

TGN1412: What happened?

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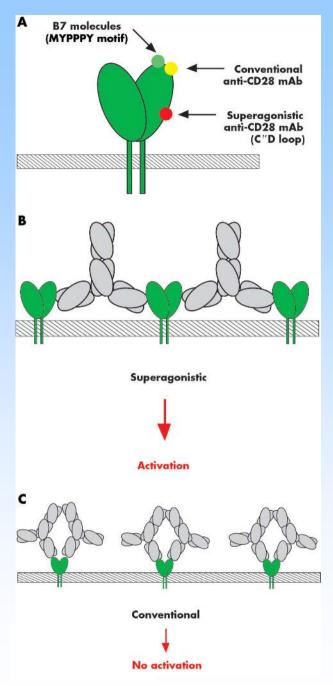
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Disclaimer

- No involvement in trial conduct, and no affiliation to:
 - Trial sponsor (TeGenero AG, Germany)
 - Contract Research Organisation (PAREXEL International, USA)
 - Investigating regulatory authorities (MHRA, ESG)



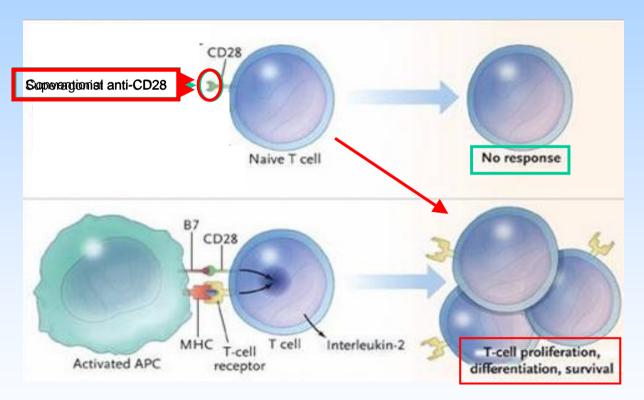


TGN1412

- Humanized IgG₄κ mAb
- anti-CD28 superagonist

TGN 1412

Humanised superagonist anti-CD28 monoclonal antibody (TeGenero AG)

