# The Role of Optoelectronics in a Sustainable Future

July 2009



WRT Associates, LLC www.wrtassoc.com Email: info@wrtassoc.com



© 2009 OIDA Optoelectronics Industry Development Association

This report has been prepared by WRT Associates, LLC with the support and cooperation of OIDA. The data contained in this report is proprietary to OIDA and may not be distributed in either original or reproduced form to anyone outside the client's internal organization within five years of the report date without prior written permission of OIDA.

# **Table of Contents**

WF	RT As	ssociates, LLC	1				
Tał	ole of	Contents	i				
Tał	ole of	Figures	ii				
Tał	oles	i	v				
Exe	Executive Summary						
Gre	Green Applications of Optoelectronics						
1	1 Market Overview and Trends						
	1.1	Photovoltaics	5				
	1.2	Solid State Lighting	8				
	1.3	Ultraviolet Disinfection 1	1				
	1.4	Optical Data Transport and Processing 1	3				
	1.5	Optical Sensors	5				
	1.6	Low Power Displays 1	8				
	1.7	Green Optoelectronic Manufacturing	9				
2	Mark	et Drivers and Dynamics	2				
	2.1	Will solid state lighting performance and economics be accepted? 2	4				
	2.2	Ultraviolet Disinfection to the Rescue	0				
	2.3	Taming Data Center Power Consumption	2				
	2.4	Putting Couch Potatoes on an Energy Diet	5				
	2.5	Doing More Good than Harm	9				
	2.6	Summary of Market Drivers and Dynamics 4	1				
3	Greer	n Optoelectronics Market Forecast 4	1				
	3.1	Methodology and Market Segmentation 4	1				
	3.2	Market Forecast	3				
	3.3	Summary	6				
4	Unde	Underlying Technology Developments					
	4.1	Solar Cell Taxonomy and Trends 4	7				
	4.2	VCSELs for Low Power Data Communication	1				
	4.3	OLEDs for Solid State Lighting	2				
	4.4	Organic Photovoltaics	3				

# Table of Figures

Figure 1: World Energy Source by Type, 2006	5
Figure 2: Oil Price 1996-March 2008	6
Figure 3: Oil Price Trend December 2007-December 2008	6
Figure 4: Forecast Photovoltaic Capacity	7
Figure 5: Global PV Module Demand 2006-2010	8
Figure 6: The Water Cube National Aquatic Center Beijing 2008 Olympics	9
Figure 7: Improved Esthetics of SSL Street Lighting vs. High Pressure Sodium (left)	10
Figure 8: U.S. Electricity Consumption Trends and the Role of Solid State Lighting	11
Figure 9: Ultraviolet Water Disinfection Unit	12
Figure 10: Portable Photovoltaic Power UV and Handheld UV Water Disinfection Units	12
Figure 11: UV LEDs, Systems and Water Purifier	13
Figure 12: Laserwire Active Optical Cable	14
Figure 13: Green Optical Link under Development by IBM	14
Figure 14: Pipeline Leakage Monitoring Application of Optical Sensors	16
Figure 15: Optical Sensor System Configuration for Wind Turbine Application	17
Figure 16: Optical Sensor Technology for Wind Turbine Application	17
Figure 17: U.S. Annual Energy Consumption by Televisions	
Figure 18: Green Manufacturing Goals for 32" LCD TV for 2008	
Figure 19: Efficiency Improvements for LCD TV	20
Figure 20: AUO's Plan to Reduce the Mercury Content of LCD TVs	20
Figure 21: Renewable Energy Production by Source, 2006	
Figure 22: Cost Trend for Lighting Technologies	
Figure 23: Maximum Site Electricity Savings With 100% LED Market Penetration	
Figure 24: Electricity Savings of Selected LED Lighting Applications	
Figure 25: Color Chromaticity Coordinates for Recently Tested SSL Products	
Figure 26: Performance of Commercial SSL Replacement Lamp Products	
Figure 27: Ultraviolet Fluid Sterilizer and Surface Sanitizer for Food Processing	
Figure 28: Data Center Projected Electricity Use, 2007 to 2011	
Figure 29: Installing Fiber Optics Cables in Overhead Raceway	34
Figure 30: Decreased Volume of Fiber Cable Solution Compared to Copper CAT5 Cable	34
Figure 31: Schematic of Terabus Optical Interconnect	35
Figure 32: Optically Connect 3-D Super Computer Chip Concept	
Figure 33: Measured Power Consumption of TV Technologies	
Figure 34: Comparison of Power Consumption for two 31.5" LCD TV Designs	
Figure 35: Sony XEL-1 OLED Television	
Figure 36: Power Consumption Comparison of OLED and LCD Televisions	
Figure 37: Samsung Full High Definition 31 inch OLED Television	

