## THE CREEDY COLLECTION OF IMPORTANT ECONOMICS BOOKS

John Creedy is the Truby Williams Professor of Economics at the University of Melbourne. He was appointed to that chair in December 1987, having previously been Professor of Economics at Durham University (1978–86) and Pennsylvania State University (1986–87).

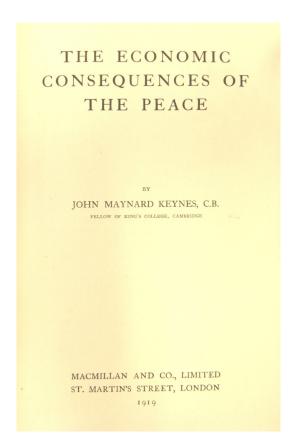
Professor Creedy is a widely published author in the History of Economic Thought, Labour Economics, Public Economics and Public Finance. He has authored or co-authored 34 books, and edited a further 17. His other publications include 54 book-chapters and over 240 refereed journal articles.

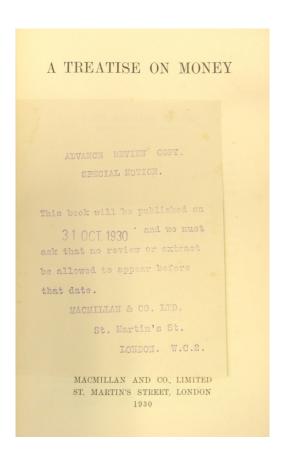
Professor Creedy has collected books throughout his career, sourcing them from around the world, and particularly from some of Britain's leading booksellers. The collection he has assembled – the Creedy Collection of Important Economics Books – is now of considerable significance to the history and bibliography of economics. Comprising approximately 3,000 volumes, the collection is more than a research library. It is also a bibliophile's library. John's wide scholarly interests are reflected in the collection, which covers all major classical and neoclassical economists and most major subject areas in economics.

Naturally, the collection is particularly strong in the areas of Public Economics, Income Distribution and Poverty, and the History of Economic Thought. Further large sections traverse Monetary Economics and Monetary History, International Trade and Development, Demography and Labour Economics, the Economics of War, Demand Analysis, National Income, Statistics and Econometrics, and Economic History. In addition there is a substantial amount of material on Australia and New Zealand.

Among the collection's important works by major economists are numerous association copies and rare editions, including many firsts. Selected highlights from the collection include the following.

John Maynard Keynes: The Economic Consequences of the Peace, London: Macmillan, 1919; A Treatise on Money (vols I & II), London: Macmillan 1930; The General Theory of Employment Interest and Money, London: Macmillan, 1936; How to Pay For the War, London: Macmillan, 1940; and Essays in Persuasion, London: Rupert Hart-Davis, 1951. The Keynes component of the collection also includes Richard Downing's copy of Keynes' Tract on Monetary Reform; more than 15 volumes from Keynes' Collected Writings; an important work on methodology produced by Keynes's father, J. N. Keynes (The Scope and Method of Political Economy, London: Macmillan, 1891); and numerous works about J. M. Keynes and his legacy.





Alfred Marshall: Economics of Industry (being the first volume of Elements of Economics), London: Macmillan, 1894; Industry and Trade, London: Macmillan, 1919; Money, Credit and Commerce, London: Macmillan, 1923; Official Papers (edited by J. M. Keynes), London: Macmillan, 1926; Principles of Economics (variorum edition with annotations by C. W. Guillebaud), vols I (text) and II (notes), London: Macmillan, 1961; The Early Economic Writings (edited by J. K. Whitaker), vol. I (1867–90) & vol. II (1867–90), London: Macmillan, 1975; and (with M. P. Marshall) The Economics of Industry, London: Macmillan, 1889. The Creedy Collection contains all the works of Alfred Marshall, including the only two books for which he wrote a preface. Also James Meade's copy of The Pure Theory of Foreign Trade and Domestic Values (LSE edition).

Walter Bagehot: The English Constitution, London: Thomas Nelson and Sons, 1872; Biographical Studies (edited by R. H. Hutton), London: Longmans, Green, 1881; The Postulates of English Political Economy (with a preface by A. Marshall), London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1885; Literary Studies (vols I & II) (edited by R. H. Hutton), London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1895; Physics and Politics, London: Kegan Paul, Trench, Trubner & Co Ltd, 1900; Lombard Street, London: Kegan Paul, Trench, Trubner & Co Ltd, 1901; Economic Studies, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1905; Lombard Street: A Description of the Money Market, London: John Murray, 1931; and Economic Studies, Clifton: Augustus M. Kelley, 1973.