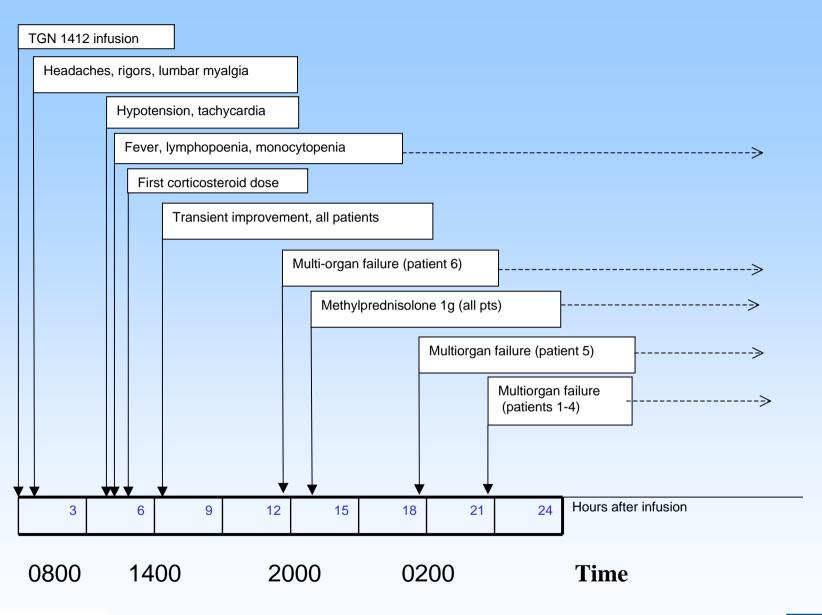


Sharpe AK et al. N Engl J Med 2006;355:973-975

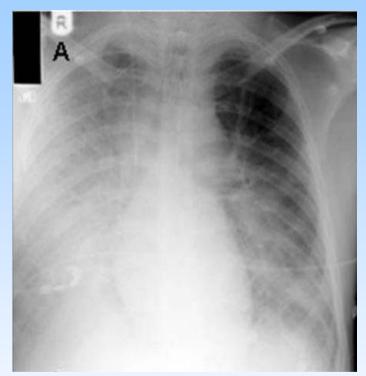
March 13th 2006 clinical trial

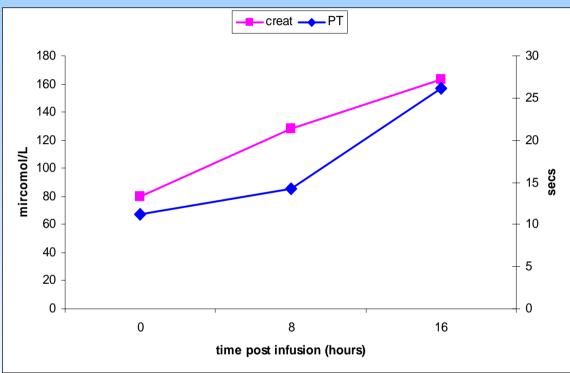
- FIM study
- 8 healthy male volunteers
- randomised
- placebo-controlled (6 study, 2 placebo)
- double-blinded
- dose-escalation study (1st dose 0.1 mg/kg @ 2mg/min)



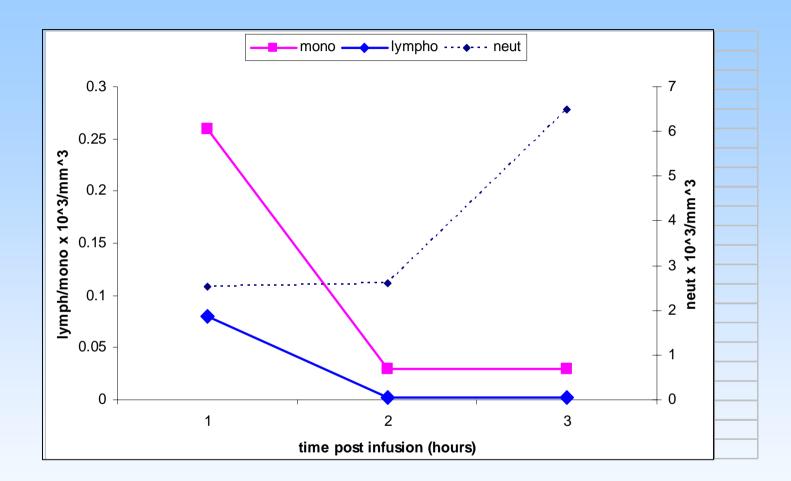


Clinical manifestation – sepsis-like organ failure pattern











Clinical management

- immune modulation
 - methylprednisolone 1g tds (→ tailing dose)
 - daclizumab (IL-2 receptor antagonist)





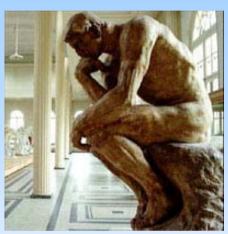
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- organ support
 - haemodynamic resuscitation
 - aggressive lung support
 - high volume kidney support



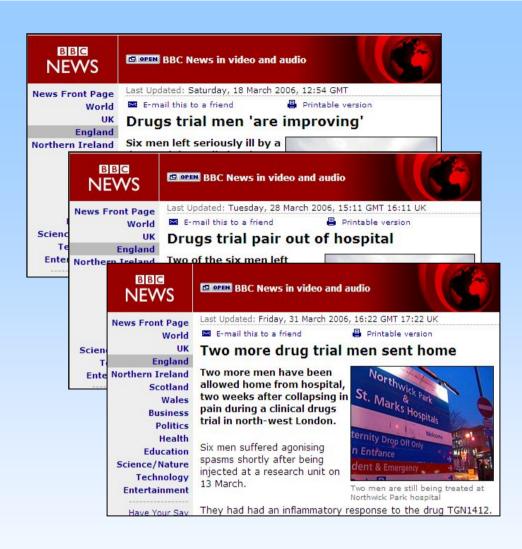
Key difficulties, decisions & ethics

- Unpredictable effects
- Unpredictable severity
- Unknown kinetics in humans
- \rightarrow
- Admit as a cohort?
- Treat as a cohort ?
- Off-study → clinical investigations only