Figure 38: First Solar PV Module Installation and Cell Cross Section	
Figure 39: Product Lifecycle Considerations for Thin Film PV Modules	
Figure 40: Global Market Forecast for Green Optoelectronics	
Figure 41: Global Market Forecast for Green Optoelectronics by Segment	
Figure 42: Global Market Forecast for Green Flat Panel Display Market Share	
Figure 43: Global Market Forecast for Green Optoelectronics Components	
Figure 44: Global Market Forecast for Solid State Lighting	45
Figure 45: Global Market Forecast for Green Photonics	
Figure 46: Global Market Forecast for Green Photonics by Segment 2009 and 2020	
Figure 47: Solar Cell Efficiencies	
Figure 48: Concentrating Photovoltaic Scheme and System Design	
Figure 49: Global Photovoltaic Cell Production	
Figure 50: Photovoltaic Materials, Type and Forecast Market Share, 2010	
Figure 51: Forecast Global Photovoltaic Production by Technology through 2015	51
Figure 52: VCSEL Scaling Projection	51
Figure 53: Dense chip-edge integration of VCSELs	
Figure 54: Lighting Energy Use Scenarios with and without LED or OLED Lighting	
Figure 55: Prototype OLED Lighting Panels and Competing Commercially Available Lamps .	56
Figure 56: Historical Trend for LED and OLED Luminous Efficacy	
Figure 57: Trend for OLED Luminous Efficacy	
Figure 58: OLED Product Performance Projections	
Figure 59: LED (left) and OLED (right) Lighting Fixtures	59
Figure 60: Lumiblade OLED Lamp	60
Figure 61: Trend for Lumiblade OLED Lamp Construction and Thickness	61
Figure 62: OLED Lamp in On and Off (transparent) States	61
Figure 63: Desk Lamp Design and Overhead Lighting Using OLED Lamps	
Figure 64: Reported Efficiencies for Various Organic Solar Cells over Time	
Figure 65: Device Structure of Polymer Tandem Solar Cell	64
Figure 66: Device Characteristics of Polymer Tandem Solar Cell	

## Tables

Table 1: Technology, Application, and Impact of Green Optoelectronics Market Segments	4
Table 2: Application, Property Sensed, Technology and Impact of Optoelectronic Sensors	15
Table 3: Program Elements, Improvements and Impacts of AUO's Green Initiatives	21
Table 4: Impacts and Applications of Green Optoelectronics	22
Table 5: Applications Status for Energy Saving Solid State Lighting	24
Table 6: Applications and Energy Savings of Solid State Lighting 2007	26
Table 7: Potential Energy Savings of Solid State Lighting Applications	27
Table 8: Applications of Ultraviolet Light	31
Table 9: Optoelectronics Market Segments and Sub Segments	43
Table 10: Photovoltaic Module Efficiency (in %) – Status and Forecast	49
Table 11: Global Photovoltaic Production (2006) by Technology and Region	50
Table 12: Worldwide OLED Lighting Programs	53
Table 13: DOE OLED Lighting Program Goals	54
Table 14: OLED100 OLED Lighting Program Objectives	54
Table 15: Potential Advantages of OLED Lighting	56

#### **Executive Summary**

It can be argued that green photonics technology and markets have been around for many years as a large portfolio of engineers and scientists have strived for energy efficiency, cleaner solutions, and improved health in their designs. Over the past three years, the subject has become topical, political, and to some extent cultural. This report explores the optoelectronics expectations for green photonics technology, and forecasts the associated markets through 2020. The cultural impact for a green, clean, and energy efficient lifestyle is just beginning. Over the next decade, many innovative new products will emerge in a variety of industries that will better define and demonstrate green photonics technology. It is clear to many that a broad range of products and services that the economy will utilize over the next decade will contain optoelectronics (interchangeable with the term photonics), either as key components or as components that enable better and more efficient systems.

