

# The Sanskrit Text of Buddha-carita

By Aśvaghoṣa Edited by Edward B. Cowell



**The Sanskrit Text of Buddha-carita**  
by  
**Aśvaghoṣa**

edited by  
**Edward B. Cowell**  
(1893)

with supplementary material from  
**Aśvaghoṣa's The Buddhacarita: Or, Acts of the Buddha**

edited by  
**E. H. Johnston**  
(1935)

together with a metrical analysis and description of the metres by  
**Ānandajoti Bhikkhu**  
(2005/2549)

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### The Buddha-carita

- Book I [Bhagavatprasūtih]
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## Introduction to the Text

The text of Buddhacarita reproduced here is essentially that edited by **Edward B. Cowell**, entitled:

**The Buddha-carita or Life of Buddha by Aśvaghoṣa,  
Indian poet of the early second century after Christ. Sanskrit  
text, edited from a Devanagari and two Nepalese manuscripts with  
variant readings, a preface, notes and an index of names.**

which was originally published by the Oxford University Press in 1893, as Part VII of its Anecdota Oxoniensia, Aryan Series. This was republished together with the translation in India by Cosmo Publications, New Delhi, in 1997.

It has been partly supplemented by **E. H. Johnston's** edition of the same text entitled **The Buddhacarita: Or, Acts of the Buddha**; which was published as No 31 of the Panjab University Oriental Publications, in Calcutta in 1935.

The texts in both editions is printed in Devanagari script. The text in Roman script presented here has been prepared using a database entitled **Aśvaghoṣa's Buddhacarita: A machine readable transliteration**, edited by Peter Schreiner, in February 1990, which reproduced Johnson's edition in *pausa* form, along with Cowell's variant readings.

The original database has been converted to normal diacritical markings, subsequently proof-read, and the metrical markings have been added in by the present writer. In Cowell's text all the nasals are written as anusvara (*m̐*), and this has been followed here, except at the end of the pādayuga, where I prefer to write labial -*m*, as is normal in Sanskrit.<sup>1</sup>

The text also accompanies the translation by Cowell which appears elsewhere on this website.<sup>1</sup> Here however the text differs in some small respects to the edition printed there, because it has been my purpose to analyse the work and arrive at a correct understanding of Aśvaghoṣa's prosody, which can only be done after making some small adjustments to Cowell's text.

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<sup>1</sup> Johnson's edition (and Schreiner following him) interpreted *anusvara* as the relevant nasal for the consonant group. But I think Cowell must have been following the writing in the manuscripts in his edition, and I have therefore continued with that here.

For instance in Cowell's edition certain verses were included which later proved to be spurious. These have been printed here, but not analysed, as they throw no light on the text. Also certain readings were adopted by Cowell which we can be sure go against Aśvaghoṣa's normal prosody, and are therefore incorrect. In a few cases therefore I have preferred Johnson's readings, these are all noted in the appropriate place.<sup>2</sup>

## Description of the Metres

In what follows these conventions are employed:

- = a light syllable
- = a heavy syllable
- ☒ = the syllable may be light or heavy
- ✗ = the syllable may be light or heavy, but as it occurs at the end of the line, where there is a pause, it is always taken as heavy
- | indicates a rhythmic division in the line, and || indicates a break in the middle of a pādayuga.

One of the more interesting aspects of Aśvaghoṣa's prosody, at least for someone coming from a background in Pāli and Buddhist Hybrid Sanskrit, is its regularity, and almost complete lack of license in regard to the metre. It is necessary therefore at the outset to point out that in the whole text as we have presented it here:

- all syllables are counted at their natural weight
- there are no svarabhakti vowels that have to be included and counted towards the metre,
- there is no resolution of one presumed heavy syllable into 2 lights
- and similarly, there is no replacement of two presumed light syllables by one heavy

<sup>1</sup> Although Johnson's edition is definitely to be preferred, being based on better manuscripts, it is not in the public domain as yet, therefore I have prepared Cowell's edition here.

<sup>2</sup> Although I have adjusted Cowell's text in the ways indicated above wherever necessary, there has, of course, been no attempt to establish a new edition. I have simply examined Johnson's text to see if we can provide better readings, where it is clear that the metre must be incorrect, so as to more accurately reflect Aśvaghoṣa's prosody.

- even though there is an allowance in the Sanskrit prosodies for conjunct consonants to sometimes fail to make position, here they always do, in fact, make position.<sup>1</sup>

There are twelve metres employed by Aśvaghoṣa in the text, or at least in what remains of it,<sup>2</sup> there are 1010 verses in all which are listed here in descending order according to the frequency of their occurrence:

- Upajāti = 475 lines
- Śloka = 297
- Vaṁśastha = 124
- Aupacchandasaka = 78
- Puṣpitāgrā = 26
- Rucirā = 3
- Praharṣinī = 3
- Mālinī = 2
- Śikhariṇī = 1
- Aparavaktra = 1

The first four of these metres are used in extensio, and therefore occur that more often, the other metres are employed as a prosodic flourish to round off the Chapters.

We can further organise the metres according to their structure: the following are Samavutta metres, having 4 similar lines to the verse (608 verses, 60%):

- Upajāti = (11 syllables)
- Vaṁśastha = (12 syllables)
- Rucirā = (13 syllables)
- Praharṣinī = (13 syllables)
- Mālinī = (15 syllables)
- Śikhariṇī = (17 syllables)

<sup>1</sup> In Cowell's edition once or twice he took readings that would have required reading a double consonant as not making position to satisfy the metre, but in each case Johnson's edition is to be preferred.

<sup>2</sup> In what follows it is as well to remember that out of an original 28 Chapters in Buddhacarita only 14 remain for examination.

These three are Addhasamavutta metres, having 2 dissimilar pairs of lines (pādayuga) to the verse (105 verses, 10%):

- Aupacchandasaka (mātrā 16 + 18)
- Puṣpitāgrā = (16 + 18)
- Aparavaktra = (14 + 16)

and there is also the Śloka metre (accounting for 297 verses, 30%), which by this stage in its development, doesn't easily fit into any of the categories of Classical Indian prosody.<sup>1</sup>

The main metres are described employed in Buddhacarita are described first, and then the Classical metres that are used to conclude the various chapters.

### 1. Upajāti (475 verses)

The Upajāti lines found in Buddhacarita are far in excess of any other metre, and Aśvaghoṣa's handling of the metre is faultless. The basic scheme of the Upajāti in Aśvaghoṣa's prosody may be described as having 2 lines showing the following structure:



This gives two basic lines of either  $\text{---} \text{---} \text{---} \text{---}$ , known as *Indravajrā*, or  $\text{---} \text{---} \text{---} \text{---}$ , known as *Upendravajrā*. In the text that is printed here there are 1285 *Indravajrā* lines; and 615 *Upendravajrā*, which therefore shows a marked preference for the former scheme.

*These two different lines can occur in any position and any order in the two pādayuga-s that make up a verse. There are therefore 16 different species of Upajāti verse, which have all been given individual names in the Classical prosodies.<sup>2</sup> It is of some interest to see how the lines are distributed here.*

<sup>1</sup> The prosodic texts themselves differ one from the other in their classification of the metre. It seems best therefore to treat it as being in a class of its own.

<sup>2</sup> I have included these names in the analysis.

Indravajrā III<sup>1</sup> 109

Sālā IIUI 54

Bālā IIIU 48

Kīrti UIII 43

Vāṇī IUII 41

Mālā UUII 29

Māyā IUUI 22

Hamsī UIUI 21

Ārdrā UIIU 20

Bhadrā IUIU 15

Rāmā IIUU 15

Chāyā UUUUI 13

R̥ddhi UIUU 13

Buddhi IUUU 11

Premā UUIU 10

Upendravajrā UUUU 10

It is quite remarkable how the Indravajrā lines dominate in the Upajāti verses, with the Indravajrā lines far in excess of any other, and the verses containing 3 Indravajrā lines coming next. The Upendravajrā are significantly least in occurrence.

The breaks, which vary widely in the earlier stages of Indian prosody are here always found to be –˘˘, and similarly there is no significance attached to the caesura, which may occur anywhere in the line.

We can see from the sandhi that the pāda-s in the Upajāti lines were taken together for pronunciation, which therefore differs from the early Pāli verses, where the pāda is the normal unit for purposes of pronunciation.<sup>2</sup>

Most of Chapters I, II, III, VII, IX, X, XI, and XIII are written in this metre.

<sup>1</sup> In the schemes given here *I* = Indravajrā lines, *U* = Upendravajrā lines. When there are 4 Indravajrā lines in a verse, the whole verse is known by that name (similarly with Upendravajrā, of course).

<sup>2</sup> Similarly we may note that the syntax of the verses, which in the Pāli period was the *pādayuga*, is here the verse itself, sometimes extending to a group of verses.

## 2. Vamśastha (124 verses)

Closely related to the Upajāti meter is Vamśastha, which is derived from the 12 syllable Jagatī class of metres. The metre though is much more restricted than Upajāti or Jagatī, having a very definite scheme to the metre that occurs in all four lines:



which is similar then to the Upendravajrā metre (-u-u|-u-u|-u-u-) in the Upajāti class, with an extra light syllable in penultimate position. Here again the caesura is of no significance.

Nearly the whole of Chapter VIII is written in this metre; and its Classical structure also made it a favorite at the conclusion of Chapters in the work, so that a run of 16 verses in Vamśastha metre is used to conclude Chapter XII, and there are 3 verses in this metre at the conclusion of Chapter VI; besides these Vamśastha is also used as a run up to the concluding verse in a different metre in Chapters III, IV, IX, and XIII.

## 3. Śloka (297 verses)

I have elsewhere described the Śloka metre, as being an Addhasamavutta metre.<sup>1</sup> This holds true for the early stages of Indian prosody, but by Aśvaghoṣa's time, the Addhasamavutta metres had changed considerably, in that nearly all the syllables are fixed in weight, and the Śloka, which has very variable quantities will no longer fit into the category.

By far the most common form of the metre is the pathyā, which in this text shows the following form:



in the 2nd and 3rd positions of each pāda, two successive light syllables are not allowed; and in the opening of the posterior half of the line the pattern —u— is not allowed.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> See the Appendix on the Siloka and Tuṭṭhubha metres in my [Outline of the Metres in the Pāli Canon](#).

<sup>2</sup> As with Upajāti the sandhi shows that the two lines were taken together in pronunciation, without a pause at the end of the line.

The pathyā form of the metre occurs in the text presented here 529 times, which given that there are 593 pādayuga-s in the Śloka metre, means that it occurs in 89% of the lines, which is typical of the Classical period.

There are only 3 variations that occur in the prior line, which can be outlined here:

navipulā (49 pādayugas, 9%)

bhavipulā (7 pādayugas, 1.5%)

mavipulā (8 pādayugas, 1.5%)

Notice that in the navipulā-s and bhavipulā-s a heavy syllable always occurs in 4th position and at the end of the pāda.<sup>1</sup> In the mavipulā the opening always occurs, and there is normally a caesura after the 5th syllable.<sup>2</sup> The bhavipulā lines here always show the same opening, so that both bhavipulā and mavipulā have fixed quantities for most of the line.

The metre is employed as the main metre in Chapters IV, VI, XII, and what remains of Chapter XIV.

#### 4. Aupacchandasaka (78 Verses)

In the early prosody the Aupacchandasaka was very free in its opening, the important thing being that it should have 6 mātrā in the opening of the prior line, and 8 in the posterior, with the cadence ; over time the most popular of the openings became fixed as the only proper scheme for the metre, and in Āśvaghoṣa's prosody it is a true Addhasamavutta metre, with fixed quantities in both lines. The scheme for the verse, which occurs in the first 78 verses of Chapter 5, is as follows:

<sup>1</sup> In the early period the weight of the end syllable was assured by the pause occurring in recitation.

<sup>2</sup> 12.92c shows an exception to this, as in both Cowell's edition which reads *-karma-*, and Johnson's which reads *-śama-*, the caesura is at the 6th.

## 5. Other Metres

We are left now with the 6 metres which are used to conclude the various Chapters. They are all fixed in the schemes, and no variation is allowed in the lines except at the end of the pādayuga, where the quantity is assured by the pause.