Irving Fisher: The Nature of Capital and Income, New York: Macmillan, 1919; The Purchasing Power of Money (Assisted by H. G. Brown), New York: Macmillan, 1926; Mathematical Investigations in the Theory of Value and Prices, New Haven: Yale University Press, 1926; The Stock Market Crash and After, New York: Macmillan, 1930; The Theory of Interest, Clifton: Augustus Kelley, 1974; and Mathematical Investigations in the Theory of Value and Prices: Appreciation and Interest, New York: Augustus M Kelley, 1991.

Joan Robinson: The Economics of Imperfect Competition, London: Macmillan, 1936; Introduction to the Theory of Employment, London: Macmillan, 1937; Essays in the Theory of Employment, London: Macmillan and Co., 1937; The Economics of Imperfect Competition, London: Macmillan, 1948 (signed by Joan Robinson); Collected Economic Papers, vol I, New York: Augustus M. Kelley, 1951; Collected Economic Papers, vol II, Oxford: Basil Blackwell, 1960; Collected Economic Papers, vol IV, Oxford: Basil Blackwell, 1973; Letters from a Visitor to China, Cambridge: Students Bookshops Ltd, 1954; The Accumulation of Capital, London: Macmillan, 1956; Exercises in Economic Analysis, London: Macmillan, 1960; Economic Philosophy, Middlesex: Penguin Books, 1964; Exercises in Economic Analysis, London: Macmillan and Co., 1965; Economics: An Awkward Corner, London: George Allen and Unwin, 1966; An Essay on Marxian Economics, London: The Macmillan Press, 1966; Economic Philosophy, Harmondsworth: Penguin Books, 1966; Economic Heresies: Some Old Fashioned Questions in Economic Theory, London: The Macmillan Press, 1971; and Economic Management in China, London: Anglo-Chinese Educational Institute, 1975.

Arthur Lyon Bowley: England's Foreign Trade in the Nineteenth Century (revised edition), London: George Allen and Unwin, 1905; Official Statistics: What They Contain and How to Use Them, London: Oxford University Press, 1921; Prices and Wages in the United Kingdom 1914–1920, Oxford: The Clarendon Press, 1921; The Nature and Purpose of the Measurement of Social Phenomena, London: P. S. King and Son, 1923; The Mathematical Groundwork of Economics: An Introductory Treatise, Oxford: The Clarendon Press, 1924; Some Economic Consequences of the Great War, London: Thornton Butterworth, 1930; Wages and Income in the United Kingdom Since 1860, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1937; The Mathematical Groundwork of Economics: An Introductory Treatise, New York: Augustus M Kelley, 1960; (with J. Stamp) The National Income 1924, Oxford: Clarendon, 1927; and numerous other works by this pioneering econometrician and economic statistician who made many important contributions including to national income estimates, income distribution, and demand analysis.

Jacob Viner: International Economics, Glencoe: The Free Press, 1951; Studies in the Theory of International Trade, New York: Harper & Brothers Publishers, 1954; The Long View and the Short: Studies in Economic Theory and Policy, Glencoe: The Free Press, 1958; International Trade and Economic Development, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1964; Studies in the Theory of International Trade, London: George Allen and Unwin, 1964; (et al.) Exploration in Economics: Notes and Essays Contributed in Honor of F. W. Taussig, New York: Books for Libraries Press, 1967; and Religious Thought and Economic Society: Four Chapters of an Unfinished Work, Durham: Duke University Press, 1978.

Edwin Cannan: A History of the Theories of Production and Distribution in English Political Economy from 1776 to 1848, London: P. S. King and Son, 1903; The Paper Pound of 1797–1821, London: P. S. King & Son, Ltd, 1919; The History of Local Rates in England in Relation to the Proper Distribution of the Burden of Taxation, London: P. S. King and Son, 1927; A Review of Economic Theory, London: P. S. King and Son, 1929; Wealth: A Brief Explanation of the Causes of Economic Welfare, London: P. S. King and Son, 1930; Modern Currency and the Regulation of its Value, London: P. S. King and Son, 1931; Economic Scares, London: P. S. King and Son, 1933; and Money: Its Connection with Rising and Falling Prices, London: P. S. King and Son, 1935.

Robert Giffen: Essays in Finance (second edition), London: George Bell and Sons, 1880; The Growth of Capital, London: George Bell and Sons, 1889; Economic Inquiries and Studies (vols I & II), Shannon: Irish University Press, 1904; and Statistics (edited by H. Higgs), London: Macmillan and Co., 1913.