According to OIDA, the global optoelectronics market for 2008 was \$356 billion. The green photonics share of the global optoelectronics market is estimated to be 8.1%, or \$28.9 billion. Green photonics technology is already making an impact; this impact is expected to accelerate quickly over the next decade.

The compound annual growth rate (CAGR) for global optoelectronics for 2009-2020 is forecast to be 3.1%. The green photonics share, however, is expected to be a very encouraging 19.6%. These growth rates translate into \$493 billion in revenue for optoelectronic components by 2020, of which \$261 billion (or 53%) is the green photonics market share. Near term, the overall global optoelectronics market is forecast to decline by 1.4% in 2009, while the green photonics market is expected to grow 26.5%.

The contribution of photonics is considered green if

- generates or conserves energy
- reduces greenhouse gas emissions
- reduces pollution
- yields an environmentally sustainable outcome, or
- improves public health

The methodology in determining the green photonics forecast starts with the base optoelectronics forecast. Each sub-segment of optoelectronics components is then analyzed using the above green criteria. Assuming a product class achieves the green criteria, then all the sub-segments are aggregated for a market segment total. Each optoelectronics component that meets the green criteria is then forecasted for at least a decade, in this case to 2020. It is expected that over the next decade, the criteria for green will become more stringent, and therefore some of the green photonics penetration rates will decrease.

The major segments of optoelectronics are flat panel displays, optoelectronics components, optical input/output devices, optical fiber communications, optical precision lens and lasers, solid state lighting, and optical storage. Two of the hottest areas in green photonics technology are actually in the optoelectronics components segment and are listed as high brightness LEDs and solar photovoltaic cells.

As an example, a major driver for green photonics might be a product such as the personal informational medic: a portable digital accessory that works similar to a mobile phone but has capabilities for virtual medical sensing and monitoring, perhaps even telemedicine. This product vehicle allows less paperwork, enables online procedures, diagnosis, monitoring, even sensing, and can display information in a portable compact unit. Perhaps this unit will include photovoltaic cells to enhance batter life. The display in the unit will likely be a more efficient LCD or more probably a lower power consuming organic LED display. Clearly, product concepts are still evolving, but the cultural interest in driving green photonics solutions is starting to be seen. Issues of power consumption for data centers are already being addressed by the optical communications industry, as is the design of more efficient fiber optic transceivers and transponders, either by using new photonics technology such as silicon photonics or compound semiconductor photonic integrated circuits.

Lighting is becoming an exciting area with the recent technological progress of high brightness LEDs, allowing lower power consuming lighting solutions. LEDs are beginning to be seen in traffic lights, residential lighting, and even as back lights to televisions and displays. Organic LEDs are now being utilized in many small display products such as mobile phones, PDAs, and applications that are sensitive to battery life. Over the past year, many display manufacturers have geared up for larger organic LED display products that include televisions and notebook computers. In a decade, new innovative products using organic LEDs will include novel lighting designs, perhaps on flexible substrates that emulate wallpaper. Solid state lighting has the potential to save significant amounts of power when used in projects at the national level, such as street lights. LEDs are already improving the power consumption and reducing toxicity with infrastructure projects in cities throughout the world. Health issues can be addressed by photonics through the use of high brightness LEDs that emit in the ultra-violet. These UV LEDs can purify water and replace mercury-filled UV lamps that are used today. The use of LEDs actually will allow new and creative portable products to be designed that work on batteries and permit off-grid operation. Third world countries will be more able to utilize a battery, photovoltaic solar cell, and LED for simple lighting scenarios. Optical sensors will also be found in new green roles in applications as diverse as pipeline monitoring, sensing wind turbine control, and oil extraction.

Green photonics technology over the next decade will not only assist in current optoelectronics products, but will open opportunities for new and creative products to be designed. The markets for green photonics technology will grow quickly, even with the slowing of penetration due to more stringent criteria. The momentum will promote better understanding and acceptance of a more energy efficient, cleaner, and richer lifestyle for everyone.

This report explores a few of the exciting opportunities for green photonics technology. The green photonics industry is just beginning-the growth profile is exciting. Many emerging product opportunities will leverage the green photonics initiative. By 2020, green photonics technology will be implemented in so many products that some will take the design philosophy for granted.