### 1. Puṣpitāgrā = (26 verses)

The Puṣpitāgrā metre, which is derived from Aupacchandasaka, with resolution of the 3rd syllable in both lines. It is employed to conclude Chapters I, V, and VIII.

~~~~~|-~--||~~~~~-~|~-~x

### 2. Rucirā = (3 verses)

The Rucirā metre is derived from the Vamśastha metre, with resolution of the 5th syllable, which gives it 14 syllables to the pāda. The scheme of the metre is as follows:

-~,-,!~~~~|-~--x

there is a definite caesura after the 4th syllable. The metre is only employed in 3 verses, twice at the conclusion of Chapter III, and again at the conclusion of Chapter XII.

### 3. Praharṣinī = (3 verses)

This metre concludes two Chapters, numbers IX (2 verses), and X, its scheme can be given as:

---,~~~~~-~--

and again there is a definite caesura in the line, this time at the 3rd after a run of heavy syllables.

#### 4. Mālinī = (2 verses)

In contrast Mālinī has a run of 5 light syllables in the opening. It is used as the Classical metre which closes Chapters II and XIII;<sup>1</sup> its scheme of 15 syllables can be outlined like this:

—○—○—○—○—○—, —○—○—○—○—

#### 5. Śikhariṇī = (1 verse)

This is a 17-syllable metre, which is used at the conclusion of Chapter IV, it's scheme, which has a definite caesura after the 6th syllable is as follows:

—○—○—○—○—○—○—○—, —○—○—○—○—○—○—

#### 6. Aparavaktra = (1 verse)

This metre is similar to Puṣpitāgrā, but with the Vaitālīya cadence, thereby having the followng scheme:

—○—○—○—○—○—|—○—○—○—○—|—○—○—○—○—|—○—○—○—

It occurs as the final verse of Chapter VII.

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<sup>1</sup> In the text established by Cowell, another verse follows the Mālinī conclusion, but this is spurious.

## The Buddha-carita

### Book I [Bhagavatprasūtiḥ]

śriyāṁ parārdhyāṁ vidadhavidhātṛjīt tamo nirasyannabhībhūtabhānubhṛt |  
nudannidāgham jitacārucaṁdramāḥ sa vaṁdyate 'rhamniha yasya nopamā || 1.1\*<sup>1</sup>

āśīdvīśālonnatasānulakṣmyā payodapamktyeva parītapārśvam |  
udagrādhiṣṇyām gagaṇe 'vagāḍhaṁ puram maharṣeh kapilasya vastu || 1.2\*

sitonnateneva nayena hṛtvā kailāsaśailasya yadabhraśobhām |  
bhramādupetān vahadaṁbuvāhān saṁbhāvanām vā saphalīcakāra || 1.3\*

ratnaprabhodbhāsini yatra lebhe tamo na dāridryamivāvakāśam |  
parārdhyapauraiḥ sahavāsatoṣāt kṛtasmitevātirarāja lakṣmīḥ || 1.4\*

yadvedikātoranāsimhakarṇairatnairdadhānam prativeśama śobhām |  
jagatyadṛṣṭeveva samānamanyatspardhām svagehairmitha eva cakre || 1.5\*

rāmāmukhemdūn paribhūtapadmān yatrāpayāto 'pyavimanya bhānuḥ |  
saṁtāpayogādiva vāri veṣṭum paścātsamudrābhīmukhāḥ pratasthe || 1.6\*

śakyārjitānām yaśasām janena dṛṣṭvāṁtabhāvam gamito 'yamindraḥ |  
iti dhvajaiścārucalatpaṭākairyānmarṣṭumasyāṁkamivodayacchat || 1.7\*

kṛtvāpi rātrau kumudaprahāsamimdoḥ karairyadrajatālayasthaiḥ |  
sauvarṇaharmyeṣu gatākapādairdivā sarojadyutimālalambe || 1.8\*

mahiḥṛtām mūrdhni kṛtābhiṣekah śuddhodano nāma nṛpo 'rkabāṁdhuh |  
adhyāśayo vā sphuṭapudarīkam purādhirājam tadalaṁcakāra || 1.9\*

bhūbhṛtparārdhyo 'pi sapakṣa eva pravṛttadāno 'pi madānupetaḥ |  
īśo 'pi nityām samaḍṛṣṭipātaḥ saumyasvabhāvo 'pi pṛthupratāpāḥ || 1.10\*

bhujena yasyābhihatāḥ pataṁto dvīśaddvipemdrāḥ samarāṁgaṇeṣu |  
udvāṁtāmuktāprakaraiḥ śirobhirbhaktyeva puṣpāṁjalibhiḥ praṇemuḥ || 1.11\*

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<sup>1</sup> Verses marked with an asterick are omitted from Johnson's edition as being spurious, and have not been analysed here.

atipratāpādavadhūya śatrūnmahoparāgāniva tigmabhānuḥ |  
udyotayāmāsa janāṁ samāṁtātpradarśayannāśrayaṇīyamārgān || 1.12\*

dharmārthakāmā viṣayaṁ mitho 'nyam na veśamācakramurasya nītyā |  
vispardhamānā iva tūgrasiddheḥ sugocare dīptatarā babhūvuh || 1.13\*

udārasamkhyaiḥ sacivāirasamkhyaiḥ kṛtāgrabhāvah sa udagrabhāvah |  
śaśī yathā bhairakṛtānyathābhaiḥ śakyemīdrarājaḥ sutarāṁ rarāja || 1.14\*

tasyātiśobhāvisṛtātiśobhā raviprabhevāstatamaḥ prabhāvā |  
samagradevīnivahāgradevī babhūva māyāpagateva māyā || 1.15\*

prajāsu māteva hitapravṛttā gurau jane bhaktirivānuvṛttā |  
lakṣmīrivādhīśakule kṛtābhā jagatyabhūduttamadevatā yā || 1.16\*

kāmāṁ sadā strīcaritāṁ tamisraṁ tathāpi tāṁ prapya bhṛśām vireje |  
na hīṁdulekhāmupagamyā śubhām<sup>1</sup> naktāṁ tathā saṁtamasatvameti || 1.17\*

atīṁdriyenātmani duškuho 'yam mayā jano yojayitum na śakyah |  
itīva sūkṣmām prakṛtim vihāya dharmeṇa sākṣādvihitā svamūrtih || 1.18\*

cyuto 'tha kāyāttuśitāt trilokīmudyotayanuttamabodhisattvah |  
viveśa tasyāḥ smṛta eva kukṣau naṁdāguhāyāmiva nāgarājah || 1.19\*

dhṛtvā himādrīdhavalām guru ṣadviṣāṇāṁ  
dānādhivāsitamukham dviradasya rūpam |  
śuddhodanasya vasudhādhipatermahiṣyāḥ  
kukṣim viveśa sa jagadvyanakanṣayāya || 1.20\*

rakṣāvidhānām prati lokapālā lokaikanāthasya divo 'bhijagmuḥ |  
sarvatra bhāmto 'pi hi caṁdrapādā bhajāmти kailāsagirau višeṣam || 1.21\*

mayāpi tamukṣigataṁ dadhānā vidyudvilāsaṁ jaladāvalīva |  
dānābhivarṣaiḥ parito janānām dāridryatāpaṁ śamayāṁcakāra || 1.22\*

sātāḥ purajanā devī kadācidatha luṁbinīm |  
jagāmānumate rājñāḥ saṁbhūtottamadohadā || 1.23\*

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<sup>1</sup> No doubt we should read *śubhām* here to correct the metre.

śākhāmālambamānāyāḥ puṣpabhārāvalamībinīm |  
devyāḥ kukṣīṁ vibhidyāśu bodhisattvo viniryayau || 1.24\*

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
tataḥ prasannaśca babhūva puṣyastasyāśca devyā vratasamkṛtāyāḥ |  
—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
pārśvātsuto lokahitāya jajñe nirvedanāṁ caiva nirāmayaṁ ca || 1.25 (1.9)

prātaḥ payodādiva tigmabhānuḥ samudbhavano ’pi ca māṭrukṣeh |  
sphuranmayūkhaivihatāṁdhakāraiscakāra lokāṁ kanakāvadātam || 1.26\*

taṁ jātamātramatha kāṁcanayūpagaurāṁ  
prītaḥ sahasranayaṇaḥ śanakairagṛhṇāt  
maṁdārapuṣpanikaraiḥ saha tasya mūrdhni  
khānnirmale ca vinipetaturaṁbudhāre || 1.27\*

surapradhānaiḥ paridhāryamāṇo dehāṁśujālairanuraṁjayaṁstān |  
saṁdhyābhrajāloparisamniviṣṭam navoḍurājām vijigāya lakṣmyā || 1.28\*

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
ūroryathaurvasya pṛthośca hastānmāṁdhāturiṁdrapratimasya mūrdhnāḥ |  
—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
kakṣīvataścaiva bhujāṁsadeśāttathāvidham tasya babhūva janma || 1.29 (1.10)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Mālā)  
krameṇa garbhādabhiniḥṣṭaḥ san babhau gataḥ khādiva yonyajātaḥ |  
—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
kalpeṣvanekeśviva bhāvitātmā yaḥ saṁprajānan suṣuve na mūḍhaḥ || 1.30 (1.11)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rāmā)<sup>1</sup>  
dīptyā ca dhairyēṇa ca yo rarāja bālo ravirbhūmimivāvatīrṇaḥ |  
—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
tathātidīpto ’pi nīrīkṣyamāṇo jahāra cakṣūṁṣi yathā śāśāṁkaḥ || 1.31 (1.12)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Haṁsi)  
sa hi svagātraprabhayojjvalamītyā dīpaprabhāṁ bhāskaravanmumoṣa |  
—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
mahārhajāṁbūnadacāruvarṇo vidyotayāmāsa diśaśca sarvāḥ || 1.32 (1.13)

<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *dīptyā ca dhairyēṇa śriyā*, which would mean having to count *śr-* in *śriyā* as not making position to avoid a heavy 6th syllable, but this is not possible, given Aśvaghoṣa's prosody.

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁśī)  
 anākulānyabjasamudgatāni niṣpeṣavamtyāyatavikramāṇi |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tathaiva dhīrāṇi padāni sapta saptarśitārāśadṛśo jagāma || 1.33 (1.14)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 bodhāya jāto 'smi jagaddhitārthamamtyā tathotpattiriyam mameti |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 caturdiśām simhagatirvilocya vāṇīm ca bhavyārthakarīmuvāca || 1.34 (1.15)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 khātprasrute cañdramarīciśubre dve vāridhāre śiśiroṣṇavīrye |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 śarīrasaukhyārthamanuttarasya nipetatumrūrdhani tasya saumye || 1.35 (1.16)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 śrīmadvitāne kanakojjvalāṁge vaiḍūryapāde śayane śayānam |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 yadgauravātkāṁcanapadmahastā yakṣādhipāḥ saṁparivārya tasthuḥ || 1.36 (1.17)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 māyātanūjasya divaukasaḥ khe yasya prabhāvātpraṇataih śirobhiḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 ādhārayan pāṇḍaramātapatraṁ bodhāya jepuḥ paramāśiṣāscā || 1.37 (1.18)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁśī)  
 mahoragā dharmaviśeṣatarśādbuddheśvatīteṣu kṛtādhikārāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 yamavyajan bhaktiviśiṣṭanetrā maṁdārapuṣpaiḥ samavākiraṁśca || 1.38 (1.19)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tathāgatotpādaguṇena tuṣṭāḥ śuddhādhivāśāscā viśuddhasattvāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 devā nanaṁdurvigate 'pi rāge magnasya duḥkhe jagato hitāya || 1.39 (1.20)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 yasmin prasūte girirājakīlā vātāhatā nauriva bhūścācāla |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 sacaṁdanā cotpalapadmagarbhā papāta vr̄ṣṭīrgaganādanabhrāt || 1.40 (1.21)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 vātā vavuḥ sparśasukhā manojñā divyāni vāsāṁsyavapātayaṁtaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 sūryāḥ sa evābhyaadhikāṁ cakāśe jajvāla saumyārciranīrito 'gnīḥ || 1.41 (1.22)

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 prāguttare cāvasathapradeśe kūpaḥ svayam̄ prādūrabhūtsitāṁbuḥ |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 amtaḥ purāṇyāgatavismayāni yasmin kriyāstīrtha iva pracakruḥ || 1.42 (1.23)

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Bālā)  
 dharmārthibhirbhūtagaṇaiśca divyaistaddarśanārtham̄ balamāpa pūraḥ |  
 --०--|००|०--||०--०--|००|०--  
 kautūhalenaiva ca pādapaiśca prapūjayāmāsa sagāṁdhapuṣpaiḥ || 1.43 (1.24)

puṣpadumāḥ svām̄ kusumam̄ pukulluḥ sasīraṇodrāmitadiksugaṁdhi |  
 susam̄bhramadnṛgavadhūpagītaṁ bhujāṁgaṁvṛdāpihitattavātam || 1.44\*

kvacit kvaṇattūryamṛdaṁgagītaivvīñāmukumādāmurajādibhiśca |  
 svīñām̄ calatkumāḍalabhuṣitānām̄ virājitaṁ cobhayapārścatastat || 1.45\*

--०--|००|०--||०--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Māyā)  
 yadrājaśāstraṁ bhṛguramāgirā vā na cakraturvamśakarāvṛṣī tau |  
 --०--|००|०--||०--०--|००|०--  
 tayoḥ sutau tau ca sasarjatustatkālena śukraśca bṛhaspatiśca || 1.46 (1.41)

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Bālā)  
 sārasvataścāpi jagāda naṣṭam̄ vedam̄ punaryam̄ dadṛśurna pūrvam |  
 --०--|००|०--||०--०--|००|०--  
 vyāsastathainam̄ bahudhā cakāra na yām̄ vaśiṣṭhaḥ kṛtavānaśaktih || 1.47 (1.42)

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Sālā)  
 vālmīkinādaśca sasarja padyam̄ jagram̄tha yanna cyavano mahārṣih |  
 --०--|००|०--||०--०--|००|०--  
 cikitsitaṁ yacca cakāra nātriḥ paścāttadātreya ṣeṣirjagāda || 1.48 (1.43)

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yacca dvijatvarām̄ kuśiko na lebhe tadgādhanah̄ sūnuravāpa rājan |  
 --०--|००|०--||०--०--|००|०--  
 velāṁ samudre sagaraśca dadhre nekṣvākavo yām̄ prathamam̄ babāṁduḥ || 1.49  
 (1.44)

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ācāryakām̄ yogavidhau dvijānāmaprāptamanyairjanako jagāma |  
 --०--|००|०--||०--०--|००|०--  
 khyātāni karmāṇi ca yāni śauraiḥ śūrādayasteśvabalā babhūvuḥ || 1.50 (1.45)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tasmātpramāṇam na vayo na kālaḥ kaścitkvacicchraishthyamupaiti loke |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 rājñāmṛṣīṇāṁ ca hitāni tāni kṛtāni putrairakṛtāni pūrvaiḥ || 1.51 (1.46)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 evam nṛpaḥ pratyayitairdvijaistairāśvāsitaścāpyabhināmditaśca |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 śāmkāmaniṣṭām vijahau manastah praharṣamevādhikamāruroha || 1.52 (1.47)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 prītaśca tebhyo dvijasattamebhyah satkārapūrvam pradadau dhanāni |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 bhūyādayam bhūmipatiryathokto yāyājjarāmetya vanāni ceti || 1.53 (1.48)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 athau nimittaiśca tapobalācca tajjanma janmāmtakarasya buddhvā |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 sākyeśvarasyālayamājagāma saddharmatarṣādasito mahārṣih || 1.54 (1.49)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tam brahmavidbrahmavidām jvalamāntam brāhmaṇyā śriyā caiva tapaḥśriyā ca |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 rājño gururgauravasatkriyābhyaṁ praveśyāmāsa nareṁdrasadma || 1.55 (1.50)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 sa pārthivīmṛtaḥpurasaṁnikarṣaṇ kumārajanmāgataharaṣavegam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 viveśa dhīro balasamjnayaiva tapaḥprakarṣāccā jarāśrayāccā || 1.56 (1.51)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 tato nṛpastam munimāsanastham pādyārghyapūrvam pratipūjya samyak |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 nimamtrayāmāsa yathopacāram purā vasiṣṭham sa ivāṁtidevaḥ || 1.57 (1.52)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 dhanyo 'smyanugrāhyamidaṁ kulaṁ me yanmāṁ didṛksurbhagavānupetaḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 ājñāpyatām kiṁ karavāṇi saumya śiṣyo 'smi viśrambhītumarhasīti || 1.58 (1.53)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 evam nṛpeṇopanamāṁtritah sansarveṇa bhāvena muniryathāvat |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 savismayotphullaviśāladṛṣṭirgambhīradhīrāṇi vacāṁsyuvāca || 1.59 (1.54)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 mahātmani tvayyupannametat priyātithau tyāgini dharmakāme |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 sattvānvayajñānavayo 'nurūpā snigdhā yadevaṁ mayi te matiḥ syāt || 1.60 (1.55)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 etacca tadyena nr̄parṣayaste dharmeṇa sūkṣmāṇi dhanānyapāsya |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 nityāṁ tyajamīto vidhivadbabbhūvustapobhirāḍhyā vibhavairdaridrāḥ || 1.61 (1.56)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 prayojanaṁ yattu mamopayāne tanme śṛṇu pṛitimupehi ca tvam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 divyā mayā divyapathe śrutā vāgbodhāya jātastanayastaveti || 1.62 (1.57)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 śrutiṁ vacastacca manaśca yuktvā jñātvā nimittaiśca tato 'smiyupetaḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 didṛksyā śākyakuladhvajasya śakradhvajasyeva samucchritasya || 1.63 (1.58)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 ityeta devaṁ vacanāṁ niśamya praharṣasāṁbhrāṁtagatirnareṁdraḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 ādāya dhātryāṁkagataṁ kumāraṁ saṁdarśayāmāsa tapodhanāya || 1.64 (1.59)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 cakrāṁkapādaṁ sa tathā mahārṣirjālāvanaddhāṁgulipāṇipādaṁ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 sorṇabhruvāṁ vāraṇavastikośaṁ savismayaṁ rājasutaṁ dadarśa || 1.65 (1.60)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 dhātryāṁkasaṁviṣṭamavekṣya cainaṁ devyāṁkasaṁviṣṭamivāgnisūnum |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 babhūva pakṣmāṁtarivāṁcitāśrurniśvasya caivaṁ tridivonmukho 'bhūt || 1.66 (1.61)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 dr̄ṣṭvāsitāṁ tvaśrupariplutākṣaṁ snehāttu putrasya nr̄paścakaṁpe |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 sagadgadaṁ bāṣpakaśāyakamṭhaḥ papraccha ca prāṁjalirānatāṁgaḥ || 1.67 (1.62)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 svalpāṁtaram yasya vapurmuneḥ syādbahvadbhutam yasya ca janma dīptam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 yasyottamam bhāvinamāttha cārtham tam prekṣya kasmāttava dhīra vāśpah || 1.68  
 (1.63)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 api sthirāyurbhagavan kumārah kaccinna śokāya mama prasūtaḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 labdhah kathāmcit salilāṁjalirme na khalvimam pātumupaiti kālah || 1.69 (1.64)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 apyakṣayaṁ me yaśaso nidhānam kacciddhruvo me kulahastasāraḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 api prayāsyāmī sukham paratra supte ’pi putre ’nimisaikacakṣuh || 1.70 (1.65)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 kaccinna me jātamaphullameva kulaprabālaṁ pariśoṣabhāgi |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 kṣipram vibho brūhi na me ’sti sāṁtiḥ sneham sute vetsi hi bāṁdhavānām || 1.71  
 (1.66)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ityāgatāvegamaniṣtabuddhyā buddhvā nareṁdraṁ sa\* munirbabhāṣe |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 mā bhūnmatiste nṛpa kācidanyā niḥsaṁśayaṁ tadyadavocamasmi || 1.72 (1.67)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 nāsyānyathātvam̄ prati vikriyā me svām̄ vaṁcanām̄ tu prati viklavo ’smi |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 kālo hi me yātumayam̄ ca jāto jātikṣayasyāsulabhasya boddhā || 1.73 (1.68)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 vihāya rājyam̄ viṣayevanāsthastīrvraiḥ prayatnairadhigamyā tattvam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 jagatyayam̄ mohatamo niham̄tum̄ jvaliṣyati jñānamayo hi sūryaḥ || 1.74 (1.69)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 duḥkhārṇavādvyaḍhivikīrṇaphenājjarātaramgānmarāṇogravegāt |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 uttārayiṣyat�ayamuhymānamārttam jagajjñānamahāplavena || 1.75 (1.70)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 prajñāmbuvegāṁ sthiraśīlavaprāṁ samādhīśītāṁ vrataacakravākāṁ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 asyottamāṁ dharmanadīm pravṛttāṁ tṛṣṇārditaḥ pāsyati jīvalokah || 1.76 (1.71)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 duḥkhārditebhyo viṣayāvṛtebhyaḥ samsārakāṁtārapathasthitebhyaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— elipsis  
 ākhyāsyati hyeṣa vimokṣamārgāṁ mārgapranaṣṭebhya ivādhvagebhyaḥ || 1.77 (1.72)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 vidahyamānāya janāya loke rāgāgnināyām viṣayerindhanena |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— elipsis  
 prahlādamādhāsyati dharmavṛṣṭyā vṛṣṭyā mahāmegha ivātапāṁte || 1.78 (1.73)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tṛṣṇārgalaṁ mohatamaḥkapāṭam dvāram prajānāmapayānahetoh |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 vipāṭayiṣyat�ayamuttamena saddharmatādena durāsadena || 1.79 (1.74)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 svairmohapāśaiḥ pariveṣṭitasya duḥkhābhībhūtasya nirāśrayasya |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 lokasya saṁbudhya ca dharmarājaḥ kariṣyate barīdhanamokṣameṣah || 1.80 (1.75)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tanmā kṛthāḥ śokamimamām prati tvam tatsaumya śocye hi manusyaloke |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 mohena vā kāmasukhairmadādvā yo naiṣṭhikam śroṣyati nāsyā dharmam || 1.81  
 (1.76)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 bhraṣṭasya tasmācca guṇādato me dhyānāni labdhvāpyakṛtārthataiva |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 dharmasya tasyāśravaṇādahaṁ hi manye vipattim tridive 'pi vāsam || 1.82 (1.77)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 iti śrutārthaḥ saṣuhṛtsadārastyaktvā viṣādaṁ mumude nareṁdraḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 evamvidho 'yam tanayo mameti mene sa hi svāmapi sāramattām || 1.83 (1.78)

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 āryeṇa mārgeṇa tu yāsyatīti cimtāvidheyam hṛdayam cakāra |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 na khalvasau na priyadharmapakṣah saṁtānanāśāttu bhayam dadarśa || 1.84 (1.79)

०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०— Puṣpitāgrā  
 atha munirasito nivedya tattvam sutaniyatam sutaviklavāya rājñe |  
 ०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०—  
 sabahumatamudikṣyamāṇarūpah pavanapathena yathāgataṁ jagāma || 1.85 (1.80)

०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०— Puṣpitāgrā  
 kṛtamatiranujāsutaṁ ca dṛṣṭvā munivacanaśravaṇe pi tanmatau ca |  
 ०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०—  
 bahuvidhamanukāmpayā sa sādhuḥ priyasutavadviniyojayāṁcakāra || 1.86 (1.81)

०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०— Puṣpitāgrā  
 narapatirapi putrajanmatusṭo viśayamatāni vimucya baṁdhanāni |  
 ०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०—  
 kulasadṛśsamacīkaradyathāvatpriyatanayam tanayasya jātakarma || 1.87 (1.82)

०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०— Puṣpitāgrā  
 daśasu pariṇateśvahaḥsu caivam prayatamanāḥ parayā mudā parītaḥ |  
 ०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०—  
 akuruta japahomamaṅgalādyāḥ paramatamāḥ sa sutasya devatejyāḥ || 1.88 (1.83)

०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०— Puṣpitāgrā  
 api ca śatasahasrapūrṇasamkhyāḥ sthirabalavattanayāḥ sahemaśṛṅgīḥ |  
 ०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०—  
 anupagatajarāḥ payasvinīrgāḥ svayamadātsutavṛddhaye dvijebhyāḥ || 1.89 (1.84)

०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०— Puṣpitāgrā  
 bahuvidhaviśyāstato yatātmā svahṛdayatoṣakarīḥ kriyā vidhāya |  
 ०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०—  
 guṇavati divase śive muhūrte matimakaronmuditaḥ purapraveṣe || 1.90 (1.85)

०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०— Puṣpitāgrā  
 dviradaradamayīmatho mahārhām sitasitapuṣpabhr̥tām maṇipradīpām |  
 ०००००|—०—||००००—००|—०—  
 abhajata śivikām śivāya devī tanayavatī prañipatya devatābhyaḥ || 1.91 (1.86)

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>1</sup>  
 puramatha purataḥ praveśya patnīṁ sthavirajanānugatāmapatyānāthām |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 nr̥patirapi jagāma paurasamghairdivamamarairmaghavāṇivārcyamānah || 1.92 (1.87)

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>1</sup>  
 bhavanamatha vigāhya śākyarājō bhava iva ṣaṇmukhajanmanā pratītaḥ |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 idamidamiti harṣapūrṇavaktro bahuvidhapuṣṭiyaśaskaram vyadhatta || 1.93 (1.88)

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>1</sup>  
 iti narapatiputrajanmavṛddhyā sajanapadam kapilāhvayām puram tat |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 dhanadapuramivāpsaro 'vakīrṇam muditamabhūnnalakūvaraprasūtau || 1.94 (1.89)

*iti śribuddhacarite mahākāvye bhagavatprasūtirnāma prathamaḥ sargaḥ || 1 ||*

## Book II [Antaḥpuravīhāro]

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 ā janmano janmajarāṁtakasya tasyātmajasyātmajitaḥ sa rājā |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 ahanyahanyarthagajāśvamitrairvṛddhiṁ yayau siṁdhari vāṁbuvegaiḥ || 2.1

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 dhanasya ratnasya ca tasya tasya kṛtakṛtasyaiva ca kāṁcanasya |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 tadā hi naikātmanidhīnavāpi manorathasyāpyatibhārabhūtān || 2.2

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 ye padmakalpairapi ca dvipeṁdrairna maṁdalam śakyamihābhinetum |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 madotkaṭā haimavatā gajāste vināpi yatnādupatasthurenam || 2.3

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 nānāṁkacihnairnavahemabhāṁḍairabhūṣitairlaṁbasāṭaistathānyaiḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 saṁcukṣubhe cāsyā puram turaṁgairbalena maitryā ca dhanena cāptaiḥ || 2.4

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 puṣṭāśca tuṣṭāśca tadāsyā rājye sādhvyo 'rajaskā guṇavatpayaskāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 udagravatsaiḥ sahitā babhūvurbahvyo bahukṣīraduhaśca gāvah || 2.5

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 madhyasthatāṁ tasya ripur jagāma madhyasvabhāvah prayayau suhṛttvam |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 višeṣato dārḍhyamiyāya mitram dvāvasya pakṣāvaparastu nāśam || 2.6

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁsī)  
 tathāsyā maṁdānilameghaśabdaḥ saudāminīkumḍalamamāṁditāṁgaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 vināśmavarṣāśanipātadoṣaiḥ kāle ca deśe pravavarṣa devaḥ || 2.7

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 ruroha samyak phalavadyathārtu tadākṛtenāpi kṛṣiśrameṇa |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 tā eva caivauṣadhayo rasena sāreṇa caivābh�adhikā babhūvuh || 2.8

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 śarīrasamdehakare 'pi kālē samgrāmasamṁmarda iva pravṛtte |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 svasthāḥ sukham caiva nirāmayam ca prajajñire garbhadharāśca nāryah || 2.9

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 yacca pratibhvo vibhave 'pi śakte na prārthayamānti sma narāḥ parebhyah |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 abhyarthitaḥ sūkṣmadhano 'pi cāyam tadā na kaścidvimukho babhūva || 2.10

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 nāše vadho bānidhuṣu nāpyadātā naivāvrato nānṛtiko na hiṁsrah |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 āśittadā kaścana tasya rājye rājño yayāteriva nāhuṣasya || 2.11

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 udyānadevāyatāśramāṇām kūpaprapāpuṣkariṇīvanānām |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 cakruḥ kriyāstatra ca dharmakāmāḥ pratyakṣataḥ svargamivopalabhy || 2.12

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 muktaśca durbhikṣabhayāmayebhyo hrṣṭo janaḥ svargamivābhireme |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 patnīṁ pativrā mahiṣī patīm vā parasparam na vyabhiceratuśca || 2.13

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kaścitsiṣeve rataye na kāmām kāmārthamarthaṁ na jugopa kaścit |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kaściddhānārthaṁ na cacāra dharmām dharmāya kaścinna cakāra hiṁsām || 2.14

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 steyādibhiścāpyabhitaśca naṣṭām svasthām svacakraṁ paracakramuktam |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kṣemām subhikṣām ca babhūva tasya purāṇyaraṇyāni yathaiva rāṣṭre || 2.15

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 tadā hi tajjanmani tasya rājño manorivādityasutasya rājye |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 cacāra harṣaḥ praṇanāśa pāpmā jajvāla dharmāḥ kaluṣaḥ śāśāma || 2.16

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 evaṁvidhā rājasutasya tasya sarvārthasiddhiśca yato babhūva |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 tato nr̥pastasya sutasya nāma sarvārthasiddho 'yamiti pracakre || 2.17

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 devī tu māyā vibudharśikalpam dṛṣṭvā viśālam tanayaprabhāvam |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 jātam praharṣam na śāśāka soḍhum tato 'vināśāya divam jagāma || 2.18

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tataḥ kumāram suragarbhakalpam snehena bhāvena ca nirviśeṣam |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 mātṛṣvasā mātṛsamaprabhāvā samvardhayāmātmajavadbabhūva || 2.19

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 tataḥ sa bālārka ivodayasthaḥ samīrito vahnirivānilena |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 krameṇa samyagvavṛdhe kumārastārādhipaḥ pakṣa ivātamaske || 2.20

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁsī)  
 tato mahārhāṇi ca candanāni ratnāvalīścauṣadhibhiḥ sagarbhāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 mṛgaprayuktānrathakāṁśca haimānācakrire 'smai suhṛdālayebhyah || 2.21

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 vayo 'nurūpāṇi ca bhūṣaṇāni hiraṇmayā hastimṛgāśvakāśca |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 rathāśca gāvo vasanaprayuktā gaṁtrīśca cāmīkararūpyacitrāḥ || 2.22

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 evam sa taistairviṣayopacāraivrayo 'nurūpairupacaryamāṇah |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 bālo 'pyabālapratimo babhūva dhṛtyā ca śaucena dhiyā śriyā ca || 2.23

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 vayaśca kaumāramatītya madhyam samprāpya bālah sa hi rājasūnuḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 alpairahobhirbahuvarṣagamyā jagrāha vidyāḥ svakulānurūpāḥ || 2.24

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 naiḥśreyasam tasya tu bhavyamarthaṁ śrutvā purastādaśitānmahārṣeh |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kāmeṣu saṁgam janayāmbabhūva vṛddhirbhavacchākyakulasya rājñāḥ || 2.25

उपजाति (हांसी)<sup>1</sup>  
 कुलात्ततो 'स्मै स्थिराशीलायुक्तात्साध्विम् वपुरह्रीविनायोपापन्नाम् ।  
 याशोधराम् नामा याशोविशालाम् तुल्याभिधहानाम् श्रियमाजुहावा ॥ 2.26

उपजाति (माला)  
 अथापराम् भुमिपतेः प्रियो 'याम् सानकुमाराप्रतिमः कुमाराहः ।  
 सार्द्धाम् तयाः शक्यानारेम्द्रावद्ध्वा शाच्याः साहस्राक्षा इवाभिरेमे ॥ 2.27

उपजाति (वाणी)  
 किंचिन्मनाहक्षोभकाराम् प्रतीपाम् कथामिंचा पाश्येदिति सो 'नुचिम्त्या ।  
 वासाम् नेष्ठो ह्यादिसति स्मा तस्मै हर्म्योदारेष्वेवा ना भुप्राचारम् ॥ 2.28

उपजाति (कीर्ति)  
 तताह शारत्तोयादपामङ्गरेषु भुमाव विमानेश्विवा राम्जितेषु ।  
 हर्म्येषु सर्वतुसुखाश्रयेषु स्त्रीनामुदाराइर्विजहारा तुर्याहि ॥ 2.29

उपजाति (हांसी)  
 कलाइर्हि चामीकराबद्धकाशैर्नारीकराग्राभिहतार्मदांगाहि ।  
 वारपासोरंत्यासमाइसा नेत्याहि कैलासवाट्टाद्भवानाम् राराजा ॥ 2.30

उपजाति (वाणी)  
 वाग्भीहि कलाभीरलालिस्ता हाराइर्मदाहि सखेलाइर्मधुराइस्ता हासाहि ।  
 ताम् तत्रा नार्यो रामयाम्बबहुवर्बह्रुवाम्चितारार्दहानीक्षिताइस्ता ॥ 2.31

उपजाति (रुद्धि)  
 ततास्ता कामाश्रयापामृदिताभीहि स्त्रीभिर्ग्रहितो रातिकर्काशाभीहि ।  
 विमानप्रश्तान्ना महीम् जगामा विमानप्रश्तादिवा पुण्याकर्मा ॥ 2.32

उपजाति (हांसी)  
 नेष्ठो तस्याइवा विवर्ध्द्धिहेतोस्तद्भाविनारथेना च कौद्यमानाह ।  
 शामे 'भिरेमे विरामा पापाद्ब्धेऽदमाम् साम्विबाहाजा साधुन् ॥ 2.33

<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *kulāttato 'smai sthiraśīlasamyutātsādhvīm*, which would give a Varṇastha line in the opening.

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 nādhīravat kāmasukhe sasamje na saṁraramje viṣamam jananyām |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 dhṛtyemdriyāsvāṁścapalān vijigye bāmdhūṁśca paurāṁśca guṇairjigāya || 2.34

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 nādhyaiṣa duḥkhāya parasya vidyām jñānam śivam yattu tadaḍhyagīṣṭa |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 svābhyaḥ prajābhyo hi yathā tathaiva sarvaprajābhyaḥ śivamāśāśāmse || 2.35

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 taṁ bhāsuraṁ cāṁgirasādhidevam yathāvadānarca tadāyuṣe saḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 juhāva havyānyakṛṣe kṛṣānau dadau dvijebhyaḥ kṛṣanam ca gāśca || 2.36

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 sasnau śārīram pavitum manaśca tīrthāmbubhiścāiva guṇāmbubhiśca |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 vedopadiṣṭam samamātmajam ca somam papau śāṁtisukham ca hārdam || 2.37

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 sāṁtvam babhāṣe na ca nārthavadyajjalpa tattvam na ca vipriyam yat |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 sāṁtvam hyatatvam paruṣam ca tattvam hriyāśakannātmana eva vaktum || 2.38

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 iṣṭevaniṣṭeu ca kāryavatsu na rāgadoṣāśrayatām prapede |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 śivam siṣeve 'vyavahāralabdhām yajñam hi mene na tathā yathāvat || 2.39

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 āśāvate cābhigatāya sadyo deyāmbubhistarśamaceccchidiṣṭa |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 yuddhādṛte vṛttaparaśvadhena dvidarpamudvṛttamabebhidiṣṭa || 2.40

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ekaṁ vininye sa jugopa sapta saptaiva tatyāja rarakaśa paṁca |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 prāpa trivargam bubudhe trivargam jajñe dvivargam prajahau dvivargam || 2.41

