

The Art of Conversations Approaching Palliative Care and End of Life

NYS NPA Annual Conference

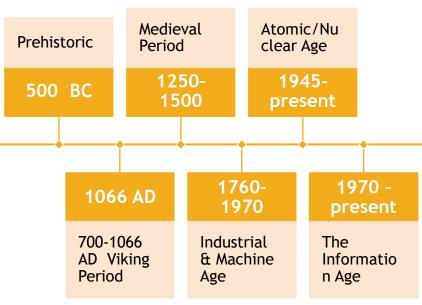
October 1 2021

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What we know about the human mortality rate...? .



At the conclusion of this presentation, you will be able to:

Discuss Dying in Today's world

- Define Palliative care
- Recognize why palliative conversations so difficult
- Identify opportunities to initiate palliative conversations.
- Identify basic the components of palliative care conversations.
- Demonstrate an ideal way to deliver Bad News
- Reply to those most difficult comments and questions regarding palliative care and End of Life
- Know where to find resources for additional learning and tools regarding discussions regarding palliative care, hospice and End of Life.

Dying in today's world...

Technology

What is a "good" death?

Who is in charge?

Patient Self Determination Act





Oh, when we were young and had no troubles.....

How and where do we die?

- Disease Trajectories :
 - ► Chronic illnesses
 - ► Terminal Cancers
 - Sudden Death
 - ► Frailty
- Milestones (of Life) and Death
 CHANGE IS PREDICTABLE. Change
 Happens!



How and where do we die?

- ▶ Where do we die?
- ► Hospital 35%
- Nursing Home 27%
- ► Home 31%
- Other 7%



(Source MMWR May 15, 2020)

Palliative Care Definition (WHO)

Patient/Family centered care that optimizes quality of life

Anticipate, prevent and treat suffering throughout the continuum of illness or injury

Provides holistic person-centered care (physical, emotional, intellectual, social, spiritual)

Support autonomy through informed decision making

Provided by interprofessional teams

So why are these conversations so difficult?

- Guilt
- Provider history with the patient
- ▶ Fear of emotions.
- Don't know the answer
- Fear to say the "wrong thing"
- Not the "best" or "right" time
- Don't have time
- Patient and /or family are resistant to discuss

How do we know when to have these conversations?

- All chronic illnesses have common signs and symptoms related to decline:
 - ▶ Increase in physical symptomology of the disease state: increased pain, dyspnea, nausea, anorexia, wt loss, decline in cognition,
 - Exacerbations / hospitalizations / ER visits
 - ▶ New or other complications
 - New or worsening burden of mental and emotional stressors
 - ► The patient or family wants to discuss a change in direct of care
- Decrease in level of FUNCTION is the most predictive indicator of a poor Prognosis.



Palliative
Conversation
Basics: 101

Know your patient's world

Check expectations, then understanding

Empathize

Read the Room- call out the Emotion

Align yourself with the patient

Ask before giving bad news or recommendations

Remember your Thank You's

READ

READ the MAP - What road(s) got the patient to this place in time?

 review office visits, hospitalizations, specialists reports, diagnostics

FOLLOW

FOLLOW the MAP with the patient/ family: "This is where we WERE, and this is where we are NOW"

- " Tell me more "
- "Anything else?"

"invitations" to better understand the patient's and family perceptions of events, their values, customs, strengths and barriers.

" Tell me more "

"Anything else?"

Avoid the words WHAT and WHY

- " Tell me more "
- "Anything else?"

"I'M LISTENING"

This information is important for me to understand in order that we can make better decisions together about the future.

Check
Expectations,
then
Understanding

Help me understand About what you were told by the doctor

Tell me in your own words..... What this diagnosis means to you.

Given what we've just discussed, what concerns you most about the next few days, or months ahead?

Empathize

- Cognitive Empathy:
 - From what you've told me, I understand you know his kidneys are failing and he has a serious infection.

