

THE ANCIENT EGYPTIANS

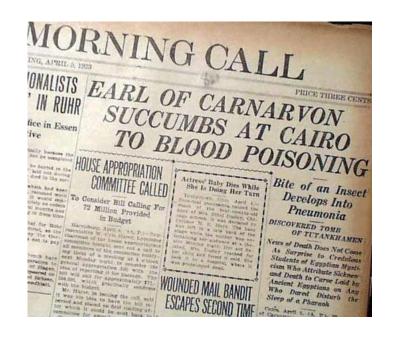
FALL 2017
CHRISTOPHER WREN ASSOCIATION
COLLEGE OF WILLIAM AND MARY



Dr. George DeRise Professor, Mathematics (retired) Thomas Nelson Community College

WEEK 4

CURSE OF TUTANKHAMUN



AT THE MOMENT OF LORD CARNARVON'S DEATH,
THE LIGHTS WENT OUT IN CAIRO

BACK IN ENGLAND HIS DOG, SUSIE, HOWLED AND DIED IN THE SAME INSTANT.

ON THE DAY HOWARD CARTER OPENED THE TOMB, HIS PET CANARY WAS SWALLOWED BY A COBRA

TEN PEOPLE WHO ENTERED THE TOMB
SUPPOSEDLY DIED WITHIN THE NEXT DECADE

THERE IS NO INSCRIPTION OF A CURSE ANYWHERE IN THE TOMB

CARTER - CARNARVON SCANDAL

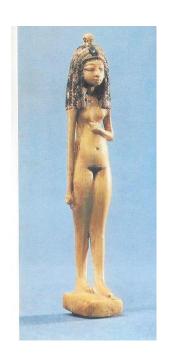
PROOF THAT THEY ENTERED THE TOMB ILLEGALLY
CARTER NO. VS. BURTON NO.
OPENING TO BURIAL CHAMBER
UNPUBLISHED LETTER LADY EVELYN TO CARTER
OBJECT LUCAS SAW
NOTES PUBLISHEDIN JOURNAL 1947

DID THEY TAKE ANYTHING?





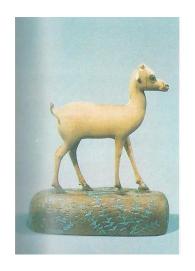
OBJECTS SAID TO HAVE BEEN TAKEN BY HOWARD CARTER











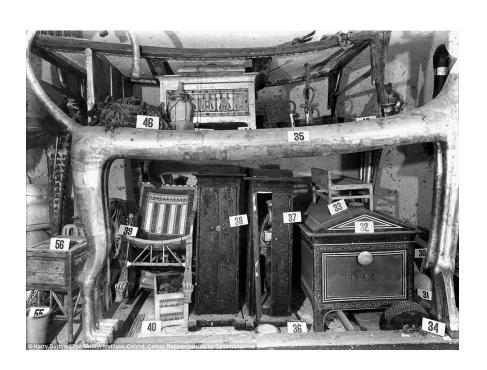


ART & DESIGN

Met Is to Repatriate to Egypt Artifacts By KATE TAYLOR NOV. 10, 2010 From King Tut's Tomb

The <u>Metropolitan Museum of Art</u> is voluntarily returning 19 artifacts to Egypt that had been in its collection for decades and that Met curators recently determined came from <u>Tutankhamen</u>'s tomb, the museum said on Tuesday.





<u>031a</u>	Green or blue faience vase		
<u>032</u>	Chest of ivory, ebony, and red wood	8/15	
<u>032a</u>	Two vases of alabaster (calcite)	2/1	
<u>032b</u>	Four vases of alabaster (calcite)	1/1	
<u>032c</u>	Small cup of hard crystalline limestone	1/1	
<u>032d</u>	Small vase of alabaster (calcite)	1/1	
<u>032e</u>	Small vase of alabaster (calcite)	1/1	
<u>032f</u>	Small vase of hard crystalline limestone	1/2	
<u>032g</u>	Small vase of hard crystalline limestone	1/1	
<u>032h</u>	Vase of dark mottled serpentine	1/2	
<u>032i</u>	Kohl pot of dark serpentine	1/2	
<u>032j</u>	Small vase of translucent white glass	1/2	
<u>032k</u>	Small vase of indigo-blue glass	1/2	
<u>032l</u>	Small vase of indigo-blue glass	1/2	
<u>032m</u>	Pottery bowl	1/1	
<u>032n</u>	Six small pottery saucers	1/1	
<u>032o</u>	Four paint slabs of hard crystalline limestone	1/1	
<u>032p</u>	Two knives of slate-coloured hard cherty limestone	1/1	
<u>032q</u>	Five knives of hard crystalline limestone	1/1	
<u>032r</u>	Rush basket lid	1/0	
<u>032s</u>	Lumps of resin	1/0	
<u>032t</u>	Four incense balls	1/3	
<u>032u</u>	A quantity of small dried fruits	1/0	
<u>032v</u>	Gold cap or boss	1/0	
<u>032w</u>	Broken ostrich feathers	1/0	
<u>032x</u>	Small bunch of (?) garlic (? or bulbs)	2/1	
<u>033</u>	Wooden stand (?)	1/7	
034	Hassock, bran and beadwork	2/2	

-

The Griffith Institute Tutankhamun: Anatomy of an Excavation The Howard Carter Archives Photographs by Harry Burton

ntroduction

<u>Previous</u>	<u>Main</u>	<u>list</u>	<u>Next</u>		
Carter No.	032				
Cairo, Egyptian Museum	JE 61445; Exhib. 5 JE 62722; Exhib. 1580 (14)				
Description in Murray- Nuttall <i>Handlist</i>	Chest of ivory, ebony, and red wood				
Card(s) & transcript(s)	Sample S	032-2 032-6	Sept. This was been as the description of the sept. The		
Burton photograph(s)	0088	0089	0091		
	0092	0093	1223		
	1557	0007	0020		
	0021	1695	<u>)9</u>		
Text Beinlich & Saleh, p.11-15					

Carter No.: 032

Handlist description: Chest of ivory, ebony, and red wood

Card/Transcription No.: 032-1

32. Chest of ivory, ebony and red wood.

1. Position

Under lion couch (35). Knob end facing door.

Dimensions

with lid 83 x 60.5 x 63.5 overall. (See diagrams).

3. Description

<u>Lid</u> Framework of ebony. Inside red wood panels, on edges of which were 4 strips of veneer, ivory, ebony, ivory, ebony. Gable ends however only had 3 strips, ivory, ebony, ivory.

Cornice Corners dovetailed, and mitred above. Ebony.

Torus-moulding Covered with gold leaf.

Box proper Corner posts & upper & lower frames of ebony. Within centre panels of red wood, on edges of which

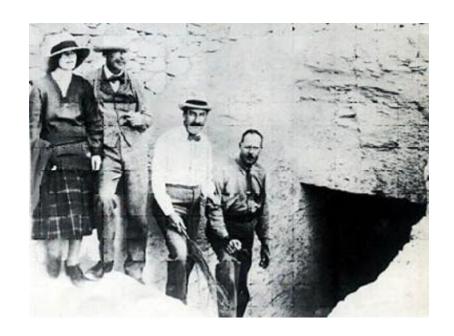
(cont)

32.

