	6.0%	7.1%	8.6%	7.2%	11.1%	10.3%	10.4%	10.6%	10.3%	9.4%	8.5%
Colchester	5.7%	5.5%	5.8%	6.9%	8.3%	8.1%	5.6%	5.0%	5.1%	5.2%	5.5%	5.7%	6.0%
Castle Point	6.1%	6.1%	6.0%	6.9%	8.3%	9.9%	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%	4.6%	4.6%	4.5%	5.9%
Brentwood	4.4%	4.0%	4.2%	5.3%	7.1%	6.2%	5.7%	6.2%	5.5%	6.2%	5.5%	4.7%	5.4%
Harlow	4.4%	4.6%	4.9%	5.7%	7.8%	5.6%	5.5%	5.3%	4.9%	4.1%	4.1%	4.2%	5.1%
Chelmsford	3.8%	3.7%	3.6%	3.8%	4.4%	4.9%	4.1%	3.8%	3.8%	3.4%	3.5%	3.5%	3.9%
Uttlesford	3.9%	3.4%	3.2%	3.6%	5.3%	4.6%	4.5%	3.6%	3.0%	3.0%	3.6%	3.5%	3.8%
Epping Forest	2.2%	2.5%	2.4%	3.1%	3.7%	4.7%	4.5%	3.4%	3.0%	2.8%	3.1%	2.9%	3.2%
Essex	7.0%	6.9%	7.0%	7.4%	8.4%	9.0%	7.5%	7.0%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.9%	7.3%
England	7.3%	7.3%	7.5%	8.0%	8.7%	8.0%	7.1%	6.5%	6.4%	6.2%	6.4%	n/a	7.2%9

Source: Essex Connexions Team, Data Services, SCF, June 2010

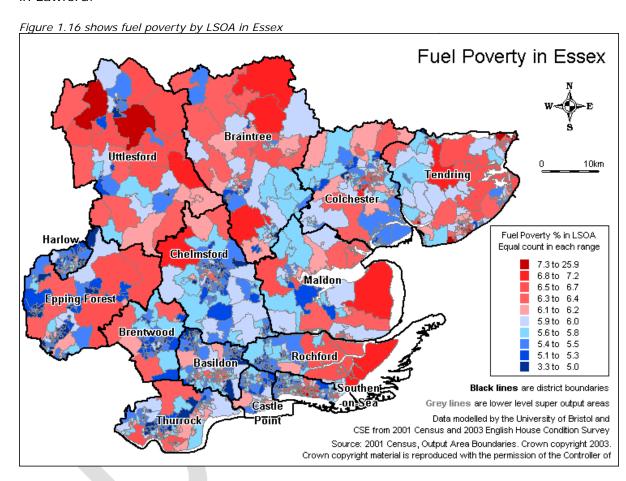
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Source: Essex Connexions Team, Data Services, SCF, May 2009

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Average is for Apr '09-Feb '10; excludes March 2010 as the national average figures are not available

#### Vulnerable people

#### Fuel Poverty

A household is said to be in fuel poverty if it needs to spend more than 10% of its income on fuel to maintain a satisfactory heating regime. 23 of Tendring's 90 LSOAs (over  $\frac{1}{4}$ ) are in the 10% most at risk of experiencing fuel poverty, in Essex. A further 20 areas are in the 20% most at risk. LSOA 016C is the most at risk area in Essex. Only one of Tendring's LSOAs is in the 10% least at risk; this is LSOA 003D in Lawford.  $^{10}$ 



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> www.fuelpovertyindicator.co.uk

#### Public health

Tendring's health profile is shown in Appendix 1.7.

#### Life expectancy

Between 2005 and 2007, MSOA 016 (Pier ward in Clacton) had the lowest life expectancy (73 years) in Essex (out of 176 MSOAs) 11.

MSOA 004 had the 13<sup>th</sup> highest life expectancy rate in Essex; 83.18 years. This is the only MSOA in Tendring that was in the top 20% in Essex. 6 MSOAs were in the lowest 20%; MSOAs 016, 018, 015, 001, 010 & 006. The variation of 10.18 years between the highest & lowest life expectancy in the district is the highest in Essex. The County average is around 6.8 years.

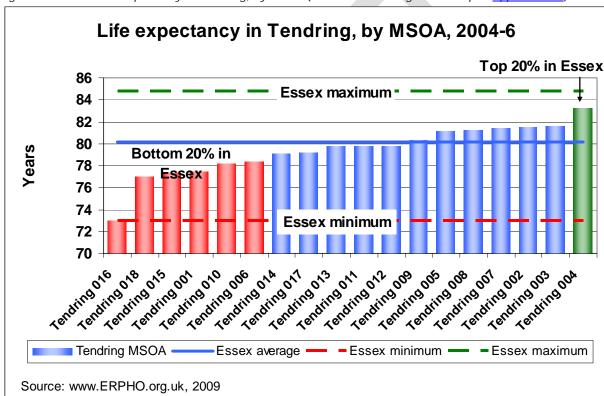


Figure 1.17 shows life expectancy in Tendring, by MSOA (there is a Tendring MSOA map in Appendix 1.3)

Between 2006-8, Tendring's life expectancy was 78.3 for males and 82.1 for females<sup>12</sup>. Amongst its 15 statistical neighbours, Tendring had the 11<sup>th</sup> highest female life expectancy (the highest was East Devon; 80.6) and the joint 9<sup>th</sup> highest male life expectancy (the highest was North Norfolk & Lewes; 84.3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Eastern Region Public Health Observatory using information from the ONS, 2009

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> ONS, 2009; http://www.statistics.gov.uk/StatBase/Product.asp?vlnk=8841

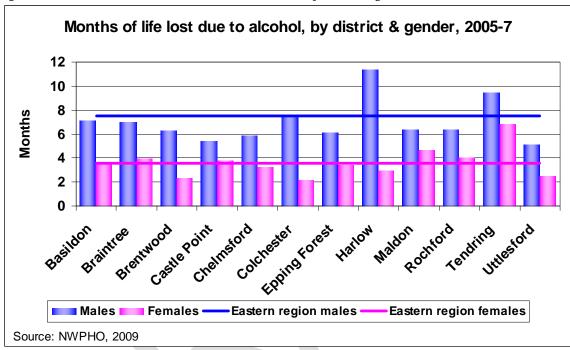


#### Alcohol

The alcohol profile for Tendring is available at: <a href="https://www.nwph.net/alcohol/lape">www.nwph.net/alcohol/lape</a>

Figure 1.18 below shows that in 2007 Tendring had the highest female & 2<sup>nd</sup> highest male rate for months of life lost due to alcohol in Essex. It also had the highest male & female rate in Essex for alcohol-specific mortality. Highest female & 4<sup>th</sup> highest male rates for alcohol attributable mortality in Essex.

Figure 1.18 shows the months of life lost due to alcohol, by district & gender, 2005-7



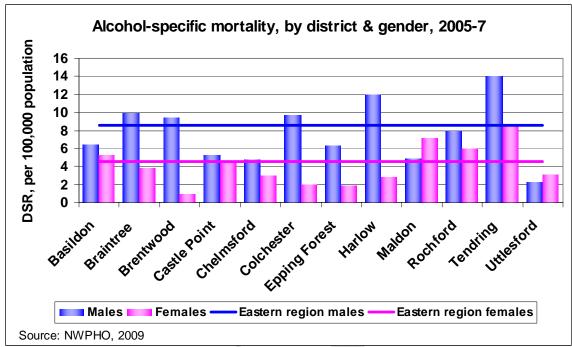
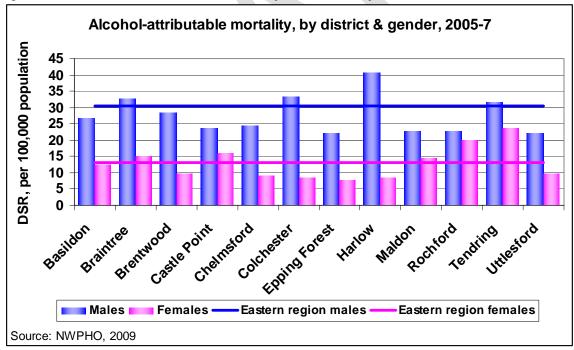


Figure 1.19 shows the alcohol-specific mortality rate in Essex, by district





### Obesity

In 2008-9, Tendring had the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest obesity rate in Essex & 5<sup>th</sup> highest amongst statistical neighbours for reception—age children; 9.6% were obese, which is equal to the national average. 15.6% of Year 6 children were obese, which is below the Essex & national averages of 16 & 18.3% respectively<sup>13</sup>. Since 2007-8, Tendring's year 6 obesity rate has fallen, but reception age obesity has increased from 7.6 to 9.6%.