Empathize

- Emotional Empathy:
 - ► I'm sensing this conversation and new information is shocking to you"
 - I can barely imagine how hard this situation is for you

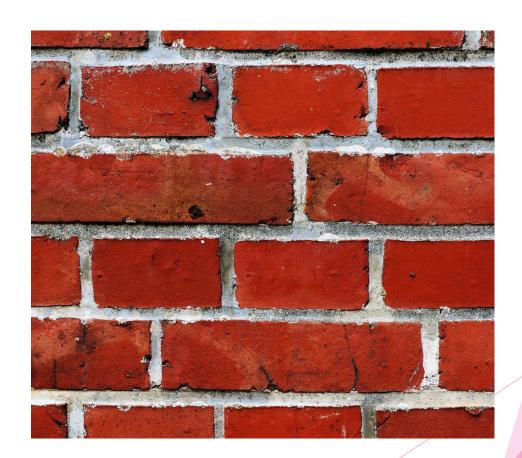
Empathize

- Empathetic Concern :
 - I'm so impressed by your resilience and determination to understand your father's condition. (shows support)
 - I can see you want to do what your mother would have wanted. (gives confirmation)

"Read the Room" - Respond to the Emotion call it out, so you can move on with the discussion.

- Emotions "puts the brakes on " to cognition!
- The Patient / family has "hit a wall" and are stuck on that strong emotion.
- I can sense/see/feel that you are overwhelmed/sad/ frightened/ angry......

It's ok to be SILENT for a bit!



Align yourself WITH the concerns of the patient/family

- Show the patient/ family you've been listening to what's important to him
 - "based on what you've told me.....
 - He valued his independence, never liked going to the doctor and had an attitude that "nature would take over"

Align yourself WITH the concerns of the patient/family

- Show the patient/ family you've been listening to what's important to him
 - "based on what I've heard you say...
 - That she would like to try any treatments that might give her more time and allow her to see his daughter get married.

Always ASK permission before giving news, your opinion or any recommendations

Is it ok if I give you my point of view now and make a few recommendations?

Some people like to know details and others just want me to give them the "big picture", how would you prefer I give you my recommendations?

Some families just want me to talk to one person. If there are 1 or 2 people others you feel should be here, should we have this conversation with them tomorrow?

Is this a good time to talk about your dad? I have some information I'd like to share with you before we discuss how we can work together to find the path he would want for the future.

When the patient is ready for your recommendations...

Frame your proposals in the "POSITIVE"

What <u>CAN</u> be done.

- These are the things we CAN DO for you:
- " continue the medications that will allow you to be comfortable and breath easier. We will carefully balance your pain medications so you can be awake and aware and still have good pain relief. We can continue to provide fluids to you with straws and syringes to allow you to enjoy the smell and taste of even a few bites. We can keep the IV's going until your kidneys can no longer handle the stress of the extra fluid. We can have you be home so all your family can spend time with you.

When the patient is ready for your recommendations...

Frame your proposals in the "POSITIVE"

What **CAN** be done.

- ► I would recommend ALLOWING a natural death.
- ► There may be nothing or little I can do about your disease at this stage, but there ARE these things I can do for you.....
- We can allow you to have your last breaths without an uncomfortable tube in your throat and lungs

Remember to say Thank You!

Thank Thank Thank Thank Thank you..... Thank you..... Thank you..... Thank you..... thinking through from what I've I really It's been a very learned from this together has appreciate your emotional sharing such this discussion, I been very discussion. One valuable and can better care personal of my jobs is to thoughts at this for you in the helpful to me. help make these difficult time. manner you bad times less desire. scary.

When you are stuck.....

Remember
You have an
Ace in the Hole
....!!

- If your mom and dad were able to hear us talking, what would they be thinking?
- If your sister could be here with us now, what would she say?
- Imagine your mom, hearing what we just discussed, what would she add to the conversation?
- Knowing how your dad lived his life, what would you expect him to say about all this?





How do you best deliver bad news?