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁsi)  
 kṛtāgaso 'pi pratipādyā vadhyānnājīghanannāpi ruṣā dadarśa |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 babamīdha sāṁtvena phalena caitāṁstyāgo 'pi teṣām hyanapāyadṛṣṭah || 2.42

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 ārṣāṇyacārītparamavratānī vairāṇyahāśīccirasaṁbhṛtānī |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 yaśāṁsi cāpadguṇagamdhavam̄ti rajāṁsyahāśīnmalinīkarāṇi || 2.43

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 na cājihīrṣīdbalimapravṛttam̄ na cācikīrṣītparavastvabhidhyām |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 na cāvivakṣīddviśatāmadharmaṁ na cādīdhakṣīddhṛdayena manyum || 2.44

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 tasmiṁstathā bhūmipatau pravṛtte bhṛtyāśca paurāśca tathaiva ceruh |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 śamātmake cetasi viprasanne prayuktayogasya yathemīndriyāṇi || 2.45

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 kāle tataścārupayodharāyāṁ yaśodharāyāṁ suyaśodharāyāṁ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 śauḍḍhodanerāhusapatnavaktro jajñe suto rāhula eva nāmnā || 2.46

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 atheṣṭaputraḥ paramapratītaḥ kulasya vṛddhiṁ prati bhūmipālaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 yathaiva putraprasave nanaṁda tathaiva pautraprasave nanam̄da || 2.47

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 pauṭrasya me putragato mamaiva snehaḥ kathaṁ syāditi jātaharṣaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kāle sa tam̄ tam̄ vidhimālalaṁbe putrapriyaḥ svargamivārurukṣan || 2.48

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 sthitvā pathi prāthamakalpikānāṁ rājarṣabhbhāṇāṁ yaśasānvitānām |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 śuklānyamuktvāpi tapāṁsyatapta yajñe ca hiṁsārahitairayaṣṭa || 2.49

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 ajājvaliṣṭātha sa puṇyakarmā nṛpaśriyā caiva tapaḥśriyā ca |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kulena vṛttena dhiyā ca dīptastejaḥ sahasrāṁśurivotsisṛkṣuḥ || 2.50

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 svāyamībhuvāṁ cārcikamarçayitvā jajāpa putrasthitaye sthitaśrīḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 cakāra karmāṇi ca duṣkarāṇi prajāḥ sisṛkṣuḥ ka ivādikāle || 2.51

--०-०००-०००-॥०००-०००-०००- Upajāti (Buddhi)  
tatjyāja śastraṁ vimamarṣa śāstraṁ śamāṁ siṣeve niyamaṁ viṣehe |  
--०-०००-०००-॥०००-०००-०००-  
vaśīva kamcidviṣayaṁ na bheje piteva sarvānviṣayān dadarśa || 2.52

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajāti (Kīrtī)  
babhāra rājyam sa hi putrahetoḥ putram kulārtham yaśase kulam tu |  
—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
svargāya śabdām divamātmahetordharmārthamātmasthitimācakāmkṣa || 2.53

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 evam sa dharmam vividham cakāra sadbhīrnipātam śrutiśca siddham |  
 —०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
 drṣṭvā katham putramukham suto me vanam na yāyāditi nāthamānah || 2

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 rirakṣiṣāṁtaḥ śriyamātmasaṁsthā rakṣāṁti putrān bhuvi bhūmipālāḥ |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 putram nareṁdraḥ sa tu dharmakāmo rarakṣa dharmādvīṣayevamūṁcat || 2.55

ॐ तत् त्वं पुराणं, ॐ तत् त्वं मालिनी  
 vanamanupamasattvā bodhisattvāstu sarve  
 ॐ तत् त्वं पुराणं, ॐ तत् त्वं  
 viṣayasukharasajñā jagmūrūpannāputrāḥ ।  
 ॐ तत् त्वं पुराणं, ॐ तत् त्वं  
 ata upacitakarmā rūḍhamūle 'pi hetau  
 ॐ तत् त्वं पुराणं, ॐ तत् त्वं  
 sa ratimupasiseve bodhimāpannayāvat ॥ 2.56

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye 'ntahpuravihāro nāma dvitīyah sargah || 2 ||*

### Book III [Samvegotpattiḥ]

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tataḥ kadācinmrduśādvalāni pumskokilonnāditapādapāni |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 śuśrāva padmākaramamṛditāni sīte nibaddhāni sa kānanāni || 3.1

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 śrutvā tataḥ strījanavallabhānāṁ manojñabhbāvāṁ purakānanānām |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 bahiḥprayāṇāya cakāra buddhimāṁtarghe nāga ivāvaruddhaḥ || 3.2

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tato nṛpastasya niśamya bhāvāṁ putrābhidhānasya manorathasya |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 snehasya lakṣmyā vayasaśca yogyām-ājñāpayāmāsa vihārayātrām || 3.3

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 nivartayāmāsa ca rājamārge saṁpātamārtasya pṛthagjanasya |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 mā bhūtkumāraḥ sukumāracittaḥ saṁvignacetā iva manyamānaḥ || 3.4

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 pratyāmgaḥinān vikalemdriyāmśca jīrṇāturaḍān kṛpaṇāmśca bhikṣūn |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tataḥ samutsārya pareṇa sāmnā śobhām parā rājapathasya cakruḥ || 3.5

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 tataḥ kṛte śrīmati rājamārge śrīmān vinītānucaraḥ kumāraḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 prāśādapṛṣṭhādavatīrya kāle kṛtābhyanujño nṛpamabhyagacchat || 3.6

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 atho naremdraḥ sutamāgatāśruḥ śirasypāghrāya cirām nirīkṣya |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 gaccheti cājñāpayati sma vācā snehānna cainām manasā mumoca || 3.7

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 tataḥ sa jāmbūnadabhāmṛdabhbṛdbhīryuktām caturbhīrnibhṛtaisturamṛgaiḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 aklīvavidhyucchuciraśmidhārām hiraṇmayām syāmdanamāruroha || 3.8

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 tataḥ prakīrṇo jvalapuṣpajālam viṣaktamālyam pracalatpatākam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 mārgam̄ prapede sadṛśānuyātraścamdraḥ sanakṣatra ivāntarīkṣam || 3.9

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 kautūhalāt sphītataraiśca netrairnīlotpalābhairiva kīryamāṇah |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 śanaiḥ śanai rājapatham jagāhe pauraiḥ samāṁtādabhivīkṣyamāṇah || 3.10

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 taṁ tuṣṭuvuh saumyagunena kecidvavāṁdire dīptatayā tathānye |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 saumukhyatstu śriyamasya kecidvaipulyamāśamīśurāyuṣaśca || 3.11

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 niḥṣṛtya kubjāśca mahākulebhyo vyūhāśca kairātakavāmanānām |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 nāryah kṛṣebhyaśca niveśanebhyo devānuyānadhvajavat praṇemuḥ || 3.12

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 tataḥ kumāraḥ khalu gacchatīti śrutvā striyah preṣyajanātpṛavṛttim |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 didṛkṣayā harmyatalāni jagmurjanena mānyena kṛtābhyanujñāḥ || 3.13

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tāḥ srastakāṁcīguṇavighnitāśca suptaprabuddhākulalocanāśca |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 vṛttāṁtavinyastavibhūṣaṇāśca kautūhalenāpi bhṛtāḥ parīyuḥ || 3.14

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 prāsādasopānatalapraṇādaiḥ kāṁcīravairnūpuranisvanaiśca |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 vibhrāmayam̄tyo gṛhapakṣisaṁghānanyonyavegāṁśca samākṣipam̄tyah || 3.15

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 kāsāṁcidāsām tu varāṁganānām jātatvarāṇāmapi sotsukānām |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 gatīm gurutvāj jagṛhurviśālāḥ śronīrathāḥ pīnapayodharāśca || 3.16

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 sīghram̄ samarthāpi tu gaṁtumanyā gatīm nijagrāha yayau na tūrṇam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 hriyā pragalbhāni nigūhamānā rahaḥ prayuktāni vibhūṣaṇāni || 3.17

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 parasparotpīdanapim̄ditānām saṁmardasamśobhitakumḍalānām |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tāsānām tadā sasvanabhūṣaṇānām vātāyaneśvapraśamo babhūva || 3.18

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 vātāyanebhyastu viniḥṣṭāni parasparopasitakumḍalāni |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 strīṇām virejurmukhapamkajāni saktāni harmyeśviva paṁkajāni || 3.19

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 tato vimānairyuvatīkalāpaiḥ kautūhalodghātitavātayānaiḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 śrīmatsamāntānnagaram babhāse viyadvimānairiva sāpsarobhiḥ || 3.20

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 vātāyanānāmaviśālabhāvādanyonyagamīḍarpitakumḍalāni |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 mukhāni rejuḥ pramadottamānām baddhāḥ kalāpa iva paṁkajānām || 3.21

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 tasmin kumāram pathi vīkṣamāṇāḥ striyo babhurgāmiva gaṁtukāmāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 ūrdhvomukhāścainamudīkṣamāṇā narā babhurdyāmiva gaṁtukāmāḥ || 3.22

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 dṛṣṭvā ca tam rājasutaṁ striyastā jājvalyamānaṁ vapuṣā śriyā ca |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 dhanyāsyā bhāryeti śanairavocañśuddhairmanobhiḥ khalu nānyabhāvāt || 3.23

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 ayam kila vyāyatapīnabāhū rūpeṇa sākṣādiva puṣpaketuḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tyaktvā śriyām dharmamupeyatīti tasmin hitā gauravameva cakruḥ || 3.24

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kīrṇam tathā rājapathaṁ kumāraḥ paurairvinītaiḥ śucidhīraveṣaiḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tatpūrvamālokyā jaharṣa kiṁcinmene punarbhāvamivātmanaśca || 3.25

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 puram tu tatsvargamiva prahṛṣṭam śuddhādhivāsāḥ samavekṣya devāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 jīrṇam naram nirmamire prayātum saṁcodanārthaṁ kṣitipātmajasya || 3.26

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Haṁśī)  
 tataḥ kumāro jarayābhībhūtam dṛṣṭvā narebhyaḥ pṛthagākṛtim tam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 uvāca samgrāhakamāgatāsthastatraiva niṣkampanivिष्टadrṣṭih || 3.27

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 ka eṣa bhoḥ sūta naro 'bhyupetaḥ keśaiḥ sitairyaṣṭivisaktahastaḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 bhrūsaṁvṛtakṣaḥ śīthilānatāmgah kim vikriyaiṣā prakṛtiryadṛcchā || 3.28

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 ityevamuktaḥ sa rathapraṇetā nivedayāmāsa nr̄pātmajāya |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 saṁrakṣyamapyar�amadoṣadarśī taireva devaiḥ kṛtabuddhimohaḥ || 3.29

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 rūpasya hartrī vyasanām balasya śokasya yonirnidhanām ratnām |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 nāśaḥ smṛtīnām ripuriṁdriyāṇāmeṣā jarā nāma yayaiṣa bhagnah || 3.30

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 pītaṁ hyanenāpi payaḥ śiśutve kālena bhūyah parimṛṣṭamurvyām |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 krameṇa bhūtvā ca yuvā vapusmān krameṇa tenaiva jarāmupetaḥ || 3.31

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 ityevamukte calitaḥ sa kiṁcidrājātmajah sūtamidaṁ babhāṣe |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 kimeṣa doṣo bhavitā mamāpītyasmai tataḥ sārathirabhyuvāca || 3.32

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 āyuṣmato 'pyeṣa vayaḥprakarṣānniḥsamśayaṁ kālavaśena bhāvī |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 evaṁ jarāṁ rūpavināśayitrīṁ jānāti caivecchati caiṣa lokah || 3.33

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 tataḥ sa pūrvāśayaśuddhabuddhirvistīrṇakalpācitapuṇyakarmā |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 śrutvā jarāṁ saṁvivije mahātmā mahāśanerghoṣamivāṁtike gauḥ || 3.34

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 niḥśvasya dīrgham sa śiraḥ prakāmya tasmiṁśca jīrṇe viniveṣya cakṣuh |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tāṁ caiva dṛṣṭvā janatāṁ saharṣām vākyam sa saṁvignamidaṁ jagāda || 3.35

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 evam gate sūta nivartayāsvān śīghram gṛhānyeva bhavānprayātu |  
 —०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
 udyānabhūmau hi kuto ratirme jarābhave cetasi vartamāne || 3.37

——|-——||—|— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 athāparam vyādhiparītadeham ta eva devāḥ sasṛjurmanuṣyam |  
 ——|-——||—|— drstvā ca tam sārathimābabhāṣe śauddhodanistadgatadrstireva || 3.40

—०—|—००—|—०—||—०—|—००—|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 sthūlodarah śvāsacalaccharīrah srastāṁsabāhuḥ kṛśapāṇḍugātrah |  
 —०—|—००—|—०—||—०—|—००—|—०—  
 am̄b̄eti vācam̄ karunam̄ bruvānah param̄ samāślisya narah ka esah || 3.41

——|-—||—|— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tato 'bravītsārathirasya saumya dhātuprakopaprabhavaḥ pravṛddhaḥ |  
 ——|-—||—|—  
 rogābhidhānah sumahānanarthah śakro 'pi yenaisa krto 'svatāntrah || 3.42

—०—|—००—|—०—॥—०—|—००—|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ityūcivān rājasutah sa bhūyastam sānukāmpo naramīkṣamāṇah |  
 —०—|—००—|—०—॥—०—|—००—|—०—  
 asvaiya jātah prthagesa dosah sāmānyato rogabhayaṁ prajānām || 3.43

——|-—|——||—|——|-—|—— Upajāti (Premā)  
 tato babhāṣe sa rathapraṇetā kumāra sādhāraṇa eṣa doṣah |  
 ——|-—|——||—|——|-—|——  
 evam hi rogaih paripīdyamāno rujāturo harsamupaiti lokah || 3.44

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁśī)  
 iti śrutārthaḥ sa viṣaṇṇacetāḥ prāvepatāmbūrmigataḥ śaśīva |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 idam ca vākyam karuṇāyamānah provāca kiṁcinmṛdunā svareṇa || 3.45

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 idam ca rogavyasanam prajānām paśyamśca viśrambhāmupaiti lokaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 vistīrṇavijñānamaho narāṇām hasamti ye rogabhaya iramuktāḥ || 3.46

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 nivartyatām sūta vahihprayāṇānnareṁdrasadmaiva rathaḥ prayātu |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 śrutvā ca me rogabhayaṁ ratibhyāḥ pratyāhatam samkucatīva cetaḥ || 3.47

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tato nivṛttah sa nivṛttaharṣah pradhyānayuktaḥ praviveśa sadma |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tam dvistathā prekṣya ca saṁnivṛttam puryāgamām bhūmipatiścakāra || 3.48

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 śrutvā nimittam tu nivartanasya saṁtyaktamātmānamanena mene |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 mārgasya ūaucādhikṛtāya caiva cukrośa ruṣṭo 'pi ca nogradamṛdaḥ || 3.49

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 bhūyaśca tasmai vidadhe sutāya višeṣayuktam viṣayaprakāram |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 caleṁdriyatvādapi nāpi śakto nāsmānvijahyāditi nāthamānah || 3.50

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 yadā ca śabdādibhirimdriyārthaṁtaḥpure naiva suto 'sya reme |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tato vahirvyādiśati sma yātrām rasāntaraṁ syāditi manyamānah || 3.51

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 snehācca bhāvam tanayasya buddhvā saṁvegadoshānavicimtya kāṁścit |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 yogyāḥ samājñāpayati sma tatra kalāsvabhijña iti vāramukhyāḥ || 3.52

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 tato višeṣea nareṁdramārge svalamkṛte caiva parīkṣite ca |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 vyat�āsyā sūtam ca rathaṁ ca rājā prasthāpayāmāsa bahiḥ kumāram || 3.53

उपजाति (Kīrti)  
 ततास्थागच्छति राजपुत्रे तारेवा देवार्विहो गतासुह ।  
 ताम् चावा मार्गे मृतमुह्यमानाम् सूताह कुमाराश्च दादर्शा नान्याह ॥ 3.54

उपजाति (Mālā)  
 अथाब्रवीद्राजसुह सा सूताम् नराईत्तर्भविर्हियते का एशह ।  
 दीनार्माणुष्याइरनुगम्यमानो यो भूषितो श्वास्यावरुद्यते च ॥ 3.55

उपजाति (Haṁsī)  
 तताह सा शुद्धात्मभिरेवा देवाह शुद्धाद्विवारभिर्भूतातेह ।  
 अवाच्यामप्यरथमिमाम् नियम्ता प्रव्याजहारारथविदीश्वराया ॥ 3.56

उपजाति (Bālā)  
 बुद्धीमंदिर्याप्राणगुणार्थियुक्ताह सुप्तो विसम्झनात्रकाश्ठभूताह ।  
 सम्बद्ध्या सम्रक्ष्या च यत्नावदभीह प्रियाप्रियाविषयता एशा को 'पि ॥ 3.57

उपजाति (Kīrti)  
 इति प्राणेतुह सा निशम्या वाक्याम् साम्नुक्षुभे किंचिदुवाचा चानम ।  
 किं वेवलास्यावा जनास्या धर्माह सर्वप्रजानामयमान्दर्ज्ञो 'म्ताह ॥ 3.58

उपजाति (Kīrti)  
 तताह प्राणेता वदति स्मा तस्मै सर्वप्रजानामयमान्तकर्मा ।  
 हीनास्या मध्यास्या महात्मानो वा सर्वास्या लोके नियतो विनाशह ॥ 3.59

उपजाति (Kīrti)  
 तताह सा धीरो 'पि नरेम्द्रसुनुह श्रुत्वावा मृत्युम् विशादा सद्याह ।  
 अम्बेना साम्शिष्या च कुबाराग्राम् प्रवाचा निरादवतां स्वरेणा ॥ 3.60

उपजाति (Chāyā)  
 इयाम् चा निष्ठान् नियताम् प्रजानाम् प्रमाद्यति त्यक्तभयाश्च लोकाह ।  
 मनाम्बेना शाम्के कात्तिनानि नृणाम् स्वास्थास्थानाह वर्तमानाह ॥ 3.61

उपजाति (Bhadrā)  
 तस्माद्रथाम् सूता निवर्त्यताम् नो विहारभूमान् हि देशकालाह ।  
 जानान्विनाशम् कथमार्त्तिकाले सतेनाह स्यादिहा हि प्रमत्ताह ॥ 3.62

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒॥॒—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒— Vamśastha  
 iti bruvāṇe ’pi narādhipātmaje nivartayāmāsa sa naiva tam ratham |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒॥॒—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒—  
 viśeṣayuktam tu nareṁdraśāsanātsa padmakhamḍam vanameva niryayau || 3.63

—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒—॥॒—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒— Rucirā  
 tataḥ śivam kusumitabālapādaṁ paribhramatpramuditamattakokilam |  
 —॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒—॥॒—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒—  
 vipānavatsakamalacārudīrghikam dadarśa tadvanamiva naṁdanam vanam || 3.64

—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒—॥॒—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒— Rucirā  
 varāṅganāgaṇakalilaṁ nr̥pātmajastato balādvanamabhinīyate sma tat |  
 —॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒—॥॒—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒—  
 varāpsarovṛtamalakādhipālayam<sup>1</sup> navavrato muniriva vighnakātarah || 3.65

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye saṁvegautpattiṁ nāma tṛtīyah sargah || 3 ||*

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<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *varāpsaronṛtyam alakādhipālayam*, which would mean taking *-ty-* in *-nr̥tyam-* as not making position, to correct the metre.

## Book IV [Strīvighātano]

———|————||—○○|———— pathyā Śloka<sup>1</sup>  
 tatastasmāt purodyānāt kautūhalacalekṣaṇāḥ |  
 ———|————||—○○|———— navipulā<sup>2</sup>  
 pratyujjagmurnṛpasutam̄ prāptam̄ varamiva striyah || 4.1

abhigamya ca tāstasmai vismayotphullalocanāḥ ||  
 cakrire samudācāram padmakośanibhāih karaīh || 4.2

tasthuśca parivāryainam manmathākṣiptacetasaḥ |  
niścalaiḥ prūtivikacaiḥ pibamtya iya locanaiḥ || 4.3

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
 tam hi tā menire nāryah kāmo vigrāhavānīti |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
 śobhitām laksanairdīptaiḥ sahajairbhūsanairivā || 44

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
 saumyatvāccaiva dhairyācca kāścidenam̄ prajajñire |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
 avatīrno mahīm̄ sākṣād sudhām̄eūcām̄dramā iya | 4.5

-०-०|०-०-||-०-०-|०-०-  
 tasya tā vapuśākṣiptā nirgrahītum jaṛṁbhire |  
 -०-०-|०-०-||०-००|०-०-  
 anyonyam drstibhirgatyā śāneśca viniśāyasub || 4.6

- - - | - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 evam tā dṛṣṭimātreṇa nāryo dadṛśureva tam |  
 - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - - navipulā  
 na vyujaḥbrurna jahesuh prabhāyanāsu varāmītrīb || 4.7

<sup>1</sup> The pathyā form of the metre should be presumed in the Śloka verses unless otherwise indicated.

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 tāstathā tu nirārambhā dṛṣṭvā praṇayaviklavāḥ |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -<sup>1</sup>  
 purohitasuto dhīmānudāyī vākyamabrvit̄ || 4.8

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 sarvāḥ sarvakalājñāḥ stha bhāvagrahaṇapamditāḥ |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 rūpacāturyasaṁpannāḥ svaguṇairmukhyatāṁ gatāḥ || 4.9

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -<sup>2</sup>  
 śobhayeta guṇairebhirapi tānuttarān kurūn |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 kuverasyāpi ca krīḍāṁ prāgeva vasudhāmimām || 4.10

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 śaktāścālayitum yūyāṁ vītarāgānṛṣīnapi |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 apsarobhiśca kalitān grahītum vibudhānapi || 4.11

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 bhāvajñānena hāvena cāturyādrūpasampradā |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 strīñāmeva ca śaktāḥ stha saṁrāge kiṁ punarnṛṇām || 4.12

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 tāsāmevaṁvidhānāṁ vo niyuktānāṁ svagocare |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 iyamevaṁvidhā ceṣṭā na tuṣṭo 'smyārjavena vaḥ || 4.13

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 idāṁ navavadhūnāṁ vo hrīnikumcitacakṣuṣām |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 sadṛśāṁ ceṣṭitām hi syādapi vā gopayoṣitām || 4.14

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 yadyapi syādayām vīraḥ śrīprabhāvānmahāniti |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 strīñāmapi mahatteja iti kāryo 'tra niścayaḥ || 4.15

<sup>1</sup> -br- in *abrvit̄* makes position here.

<sup>2</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *śobhayata* which has 2 light syllables in 2nd and 3rd positions, which is normally avoided in the Classical Period.

purā hi kāśisumḍaryā veśavadhvā mahānṛṣih |  
 tādito 'bhūt padanyāsāddurdharṣo daivatairapi || 4.16

māṁthālagautamo bhikṣurjaṁghayā bālamukhyayā |  
 piprīṣuśca tadarthārthaṁ vyasūn niraharat purā || 4.17

gautamaṁ dīrghatapasamī mahāṛṣīm dīrghajīvinam |  
 yoṣit saṁtoṣayāmāsa varṇasthānāvarā satī || 4.18

ḥyaśṝingam munisutam tathaiva strīṣvapamāditam |  
 upāyairvividhaiḥ sāṁtā jagrāha ca jahāra ca || 4.19

viśvāmitro maharṣīśca vigāḍho 'pi mahattapāḥ |  
 daśavarṣāṇyaraṇyastho ghṛtācyāpsarasā hṛtaḥ || 4.20

evamādīnṛṣīṁstāṁstānanayan vikriyām striyah |  
 lalitam pūrvavayasaṁ kiṁ punarnṛpateḥ sutam || 4.21

tadevaṁ sati viśrabdhaiṁ prayatadhvaṁ tathā yathā |  
 iyaṁ nṛpasya vaṁśaśrīrito na syātparāṇmukhī || 4.22

yā hi kāścidiyuvatayo harāmti sadṛśam janam |  
 nikṛṣṭotkṛṣṭayorbhāvam yā gr̄hṇāmti tu tāḥ striyah || 4.23

ityudāyivacah śrutvā tā viddhā iva yoṣitah |  
 samāruruhurātmānam kumāragrahaṇam prati || 4.24

—|—||—||—|—  
tā bhrūbhīḥ prekṣitairbhāvairhasitairlalitairgataih |  
—|—||—||—|—  
cakrurākṣepikāśceṣṭā bhītabhītā ivāṁganāḥ || 4.25

—|—||—||—|—  
rājñastu viniyogena kumārasya ca mārdavāt |  
—|—||—||—|—  
jahruḥ kṣipramaviśrambham madena madanena ca || 4.26

—|—||—||—|— navipulā  
atha nārījanavṛtaḥ kumāro vyacaradvanam |  
—|—||—||—|— navipulā  
vāsitāyūthasahitaḥ karīva himavadvanam || 4.27

—|—||—||—|—  
sa tasmin kānane ramye jajvāla strīpuraḥsaraḥ |  
—|—||—||—|—  
ākrīḍa iva babhrāje vivasvānapsarovṛtaḥ || 4.28

—|—||—||—|—  
madenāvarjitā nāma tam kāscittatra yoṣitaḥ |  
—|—||—||—|—  
kaṭhinaiḥ pasprśuḥ pīnaiḥ saṁghaṭairvalgubhiḥ stanaiḥ || 4.29

—|—||—||—|—  
srastāṁsakomalālāmbamṛduḥulatābalā |  
—|—||—||—|—  
anṭāṁ skhalitāṁ kācitkṛtvaināṁ sasvaje balāt || 4.30

—|—||—||—|—  
kācit tāmrādharoṣṭhena mukhenāsavagaṁdhinā |  
—|—||—||—|—  
viniśāsvāsa karṇe 'syā rahasyām śrūyatāmiti || 4.31

—|—||—||—|—  
kācidājñāpayamṛtīva provācārdrānulepanā |  
—|—||—||—|—  
iha bhaktim kuruṣeti hastāṁ saṁśliṣya lipsayā || 4.32

—|—||—||—|—  
muhurmuhurmadavyājasrastanīlāṁśukāparā |  
—|—||—||—|—  
ālakṣyarasanā reje sphuradvidyudiva kṣapā || 4.33

—००|०---||००—०|०—  
kāścitkanakakāmcībhirmukharābhiritastataḥ |  
—०---|०---||---०|०—  
babhramurdarśayaṁtyo 'sya śronīstanvamśukāvṛtāḥ || 4.34

—०---|००—०||०---०|०— navipulā  
cūtaśākhāṁ kusumitāṁ pragṛhyānyā lalāmbire |  
—०००|०---०||---०|०—  
suvarṇakalaśaprakhyān darśayaṁtyah payodharān || 4.35

—०००|०---०||०---०|०—  
kāśitpadmavanādetya sapadmā padmalocanā |  
—०---|०---०||---०|०—  
padmavaktrasya pārśve 'sya padmaśrīriva tasthuṣī || 4.36

००—०|०---०||---०|०—  
madhuram gītamanvarthāṁ kācitsābhinayaṁ jagau |  
—०---०|०---०||---०|०—  
taṁ svasthaṁ codayaṁtīva vāmcito 'sītyavekṣitaiḥ || 4.37

०—००|०---०||---००|०—  
śubhena vadaneñyā bhrūkārmukavikarṣinā |  
—०००|०---०||---००|०—  
prāvṛtyānucakārāsyā ceṣṭitaṁ vīralīlayā || 4.38

—०---०|०---०||---००|०—  
pīnavalugustanī kācidvātāghūrṇitakuṁḍalā |  
—०००|०---०||---००|०—  
uccairavajahāsainaṁ samāpnotu bhavāniti || 4.39

०---०|०---०||---००|०—  
apayāntaṁ tathaivānyā babaṁdhurmālyadāmabhiḥ |  
—०---०|०---०||---००|०— navipulā  
kāścitsākṣepamadhurairjagṛhurvacaṇāṁkuśaiḥ || 4.40

०---०|०---०||---००|०—  
pratiyogārthinī kācidgr̥hītvā cūtavallarīm |  
—०---०|०---०||---००|०—  
idaṁ puṣpam tu kasyeti papraccha madaviklavā || 4.41

—०००|०---०||---००|०—  
kāśitpuruṣavatkṛtvā gatiṁ saṁsthānameva ca |  
—०---०|०---०||---००|०—  
uvācainam jitāḥ strībhirjaya bhoḥ pṛthivīmimām || 4.42

———|————||————|————  
 athaoleksaṇā kācijjighramtī nīlamutpalam |  
 ———|————||————|————  
 kiṁcinmadakalairvākyairnṛpātmajamabhāṣata || 4.43

paśya bhartaścitam cūtam kusumairmadhugāṁdhibhiḥ ||  
 hemapāṁjararuddho vā kokilo yatra kūjati || 4.44

aśoko dr̥syatāmeṣa kāmiśokavardhanaḥ |  
 ruvam̄ti bhramarā yatra dāhyamānā ivāgninā || 4.45

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
 cūtayaṣṭyā samāśliṣṭo dṛṣyatāṁ tilakadrumahī |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - navipulā  
 śuklavāsā iva narah striyā pītāṁgarāgayā || 4.46

phullam̄ kuruvakam̄ paśya nirmuktālaktakaprabham |  
 yo nakhaprabhayā strīnām̄ nirbhartsita ivānataḥ || 4.47

- - - | u u u - || - - - | u u - navipulā  
 bālāśokaśca nicito dr̥syatāmeṣa pallavaiḥ |  
 - - - | u - - - || - - - | u - - -  
 yo 'smākam hastaśobhābhirlajjāmāna iva sthitah || 4.48

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
 dīrghikāṁ prāvṛtāṁ paśya tīrajaiḥ simduvārakaiḥ |  
 -०---|०---||०---|०---  
 pāmduरāṁśukasamvītāṁ śayānāṁ pramadāmiya || 4.49

-०-|०-||०-|०-  
 dr̥syatāṁ strīṣu māhātmyam cakravāko hyasau jale |  
 -०-|०-||०-|०-  
 prsthataḥ presvayadbhāryāmanuvṛtyānugacchati || 4.50

——|——||————|————  
 mattasya parapuṣṭasya ruvataḥ śrūyatāṁ dhvaniḥ |  
 ——|——||————|————  
 aparah kokilo ’nutkah pratiśrutveva kūjati || 4.51

—○—○|○---||○---|○—  
api nāma vihamgānām vasamtenāhito madaḥ |  
—○—○|○---||○---|○—  
na tu ciṁtayataścittam janasya prājñamāninaḥ || 4.52

—---|○○—||—○—|○— navipulā  
ityevam tā yuvatayo manmathoddāmacetasah |  
—---|○---||○○—|○—  
kumāram vividhaistaistairupacakramire nayaḥ || 4.53

—---|○---||○○—|○—  
evamākṣipyamāṇo ’pi sa tu dhairyāvṛteindriyah |  
—---|○---||○○—|○—  
martavyamiti sodvego na jaharṣa na sismiye || 4.54

—---|○---||—○—|○—  
tāsām tattvena vasthānam dṛṣṭvā sa puruṣottamah |  
—---|○---||—○—|○—  
sasamvignena dhīreṇa ciṁtayāmāsa cetasā || 4.55

—---|○---||○○—|○—  
kim vinā nāvagacchaṁti capalam yauvanaṁ striyah |  
—---|○---||○○—|○—  
yato rūpeṇa saṁpannam jareyam nāśayiṣyati || 4.56

—---|○---||—○—|○—  
nūnametā na paśyamti kasyacid rogasaṁplavam |  
—---|○---||○○—|○—  
tathā hṛṣṭā bhayaṁ tyaktvā jagati vyādhidharmiṇi || 4.57

—---|○---||—○—|○—  
anabhijñāscā suvyaktaṁ mr̥tyoh sarvāpahāriṇah |  
—---|○---||—○—|○—  
tathā svasthā nirudvegāḥ krīḍamti ca hasamti ca || 4.58

—---|○---||—○—|○—<sup>1</sup>  
jarām vyādhim ca mr̥tyum ca ko hi jānan sacetanaḥ |  
—---|○---||—○—|○—  
svasthastiṣṭhan niṣīdedvā supedvā kim punarhaset || 4.59

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<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *jarām mr̥tyum ca vyādhim*. For the metre to be correct here we would have to understand *vy-* in *vyādhim* as failing to make position. Either way we have *pathyā*.

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 yastu dṛṣṭvā param jīrṇam vyādhitam mṛtameva ca |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 svastho bhavati nodvigno yathācetāstathaiva saḥ || 4.60

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - - bhavipulā  
 viyujyamāne 'pi tarau puśpairapi phalairapi |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 patati cchidyamāne vā taruranyo na śocate || 4.61

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 iti dhyānaparam dṛṣṭvā viṣayebhyo gataspr̥ham |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 udāyī nītiśāstrajñastamuvāca suhṛttayā || 4.62

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 aham nṛpatinā dattaḥ sakhā tubhyam kṣamaḥ kila |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 yasmāttvayi vivakṣā me tayā praṇayavattayā || 4.63

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 ahitāt pratiṣedhaśca hite cānupravartanam |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 vyasane cāparityāgastrividhaṁ mitralakṣaṇam || 4.64

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 so 'ham maitrīm pratijñāya puruṣārthātparāṇmukham |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 yadi tvām samupekṣeyam na bhavenmitratā mayi || 4.65

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 tadbravīmi suhṛdbhūtvā taruṇasya vapusmataḥ |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 idam na pratirūpaṁ te strīśvadākṣiṇyamīḍśam || 4.66

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 anṛtenāpi nārīṇām yuktam samanuvartanam |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 tadvrīḍāparihārārthamātmaratyarthameva ca || 4.67

- - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 saṁnatiscānuvṛttiśca strīṇām hrdayabamīḍhanam |  
 - - - - | - - - - || - - - - | - - -  
 snehasya hi guṇā yonirmānakāmāśca yoṣitah || 4.68

○-○○|○---||○○-○|○-○-  
 tadarhasi viśälākṣa hṛdaye 'pi parāñmukhe |  
 - - - |○---||---|○-○-  
 rūpasyāsyānurūpeṇa dākṣīnyenānuvartitum || 4.69

- - ○-|○---||---|○-○-  
 dākṣīnyamauśadham strīñāṁ dākṣīnyāṁ bhūṣaṇāṁ param |  
 - - ○○|○---||-○○|○-○-  
 dākṣīnyarahitāṁ rūpāṁ niśpuṣpamiva kānanam || 4.70

- - - |○---||---○|○-○-  
 kim vā dākṣīnyamātreṇa bhāvenāstu parigrahaḥ |  
 ○- - - |○---||-○- - |○-○-  
 viśayān durlabhaṁllabdhvā na hyavajñātumarhasi || 4.71

- - ○○|○---||-○○|○-○-  
 kāmāṁ paramiti jñātvā devo 'pi hi purāmdaraḥ |  
 - - - ○|○---||-○- - |○-○-  
 gautamasya muneḥ patnīmahalyāṁ cakame purā || 4.72

- - - |○---||-○- - |○-○-  
 agastyaḥ prārthayāmāsa somabhāryāṁ ca rohiṇīm |  
 - - - ○|○---||-○- - |○-○-  
 tasmāt tatsadr̄śām lebhe lopāmudrāmiti śrutiḥ || 4.73

- - - ○|○---||○○- - |○-○-  
 autathyasya ca bhāryāyāṁ māmatāyāṁ mahātapaḥ |  
 - - - ○|○---||-○- - |○-○-  
 mārutyāṁ janayāmāsa bharadvājaṁ vr̄haspatiḥ || 4.74

- - - |○---||---|○-○-  
 vr̄haspatermahiṣyāṁ ca juhvatyāṁ juhvatām varah |  
 - - - ○|○---||○○- - |○-○-  
 budhaṁ vibudhadharmāṇām janayāmāsa caṁdrāmāḥ || 4.75

- - - ○|○---||○○- - |○-○-  
 kālīm caiva purā kanyām jalaprabhavasambhavām |  
 - - - ○|○---||-○- - |○-○-  
 jagāma yamunātīre jātarāgaḥ parāśaraḥ || 4.76

—|—||—||—|—  
mātaṁgyāmakṣamālāyāṁ garhitāyāṁ rirāṁsayā |  
—|—||—||—|— bhavipulā  
kapimjalādāṁ tanayaṁ vasiṣṭho 'janayanmuniḥ || 4.77

—|—||—||—||—|—  
yayātiścaiva rājarśirvayasyapi vinirgate |  
—|—||—||—||—|—  
viśvācyāpsarasā sārdhaṁ reme caitrarathē vane || 4.78

—|—||—||—||—|—  
strīsaṁsargāṁ vināśāṁtaṁ pāṁḍurjñātvāpi kauravaḥ |  
—|—||—||—||—|—  
mādrīrūpaguṇākṣiptaḥ siṣeve kāmajaṁ sukham || 4.79

—|—||—||—||—|—  
karālajanakaścaiva hṛtvā brāhmaṇakanyakāṁ |  
—|—||—||—||—|—  
avāpa bhrāṁśam apyeva na tu tyajecca manmatham || 4.80

—|—||—||—||—|—  
evamādyā mahātmāno viśayān garhitānapi |  
—|—||—||—||—|— navipulā  
ratihetorbubhujire prāgeva guṇasamāhitān || 4.81

—|—||—||—||—|—  
tvāṁ punarnyāyataḥ prāptān balavān rūpavān yuvā |  
—|—||—||—||—|—  