Figure 1.21 shows childhood obesity rates in Essex in 2008-9, by district

2008-9	Reception	Rank in	Year 6	Rank in
		Essex		Essex
Harlow	11.0%	1	21.7%	1
Epping Forest	8.8%	5	17.8%	2
Rochford	8.3%	8	17.3%	3
Basildon	9.0%	3	16.8%	4
Colchester	8.5%	7	16.2%	5
Castle Point	8.7%	6	16.0%	6
Braintree	7.0%	9	15.8%	7
Tendring	9.6%	2	15.6%	8
Chelmsford	6.4%	10	14.8%	9
Maldon	4.7%	12	13.8%	10
Uttlesford	5.6%	11	12.4%	11
Brentwood	9.0%	4	10.9%	12
ENGLAND	9.6%		18.3%	
Essex	8.2%		16.0%	

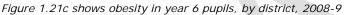
Figure 1.21a shows childhood obesity rates in Tendring's statistical neighbours, 2008-9

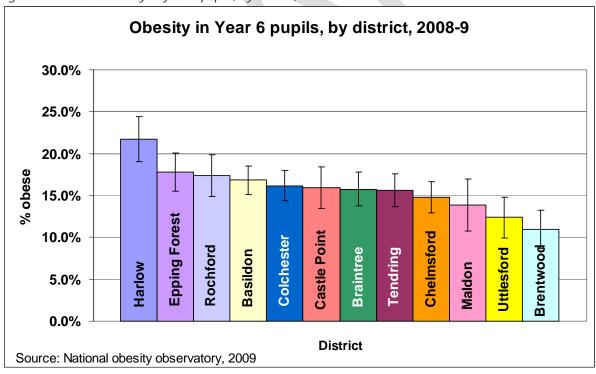
2008-9	Reception	Rank in Essex	Year 6	Rank in Essex
Scarborough	11.72%	1	20.52%	1
North Norfolk	7.86%	12	19.48%	2
Canterbury	7.60%	13	19.27%	3
Waveney	9.12%	=8	18.39%	4
Shepway	8.35%	10	18.02%	5
Arun	11.06%	2	17.40%	6
Teignbridge	9.57%	6	17.03%	7
Wyre	8.62%	9	16.90%	8
Sedgemoor	9.82%	4	16.89%	9
Lancaster	10.92%	3	16.52%	10
Worthing	6.20%	15	16.32%	11
North Devon	9.12%	=8	15.99%	12
Tendring	9.60%	5	15.61%	13
Adur	6.07%	16	14.40%	14
Lewes	8.21%	11	14.38%	15
East Devon	6.79%	14	14.35%	16

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> The National Obesity Observatory e-Atlas; <a href="http://www.noo.org.uk/maps/eatlas">http://www.noo.org.uk/maps/eatlas</a>, 2008-9

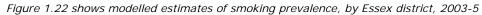
Obesity in reception-age children, by district, 2008-9 14.0% 12.0% 10.0% % opese 8.0% 6.0% **Epping Forest** Tendring **Brentwood Castle Point** Chelmsford Harlow Basildon Colchester Braintree Rochford 4.0% **Uttlesford** Maldon 2.0% 0.0% **District** Source: National obesity observatory, 2009

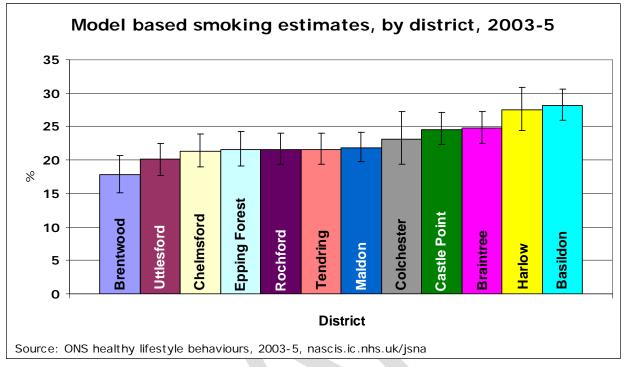
Figure 1.21b shows obesity in reception-age children, by district, 2008-9





#### Smoking





This graph shows the estimated smoking rates in each Essex district between 2003 & 2005. Tendring had the  $6^{th}$  lowest estimated rate of smoking prevalence in Essex.

Amongst its 15 statistical neighbours, Tendring has the 9<sup>th</sup> highest estimated smoking rate, although it is not statistically significantly higher or lower than any other authorities.

According to the Active People Surveys, Tendring has a below average rate of people taking part in the recommended 30 minutes of exercise, 3 times per week. The district-level results of both Active People's Surveys are shown below:

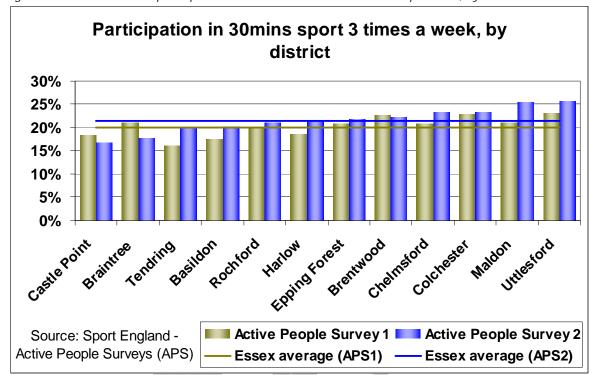


Figure 1.22a shows level of participation in 30 minutes of exercise 3 times per week, by district

The Active People's Survey information is useful because the level of active people within a district is a barometer for how well the people of Tendring are looking after their health. Levels of activity are a good indicator for future obesity rates. A population with high levels of physical activity is less likely to suffer from obesity-related health issues in the near future, provided these levels can be encouraged and maintained. Tendring performed below average in both the first (recording the worst score in Essex) and second (recording the 3<sup>rd</sup> worst score in Essex) active people's surveys (average refers to Essex average).