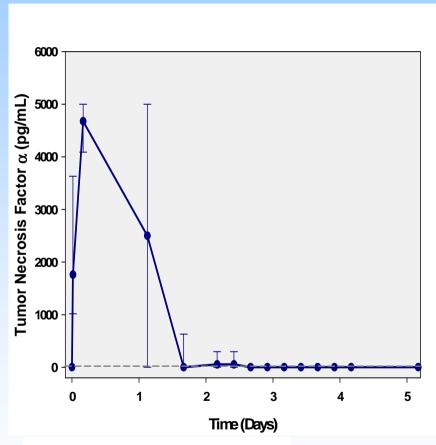


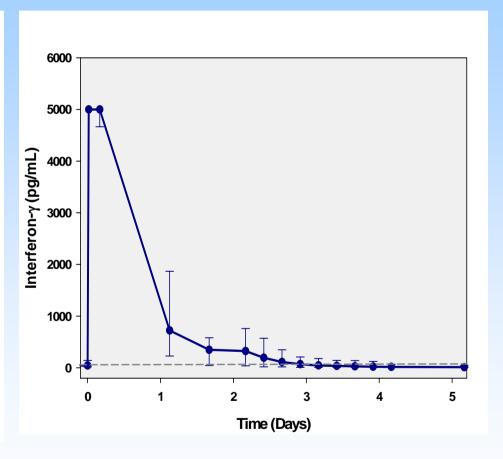
Outcome

- All six patients survived
- Full resolution of pulmonary injury and renal failure
- 1 pt peripheral necrosis
- Prolonged haematological/ immunological recovery



TNF- α and IFN- γ





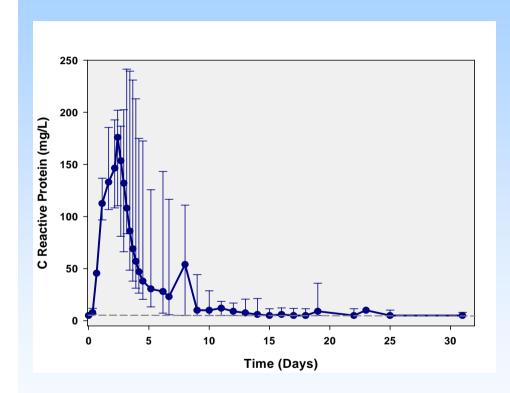
N Engl J Med 2006;355:1018-28.

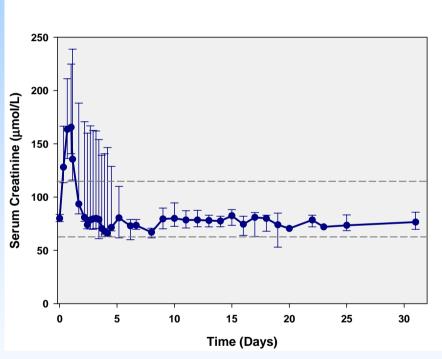
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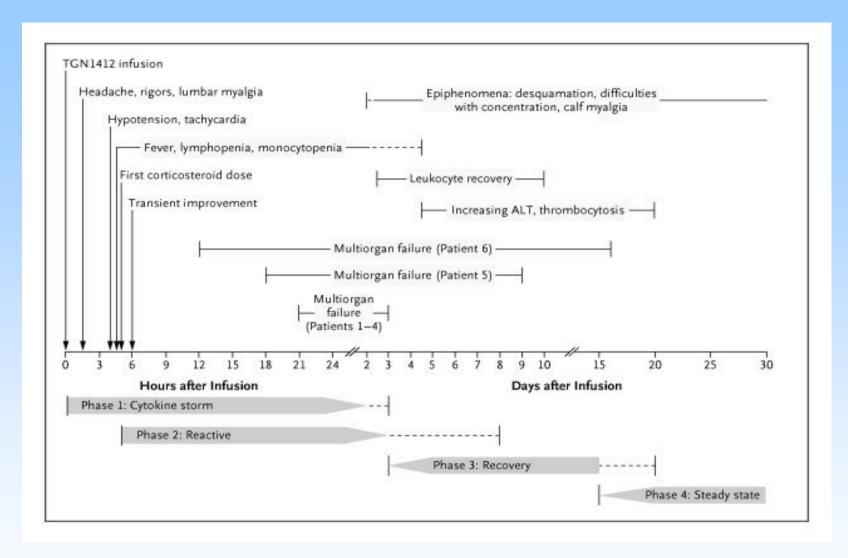
CRP