Give a 5th Grade Newspaper Headline.

- What's wrong?
- What does it mean?

Severe storm coming.

Heavy damage to people and property expected.

What's the Headline?

What's wrong?

What does it mean?

► Full Code. 66 yo John is living in a SNF for over 6 years now with Multiple Sclerosis. He is losing weight, is frail and has a deep sacral decubiti. He had a complicated hospitalization 4 months ago. He is now lethargic and confused. BP is low, he's tachycardic, with a low body temperature. What's your headline for his son in Texas?

What's wrong?

The Headline:

What does it mean?

Your dad has symptoms of a serious infection called sepsis.

I'm worried, even with hospitalization and strong antibiotics and fluids, that he may not survive.

What's the headline?

What's wrong?

What does it mean?

DNR DNI 93 yo Ruth is a long term SNF resident with advanced dementia requiring total care. Last week, she developed a cough, fever and elevated WBC. She has a large rt pleural effusion. HCP prefers maximum treatments available in the SNF. She's had antibiotics, IV fluids and oxygen support. She is now minimally responsive. What's your headline for her daughter?

What's wrong?

The Headline:

What does it mean?

Your grandmother has pneumonia and her condition is worse and not responding to the treatments.

I'm worried she may be dying.

What's the headline?

What's wrong?

What does it mean?

▶ DNR DNI DNH 98 yo Kate, with multiple complex medical problems and primary diagnosis of advanced Parkinson's dementia, has fallen in your SNF. She has severe pain and deformity of her left femur. What's your headline for the daughter?

What's wrong?

The headline:

What does it mean?

Your mom has fallen and broken her thigh/femur bone.

I'm afraid she will be experiencing pain with this. We will be watching her closely and adjusting pain medications so she can be as comfortable as possible here at the SNF.

What about those impossible statements and questions?

So you're giving up on me? But there must be something else to do!

We want EVERYTHING done for him!

But that's not what the cardiologist told us!

You expect her to starve to death?

God's going to cure her

Use your "I wish...I worry"

"tell me more"

"what else?"

Starve to death? ...

"Of course not! I wish that science had proved feeding tubes extend a good quality life for patients, but that hasn't been the case. I worry that the procedure and attempting to give him artificial food sources might cause him more harm than good. What we CAN do isCan I talk to you more about what I know of feeding tubes in this situation?

Use your "I wish...I worry"

"tell me more"

"what else?"

It's in God's hands, He will save her.....

I wish there would be a miracle. What kind of miracle are you hoping for? I worry that despite God's Interventions and all our best efforts, your husband may continue to lose ground/decline. What else is there?

Use your "I wish....I worry

"tell me more"

" What else?"

Must be something else to do for me.....

► I wish there were more/better treatments available for you. I worry that continuing the treatment or starting a new one will not likely give him more quality time. Can you tell me more about what you are thinking?

► (If you sense this is truly a cognitive question... answer in specifics)

Use your "I wish....I worry

"tell me more"

" What else?"

We want EVERYTHING done for him.

- ► Tell me more about what you are hoping for... I can see how much you love him
- ► I wish that is could say there are other treatments out there that could bring him back to the place he was before all this happened. I worry that looking in that direction could limit the quality time he might have left.

Use your "I wish....I worry

"tell me more"

" What else?"

But that's not what the other doctor said.....

- ▶ It must be frustrating to have different opinions to deal with... tell me more..
- ► I can reach out to his cardiologist to better understand his point of view and discuss this further with you .

Surrogate discussions:

Remember
You have an
Ace in the Hole
....!!

- If your mom and dad were able to hear us talking, what would they be thinking?
- If your sister could be here with us now, what would she say?
- Imagine your mom, hearing what we just discussed, what would she add to the conversation?
- Knowing how your dad lived his life, what would you expect him to say about all this?