Cheso of ivory , abony and red wood.

- 1. Position under lion couch (35), Know and facing
- 2. Dimensions with lid 83 x 60.5 x 63.5 bornall. (See diagrams).
- 3. Description Lid Framework of abong. Inside red wood panels, on edges of which were made to strops of vineer, ivory elong, wisn, chong. Sides gable ends however one had a strips, ivory, elong, ivory.





THE MUMMY OF TUTANKHAMUN BBC 2017

18TH DYNASTY C.1550-1295 BC

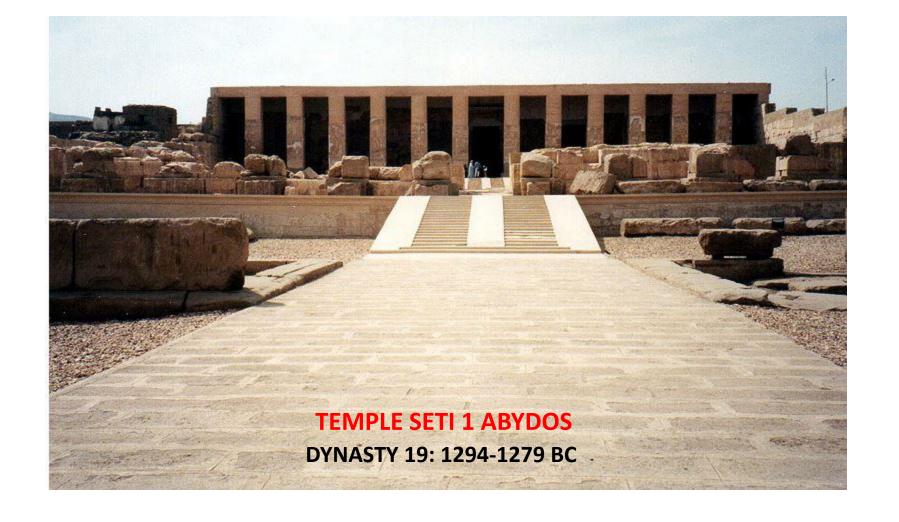
AHMOSE I 1570-1546 **AMENHOTEP I C.1546-1527 THUTMOSE I C.1527-1515** THUTMOSF II C.1515-1498 **QUEEN HATSHEPSUT C.1498-1483** AMENMES C.1202-1199 **THUTMOSE III C.1504-1450 AMENHOTEP II C.1450-1412 THUTMOSE IV 1412-1402 AMENHOTEP III C.1402-1364 AMENHOTEP IV/AKHENATEN C.1350-**1334 **SMENKHKARE C.1334 TUTANKHAMUN C.1334-1325**

AY C.1325-1321

HOREMHEB C.1321-1293

19TH DYNASTY C.1295-1186 BC

RAMSFS I C.1293-1291 **SETUL C.1291-1278 RAMSES II C.1279-1212** MFRNFPTAH C.1212-1202 SETI II C.1199-1193 **MERNEPTAH SIPTAH C.1193-1187 QUEEN TWOSRET C.1187-1185**

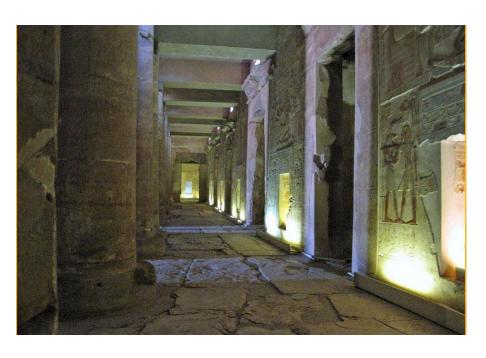


<u>Temple de Sethy I à Abydos – Osirisnet</u> Fr. Engl.

<u>Le temple de Sethy – AbydosSethy</u> Fr.



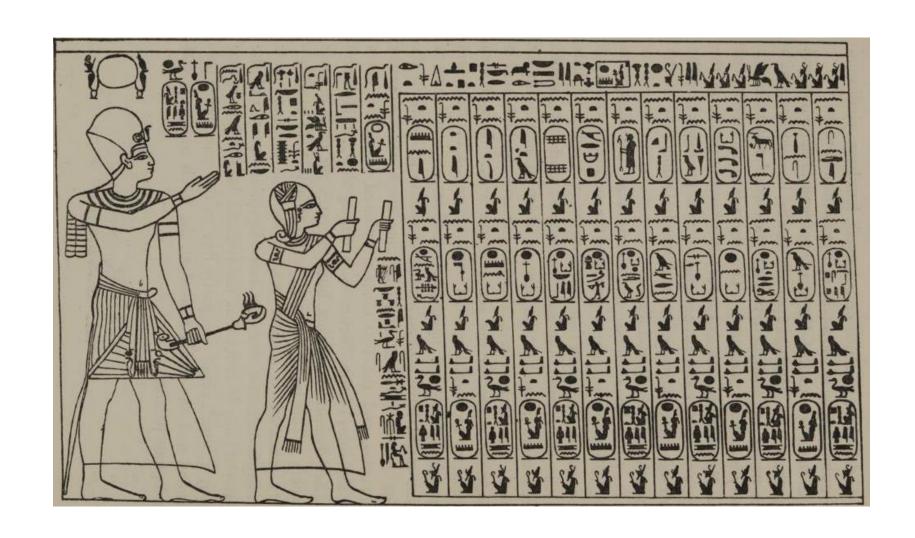
TEMPLE SETI 1 ABYDOS - SECOND HYPOSTYLE HALL



THE SEVEN CHAPELS



CHAPEL OF ISIS



TEMPLE SETI 1 - ABYDOS KING'S LIST



RAMESSES II 1279-1213 BC

HIS FIRST TWO PRINCIPAL WIVES, NEFERTARI AND ISETNOFRET SIX MORE GREAT ROYAL WIVES DURING HIS REIGN – 44–56 SONS AND 40–44 DAUGHTERS

BATTLE OF KADESH

MAY 1274 BC
RAMESSES II VS. HITTITE MUWATALLI II

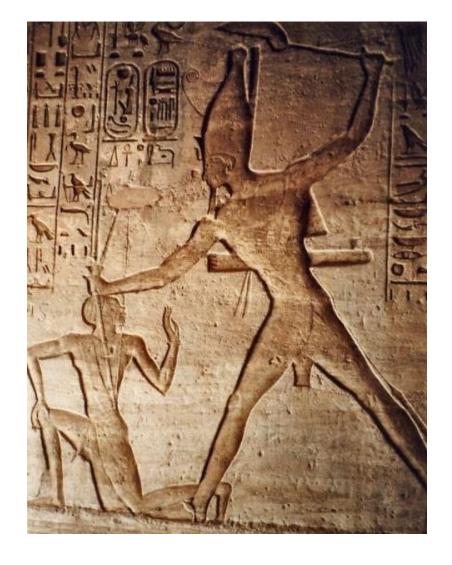
EGYPT: FOUR DIVISIONS:

AMUN, RE, SETH, PTAH DIVISIONS

20,000 MEN

HATTI: 50,000 MEN

OUTCOME??