viśayānavajānāsi yatra saktamidāṁ jagat || 4.82

—|—||—||—||—|—  
iti śrutvā vacastasya ślakṣṇamāgamasamāhitam |  
—|—||—||—||—|—  
meghaſtanitarirghoṣaḥ kumāraḥ pratyabhāṣata || 4.83

—|—||—||—||—|—  
upapannamidāṁ vākyāṁ sauhārdavyāmjakāṁ tvayi |  
—|—||—||—||—|—  
atra ca tvānuneṣyāmi yatra mā duṣṭhu manyase || 4.84

—|—||—||—||—|— navipulā  
nāvajānāmi viśayāñjāne lokāṁ tadātmakam |  
—|—||—||—||—|—  
anityāṁ tu jaganmatvā nātra me ramate manah || 4.85

jarā vyādhīśca mṛtyuśca yadi na syādidaṁ trayam |  
mamāpi hi manojñeṣu viṣayeṣu ratirbhavet || 4.86

nityam yadyapi hi strīṇāmetadeva vapurbhavet |  
sasamvitkasya kāmeṣu tathāpi na ratih kṣamā || 4.87

yadā tu jarayā pītaṁ rūpamāśāṁ bhaviṣyati |  
ātmano 'pyanabhipretam mohāttatra ratirbhavet || 4.88

mṛtyuvyādhijarādharmo mṛtyuvyādhijarātmabhiḥ |  
ramamāṇo 'pyasaṁvignah samāno mṛgapakṣibhiḥ || 4.89

yadapyāttha mahātmānaste 'pi kāmātmakā iti |  
saṁvego 'tra na kartavyo yadā teṣāmapi kṣayah || 4.90

māhātmyam na ca tanmanye yatra sāmānyataḥ kṣayah |  
viṣayeṣu prasaktirvā yuktirvā nātmavattayā || 4.91

yadapyātthānṛtenāpi strījane vartyatāmiti |  
anṛtaṁ nāvagacchāmi dākṣiṇyenāpi kiṁcana || 4.92

na cānuvartanaṁ tanme rucitam yatra nārjavam |  
sarvabhāvena saṁparko yadi nāsti dhigastu tat || 4.93

anṛte śraddadhānasya saktasyādoṣadarśinah |  
kim hi vaṁcayitavyam syājjātarāgasya cetasaḥ || 4.94

-०-०|०---||०---|०-०-  
vaṁcayamti ca yadyeva jātarāgāḥ parasparam |  
०---|०---||०---|०-०-  
nanu naiva kṣamam draṣṭum narāḥ strīṇāṁ nṛṇāṁ striyah || 4.95

-०-०|०---||०-००|०-०-  
tadevam sati duḥkhārttam jarāmaraṇabhoginam |  
०---|०---||०-००|०-०-  
na mām kāmeśvanāryeṣu pratārayitumarhasi || 4.96

-०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०- **Vaṁśastha**  
aho 'tidhīraṁ balavacca te manaścaleṣu kāmeṣu ca sāradarśināḥ |  
०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०-  
bhaye 'pi tīvre viṣayeṣu sajjase nirīkṣamāṇo maraṇādhvani prajāḥ || 4.97

-०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०- **Vaṁśastha**  
aham punarbhīruratīvaviklavo jarāvipadvyādhibhayaṁ vicimtayan |  
०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०-  
labhe na śāmtim na dhṛtim kuto ratim niśāmayan dīptamivāgninā jagat || 4.98

-०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०- **Vaṁśastha**  
asamśayam mr̥tyuriti prajānato narasya rāgo hr̥di yasya jāyate |  
०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०-  
ayomayīm tasya paraimi cetanām mahābhaye rakṣati yo na roditi || 4.99

-०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०- **Vaṁśastha**  
athau kumāraśca viniścayātmikām cakāra kāmāśrayaghātinīm kathām |  
०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०-  
janasya cakṣurgamanīyamaṁḍalo mahīdharam cāstamiyāya bhāskaraḥ || 4.100

-०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०- **Vaṁśastha**  
tato vṛthādhāritabhūṣaṇasrajah kalāguṇaiśca praṇayaīśca niṣphalaiḥ |  
०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०-  
sva eva bhāve vinigṛhya manmathām purām yayurbhagnamanorathāḥ striyah || 4.101

-०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०- **Vaṁśastha**  
tataḥ purodyānagatām janaśriyam nirīkṣya sāyaṁ pratisamhṛtām punaḥ |  
०-०|००|०-०-||०-०-|००|०-०-  
anityatām sarvagatām vicimtayan viveśa dhiṣṇyam kṣitipālakātmajah || 4.102

—,——,———,——— Šikharinī  
tataḥ śrutvā rājā viṣayavimukham tasya tu mano  
—,——,———  
na śiṣye tāṁ rātrim hṛdayagataśalyo gaja iva |  
—,——,———  
atha śrāmto māmtre bahuvividhamārge sasacivo  
—,——,———  
na so 'nyatkāmebhyo niyamanamapaśyatsutameḥ || 4.103

*iti śribuddhacarite mahākāvye strīvighātano nāma caturthaḥ sargah || 4 ||*

## Book V [Abhiniṣkramaṇo]

॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 sa tathā viśayairviloḥyamānah paramohairapi śākyarājasūnuḥ |  
 ॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 na jagāma ratim na śarma lebhe hṛdaye simha ivātidigdhaiddhaḥ || 5.1

॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 atha maṁtrisutaiḥ kṣamaiḥ kadācitsakhibhiścitrakathaiḥ kṛtānuyātraḥ |  
 ॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 vanabhūmididṛkṣayā śamepsurnaradevānumato vahiḥ pratasthe || 5.2

॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 navarukmakhalīnakimkiñīkam pracalaccāmaracāruhemabhāmḍam |  
 ॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 abhiruhya sa kamṭhakam sadaśvam prayayau ketumiva drumābjaketuh || 5.3

॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 sa nikṛṣṭatarām vanāṁtabhūmim vanalobhācca yayau mahīguṇecchuḥ |  
 ॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 salilormivikārasīramārgām vasudhām caiva dadarśa kṛṣyamāṇām || 5.4

॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 halabhinnavikīrṇaśaṣpadarbhām hatasūkṣmakrimikāmḍajamitungīrṇām |  
 ॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 samavekṣya rasām tathāvidhām tām svajanasyeva badhe bhṛśām śuśoca || 5.5

॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 kṛṣataḥ puruṣāṁśca vīkṣamāṇah pavanārkāmśurajovibhinnavarṇān |  
 ॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 vahanaklamaviklavāmśca dhuryān paramāryah paramām kṛpām cakāra || 5.6

॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 avatīrya tatasturamgapṛṣṭhācchanakairgām vyacarat śucā parītaḥ |  
 ॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 jagato jananavyayam vicinvan kṛpaṇam khalvidamityuvāca cārttaḥ || 5.7

॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 manasā ca viviktatāmabhīpsuḥ suhṛdastānanuyāyino nivārya |  
 ॥००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 abhitāralacāruparṇavatyā vijane mūlamupeyivān sa jaṁbvāḥ || 5.8

॥०००|०००-||०००००|०००- Aupacchandasaka  
 niśasāda ca patrakhoravatyāṁ bhuvi vaidūryanikāśāśādvalāyām |  
 ॥०००|०००-||०००००|०००-  
 jagataḥ prabhavavyayau vicimtya manasaśca sthitimārgamālalaṁbe || 5.9

००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 samavāptamanaḥ sthitīśca sadyo viṣayecchādibhirādhībhiśca muktaḥ |  
 ००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 savitarkavicāramāpa Śāmtam prathamam dhyānamanāśravaprakāram || 5.10

adhigamya tato vivekajām tu paramaprītisukham [manah]<sup>1</sup> samādhim |  
idameva tataḥ paraṁ pradadhyau manasā lokagatiṁ niśamya samyak || 5.11

००-००|-०-०-०-||००-००-००|-०-०-०- Aupacchandasaka  
 iti buddhiriyam ca nīrajaskā vavṛdhe tasya mahātmano viśuddhā |  
 ००-००|-०-०-०-||००-००-००|-०-०-०-  
 purusairaparairadrśyamānah purusaścopasasarpa bhiksuveśah || 5.16

<sup>1</sup> The metre is defective in Cowell's version here, as he mentions in a footnote. Johnson's reading of *manah* here fills the lacuna.

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 naradevasutastamabhyaprcchadvada ko 'sīti śāśāmsa so 'tha tasmai |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 sa ca pūm̄gava janmamṛtyubhītaḥ śramaṇaḥ pravrajito 'smi mokṣahetoḥ || 5.17

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 jagati kṣayadharmake mumukṣurmṛgaye 'ham śivamakṣayam padam tat |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 ajano 'nyajanairatulyabuddhirviṣayebhyo vinivṛttarāgadosaḥ || 5.18

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 nivasan kvacideva vr̄ksamūle vijane vāyatane girau vane vā |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 vicarāmyaparigraho nirāśaḥ paramārthāya yathopapannabhikṣuḥ || 5.19

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 iti paśyata eva rājasūnoridamuktvā sa nabhaḥ samutpapāta |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 sa hi tadvapuranyabuddhidarśi smṛtaye tasya sameyivān divaukāḥ || 5.20

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 gaganaṁ khagavadgate ca tasmin nṛvaraḥ saṁjahr̄ṣe visismiye ca |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 upalabhyā tataśca dharmasamjnāmabhiniryāṇavidhau matim cakāra || 5.21

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 tata imdrasamo jiteindrīyaśca pravivikṣuḥ paramāśvamāruroha |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 parivartya janam tvavekṣamāṇastata evābhimataṁ vanam na bheje || 5.22

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 sa jarāmarañakṣayam cikīrṣurvanavāsāya matim smṛtau nidhāya |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 praviveśa punaḥ puram na kāmādvanabhūmeriva maṁḍalaṁ dvipeindrāḥ || 5.23

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 sukhitā vata nirvṛtā ca sā strī patirīdṛktvamivāyatākṣa yasyāḥ |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 iti tam samudīkṣya rājakanyā praviśamtaṁ pathi sāṁjalirjagāda || 5.24

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 atha ghoṣamimam mahābhraghoṣaḥ pariśuśrāva śamaṁ param ca lebhe |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 śrutavāṁśca hi nirvṛteti śabdām parinirvāṇavidhau matim cakāra || 5.25

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 atha kāmcanaśailaśṛṅgavarṣmā gajamegharśabhabhāhunisvanākṣah |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 kṣayamakṣayadharmajātarāgah śāsiśimhānanavikramah prapede || 5.26

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 mṛgarājagatistato 'bhyagacchannṛpatim māmtrigaṇairupāsyamānam |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 samitau marutāmiva jvalāmtām maghavāmtām tridive sanatkumārah || 5.27

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 praṇipatya ca sāmjalirbabhāṣe diśa mahyām naradeva sādhvanujñām |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 parivivrajiṣāmi mokṣahetorniyato hyasya janasya vīprayogaḥ || 5.28

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 iti tasya vaco niśamya rājā kariṇevābhīhato drumaścacāla |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 kamalapratime 'mjalau gṛhītvā vacanām cedamuvāca vāṣpakamṛṭhaḥ || 5.29

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 pratisaṁhara tāta buddhimetām na hi kālastava dharmasamśrayasya |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 vayasi prathame matau calāyām bahudoṣām hi vadāmti dharmacaryām || 5.30

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 viṣayeṣu kutūhaleṁdriyasya vratakhedeśvasamarthanīścayasya |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 taruṇasya manaścalatyaraṇyādanabhijñasya višeṣato 'vivekam || 5.31

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 mama tu priyadharma dharmakālastvayi lakṣmīmavasṛjya lakṣyabhūte |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 sthiravikrama vikrameṇa dharmastava hitvā tu guruṇ bhavedadharmah || 5.32

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 tadimām vyavasāyamutsṛja tvām bhava tāvannirato gṛhasthadharme |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 puruṣasya vayaḥsukhāni bhuktvā ramaṇīyo hi tapovanapraveśah || 5.33

॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००-- Aupacchandasaka  
 iti vākyamidām niśamya rājñah kalavīṁkasvara uttaram babhāṣe |  
 ॥०००|०००--॥०००००|०००--  
 yadi me pratibhūścaturṣu rājan bhavasi tvām na tapovanām śrayiṣye || 5.34

००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 na bhavenmaraṇaya jīvitam me viharetvāsthyamidaṁ ca me na rogah |  
 ००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 na ca yauvanamāksipejjarā me na ca sampattimapāharedvipattiḥ || 5.35

iti durlabhamarthamūcivāṁsam̄ tanayām vākyamuvāca śākyarājah |  
tyaja buddhimatimām gatipravṛttāmahāsyo 'timanorathakramaśca || 5.36

०००००|०००००||०००००|००००० Aupacchandasaka  
 atha merugururgurum babhāṣe yadi nāsti krama eṣa nāsti vāryah |  
 ०००००|०००००||०००००|०००००  
 śaranājjvalanena dāhyamānānna hi niścikramiṣum kṣamaīm grahītum || 5.37

००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 jagataśca yathā dhruvo viyogo na tu dharmāya varam tvayaṁ viyogah |  
 ००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 avaśam nanu viprayojayenmāmakṛtasvārthamatṛptameva mṛtyuh || 5.38

○○○○|○○○○○|○○○○○|○○○○ Aupacchandasaka  
 iti bhūmipatirniśamya tasya vyavasāyam tanayasya nirmumukṣoh |  
 ○○○○|○○○○○|○○○○○|○○○○ abhidhāya na yāsyatītī bhūyo vidadhe rakṣanamuttamāṁśca kāmān || 5.39

०००००|०००००||०००००००|००००००० Aupacchandasaka  
 sacivaistu nidarśito yathāvadbahumānāt praṇayācca sāstrapūrvam |  
 ०००००|०००००||०००००००|०००००  
 gurunā ca nivārito ’śrupātaih praviveśāvasatham tatah sa śocan || 5.40

००-००|००-००-||००-००|००-००- Aupacchandasaka  
 sa hi kāmcanaparvatāvadāto hr̥dayonmādakaro varāṁganānām |  
 ००-००|००-००-||००-००|००-००-  
 ūravānāṁgavilocañatmabhāvān vacanasparśavapurgunairjahāra || 5.42

उ॒-उ॑| उ॒-उ॑-॥ उ॒-उ॑| उ॒-उ॑- Aupacchandasaka  
 vigate divase tato vimānām vapuṣā sūrya iva pradīpyamānah ।  
 उ॒-उ॑| उ॒-उ॑-॥ उ॒-उ॑| उ॒-उ॑-  
 timirām vijīghāṁsurātmabhāsā ravirudyanniva merumāruroha ॥ 5.43

००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 tata uttamamuttamāśca nāryo niśi tūryairupatasthuriṁdrakalpam |  
 ००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 himavacchirasīva caṁdragraure dravineṁdrātmajamapsaroganaughāḥ || 5.45

॥०००|०००-||०००००|०००- Aupacchandasaka  
 paramairapi divyatūryakalpaiḥ sa tu tairnaiva ratīm yayau na harṣam |  
 ॥०००|०००-||०००००|०००-  
 paramārthaśukhāya tasya sādhorabhiniścikramiṣā yato na reme || 5.46

००००|००००-||००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 abhavacchayitā hi tatra kācidviniveśya pracale kare kapolam |  
 ००००|००००-||००००००|००००-  
 dayitāmapi rukmapattracitrāṁ kūpitevāṁkagatāṁ vihāya vīnām || 5.48

vibabhau karalagnaveṇuranyā stanavisrastasitāṁśukā śayānā |  
 rjusatpadapamktijustapadmā jalaphenaprahasattatā nadīva || 5.49

॥०-००|-०-०-०-||०-०-००|-०-०-०- Aupacchandasaka  
 navahāṭakabhbūṣanāstathānyā vasanam pītamanuttamam vasānāḥ |  
 ॥०-००|-०-०-०-||०-०-००|-०-०-०-  
 avasā vata nidrayā nipeturgajabhagnā iva karnikāraśākhāḥ || 5.51

०००००|०००००||०००००|००००० Aupacchandasaka  
 maṇikuṁḍaladaśṭapatralekhaṁ mukhapadmaṁ vinataṁ tathāparasyāḥ |  
 ०००००|०००००||०००००|०००००  
 śatapatramivārdhacakranādāṁ sthitakāramḍavaghaṭītām cakāśe || 5.53

उ॒उ॑|उ॒उ॑||उ॒उ॑|उ॒उ॑ Aupacchandasaka  
 aparāḥ śayitā yathopaviṣṭāḥ stanabhārairavamanyamānagātrāḥ ।  
 उ॒उ॑|उ॒उ॑||उ॒उ॑|उ॒उ॑  
 upaguhya parasparam virejurbhujapāśaistapanīyapārihāryaiḥ ॥ 5.54

०००००|०००००||०००००|००००० Aupacchandasaka  
 mahatīm parivādinīm ca kācidvanitālimgya sakhīmiva prasuptā |  
 ०००००|०००००||०००००|०००००  
 vijughūrnā calatsuvarṇasūtrām vadanenākulakarnikojvalena || 5.55

○○○○|○○○○-||○○○○|○○○○- Aupacchandasaka  
 pañavam̄ yuvatirbhujāṁsadeśādavavisraṁsitacārupāśamanyā |  
 ○○○○|○○○○-||○○○○|○○○○-  
 savilāsarataṁtatāṁtamūrvorvivare kāmtamivābhīnīya śiṣye || 5.56

उ॒-उ॑| उ॒-उ॑-|| उ॒-उ॑| उ॒-उ॑- Aupacchandasaka  
 aparā na babhurnimīlitākṣyo vipulākṣyo 'pi śubhabhrubo 'pi satyah |  
 उ॒-उ॑| उ॒-उ॑-|| उ॒-उ॑| उ॒-उ॑-  
 pratisamkucitāravimdakośāḥ savitaryastamite yathā nalinyaḥ || 5.57

○○○○|○○○○○|○○○○○ Aupacchandasaka  
 śithilākulamūrdhajā tathānyā jaghanasrastavibhūṣaṇāṁśukāṁtā |  
 ○○○○|○○○○○|○○○○○  
 aśayista vikīrnakāṁthasūtrā gajabhagnā pratipātitāṁganeva || 5.58

०००००|०००००-||०००००००|-००००० Aupacchandasaka  
 aparāstvavaśā hriyā viyuktā dhṛtimatyo 'pi vapurguṇairupetāḥ |  
 ०००००|०००००-||०००००००|-०००००  
 viniśāśvasurulvanam̄ ṣayānā vikṛtakṣiptabhujā jajrṁbhire ca || 5.59

००००|००००-॥००००००|००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 iti sattvakulānurūparūpam vividham sa pramadājanah śayānah |  
 ००००|००००-॥००००००|००००-  
 sarasah sadṛśam babhāra rūpam pavanāvarjitarugnāpuṣkarasya || 5.62

ऊ॒०॑|०॒०॒०॑||०॒०॑०॑|०॒०॑ Aupacchandasaka  
 aśucirvikṛtaśca jīvaloke vanitānāmayamīḍrśah svabhāvah |  
 ऊ॒०॑०॑|०॒०॒०॑||०॒०॑०॑|०॒०॑-  
 vasantābharaṇaistu vāmcyamānaḥ puruṣaḥ strīviṣayeṣu rāgameti || 5.64

..-..|---||---|--- Aupacchandasaka  
 vimṛśedyadi yoṣitām manusyah prakṛtim svapnavikāramīdrśam ca |  
 ..-..|---||---|--- dhruvamatra na vardhayetpramādām guṇasāmikalpahastu rāgameti || 5.65

००-००|-००-००-||००-००-००|-००-००- Aupacchandasaka  
 atha so 'vatatāra harmyaprsthādyuvatīstāḥ śayitā vigarhamāṇah |  
 ००-००|-००-००-||००-००-००|-००-००-  
 avatīrya tataśca nirviśamko gr̥hakakṣyām̄ prathamaṁ vinirjagāma || 5.67

०००००|०००००||०००००००|००००००० Aupacchandasaka  
 hṛdi yā mama tuṣṭiradya jātā vyavasāyaśca yathā dhṛtau niviṣṭah |  
 ०००००|०००००||०००००००|०००००००  
 vijane 'pi ca nāthavānivāsmi dhruvamartho 'bhimukhah sa me ya iṣṭah || 5.69

॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 pratigṛhya tataḥ sa bharturājñām vidiṭārtho 'pi nareṇdraśāsanasya |  
 ॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००-  
 manasīva pareṇa codyamānasturagasyānayane matim cakāra || 5.71

॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 atha hemakhalīnapūrṇavaktram laghuśayyāstaraṇopagūḍhapṛṣṭham |  
 ॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००-  
 balasattvajavatvaropapannam sa varāśvam tamupānināya bhartre || 5.72

॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 pratataṭrikapucchamūlapārṣṇīm nibṝtaṁ hrasvatanūjapṛṣṭhakarṇam |  
 ॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००-  
 vinatonnatapṛṣṭhakukṣipārśvam vipulaprothalalāṭakaṭhyuraskam || 5.73

॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 upaguhyā sa tam viśālavakṣāḥ kamalābhena ca sāṁtvayan kareṇa |  
 ॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००-  
 madhurākṣarayā girā śāśāsa dhvajinīmadhyamiva praveṣṭukāmaḥ || 5.74

॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 bahuśāḥ kaliśatravo nirastāḥ samare tvāmadhiruhya pārthivena |  
 ॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००-  
 ahamaṇyamṛtam param yathāvatturagaśreṣṭha labheya tatkuruṣva || 5.75

॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 sulabhāḥ khalu saṁyuge sahāyā viṣayāvāptasukhe dhanārjane vā |  
 ॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००-  
 puruṣasya tu durlabhbāḥ sahāyāḥ patitasyāpadi dharmasaṁśraye vā || 5.76

॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 iha caiva bhavaṁti ye sahāyāḥ kaluṣe dharmāṇi dharmasaṁśraye vā |  
 ॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००-  
 avagacchati me yathāṁtarātmā niyatam te 'pi janāstadaṁśabhäjaḥ || 5.77

॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००- Aupacchandasaka  
 tadidam parigamya dharmayuktam mama niryāṇamato jagaddhitāya |  
 ॥००००|-००००-॥००००००|-००००-  
 turagottama vegavikramābhyām prayatasvātmahite jagaddhite ca || 5.78

॥००००००|-००००-॥०००००००|-००००- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>1</sup>  
 iti suhṛdamivānuśiṣya kṛtye turagavaram nṛvaro vanam yiyāsuḥ |  
 ॥००००००|-००००-॥०००००००|-००००-  
 sitamasitagatidyutirvapuṣmān raviriva śāradamabhramāruroha || 5.79

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>१</sup>  
 atha sa parihaaranniśīthacamḍam parijanabodhakaram dhvanim sadaśvah |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 vigatahanuravah praśāmītaheśaścakitavimuktapadakramā jagāma || 5.80

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>२</sup>  
 kanakavalayabhūṣitaprakoṣṭhaiḥ kamalanibhaiḥ kamalāni ca pravidhya |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 avanatatanavastato 'syā yakṣāścakitagaterdadhire khurān karāgraiḥ || 5.81

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>३</sup>  
 guruparighakapāṭasānivṛtā yā na sukhamapi dviradairapāvriyamite |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 vrajati nṛpasute gatasvanāstāḥ svayamabhavan vivṛtāḥ puraḥ pratolyaḥ || 5.82

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>४</sup>  
 pitaramabhimukham sutam ca bālam janamanuraktamanuttamām ca lakṣmīm |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 kṛtamatirapahāya nirvyapekṣaḥ pitṛnagarāt sa tato vinirjagāma || 5.83

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>५</sup>  
 atha sa vikacapaṁkajāyatākṣaḥ puramavalokya nanāda siṁhanādam |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 jananamarāyayoradṛṣṭapāro na punarahaṁ kapilāhvayaṁ praviṣṭā || 5.84

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>६</sup>  
 iti vacanamidam niśamya tasya dravīṇapateḥ pariṣadgaṇā nanaṁduḥ | 5.85  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 pramuditamanasaśca devasamīghā vyavasitapāraṇamāśaśāṁsire 'smai ||

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>७</sup>  
 hutavahavapuṣo divaukaso 'nye vyavasitamasya duṣkaram viditvā |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 akuruta tuhine pathi prakāśam ghanavivarapraṣṭā iṣeṁdupādāḥ || 5.86

॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०-- Puṣpitāgrā<sup>८</sup>  
 harituragaturamīgavatturamīgah sa tu vicaran manasīva codyamānah |  
 ॥०००००|-०-०--||००००-००|-०-०--  
 aruṇaparuṣabhbāramāṁtarīkṣam sarasabahūni jagāma yojanāni || 5.87

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye 'bhiniṣkramaṇo nāma pañcamahā sargah || 5 ||*

## Book VI [Chamda Kanivartanam]

०००|०००||०००|००० bhavipulā  
 tato muhūrte 'bhyudite jagaccakṣuṣi bhāskare |  
 ०००|०००||०००|००० navipulā  
 bhārgavasyāśramapadarām sa dadarśa nṛṇām varah || 6.1

०००|०००||०००|००० navipulā  
 suptaviśvastahariṇām svasthasthitavihaṁgamam |  
 ०००|०००||०००|००० pathyā Śloka<sup>1</sup>  
 viśrāmta iva yaddṛṣṭā kṛtārtha iva cābhavat || 6.2

०००|०००||०००|०००  
 sa vismayanivṛtyarthām tapahpūjārthameva ca |  
 ०००|०००||०००|०००  
 svāmī cānuvartitām rakṣannaśvapṛṣṭhādavātarat || 6.3

०००|०००||०००|०००  
 avatīrya ca pasparśa nistīrṇamiti vājinam |  
 ०००|०००||०००|०००  
 chamda kam cābravīt prītaḥ snāpayanniva cakṣuṣā || 6.4

०००|०००||०००|००० navipulā  
 imām tārkṣyopamajavaṁ turaṁgamanugacchatā |  
 ०००|०००||०००|०००  
 darśitā saumya madbhaktirvikramaścāyamātmanah || 6.5

०००|०००||०००|०००  
 sarvathāśmyanyakāryo 'pi gṛhīto bhavatā hṛdi |  
 ०००|०००||०००|०००  
 bhartr̥snehaśca yasyāyamīdṛṣṭah śakta eva ca || 6.6

०००|०००||०००|०००  
 asnidhō 'pi samartha 'sti niḥsāmarthyo 'pi bhaktimān |  
 ०००|०००||०००|०००  
 bhaktimāṁscaiva śaktaśca durlab hastadvadvidho bhuvi || 6.7

०००|०००||०००|०००  
 tatprīto 'smi tavānena mahābhāgena karmaṇā |  
 ०००|०००||०००|०००  
 dṛṣyate mayi bhāvo 'yam phalebhyo 'pi parāṇmukhe || 6.8

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<sup>1</sup> The pathyā form of the metre should be presumed in the Śloka verses unless otherwise indicated.

-○-○|○---||---○|○-○-  
ko janasya phalasthasya na syādabhīmukho janaḥ |  
○-○|○---||○○-○|○-○-  
janībhavati bhūyiṣṭham svajano 'pi viparyaye || 6.9

○---|○---||---|○-○-  
kulārtham dhāryate putraḥ poṣārtham sevyate pitā |  
○---|○○-||-○---|○-○- navipulā  
āśayāśliyati jagannāsti niṣkāraṇāsvatā || 6.10

○---|○---||○---○|○-○-  
kimuktvā bahu saṅkṣepāt kṛtaṁ me sumahatpriyam |  
○---|○---||---|○-○-  
nivartasvāsvamādāya saṁprāpto 'smīpsitam vanam || 6.11

---○|○---||○○-○|○-○-  
ityuktvā sa mahābāhurānuśāmsacikīrṣayā |  
---○|○---||---○|○-○-  
bhūṣaṇānyavamucyāsmai saṁtaptamanase dadau || 6.12

○○---|○---||○○---|○-○-  
mukuṭoddīptakarmāṇam maṇimādāya bhāsvaram |  
○---|○---||---○|○-○-  
bruvan vākyamidam tастhau sāditya iva maṇdarah || 6.13

○-○|○---||○---○|○-○-  
anena maṇinā chaṁda praṇamya bahuśo nṛpaḥ |  
---○|○---||---○|○-○-  
vijñāpyo 'muktaviśraṁbham saṁtāpaviniṣṭtaye || 6.14

○-○|○---||○---○|○-○-  
jarāmarañanāśārtham praviṣṭo 'smi tapovanam |  
○---|○---||---○|○-○-  
na khalu svargatarṣeṇa nāsnehena na manyunā || 6.15

○-○|○---||○---○|○-○-  
tadevamabhiniṣkrāṁtaṁ na mām śocitumarhasi |  
○-○|○---||---○|○-○-  
bhūtvāpi hi ciram śleṣaḥ kālena na bhaviṣyati || 6.16

○---|○---||---|○-○-  
dhruvo yasmācca viśleṣastasmānmokṣāya me matih |  
○---|○---||---○|○-○-  
viprayogaḥ katham na syādbhūyo 'pi svajanādibhiḥ || 6.17

—|—||—|—|—  
śokatyāgāya niṣkrāmtam na mām śocitumarhasi |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
śokahetuṣu kāmeṣu saktāḥ śocyāstu rāgiṇah || 6.18

—|—|—||—|—|—  
ayaṁ ca kila pūrveśāmasmākam niścayaḥ sthiraḥ |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
iti dāyādabhūtena na śocyo 'smi pathā vrajan || 6.19

—|—|—||—|—|—  
bhavaṁti hyarthadāyādāḥ puruṣasya viparyaye |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
pr̥thivyām dharmadāyādā durlabhaḥstu na saṁti vā || 6.20

—|—|—||—|—|— navipulā  
yadapi syādasamaye yāto vanamasāviti |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
akālo nāsti dharmasya jīvite caṁcale sati || 6.21

—|—|—||—|—|—  
tasmādadyaiva me śreyaścetavyamiti niścayaḥ |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
jīvite ko hi viśrambho mr̥tyau pratyarthini sthite || 6.22

—|—|—||—|—|—  
evamādi tvayā saumya vijñāpyo vasudhādhipaḥ |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
prayatethāstathā caiva yathā mām na smaredapi || 6.23

—|—|—||—|—|—  
api nairguṇyamasmākam vācyam narapatau tvayā |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
nairguṇyāttajyate snehaḥ snehatyāgānna śocyate || 6.24

—|—|—||—|—|—  
iti vākyamidaṁ śrutvā chaṁdāḥ saṁtāpaviklavaḥ |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
vāṣpagrathitayā vācā pratyuvāca kṛtāṁjaliḥ || 6.25

—|—|—||—|—|—  
anena tava bhāvena bāṁdhavāyāsadāyinā |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
bhartaḥ sīdati me ceto nadīpamka iva dvipaḥ || 6.26

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 kasya notpādayedvāśpam niścayaste 'yamīdṛśah |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 ayomaye 'pi hṛdaye kim punah snehaviklave || 6.27

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 vimānaśayanārham hi saukumāryamidaṁ kva ca |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 kharadarbhām kuravatī tapovanamahī kva ca || 6.28

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 śrutvā tu vyavasāyam te yadaśvo 'yam mayā hṛtaḥ |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 balātkāreṇa tannātha daivenaivāsmi kāritah || 6.29

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 katham hyātmavaśo jānan vyavasāyamimāṁ tava |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - bhavipulā  
 upānayeyam turagam śokam kapilavastunah || 6.30

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 tannārhasi mahābāho vihātum putralālasam |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 snigdham vṛddham ca rājānam saddharmamiva nāstikah || 6.31

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 samvardhanapariśrāmtāṁ dvitīyām tām ca mātarām |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 deva nārhasi vismartum kṛtaghna iva satkriyām || 6.32

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 bālaputrām guṇavatīm kulaślāghyām pativrataṁ |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 devīmarhasi na tyaktum klīvah prāptāmiva śriyam || 6.33

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 putram yāśodharam ślāghyām yaśodharmabṛtām varah |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 bālamarhasi na tyaktum vyasanīvottamām yaśah || 6.34

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 atha baṁḍhum ca rājyām ca tyaktumeva kṛtā matih |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 mām nārhasi vibho tyaktum tvatpādau hi gatirmama || 6.35

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
nāsmi yātum puram śakto dāhyamānena cetasā |  
-०---|०---||०---|०---  
tvāmarānye parityajya sumitra iva rāghavam || 6.36

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
kim hi vakṣyati rājā mām tvadṛte nagaram gatam |  
-०---|०---||०---|०---  
vakṣyāmyucitadarśitvātkim tavāṁtaḥpurāṇi vā || 6.37

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
yadap्यāttihāpi nairguṇyam vācyam narapatāviti |  
-०---|०---||०---|०---  
kim tadvakṣyāmyabhūtam te nirdoṣasya muneriva || 6.38

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
hṛdayena salajjena jihvayā sajjamānayā |  
-०---|०---||०---|०---  
aham yadyapi vā brūyām kastacchraddhātumarhati || 6.39

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
yo hi cañdramasastaikṣṇya kathayecchraddadhīta vā |  
-०---|०---||०---|०---  
sa doṣāṁstava doṣajña kathayecchraddadhīta vā || 6.40

-०---|००-||०---|०--- navipulā  
sānukrośasya satataṁ nityam karuṇavedinah |  
-०---|००-||०---|०--- navipulā  
snigdhatyāgo na sadṛśo nivartasva prasīda me || 6.41

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
iti śokābhībhūtasya śrutvā chañdasya bhāṣitam |  
-०---|०---||०---|०---  
svasthaḥ paramayā dhṛtyā jagāda vadatām varah || 6.42

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
madviyogaṁ prati cchaṁda samītpastyajyatāmayam |  
-०---|००-||०---|०--- navipulā  
nānābhāvo hi niyatam pṛthagjātiṣu dehiṣu || 6.43

-०---|०---||०---|०---  
svajanam yadyapi snehānna tyajeyam mumukṣayā |  
-०---|००-||०---|०--- navipulā  
mr̥tyuranyonyamavaśānasmān saṁtyājayiṣyati || 6.44

mahatyā tṛṣṇayā duḥkhairgarbhēṇāsmi yayā dhṛtaḥ |  
 tasyā niṣphalayatnāyāḥ kvāham mātuḥ kva sā mama || 6.45

vāsavṛkṣe samāgamyā vigacchamīti yathāṁḍajāḥ |  
 niyatam viprayogāṁtastathā bhūtasamāgamaḥ || 6.46

sametya ca yathā bhūyo vyapayāmīti valāhakāḥ |  
 samyogo viprayogaśca tathā me prāṇinām mataḥ || 6.47

yasmādyāti ca loko 'yam vipralabhyā parasparam |  
 mamatvam na kṣamam tasmātsvapnabhūte samāgame || 6.48

sahajena viyujyamīte parṇarāgenā pādapāḥ |  
 anyenānyasya viśleṣah kim punarna bhaviṣyati || 6.49

tadevam sati saṁtāpam mā kārṣīḥ saumya gamyatām |  
 laṁbate yadi tu sneho gatvāpi punarāvraja || 6.50

brūyāścāsmāsvanākṣepam janam kapilavastuni |  
 tyajyatām tadgataḥ snehaḥ śrūyatām cāsyā niścayaḥ || 6.51

kṣiprameṣyati vā kṛtvā jarāṁṛtyukṣayam kila |  
 akṛtārtho nirālambo nidhanaṁ yāsyatīti vā || 6.52

iti tasya vacaḥ śrutvā kaṁthakasturagottamah |  
 jihvayā lilihe pādau vāśpamuṣṇam mumoca ca || 6.53

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
jālinā svastikāmkena vakramadhyena pāṇinā |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
āamarśa kumārastam babhāṣe ca vayasyavat || 6.54

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
mūnca kāmthaka mā vāśpam darśiteyam sadaśvatā |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
mr̥yatām saphalaḥ śīghram śramaste 'yam bhaviṣyati || 6.55

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - - Upajāti (Premā)  
manītsaruṁ chaīndakahastasamistham tataḥ sa dhīro niśitam gṛhitvā |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
kośādasiṁ kāmcanabhakticitram vilādivāśīviśamudbabarha || 6.56

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - - Upajāti (Sālā)  
niśkāya tam copalapattranīlam ciccheda citram mukutam sakeśam |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
vikīryamāṇāṁśukamamīrkṣe cikṣepa cainam sarasīva hamṣam || 6.57

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - - Upajāti (Māyā)  
pūjābhilāṣeṇa ca bāhumānyāddivaukasastam jagṛhuḥ praviddham |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
yathāvadenam divi devasamīghā divyairvišeṣairmahayām ca cakruḥ || 6.58

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - - Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
muktvā tvalamīkārakalatravattām śrīvipravāsam śirasaśca kṛtvā |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
dr̥ṣṭvāṁśukam kāmcanahaṁsacitram vanyam sa dhīro 'bhicakāmka vāsaḥ || 6.59

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - - Upajāti (Kīrti)  
tato mr̥gavyādhavapurdivaukā bhāvaram viditvāya viśuddhabhāvah |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
kāśayavastro 'bhiyau samīpaṁ tam sākyarājaprabhavo 'bhyuvāca || 6.60

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - - Upajāti (Mālā)  
śivam ca kāśayamr̥śidhvajaste na yujyate hiṁsramidaṁ dhanuśca |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
tatsaumya yadyasti na saktiratra mahyam prayacchedamidaṁ gṛhāṇa || 6.61

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - - Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
vyādho 'bravītkāmada kāmamārādanena viśvāya mr̥gān nihatya |  
- - - | - - - || - - - | - - -  
arthastu śakropama yadyanena haṁta pratīcchānaya śuklametat || 6.62

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 pareṇa harṣeṇa tataḥ sa vanyam jagrāha vāso 'mśukamutsasarja |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 vyādhastu divyam vapureva bibhrat tacchuklamādāya divam jagāma || 6.63