## Physical & Sensory impairment

Figure 1.23 shows MSOA-level physical impairment in Essex

# <u>Physical Disability: Rate of adults with a physical disability known to a social care team during the year 2006-2007</u>

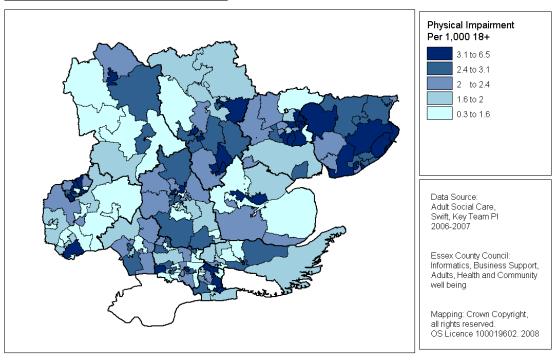
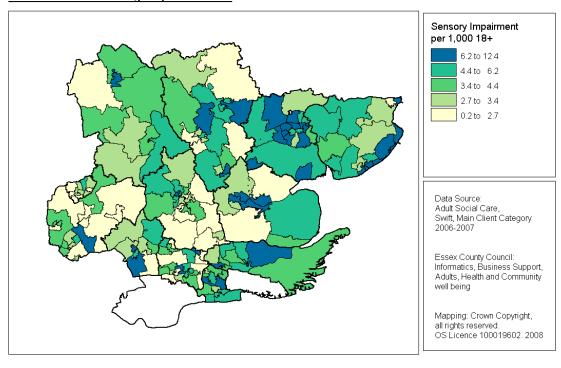




Figure 1.24 shows MSOA-level sensory impairment in Essex

# <u>Sensory Impairment: Rate of adults and older people with a Sensory Impairment known to social care during the year 2006-2007</u>



#### Reduce teenage conceptions

Between 2006-8, Tendring had the 3<sup>rd</sup> highest teenage conception<sup>14</sup> rate in Essex & amongst its statistical neighbours; 41.2 per 1,000 15-17 year old girls, compared to the Essex average of 32.1. Tendring's rate is just above the national average (40.9).<sup>15</sup> 40% of pregnancies in Tendring led to abortions, this is the lowest rate in Essex and is the 3<sup>rd</sup> lowest amongst Tendring's 15 statistical neighbours. It is also below the England average of 50%.

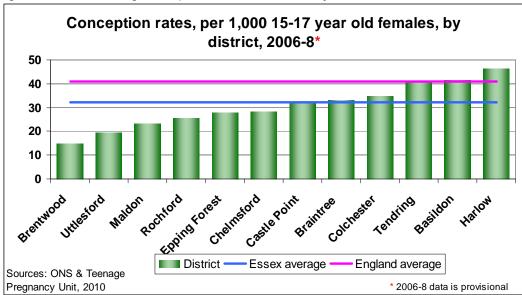
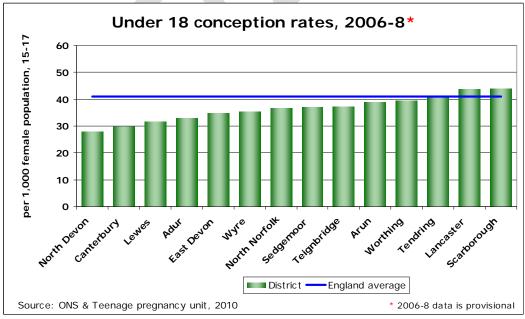


Figure 1.25 shows teenage conception rates across Essex, by district

Figure 1.25a shows teenage conception rates amongst Tendring's statistical neighbours



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> NB conception information is compiled by combining data from birth registrations & abortion notifications. Conception statistics include pregnancies that result in: one or more live or still births or a legal abortion under the Abortion Act 1967<sup>14</sup>. Note: Miscarriages & illegal abortions are not included. For more information, visit the <u>teenage pregnancy section of the DCSF website</u>.

### Perception data

Figure 1.26 below shows the response from Essex & Tendring residents to the questions of what is most important in making somewhere a good place to live, & which things most need improving in the local area.

Figure 1.26 shows most important vs. most need improving results from the Place survey for Essex & Tendring

rigure 1.20 shows most		Most Important				Most needs improving				
	Ter	ndring	Es	sex	Ten	dring	Essex			
Issues	Rank	%	Rank	%	Rank	%	Rank	%		
Access to nature	11	18.2%	9	24.1%	14	4.8%	14	4.0%		
Activities for teenagers	9	20.3%	10	18.6%	1	43.6%	1	43.5%		
Affordable decent housing	5	28.1%	6	26.1%	6	20.6%	7	18.7%		
Clean streets	3	36.0%	3	38.7%	9	17.1%	6	20.2%		
Education provision	7	22.8%	5	26.6%	13	5.2%	13	5.3%		
Health services	1	48.2%	2	42.0%	7	19.3%	10	14.8%		
Job prospects	8	21.9%	13	13.4%	3	29.3%	8	16.2%		
Parks & open spaces	12	16.1%	8	25.9%	12	9.0%	12	8.0%		
Public transport	6	27.5%	4	27.9%	5	23.3%	4	23.9%		
Road & pavement repairs	10	20.2%	12	17.4%	2	36.2%	2	42.7%		
Shopping facilities	4	30.0%	7	26.0%	8	19.0%	9	15.8%		
Sports & leisure facilities	14	8.5%	14	9.8%	11	12.8%	11	13.8%		
The level of congestion	13	10.3%	11	18.2%	10	15.9%	3	33.6%		
The level of crime	2	45.1%	1	52.0%	4	25.6%	5	23.2%		

Source: 2008-9 Place Survey

Crime, health services & clean streets were selected as the three most important issues to Tendring & Essex residents. Job prospects are more of a priority for Tendring residents than the rest of Essex, whereas Essex residents prioritise access to nature, education provision, parks & open spaces, crime and the level of congestion more than Tendring residents do.

Activities for teenagers tops the list of things that most need improving for Tendring & Essex residents. 29.3% of Tendring residents believe job prospects need the most improvement, this compares to 16.4% across Essex. Tendring residents believe the level of crime is in need of improvement more than Essex residents do. Essex residents prioritise improvements in the level of congestion more than Tendring residents do.

Figure 1.27 (below) shows the results from the Tendring Place survey, 2008-9

# Most important issues compared to priorities for improvement (Tendring DC Place Survey 2008-9)

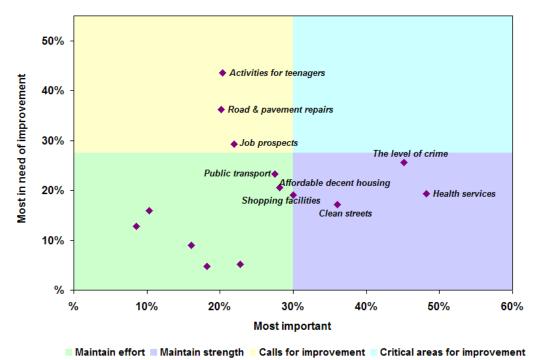
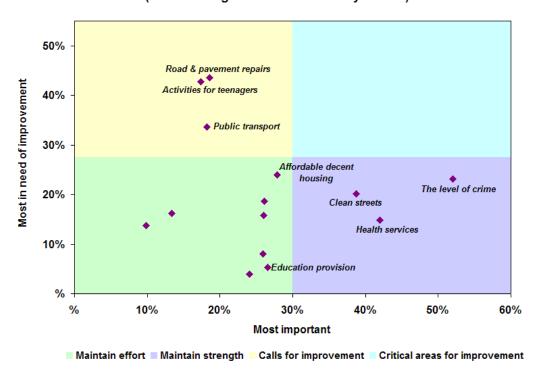


Figure 1.28 (below) shows the results from the amalgamated Essex Place survey, 2008-9

# Most important issues compared to priorities for improvement (Essex amalgamated Place Survey 2008-9)



#### **Our Communities**

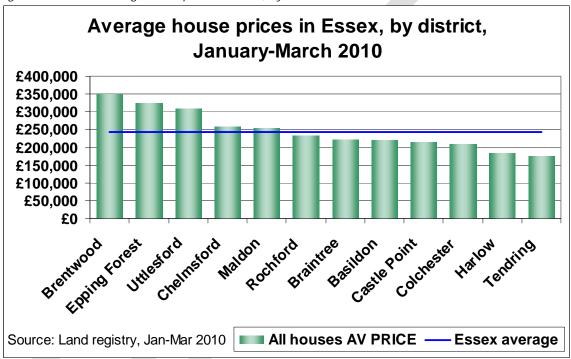
#### Access to services

Most of Tendring's wards appear to have good access to most services, such as schools, doctors, banks and supermarkets. Beaumont & Thorpe is the most isolated ward in Tendring. See <a href="#expendix1.6">Appendix 1.6</a> for a breakdown of access to services, by ward.