RELIEF - ABU SIMBEL TEMPLE

KADESH PEACE AGREEMENT:

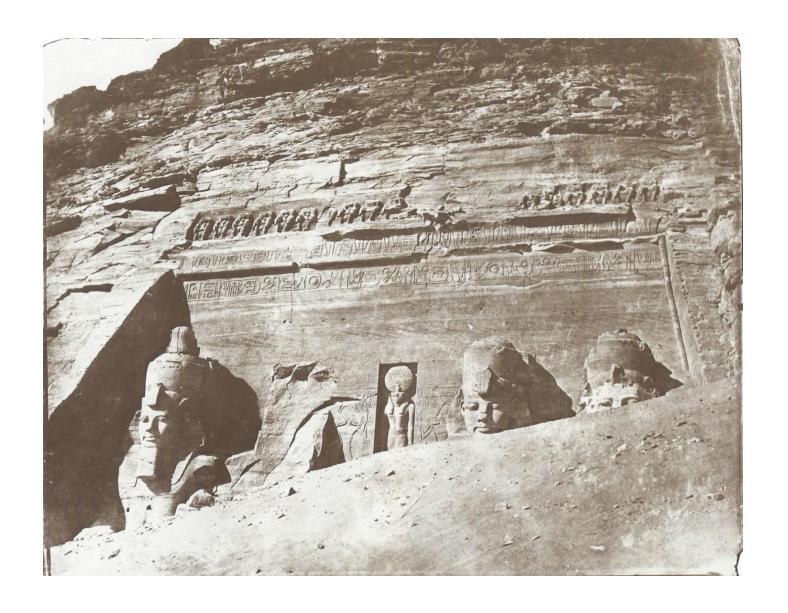
EARLIEST PEACE AGREEMENT ON RECORD

SAME TREATY-TWO VERSIONS.
ONE IN CUNEIFORM, OTHER IN HIEROGLYPHS

YEAR 21, FIRST MONTH OF WINTER, DAY 21 UNDER THE MAJESTY OF THE KING OF UPPER AND LOWER EGYPT USERMAARA-SETEPENRA SON OF RA,RAMESSE-MI-AMON...

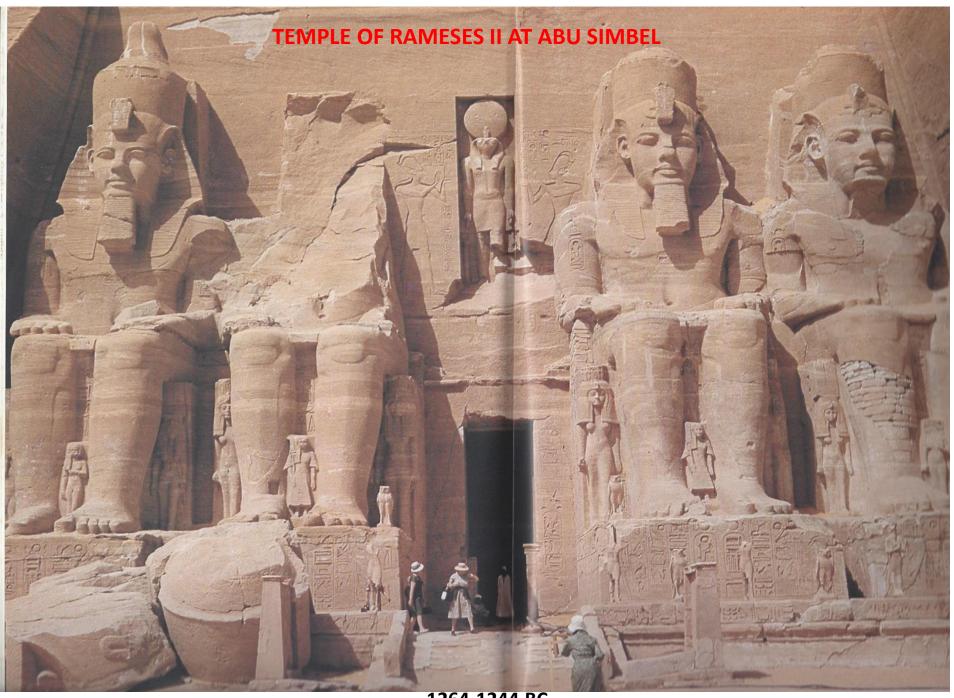




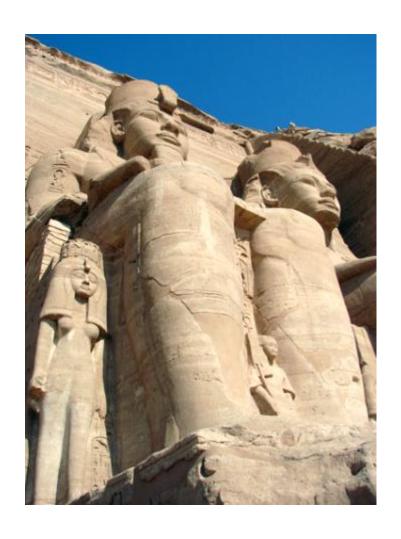


TEMPLE OF RAMESES II AT ABU SIMBEL

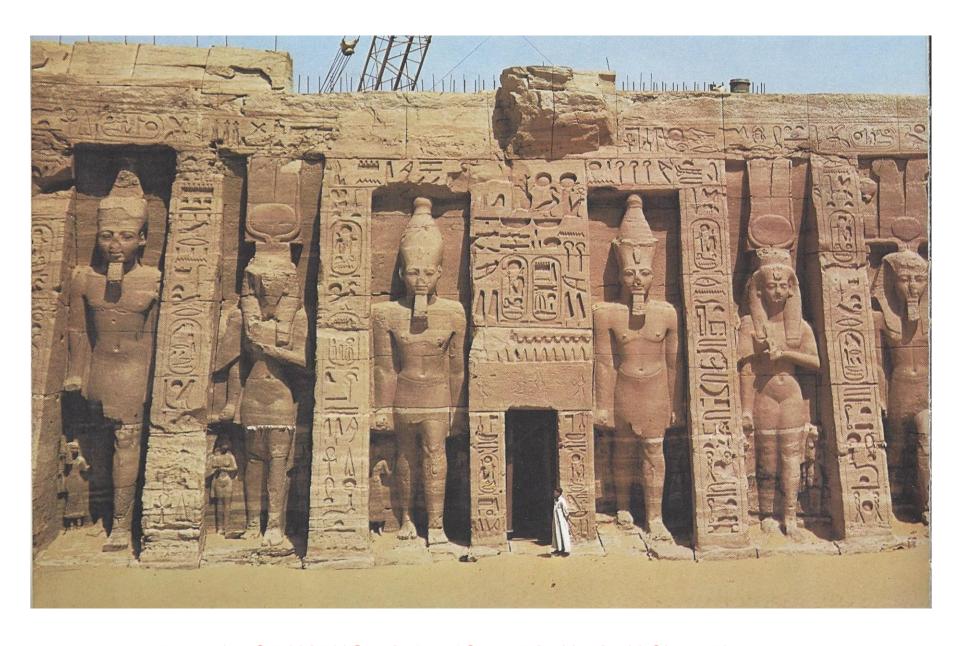
PHOTO 1851, UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT AUSTIN