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tataḥ kumāraśca sa cāśvagopastasmimstathā yāti visismiyāte |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 āraṇyake vāsasi caiva bhūyastasminnakārṣṭām bahumānamāśu || 6.64

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 chaīndam tataḥ sāśrumukham visṛjya kāṣāyasamividvṛtakīrtibhṛtsah |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 yenāśramastena yayau mahātmā saṁdhyābhrasamīvīta ivādrirājaḥ || 6.65

—०—|—००|—०—०—||—०—|—००|—०—०— Vaṁśastha  
 tatastathā bhartari rājyanīḥspṛhe tapovanam yāti vivarṇavāsasi |  
 —०—|—००|—०—०—||—०—|—००|—०—०—  
 bhujau samutkṣipyā tataḥ sa vājibhṛdbhṛśam vicukrośa papāta ca kṣitau || 6.66

—०—|—००|—०—०—||—०—|—००|—०—०— Vaṁśastha  
 vilokya bhūyaśca ruroda sasvaram hayam bhujābhyaṁupaguhya kaṁthakam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—०—||—०—|—००|—०—०—  
 tato nirāśo vilapanmuhurmuhuryayau śarīreṇa puram na cetasā || 6.67

—०—|—००|—०—०—||—०—|—००|—०—०— Vaṁśastha  
 kvacitpradadhayau vilalāpa ca kvacit kvacitpracaskhāla papāta ca kvacit |  
 —०—|—००|—०—०—||—०—|—००|—०—०—  
 ato vrajan bhaktivaśena duḥkhitaścacāra bahvīravaśah pathi kriyāḥ || 6.68

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye chaīndakanivartanam nāma ṣaṣṭhah sargah || 6 ||*

## Book VII [Tapovanapraveśo]

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 tato visṛjyāśrumukham rudaṁtaṁ chaṁdaṁ vanacchaṁdatayā nirāsthah |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 sarvārthaśiddho vapusābhībhūya tamāśramaṁ siddhamiva prapede || 7.1

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 sa rājasūnurmṛgarājagāmī mṛgājirām tanmṛgavat praviṣṭah |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 lakṣmīviyukto ’pi śarīralakṣmyā cakṣūṁshi sarvāśramiṇām jahāra || 7.2

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁsi)  
 sthitā hi hastasthayugāstathaiva kautūhalāccakradharāḥ sadārāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tamimdrakalpaṁ dadṛṣurna jagmurdhuryā ivārdhāvanataih śirobhiḥ || 7.3

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 viprāśca gatvā bahiridhmahetoh prāptāḥ samitpuṣpapavitrahastāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tapaḥpradhānāḥ kṛtabuddhoyo ’pi tam dṛaṣṭumīyurna maṭhānabhīyuḥ || 7.4

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 hrṣṭāśca kekā mumucurmayūrā dṛṣṭvāmbudam nīlamivonnamamītam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 śaṣpāṇi hitvābhīmukhāśca tasthurmṛgāścalākṣā mṛgacāriṇāśca || 7.5

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 dṛṣṭvā tamikṣvākukulapradīpaṁ jvalamītamudyamītamivāṁśumamītam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 kṛte ’pi dohe janitapramodāḥ prasusruvuruhomaduhaśca gāvah | 7.6

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kaścidvasūnāmayamaṣṭamāḥ syātsyādaśvinoranyataraścyuto ’tra |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 ucceruruccairiti tatra vācastaddarśanādvismayajā munīnām || 7.7

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 lekharṣabhasyeva vapurdvitīyam dhāmeva lokasya carācarasya |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 sa dyotayāmāsa vanam hi kṛtsnaṁ yadṛcchayā sūrya ivāvatīrṇah || 7.8

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 tataḥ sa tairāśramibhiryathāvadabhyarcitaścopanimaṁtritaśca |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 pratyarcayāṁ dharmabhṛto babhūva svareṇa bhādrāmbudharopamena || 7.9

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 kīrṇam tataḥ puṇyakṛtā janena svargābhikāmena vimokṣakāmaḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tamāśramam so ’nucacāra dhīrastapāṁsi citrāṇi nirīkṣamāṇah || 7.10

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 tapovikārāṁśca nirīkṣya saumyastapovane tatra tapodhanānām |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tapasvināṁ kāmcidanuvrajāṁtaṁ tattvāṁ vijīñāsuridāṁ babhāṣe || 7.11

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tatpūrvamadyāśramadarśanām me yasmādimāṁ dharmavidhim na jāne |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tasmādbhavānarhati bhāṣitum me yo niścayo yaṁ prati vaḥ pravṛttah || 7.12

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 tato dvijātiḥ sa tapovihāraḥ śākyarṣabhbhāyarṣabhbhavikramāya |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 kramena tasmai kathayāṁcakāra tapovišeṣāṁ tapasaḥ phalam ca || 7.13

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 agrāmyamannām salilaprarūḍham parṇāni toyāṁ phalamūlameva |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 yathāgamāṁ vṛttiriyāṁ munīnām bhinnāstu te te tapasāṁ vikalpāḥ || 7.14

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 umchena jīvamāti khagā ivānye trṇāni kecīnmrgavaccaramāti |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 kecidbhujāṅgaiḥ saha vartayaṁti valmīkabhūtā iva mārutena || 7.15

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 aśmaprayatnārjitavṛttayo ’nye kecīsvadāṁtāpahatānnabhaksāḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 kṛtvā parārthaṁ śrapaṇām tathānye kurvamāti kāryām yadi śeṣamasti || 7.16

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 kecījalaklinnajaṭākalāpā dvīḥ pāvakām juhvati māṁtrapūrvam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 mīnaiḥ samām kecidapo vigāhya vasaṁti kūrmollikhitaiḥ śarīraiḥ || 7.17

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 evamvidhaiḥ kālacitaistapobhiḥ parairdivām yāmytayaparairnṛlokam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 duḥkhena mārgenā sukham kṣiyamāti duḥkham hi dharmasya vadamāti mūlam || 7.18

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 ityevamādi dvipadeṁdravatsaḥ śrutvā vacastasya tapodhanasya |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 adṛṣṭatattvo ṣpi na saṁtutoṣa śanairidam cātmagatam jagāda || 7.19

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 duḥkhātmakām naikavidhaṁ tapaśca svargapradhānam tapasaḥ phalam ca |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 lokāśca sarve pariṇāmavamtaḥ svalpe śramah khalvayamāśramāñam || 7.20

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 śriyam ca baṁdhūn viṣayāṁśca hitvā ye svargahetau niyamam caramāti |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 te viprayuktāḥ khalu gaṁtukāmā mahattaram svam vanameva bhūyah || 7.21

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 kāyaklamairyāśca tapo 'bhidhānaiḥ pravṛttimākāṁkṣati kāmahetoḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 saṁsāradosaṁparīkṣamāṇo duḥkhena so 'nvicchatī duḥkhameva || 7.22

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 trāsaśca nityām maraṇātprajānām yatnena cecchamāti punaḥ prasūtim |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 satyām pravṛttau niyataśca mṛtyustatraiva magno yata eva bhītaḥ || 7.23

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 ihārthameke praviśamāti khedaṁ svargārthamanye śramamāpnuvamāti |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 sukhārthamāśākṛpaṇo 'kṛtārthaḥ patatyānarthe khalu jīvalokāḥ || 7.24

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 na khalvayaṁ garhita eva yatno yo hīnamutṣṭya viśeṣagāmī |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 prājñaiḥ samānenā pariśrameṇā kāryam tu tadyatra punarna kāryam || 7.25

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 śarīrapīḍā tu yadīha dharmah sukham śarīrasya bhavatyadharmaḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 dharmeṇā cāpnoti sukham paratra tasmādadharmaṁ phalatīha dharmah || 7.26

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 yataḥ śarīram manaso vaśena pravartate vāpi nivartate vā |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 yukto damaścetasa eva tasmāccittādṛte kāṣṭhasamam śarīram || 7.27

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 āhāraśuddhyā yadi puṇyamiṣṭam tasmānmrgāṇāmapi puṇyamasti |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 ye cāpi bāhyāḥ puruṣāḥ phalebhyo bhāgyāparādhena parāṇmukhatvāt || 7.28  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 duḥkhe 'bhisaṁdhīstvatha puṇyahetuḥ sukhe 'pi kāryo nanu so 'bhisaṁdhīḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 atha pramāṇam na sukhe 'bhisaṁdhīrdūḥkhe pramāṇam nanu nābhisaṁdhīḥ || 7.29

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 tathāiva ye karmaviśuddhīhetoh spṛśamityapastīrthamiti pravṛttāḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tatrāpi toṣo hṛdi kevalo 'yam na pāvayiṣyamti hi pāpamāpaḥ || 7.30

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 spṛśtam hi yadyadguṇavadbhirāṁbhastattatpr̥thivyām yadi tīrthamīṣṭam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tasmādguṇāneva paraimi tīrthamāpastu niḥsaṁśayamāpa eva || 7.31

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 iti sma tattadbahuyuktīyuktam jagāda cāṣṭam ca yayau vivasvān |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tato havirdhūmavivarṇavṛkṣam tapaḥpraśāṁtam sa vanam viveśa || 7.32

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 abhyuddhṛtaprajvalitāgnihotram kṛtābhiṣekarṣijanāvakīrṇam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 jāpyasvanākūjītadevakoṣṭham dharmasya karmāṁtamiva pravṛttam || 7.33

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 kāścinniśāstatra niśākarābhāḥ parīkṣamāṇaśca tapāṁsyuvāsa |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 sarvam parikṣepya tapaśca matvā tasmāttapaḥkṣetratalājjagāma || 7.34

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 anvavrajannāśramiṇastastastam tadrūpamāhātmyagatairmanobhiḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 deśādanāryairabhibhūyamānāṁmahāṛṣayo dharmamivāpayāṁtam || 7.35

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 tato jaṭāvalkalacīrakhelāṁstapodhanāṁścaiva sa tāndadarśa |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tapāṁsi caiśāmanubudhyamānastasthau śive śrīmati mārgavṛkṣe || 7.36

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Premā)  
 athopasṛtyāśramavāsinastamāṁ manuṣyavaryam parivārya tasthuḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 vṛddhaśca teṣāṁ bahumānapūrvam kalena sāmnā giramityuvāca || 7.37

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tvayyāgate pūrṇa ivāśramo 'bhūtsamīpadyate śūnya iva prayāte |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tasmādimam nārhasi tāta hātum jījīviṣordehamiveṣṭamāyuḥ || 7.38

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 brahmaśirājarśisurāśjuṣṭah puṇyah samīpe himavān hi śailah |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tapāṁsi tānyeva tapodhanānām yatsamīnikarśadbahulībhavaṁti || 7.39

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tīrthāni puṇyānyabhitastathaiva sopānabhūtāni nabhastalasya |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 juṣṭāni dharmātmabhirātmavadbhirdevarśibhiścaiva mahārṣibhiśca || 7.40

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 itaśca bhūyah kṣamamuttaraiva diksevitum dharmaviśeṣahetoḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 na hi kṣamaṁ dakṣiṇato budhena padam bhavedekamapi prayātum || 7.41

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tapovane 'sminnatha niṣkriyo vā saṁkīrṇadharmaṁ patito 'śucirvā |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 dr̥ṣṭastvayā yena na te vivatsā tadbrūhi yāvadrucito 'stu vāsaḥ || 7.42

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 ime hi vāṁchamānti tapaḥsahāyaṁ taponidhānapratimāṁ bhavaṁtam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 vāsastvayā hīṁdrasamena sārdham vṛ̥haspaterabhyudayāvahaḥ syāt || 7.43

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 ityevamukte sa tapasvimadhye tapasvimukhyena manīṣimukhyah |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 bhavapraṇāśāya kṛtapratijñāḥ svāṁ bhāvamaṁtargatamācacakte || 7.44

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ḥjvātmanām dharmabhṛtām munīnāmiśātit hitvāt svajanopamānam |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 evam vidhaimām prati bhāvajātaiḥ prītiḥ parātmā janitaśca mārgah | 7.45

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Māyā)  
 snigdhābhīrābhīr hṛdayam gamābhīḥ samāsataḥ snāta ivāsmi vāgbhīḥ |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 ratiśca me dharmanavagrahasya vispaṁditā saṁprati bhūya eva | 7.46

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 evam pravṛttān bhavataḥ śaraṇyānatīva saṁdarśitapakṣapātān |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 yāsyāmi hitveti mamāpi duḥkham yathaiva baṁdhūṁstyajatastathaiva | 7.47

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 svargāya yuṣmākamayām tu dharmo mamābhilāśastvapunarbhavāya |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 asmin vane yena na me vivatsā bhinnaḥ pravṛttyā hi nivṛttidharmaḥ | 7.48

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 tannāratirme na parāpacāro vanādito yena parivrajāmi |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 dharme sthitāḥ pūrvayugānurūpe sarve bhavaṁto hi mahārṣikalpāḥ | 7.49

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 tato vacaḥ sūnṛtamarthavacca suślakṣṇamojasvi ca garvitam ca |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 śrutvā kumārasya tapasvinaste viśeṣayuktam bahumānamīyuḥ | 7.50

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kaścidvijastatra tu bhasmaśāyī prāṁśuh śikhī dāravacīrvāsāḥ |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 āpiṁgalākṣṭastanudīrgaghagnoḥ kuṁḍodahasto giramityuvāca | 7.51

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 dhīmannudāraḥ khalu niścayaste yastvam yuvā janmani dṛṣṭadoṣaḥ |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 svargāpavargau hi vicārya samyagyasyāpavarge matirasti so 'sti | 7.52

- - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - - Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yajñaiṣtapobhirniyamaiśca taistaiḥ svargam yiyāsaṁti hi rāgavamtaḥ |  
 - - - | - - - | - - - || - - - | - - - | - - -  
 rāgeṇa sārdham ripuṇeva yuddhvā mokṣam parīpsaṁti tu sattvavaṁtaḥ | 7.53

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tad buddhireṣā yadi niścītā te tūrṇam bhavān gacchatu viṁdhya koṣṭham |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 asau munistatra vasatyarādo yo naiṣṭhike śreyasi labdhacakṣuh || 7.54

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tasmatādbhavāñchroṣyati tattvamārgam satyāṁ rucau saṁpratipatsyate ca |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 yathā tu paśyāmi matistavaiṣā tasyāpi yāsyatyavadhūya buddhim || 7.55

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 puṣṭāśvaghoṇam vipulāyatākṣam tāmrādharoṣtham sitatīkṣṇadaṁṣṭram |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 idam hi vaktrām tanuraktajihvām jñeyārṇavām pāsyati kṛtsnameva || 7.56

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 gaṁbhīratā yā bhavatastvagādhā yā dīptatā yāni ca lakṣaṇāni |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 ācāryakām prāpsyasi tatpr̥thivyām yannarṣibhiḥ pūrvayuge 'pyavāptam || 7.57

०००००|—॒—||०००००|—॒— Aparavaktra  
 paramamiti tato nṛpātmajastamṛṣijanām pratinaṁdyā niryayau |  
 ०००००|—॒—||०००००|—॒—  
 vidhivadanuvidhāya te 'pi tam praviviśurāśramiṇastapovanam || 7.58

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye tapovanapraveśo nāma saptamah sargah || 7 ||*

## Book VIII [Aṁtaḥpuravilāpo]

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— **Vamśastha**  
 tatasturaṅgāvacarāḥ sa durmanāstathā vanam bhartari nirmame gate |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 cakāra yatnam pathi śokavigrahe tathāpi caivāśru na tasya cikṣipe || 8.1

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— **Vamśastha**  
 yamekarātreṇa tu bharturājñayā jagāma mārgam saha tena vājinā |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 iyāya bharturviraḥam vicimtayamstameva paṁthānamahobhiraṣṭabhiḥ || 8.2

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— **Vamśastha**  
 hayaśca saujasvi cacāra kaṁthakastatāma bhāvena babhūva nirmadah |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 alamkṛtaścāpi tathaiva bhūṣaṇairabhūdgataśrīriva tena varjitaḥ || 8.3

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— **Vamśastha**  
 nivṛtya caivābhīmukhastapovanam bhṛśam jiheṣe karuṇam muhurmuhuḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 kṣudhānvito ’pyadhvani śāśpamam̄bu vā yathā purā nābhinanaṁda nādade || 8.4

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— **Vamśastha**  
 tato vihīnam kapilāhvayam puram mahātmānaḥ tena jagaddhitātmanā |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 krameṇa tau śūnyamivopajagmaturdivākareṇeva vinākṛtam nabhaḥ || 8.5

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— **Vamśastha**  
 sapumḍarīkairapi śobhitam jalairalāmṛtam puṣpadharairnagairapi |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tadeva tasyopavanam vanopamam gatapraharṣairna rarāja nāgaraiḥ || 8.6

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— **Vamśastha**  
 tato bhramadbhirdiśi dīnamānasairanujjvalairvāśphahatekṣaṇairnaraiḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 nivāryamāṇaviva tāvubhau puram śanairajahsnātamivābhijagmatuḥ || 8.7

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— **Vamśastha**  
 niśamya ca srastaśarīragāminau vināgatau śākyakularṣabheṇa tau |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 mumocā vāśpam pathi nāgaro janah purā rathe dāśaratherivāgate || 8.8

॥४९॥ वाम्शस्था  
atha bruvamितः samupetamanyavo janāḥ pathi cchamदकमागताश्रवाह ।  
॥५०॥  
kva rājaputraḥ kularāष्ट्रavardhano hṛtastvayāsāviti prṣṭhato 'nvayuh ॥ 8.9

॥५१॥ वाम्शस्था  
tataḥ sa tān bhaktimato 'bravījanānnareṁdraputram na parityajāmyaham ।  
॥५२॥  
rudannaham tena tu nirjane vane gṛhasthaveśāca visarjitāviti ॥ 8.10

॥५३॥ वाम्शस्था  
idaṁ vacastasya niśamya te janāḥ suduṣkaram khalviti niścayaṁ yayuh ।  
॥५४॥  
patadvijahruḥ salilam na netrajam mano niniṁduśca phalārthamātmanah ॥ 8.11

॥५५॥ वाम्शस्था  
athocuradyaiva viśāma tadvanam gataḥ sa yatra dviparājavikramah ।  
॥५६॥  
jījīviṣā nāsti hi tena no vinā yathemdriyāṇām vigame śarīriṇām ॥ 8.12

॥५७॥ वाम्शस्था  
idaṁ puram tena vivarjitaṁ vanam vanam ca tattena samanvitam puram ।  
॥५८॥  
na śobhate tena hi no vinā puram marutvatā vṛtravadhe yathā divam ॥ 8.13

॥५९॥ वाम्शस्था  
punaḥ kumāro vinivṛtta ityathau gavākṣamālāḥ pratipedire ṛṅganāḥ ।  
॥६०॥  
viviktaprṣṭham ca niśamya vājinam punargavākṣāṇi pidhāya cukruṣuh ॥ 8.14

॥६१॥ वाम्शस्था  
praviṣṭadīkṣastu sutopalabdhaye vratena śokena ca khinnamānasah ।  
॥६२॥  
jajāpa devāyatane narādhipaścakāra tāstāśca yathāśrayāḥ kriyāḥ ॥ 8.15

॥६३॥ वाम्शस्था  
tataḥ sa vāśpapratipūrṇalocanasturaṁgamādāya turamgamānasah ॥ 8.16  
॥६४॥  
viveśa śokābhīhato nrpālayam kṣayam vinīte ripuṇeva bhartari ॥

॥६५॥ वाम्शस्था  
vigāhamānaśca nareṁdramāṁdiram vilokayannaśruvahena cakṣuṣā ।  
॥६६॥  
svarena puṣṭena rurāva kaṁthako janāya duḥkham prativedayanniva ॥ 8.17

...-|-...-||...-|-...-||...-|-...- Vaṁśastha  
 vilambaveśyo malināṁśukāṁbarā niramjanairvāṣpahatekṣaṇairmukhaiḥ |  
 ...-|-...-||...-|-...-||...-|-...-<sup>1</sup>  
 striyo na rejurmṛjayā vinākṛtā divīva tārā rajanīksayārunāḥ || 8.21

——|-——|——||————|——|——|—— Vamśastha  
 araktatāmraiścaraṇairanūpurairakumḍalairārjavakarṇikairmukhaiḥ |  
 ——|-——|——|——||————|——|——|——  
 svabhāvapīnairjaghānairamekhalairrahārayoktrairmusitairiva stanaiḥ || 8.22

——|-——|——||——|-——|——||——|-—— Vamśastha  
 nirīkṣitā vāśpaparītalocanāṁ nirāśrayam chaīḍakamaśvameva ca |  
 ——|-——|——||——|-——|——||——|-——  
 vivarnavaktrā rurudurvarāmganā vanāṁtare gāva ivarsabhojjhitāḥ || 8.23

——|——|——||————|——|—— Vāṁśastha  
 hatatviśo 'nyāḥ śithilātmabāhvah striyo viṣādena vicetanā iva |  
 ——|——|——||————|——|——  
 na cukruśurnāśru jahurna śāśvasurna cetanā ullikhitā iva sthitāḥ || 8.25

<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *krsnā vivarnāmjanayā vinākrtā*, which would Indravamśā in line c.

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 adhīramanyāḥ patiśokamūrchitā vilocanaprasravaṇairmukhaiḥ striyah |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 siṣīmcire proṣitacāmādanān stanān dharādharaḥ prasravaṇairivopalān || 8.26

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 mukhaiśca tāsām nayanāmbutādītaiḥ rarāja tadrājaniveśanām tadā |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 navāmbukāle ḫmbudavṛṣṭīdītaiḥ sravajjalistāmarasairyathā saraḥ || 8.27

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 suvṛttapīnāṁgulibhirnirāṁtarairabhūṣaṇairgūḍhaśairvarāṅganāḥ |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 urāṁsi jaghnuḥ kamalopamaiḥ karaiḥ svapallavairvātacalā latā iva || 8.28

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 karaprahārapracaśaiśca tā babhuryathāpi nāryaḥ sahitonnataiḥ stanaiḥ |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 vanānilāghūrṇitapadmakāmpitaiḥ rathāṁganāmnām mithunairivāpagāḥ || 8.29

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 yathā ca vakṣāṁsi karairapīdayāṁstathaiva vakṣobhirapīdayan karān |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 akārayaṁstatra parasparam vyathāḥ karāgravakṣāṁsyabalā dayālasāḥ || 8.30

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 tatāstu roṣapraviraktalocanā viṣādaśaṁbaṁdhakaṣāyagadgadām |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 uvāca niḥsvāsacalatpayodharā vigādhaśokāśrudharā yaśodharā || 8.31

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 niśi prasuptāmavaśām vihāya māṁ gataḥ kva sa cchaṁdaka manmanorathaḥ |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 upāgate ca tvayi kaṁthake ca me samaṁ gateṣu triṣu kaṁpate manah || 8.32

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 anāryamasnidghamamittrakarma me nr̄śāṁsa kṛtvā kimihādyā rodīśi |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 niyaccha vāśpaṁ bhava tuṣṭamānaśo na saṁvadatyasyaśru ca tacca karma te || 8.33

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 priyeṇa vaśyena hitena sādhunā tvayā sahāyena yathārthakāriṇā |  
 —|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
 gato 'ryaputro hyapunarnivṛttaye ramasva diṣṭyā saphalaḥ śramastava || 8.34

॥४३॥ वाम्शस्था  
वराम् मनुष्यस्या विक्षणो रिपुर्ना मित्रमप्राज्ञमयोगपेशलम् ।  
सुहर्द्ब्रुवेणा ह्यविपास्ति त्वयाः कृताहु कुलस्यास्या महानुपप्लवाहु ॥ ८.३५

॥४६॥ वाम्शस्था  
इमाः हि शोक्या व्यवामुक्तभूषाणाहु प्रसक्तवाश्पाविलाक्तलोकनाहु ।  
स्थिते पि पत्याउ हिमावनमहिसमे प्राणाश्चोभाव विधवाव इवा स्त्रियाहु ॥ ८.३६

॥४७॥ वाम्शस्था  
इमास्ता विक्षिप्तवित्तामिकबाहवाहु प्रसक्तपारावतदीर्घनिष्वानाहु ।  
विनाकृतस्तेना सहाइवा रोधनाईर्भ्रामि रुदामतीवा विमानपाम्तयाहु ॥ ८.३७

॥४८॥ वाम्शस्था  
अनारथकामो द्वया जनस्या सर्वथाव तुराम्गमो पि ध्रुवामेषा काम्थकाहु ।  
जहारा सर्वास्वामितस्तथा हि मे जने प्रासुप्ते निशि रत्नामौरवत ॥ ८.३८

॥४९॥ वाम्शस्था  
यदाव समर्थहु क्षलु सोऽहुमागतानिष्प्राहारानपि किं पुनाहु काशाहु ।  
गताहु काशापात्तभयात् कथामि त्वयामि श्रियामि ग्रहित्वा हृदयामि च मे सामाम ॥ ८.३९

॥५०॥ वाम्शस्था  
अनार्याकर्माभ्रामद्या हेषाते नरेम्ब्रद्विष्यामि प्रतिपूरयान्निवा ।  
यदाव तु निर्वाहयाति स्मा मे प्रियामि तदाहु हि मुक्तुरागाधमो द्वयात ॥ ८.४०

॥५१॥ वाम्शस्था  
यदि ह्याहेष्याता बोधयान्जनामि खुराहु क्षिताव वाप्यकारिष्याता ध्वनिमि ।  
हनुस्वामि वाजनायिष्यादुत्तमामि नाकाम्भविष्यानमामि दुख्क्षमाद्राम ॥ ८.४१

॥५२॥ वाम्शस्था  
इतीहा देव्याहु परिदेविताश्रयामि निशम्या वाश्पग्रथिताक्षरामि वाचाहु ।  
अधोमुक्ताहु साश्रुकलाहु कृताम्जलिहु शनारिदामि चाम्दका उत्तरामि जगाहु ॥ ८.४२

॥५३॥ वाम्शस्था  
विगरहितमि नार्हसि देवि काम्थकामि नाकामि रोशामि मायि कर्तुमरहसि ।  
अनागसाउ स्वाहु समावेहि सर्वाशो गतो नर्देवाहु सा हि देवि देवावत ॥ ८.४३

॥४४॥ वाम्शस्था  
अहम् हि जनन्नपि राजाशासनं बलात्कृताह् कैरपि दावतारिवा ।  
उपानयाम् तुरुणमिमाम् तुरुणगमाम् तथान्वगाच्चाम् विगतार्षमो 'ध्वनि ॥ 8.44

॥४५॥ वाम्शस्था  
व्रजान्नयाम् वाजिवरो 'पि नास्प्रशान्महीम् खुराग्राईविधृतैरिवाम्तराः ।  
तथाइवा दावदिवा सम्यतानानो हनुस्वानाम् नाकृता नाप्याहेषात् ॥ 8.45

॥४६॥ वाम्शस्था  
यदावहिर्गच्छति पार्थिवात्मजास्तदाभवाद्वारामपावृताम् स्वयम् ।  
तामांस्का नाईमाम् रविनेवा पातिताम् ततो 'पि दावो विधिरेषा ग्र्ह्यताम् ॥ 8.46

॥४७॥ वाम्शस्था  
यदाप्रमात्तो 'पि नारेन्द्राशासनादग्र्हे पुरे चावा सहस्राशो जानाह् ।  
तदासा नाबुद्ध्याता निद्रयाह् हृतस्ततो 'पि दावो विधिरेषा ग्र्ह्यताम् ॥ 8.47

॥४८॥ वाम्शस्था  
यतांस्का वासो वानवासासाम्मताम् विस्त्रितामस्माई समये दिवाकसाः ।  
दिवि प्रविद्धाम् मुकुताम् च तद्धृताम् ततो 'पि दावो विधिरेषा ग्र्ह्यताम् ॥ 8.48

॥४९॥ वाम्शस्था  
तदेवमावाम् नारादेवि दोषात् नातप्रयाताम् प्रतिगाम्तुमर्हसि ।  
नाकामकारो मामा नास्या वाजिनाह् कृतानुयात्राह् सा हि दावतारिगताह् ॥ 8.49

॥५०॥ वाम्शस्था  
इति प्रयाणाम् बहुद्वावामध्वताम् निशम्या तास्तस्या महात्मानाह् स्त्रियाह् ।  
प्रनाष्टाशोकां इव विस्मयाम् यायुर्मानोज्वराम् प्रव्रजनात्तु लेभिरे ॥ 8.50

॥५१॥ वाम्शस्था  
विशादपारिप्लावलोकनां तताह् प्रनाष्टापोतां कुरारीवा दुःखिताः ।  
विहाया धौर्याम् विरुरावा गौतमी ततामा चावाश्रुमुक्तीं जगादा च ॥ 8.51

॥५२॥ वाम्शस्था  
महोर्मिमाम्तो मृदावो 'सिताह् शुभाह् प्रथक्प्रथग्मूलारुहाह् समुदगताह् ।  
प्राचेरितास्ते भुवि तस्या मुर्द्धजाह् नारेन्द्रामूलिपरिवेष्टनाक्षमाह् ॥ 8.52

——|-——|——||——|-——|——— Vanśastha  
 pralaṁbabāhurmṛgarājavikramo mahārṣabhbhākṣah kanakojvaladyutih |  
 ——|-——|——||——|-——|———  
 viśālavaksā ghanaduṁdubhisvanasthāvidho ‘pyāśramavāsamarhati || 8.53

——|——|——||——|——|—— Vanśastha  
 sujātajālāvatatāmgulī mṛdū nigūḍhagulphau viṣapuṣpakomala० |  
 ——|——|——||——|——|——  
 vanāmītabhūmīm kaṭhinām kathām nu tau sacakramadhyau caraṇau gamiṣyataḥ ||  
 8.55

——|——|——||——|——|—— Vamśastha  
 vimānapṛṣṭhe śayanāsanocitam mahārhavastrāgurucāmāndārcitam |  
 ——|——|——|——||——|——|——  
 katham nu śītosnajalāgameśu taccharīramojasvi vane bhavisyati || 8.56

——|-——||————|—— Vaṁśastha  
 kulena sattvena balena varcasā śrutena lakṣmyā vayasā ca garvitah |  
 ——|-——||————|——  
 pradātumevābhyaudito na yācitum katham sa bhiksām parataścariṣyati || 8.57

— — | — — | — — || — — | — — | — — — Vaiñśatha  
 imāṁ vilāpaṁ karuṇāṁ niśamya tā bhujaiḥ pariṣvajya parasparam striyah |  
 — — | — — | — — || — — | — — | — — —  
 vilocenebhyaḥ salilāni tatyajurmadhūni puṣpebhya iveritā latāḥ || 8.59

उ॒-॑-॒॒॑-॒॒॒-॥॒॑-॒॒॑-॒॒॒- Vamśastha  
 tato dharāyāmapatadyaśodharā vicakravākeva rathāṁgasāhvayā ।  
 उ॒-॑-॒॒॑-॒॒॒-॥॒॑-॒॒॑-॒॒॒-  
 śanaiśca tattadvilalāpa viklavā muhurmuhurgadgadaruddhayā girā ॥ 8.60

——|——|——||——|——|—— Vamśastha  
 sa māmanāthām sahadharmacāriṇīmapāsy dharmaṁ yadi kartumicchatī |  
 ——|——|——||——|——|——  
 kuto 'syā dharmāḥ sahadharmacāriṇīm vinā tapo yaḥ paribhoktumicchatī || 8.61

—-|-—|—||—|—|— Vaṁśastha  
 śṝnoti nūnam sa na pūrvapārthivān mahāsudarśaprabhṛtīn pitāmahān |  
 —-|-—|—||—|—|— vanāni patnīsahitānupeyüşastathā sa dharmām madṛte cikīrṣati || 8.62

——|——|——||——|——|——|—— **Vaṁśastha**  
 makheṣu vā vedavidhānasamāskṛtau na dāmpatī paśyati dīkṣitāvubhau |  
 ——|——|——||——|——|——|——  
 samām bubhuksū parato ’pi tatphalam tato ’sya jāto mayi dharmamatsarah || 8.63

——|-——|——||——|-——|——|—— Vāṁśastha  
 dhruvam̄ sa jānan mama dharmavallabho manah̄ priye ’pyākalahaṁ muhurmithah̄  
 ——|-——|——||——|-——|——|——  
 sukham̄ vibhb̄īrmāmapahāya rosañāṁ mahēñdraloke ’psaraso jighṛksati || 8.64

——|-——|——||————|——|—— Vamśastha  
 na khalviyāṁ svargasukhāya me sprhā na tajjanasyātmavato 'pi durlabham |  
 ——|-——|——||————|——|——  
 sa tu priyo māmiha vā paratra vā kathāṁ na jahyāditi me manorathah || 8.66

——|-——|——||——|-——|——|-—— Vaṁśastha  
 abhāginī yadyahamāyatekṣaṇāṁ śucismitāṁ bharturudīkṣitum mukham |  
 ——|-——|——||——|-——|——|-——  
 na māmdbhāgyo 'rhati rāhulo 'pyayam kadācidāmke parivartitum pituh || 8.67

——|-——|——||——|-——|——|—— Vaṁśastha  
 mamāpi kāmam hṛdayam sudāruṇam śilāmayam vāpyayasāpi vā kṛtam |  
 ——|-——|——||——|-——|——|——  
 anāthavacchrīrahite sukhocite vanam gate bhartari yanna dīryate || 8.69

——|——|——||——|——|——|—— Vamśastha  
 tatastathā śokavilāpaviklavāṁ yaśodharāṁ prekṣya vasuṁdharāgatām |  
 ——|——|——||——|——|——|——  
 mahāravimdaɪriva vṛṣṭitādītairmukhaiḥ savāspairvanitā vicukruśuh || 8.71

niśāmya ca cchamda kakaṁthakāvubhau sutasya samśrutya ca niścayam sthiram |  
 papāta śokābhīhato mahīpatih śacīpatervṛtta ivotsave dhvajaḥ || 8.73

——|-——|——||————|——|——|—— Vamśastha  
 tato muhūrtam sutāśokamohito janena tulyābhijanena dhāritah |  
 ——|-——|——||————|——|——|——  
 nirīkṣya drṣṭyā jalapūrṇayā hayāṁ mahītaļastho vilalāpa pārthivāḥ || 8.74

——|——|——||——|——|——— Vanśastha  
 bahūni kṛtvā samare priyāṇi me mahattvayā kamthaka vipriyāṁ kṛtam |  
 ——|——|——||——|——|———  
 guṇapriyo yena vane sa me priyah priyo ’pi sannapriyavat praceritah || 8.75

——|——|——||——|——|—— Vamśastha  
 tadadya mām vā naya tatra yatra sa vraja drutam vā punarenamānaya |  
 ——|——|——||——|——|——  
 rte hi tasmānmama nāsti jīvitam vigādharogasya sadauṣadhbādiva || 8.76

——|-——|——||————|——|—— Vamśastha  
 suvarṇaniṣṭhīvini mr̥tyunā hr̥te suduṣkaram yanna mamāra sṛmjayah |  
 ——|-——|——||————|——|——  
 aham punardharmaratau sute gate 'mumukṣurātmānamānātmavāniva || 8.77

vibhordaśakṣatrakṛtah prajāpateḥ parāparajñasya vivasvadātmanah |  
 priyena putreṇa satā vinākṛtam katham na muhyeddhi mano manorapi || 8.78

॥८०॥ Vaṁśastha  
 pracakṣva me bhadra tadāśramājiram hṛtastvayā yatra sa me jalāmjaliḥ |  
 ॥८१॥  
 ime parīpsamti hi te pipāsavo mamāsavaḥ pretagatim yiyāsavaḥ || 8.80

॥८२॥ Puṣpitāgrā  
 iti tanayaviyogajātaduḥkham kṣitisadṛśam sahajam vihāya dhairyam |  
 ॥८३॥  
 daśaratha iva rāmaśokavaśyo bahu vilalāpa nṛpo visamjñakalpaḥ || 8.81

॥८४॥ Puṣpitāgrā  
 śrūtavinayaguṇānvitastatastam matisacivah pravayāḥ purohitaśca |  
 ॥८५॥  
 avadhṛtamidamūcaturyathāvanna ca paritaptamukhau na cāpyaśokau || 8.82

॥८६॥ Puṣpitāgrā  
 tyaja naravara śokamehi dhairyam kudhṛtirivārhasi dhīra nāśru moktum |  
 ॥८७॥  
 srajamiva mr̥ditāmapāsyā lakṣmīm bhuvi bahavo hi nṛpā vanānyatīyuḥ || 8.83

॥८८॥ Puṣpitāgrā  
 api ca niyata eṣa tasya bhāvah smara vacanam tadṛṣeh purāsitasaya |  
 ॥८९॥  
 na hi sa divi na cakravartirājye kṣaṇamapi vāsayitum sukhena śakyah || 8.84

॥९०॥ Puṣpitāgrā  
 yadi tu nṛvara kārya eva yatnastvaritamudāhara yāvadatra yāvah |  
 ॥९१॥  
 bahuvidhamiha yuddhamastu tāvattava tanayasya vidheśca tasya tasya || 8.85

॥९२॥ Puṣpitāgrā  
 narapatiratha tau śāśāsa tasmāddruttamita eva yuvāmabhiprayātam |  
 ॥९३॥  
 na hi mama hr̥dayam prayati śāṁtiṁ vanaśakuneriva putralālasasya || 8.86

॥९४॥ Puṣpitāgrā  
 paramamiti nareṁdraśāsanāttau yayaturamātyapurohitau vanam tat |  
 ॥९५॥  
 kṛtamiti savadhūjanah sadāro nṛpatirapi pracakāra śeṣakāryam || 8.87

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye 'ṁtaḥpuravilāpo nāmāṣṭamaḥ sargaḥ || 8 ||*

## Book IX [Kumārānveṣaṇo]

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 tatastādā marītripurohitau tau vāśapraprātādābhīhatau nr̄peṇa |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 viddhau sadaśvāviva sarvayatnātsauhārdaśīghraṁ yayaturvanam tat || 9.1

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Premā)  
 tamāśramam jātāpariśramau tāvupetya kāle sadṛśānuyātrau |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 rājardddhimutsṛjya vinītaceṣṭāvupreyaturbhārgavadvadhiṣṇyameva || 9.2

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tau nyāyatastām pratipūjya vipram tenārcitau tāvapi cānurūpam |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 kṛtāsanau bhārgavamāsanastham chittvā kathāmūcaturātmakṛtyam || 9.3

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 suddhaujasah śuddhaviśālakīrterikṣvākuvamśaprabhavasya rājñah |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 imām janām vettu bhavānadhīram śrutagrahe māmtraparigrahe ca || 9.4

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tasyemdrakalpasya jayamītakalpaḥ putro jarāmr̄tyubhayam titīrṣuh |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 ihābhypetaḥ kila tasya hetorāvāmupetau bhagavānavaitu || 9.5

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tau so ’bravīdasti sa dīrghabāhuḥ prāptaḥ kumāro na tu nāvabuddhaḥ |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 dharmo ’yamāvartaka ityavetya yātastvarāḍābhimukho mumukṣuh || 9.6