Creatinine









Suntharalingam G, Perry MR, Ward S et al N Engl J Med 2006;355:1018-28



Shock, Immune cell Multiple organ **TGN1412** perfusion failure activation, failure cellular hypoxia cytokine release Immune cell Direct cytokine-Multiple organ activation, **TGN1412** Mediated injury failure cytokine release Direct CD28-Multiple organ TGN1412 Mediated injury failure The North West London Hospitals
NHS Trust Imperial College London

Where does this leave us?

- MHRA Investigation (Metropolitan Police)
 - GCP: Parexel, Boehringer, TeGenero
 - Contractual irregularities, no 24 hour medical cover
 - GMP: Parexel
 - GLP: Preclinical studies
 - Product testing:
 - NIBSC, MHRA (UK): FCC, FDA (USA)
 - No errors in manufacture, formulation, dilution, administration
 - No bacterial, toxin, pyrogen contaminant
- Interim arrangements for novel biologic agents



ESG Terms of Reference

- Requirements in transition from preclinical to first-into-man studies
 - Biologicals with novel mechanism of action
 - New agents with a highly species-specific action
 - New drugs directed towards immune system targets
- Advice on the future authorisation of such trials



Lessons from TGN1412: Expert Scientific Group

Final "Duff" Report – December, 2006
 Conclusion

"...preclinical development studies that were performed with TGN1412 did not predict a safe dose for use in humans, even though current regulatory requirements were met."

 22 Recommendations to improve safety of volunteers in first-in-man studies



Recommendations (UK, EU, International): www.dh.gov.uk

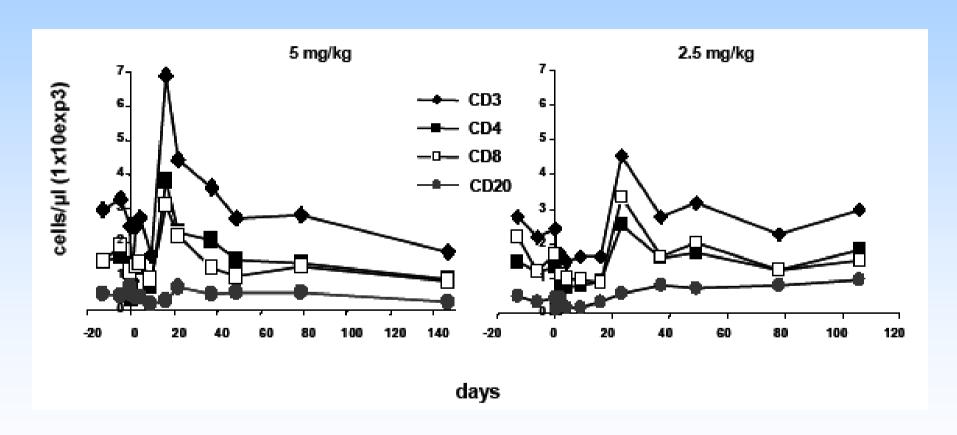
- 1. Pre-clinical and early clinical development
- 2. The process of preparation and review of clinical trial applications, and early access to advice for both regulators and sponsors
- 3. Determining and administering the initial doses in man
- 4. The clinical environment for first-in-man studies
- 5. Developing the skills and training to meet future needs

Further testing at NIBSC:

Why was the cytokine storm not identified pre-clinically?