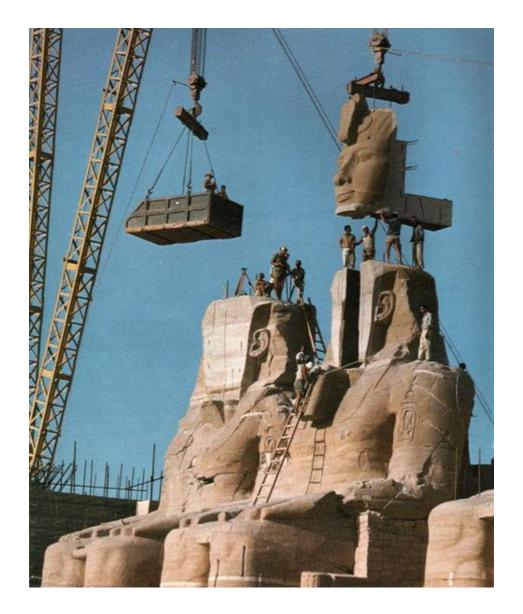
1264-1244 BC



TEMPLE OF RAMESES II AT ABU SIMBELGREAT ROYAL WIFE NOFRETARY AT HIS SIDE

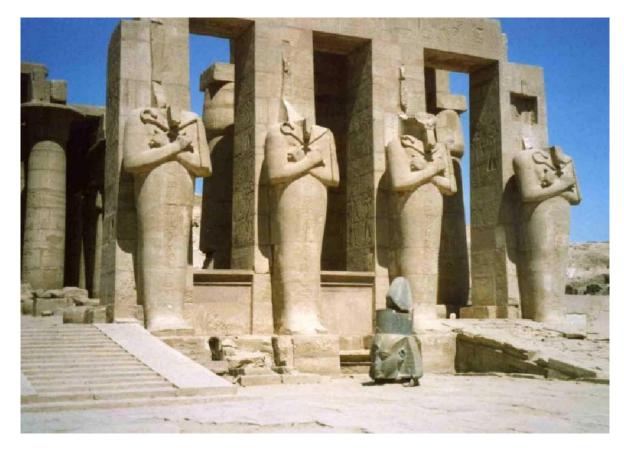


TEMPLE OF HATHOR AND NOFRETARY - ABU SIMBEL



UNESCO NUBIAN RESCUE

THE RAMESSEUM



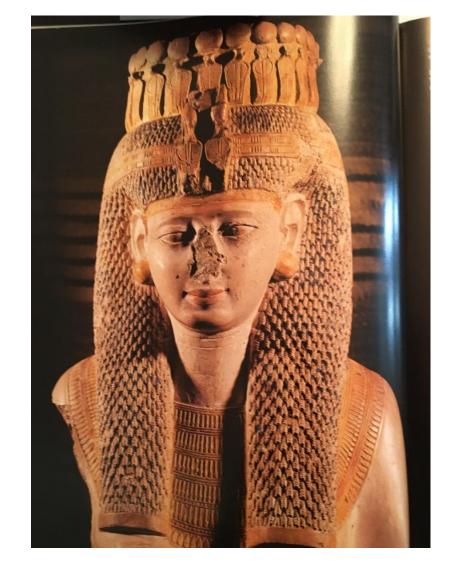


'MY NAME IS OZYMANDIAS, KING OF KINGS: LOOK ON MY WORKS, YE MIGHTY, AND DESPAIR!' NOTHING BESIDE REMAINS. ROUND THE DECAY OF THAT COLOSSAL WRECK, BOUNDLESS AND BARE...

...AND ON THE PEDESTAL THESE WORDS APPEAR:

PERCY BYSSHE SHELLEY

THE YOUNG MEMNON





THE WHITE QUEEN

MERYTAMUN GREAT ROYAL WIFE OF RAMESSES II

LADY HENUTMEHIT

c. 1250 BC



GILDED OUTER COFFIN



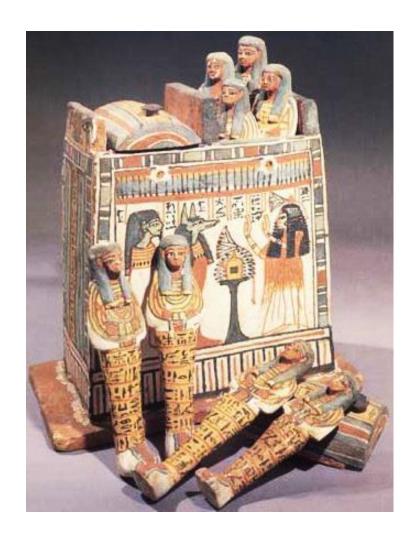
MIDDLE COFFIN



INNER COFFIN







THE LADY'S SHABTY BOX AND SHABTYS

FROM THE TOMB OF LADY HENUTMEHIT

TOMB KV5 SONS OF RAMESES II

LARGEST TOMB IN THE VALLEY OF THE KINGS

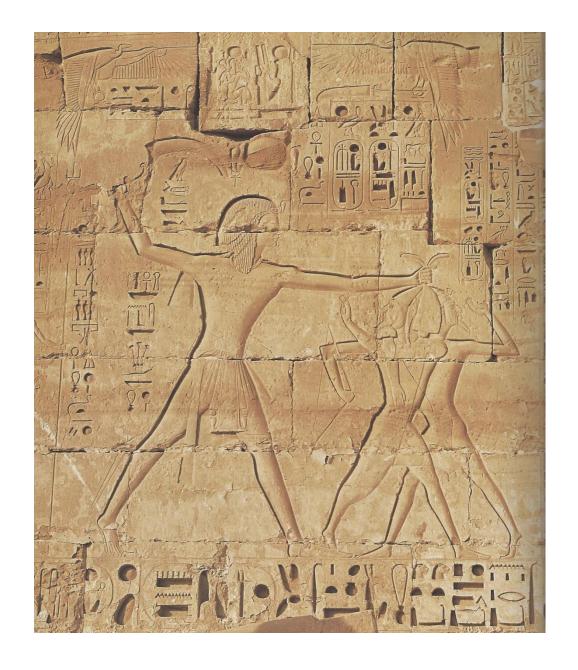
TOTAL LENGTH: 1454FT

STILL UNDER EXCAVATION
SO FAR REVEALED 121 CORRIDORS AND CHAMBERS.
LIKELY THAT THE NUMBER OF CHAMBERS WILL INCREASE TO 150 OR MORE
PILLARED CHAMBER 3 IS THE LARGEST CHAMBER OF ANY TOMB IN KV



RAMESES III

FIRST WORKERS STRIKE



RAMESES III DYNASTY 20, C.1184-1153 BC

RAMESES III:

HAREM CONSPIRACY



RAMESES III, Dynasty 20, c.1184-1153 BC



PIERRE MONTET, 1939

TOMB OF PSUSENNES I 21ST DYNASTY 1039-991 BC

TANIS

THIRD INTERMEDIATE PERIOD 1069 – 747 BC



DYN 22 (LIBYAN) 945 – 715 BC

TWENTY-SECOND DYNASTY -

BUBASTITE-LIBYAN DYNASTY



SPHINX OF KING SHOSHENQ I, BROOKLYN MUSEUM

SHOSHENQ I (945-924 BC)?