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tasmāttastāvupalabhyā tattvam tam vipramāmāmītya tadaiva sadyaḥ |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 khinnāvakhinnāviva rājaputraḥ prasasratustena yataḥ sa yātaḥ || 9.7

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 yāmītau tatastau srjayā vihīnamapaśyatām tam vapuṣā jvalamītam |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 nr̄popaviṣṭam pathi vṛkṣamūle sūryam ghanābhogamiva praviṣṭam || 9.8

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 yānaṁ vihāyopayayau tatastam purohito māṁtradhareṇa sārdham |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 yathā vanastham sahavāmadevo rāmam didṛkṣurmuniraurvaśeyah || 9.9

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 tāvarcayāmāsaturarhatastam divīva śukrāmgirasau maheṁdram |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 pratycayāmāsa sa cārhatastau divīva śukrāmgirasau maheṁdraḥ || 9.10

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 kṛtābhyanujñāvabhitastatastau niśidatuḥ śākyakuladhvajasya |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 virejatustasya ca saṁnikarṣe punarvasū yogagatāviveṁdoḥ || 9.11

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 tam vṛkṣamūlasthamabhijvalamtaṁ purohito rājasutam babbhāṣe |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 yathopaviṣṭam divi pārijāte vṛhaspatih śakrasutam jayaṁtam || 9.12

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tvacchokaśalye hṛdayāvagāḍhe moham gato bhūmitale muhūrtam |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kumāra rājā nayanāṁbuvarśo yattvāmavocattadidam nibodha || 9.13

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 jānāmi dharmam prati niścayaṁ te paraimi te 'cyāvinametamartham |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 ahaṁ tvakāle vanasaṁśrayatte śokāgnināgnipratimena dahye || 9.14

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 tadehi dharmapriya matpriyārtham dharmārthameva tyaja buddhimetam |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 ayaṁ hi mā śokarayah pravṛddho nadīrayah kūlamivābhīhamti || 9.15

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 meghāṁbukakṣādriṣu yā hi vṛttih samīraṇārkāgnimahāśanīnām |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 tām vṛttimasmaśu karoti śoko vikarṣaṇocchoṣaṇadāhabhedaiḥ || 9.16

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tadbhūmkṣva tāvadvasudhādhipatyam kāle vanam yāsyasi śāstradṛṣṭe |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 aniṣṭabaṁdhau kuru māpyupekṣam sarveṣu bhūteṣu dayā hi dharmah || 9.17

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Premā)  
 na caiṣa dharmo vana eva siddhah̄ pure ’pi siddhirniyatā yatīnām |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 buddhiśca yatnaśca nimittamatra vanam̄ ca liṅgam̄ ca hi bhīrucihnam̄ || 9.18

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 maulīdhara irāmsaviṣaktahāraiḥ keyūraviṣṭabdhahabhuairnaremdraiḥ<sup>1</sup> |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 lakṣmyam̄ kamadhye parivartamānaiḥ prāpto gṛhasthairapi mokṣadharmaḥ || 9.19

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁśī)  
 dhruvānujau yau balivajrabāhū vaibhṛājamāśāḍhamathāmītidevam |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 videharājam̄ janakam̄ tathaiva pākadrumam̄ senajitaśca rājñāḥ || 9.20

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 etān gṛhasthān nṛpatīnavehi naiḥśreyase dharmavidhau vinītān |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 ubhe ’pi tasmādyugapadbhajasva cittādhipatyam̄ ca nṛpaśriyam̄ ca || 9.21

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 icchāmi hi tvāmupaguhya gāḍham̄ kṛtābhisekam̄ salilārdrameva |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 dhṛtātapatram̄ samudīkṣamāṇastenaiva harṣena vanam̄ praveṣṭum || 9.22

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ityabravīdbhūmipatirbhavaṁtam̄ vākyena vāśpagrathitākṣareṇa |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 śrutvā bhavānarhati tatpriyārtham̄ snehena tatsnehamanuprayātum || 9.23

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 śokāmbhasi tvatprabhave hyagādhe duḥkhārṇave majjati śākyarājaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tasmāttamuttāraya nāthahīnām̄ nirāśrayam̄ magnamivārṇave gām || 9.24

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 bhīṣmeṇa gaṁgodarasāmbhavena rāmeṇa rāmeṇa ca bhārgaveṇa |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 śrutvā kṛtam̄ karma pituḥ priyārtham̄ pitustvamapyarhasi kartumiṣṭam || 9.25

<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *keyūraviṣṭabdhasrajair*, which means we would have to understand - *sr-* as not making position, which goes against the Aśvaghoṣa's normal prosody.

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajati (Buddhi)  
 samvardhayitrīm ca samehi devīmagastyajuṣṭām diśamaprayātām |  
 —०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
 pranaṣṭavatsāmīva vatsalām gāmajasramārttām karuṇām rudaṁtīm <sup>1</sup> || 9.26

--॒|--॒|---||--॒|॒॒|॒॒ Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 hamṣena hamśīmiva viprayuktāṁ tyaktāṁ gajeneva vane kareṇum |  
 --॒|--॒|---||--॒|॒॒|॒॒  
 ärttāṁ sanāthāmapi nāthahināṁ trātum vadhvūmarhasi darśanena || 9.27

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ekaṁ sutam bālamanarhaduḥkham saṁtāpam antargatam udvahantam<sup>2</sup> |  
 —०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
 tam rāhulam mokṣaya barindhuśokād rāhūpasargādiva pūrnacaiñdram || 9.28

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 śokāgninā tvadviraheṁdhanena nihśvāsadhūmena tamahśikhena |  
 —०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
 tvaddarśanāyarchati dahyamānah so ’ṁtahpurāṁ caiva purām ca krtsnam || 9.29

- - - - - || - - - - - Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 sa bodhisattvah paripūrṇasattvah śrutvā vacastasya purohitasya |  
 - - - - - || - - - - -  
 dhyātvā muhūrtam gunavadgunaijnah pratyuttaram praśritamityuvāca || 9.30

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 draṣṭum priyam kah svajanam hi necchennāsau yadi syātpriyaviprayogah |  
 —०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
 vadā tu bhūtyāpi bhavedvivogastato gurum snigdhamapi tyajāmi || 9.32

—॒—।—॒—।—॒—॥—॒—।—॒—।—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 maddhetukam yattu narādhipasya śokam bhavānarhati na priyam me |  
 —॒—।—॒—।—॒—॥—॒—।—॒—।—॒—  
 vatsvapnabhūtesu samāgamesu saṁtavyate bhāvini vīpravayogaih || 9.33

<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *kalitum na cārhasi*, which would give Varmśastha. This is not impossible in Upāīti verses; but it goes against Aśvaghosa's normal prosody.

<sup>2</sup> Cowell's edition is corrupt here, he reads: *samītāpasamītaptā [.. . . . .]*

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 evam ca te niścayametu buddhirdṛṣṭvā vicitram vividhapracāram |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 saṁtāpaheturna suto na baṁdhurajñānanaimittika eṣa tāpah || 9.34

०--०|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Haṁsī)  
 yadādhvagānāmiva samgatānām kāle viyogo niyataḥ prajānām |  
 ०--०|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 prājñō janaḥ ko nu bhajeta śokaṁ baṁdhupriyah sannapi baṁdhuhīnah || 9.35

०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०-- Upajāti (Mālā)  
 ihafti hitvā svajanaṁ paratra pralabhyā cehāpi punaḥ prayāti |  
 ०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०--  
 gatvāpi tatrāpyaparatra gacchetyevam jano yogini ko 'nurodhaḥ || 9.36

०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०-- Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 yadā ca garbhātprabhṛti pravṛttah sarvāsv avasthāsu vadhbāya mṛtyuh<sup>1</sup> |  
 ०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०--  
 kasmādakāle vanasamāśrayam me putrapriyastatra bhavān avocat || 9.37

०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०-- Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 bhavatyakālo viśayābhipattau kālastathaivābhividhau pradiṣṭah | 9.38  
 ०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०--  
 kālo jagatkarṣati sarvakālānarcārhake śreyasi sarvakālaḥ ||

०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०-- Upajāti (Māyā)  
 rājyam mumukṣurmayi yaccā rājā tadapyudāram sadṛśam pituśca |  
 ०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०--  
 pratigrahītum mama na kṣamam tu lobhādapathyānnamivāturasya || 9.39

०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०-- Upajāti (Premā)  
 katham nu mohāyatanaṁ nṛpatvam kṣamam prapattum viduṣā nareṇa |  
 ०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०--  
 sodvegatā yatra madaḥ śramaśca paropacāreṇa ca dharmapīḍā || 9.40

०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०-- Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 jāmbūnadam harmyamiva pradīptam viṣeṇa saṁyuktamivottamānnam |  
 ०--०|००|०--||०--०|००|०--  
 grāhākulam cāmbviva sāravindam rāyam hi ramyam vyasanāśrayam ca<sup>2</sup> || 9.41

<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition is corrupt here, he reads: *yadā ca garbhātprabhṛti prajānām vadhbāya [...] nubadhāya mṛtyuh.*

<sup>2</sup> Cowell's edition is corrupt here, he reads: *grāhākulam ca sthitam [...] ramyam vyasanāśrayam ca.* The following verses written in *italics* are missing in Cowell's edition and are supplied from Johnson's edition.

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ittham ca rājyam na sukham na dharmaḥ pūrve yathā jātaghrṇā nareindrāḥ |  
 —०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
 vayahprakarṣe 'parihāryaduḥkhe rājyāni muktvā vanameva jagmuḥ || 9.42

— — | — — | — — || — — | — — | — — Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 ślāghyam hi rājyāni vihāya rājñām dharmābhilāṣeṇa vanam praveṣṭum |  
 — — | — — | — — || — — | — — | — —  
 bhagnapratijñasya na tūpapannam vanam parityajya grham praveṣṭum || 9.44

—०—|—००—|—०—॥—०—|—००—|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
*jātaḥ kule ko hi naraḥ sasattvo dharmābhilāṣeṇa vanam praviṣṭaḥ |*  
 —०—|—००—|—०—॥०—०—|—००—|—०—  
*kāṣāyamutṣrjya vimuktalajjaḥ puramdarasyāpi puram śrayeta || 9.45*

—०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yaśca pradīptāccharaṇāt kathaṁcinniṣkramya bhūyah praviśettadeva |  
 —०—|—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—|—०—  
 gārhasthyamutsṛjya sa drṣṭadoṣo mohena bhūyo 'bhilasedgrahītum || 9.47

—०—|—००—|—०—||—०—|—००—|—०— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 yā ca śrutirmokṣamavāptavanto nṛpā grhasthā iti naitadasti |  
 —०—|—००—|—०—||—०—|—००—|—०—  
 śamapradhānah kva ca moksadharmo daṁdapradhānah kva ca rājadharmaḥ || 9.48

--०-०००-००-॥०-०००-०००-००- Upajāti (Bālā)  
*tanniścayādvā vasudhādhipāste rājyāni muktvā śamamāptavamītaḥ |*  
--०-०००-००-॥०-०००-०००-००-  
*rājyāmītā vā nibhṛtendriyatvādanaisthike moksakrtābhimānāḥ || 9.50*

--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥ Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 teṣāṁ ca rājye 'stu śamo yathāvatprāpto vanam nāhamaniścayena |  
 --॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥  
 chittvā hi pāśam grhabamdhusamjñam muktah punarna pravivikṣurasmī || 9.51

--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥ Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ityātmavijñānaguṇānurūpam muktaspr̥haṁ hetumadūrjitam ca |  
 --॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥  
 śrutvā naremdrātmajamuktavantam pratyuttaram māmtradharo 'pyuvāca || 9.42  
 (9.52)

--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥ Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yo niścayo māmtravarastavāyam nāyam na yukto na tu kālayuktaḥ |  
 --॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥  
 śokāya hitvā pitaram vayaḥsthaṁ syāddharmakāmasya hi te na dharmah || 9.43  
 (9.53)

--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥ Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 nūnam ca buddhistava nātisūkṣmā dharmārthakāmeśvavicaksanā vā |  
 --॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥  
 hetoradr̥ṣṭasya phalasya yastvam pratyakṣamartham paribhūya yāsi || 9. 44 (9.54)

॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥ Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 punarbhavo 'stī ca kecidāhurnāstīti kecinniyatapratijñāḥ |  
 --॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥  
 evam yadā saṁśayito 'yamarthastasmāt kṣamaṁ bhoktumupasthitā śrīḥ || 9.45 (9.55)

--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥ Upajāti (Sālā)  
 bhūyah pravṛttiryadi kācidasti raṁsyāmahe tatra yathopapattau |  
 --॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥  
 atha pravṛttiḥ parato na kācitsiddho 'prayatnājjagato 'sya mokṣah || 9.46 (9.56)

--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥ Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 astīti kecitparalokamāhurmokṣasya yogam na tu varṇayamti |  
 --॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥  
 agneryathā hyuṣṇamapām dravatvam tadvatpravṛttau prakṛtim vadamti || 9.47 (9.57)

--॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥ Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 kecitsvabhāvāditi varṇayamti śubhāśubham caiva bhavābhavau ca |  
 --॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥॒॒॒॒॒॒॑॑॥  
 svābhāvikam sarvamidam ca yasmādato 'pi mogho bhavati prayatnah || 9.48 (9.58)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 yadimdriyāñām niyataḥ pracāraḥ priyāpriyatvām viṣayeśu caiva |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 samyujyate yajjarayārttibhiśca kastatra yatno nanu sa svabhāvah || 9.49 (9.59)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 adbhirhutāśah śamamabhyupaiti tejāṁsi cāpo gamayaṁti śoṣam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 bhinnāni bhūtāni śarīrasamsthānyaikyām ca dattvā jagadudvahamīti || 9.50 (9.60)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 yatpānipādodarapṛṣṭhamūrdhnā nirvartate garbhagatasya bhāvah |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 yadātmānastasya ca tena yogaḥ svābhāvikam tatkathayamīti tajjñāḥ || 9.51 (9.61)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 kaḥ kaṁṭakasya prakaroti taikṣṇyām vicitrabhāvām mṛgapakṣinām vā |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 svabhāvataḥ sarvamidam pravṛttam na kāmakāro 'sti kutaḥ prayatnah || 9.52 (9.62)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 sargam vadaṁtiśvaratastathānye tatra prayatne puruṣaḥ ko 'rthaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 ya eva heturjagataḥ pravṛttau heturnivṛttau niyataḥ sa eva || 9.53 (9.63)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kecidvadaṁtyātmānimitameva prādurbhavaṁ caiva bhavakṣayaṁ ca |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 prādurbhavaṁ tu pravadaṁtyayatnādyatnena mokṣādhigamaṁ bruvaṁti || 9.54  
 (9.64)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 naraḥ pitṛṇāmanṛṇaḥ prajābhīrvedairṛṣīṇām kratubhiḥ surānām |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 utpadyate sārdhamṛṇaistribhistairyasyāsti mokṣaḥ kila tasya mokṣaḥ || 9.55 (9.65)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 ityevametena vidhikrameṇa mokṣam sayatnasya vadaṁti tajjñāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 prayatnavamīto 'pi hi vīkrameṇa mumukṣavaḥ khedamavāpnuvamīti || 9.56 (9.66)

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tatsaumya mokṣe yadi bhaktirasti nyāyena sevasva vidhim yathoktam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 evam bhaviṣyatupapattirasya saṁtāpanāśaśca narādhipasya || 9.57 (9.67)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 yā ca pravṛttā bhavadoṣabuddhistapovanebhyo bhavanam̄ praveṣṭum |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tatrāpi cimtā tava tāta mā bhūt pūrve 'pi jagmuḥ svagṛham̄ vanebhyah || 9.58 (9.68)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 tapovanastho 'pi vṛtaḥ prajābhīrjagāma rājā puramaṁbarīṣah |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tathā mahīm̄ viprakṛtāmanāryaistapovanādetya rarakṣa rāmaḥ || 9.59 (9.69)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 tathaiva śalvādhipatirdrumākṣo vanātsasūnuḥ svapuraṁ praviśya |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 brahmaṛṣibhūtaśca munervaśiṣṭhāddadhre śriyam̄ sāmkṛtirāmtidevaḥ || 9.60 (9.70)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 evaṁvidhā dharmayaśahpradīptā vanāni hitvā bhavanānyabhīyuḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tasmānna doṣo 'sti gṛham̄ praveṣṭum̄ tapovanāddharmanimittameva || 9.61 (9.71)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 tato vacastasya niśamya maṁtriṇaḥ priyam̄ hitam̄ caiva nṛpasya cakṣuṣaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 anūnamavyastamasaktamadrutam̄ dhṛtau sthito rājasuto 'bravīdvacāḥ || 9.62 (9.72)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 ihāsti nāstīti ya eṣa saṁśayāḥ parasya vākyairna mamātra niścayaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 avetya tattvam̄ tapasā śamena vā svayaṁ grahīṣyāmi yadatra niścitam || 9.63 (9.73)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 na me kṣamam̄ saṁgaśataṁ hi darśanam̄ grahītumavyaktaparam̄ parāhatam |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 buddhaḥ parapratyayato hi ko vrajejjano 'ṁdhakāre 'ṁdhā ivāṁdhadeśitāḥ || 9.64  
 (9.74)

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 adr̄ṣṭatattvasya sato 'pi kiṁ tu me śubhāśubhe saṁśayite śubhe matiḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 vṛthāpi khedo 'pi varam̄ śubhātmanaḥ sukham̄ na tattve 'pi vigarhitātmanaḥ || 9.65  
 (9.75)

——|-——|——||————|——|—— Vaṁśastha  
 tadevamapyeva ravirmahīm patedapi sthiratvam himavān giristyajet |  
 ——|-——|——||————|——|——  
 adr̥ṣṭatattvo viṣayonmukheṁdriyāḥ śrayeya na tveva gr̥hān prthagjanaḥ || 9.68 (9.78)

——|-——|——||————|——|——|—— Vāṁśastha  
 ahaṁ viśeyam jvalitam hutāśanam na cākṛtārthaḥ praviśeyamālayam |  
 ——|-——|——|——|——|——|——|——  
 iti pratīñām sa cakāra garvito yatheṣṭamutthāya ca nirmamo yayau || 9.69 (9.79)

—— ○○○—○— || —, ○○○○—○— Praharṣīṇī  
 tatsneḥādatha nṛpateśca bhaktitastau sāpekṣam̄ pratiyayatuśca tasthatuśca |  
 ——, ○○○—○— || —, ○○○○—○—  
 durdharaśam̄ ravimiva dīptamātmabhāsā tam draṣṭum na hi pathi śekaturna moktum  
 || 9.71 (9.81)

—,——||—,—— Praharṣīṇī  
tau jñātum paramagatergatim tu tasya pracchannāṁścarapuruṣāñchucīn vidhāya |  
—,——||—,——  
rājānām priyasatalālasām nu gatvā drakṣyāvah kathamiti jagmatuh kathamcit || 9.72  
(9.82)

*iti śribuddhacarite mahākāvye kumārānvesano nāma navamah sargah || 9 ||*

## Book X [Śreṇyābhigamano]

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 sa rājavatsah pṛthupīnavakṣṭau havyamāṁtrādhikṛtau vihāya |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 uttīrya gaṁgāṁ pracaṁtaraṁgāṁ śrīmadgṛham rājagṛham jagāma || 10.1

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 śailaiḥ suguptam ca vibhūṣitam ca dhṛtam ca pūtam ca śivāstapodaiḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 paṁcācalāṁkām nagaram prapede sāṁtaḥ svayaṁbhūriva nākapṛṣṭham || 10.2

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 gāṁbhīryamojaśca niśāmya tasya vapusca dīptam puruṣānatītya |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 visismiye tatra janastadānīṁ sthānuvratasyeva vr̥ṣadhvajasya || 10.3

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tam prekṣya yo 'nyena yayau sa tasthau yaścātra tasthau pathi so 'nvagacchat |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 drutam yayau yaṁ sadayam sadhīram yaḥ kaścidāste sma sa cotpapāta || 10.4

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kaścittamānarca janaḥ karābhyaṁ satkṛtya kaścicchirasā vavamde |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 snigdhena kaścidvacasābhyanāṁdannaivam jagāmāpratipūjya kaścit || 10.5

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 tam jihriyuh prekṣya vicitravesāḥ prakīrṇavācaḥ pathi maunamīyuh |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 dharmasya sākṣādiva samñikarṣānna kaścidanyāyamatirbabhūva || 10.6

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 anyakriyāñāmapi rājamārge strīñām nr̥ṇām vā bahumānapūrvam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tadeva kalpam naradevasūtram nirīkṣamāṇā na tu tasya dṛṣṭih || 10.7

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 bhruvau lalāṭam mukhamīkṣaṇam vā vapuh karau vā caraṇau gatim vā |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 yadeva yastasya dadarśa tatra tadeva tasyānubabāmdha cakṣuh || 10.8

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 dr̥ṣṭvā śubhorṇabhruvamāyatākṣam jvalaccharīram śubhajālahastam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tam bhikṣuveśam kṣitipālanārham saṁcukṣubhe rājagṛhasya lakṣmīḥ || 10.9

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 śreṇyo ’tha bhartā magadhājirasya vāhyādvimānādvipulam janaugham |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 dadarśa papraccha ca tasya hetum tatastamasmai puruṣah śāśamīsa || 10.10

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 jñānaṁ param vā pṛthivīśriyam vā viprairyu ukto ’dhigamisyatīti |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 sa eva śākyādhipatestanūjo nirīkṣyate pravrajito janena || 10.11

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 tataḥ śrutārtho manasā gatārtho rājā babhāṣe puruṣam tameva |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 vijñāyatām kva pratigacchatīti tathetyathainam puruṣo ’nvagacchat || 10.12

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Upendravajrā)  
 alolacakṣuryugamātradarśī nivṛttavāgyamāntritamāndagāmī |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 cacāra bhikṣam sa tu bhikṣuvaryo nidhāya gātrāṇi calam ca cetaḥ || 10.13

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 ādāya bhaikṣam ca yathopapannam yayau gireḥ prasravaṇam viviktam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 nyāyena tatrābhyanvahṛtya cainanmahīdharam pāṁḍavamāruroha || 10.14

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 tasminvane lodhravanopagūḍhe mayūranādapratipūrṇakumje |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 kāṣayavāsah sa babbau nṛṣūryo yathodayasyopari bālasūryah || 10.15

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tatraivamālokyā sa rājabhṛtyah śreṇyāya rājñe kathayām cakāra |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 saṁśrutyā rājā sa ca bāhumānyāttatra pratasthe nibhṛtānu�ātrah || 10.16

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 sa pāṁḍavam pāṁḍavatulyavīryah śailottamaṁ śailasamānavarṣmā |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 maulīdharaḥ simhagatirnṛsimhaścalatsaṭah simha ivāruroha || 10.17

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 calasya tasyopari śrīmgabhbūtam śāmtemdriyam paśyati bodhisattvam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 paryamkamāsthāya virocāmānam śāśāmkamudyaṁtamivābhṛakūṭāt || 10.18

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 tam rūpalakṣmyā ca śameṇa caiva dharmasya nirmāṇamivopadiṣṭam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 savismayaḥ praśrayavān nareṁdraḥ svayambhuvaṁ śakra ivopatasthe || 10.19

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 taṁ nyāyato nyāyavatāṁ variṣṭhaḥ sametya papraccha ca dhātusāmyam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 sa cāpyavocatsadṛṣṇa sāmnā nṛpam manahsvāsthyamanāmayam ca || 10.20

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 tataḥ śucau vāraṇakarṇanile śilātale ’sau niṣasāda rājā |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 nṛpopaviśyānumataśca tasya bhāvam vijijñāsuridam babhāṣe || 10.21

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 prītiḥ parā me bhavataḥ kulena kramāgatā caiva parīkṣitā ca |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 jātā vivakṣā suta yā yato me tasmādidam snehavaco nibodha || 10.22

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 ādityapūrvam vipulaṁ kulaṁ te navam vayo dīptamidaṁ vapusca |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 kasmādiyam te matirakrameṇa bhaikṣāka evābhīratā na rājye || 10.23

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 gātram hi te lohitacāmāndanārham kāṣāyasaṁśleṣamanarhametat |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 hastaḥ prajāpālanayoga eṣa bhoktum na cārhaḥ paradattamannam || 10.24

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tatsaumya rājyam yadi paitṛkam tvam snehātpiturnecchasi vikrameṇa |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 na ca kṣamaṁ marṣayitum matiste bhuktvārdhamasmadviṣayasya sīghram || 10.25

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 evam hi na syātsvajanāvamardaḥ kālakrameṇāpi śamaśrayā śrīḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tasmātkuruṣva praṇayam mayi tvam sadbhiḥ sahīyā hi satām samṛddhiḥ || 10.26

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 atha tvidānīm kulagarvitavādasmāsu viśrambhaguṇo na te 'sti |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 vyūhānyanekāni vigāhya vāṇairmayā sahāyena parāñjigīṣa || 10.27

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tadbuddhimatrānyatarāṁ vṛṇīṣva dharmārthakāmān vidhivadbhajasva |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 vyat�asya rāgādi ha hi trivargam pretyeha vibhramśamavāpnuvāmī || 10.28

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yo hyarthadharmau paripīḍya kāmaḥ syāddharmakāmye paribhūya cārthaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 kāmārthayoścoparamēṇa dharmastyājyaḥ sa kṛtsno yadi kāmksitārthaḥ || 10.29

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tasmāttrivargasya niṣevaṇena tvāṁ rūpametatsaphalam kuruṣva |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 dharmārthakāmādhigamāṁ hyanūnāṁ nṛṇāmanūnāṁ puruṣārthamāhuḥ || 10.30

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tanniṣphalau nārhasi kartumetau pīnau bhujau cāpavikarṣaṇārhau |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 māṁdhātṛvajjetumimau hi yogyau lokāni hi trīṇi hi kiṁ punargām || 10.31

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 snehena khalvetadahāṁ bravīmi naiśvaryarāgeṇa na vismayena |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 imāṁ hi dṛṣṭvā tava bhikṣuveśāṁ jātānukamāpo 'smyapi cāgatāśruḥ || 10.32

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tadbhūmkṣva bhikṣāśramakāma kāmāmkkāle 'si kartā priyadharma dharmam |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 yāvatsvavāṁśapratirūparūpaṁ na te jarābhyyetyabhibhūya bhūyaḥ || 10.33

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 śaknoti jīrṇaḥ khalu dharmamāptum kāmopabhogesvagatirjarāyāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 ataśca yūnaḥ kathayaṁti kāmānmadhyasya vittāṁ sthavirasya dharmam || 10.34

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 dharmasya cārthasya ca jīvaloke pratyarthibhūtāni hi yauvanāni |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 saṁrakṣyamāṇānyapi durgrahāṇī kāmā yatastena yathā haraṁti || 10.35

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 vayāṁsi jīrṇāni vimarśayamti dhīrāṇyavasthānaparāyaṇāni |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 alpena yatnena śamātmakāni bhavaṁtyagatyeva ca lajjayā ca || 10.36

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 ataśca lolam viṣayapradhānam pramattamakṣāṁtamadīrghadarśi |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 bahucchalam yauvanamabhyatītya nistīrya kāṁtāramivāśvasamti || 10.37

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 tasmādadhīraṁ capalapramādi navam vayastāvadidam vyapaitu |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kāmasya pūrvam hi vayaḥ śaravyam na śakyate rakṣitumimdriyebhyah || 10.38

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Premā)  
 athau cikīrṣā tava dharma eva yajasva yajñam kuladharma eṣah |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 yajñairadhiṣṭhāya hi nākapṛṣṭham yayau marutvānapi nākapṛṣṭham || 10.39

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Vamśastha  
 suvarṇakeyūravidaṣṭabāhavo maṇipradīpojjvalacitraulayah |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 nr̥parṣayastām hi gatīm gatā makhaiḥ śrameṇa yāmeva mahārṣayo yayuh || 10.40

—,॒॒॒—[॒—]—||—,॒॒॒—॒— Prahariṇī  
 ityevam magadhapatir[vaco]<sup>1</sup> babhāṣe yaḥ samyagvalabhidiva dhruvam babhāṣe |  
 —,॒॒॒—॒—||—,॒॒॒—॒—  
 tacchrutvā na sa vicacāra rājasūnuḥ kailāso giririva naikacitrasānuḥ || 10.41

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye 'svaghoṣakṛte śreṇyābhigamano nāma daśamaḥ sargah*  
**|| 10 ||**

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<sup>1</sup> These 2 syllables, missing in Cowell's edition (where he wrongly identifies the omission as occurring in line c), are supplied from Johnson's edition.

## Book XI [Kāmavigarhaṇo]

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 athaivamukto magadhādhipena suhṛnmukhena pratikūlamartham |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 svastho 'vikārah kulaśaucaśuddhaḥ śauddhodanirvākyamidaṁ jagāda || 11.1

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 nāścaryametadbhavato 'bhidhātum jātasya haryāṅkakule viśāle |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 yanmitrapakṣe tava mitrakāma syādvṛttireṣā pariśuddhayṛtteḥ || 11.2

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 asatsu maitrī svakulānurūpā na tiṣṭhati śrīriva viklaveṣu |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 pūrvaiḥ kṛtāṁ prītiparamparābhīstāmeva saṁtastu vivardhayaṁti || 11.3

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 ye cārthakṛcchreṣu bhavamīti loke samānakāryāḥ suhṛdāṁ manuṣyāḥ |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 mitrāṇi tānīti paraimi buddhyā svasthasya vr̥ddhiṣviha ko hi na syāt || 11.4

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 evam ca ye dravyamavāpya loke mitreṣu dharme ca niyojayamīti |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 avāptasārāṇi dhanāni teṣāṁ bhraṣṭāni nāmte janayamīti tāpam || 11.5

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 suhṛttayā cāryatayā ca rājan vibhāvyā māmeva viniścayaste |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 atrānuneṣyāmi suhṛttayaiva brūyāmahāṁ nottaramanyadatra || 11.6

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 aham jarāṁṛtyubhayam viditvā mumukṣayā dharmamimāṁ prapannaḥ |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 baṁdhūnpriyānaśrumukhān vihāya prāgeva kāmānaśubhasya hetūn || 11.7

—○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 nāśīviṣebhyo 'pi tathā bibhemi naivāśanibhyo gaganāccyutebhyāḥ |  
 —○—|—○○|—○—||—○—|—○○|—○—  
 na pāvakebhyo 'nilasamhitebhyo yathā bhayaṁ me viṣayebhya ebhyāḥ || 11.8

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kāmā hyanityāḥ kuśalārthačaurā riktāśca māyāsadṛśāśca loke |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 āśāsyamānā api mohayaṁti cittam nṛṇāṁ kim punarātmasaṁsthāḥ || 11.9

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 kāmābhībhūtā hi na yāṁti śarma tripiṣṭape kim vata martyaloke |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kāmaiḥ satṛṣṇasya hi nāsti tṛptiyatheṁdhanaivātasakhasya vahneḥ || 11.10

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 jagatyanartho na samo 'sti kāmaṁmohācca teṣveva janaḥ prasaktaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 tattvam vidiitvaivamanarthabhīruḥ prājñāḥ svayam ko 'bhilaṣedanartham || 11.11

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 samudravastrāmapi gāmavāpya pāram jīgīṣāṁti mahārṇavasya |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 lokasya kāmaṁraṇa vitṛptirasti patadbhirambhobhirivārṇavasya || 11.12