#### **Housing**

In Jan-Mar 2010, the average house price in Tendring was £176,382, which was the lowest in Essex, and is below the Essex (£243,993) & national (£224,064) averages; see figure 1.29 below.

Figure 1.29 shows average house prices in Essex, by district



#### Public transport

Public transport was identified in the 2009 Place Survey as the  $6^{th}$  most important issue to Tendring residents (selected by 27.5% of respondents). It was also  $5^{th}$  on the list of things that most need improving in the district (selected by 23.3% of respondents). According to the 2006-7 tracker surveys, residents of Tendring are amongst the most satisfied in Essex with their local bus service; see figure 1.30 below.

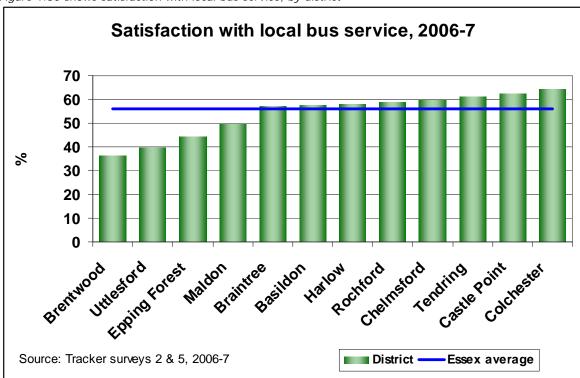


Figure 1.30 shows satisfaction with local bus service, by district

#### Community safety

Road accidents (KSI - killed & seriously injured)

In 2008, Tendring had the 3<sup>rd</sup> most KSI casualties (80) in Essex by number, behind Epping Forest (113) & Colchester (94), and the 4<sup>th</sup> highest rate of KSIs per capita in Essex (behind Uttlesford, Epping Forest & Maldon).

The number of KSI casualties in Tendring is on target (baselined 1994-1998) for 2010; after the 3rd quarter of 2009 there have been 60 KSI casualties, this is the joint highest in Essex with Epping Forest & Colchester, but is 1 less than at the same stage of last year and 3 less than the target for this period. Tendring's KSI 2008 report is available in <a href="https://example.com/appendix/1.5">Appendix 1.5</a>

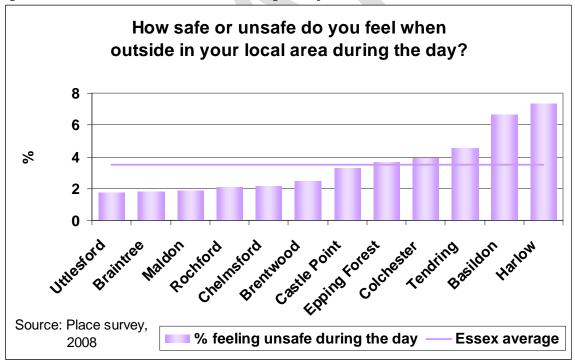
Figure 1.31 shows 2008 KSI figures in Essex, by district

District	All	Drink	Motor-	Speed	Young	KSI per
		driving	cycles	related	drivers	100,000
						population
Basildon	63	4	19	8	12	37.37
Braintree	66	5	15	13	18	47.24
Brentwood	39	0	7	4	12	55.01
Castle Point	41	2	8	3	11	46.28
Chelmsford	76	5	24	10	16	46.68
Colchester	94	4	30	19	20	55.04
<b>Epping Forest</b>	113	7	27	22	21	91.94
Harlow	16	1	4	1	3	20.49
Maldon	37	4	7	6	9	59.97
Rochford	22	4	6	3	7	27.13
Tendring	80	6	19	7	13	55.33
Uttlesford	59	2	12	14	13	82.63
Essex	706	44	178	110	155	51.87

#### Fear of crime

The tracker series of surveys show that fear of crime in the local area, both during the day & at night, is slightly higher in Tendring than the Essex average.

Figure 1.32 shows district-level fear of crime during the day



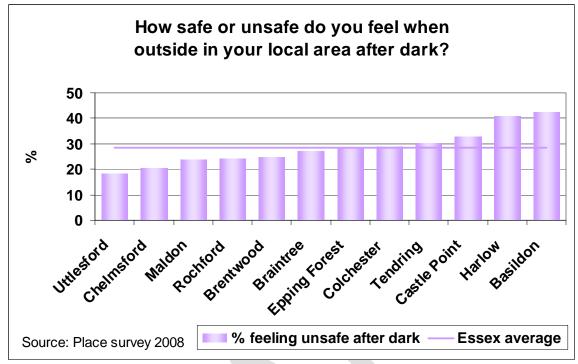


Figure 1.33 shows district-level fear of crime after dark

Essex is ranked as the 8th 'safest' county in England – based upon recorded crime figures published in July 2008 – yet fear of crime is still an issue for local people Fear of crime is a key driver of overall satisfaction with the local area as a place to live.

The 2009 Place Survey results show that the level of crime is high on the list of Tendring residents' list of important issues (selected by just under half of respondents), and is  $4^{th}$  on the list of things that most need improving; selected by over  $\frac{1}{4}$  of respondents.

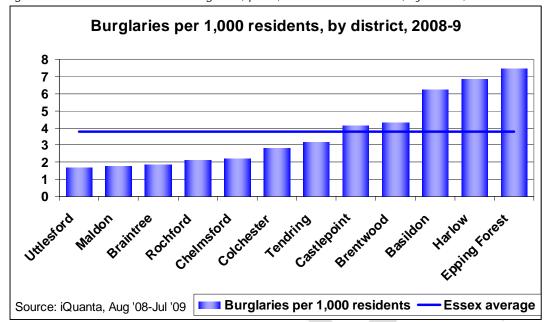


Figure 1.34 shows the number of burglaries, per 1,000 residents in Essex, by district, 2008-9

#### Cleaner communities

In the 2009 Place survey, 36% of Tendring's respondents selected clean streets as an important issue, making it the 3<sup>rd</sup> most popular response.

On the list of things that most need improving in Tendring, the issue of clean streets was ranked 9<sup>th</sup>, selected by 17.1% of residents. This suggests that the issue is important, but is not currently a priority area for improvement.

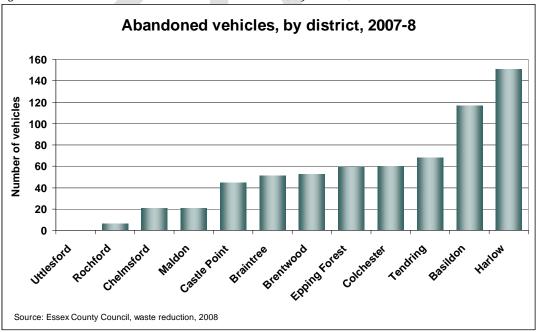


Figure 1.35 shows the number of abandoned vehicles, by district, 2007-2008

Figure 1.35 shows that Tendring had the third highest number of abandoned vehicles in 2007-8.

#### Our Economy

#### Skills amongst the working population

In 2008, Tendring was ranked 12<sup>th</sup> out of the 12 Essex districts, for working-age population with no qualifications; 21% of the working age population had no qualifications, compared to a county average of 14.1%.