SHISHAQ: 1 KINGS 11:40, 14:25, 2 CHRONICLES 12:2-9

"IN THE FIFTH YEAR OF KING REHOBOAM, KING SHISHAK OF EGYPT MARCHED AGAINST JERUSALEM." (1 KINGS 14:25)

TWENTY-FIFTH DYNASTY - NUBIAN DYNASTY

SHABAKA TAHARQA



SHABAKA c. 700 BC

TWENTY-SIXTH DYNASTY -SAITE PERIOD (664-525 BC)

NECHO II (610-595 BC)

MET KING JOSIAH OF THE KINGDOM OF JUDAH AT MEGIDDO AND KILLED HIM (2 KINGS 23:29)

(2 CHRONICLES 35:20–27) GIVES AN ACCOUNT OF HIS DEATH

ARTISTIC REVIVAL ARCHAIZING

TWENTY-SEVENTH DYNASTY - PERSIAN DYNASTY 525 BC to 404 BC

THE LAST PHARAOH OF THE 26TH DYNASTY, PSAMTIK III, WAS DEFEATED BY

CAMBYSES II AT THE BATTLE OF PELUSIUM 525 BC.



DARIUS THE GREAT

XERXES I THE GREAT MURDERED 465 BC

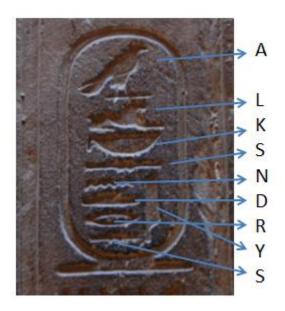




ALEXANDER THE GREAT 356-323 BC

CONQUERED EGYPT 332 BC

PRONOUNCED THE SON OF AMUN (PHARAOH)
BY THE ORACLE OF SIWA OASIS
IN THE LIBYAN DESERT
DIED 323 BC



REIGN OF THE PTOLEMIES 304 - 30 BC

HELLENISTIC MACEDONIAN FAMILY WHICH RULED EGYPT 305 -30 B.C.

PTOLEMY, ONE OF ALEXANDER THE GREAT'S GENERALS WAS APPOINTED GOVERNOR OF EGYPT AFTER ALEXANDER'S DEATH IN 323 B.C. HE DECLARED HIMSELF KING PTOLEMY I, LATER KNOWN AS "SOTER" (SAVIOR).

FIRST TRANSLATION OF THE HEBREW BIBLE INTO GREEK, SEPTUAGINT- PTOLEMY II (285-246 BC).

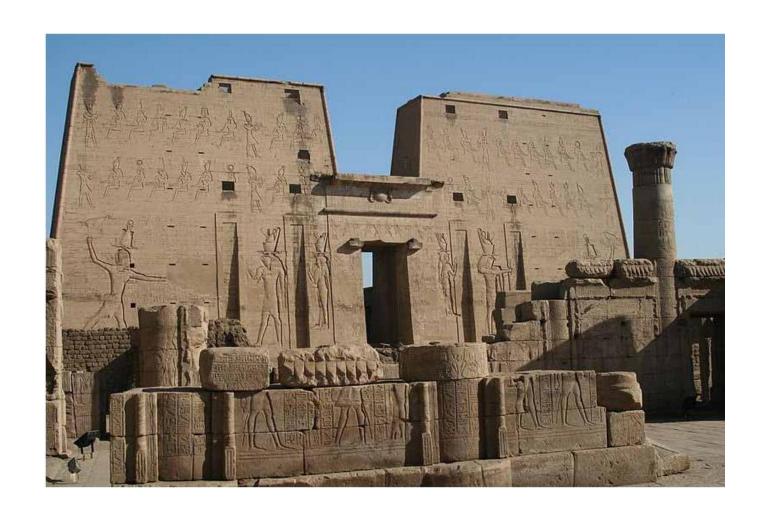
ROSETTA STONE - PTOLEMY V EPIPHANES.

TRANSFORMED ALEXANDRIA INTO A LEADING CULTURAL CENTER.
THE ALEXANDRIA LIBRARY, EUCLID; LIGHTHOUSE

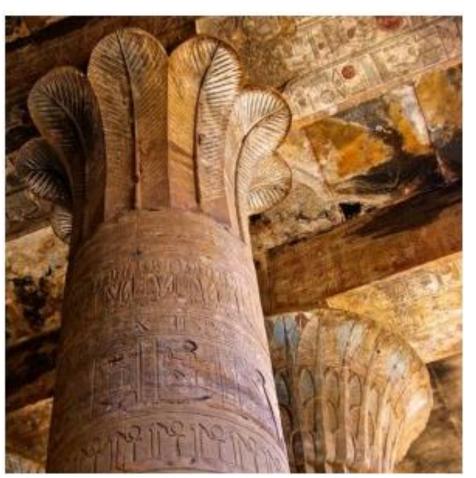
TEMPLES:

HORUS AT EDFU
ISIS AT PHILAE
HATHOR AT DENDERA

CLEOPATRA VII - LAST IMPORTANT PTOLEMY.