Rhesus monkeys: TGN1412 produced transient lymphocytosis at day16-23



Cynomologus monkey + TGN1412: Mean peak serum concentration of cytokines (2, 24 hrs)

Cytokine	Mean peak cytokine level (range) in pg/ml					
	Control group (0 mg/kg)	Low dose group (5 mg/kg)	High dose group (50 mg/kg)			
IL-2	37 (20-60)	25 (0-84)	100 (25-211)			
IL-4	12 (0-18)	13 (8-18)	17 (0-40)			
IL-5	6 (3-7)	49 (6-139)	107 (11-458)			
IL-6	7 (0-22)	68 (32-101)	128 (24-390)			
TFN-alpha	20 (11-26)	20 (15-27)	22 (19-26)			
IFN-gamma	18 (0-35)	23 (19-32)	33 (17-93)			



Preclinical Efficacy Studies – animal models of autoimmune disease

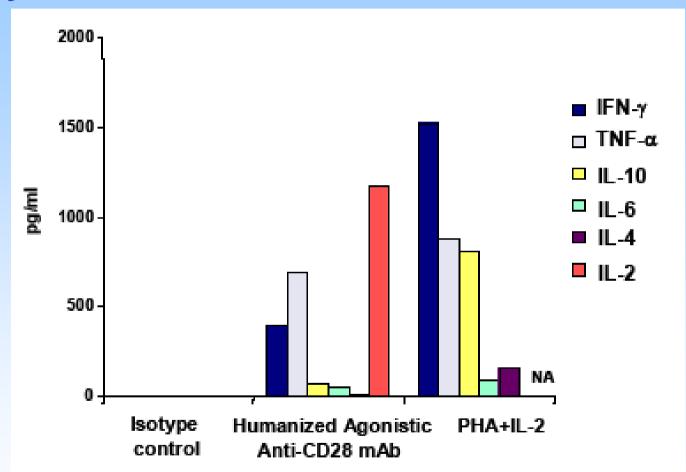
Animal Model	Species	Treatment	Dose	Disease score reduction	Observations	Ref.
Mycobacteria-induced adjuvant arthritis (preventive)	Rat	IV day -10 and 0 before onset of clinical signs	5 mg/kg 1 mg/kg	> 80% > 80%		(TGN01-NC- 015, 2004)
Mycobacteria-induced adjuvant arthritis (early intervention)	Rat	IV day 3 and 6 after onset of clinical signs	5 mg/kg 1 mg/kg	> 80% > 80%	Transient increase of CD25+CD4+ T cells (2-10x in LN and blood), reduction of cartilage destruction, inhibition of cell infiltration in bone.	(TGN01-NC- 015, 2004)
Mycobacteria-induced adjuvant arthritis (late intervention)	Rat	IV day 6 and 9 after onset of clinical signs	5 mg/kg 1 mg/kg	> 80% > 80%		(TGN01-NC- 015, 2004)
Collagen-Induced Arthritis	Rat	IV, SC after onset of disease	0.03 to 3.0 mg/kg	no reduction	Aggravation of disease at highest dose, possibly due to enhanced B-cell mediated autoimmune response	(TGN01-NC- 016, 2004)
Experimental Autoimmune Encephalomyelitis (EAE)	Rat	IV day 0 (prophylactic) and day 10 (disease onset)	0.03 to 1mg total dose	> 80%	Transient dose dependent expansion of regulatory T cells	(Beyersdorf, 2005)
Experimental Autoimmune Neuritis (EAN)	Rat	IP day -7	1mg total dose	> 50%	Reduced infiltration of the sciatic nerve in active EAN	(Schmidt et al., 2003)
Collagen-Induced Arthritis (CIA)	Rhesus monkey	IV prophylactic day -28, day 0	5 mg/kg 2.5 mg/kg	n.d.	Clinical response in 4/6 animals, delayed onset of disease, decrease in cartilage breakdown products	(TGN01-NC- 017, 2004)