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 devena vṛṣṭe 'pi hiraṇyavarṣe dvīpānsamudrāṁścature 'pi jitvā |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 śakrasya cārdhāsanamapya vāpya māṁdhāturaśādviṣayeṣvatṛptih || 11.13

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 bhuktvāpi rājyaṁ divi devatānāṁ śatakratau vṛtrabhayātpranaṣṭe |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 darpānmahārṣinapi vāhayitvā kāmeṣvatṛpto nahuṣaḥ papāta || 11.14

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 aiḍaśca rājā tridivaṁ vigāhya nītvāpi devīm vaśamurvaśīm tām |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 lobhādṛśibhyah kanakam jīhīrṣurjagāma nāśam viṣayeṣvatṛptaḥ || 11.15

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 balermaheṁdraṁ nahuṣam maheṁdrādiṁdraṁ punarye nahuṣādupeyuḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 svarge kṣitau vā viṣayeṣu teṣu ko viśvasedbhāgyakulākuleṣu || 11.16

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 cīrāṁbarā mūlaphalāṁbubhakṣā jaṭā vahamto 'pi bhujāṁgadīrghāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 yairanyakāryā munayo 'pi bhagnāḥ kaḥ kāmasamjñān mṛgayeta śatrūn || 11.17

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ugrāyudhaścaugradhṛtāyudho 'pi yeśāṁ kṛte mṛtyumavāpa bhīṣmāt |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 cimtāpi teśāmaśivā vadhäya tadvṛttinām kiṁ punaravratānām || 11.18

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 āsvādamalpam viṣayeṣu matvā saṁyojanotkarṣamatṛptimeva |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 sadbhyaśca garhām niyatām ca pāpām kah kāmasamijñām viṣamāsasāda || 11.19

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kṛṣyādibhirdharmabhiranvitānām kāmātmakānām ca niśamya duḥkham |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 svāsthyaṁ ca kāmeśvakutūhalānām kāmān vihātum kṣamamātmavadbhiḥ || 11.20

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Sālā)  
 jñeyā vipatkāmini kāmasāmpatsiddheṣu kāmeṣu madam hyupaiti |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 madādakāryām kurute na kāryām yena kṣato durgatimabhyupaiti || 11.21

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yatnena labdhāḥ parirakṣitāśca ye vīpralabhya pratiyāmīti bhūyah |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 teṣvātmavān yācitakopameṣu kāmeṣu vidvāniha ko rameta || 11.22

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 anviṣya cādāya ca jātatarṣā yānatyajaṁtaḥ pariyāmīti duḥkham |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 loke ṭṛṇolkāsadr̥ṣeṣu teṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.23

--०--|००|०--||००--|००|०-- Upajāti (Mālā)  
 anātmavāmto hṛdi yairvidaṣṭā vināśamarchaṁti na yāmīti śarma |  
 --०--|००|०--||००--|००|०--  
 kruddhaugrasarpapratiṁeṣu teṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.24

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 asthi kṣudhāṛttā iva sārameyā bhuktvāpi yānnāiva bhavaṁti ṭṛptāḥ |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 jīrṇāsthikāṁkālasameṣu teṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.25

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 ye rājacaurodakapāvakebhyāḥ sādhāraṇatvājjanayaṁti duḥkham |  
 --०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 teṣu praviddhāmiśaṁnibheṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.26

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yatra sthitānāmabhito vipattiḥ śatrotṛ sakāśādapi bāmdhavebhyaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 himsreṣu teṣvāyatanopameṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.27

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 girau vane cāpsu ca sāgare ca yadbhramśamarchaṁtyabhilāṁghamānāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 teṣu drumaprāgraphalopameṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.28

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 tīrthaiḥ prayatnairvividhairavāptāḥ kṣaṇena ye nāśamiha prayāṁti | 11.29  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 svapnopabhogapratimeṣu teṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt |

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 yānarcayitvāpi na yāṁti śarma vivardhayitvā paripālayitvā |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 aṁgārakarṣapratimeṣu teṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.30

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 vināśamīyuḥ kuravo yadarthaṁ vṛṣṇyamāndhakā maithiladaṁḍakāśca |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 śūlāśikāṣṭhapratimeṣu teṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.31

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 suṁdopasūndāvusurau yadarthamanyonyavairaprasṭau vinaṣṭau |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 sauhārdaviśeṣakareṣu teṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.32

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 kāmāṁdhāsaṁjñāḥ kṛpayā va ke ca kravyātsu nātmānamihotsṛjaṁti |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 sapatnabhūteṣvaśiveṣu teṣu kāmeṣu kasyātmavato ratiḥ syāt || 11.33

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kāmāṁdhāsaṁjñāḥ kṛpaṇāṁ karoti prāpnōti duḥkham vadhāmaṁdhanādi |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kāmārthamāśākṛpaṇastapasvī mr̥tyuśramāṁ cārhati jīvaloke || 11.34

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 gītaṁhriyamte hi mṛgā vadhāya rūpārthamagnau śalabhāḥ pataṁti |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 matsyo giratyāyasamāmiśārthī tasmādanartham viṣayāḥ phalaṁti || 11.35

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kāmāstu bhogā iti yanmataṁ syādbhogyā na kecitpariganyamānāḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 vastrādayo dravyaguṇā hi loke duḥkhapratīkāra iti pradhāryāḥ || 11.36

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 iṣṭam hi tarṣapraśamāya toyam kṣunnāśahetoraśanam tathaiva |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 vātātapāmbvāvaraṇāya veśma kaupīnaśītāvaraṇāya vāsaḥ || 11.37

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 nidrāvighātāya tathaiva śayyā yānam tathādhvaśramanāśanāya |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 tathāsanam sthānavinodanāya snānam mrjārogabalāśrayāya || 11.38

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 duḥkhapratīkāranimittabhūtastasmātprajānām viṣayā na bhogyāḥ |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 aśnāmi bhogāniti ko 'bhuyapeyātprājñāḥ pratīkāravidhau pravṛttān || 11.39

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yaḥ pittadāhena vidhyamānah śītakriyām bhoga iti vyavasyet |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 duḥkhapratīkāravidhau pravṛttāḥ kāmeṣu kuryātsa hi bhogasamjñām || 11.40

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 kāmeṣvanaikāṁtikatā ca yasmādato 'pi me teṣu na bhogasamjñā |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 ya eva bhāvā hi sukham diśāṁti ta eva duḥkham punarāvahāṁti || 11.41

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Premā)  
 gurūṇi vāsāṁsyagurūṇi caiva sukhāya śīte hyasukhāya gharme |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 caṁdrāṁśavaścaṁdanameva coṣṇe sukhāya duḥkhaṁ bhavaṁti śīte || 11.42

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Māyā)  
 dvāṁdvāni sarvasya yataḥ prasaktānyalābhābhāprabhṛtīni loke |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 ato 'pi naikāṁtasukho 'sti kaścinnaikāṁtaduḥkhaḥ puruṣaḥ pr̄thivyām || 11.43

—०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 dr̄ṣṭvā ca miśrām sukhaduḥkatām me rājyam ca dāsyam ca matam samānam |  
 —०—|—००|—०—||—०—|—००|—०—  
 nityam hasatyeva hi naiva rājā na cāpi samātāpyata eva dāsaḥ || 11.44

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 ājñā nṛpatve 'bhyadhiketi yasmātmahāmṛti duḥkhānyata eva rājñah |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 āśāṁgakāṣṭhapratimo hi rājā lokasya hetoḥ parikhedameti || 11.45

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Sālā)  
 rājye nṛpastyāgini vāmkamitre viśvāsamāgacchati cedvipannah |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 athāpi viśrambhamupaiti neha kīm nāma saukhyāṁ cakitasya rājñah || 11.46

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 yadā ca jītvāpi mahīm samagrāmī vāsāya dṛṣṭamī puramekameva |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 tatrāpi caikam bhavanām niṣevyām śramaḥ parārthe nanu rājabhāvah || 11.47

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 rājyo 'pi vāse yugamekameva kṣutsaṁnirodhāya tathānnamātrā |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 śayyā tathaikāsanamekameva śeṣā višeṣā nṛpatermadāya || 11.48

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 tuṣṭyarthaṁetacca phalam yadiṣṭamṛte 'pi rājyānmama tuṣṭirasti |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 tuṣṭau ca satyām puruṣasya loke sarve višeṣā nanu nirvišeṣāḥ || 11.49

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tannāsti kāmān prati sampratāryah kṣeme śivām mārgamanuprapannah |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 smṛtvā suhṛttvām tu punah punarmām brūhi pratijñām khalu pālayaṁti || 11.50

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Māyā)  
 na hyasmyamarṣeṇa vanapraviṣṭo na śatrubāṇairavadhūtamaulih |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 kṛtaspr̥ho nāpi phalādhikebhyo gr̥hṇāmi naitadvacanām yataste || 11.51

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yo daṁdaśūkam kūpitam bhujāṁgaṁ muktvā vyavasyeddhi punargrahītum |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 dāhātmikām vā jvalitām ṭṛṇaulkām saṁtyajya kāmānsa punarbhajeta || 11.52

--०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०-- Upajāti (Bālā)  
 amādhāya yaśca spr̥hayedanāmṛdo baddhāya mukto vidhanāya vāḍhyah |  
 --०--|०००|-०--||०००-०००|-०--  
 unmattacittāya ca kalyacittāḥ spr̥hām sa kuryādviṣayātmakāya || 11.53

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Buddhi)  
 bhikṣopabhogī vara nānukampyāḥ kṛtī jarāmṛtyubhayāṁ titīrṣuḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 ihottamāṁ śāmtisukham ca yasya paratra duḥkhāni ca saṁvṛtāni || 11.54

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 lakṣmyāṁ mahatyāmapi vartamānastrṣṇābhībhūtaśvanukāmptavyāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 prāpnōti yaḥ śāmtisukham na ceha paratra duḥkham pratigṛhyate ca || 11.55

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 evaṁ tu vakturī bhavato 'nurūpāṁ sattvasya vṛttasya kulasya caiva |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 mamāpi voḍhum sadṛśāṁ pratijñāṁ sattvasya vṛttasya kulasya caiva || 11.56

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Premā)  
 aham hi samsārarasena viddho viniḥsṛtaḥ śāmtamavāptukāmaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 neccheyamāptum tridive 'pi rājyāṁ nirāmayāṁ kiṁ vata mānuṣeṣu || 11.57

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 trivargasevāṁ nr̥pa yattu kṛtsnataḥ paro manusyārtha iti tvamāttha mām |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 anartha ityāttha mamārthadarśanāṁ kṣayī trivargo hi na cāpi tarpakah || 11.58

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 pade tu yasminna jarā na bhīrutā na janma naivoparamo na vādhayaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tameva manye puruṣārthamuttamaṁ na vidyate yatra punaḥ punaḥ kriyā || 11.59

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 yadapyavocah paripālyatāṁ jarā navāṁ vayo gacchatī vikriyāmiti |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 aniścayo 'yāṁ capalam hi dr̥ṣyate jarāpyadhīrā dhṛtimacca yauvanam || 11.60

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 svakarmadakṣaśca yadā tu ko jagadvayaḥsu sarveṣu ca saṁvikarṣati |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 vināśakāle kathamavyavasthite jarā pratīkṣyā viduṣā śamepsunā || 11.61

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Vamśastha  
 jarāyudho vyādhivikīrṇasāyako yadāṁtako vyādha ivāśritah sthitah |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 prajāmṛgān bhāgyavanāśritāṁstudan vayaḥprakarṣam prati ko manorathah || 11.62

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०    Vaṁśastha  
suto yuvā vā sthaviro 'thavā śisustathā tvarāvāniha kartumarhati |

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०  
yathā bhaveddharmavataḥ kṛpātmanah pravṛttirīṣṭā vinivṛttireva vā || 11.63

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०    Vaṁśastha  
yadāttha vā dīptaphalām kuluocitām kuruṣva dharmāya makhakriyāmiti |

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०  
namo makhebhyo na hi kāmaye sukham parasya duḥkhakriyayāpadiṣyate || 11.64

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०    Vaṁśastha  
paraīm hi harītum vivaśam phalepsayā na yuktarūpam karuṇātmanah sataḥ |

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०  
kratoh phalam yadyapi śāsvataṁ bhavet tathāpi kṛtvā kimupakṣayātmakam || 11.65

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०    Vaṁśastha  
bhavecca dharmo yadi nāparo vidhirvratena śilena manahśamena vā |

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०  
tathāpi naivārhati sevitum kratum viśasya yasmin paramucyate phalam || 11.66

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०    Vaṁśastha  
ihāpi tāvatpuruṣasya tiṣṭhataḥ pravartate yatparahiṁsayā sukham |

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०  
tadapyaniṣṭam saghṛṇasya dhīmato bhavāṁtare kiṁ vata yanna dṛṣyate || 11.67

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०    Vaṁśastha  
na ca pratāryo 'smi phalapravṛttaye bhaveṣu rājan ramate na me manah |

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०  
latā ivāṁbhodharavṛṣṭitādītāḥ pravṛttayah sarvagatā hi caṁcalā || 11.68

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०    Vaṁśastha  
ihāgataścāhamito didṛksayā munerarāqasya vimokṣavādinah |

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०  
prayāmi cādyaiva nṛpāstu te śivam vacaḥ kṣamethāḥ śamatattvaniṣṭhuram || 11.69

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०    Vaṁśastha  
atheṁdravaddivyava śāśvadarkavadvuṇairava śreya ihāva gāmava |

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०||॒—॒—|—॒०|—॒—०  
avāyurāryairava satsutān ava śriyaśca rājannava dharmamātmanah || 11.70

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒   Vaṁśastha  
 himāriketūdbhavasāmplavāṁtare yathā dvijo yāti vimokṣayaṁstanum |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒  
 himāriśatrum kṣayaśatrughātinastathāṁtare yāhi vimocayanmanah || 11.71

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒   Vaṁśastha  
 nṛpo 'bravītsāṁjalirāgataspr̥ho yatheṣṭamāpnoti bhavānavighnataḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒  
 avāpya kāle kṛtakṛtyatāmimāṁ mamāpi kāryo bhavatā tvanugrahaḥ || 11.72

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒   Vaṁśastha  
 sthiram pratijñāya tatheti pārthive tataḥ sa vaiśvarītaramāśramam yayau |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒  
 parivrajāṁtam samudikṣya vismito nṛpo 'pi ca prāpurimam girīm vrajan || 11.73

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye 'svaghoṣakṛte kāmavigarhaṇo nāmaikādaśaḥ sargah ||  
 11 ||*

## Book XII [Arāḍadarśano]

—०००|०---||०---|०---० pathyā Śloka<sup>1</sup>  
tataḥ śamavihārasya munerikṣvākucamādramāḥ |

—०—०|०---||०---|०---०  
arāḍasyāśramāṁ bheje vapusā pūrayanniva || 12.1

—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
sa kālāmasagotreṇa tenālokyaiva dūrataḥ |  
—०—०|०---||०---०|०---०  
uccaiḥ svāgatamityuktah samīpamupajagmivān || 12.2

—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
tāvubhau nyāyatāḥ prṣṭvā dhātusāmyam̄ parasparam |  
—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
dāravyormedhyayorvṛṣyoḥ śucau deśe niṣīdatuḥ || 12.3

—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---० navipulā<sup>2</sup>  
tamāśinam̄ nṛpasutam̄ so 'bravīnmunisattamaḥ |  
—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
bahumānaviśālābhyaṁ darśanābhyaṁ pibanniva<sup>2</sup> || 12.4

—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
viditam̄ me yathā saumya niṣkrāmto bhavanādasi |  
—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
chittvā snehamayam̄ pāśam̄ pāśam̄ dṛpta iva dvipah || 12.5

—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
sarvathā dhṛtimaccaiva prājñam̄ caiva manastava |  
—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
yastvam̄ prāptah śriyam̄ tyaktvā latam̄ viṣaphalāmiva || 12.6

—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---० navipulā<sup>2</sup>  
nāścaryam̄ jīrṇavayaso yajjagmuḥ pārthivā vanam |  
—०—०|०---||—०—०|०---०  
apatyebhyah śriyam̄ dattvā bhuktocchiṣṭāmiva srajam || 12.7

<sup>1</sup> The pathyā form of the metre should be presumed in the Śloka verses unless otherwise indicated.

<sup>2</sup> Written *pivanniva* in the text, which must be a misprint.

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०|०—०—  
idam me matamāścaryam nave vayasi yadbhavān |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०|०—०—  
abhuktveva śriyam prāptaḥ sthito viṣayagocare || 12.8

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
tadvijñātumimam dharmam paramam bhājanam bhavān |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
jñānapūrvamadhiṣṭhāya śīghram duḥkhārṇavam tara || 12.9

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
śiṣye yadyapi vijñāte śāstram kālena vartate |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
gāmbhīryādvyavasāyācca suparikṣyo bhavān mama || 12.10

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
iti vākyamarāḍasya vijñāya sa narādhipaḥ |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
babhūva paramaprītaḥ provācottarameva ca || 12.11

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०— navipulā  
viraktasyāpi yadidaṁ saumukhyam bhavataḥ param |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
akṛtārtha 'pyanenāsmi kṛtārtha iva samprati || 12.12

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
didṛkṣuriva hi jyotiryiyāsuriva daiśikam |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
tvaddarśanādahaṁ manye titīrṣuriva ca plavam || 12.13

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
tasmādarhasi tadvaktum vaktavyam yadi manyase |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
jarāmaraṇarogebhyo yathāyam parimucyate || 12.14

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
ityarāḍaḥ kumārasya māhātmyādeva coditaḥ |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
saṅkṣiptam kathayam cakre svasya śāstrasya niścayam || 12.15

—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
śrūyatāmayamasmaṁkam siddhāṁtaḥ śṛṇvatām vara |  
—०—०|—०—०||—०—०—०|०—०—  
yathā bhavati saṁsāro yathā vai parivartate || 12.16

००-०|०---||-०---|०-०-  
 prakṛtiśca vikāraśca janma mṛtyurjaraiva ca |  
 - - -|०---||०-०-०|०-०-  
 tattāvatsattvamityuktam sthirasattva parehi naḥ || 12.17

-०-०|०---||-०-०-०|०-०-  
 tatra tu prakṛtirnāma viddhi prakṛtikovida |  
 - - -|०---||-०---|०-०-  
 pamca bhūtānyahamkāram buddhimavyaktameva ca || 12.18

०-००|०---||००---|०-०-  
 vikāra iti buddhim tu viṣayāniṁdriyāṇi ca |  
 - - -|०---||- - -|०-०-  
 pāṇipādaṁ ca vādaṁ ca pāyūpasthaṁ tathā manah || 12.19

- - -|०---||-०-०-०|०-०-  
 asya kṣetrasya vijñānāt kṣetrajñā iti samjñī ca |  
 -०-०|०---||००---|०-०-  
 kṣetrajñā iti cātmānaṁ kathayaṁtyātmacimtakāḥ || 12.20

०-०-०|०---||००-०|०-०-  
 saśisyāḥ kapilaśceha pratibuddha iti smṛtiḥ |  
 -०-०|०---||०-०-०|०-०-  
 saputraḥ pratibuddhaśca prajāpatirihocaye || 12.21

- - -|०---||-०-०-०|०-०-  
 jāyate jīryate caiva budhyate mriyate ca yat |  
 -०-०|०---||- - -०|०-०-  
 tadvyaktamiti vijñeyamavyaktam tu viparyayāt || 12.22

- - -|०---||- - -|०-०-  
 ajñānaṁ karma ṛṣṇā ca jñeyāḥ saṁsārahetavaḥ |  
 -०-०|०---||- - -|०-०-  
 sthito 'smiṁstritaye yastu tatsattvaṁ nābhivartate || 12.23

-०-०|०---||- - -०|०-०-  
 vīpratyayādahaṁkārātsaṁdehādabhisamplavāt |  
 - - -|०---||- - -०|०-०-  
 aviśeṣānupāyābhyām saṁgādabhyavapātataḥ || 12.24

- - -|०---||००---|०-०-  
 tatra vīpratyayo nāma vīparītam pravartate |  
 -०-०|०---||- - -|०-०-  
 anyathā kurute kāryām maṁtavyām manyate 'nyathā || 12.25

—०००|०---||---०००|०---  
 bravīmyahamahām vedmi gacchāmyahamahām sthitah |  
 —०००|०---||००---|०---  
 itīhaivamahamkārastvanahamkāra vartate || 12.26

—०---|०---||---०---|०---  
 yastu bhāvena samdigdhānekībhāvena paśyati |  
 —०००|०---||---०००|०---  
 mṛtpimḍavadasamdeha samdehaḥ sa ihocaye || 12.27

—०---|०---||०---०---|०---  
 ya evāham sa evedam mano buddhiśca karma ca |  
 —०---|०---||००---|०---  
 yaścaivam sa gaṇah so 'hamiti yaḥ so 'bhisaṁplavaḥ || 12.28

—०००|०---||००---|०---  
 aviśeṣam višeṣajñā pratibuddhāprabuddhayoh |  
 —०---|०---||०---०००|०---  
 prakṛtīnām ca yo veda so 'višeṣa iti smṛtaḥ || 12.29

—०---०|०---||०---०|०---  
 namaskāravaṣṭāṭkārau prokṣaṇābhuyukṣaṇādayaḥ |  
 —०---०|०---||०---०|०---  
 anupāya iti prājñairupāyajña praveditaḥ || 12.30

—०---|०---||०---०|०---  
 sajjate yena durmedhā manovākkarmabuddhibhiḥ |  
 —०---०|०---||०---०|०---  
 viṣayevanabhiṣvamga so 'bhiṣvamga iti smṛtaḥ || 12.31

—०००|०---||---०००|०---  
 mamedamahamasyeti yadduḥkhamabhimanyate |  
 —०---०|०---||---०००|०---  
 vijñeyo 'bhyavapātaḥ sa saṁsāre yena pātyate || 12.32

—०---|०---||०---०|०---  
 ityavidyā hi vidvāṁsaḥ paṁcaparvā samīhate |  
 —०---|०---||०---०|०---  
 tamo moham mahāmoham tāmisradvayameva ca || 12.33

—०---|०---||---०---|०---  
 tatrālasyam tamo viddhi moham mṛtyum ca janma ca |  
 —०---|०---||०---०|०---  
 mahāmohastvasammoha kāma ityavagamyatām || 12.34

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
yasmādatra ca bhūtāni pramuhyamti mahāmtyapi |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
tasmādeśa mahābāho mahāmoha iti smṛtaḥ || 12.35

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
tāmisramiti cākrodha krodhamevādhikurvate |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
viśādām cāmīdhatāmīsramaviśāda pracakṣate || 12.36

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
anayāvidyayā bālah samyuktaḥ pañcaparvayā |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
samsāre duḥkhabhbhūyiṣṭhe janmasvabhiniṣicyate || 12.37

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
draṣṭā śrotā ca māmītā ca kāryam karaṇameva ca |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
ahamityevamāgamyā samsāre parivartate || 12.38

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
ityebhirhetubhirdhīman tamahsrotaḥ pravartate |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
hetvabhāve phalābhāva iti vijñātumarhasi || 12.39

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
tatra samyagmatirvidyānmokṣakāma catuṣṭayam |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
pratibuddhāprabuddhau ca vyaktamavyaktameva ca || 12.40

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑— **mavipulā**  
yathāvadetadvijñāya kṣetrajño hi catuṣṭayam |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
ārjavam javatām hitvā prāpnōti padamakṣaram || 12.41

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
ityartham brāhmaṇā loke paramabrahmavādinah |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
brahmacaryam carāmītīha brāhmaṇān vāsayamti ca || 12.42

—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
iti vākyamidām śrutvā munestasya nṛpātmajah |  
—॒॒॒॑॥॒॒॒॑—  
abhyupāyam ca papraccha padameva ca naiṣṭhikam || 12.43

-०-०|०---||०---|०-०-  
brahmacyaramidam caryam yathā yāvacca yatra ca |  
-०-०|०---||०---|०-०-  
dharmasyāsyā ca paryāmtam bhavān vyākhyātumarhati || 12.44

-०---|०---||---|०-०-  
ityarādo yathāśāstram vispaṣṭārtham samāsataḥ |  
-०---|०---||---|०-०-  
tamevānyena kalpena dharmamasmai vyabhāṣata || 12.45

०---|०---||---|०-०-  
ayamādau gr̄hānmuktvā bhaikṣakam liṅgamāśritah |  
०---|०---||---|०-०-  
samudācārvistīrṇam śīlamādāya vartate || 12.46

-०-०|०---||-०-०|०-०-  
samitoṣam paramāsthāya yena tena yatastataḥ |  
-०---|०---||---|०-०-  
viviktam sevate vāsam nirdvāmduḥ śāstravitkṛtī || 12.47

०---|०---||---०|०-०-  
tato rāgādbhayam dr̄ṣṭvā vairāgyācca param śivam |  
०---|०---||०-००|०-०-  
nigr̄hannimndriyagrāmam yataste manasah śrame || 12.48

०-०|०---||---|०-०- mavipulā  
atho viviktaṁ kāmebhyo vyāpādādibhya eva ca |  
०-००|०---||---|०-०-  
vivekajamavāpnoti pūrvadhyānam vitarkavat || 12.49

-०---|०---||-०-०|०-०-  
tacca dhyānam sukham prāpya tattadeva vitarkayan |  
०-००|०---||०-०-|०-०-  
apūrvasukhalābhena hriyate bāliṣo janah || 12.50

०---|०---||---०|०-०-  
śamenaivamvidhenāyam kāmadveṣavigarhiṇā |  
-०-०|०---||०-०-|०-०-  
brahmalokamavāpnoti paritoṣeṇa vaṁcitah || 12.51

-०---|०---||---|०-०-  
jñātvā vidvān vitarkāṁstu manaḥsaṁkṣobhakārakān |  
-०-०|०---||-०-०|०-०-  
tadviyuktamavāpnoti dhyānam prītisukhānvitam || 12.52

—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
hriyamāṇastayā prītyā yo viśeṣam̄ na paśyati |  
—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
sthānam̄ bhāsvaramāpnoti deveśvābhāsureśvapi || 12.53

—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
yastu prītisukhāttasmādvivecayati mānasam |  
—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
tr̄tiyam̄ labhate dhyānam̄ sukham̄ prītivivarjitat || 12.54

—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
tatrat kecidvyavasyam̄ti mokṣa ityapi māninaḥ |  
—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
sukhaduḥkhaparityāgādavyāpārācca cetasaḥ || 12.55 (57)

—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
yastu tasminsukhe magno na viśeṣāya yatnavān |  
—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
śubhakṛtsnaiḥ sa sāmānyam̄ sukham̄ prāpnoti daivataih || 12.56 (55)

—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
tādr̄śam̄ sukhamāśadya yo na rajyannupekṣate |  
—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
caturtham̄ dhyānamāpnoti sukhaduḥkhavivarjitat || 12.57 (56)

—०—|—०—||—०—|—०— navipulā<sup>1</sup>  
asya dhyānasya tu phalaṁ samam̄ devairvṛhatphalaiḥ |  
—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
kathayam̄ti bṛhatkālam̄ vṛhatprajñāparīkṣakāḥ || 12.58

—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
samādhervyutthitastasmāddṛṣṭvā doṣāṁścharīriṇām |  
—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
jñānamārohati prājñāḥ śarīravinivṛttaye || 12.59

—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
tatastaddhyānamutsr̄jya višeṣe kṛtaniścayaḥ |  
—०—|—०—||—०—|—०—  
kāmebhya iva satprājño rūpādapi virajyate || 12.60

---

<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *vṛhatphalam̄*, which would give an Anuṣṭubh variation, which is not acceptable in Aśvaghoṣa's prosody.

—|—||—||—|—  
śarīre khāni yānyasya tānyādau parikalpayan |  
—|—||—||—|—  
ghaneśvapi tato dravyeśvākāśamadhimucyate || 12.61

—|—||—||—|—  
ākāśasamamātmānam saṃkṣipyā tvaparo budhaḥ |  
—|—||—||—|—  
tadaivānāmītataḥ paśyan višeśamadhgacchati || 12.62

—|—||—||—|—  
adhyātmakuśaleśvanyo nivartyātmānamātmānamā |  
—|—||—||—|—  
kimcinnāstīti saṃpaśyannākiṃcanya iti smṛtaḥ || 12.63

—|—||—||—|—  
tato muṃjādiśīkeva śakuniḥ paṃjarādiva |  
—|—||—||—|—  
kṣetrajño niḥṣṭo dehānmukta ityabhidhīyate || 12.64

—|—||—||—|—  
etattatparamām brahma nirliṅgām dhruvamakṣaram |  
—|—||—||—|—  
yanmokṣa iti tattvajñāḥ kathayāmīti manīṣīṇaḥ || 12.65

—|—||—||—|—  
ityupāyaśca mokṣaśca mayā saṃdarśitastava |  
—|—||—||—|— navipulā<sup>1</sup>  
yadi jñātām yadi ruci rathāvatpratipadyatām || 12.66

—|—||—||—|— navipulā  
jaigīṣavyo 'tha janako vṛddhaścaiva parāśaraḥ |  
—|—||—||—|—  
imām pañthānamāśadya muktā hyanye ca mokṣīṇaḥ || 12.67

—|—||—||—|—  
iti tasya sa tadvākyām gr̥hītvā na vicārya ca |  
—|—||—||—|—  
pūrvahetubalaprāptaḥ pratyuttaramuvāca saḥ || 12.68

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<sup>1</sup> Cowell's edition reads: *ruci*, which would give a light syllable at the end of the pāda, but navipulā needs a heavy syllable after the three light ones.

—॒॒॒|—॒॒॒||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 śrutam jñānamidam sūkṣmam parataḥ parataḥ śivam |  
 —॒॒॒|—॒॒॒||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 kṣetreśvasyāparityāgādavaimyetadanaiṣṭhikam || 12.69

—॒॒॒|—॒॒॒||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 vikāraprakṛtibhyo hi kṣetrajñam muktamapyaham |  
 —॒॒॒|—॒॒॒||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 manye prasavadharmāṇam vijadharmaṇameva ca || 12.70

—॒॒॒|—॒॒॒||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 viśuddho yadyapi hyātmā nirmukta iti kalpyate <sup>1</sup> (*ab* = 12.71*ab*)  
 —॒॒॒|—॒॒॒||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 bhūyah pratyayasadbhāvādamuktah sa bhaviṣyati || 12.71

—॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒— navipulā  
 rtubhūmyambuvirahādyathā bījāṁ na rohati |  
 —॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 rohati pratyayaistaistaistadvatso 'pi mato mama || 12.72

—॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 yatkarmājñānatṛṣṇānāṁ tyāgānmokṣaśca kalpyate |  
 —॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 atyāṁtastatparityāgah satyātmani na vidyate || 12.71 (*cd* = 12.73*cd*)

—॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒— navipulā  
 hitvā hitvā trayamidam viśeṣastūpalabhyate |  
 —॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 ātmanastu sthitiryatra tatra sūkṣmamidam trayam || 12. 72 (12.74)

—॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 sūkṣmatvāccaiva doṣānāmavyāpārācca cetasaḥ |  
 —॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 dīrghatvādāyuṣaścaiva mokṣastu parikalpyate || 12.73 (12.75)

—॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 ahamkāraparityāgo yaścaiṣa parikalpyate |  
 —॒॒॒|—॒॒॒—||—॒॒॒॒|—॒॒—  
 satyātmani parityāgo nāhaṁkārasya vidyate || 12.74 (12.76)

---

<sup>1</sup> Johnson inserts 2 extra verses inserted at this point, written in italics here. The rest of the verse numbers in this chapter in Johnson's edition are affected by this, and are placed in brackets in this edition henceforth.

--००|०---||०००|००--  
samkhyādibhiramuktaśca nirguṇo na bhavatyayam |  
--००|०---||०००|००--  
tasmādasati nairguṇye nāsyā mokṣo 'bhidhīyate || 12.75 (12.77)

००००|०---||००००|००--  
guṇino hi guṇānāṁ ca vyatireko na vidyate |  
---००|०००-||००००|००-- navipulā  
rūpoṣṇābhyām virahito na hyagnirupalabhyate || 12.76 (12.78)

---००|०---||००००|००--  
prāgdehānna bhaveddehī prāgguṇebhyastathā guṇī |  
---००|०---||००००|००--  
kasmatdādau vimuktah sañśarīrī badhyate punah || 12.77 (12.79)

---००|०---||००००|००--  
kṣetrajño viśarīraśca jñō vā syādajña eva vā |  
---००|०---||००००|००--  
yadi jñō jñeyamasyāsti jñeye sati na mucyate || 12.78 (12.80)

००००|०---||००००|००--  
athājña iti siddho vah kalpitena kimātmanā |  
---००|०---||००००|००--  
vināpi hyātmanājñānam prasiddham kāṣṭhakuḍyavat || 12.79 (12.81)

००००|०---||००००|००--  
parataḥ paratastyāgo yasmāttu guṇavān smṛtaḥ |  
---००|०---||००००|००--  
tasmātsarvaparityāgānmanye kṛtsnām kṛtārthatām || 12.80 (12.82)

००००|०---||००००|००--  
iti dharmamarāḍasya viditvā na tutoṣa saḥ |  
००००|०---||००००|००--  
akṛtsnamiti vijñāya tataḥ pratijagāma ha || 12.81 (12.83)

००००|०---||००००|००--  
viśeṣamatha śuśrūṣurudrakasyāśramaṁ yayau |  
---००|०---||००००|००--  
ātmagrāhācca tasyāpi jagṛhe na sa darśanam || 12.82 (12.84)

---००|०---||००००|००--  
samjñāsamjñitvayordoṣam jñātvā hi munirudrakah |  
---००|०---||००००|००--  
ākimcinyātparam lebhe samjñāsamjñātmikām gatim || 12.83 (12.85)

—|—||—|—|—|—  
yasmāccālambane sūkṣme saṃjñāsaṃjñe tataḥ param |  
—|—||—|—|—|—  
nāsaṃjñī naiva saṃjñīti tasmāttatra gataspr̄hah || 12.84 (12.86)

—|—||—|—|—|—|— mavipulā  
yataśca buddhistatraiva sthitānyatrāpracāriṇī |  
—|—||—|—|—|—  
sūkṣmāpādi tatastatra nāsaṃjñitvām na saṃjñitā || 12.85 (12.87)