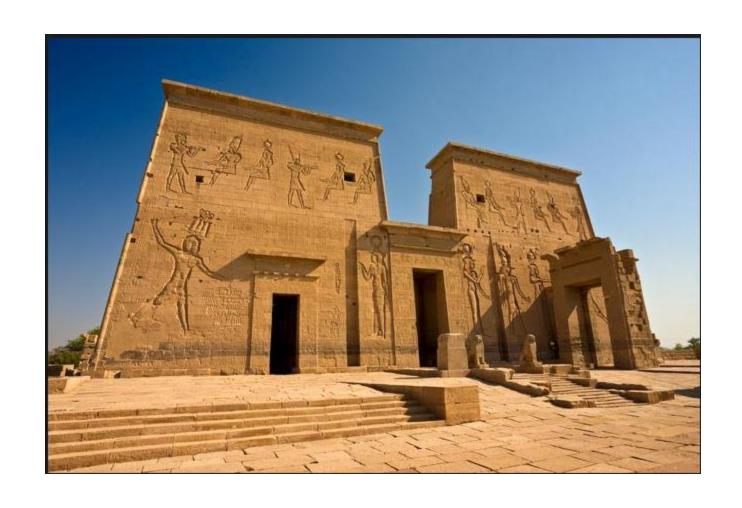


TEMPLE OF HORUS AT EDFU





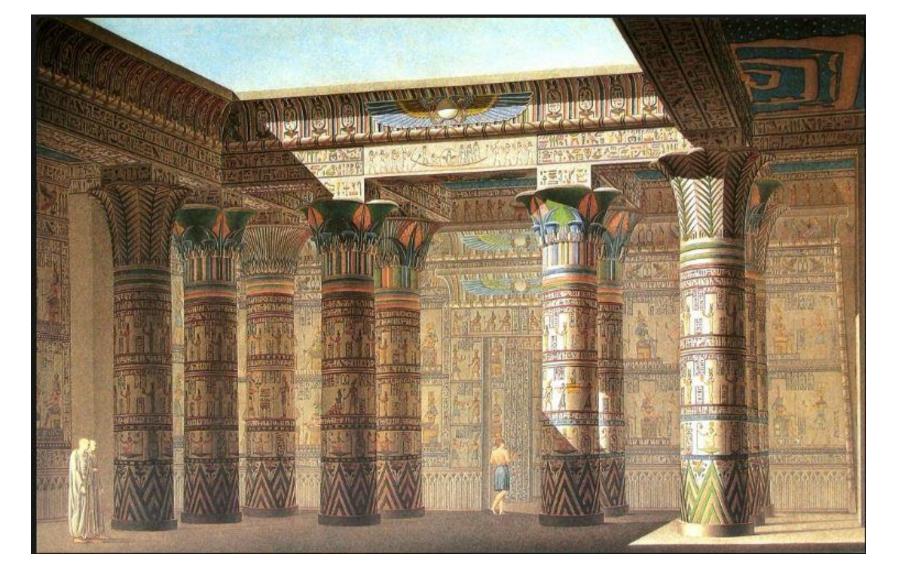
TEMPLE OF HORUS AT EDFU



TEMPLE OF ISIS AT PHILAE

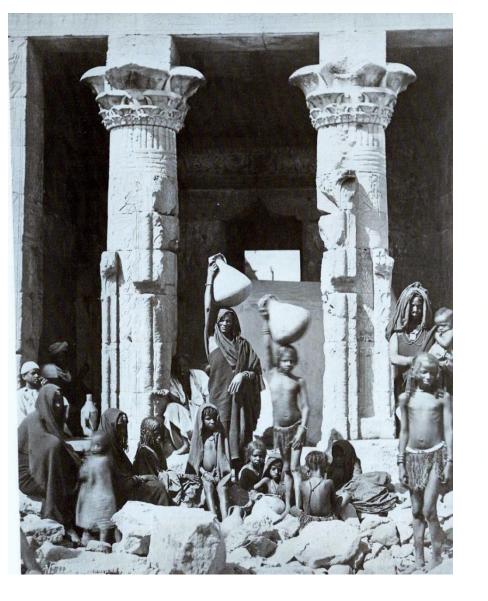


TEMPLE OF ISIS AT PHILAE 1960



TEMPLE OF ISIS AT PHILAE DESCRIPTION DE L'EGYPTE

VIEW FROM THE PORTICO OF THE GREAT TEMPLE

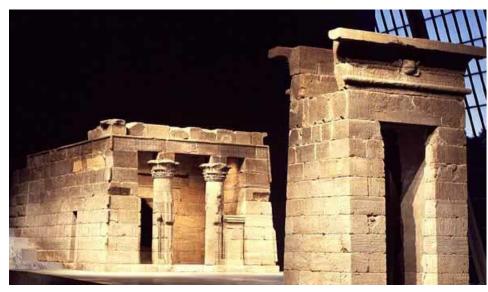




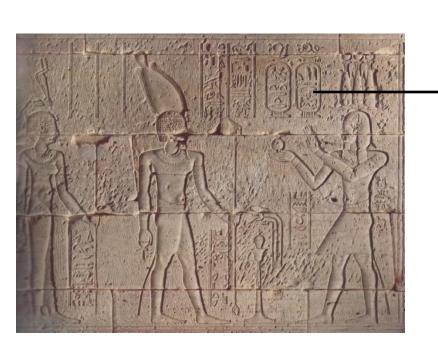
NUBIANS IN FRONT OF TEMPLE OF DENDUR, PHOTO c. 1868

PHOTO 1878 BROOKLYN MUSEUM





TEMPLE OF DENDUR 1961-62 METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART NEW YORK





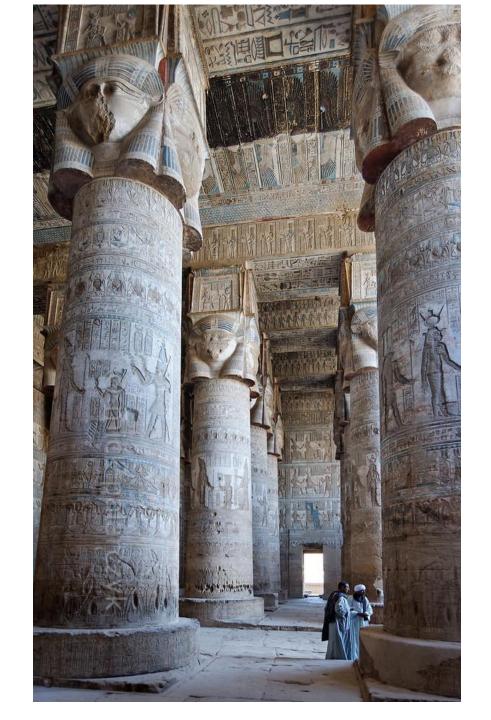
MET, N.Y. TEMPLE OF DENDUR CARTOUCHES OF AUGUSTUS CAESAR