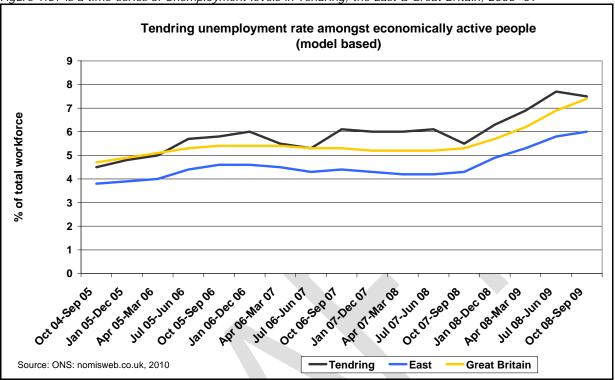
Tendring has the fewest working age adults with NVQ level 1 qualifications in Essex; 67.6% compared to a County average of 77.9%. 45.9% of Tendring's working age population have an NVQ level 2 qualification (ranked 12<sup>th</sup> in Essex). 26.5% have an NVQ level 3 qualification (ranked 12<sup>th</sup> in Essex). 13.1% are qualified to NVQ level 4 or above (ranked 12<sup>th</sup> in Essex) of working-age adults, this compares to an Essex average of 23.6%.

% of working-age population with NVQ, Jan - Dec 2008 Uttlesford **Tendring** Rochford Maldon Harlow **Epping Forest** Colchester Chelmsford **Castle Point Brentwood** Braintree **Basildon** 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 % of working-age population ■ NVQ1 ■ NVQ2 ■ NVQ3 ■ NVQ4 Source: ONS; www.nomisweb.co.uk, 2009

Figure 1.36 shows the % of the working age population with NVQ-level qualifications, by district

#### <u>Unemployment</u>





The latest available data shows that Tendring's unemployment rate has been consistently above the regional and national average since 2006. The effects of the recession mean that Tendring's current rate is at its highest level for over 10 years.

The graph below shows how Tendring's unemployment rate compared to other Essex districts in June 2009. Tendring had the highest unemployment rate in Essex, and amongst its statistical neighbours from Oct '08-Sep '09.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Source: ONS Annual Population Survey, 2010

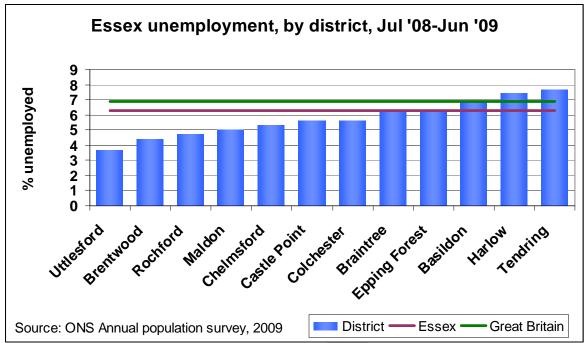


Figure 1.38 shows unemployment by Essex district, June 2009

Figure 1.38a below shows that in November 2009 Tendring had above average numbers of job seekers allowance claimants; 4.6% of the working-age population, compared to an Essex average of 3.3% & a national average of 4.1%. Tendring had the 2<sup>nd</sup> highest number of JSA claimants in Essex & was also 2<sup>nd</sup> highest amongst its 15 statistical neighbours (behind Scarborough; 5.6%)

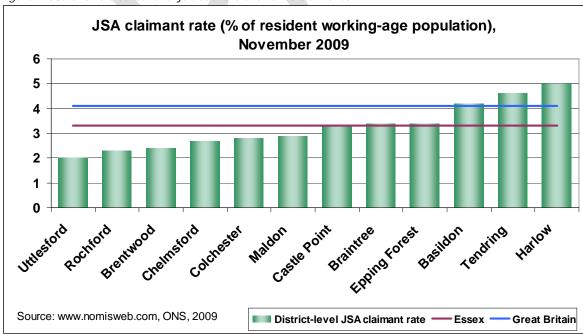


Figure 1.38a shows district-level job seekers allowance claimants

#### Migrant registrations

The most recent statistical data shows that in 2009, immigration numbers fell compared to a year earlier and from the peak in 2003-4. Most striking is the reduction in immigration from A8 countries (those that joined the EU in May 2004), which actually shows a net emigration from Britain for the first time since those countries joined the EU - 12,000 more A8 citizens left Britain than arrived in the year to September 2009 - a considerable reduction from the peak inflow of over 80,000 in 2007<sup>17</sup>.

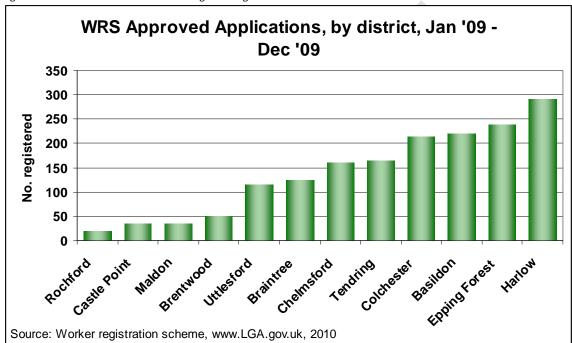


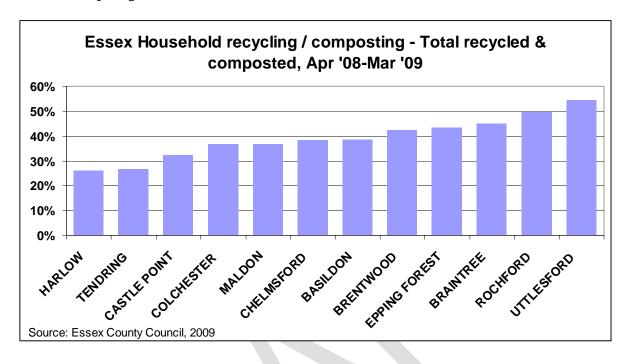
Figure 1.39 shows district-level immigrant registrations Jan-Dec 2009

Figure 1.39 shows that Tendring had the 5<sup>th</sup> highest number of immigrant registrations in Essex between Jan-Dec '09.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Source: ippr briefing – May 2010 Migration Statistics | www.ippr.org

#### **Our World**

#### Waste & recycling



Tendring had the 2<sup>nd</sup> lowest percentage of recycling and composting per capita in Essex between 2008 & 2009, although Tendring did meet the recycling-rate target set in the first Essex Local Area Agreement (LAA) of 26%, an increase from 23% in 2006-7.