—|—||—|—|—|—|—  
yasmācca tamapi prāpya punarāvartate jagat |  
—|—||—|—|—|—  
bodhisattvah param prepsustasmādudrakamatyajat || 12.86 (12.88)

—|—||—|—|—|—|—  
tato hitvāśramam tasya śreyo ’rthī kṛtaniścayah |  
—|—||—|—|—|—  
bheje gayasya rājarṣernagarīsaṃjñamāśramam || 12.87 (12.89)

—|—||—|—|—|—|—  
atha nairamjanātire śucau śuciparākramah |  
—|—||—|—|—|—  
cakāra vāsamekāṁtavihārābhivratī munih || 12. 90

<sup>1</sup> —|—||—|—|—|—|—  
<sup>2</sup> <xxx> tatpūrvam pāmcemdriyavaśoddhatān |  
—|—||—|—|—|—  
tapah <xx> vratino bhikṣūn pāmcā niraikṣata || (12.91)

—|—||—|—|—|—|— mavipulā  
pāmcopatasthurdṛṣṭvātra bhikṣavastam mumukṣavah |  
—|—||—|—|—|—  
puṇyārjitadhanārogyamimdriyārthā iveśvaram || 12.89 (12.92)

—|—||—|—|—|—|— mavipulā  
saṃpūjyamānastaiḥ prahvairvinayānatamūrtibhiḥ |  
—|—||—|—|—|—  
tadvamśasthāyibhiḥ śiṣyairlolairmana ivemdriyaiḥ || 12.90 (12.93)

<sup>1</sup> Ed: This line could be either pathyā or mavipulā. The next line is bhavipulā.

<sup>2</sup> Johnson's edition inserts this verse here, along with the translation. The numbering in Johnson's edition is again affected by this change.

-+---|+---||-+---|+--- navipulā  
 mṛtyujanmāmtakaraṇe syādupāyo 'yamityathā |  
 -+---|+---||+---|+---  
 duṣkarāṇi samārebhe tapāṁsyanaśanena saḥ || 12.91 (12.94)

+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 upavāsavīdhīn nekān kurvan naradurācarān |  
 -+---|+---||+---|+--- mavipulā  
 varṣāṇi ṣaṭkarmaprepuraskarotkārṣyamātmanah || 12.92 (12.95)

-+---|+---||+---|+---  
 annakāleṣu caikaikaiḥ sakolatilataṁḍulaiḥ |  
 -+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 apārapārasaṁsārapāram prepsurapārayat || 12.93 (12.96)

-+---|+---||+---|+---  
 dehādapacayastena tapasā tasya yaḥ kṛtaḥ |  
 -+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 sa evopacayo bhūyastejasāsyā kṛto 'bhavat || 12.94 (12.97)

+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 kṛṣṇo 'pyakṛṣṇakīrtisrīrlādaṁ cakre 'nyacakṣuṣam |  
 -+---|+---||-+---|+--- navipulā  
 kumudānāmiva śaracchuklapakṣādicamāndramāḥ || 12.95 (12.98)

-+---|+---||-+---|+--- mavipulā  
 tvagastihiṣeṣo niḥśeṣairmedaḥpiśītaśonitaiḥ |  
 -+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 kṣīṇo 'pyakṣīṇagāṁbhīryaḥ samudra iva sa vyabhāt || 12.96 (12.99)

+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 atha kaṣṭatapaḥspaṣṭavyarthakliṣṭatanurmuniḥ |  
 -+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 bhavabhbīrurimāṁ cakre buddhiṁ buddhatvakāṁkṣayā || 12.97 (12.100)

-+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 nāyaṁ dharmo virāgāya na bodhāya na muktaye |  
 -+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 jaṁbumūle mayā prāpto yastadā sa vidhirdhruvah || 12.98 (12.101)

-+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 na cāsaū durbalenāptum śakyamityāgatādaraḥ |  
 -+---|+---||-+---|+---  
 śarīrabalavṛddhyarthamidaṁ bhūyo 'nvaciṁtayat || 12.99 (12.102)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 kṣutpipāśramaklāṁtaḥ śramādasvasthamānasah |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 prāpnuyānmanasāvāpyam phalam kathamanirvṛtaḥ || 12.100 (12.103)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 nirvṛtiḥ prāpyate samyaksatatemdriyatarpaṇāt |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 samitarpitemdriyatayā manahsvāsthyaamavāpyate || 12.101 (12.104)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 svasthaprasannamanasah samādhirupapadyate |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 samādhiyuktacittasya dhyānayogaḥ pravartate || 12.102 (12.105)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 dhyānapravartanāddharmāḥ prāpyamte yairavāpyate |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 durlabham sāṁtamajaram param tadamṛtaṁ padam || 12.103 (12.106)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 tasmādāhāramūlo 'yamupāya itiniścayaḥ |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 asūrikaraṇe dhīraḥ kṛtvāmitamatirmatim || 12.104 (12.107)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 snāto nairamjanātīrāduttatāra śanaiḥ kṛṣaḥ |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 bhaktyāvanataśākhāgrairdattahastataṭadrumaiḥ || 12.105 (12.108)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 atha gopādhipasutā daivatairabhicoditā |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 udbhūtahṛdayānaṁdā tatra naṁdabalāgamat || 12.106 (12.109)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - - navipulā  
 sitaśāṁkhojjvalabhuja nīlakaṁbalavāsinī |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - - mavipulā  
 sapheṇamālānīlāṁburyamuneva saridvarā || 12.107 (12.110)

- - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 sā śraddhāvardhitaprītirvikasallocanotpalaḥ |  
 - - - | - - - || - - - | - -  
 śirasā praṇipatyainam grāhayāmāsa pāyasam || 12.108 (12.111)

—००|०---||०---०|०---  
kṛtvā tadupabhogena prāptajanmaphalāṁ sa tām |  
—००|०---||०---०|०---  
bodhiprāptau samarthaḥ 'bhūtsamītarpitaśaḍimdriyah || 12.109 (12.112)

—००|०---||०---०|०---  
paryāptāpyānamūrtasa ca sārdham suyaśasā muniḥ |  
—००|०---||०---०|०---  
kāmtidhairyaikabhāraikaḥ śāśāmkārṇavavalbabhau || 12.110 (12.113)

—००|०---||०---०|०---  
āvṛta iti vijñāya tam jahuh pañcabhikṣavah |  
—००|०---||०---०|०---  
manīṣinamivātmānam nirmuktam pañcadhātavah || 12.111 (12.114)

०---०|०---||०---०|०---  
vyavasāyadvitīyo 'tha sādvalāstīrṇabhūtalam |  
—००|०---||०---०|०--- bhavipulā  
so 'śvatthamūlam prayayau bodhāya kṛtaniścayah || 12.112 (12.115)

०---०|००|०---०||०---०|००|०--- Vamśastha  
tatastadānīm gajarājavikramah padasvanenānupamena bodhitah |  
०---०|००|०---०||०---०|००|०---  
mahāmunerāgatabodhiniścayo jagāda kālo bhujagottamaḥ stutim || 12.113 (12.116)

०---०|००|०---०||०---०|००|०--- Vamśastha  
yathā mune tvaccaraṇāvapīḍitā muhurmuhurniṣṭanatīva medinī |  
०---०|००|०---०||०---०|००|०---  
yathā ca te rājati sūryavatprabhā dhruvam tvamiṣṭam phalamadya bhokṣyase ||  
12.114 (12.117)

०---०|००|०---०||०---०|००|०--- Vamśastha  
yathā bhramamītyo divi vāyapamīktayaḥ pradakṣiṇam tvām kamalākṣa kurvate |  
०---०|००|०---०||०---०|००|०---  
yathā ca saumyā divi vāmīti vāyavastvamadya buddho niyatam bhaviṣyasi || 12.115  
(12.118)

०---०|००|०---०||०---०|००|०--- Vamśastha  
tato bhujāmgaprapavareṇa saṁstutastr̄ṇānyupādāya śucīni lāvakāt |  
०---०|००|०---०||०---०|००|०---  
kṛtapratijño niṣasāda bodhaye mahātarormūlamupāśritaḥ śuceḥ || 12.116 (12.119)

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒॒—॥॒—॒—|—॒॒|—॒॒— वाम्शस्था  
 तताह स पर्याम्कमाकम्प्यामुत्तमाम् बबाम्द्धा सुप्तोरगाभोगपिम्दितम् ।  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒॒—॥॒—॒—|—॒॒|—॒॒—  
 भिनद्मि तावद्भुवि नाइदासनाम् ना यामि तावत्कृतकृत्यातामिति ॥ 12.117 (12.120)

—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒॒—॥॒—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒॒— रुचिराः  
 ततो यायुर्मुदामतुलाम् दिवाकासो वावासिरे ना मृगगानाम् ना पक्षिनाम् ।  
 —॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒॒—॥॒—॒—,॒॒॒॒—॒॒—  
 ना सास्वानुर्वानतारावो 'निलाहताम् कृतासने भगवति निश्चलात्मनि ॥ 12.118 (12.121)

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye 'svaghoṣakṛte 'rāḍadarśano nāma dvādaśah sargah ॥*  
**12 ॥**

## Book XIII [Māravijayo]

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tasminśca bodhāya kṛtpratijñe rājarṣivamśaprabhave mahārṣau |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 tatropaviṣṭe prajaharṣa lokastatrāsa saddharmaripustu māraḥ || 13.1

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 yaṁ kāmadevaṁ pravadaṁti loke citrāyudhaṁ puṣpaśaraṁ tathaiva |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 kāmapracārādhipatiṁ tameva mokṣadviṣaṁ māramudāharamti || 13.2

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tasyātmajā vibhramaharṣadarpāstisro ratiprītitṛṣṭaśca kanyāḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 papracchurenāṁ manaso vikāraṁ sa tāṁśca tāścāiva vaco babhāṣe || 13.3

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁśī)  
 asau munirniścayavarma bibhrat sattvāyudhaṁ buddhiśaramaṇa vikṛṣya |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 jīgīṣurāste viṣayānmadiyān tasmādayaṁ me manaso viṣādaḥ || 13.4

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 yadi hyasau māmabhibhūya yāti lokāya cākhyātyapavargamārgam |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 sūnyastato 'yaṁ viṣayo mamādyā vṛttāccyutasyeva videhabhartuḥ || 13.5

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tadyāvadevaīsa na labdhacakṣurmadgocare tiṣṭhati yāvadeva |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 yāsyāmi tāvadvratamasya bhettum setum nadīvega ivābhivṛddhaḥ || 13.6

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 tato dhanuh puṣpamayaṁ gṛhītvā śarāmstathā mohakarāmśca paṁca |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 so 'svatthamūlam sasuto 'bhyagacchadasvāsthyaśārī manasah prajānām || 13.7

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Haṁśī)  
 atha praśāmtam munimāsanastham pāram titīrṣum bhavasāgarasya |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 viṣajya savyam karamāyudhāgre krīḍaṁśareṇedamuvāca māraḥ || 13.8

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 uttiṣṭha bhoḥ kṣatriya mṛtyubhīta varasva dharmam tyaja mokṣadharmaṁ |  
 —॒०[—॒॑]०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 vāṇaiśca [yajñaiśca]<sup>1</sup> vinīya lokān lokān parān prāpnūhi vāsavasya || 13.9

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 paṁthā hi niryātumayaṁ yaśaso yo vāhitāḥ pūrvatamairnareṁdriḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 jātasya rājarśikule viśāle bhaikṣākamaślāghyamidam prapattum || 13.10

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 athādyā nottiṣṭhasi niścītātmā bhava sthiro mā vimucaḥ pratijñām |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 mayodyato hyeṣa śaraḥ sa eva yaḥ sūryake mīnaripau vimuktaḥ || 13.11

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 prṣṭah sa cānena kathamcidaiḍah somasya naptāpyabhavadvicittah |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 sa cābhavacchāṁtanurasvatamtraḥ kṣīne yuge kiṁ vata durbalo 'nyah || 13.12

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tatkiṣpramuttiṣṭha labhasva samjñām vāṇo hyayam tiṣṭhati lelihānah |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 priyābhidheyē ratipriyeṣu yaṁ cakravākeśvapi notsṛjāmi || 13.13

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 ityevamukto 'pi yadā nirāsthō naivāsanam ūkṣyamunirbibheda |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 śaram tato 'smai visasarja māraḥ kanyāśca kṛtvā purataḥ sutāṁśca || 13.14

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 tasmiṁstu vāṇe 'pi sa vipramukte cakāra nāsthām na dhṛteścacāla |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 dr̥ṣṭvā tathainam viśasāda māraścīṁtāparītaśca śanairjagāda || 13.15

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 ūsailēṁdraputrīm prati yena viddho devo 'pi ūambhuścalito babhūva |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 na ciṁtayatyēṣa tameva vāṇam kiṁ syādacitto na śaraḥ sa eṣaḥ || 13.16

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 tasmādayam nārhati puṣpavāṇam na harṣaṇam nāpi raterniyogam |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—॥—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 arhatyayaṁ bhūtagaṇairāśeṣaiḥ saṁtrāsanātarjanatāḍanāni || 13.17

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Bālā)  
 sasmāra māraśca tataḥ svasainyam̄ vidhvam̄sanam̄ śākyamuneścikīrṣan |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||००-|-००|-०--  
 nānāśrayāścānucarāḥ parīyuḥ śaradrumaprāsagadāsihastāḥ || 13.18

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 varāhamīnāśvakharoṣṭravaktrā vyāghrarkṣasim̄hadviradānanāśca |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०--  
 ekekṣaṇā naikamukhāstriśīrṣā lambodarāścaiva pṛṣodarāśca || 13.19

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Haṁsī)  
 ajāsu saktā ghaṭajānavāśca daṁṣṭrāyudhāścaiva nakhāyudhāśca |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०--  
 kabamīndhahastā bahumūrtayaśca bhagnārdhavaktrāśca mahāmukhāśca || 13.20

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 tāmrāruṇā lohitaviṁducitrāḥ khaṭvāṁgahastā haridhūmrakeśāḥ |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०--  
 lambasrajo vāraṇalambakarṇāścarmāṁbarāścaiva nirāṁbarāśca || 13.21

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Bālā)  
 śvetārdhavaktrā haritārdhakāyāstāmrāśca dhūmrā harayo 'sitāśca |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||००-|-००|-०--  
 vyāḍottarāsaṁgabhujāstathaiva praghuṣṭaghaṁtākulamekhalāśca || 13.22

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tālapramāṇāśca gṛhītaśūlā daṁṣṭrākarālāśca śisupramāṇāḥ |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०--  
 urabhṛavaktrāśca vihaṁgamāśca mārjāravaktrāśca manusyakāyāḥ || 13.23

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Haṁsī)  
 prakīrṇakeśāḥ śikhino 'rdhamuṁḍā rajjvāṁbarā vyākulaveṣṭanāśca |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||००-|-००|-०--  
 prahṛṣṭavaktrā bhṛkuṭīmukhāśca tejoharāścaiva manoharāśca || 13.24

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kecidvrajaṁto bhṛśamāvavalguranyo 'nyamāpupluvire tathānye |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||००-|-००|-०--  
 cikrīḍurākāśagatāśca kecitkecicca cerustarumastakeṣu || 13.25

--०-|-००|-०--||--०-|-००|-०-- Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 nanarta kaścidbhramayaṁstriśūlam̄ kaścidha pusphūrja gadāṁ vikarṣan |  
 --०-|-००|-०--||००-|-००|-०--  
 harṣena kaścidvṛṣṭavannanarta kaścītprajajvāla tanūruhebhyah || 13.26

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<sup>1</sup> The lacuna in Cowell's text is supplied from Johnson's edition.

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Sālā)  
 evamvidhā bhūtagaṇāḥ samamītātadbodhimūlam parivārya tasthuḥ |  
 ००--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 jighṛkṣavaścaiva jighāṁsavaśca bharturniyogam̄ paripālayamītaḥ || 13.27

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tam̄ prekṣya mārasya ca pūrvvarātre sākyarṣabhasyaiva ca yuddhakālam |  
 ००--|००|०--||००--|००|०--  
 na dyauścakāśe pṛthivī cakampe prajajvaluścaiva diśaḥ saśabdāḥ || 13.28

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Sālā)  
 viśvagvavau vāyurudīrṇavegastārā na rejurna babhau śāśāmīkaḥ |  
 ००--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 tamaśca bhūyo vitatāra rātreḥ sarve ca samīcukṣubhire samudrāḥ || 13.29

००--|००|०--||००--|००|०-- Upajāti (Mālā)  
 mahībhṛto dharmaparāśca nāgā mahāmunervighnamamṛṣyamāṇāḥ |  
 ००--|००|०--||००--|००|०--  
 māram̄ prati krodhavivṛttanetrā niḥśāśvasuścaiva jajr̄imbhire ca || 13.30

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Bālā)  
 suddhādhivāsā vibudharṣayastu saddharmaśiddhyarthamiva pravṛttāḥ |  
 ००--|००|०--||००--|००|०--  
 māre 'nukam̄pām̄ manasā pracakrurvīrāgabhāvāttu na roṣamīyuḥ || 13.31

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tad bodhimūlaṁ samavekṣya kīrṇam̄ hirṇsātmanā mārabalena tena |  
 ००--|००|०--||००--|००|०--  
 dharmātmabhirloka vimokṣakāma irbabhūva hāhākṛtamāntarīkṣam || 13.32

००--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Haṁsi)  
 upaplutaṁ dharmavidastu tasya drṣṭvā sthitam̄ mārabalaṁ mahārṣih |  
 ००--|००|०--||--०--|००|०--  
 na cukṣubhe nāpi yayau vikāraṁ madhye gavāṁ simha ivopaviṣṭaḥ || 13.33

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 mārastato bhūtacamūmudīrṇāmājñāpayāmāsa bhayāya tasya |  
 ००--|००|०--||००--|००|०--  
 svaiḥ svaiḥ prabhāvairatha sāsyā senā taddhairyabhedāya matiṁ cakāra || 13.34

--०--|००|०--||--०--|००|०-- Upajāti (Sālā)  
 keciccalannaikavilambijihvāstīkṣṇogradamṣṭrā harimāṇḍalākṣaḥ |  
 ००--|००|०--||००--|००|०--  
 vidāritāsyāḥ sthiraśāṁkukarṇāḥ samītrāsayaṁtaḥ kila nāma tasthuḥ || 13.35

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tebhyaḥ sthitēbhyaḥ sa tathāvidhebhyaḥ rūpeṇa bhāvena ca dāruṇebhyaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 na vivyathe nodvivije mahārṣih krīḍan subālebhya ivoddhatebhyaḥ || 13.36

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 kaścittato raudravivṛttadṛṣṭistasmai gadāmudyamayāṁcakāra |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 tastambha bāhuḥ sagadastato ’syā purāmdarasyeva purā savajraḥ || 13.37

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 kecitsamudyamya śilāstarūṁśca viṣehire naiva munau vimoktum |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 petuh savṛkṣah saśilāstathaiva vajrāvabhagnā iva vimdhypādāḥ || 13.38

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 kaiścitsamutpatya nabho vimuktāḥ śilāśca vṛkṣāśca paraśvadhāśca |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 tasthurnabhasyeva na cāvapetuh samdhyaṁbhrapādā iva naikavarṇāḥ || 13.39

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 cikṣepa tasyopari dīptamanyaḥ kaḍāṁgaram parvataśringamātram |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 yanmuktamātram gaganasthameva tasyānubhāvācchatadhā babhūva || 13.40

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kaścijvalannarka ivoditaḥ khādaṁgāravarṣaiṁ mahadutsasarja |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 cūrnāni cāmīkarakaṁdarāṇāṁ kalpātyaye meruriva pradīptaḥ || 13.41

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 tad bodhimūle pravikīryamāṇamāṁgāravarṣaiṁ tu savisphuliṁgam |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 maitrīvihārādṛśisattamasya babhūva raktotpatalatravarṣaḥ || 13.42

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 śarīracittavyasanātapaistairevaṁvidhaistaiśca nipātyamānaiḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 naivāsanācchākyamuniścacāla svāṁ niścayaṁ baṁdhumivopaguhya || 13.43

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒— Upajāti (Ārdrā)  
 athāpare nirjagalurmukhebhyaḥ sarpānvijīrṇebhya iva drumebhyaḥ |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—  
 te maṁtrabaddhā iva tatsamīpe na śāśvasurnotsaṣṭjurna celuh || 13.44

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 bhūtvāpare vāridharā vṛhamtaḥ savidyutah sāśanicamḍaghoṣah |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tasmin drume tatyajuraśmavarṣam tatpuṣpavarṣam ruciram babhūva || 13.45

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 cāpe 'tha vāṇo nihiṭo 'pareṇa jajvāla tatraiva na niṣpapāta |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 anīśvarasyātmani dhūryamāṇo durmarṣaṇasyeva narasya manyuh || 13.46

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 paṁceśavo 'nyena tu vipramuktastasthurnayatyeva munau na petuh |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 saṁsārabhīrorviṣayapravṛttau paṁceṁdriyāṇīva parīkṣakasya || 13.47

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 jīghāṁsayānyah prasasāra ruṣṭo gadāṁ gr̥hītvābhīmukho mahārṣeh |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 so 'prāptakālo vivaśah papāta doṣevivānarthakareṣu lokaḥ || 13.48

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 strī meghakālī tu kapālahastā kartum mahārṣeh kila mohacittam |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 babhrāma tatrāniyatam na tasthau calātmano buddhirivāgameṣu || 13.49

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kaścitpradīptam praṇidhāya cakṣurnetrāgnināśīviṣavaddidhakṣuh |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 tatraiva nāśittamṛṣīm dadarśa kāmātmakah śreya ivopadiṣṭam || 13.50

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 gurvīṁ śilāmudyamayaṁstathānyah śaśrāma moghaṁ vihataprayatnah |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 niḥśreyasaṁ jñānasamādhigamyam kāyaklamairdharmamivāptukāmaḥ || 13.51

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Mālā)  
 tarakṣusimhākṛtayastathānye praṇeduruccairmahataḥ praṇādān |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 sattvāni yaiḥ saṁcukucuḥ samāmtādvajrāhatā dyauḥ phalatīti matvā || 13.52

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Premā)  
 mṛgā gajāścārttaravān srjāmto vidudruvuścaiva nililyire ca |  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 rātrau ca tasyāmahanīva digbhyah khagā ruvaṁtaḥ paripeturārttāḥ || 13.53

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Rāmā)  
 teṣāṁ praṇādaistu tathāvidhaistaiḥ sarveṣu bhūteṣvapi kampiteṣu |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 munirna tatrāsa na saṁcukoca ravaigarutmāniva vāyasānām || 13.54

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Chāyā)  
 bhayāvahebhyaḥ pariṣadgaṇebhyo yathā yathā naiva munirbibhāya |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 tathā tathā dharmabṛtāṁ sapatnaḥ śokācca roṣācca sasāra māraḥ || 13.55

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Vāṇī)  
 bhūtam tataḥ kiṁcidadrśyarūpaṁ viśiṣṭarūpaṁ gaganasthameva |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 dṛṣṭvārṣaye drugdhamavairaruṣṭam māraṁ babhāṣe mahatā svareṇa || 13.56

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 moghaṁ śramam nārhasi māra kartum hiṁsrātmatāmutṣrja gaccha śarma |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 naiṣa tvayā kamppayitum hi śakyo mahāgirirmerurivānilena || 13.57

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 apyuṣṇabhāvam jvalanah prajahyādāpo dravatvam pṛthivī sthiratvam |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 anekakalpācitapuṇyakarmā na tveva jahyādvyyavasāyameṣah || 13.58

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 yo niścayo hyasya parākramaśca tejaśca yadyā ca dayā prajāsu |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 aprāpya notthāsyati tattvameṣa tamāṁsyahatveva sahasraraśmiḥ || 13.59

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 kāṣṭham hi mathnan labhate hutāśam bhūmiṁ khanan viṁdati cāpi toyam |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 nirbaṁdhinah kiṁca na nāsyā sādhyam nyāyena yuktam ca kṛtaṁ ca sarvam || 13.60

—॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒— Upajāti (Sālā)  
 tallokamārttaṁ karuṇāyamāno rogeṣu rāgādiṣu vartamānam |  
 —॒—|—॒०|—॒—||—॒—|—॒०|—॒—  
 mahābhiṣagnārhati vighnameṣa jñānauṣadhdhārthaṁ parikhidyamānaḥ || 13.61

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Rddhi)  
 हर्ते च लोके बहुभिः कुमार्गायिḥ सन्मार्गामान्विच्छति याहं श्रमेणा ।  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 सा दैसिकाह क्षोभयितुम् ना युक्ताम् सुदेसिकाह सारथा इवा प्रनाष्टे ॥ 13.62

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 सत्त्वेषु नाष्टेषु महामधकारैर्जनाप्रदीपाह क्रियमाणा एषाह ।  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 अर्यास्या निर्वापयितुम् ना साधु प्रज्वाल्यमानान्वासावा दीपाह ॥ 13.63

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 द्रष्टव्या च सम्सारमये महाउग्हे मग्नाम् जगत्पारमाविम्दमानम् ।  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 यास्तेदमुत्तरायितुम् प्रवृत्तताह कास्तिन्नयेत्तस्या तु पापमार्याह ॥ 13.64

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Kīrti)  
 क्षमाशिप्हो धौर्याविगङ्घमुलाश्चारित्रपुष्पाह स्मृतिबुद्धिशाक्खाह ।  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 जनान्द्रुमो धर्मफलाप्रदाता नोपतानाम् ह्यरहति वर्धमानाह ॥ 13.65

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 बद्धहाम् द्रढ्हाईसेतासि मोहपाशार्यास्या प्रजाम् मोक्षयितुम् मनिषा ।  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 तस्मिन् जिग्हाम्सां तावा नोपपन्नां श्राम्ते जगद्बान्धनामोक्षाहेतोह ॥ 13.66

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Bhadrā)  
 बोधाया कर्माणि हि यान्यानेन कृतानि तेषाम् नियतो 'द्या कालाह ।  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 स्थाने तथास्मिन्नुपविष्टा एषा यथाइवा पूर्वे मुनयास्तथाइवा ॥ 13.67

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Indravajrā)  
 एषा हि नाभिर्वासुधातालास्या कृत्स्नेना युक्तां परामेणा धाम्ना ।  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 भुमेरातो 'न्यो 'स्ति हि ना प्रदेशो वेशाम् समाधर्विषयो हितास्या ॥ 13.68

—॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒— Upajāti (Bālā)  
 तन्मां कृथाहं शोकमुपेहि साम्तिम् मां भुन्महिम्नां तावा मारा मानाह ।  
 —॒—|—॒—|—॒—||—॒—|—॒—|—॒—  
 विश्राम्भितुम् ना क्षमामाध्रुवां श्रीस्त्रैले पदे किं पदामभ्युपाई ॥ 13.69

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒   Vaṁśastha  
 tataḥ sa samśrutyā ca tasya tadvaco mahāmuneḥ prekṣya ca niṣprakampatām |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒  
 jagāma māro vimanā hatodyamah śarairjagaccetasi yairvihanyase || 13.70

—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒   Vaṁśastha  
 gatapraharṣā viphalikṛtaśramā praviddhapāṣṇakaḍāṁgaradrumā |  
 —॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒||—॒—|—॒॒|—॒—॒  
 diśah pradudrāva tato 'syā sā camūrhatāśrayeva dviśatā dviśaccamūḥ || 13.71

—॒॒॒॒—,—॒—॒— Mālinī  
 dravati saparapakṣe nirjite puṣpaketau  
 —॒॒॒॒—,—॒—॒—  
 jayati jitataske nīrajaske mahārṣau |  
 —॒॒॒॒—,—॒—॒—  
 yuvatiriva sahāsā dyauścakāśe sacamīdrā  
 —॒॒॒॒—,—॒—॒—  
 surabhi ca jalagarbhām puṣpavarṣam papāta || 13.72

tathāpi pāpīyasi nirjite gate diśah praseduḥ prababhau niśākarah |  
 divo nipeturbhuvī puṣpavṛṣtayo rarāja yoṣeva vikalmaṣā niśā | 13.73\*

*iti śrībuddhacarite mahākāvye 'svaghoṣakṛte māravijayo nāma trayodaśah sargah || 13*  
 ||

**Book XIV**

—॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒|॒॒— pathyā Śloka<sup>1</sup>  
 tato mārabalām jitvā dhairyēṇa ca śamena ca |  
 —॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒|॒॒—  
 paramārthaṁ vijijñāsuḥ sa dadhyau dhyānakovidah || 14.1

—॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒|॒॒— navipulā  
 sarveṣu dhyānavidhiṣu prāpya caīsvaryamuttamam |  
 —॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒|॒॒—  
 sasmāra prathame yāme pūrvajanmaparamaparām || 14.2

—॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 amutrāhamayam nāma cyutastasmādihāgataḥ |  
 —॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 iti janmasahasrāṇi sasmārānubhavanniva || 14.3

—॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 smṛtvā janma ca mr̄tyum ca tāsu tāsūpapattiṣu |  
 —॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 tataḥ sattveṣu kāruṇyam cakāra karuṇātmakah || 14.4

—॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 kṛtveha svajanotsargam punaranyatra ca kriyāḥ |  
 —॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 atrāṇaḥ khalu loko 'yam paribhramati cakravat || 14.5

—॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 ityevaṁ smaratastasya babhūva niyatātmakah |  
 —॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 kadalīgarbhaniḥsāraḥ saṁsāra iti niścayaḥ || 14.6

—॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 dvitīye tvāgatē yāme so 'dvitīyaparākramakah |  
 —॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 divyam cakṣuḥ param lebhe sarvacakṣuṣmatām varah || 14.7

—॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 tatastena sa divyena pariśuddhena cakṣuṣā |  
 —॒॒॒|॒॒॒॥॒॒॒॒॥॒॒—  
 dadarśa nikhilam lokamādarśa iva nirmale || 14.8

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<sup>1</sup> The pathyā form of the metre should be presumed in the Śloka verses unless otherwise indicated.

—|—||—|—|—  
sattvānāṁ paśyatastasya nikṛṣṭotkṛṣṭakarmaṇām |  
—|—||—|—|—  
pracyutim copapattim ca vavṛdhe karuṇātmatā || 14.9

—|—|—||—|—|—  
ime duṣkṛtakarmāṇah prāṇino yāṁti durgatim |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
ime 'nye śubhakarmāṇah pratiṣṭhamite tripiṣṭape || 14.10

—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— navipulā  
upapannāḥ pratibhaye narake bhṛśadāruṇe |  
—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— navipulā  
amī duḥkhairbahuvidhaiḥ pīḍyamīte kṛpaṇām vata || 14.11

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
pāyyamīte kvathitām kecidagnivarṇamayorasam |  
—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
āropyamīte ruvamīto 'nye niṣṭaptastaṁbhamaṁyasam || 14.12

—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
pacyamīte piṣṭavatkecidayaskuṁbhīśvavāñmukhāḥ |  
—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
dahyamīte karuṇām keciddīpteṣvāṁgārarāśīsu || 14.13

—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
kecittīkṣṇairayodamṣṭrairbhaksyamīte dāruṇaiḥ śvabhiḥ |  
—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
keciddhṛṣṭairayastuṁḍairvāyasairāyasairiva || 14.14

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
keciddāhapariśrāmtāḥ śītacchāyābhikāñkṣīṇāḥ |  
—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
asipatrām vanām nīlam baddhā iva viśamtyamī || 14.15

—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
pātyamīte dāruvat kecitkuṭhārairbahubāhavaḥ |  
—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
duḥkhe 'pi na vipadyamīte karmabhirdhāritāsavaḥ || 14.16

—|—|—||—|—|—||—|—|—  
sukham syāditi yatkarma kṛtam duḥkhaniṇṛttaye |  
—|—||—|—|—||—|—|— navipulā  
phalam tasyedamavaśairduḥkhamevopabhujyate || 14.17

—○—|○---||○---○|○—  
sukhārthamaśubham kṛtvā ya ete bhṛśaduḥkhitāḥ |  
—○—|○---||○---○|○—  
āsvādaḥ sa kimeteśāṁ karoti sukhamañvapi || 14.18

—○—|○---||○—○|○—  
hasadbhiryatkṛtam karma kaluṣam kaluṣātmabhiḥ |  
—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
etatpariṇate kāle krośadbhiranubhūyate || 14.19

—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
yadyeva pāpakarmāṇah paśyeyuḥ karmaṇāmī phalam |  
—○—|○—○|—○—|○— navipulā  
vameyuruṣṇarudhiram marmasvabhihatā iva || 14.20

śārīrebhyo ’pi duḥkhebhyo nārakebhyo manasvinah |  
anāryaiḥ saha saṁvāso mama kṛcchratamo mataḥ || 14.21\*

—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
ime ’nye karmabhiścitraiścittavispaṁdasam̄bhavaiḥ |  
—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
tiryagyona॒ u vicitrāyāmupapannāstapasvinah || 14.22 (14.21)

—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
māṁsatvagbāladam̄tartham vairādapi madādapi |  
—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
hanyamte kṛpaṇā yatra baṁdhūnām paśyatāmapi || 14.23 (14.22)

—○—|—○—|—○—|○— bhavipulā  
aśaknuvaṁto ’pyavaśāḥ kṣuttarṣaśramapīḍitāḥ |  
—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
go ’svabhūtāśca vāhyamte pratodakṣatamūrtayah || 14.24 (14.23)

—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
vāhyamte gajabhūtāśca balīyāṁso ’pi durbalaiḥ |  
—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
amkuśakliṣṭamūrdhānastāḍitāḥ pādapārṣṇibhiḥ || 14.25 (14.24)

—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
satsvapanyeṣu duḥkheṣu duḥkham yatra viśeṣataḥ |  
—○—|○---||—○—|○—  
parasparavirodhācca parādhīnatayaiva ca || 14.26 (14.25)

—|—||—|—|—  
khasthāḥ khasthairhi bādhyamte jalasthā jalacāribhiḥ |  
—|—|—||—|—|—  
sthalasthāḥ sthalasāṁsthaistu prāpyamte cetaretaraiḥ || 14.27 (14.26)

—|—||—|—|—  
upapannāstathā ceme mātsaryākrāṁtacetasah |  
—|—||—|—|—  
pitṛloke nirāloke kṛpaṇām bhūmjate phalam || 14.28 (14.27)

—|—||—|—|— navipulā  
sūcīchidropamamukhāḥ parvatopamakukṣayah |  
—|—||—|—|—  
kṣuttarṣajanitairduḥkhaiḥ pīḍyamte duḥkhabhāginaḥ || 14.29 (14.28)

—|—||—|—|—  
puruṣo yadi jānīta mātsaryasyedṛśam phalam |  
—|—||—|—|—  
sarvathā śivivaddadyāccharīrāvayavānapi || 14.30 (14.30)

—|—||—|—|—  
āśayā samabhikrāṁtā ghāryamāṇāḥ svakarmabhiḥ |  
—|—||—|—|—  
labhamte na hyamī bhoktum pravṛddhānyaśucīnyapi || 14.31 (14.29)

—|—||—|—|—  
ime 'nye narakaṁ prāpya garbhasāṁjñe 'śucihrade |  
—|—||—|—|—  
upapannā manuṣyeṣu duḥkhamarchamti jaṁtavaḥ || 14.32 (14.31)<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> At this point the original section of Buddharita breaks off, it is supplemented by Amṛtānanda's conclusion (in Sanskrit) in Cowell's edition; and the continuation in the Tibetan and Chinese translations has been translated in Johnson's edition. But as these throw no light on Aśvaghoṣa's prosody they are omitted here.