#### **Green Applications of Optoelectronics**

The growing emphasis on environmental and economic sustainability has resulted in mounting interest in clean technology applications of optoelectronic devices and systems. In this report, the contribution of optoelectronics is considered "green" if it generates or conserves energy, reduces greenhouse gas emissions, reduces pollution, yields a more environmentally sustainable outcome, or improves public health. Examples of green optoelectronics include photovoltaic (PV) power generation, high efficiency solid state lighting, displays with reduced power consumption, high efficiency optical data transceivers, and ultraviolet water (UV) purification. The impacts of these optoelectronic solutions are renewable energy sources, reductions in energy consumption, reductions in carbon dioxide emissions, and improved human health.

The need for green solutions is a strong driver for optoelectronics industry growth. This potential for industry growth is promoting strong investment in green optoelectronics by companies, venture capitalists, and governments. Federal, state and local government are forging new policies to promote green tech objectives. In addition to the direct impact of green optoelectronics, the optoelectronics industry is adopting green design goals and employing green manufacturing practices resulting in further green outcomes. While the development of green optoelectronic industries such as solar photovoltaics, solid state lighting, and UV water purification are at a relatively early stage, the addressable markets are very large and underpin the world's economy and sustainability. The size of the markets at stake and investors reaction to the opportunities may explain why some observers view the current investment climate in these technologies as a bubble. Nevertheless, revenue from products such as photovoltaic generating modules and solid state lighting are already substantial and growing at a rapid rate.

### 1 Market Overview and Trends

The market for products incorporating green optoelectronics technologies includes several segments as shown in Table 1. The technologies listed in Table 1 have been under development for quite some time but the unifying element is that these technologies are now being developed aggressively to deliver green market solutions.

Technology	Underlying Technology	Application	Impact
Photovoltaics	xSi, pSi, aSi, CdTe, CIS, CIGS	Power generation	Renewable en- ergy, reduced carbon emissions, reduced pollution
Solid State Lighting	LEDs, OLEDs	Illumination, Displays	Reduced energy consumption, re- duced mercury pollution
Ultraviolet Disinfection	UV LEDs	Purification of drinking water, waste water, in- dustrial water, food and air	Improved water quality, Improved public health, re- duced mercury pollution
Optical Data Transport and Processing	VCSELs, Si photonics	IT data centers	Reduced energy consumption
Optical Sensors	Fiber optics, Bragg gratings, Lasers, Detectors	Energy extrac- tion, Gas sensing, environmental monitoring,	Reduced energy consumption, Reduced pollu- tion, Reduced green house gas emission
Low Power Displays	OLEDs, LEDs, MEMs, Electro- phoretics, LCDs	Information and Entertainment Display	Reduced energy consumption
Green Optoelectronic Manufacturing	Many	Many	Reduced energy consumption, re- duced water consumption, Reduced pollu- tion, Reduced green house gas emission

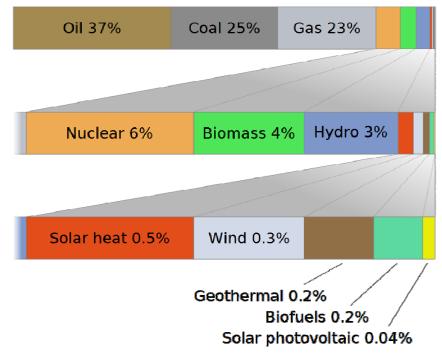
 Table 1: Technology, Application, and Impact of Green Optoelectronics Market Segments

 Source: OIDA

The major technology segments can typically be broken down further into underlying material or device technologies. In all cases, the beneficial impact of the green optoelectronic technology can include one or more of a renewable energy source, reduced energy consumption, reduced green house gas emission, improved public health, reduced water consumption, or reduced pollution.

#### 1.1 Photovoltaics

Photovoltaics (PV) have been under development for decades and have seen relatively wide spread deployment world wide. However, photovoltaics have supplied a relatively small portion of world energy production. Figure 1 shows that solar photovoltaics contributed less than 0.1% of world energy production in 2006.



#### Figure 1: World Energy Source by Type, 2006

Source: REN21 2006 Global Status Report on Renewables, BP 2006 Statistical Review, Wikipedia

Market interest in photovoltaics, as well as support for PV development and deployment by governments, have fluctuated over the preceding decades. Recent government policies and goals for renewable energy portfolios, and market interests driven in part by the rising price of energy sources including oil (see Figure 2), have strongly stimulated the market for photovoltaics development and deployment.