Gustav Cassel: Money and Foreign Exchange after 1914, London: Constable and Co., 1922; The Theory of Social Economy (vols I & II), London: T. Fisher Unwin, 1923; Fundamental Thoughts in Economics, London: T. Fisher Unwin, 1925; Fundamental Thoughts in Economics, London: Ernest Benn, 1929; The Downfall of the Gold Standard, New York: Augustus M. Kelley, 1936; The Nature and Necessity of Interest, New York: Augustus M. Kelley, 1957; and numerous other works in English by this leading Swedish economist.

Arthur Pigou: Protective and Preferential Import Duties, London: Macmillan, 1906 (signed by N. F. Hall); The Problem of Theism and Other Essays, London: Macmillan, 1908; The Economics of Welfare, London: Macmillan, 1920; The Political Economy of War, London: Macmillan, 1921; Essays in Applied Economics, London: P. S. King and Son, 1923; A Capital Levy and a Levy on War Wealth, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1924 (signed by N. F. Hall); Industrial Fluctuations, London: Macmillan, 1927; Economics in Practice, London: Macmillan, 1935; The Economics of Stationary States, London: Macmillan, 1935; Socialism versus Capitalism, London: Macmillan, 1937; The Political Economy of War (new and revised Edition), London: Macmillan, 1940; Employment and Equilibrium: A Theoretical Discussion, London: Macmillan, 1941; Lapses from Full Employment, London: Macmillan, 1945; Income: An Introduction to Economics, London: Macmillan, 1946; Aspects of British Economic History 1918–1925, London: Macmillan & Co. Ltd, 1947; A Study in Public Finance (third revised edition), London: Macmillan, 1947; The Veil of Money, London: Macmillan & Co., 1949; A Study in Public Finance (third edition), London: Macmillan and Co., 1949; Keynes' General Theory: A Retrospective View, London: Macmillan, 1950; Essays in Economics, London: Macmillan, 1952; Alfred Marshall and Current Thought, London: Macmillan, 1953; The Economics of Welfare (fourth edition), London: Macmillan, 1962; Memorials of Alfred Marshall, New York: Augustus Kelley, 1966; and The Theory of Unemployment, New York: Augustus M Kelley, 1968.

Friedrich August Hayek: Prices and Production, London: George Routledge and Sons, 1935; The Pure Theory of Capital, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1941; The Road to Serfdom, London: George Routledge and Sons, 1944; Individualism: True and False, Oxford: Basil Blackwell, 1946; Individualism and Economic Order, London: Routledge & Kegan Paul, 1949; The Pure Theory of Capital, London: Routledge, 1950; Profits, Interest and Investment: and other Essays on the Theory of Industrial Fluctuations, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1950; The Sensory Order: An Inquiry into the Foundations of Theoretical Psychology, London: Routledge & Kegan Paul Ltd, 1952; and (ed.) Capitalism and the Historians, Chicago: The University of Chicago Press, 1954.

Ralph Hawtrey: The Pound at Home and Abroad, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1961; Currency and Credit, London: Longmans. Green and Co., 1919; The Economic Problem, London: Longmans, Green and Co Ltd., 1926; The Gold Standard in Theory and Practice, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1927; Economic Aspects of Sovereignty, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1930; The Art of Central Banking, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1932; Trade Depression and the Way Out, London: Longmans Green and Co., 1933; Economic Destiny, London: Longmans, Green and Co.,

1944; The Significance of Forward Purchases, Manchester: Norbury, Lockwood and Co., 1944; Bretton Woods: For Better or Worse, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1946; Economic Rebirth, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1946; The Balance of Payments and the Standard of Living, London: Royal Institute of International Affairs, 1950; and Towards the Rescue of Sterling, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1954.

William Stanley Jevons: Essays in Economics, London: Macmillan, 1909; Economic Equality in the Cooperative Commonwealth, London: Methuen, 1933; The Theory of Political Economy (fifth edition with preface and notes by H. S. Jevons), New York: Augustus Kelley, 1965; Political Economy, London: Macmillan, 1878; Elementary Lessons in Logic: Deductive and Inductive, London: Macmillan, 1893; The State in Relation to Labour (3rd edition, edited with an introduction by M. Cababe), London: Macmillan, 1894; Methods of Social Reform and Other Papers (edited by H. A. Jevons), London: Macmillan, 1904; Money and the Mechanism of Exchange, London: Kegan Paul, Trench, Trubner and Co., 1905; The Principles of Science: A Treatise on Logic and Scientific Method (second edition), London: Macmillan, 1907; The State in Relation to Labour (fourth edition), London: Macmillan and Co., 1910; Investigations in Currency and Finance (edited with introduction by H. S. Foxwell, 1884), New York: Augustus Kelley, 1964; and The Coal Question (third edition, edited by A. W. Flux), New York: Augustus Kelley, 1965. The collection also includes two books by his son, H. S. Jevons. All seven volumes of the Papers and Correspondence, magnificently edited by R. D. C. Black, are also included.