n.d. = not detected

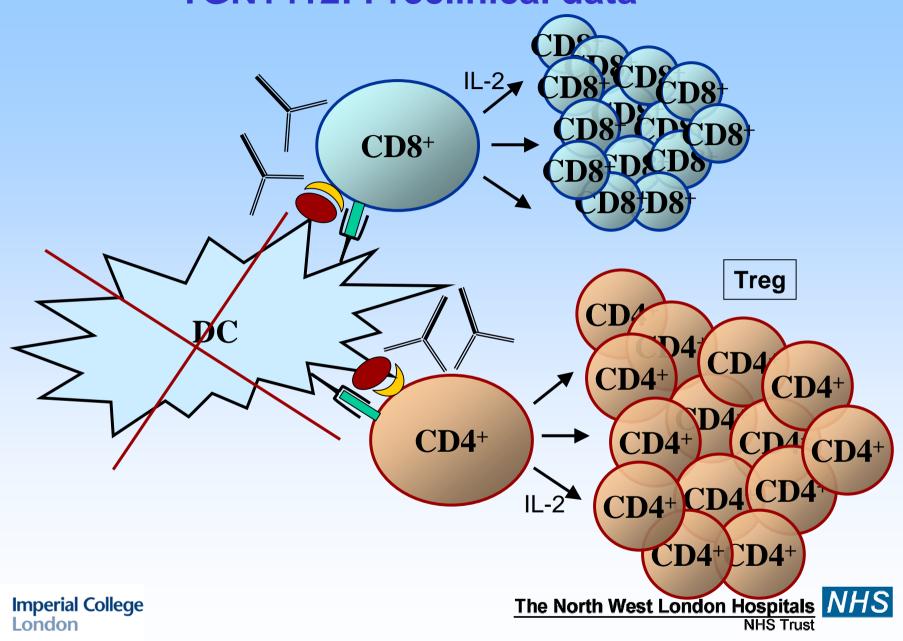




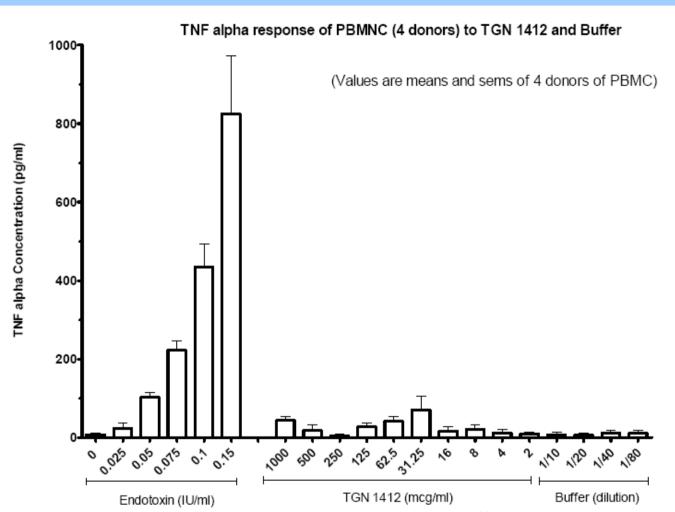
Human B-CLL cells + TGN1412: Cytokine release into S/N after 48 hours