## <u>Appendix</u>

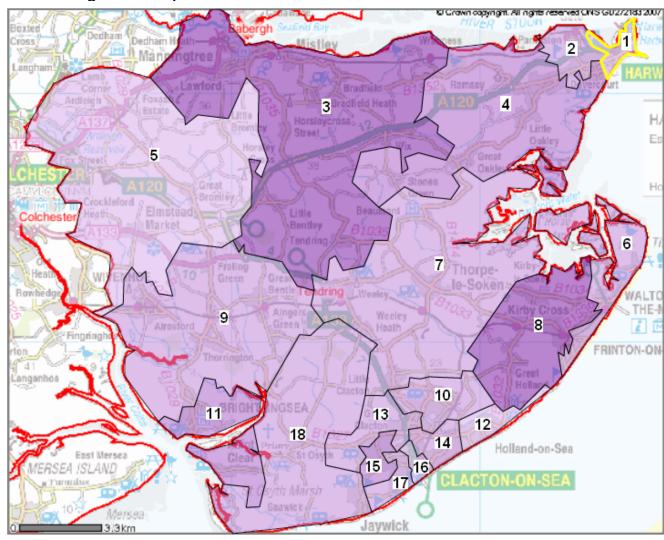
## 1.1 Geodemographic profiles - MOSAIC

Mosaic group	Group description	Туре	Type description
Α	Symbols of	A01	Financially successful people living in cosmopolitan inner city locations
	success	A02	Highly educated senior professionals, many working in the media, politics and law
		A03	Successful managers living in very large houses in outer suburban locations
		A04	Financially secure couples, many close to retirement, living in sought-after suburbs
		A05	Senior professionals and managers living in the suburbs of major regional centres
		A06	Successful, high-earning couples with new jobs in areas of growing high-tech employment
		A07	Well paid executives living in individually-designed homes in rural environments
В	Нарру	B08	Families and singles living in developments built since 2001
	Families	B09	Well-qualified couples typically starting a family on a recently built private estate
		B10	Financially better off families living in relatively spacious modern private estates
		B11	Dual income families on intermediate incomes living on modern estates
		B12	Middle income families with children living in estates of modern private homes
		B13	First generation owner-occupiers, many with large amounts of consumer debt
		B14	Military personnel living in purpose-built accommodation
С		C15	Senior white collar workers, many on the verge of a financially secure retirement
	Comfort		Low density private estates, now with self-reliant couples approaching retirement
		C17	Small business proprietors living in low density estates in smaller communities
		C18	Inter-war suburbs, many with less strong cohesion than they originally had
		C19	Singles and childless couples increasingly taking over attractive older suburbs
		C20	Suburbs sought-after by the more successful members of the Asian community
D	Ties of	D21	Mixed communities of urban residents living in well-built, early 20th century housing
	Community	D22	Comfortably off manual workers living in spacious but inexpensive private houses
		D23	Owners of affordable terraces built to house 19th century heavy industrial workers
		D24	Low income families living in cramped Victorian terraced housing in inner city locations
		D25	Centres of small market towns and resorts containing many hostels and refuges
		D26	Communities of lowly paid factory workers, many of them of South Asian descent
		D27	Inner city terraces attracting second generation Londoners from diverse communities
E	Urban	E28	Neighbourhoods with transient singles living in multiply occupied large old houses
	Intelligence	E29	Economically successful singles, many living in small inner London flats

## Tendring District Profile

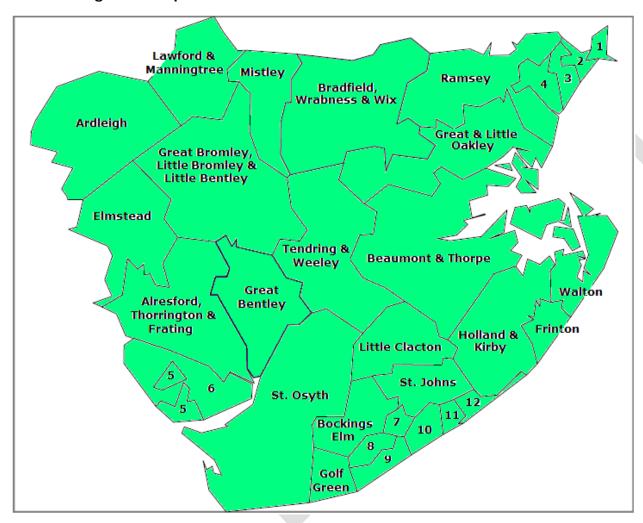
Mosaic group	Group description	Туре	Type description
	·	E30	Young professionals and their families who have 'gentrified' older terraces in inner London
		E31	Well-educated singles and childless couples colonising inner areas of provincial cities
E	Urban	E32	Singles and childless couples in small units in newly-built private estates outside London
(cont.)	Intelligence	E33	Older neighbourhoods increasingly taken over by short term student renters
		E34	Halls of residence and other buildings occupied mostly by students
F	Welfare	F35	Young people renting hard to let social housing, often in disadvantaged inner city locations
	Borderline	F36	High density social housing, mostly in inner London, with high levels of diversity
		F37	Young families living in upper floors of social housing, mostly in Scotland
		F38	Singles, childless couples and older people living in high rise social housing
		F39	Older people living in crowded apartments in high density social housing
		F40	Older tenements of small private flats often occupied by highly disdvantaged individuals
G	Municipal	G41	Families, many single parents, in deprived social housing on the edge of regional centres
	Dependency	G42	Older people living in very large social housing estates on the outskirts of provincial cities
		G43	Older people, many in poor health from work in heavy industry, in low rise social housing
Н	Blue Collar	H44	Manual workers, many close to retirement, in low rise houses in ex-manufacturing towns
	Enterprise	H45	Older couples, mostly in small towns, who now own houses once rented from the council
		H46	Residents in 1930s and 1950s London council estates, now mostly owner-occupiers
		H47	Social housing, typically in 'new towns', with good job opportunities for the poorly qualified
1	Twilight	148	Older people living in small council and housing association flats
	Subsistence	149	Low income older couples renting low rise social housing in industrial regions
		150	Older people receiving care in homes or sheltered accommodation
J	Grey	J51	Very elderly people, many financially secure, living in privately-owned retirement flats
	Perspectives	J52	Better off older people, singles and childless couples in developments of private flats
		J53	Financially secure and physically active older people, many retired to semi-rural locations
		J54	Older couples, independent but on limited incomes, living in bungalows by the sea
		J55	Older people preferring to live in familiar surroundings in small market towns
		J56	Neighbourhoods with retired people and transient singles working in the holiday industry
K	Rural	K57	Communities of retired people and second homers in areas of high environmental quality
	Isolation	K58	Well off commuters and retired people living in attractive country villages
		K59	Country people living in still agriculturally active villages, mostly in lowland locations
		K60	Smallholders and self-employed farmers, living beyond the reach of urban commuters
		K61	Low income farmers struggling on thin soils in isolated upland locations

#### 1.2 Tendring MSOA map



Tendring MSOAs, 1-18

### 1.3 Tendring ward map



## **Tendring Wards**

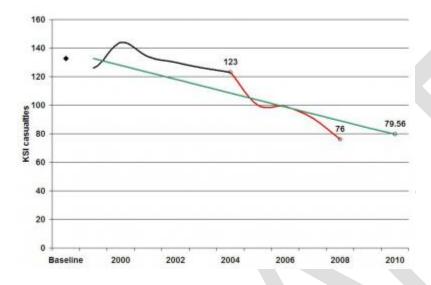
- 1 Harwich East
- 2 Harwich East Central
- 3 Harwich West Central
- 4 Harwich West
- 5 Brightlingsea West
- 6 Brightlingsea East
- 7 St. Marys
- 8 Rush Green
- 9 St. James
- 10 Southcliff
- 11 St Bartholomews
- 12 Haven

#### 1.4 Tendring road casualties report (2008-9)

#### Progress towards the 2010 target in Tendring

The 2010 target is to achieve a 40% reduction on the 1994-1998 baseline average.

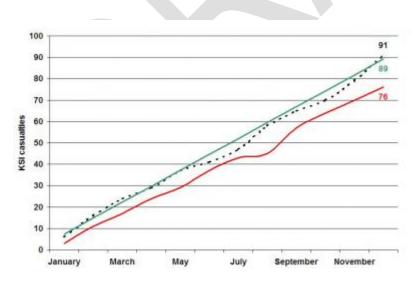
This graph shows the number of casualties each year since that average (the black line), compared with the progress required to meet the 2010 target (the green line).



#### Progress in 2007

This graph shows the number of KSI casualties in 2007 (red line).

The green line shows the level required to be on target for 2010, while the dotted line shows casualties in 2006.



#### Comparison with other districts

In 2007 Tendring was ranked third by number of KSI casualties and sixth by KSI casualties per 100000 population.

## Tendring District Profile

		KSI casualties - 2008 to Q4 ONLY						
Basildon	Population	All	Drink Drive	Motorcycles	Speeding	Young Drivers	100000 population	
	168600	60	4	19	8	11	35.59	
Braintree	139700	66	.5	15	13	18	47.24	
Brentwood	70900	39	0	7	4	12	55.01	
Castle Point	88600	41	2	8	3	11	46.28	
Chelmsford	162800	75	5	24	10	16	46.07	
Colchester	170800	90	4	28	19	20	52.69	
Epping	122900	113	7	27	22	21	91.94	
Harlow	78100	16	1	4	- 1	3	20.49	
Maldon	61700	37	4	7	6	9	59.97	
Rechford	81100	22	4	6	3	7	27.13	
Tendring	144600	76	5	18	7	13	52.56	
Uttlesford	71400	57	2	10	14	13	79.83	
New Essex	1361200	692	43	173	110	154	50.84	

<u>Click here</u> to download the third quarter 2009 RCO Report for Tendring.