John Stuart Mill: Principles of Political Economy, London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1881; Utilitarianism; Liberty; Representative Government, London: J. M. Dent and Sons, 1910; Principles of Political Economy (edited by W. J. Ashley), London: Longmans, Green, 1920; Essays on Some Unsettled Questions of Political Economy (1844), London: London School of Economics, 1948 (signed by James Meade); Utilitarianism; On Liberty; Essay on Bentham: Together with Selected Writings of J Bentham and J Austin (edited by Mary Warnock), London: Collins, 1962; Collected Works, vol. XIII. The Earlier Letters 1812–1848 (edited by F. E. Mineka with an introduction by F. A. Hayek), Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1963; Principles of Political Economy: Books IV and V (edited by D. Winch), Harmondsworth: Penguin Books, 1970; Collected Works, vol. XVI: The Later Letters 1849–1873 (edited by F. E. Mineka and D. N. Lindley), Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1972; Collected Works, vol. V: Essays on Economics and Society (edited by J. M. Robson with an introduction by L. Robbins), Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1975; and Principles of Political Economy, Fairfield: Augustus M Kelley, 1976. The Creedy Collection also includes works by Mill's father, James Mill.

John Ramsay McCulloch: Principles of Political Economy, London: Ward, Lock and Co., [n.d.]; A Dictionary, Geographical and Historical of the Various Countries, Places and Principal Natural Objects in the World (new edition, vols I & II), London: Longman, Brown, Green and Longmans, 1846; The Principles of Political Economy [with] Essay on Interest and Value of Money (by John Locke), London: Alex, Murray and Son, 1870; The Literature of Political Economy: A Classified Catalogue, London: London School of Economics, 1938; The Principles of Political Economy (fifth edition, 1864), New York: Augustus Kelley, 1965; Treatises and Essays on Subjects Connected with Economical Policy with Biographical Sketches of Quesnay, Adam Smith and Ricardo, New York: Augustus M Kelley, 1967; A Treatise on the Circumstances which Determine the Rate of Wages and the Condition of the Labouring Classes, New York: Augustus Kelley, 1967; and A Treatise on the Principles and Practical Influence of Taxation

and the Funding System (edited with introduction by D. P. O'Brien), Edinburgh: Scottish Academic Press, 1975.

Knut Wicksell: Lectures on Political Economy, vol. I (General Theory) & vol. II (Money) (translated by E. Classen with an introduction by L. Robbins), London: George Routledge and Sons, 1938; Value, Capital and Rent (translated by S. H. Frowein with a foreword by G. L. S. Shackle), London: George Allen and Unwin, 1954; Selected Papers on Economic Theory (edited with an introduction by E. Lindahl), London: George Allen and Unwin, 1958; Interest and Prices (translated by R. F. Kahn with an introduction by B. Ohlin), New York: Augustus Kelley, 1962.

Thomas Malthus: First Essay on Population 1789 (with notes by J. Bonar), London: Macmillan, 1926; Principles of Political Economy, New York: Augustus Kelley, 1951; Review of the Controversy Respecting the High Price of Bullion (from the Edinburgh Review, vol XVIII, May–August 1811), Sydney: University of Sydney, 1952; Five Papers on Political Economy (edited by Cyril Renwick), Sydney: University of Sydney, 1953; An Essay on the Principle of Population, vol. II (edited by M P Fogarty), London: Everyman's Library, 1958; The Pamphlets of Thomas Robert Malthus, New York: Augustus M Kelley, 1970; and Principles of Political Economy, Clifton: Augustus M Kelley, 1974. Also James Meade's copy of First Essay on Population (1966).