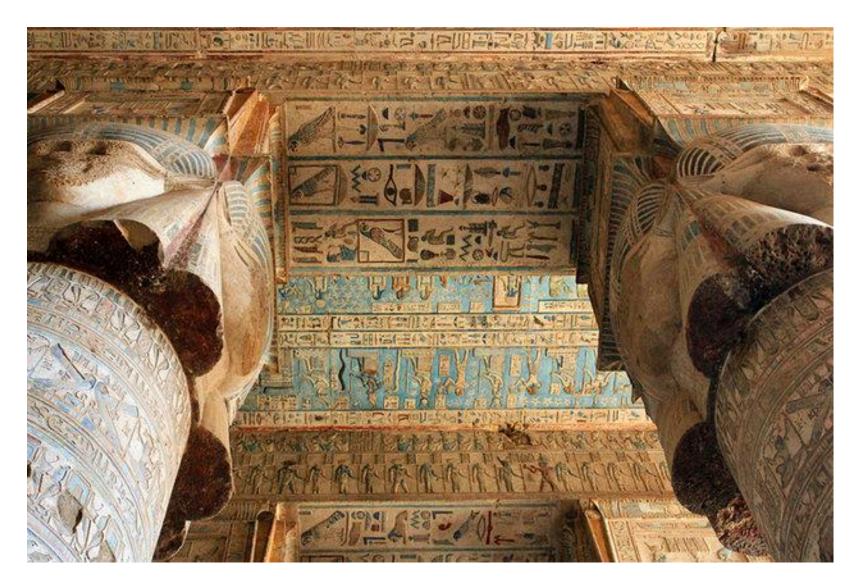
TEMPLE OF HATHOR AT DENDERA







DESCRIPTION DE L'EGYPTE VOL IV - PL 12



TEMPLE OF HATHOR AT DENDERA - ASTRONOMICAL CEILING

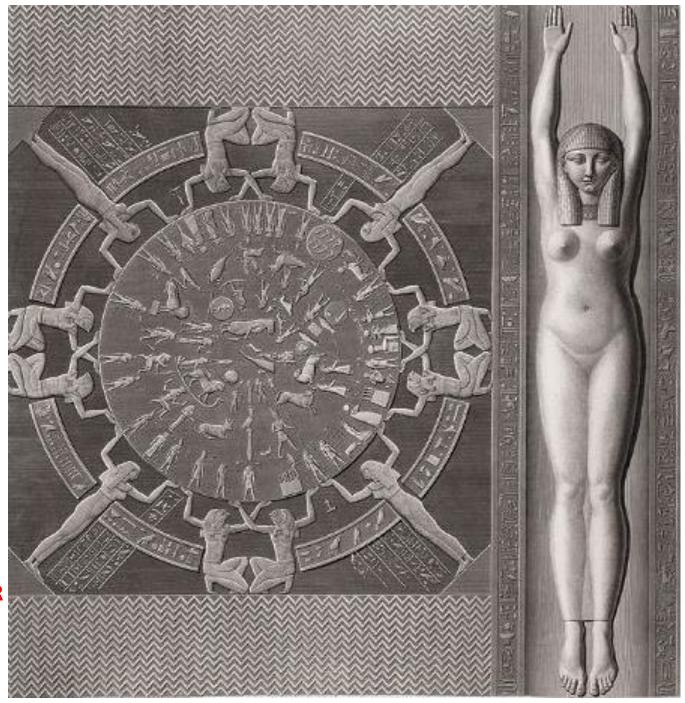


TEMPLE OF HATHOR AT DENDERA ASTRONOMICAL CEILING

SOPDET AND SAHU (SIRIUS AND ORION)



TEMPLE OF HATHOR AT DENDERA - ASTRONOMICAL CEILING ZODIAC-TAURUS THE BULL



TEMPLE OF HATHOR AT DENDERA

ZODIAC

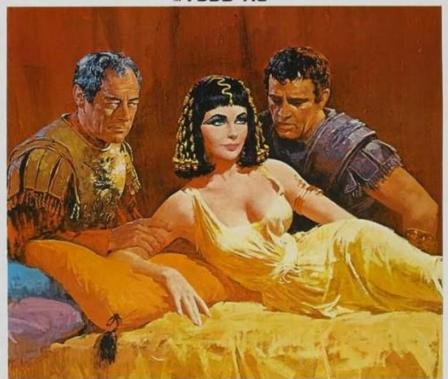


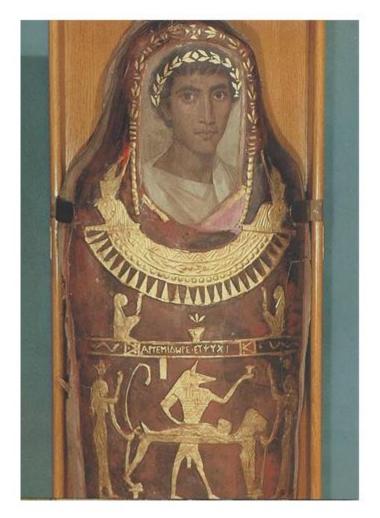
CLEOPATRA VII 69 BC-30 BC



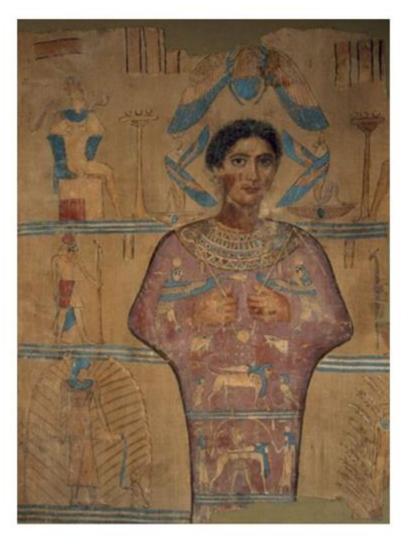
LA 20th CENTURY-FOX PRESENTA

RICHARD BURTON - REX HARRISON GOULO CESARE









FUNERARY SHROUD ROMAN-EGYPT

THE ANCIENT EGYPTIANS

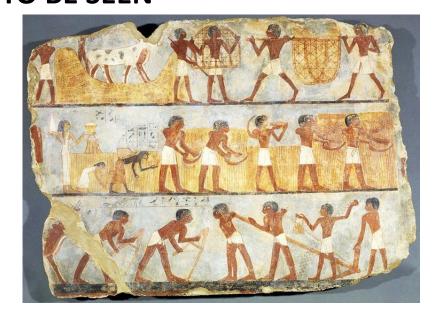
SOME ASPECTS OF THEIR ART

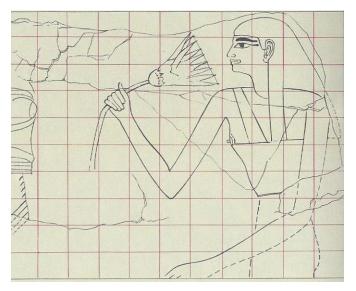
PAINTING

VIEW, THE 'CANON'
CONSERVATIVE
REGISTERS- HIERARCHY OF SCALE
SYMMETRY
HIEROGLYPHS
SOME ART NOT MEANT TO BE SEEN

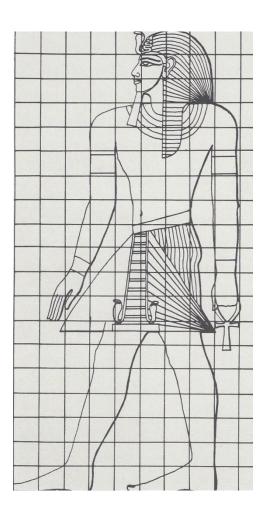




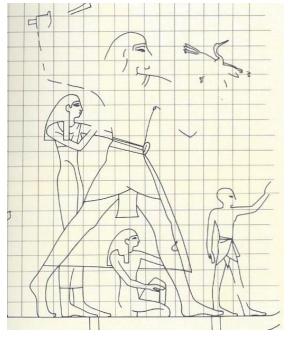








HUMAN FIGURE- THE EGYPTIAN CANON





TOMB OF DEN c.3000B.C.



RAMESES III c. 1150 B.C.



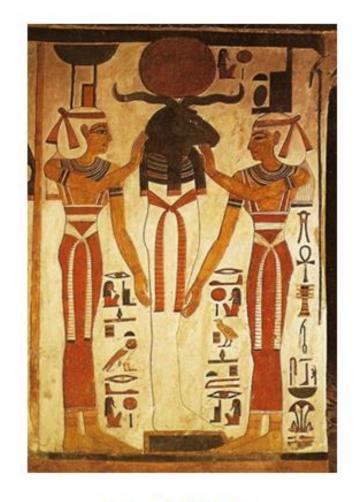
TEMPLE HORUS- EDFU 230 B.C.