<u>Click here</u> to download category definitions.

1.5 Tendring access to services

Alton Park   100.00%   1	Ward	Access to	Access	Access	Access	Access to a	
Alton Park         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Bockings Elm         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Frinton         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Golf Green         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Harmford         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Harwich East         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Harwich West         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Harwich West Central         100.00%         100.00%         10							
Alton Park         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Bockings Elm         100.00%		_	Surgery		_		
Bockings Elm         100.00%		Society		Office	School		
Frinton         100.00% <t< td=""><td>Alton Park</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td></t<>	Alton Park				100.00%	100.00%	
Golf Green         100.00%	Bockings Elm	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Hamford         100.00% <t< td=""><td>Frinton</td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td></t<>	Frinton	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Harwich East         100.00%	Golf Green	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Harwich East Central         100.00% <td>Hamford</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>100.00%</td>	Hamford	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Harwich West         100.00%	Harwich East	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Harwich West Central         100.00% <td>Harwich East Central</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>100.00%</td> <td>100.00%</td>	Harwich East Central	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Haven         100.00%	Harwich West	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Homelands         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Peter Bruff         100.00% <t< td=""><td>Harwich West Central</td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td><td>100.00%</td></t<>	Harwich West Central	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Peter Bruff         100.00%	Haven	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Pier         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Rush Green         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Bartholomews         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St James         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Johns         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Marys         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Pauls         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Burrsville         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Brightlingsea         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         99.72%         100.00%           Brightlingsea         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         99.84%         99.84%         100.00%           Brightlingsea         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         99.84%         100.00%         100.00%           Brightlingsea         100.00%         100.00%         99.8	Homelands	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Rush Green         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Bartholomews         100.00%	Peter Bruff	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
St Bartholomews         100.00%	Pier	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
St James         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Johns         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Marys         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Pauls         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Burrsville         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         99.72%         100.00%           Brightlingsea         100.00%         100.00%         99.84%         99.84%         100.00%           Holland & Kirby         100.00%         100.00%         99.84%         99.84%         100.00%           Walton         94.00%         100.00%         99.69%         100.00%         100.00%           Lawford         100.00%         100.00%         99.69%         100.00%         100.00%           Ramsey & Parkeston         80.48%         100.00%         97.10%         94.49%         94.01%           St Osyth & Point Clear         98.39%         100.00%         93.15%         72.93%         96.83%           Manningtree Mistley Little         82.56%         96.87%         94.08%         91.94%	Rush Green	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
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St Marys         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           St Pauls         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%           Burrsville         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         99.72%         100.00%           Brightlingsea         100.00%         100.00%         99.84%         99.84%         100.00%           Holland & Kirby         100.00%         100.00%         100.00%         97.53%         100.00%           Walton         94.00%         100.00%         99.69%         100.00%         100.00%           Lawford         100.00%         100.00%         96.96%         96.64%         100.00%           Ramsey & Parkeston         80.48%         100.00%         97.10%         94.49%         94.01%           St Osyth & Point Clear         98.39%         100.00%         93.15%         72.93%         96.83%           Manningtree Mistley Little         82.56%         96.87%         94.08%         91.94%         82.32%           Bentley & Tendring         100.00%         98.33%         98.85%         76.13%           Alresford         7.26%         100.00%         99.77%         100.00%         100.00%	St James	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
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Alresford       7.26%       100.00%       99.77%       100.00%       100.00%         Ardleigh & Little Bromley       46.19%       100.00%       76.45%       79.07%       86.92%         Thorrington Frating       63.49%       100.00%       72.87%       62.71%       66.70%         Elmstead & Great Bromley       27.17%       100.00%       60.54%       99.02%       53.91%	Bentley & Tendring						
Ardleigh & Little Bromley       46.19%       100.00%       76.45%       79.07%       86.92%         Thorrington Frating       63.49%       100.00%       72.87%       62.71%       66.70%         Elmstead & Great Bromley       27.17%       100.00%       60.54%       99.02%       53.91%	Little Clacton & Weeley				98.85%	76.13%	
Thorrington Frating 63.49% 100.00% 72.87% 62.71% 66.70% Elmstead & Great Bromley Great & Little Oakley 27.17% 100.00% 60.54% 99.02% 53.91%	Alresford	7.26%			100.00%	100.00%	
Elmstead & Great Bromley Great & Little Oakley 27.17% 100.00% 60.54% 99.02% 53.91%	Ardleigh & Little Bromley	46.19%	100.00%	76.45%	79.07%	86.92%	
Great & Little Oakley 27.17% 100.00% 60.54% 99.02% 53.91%		63.49%	100.00%	72.87%	62.71%	66.70%	
	-						
Bradfield Wrahness & Wix 45 12% 100 00% 80 68% 80 35% 23 82%							
	Bradfield Wrabness & Wix	45.12%	100.00%	80.68%	80.35%	23.82%	
Great Bentley 5.82% 100.00% 93.75% 94.29% 8.84%	Great Bentley						
Beaumont & Thorpe 2.42% 100.00% 3.22% 87.51% 7.05%	•					7.05%	

Source: Rural services survey, Countryside Agency - www.countryside.gov.uk

% of people within 2km of service

Columns 2-6 show the % of residents that are within 2km of various services.

#### 1.6 Tendring health profile

Health Profile 2010

# **Tendring**

updated 28 July 2010

This profile gives a picture of health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

Health Profiles are produced every year by the Association of Public Health Observatories.

Visit the Health Profiles website to:

- · see profiles for other areas
- use interactive maps
- · find more detailed information

#### www.healthprofiles.info



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Population 147,600

Mid-2008 population estimate Source: National Statistics website: www.statistics.gov.uk





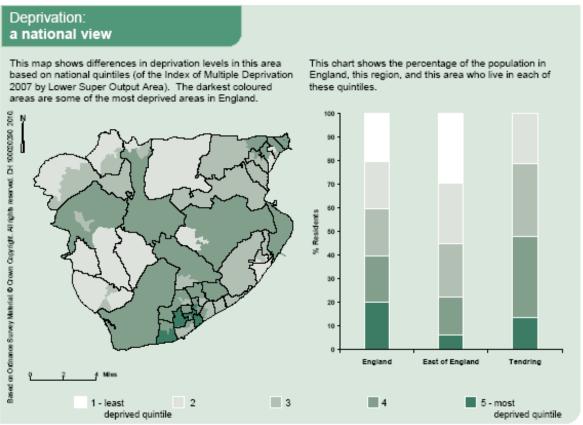


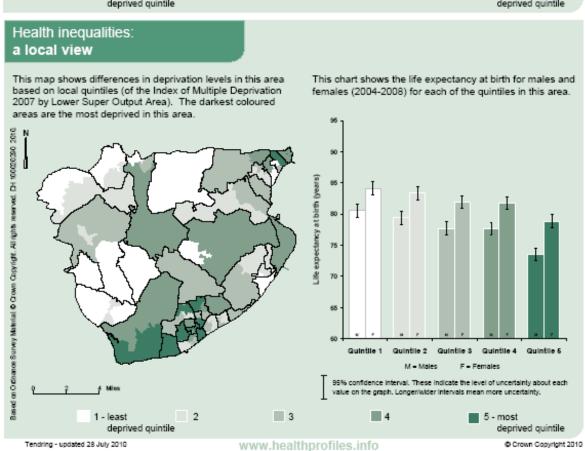
#### Tendring at a glance

- The health of people in Tendring is generally good.
   Deprivation levels are low and life expectancy is similar to the England average. However, road injuries and deaths and the level of people diagnosed with diabetes are worse.
- There are inequalities within Tendring. For example, life expectancy for men living in the least deprived areas is over 7 years higher than for men living in the most deprived areas.
- Over the past ten years, the rates of death from all causes and rates of early death from cancer and from heart disease and stroke have all improved. They are similar to the England average.
- Tendring continues to have higher rates of smoking in pregnancy than average; similarly the level of GCSE achievement remains low. The proportion of children in Reception year who are classified as obese has risen since the 2009 profile and is now similar to average. The rate of physical activity at school is higher than the average for England.
- Locally efforts are being made to aid early detection and treatment of diseases such as hypertension, lung diseases and diabetes to improve quality of life and life expectancy.
- There are more details about the health of this area in the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment, available from www.northeastessexpct.nhs.uk (See 'About Us').
   For more local adult lifestyle data please refer to www.erpho.org.uk/lsr.