TGN1412: Preclinical data



Healthy Human PBMNCs + TGN1412

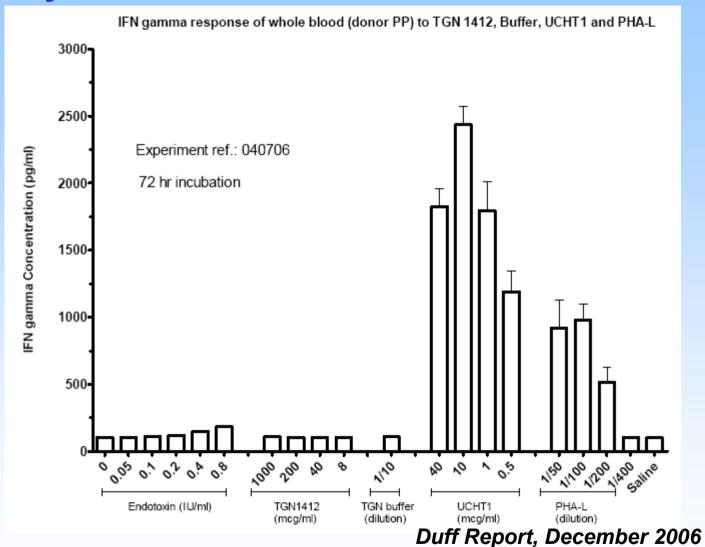


Duff Report, December 2006

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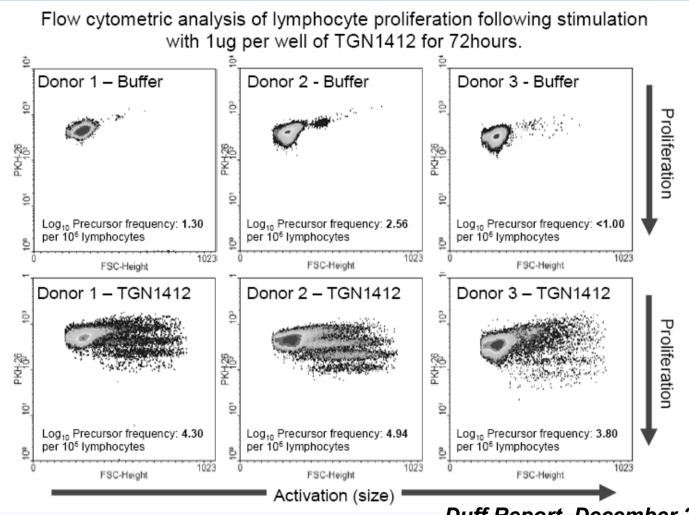


Healthy Human Whole Blood + TGN1412



Imperial College London The North West London Hospitals NHS Trust

Immobilized TGN1412: Lymphocyte Proliferation



Duff Report, December 2006

In vitro Immobilized TGN1412

Summary of *in vitro* activation and proliferation responses of human and Cynomolgus macaque lymphocytes to immobilised TGN1412

	TGN1412	TGN1412	IL-2	IL-2	TGN1412+IL-	TGN1412+IL-2
	evoked	evoked	evoked	evoked	2	evoked
	activation	proliferation	activation	proliferation	evoked	proliferation
					activation	
Human	++++	++++	_	_	Could not be	Could not be
PBMC					tested*	tested*
Macaque PBMC	++	_	_	_	+++	+++

^{*:} TGN1412 stimulates activation, IL-2 secretion and proliferation when given alone.

Duff Report, December 2006



Did pre- or post-clinical testing give insights?

NO...except for what did not happen



So what happened? The data show:

- Early rise in TNF prestored, non-Tcell
- Lung effects early ?specific activation first pass
- All volunteers had same response unusual
- Early Immune recovery similar in all volunteers despite "specific" treatments received

How do we prevent this from happening in the future? We cannot, but...

- 1. Be humble about the data Do not be lulled into a false sense of security with the science, in vitro and in vivo (especially with immune targets), and do not ignore data
- 2. Prepare for the unexpected Careful "defensive" trial design in case unexpected occurs
- 3. Think outside the box and use common sense what is different about this agent that might cause problems, organs/cells affected, & is the dosing specific for the agent?

How did we fail to protect the volunteers?

- Scientific rationale
- Pre-clinical testing
- Design of clinical trial
- Regulatory safe-checks
- Conduct of clinical trial
- Monitoring & follow-up of SAE

"Strategy on the pre-clinical development of a new medicine must be sciencebased, justified case-by-case by individuals with appropriate training."

Duff Report, 2006



Acknowledgements

Authors

- G. Suntharalingam
- M. Perry
- S. Ward
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Other London Hospitals

The Patients

Antigen Presentation Research Group
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