AMENEMHAT III DYNASTY 12 1842-1797 BC



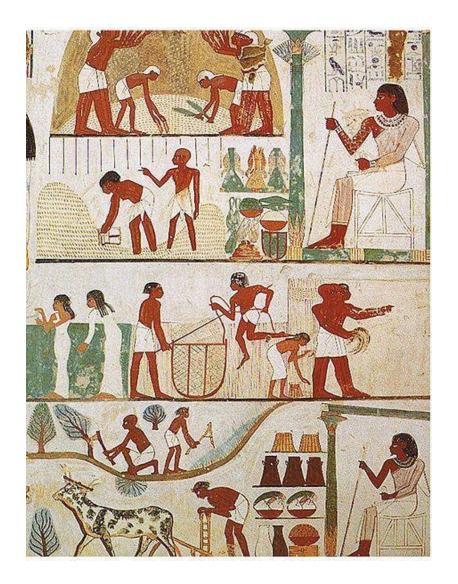
I have been roasting since the beginning of time. I have never seen the likes of this goose



ISIS, NEPTHYS
AND GOD KHNUM
TOMB NOFRETARY
DYNASTY 19

HIEROGLYPHS ARE SOMETIMES ESSENTIAL IN UNDERSTANDING THE ART





SCALE OF SIZE, REGISTERS



TOMB OF NEBAMUN c. 1350 B.C. BRITISH MUSEUM

THE RHIND PAPYRUS

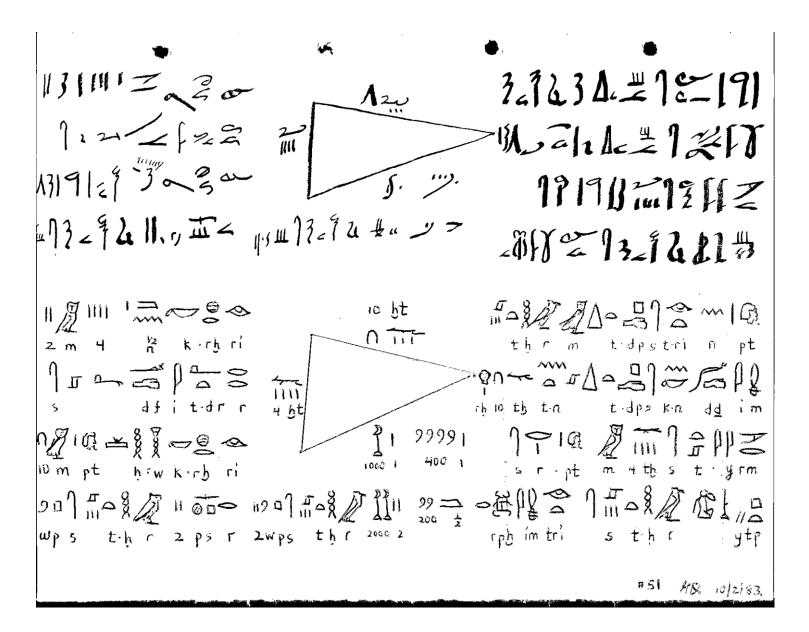
c.1550 BC BRITISH MUSEUM

ACCURATE RECKONING
FOR INQUIRING INTO THINGS,
AND THE KNOWLEDGE OF ALL THINGS, MYSTERIES...ALL
SECRETS

THIS BOOK WAS COPIED
IN REGNAL YEAR 33, MONTH 4 OF AKHET
UNDER THE MAJESTY OF
THE KING OF UPPER AND LOWER EGYPT AWSERRE,
GIVEN LIFE (c. 1555 BC)

FROM AN ANCIENT COPY
MADE IN THE TIME OF
THE KING OF UPPER AND LOWER EGYPT NIMAATRE (c. 1830 BC)

THE SCRIBE AHMOSE WRITES THIS COPY.



AREA OF TRIANGLE; mry.t= height or side? tp-r = lit. 'mouth' = base

THE CONTENTS OF THE RHIND MATHEMATICAL PAPYRUS

PROBLEMS 1-6. DIVISION OF LOAVES AMONG 10 MEN

PROBLEMS 7-23. MULTIPLICATION AND SUBTRACTION

PROBLEMS 24-38. FIRST DEGREE EQUATIONS

PROBLEMS 39-40. ARITHMETIC PROGRESSIONS

PROBLEMS 41-46. VOLUMES OF RECTANGULAR AND CYLINDRICAL GRANARIES

PROBLEM47. HORUS EYE FRACTIONS

PROBLEMS 48-55. AREAS OF TRIANGLES, RECTANGLES, TRAPEZOIDS, CIRCLES

 $\pi = 3.16$

PROBLEMS 56-60. SLOPES, ALTITUDES, BASES OF PYRAMIDS

PROBLEM61. TABLES FOR FINDING 2/3 OF UNIT FRACTIONS

PROBLEMS 62-63. PROPORTIONS

PROBLEM64. ARITHMETIC PROGRESSION

PROBLEMS 65-78. PRACTICAL PROBLEMS, BEER, GRAIN, CATTLE

PROBLEM79. GEOMETRIC PROGRESSION

PROBLEMS 80-81. HORUS EYE FRACTIONS

PROBLEMS 82-87. UNCLEAR

Example. Problem 40. Divide 100 loaves among 5 men such that the shares received shall be in arithmetic progression and that 1/7 of the sum of the largest three shares shall equal the sum of the smaller two. What is the difference of the shares.

RECTO OF RHIND PAPYRUS

TABLE OF UNIT FRACTIONS; DIVISION OF 2 BY ODD NUMBERS 3 TO 101

EXAMPLE;
$$\frac{2}{7} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{28}$$

$$\frac{2}{45} = \frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{360} \qquad X$$

$$\frac{2}{45} = \frac{1}{25} + \frac{1}{225} \qquad X$$

$$\frac{2}{45} = \frac{1}{27} + \frac{1}{135} \qquad X$$

$$\frac{2}{45} = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{90} \qquad !$$

$$\frac{2}{45} = \frac{1}{35} + \frac{1}{63} \qquad X$$

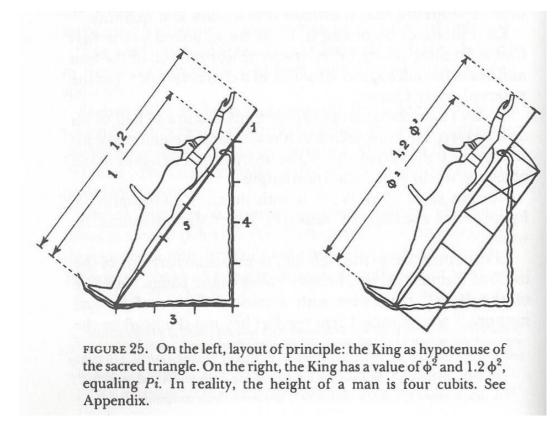
$$\frac{2}{45} = \frac{1}{36} + \frac{1}{60} \qquad X$$

$$\frac{2}{45} = \frac{1}{45} + \frac{1}{45} \qquad X$$

$$\frac{2}{83} = \frac{1}{60} + \frac{1}{332} + \frac{1}{415} + \frac{1}{498}$$

SACRED GEOMETRY??





TOMB OF RAMESES IX, c. 1100BC 'THE SACRED TRIANGLE', PI AND THE GOLDEN RATIO





TRIANGLE LEVEL EGYPTIAN CUBIT; ROYAL CUBIT 20.59 IN.