Lionel Robbins: The Great Depression, London: Macmillan, 1934; An Essay on the Nature and Significance of Economic Science, London: Macmillan, 1935; Economic Planning and International Order, London: Macmillan, 1937; The Economic Causes of War, London: Jonathan Cape, 1939; The Economic Basis of Class Conflict and Other Essays in Political Economy, London: Macmillan, 1939; The Economic Problem in Peace and War, London: Macmillan, 1947; The Theory of Economic Policy in English Classical Political Economy, London: Macmillan, 1953; The Economist in the Twentieth Century: And Other Lectures in Political Economy, London: Macmillan, 1954; Robert Torrens and the Evolution of Classical Economics, London: Macmillan, 1958; (chairman) Higher Education: Report of the Committee appointed by the Prime Minister, London: Her Majesty's Stationery Office, 1963; Politics and Economics: Papers in Political Economy, London: Macmillan, 1963; The Theory of Economic Development in the History of Economic Thought, London: Macmillan, 1968; Autobiography of an Economist, London: Macmillan, 1971; Political Economy Past and Present: A Review of Leading Theories of Economic Policy, London: Macmillan, 1975.

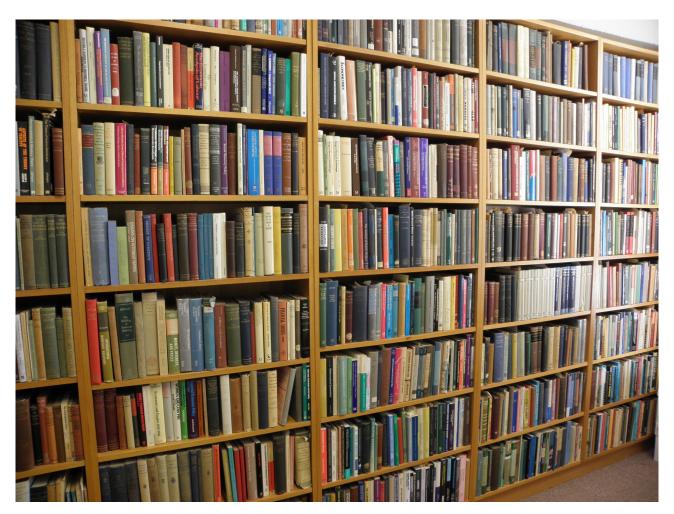
Henry Sidgwick: The Elements of Politics (second edition), London: Macmillan, 1897; The Methods of Ethics, London: Macmillan, 1907; and The Principles of Political Economy (third edition), London: Macmillan, 1924. The collection also includes A. Sidgwick and E. M. Sidgwick (eds) Henry Sidgwick: A Memoir, London: Macmillan, 1906.

Philip Wicksteed: Dante: Six Sermons, London: Elkin Mathews, 1905 (signed by Wicksteed with a Latin inscription); The Common Sense of Political Economy, London: Macmillan, 1910; The Coordination of the Laws of Distribution, London: London School of Economics, 1932; The Common Sense of Political Economy, vol. I (edited by L Robbins), London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1933; The Common Sense of Political Economy (vols. I & II) (edited by L. Robbins), London: George Routledge and Sons / Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1946; The Alphabet of Economic Science (1888), New York: Augustus Kelley, 1970. Lionel Robbins wrote of Philip Wicksteed: 'His various books,

never issued in large editions, have become extremely rare, and are greatly sought after, not only by the regular collectors of the literature of economic theory, but by the workaday economist, endeavouring to provide himself with indispensable instruments of his craft' (*Wicksteed*, 1933, p. 228).

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In addition to the volumes listed above, the Creedy Collection features a large number of other nineteenth- and twentieth-century titles, including signed and association copies such as Schumpeter, Economic Doctrine and Method (H. D. Dickinson's copy, with corrections in his hand); Salter, Recovery (signed and inscribed by the author to Sydney and Beatrice Webb); E. Roll, Elements of Economics (signed by J. La Nauze); E. H. Chamberlin (ed.) Monopoly and Competition and their Regulation (signed by Ruth Cohen, with proofs of her review); T. E. Cliffe Leslie, Essays in Political and Moral Philosophy (author presentation copy); A. J. V. Durell, Parliamentary Grants (review copy, signed by E. H. Davenport); F. C. Mills, The Behaviour of Prices (signed by D. B. Copland); Gonner (ed.) Ricardo's Economic Essays (signed by N. F. Hall); T. W. Hutchison, Review of Economic Doctrines 1870–1929 (H. D. Dickinson's copy); F. H. Knight, The Ethics of Competition (1935) (signed by N. F. Hall); H. D. Dickinson, Institutional Revenue (inscribed 'To Dr E. Cannan from the author with gratitude 1932'); Daniels and Campion, The Distribution of National Capital (signed by N. F. Hall); Political Economy Club, minutes 1899–1920 and Questions 1821–1920 (signed by N. F. Hall); and numerous books signed and inscribed by their authors to Professor Creedy.



Part of the Creedy Collection of Important Economics Books