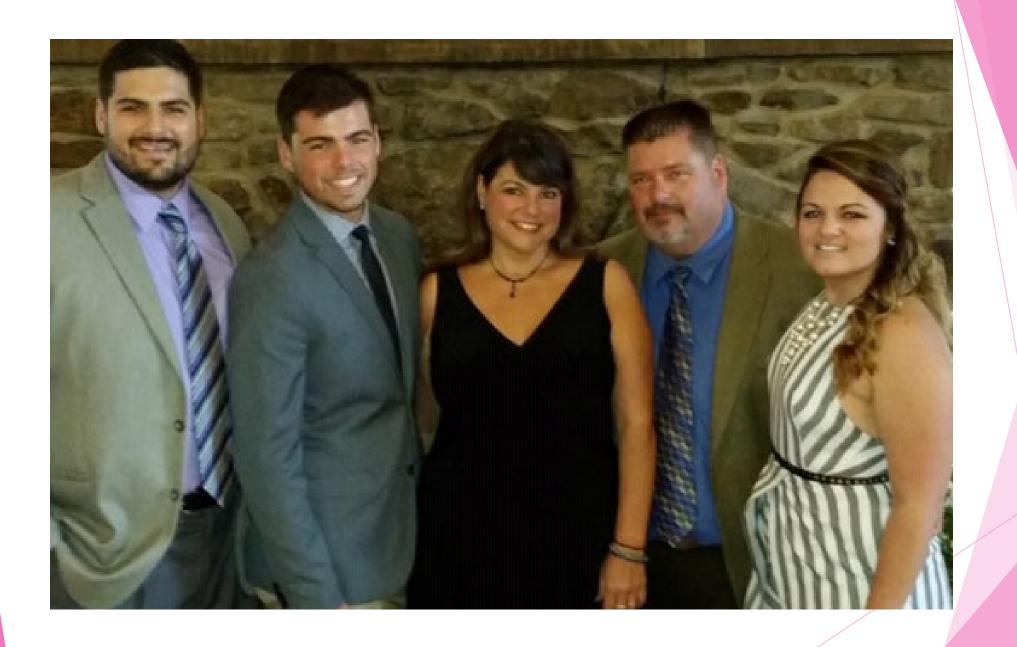
Think about the 1 or 2 things you will take away from this presentation

► Take Away #1

► Take Away #2

Action Taken:

Action Taken:



Resources

Contact me

- Hospice and Palliative Care Nurse Association: www.hpna.org
- Center to Advance Palliative Care (CAPC) www.capc.org
- Professor of Medicine
 Chief, Section of Palliative Care and
 Medical Ethics
 Director, Institute for Doctor-Patient
 Communication
 University of Pittsburgh Department of
 Medicine
 Medical Director, UPMC Palliative and
 Supportive Institute
- VITALtalk app (find in App store)
- Being Mortal by Atul Gawande

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What's the headline?

What's wrong?

What does it mean?

▶ DNR DNI DNH 98 yo Kate, with multiple complex medical problems and primary diagnosis of advanced Parkinson's dementia, has fallen in your SNF. She has severe pain and deformity of her left femur. What's your headline for the daughter?

Center to Advance Palliative Care (CAPC) New Videos: Techniques for Communicating More Effectively in the Time of COVID

► Goals of Care Conversations in the Time of COVID \rightarrow

Learn how to have effective goals of care conversations using a structured talking map, focusing on patient-based values. Presented by Katy Hyman, MDiv, BCC, and Michael Mendez, MD.

► Responding to Emotion During Difficult Conversations in the COVID Era →

This video demonstrates how to respond to the emotion of patients and families when delivering serious news, in a way that can help build trust. Presented by Michael Mendez, MD, and Tessie October, MD, MPH. ► Advance Care Planning Conversations in the Time of COVID →

Learn a structured approach for initiating advance care planning discussions in order to help patients match their care plan with their personal values. Presented by Katy Hyman, MDiv, BCC, and Michael Mendez, MD.

Marilyn Mae







Conclusion

Thank you!!!

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