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### Health inequalities: changes over time

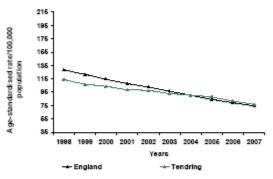
These graphs show how changes in death rates for this area compare with changes for the whole of England. Data points on the graph are mid-points of 3-year averages of yearly rates. For example the dot labelled 2003 represents the 3-year period 2002 to 2004.

Trend 1 compares rates of death, at all ages and from all causes, in this area with those for England.

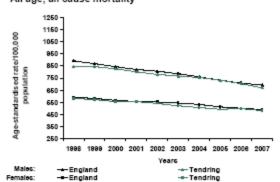
Trend 2 compares rates of early death from heart disease and stroke (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

Trend 3 compares rates of early death from cancer (in people under 75) in this area with those for England.

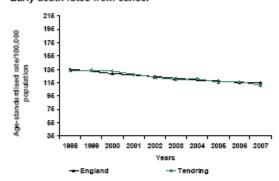
Trend 2: Early death rates from heart disease and stroke



Trend 1: All age, all cause mortality



Trend 3: Early death rates from cancer

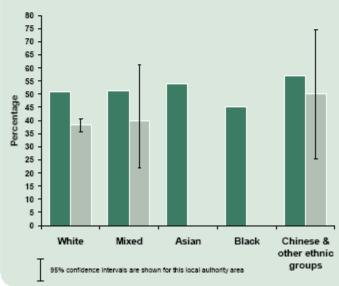


England

Tendring

# Health inequalities: ethnicity

This chart shows the percentage of pupils by ethnic group in this area who achieved five GCSEs in 2008/09 (A\* to C grades including English and Maths). Comparing results may help find possible inequalities between ethnic groups.



Ethnic Groups	% pupils achieved grades	No. of pupils achieved grades
White	38.1	589
Mixed	40.0	8
Asian		
Black		
Chinese/other	50.0	6

If there are any empty cells in the table this is because data has not been presented where the calculation involved pupil numbers of 0, 1 or 2. Some further groups may not have data presented in order to prevent counts of small numbers being calculated from values for other ethnic groups or areas.

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### Health summary for Tendring

22UN

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the red line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

- Significantly worse than England average
- Not significantly different from England average
- Significantly better than England average
- O No significance can be calculated

England Regio	onal average +	England Average		England
Worst	<b>•</b>			Best
MODE	25th	7	5th	Deal
	Percentil	e Per	centile	

+ In the South East Region this represents the Strategic Health Authority average

Dom ain	Indicator	Local No. Per Year	Local Value	Eng Avg	Eng Worst	England Forego	Eng Best
	1 Deprivation	19938	13.9	19.9	89.2	0 0	0.0
2	2 Children in poverty	5480	22.6	22.4	66.5	<b>♦</b> ♦	6.0
communities	3 Statutory homelessness	117	1.79	2.48	9.84	60	0.00
	4 GCSE achieved (5A"-C Inc. Eng & Maths)	808	38.3	50.9	32.1	0	76.1
8	5 Violent crime	1892	12.9	16.4	36.6	<b>6</b>	4.8
	6 Carbon emissions	794	5.4	6.8	14.4	0 0	4.1
	7 Smoking in pregnancy	258	19.2	14.6	33.5	• •	3.8
7.0	8 Breast feeding initiation	985	73.0	72.5	39.7	Φ	92.7
284	9 Physically active children	9824	56.1	49.6	24.6	<b>O</b>	79.1
Ohither's and young people's health	10 Obese children	117	9.6	9.6	14.7	0 0	4.7
0 3	11 Tooth decay in children aged 5 years	n/a	0.7	1.1	2.5	00	0.2
	12 Teenage pregnancy (under 18)	107	41.2	40.9	74.8	0 0	14.9
- I	13 Adults who smoke	n/a	22.4	22.2	35.2	0 0	10.2
8.	14 Binge drinking adults	n/a	12.9	20.1	33.2	0 0	4.6
Adulto' health and lifes lyfe	15 Healthy eating adults	n/a	27.8	28.7	18.3	0 0	48.1
	16 Physically active adults	n/a	8.6	11.2	5.4	• •	16.6
	17 Obese adults	n/a	23.2	24.2	32.8	<u>a</u>	13.2
	18 incidence of malignant melanoma	24	16.3	12.6	27.3	0 0	3.7
	19 incapacity benefits for mental liness	2525	32.3	27.6	58.5	• •	9.0
2 €	20 Hospital stays for alcohol related harm	2121	972	1580	2860	0 0	784
Disease and poor health	21 Drug misuse						
종호	22 People diagnosed with diabetes	7901	5.35	4.30	6.72	• •	2.69
	23 New cases of tuberculosis	1	1	15	110	WO.	0
	24 Hip fracture in over-65s	256	465.7	479.2	643.5	0	273.6
	25 Excess winter deaths	78	11.5	15.6	26.3	0	2.3
	26 Life expectancy - male	n/a	78.3	77.9	73.6	0 0	84.3
x pechnoy us es of dea	27 Life expectancy - female	n/a	82.1	82.0	78.8	• •	88.9
	28 Infant deaths	7	5.38	4.84	8.67	0 0	1.08
	29 Deaths from smoking	325	192.4	208.8	360.3	00	118.7
	30 Early deaths: heart disease & stroke	162	76.5	74.8	125.0	0 0	40.1
	31 Early deaths: cancer	237	111.1	114.0	164.3	_ O ♦	70.5
	32 Road injuries and deaths	90	61.6	51.3	167.0	•••	14.6

#### Indicator Notes

1% of people in this area living in 20% most deprived areas of England 2007 2 % of children living in families receiving means-tested benefits 2007 3 Crude rate per 1,000 households 2008/09 4 % at Key Stage 4 2008/09 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes crude rate per 1,000 population acosios 6 Total end user CO<sub>2</sub> per resident) 2007 7 % of mothers smoking in pregnancy where status is known 2008/09 8 % of year 1-13 pupils who spend at least 3 hours per week on high quality PE and school sport 2008/09 10 % of school children in reception year 2008/09 11 Weighted mean number of teeth per 5 yr old child sampled that were actively decayed, missing or filled 2007/08 12 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 2005-2008 (provisional) 13 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2007-2008 15 % adults, modelled estimate using Health Survey for England 2006-2008 18 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75 2004-2006 19 Crude rate per 1,000 working age population 2008 20 Directly age and sex standardised rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 (rounded) 21 New Problematic Drug User estimates were not available in time for inclusion 22 % of people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 2008/09 23 Crude rate per 100,000 population 2008/09 25 Ratio of excess winter deaths (observed winter deaths minus expected deaths based on non-winter deaths) to average non-winter deaths 1.08.05-31.07.08 26 At birth, 2006-2008 27 At birth, 2006-2008 8 Rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 31 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population under 75, 2006-2008 32 Rate per 100,000 population 2006-2008

More indicator information is available in The Indicator Guide; www.healthprofiles.info For information on your area contact your regional PHO; www.apho.org.uk

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