Science test Paper 1

Please read this page, but do not open the booklet until your teacher tells you to start. Write your name and the name of your school in the spaces below.

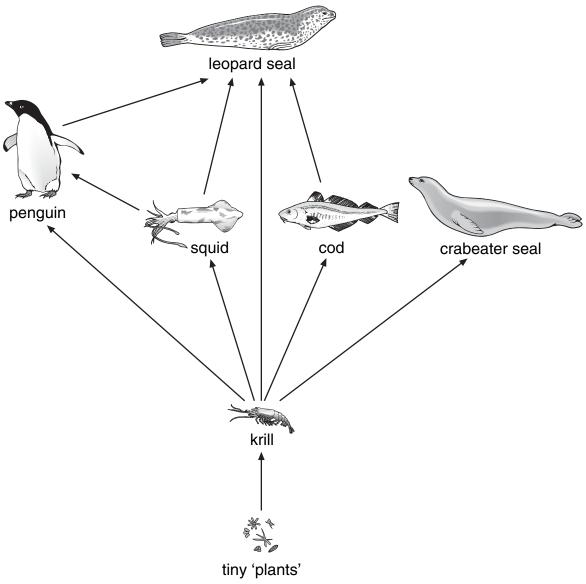
First name	
Last name	
School	

Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber, ruler, protractor and calculator.
- The test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all of the questions.
- The number of marks available for each question is given below the mark boxes in the margin. You should not write in this margin.
- If you are asked to plan an investigation, there will be space for you to write down your thoughts and ideas.
- Do not use any rough paper.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.

For marker's		1
TOT HOTINGE B	Total marks	1
use only	TOTAL IIIaIKS	i
use arry		

1. The drawing below shows part of a food web in the sea around Antarctica.



not to scale

		1a
1	mark	-

1a

_____1a

1 mark

(a) From the food web, give the names of two animals that only eat krill.

(b)	(i)	Which word describes the plants in a food web? Tick the correct box.	
		producers predators	
		herbivores carnivores	1 mark
	(ii)	Krill are small animals that eat tiny plants.	
		Which word describes krill in the food web? Tick the correct box.	
		producers predators	
		herbivores carnivores	1 mark
(c)	(i)	Crabeater seals eat krill. Fishermen catch large amounts of krill from the sea.	
		How would a decrease in the number of krill affect the number of crabeater seals?	
			10
	(ii)	Look at the food web. Leopard seals also eat krill.	1 mark
		A decrease in the number of krill will affect the crabeater seals sooner than it affects leopard seals. Give the reason for this.	
			1 months
			1 mark
		maximum 6 marks	

2.	Choose	words	from	the	box	below	to	answer	all	the c	uestions.

cell division	đ	ligestion	fertilisation	fœtus	genes
intestine	ovary	ovum (egg)	sperm	testis	uterus

(a)

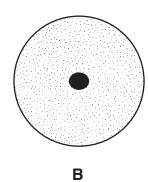


Α

(i) What is the name of cell A?

(ii) Where is cell A produced?

(b)



(i) What is the name of cell B?

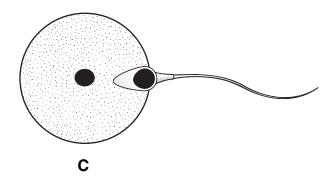
(ii) Where is cell B produced?

2aii





(c)



not to scale

What process is shown in C?	Choose your answer from the box	opposite.

2cd

(d) The diagram shows a baby developing inside its mother.



- (i) Which word means an unborn baby? Choose your answer from the box opposite.
- (ii) Where does the unborn baby develop? Choose your answer from the box opposite.

2di

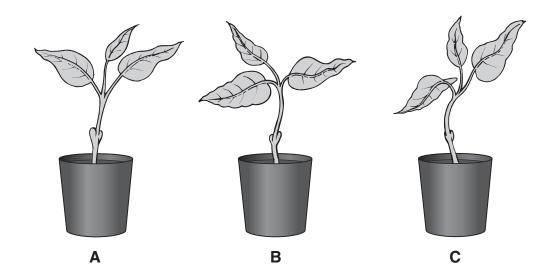
1 mark

2dii

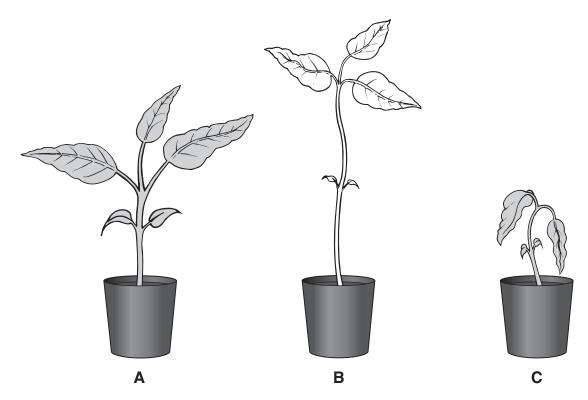
1 mark

maximum 7 marks

3. The drawings below show three healthy young plants.



The drawings below show the three plants after two weeks.



(a) (i) Plant B did not have enough light.

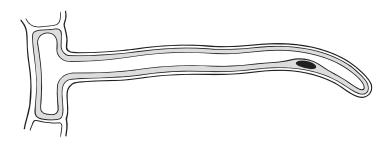
How can you tell this from the drawing?

(ii) Plant C did not have enough water	∍r.
--	-----

How can you tell this from the drawing?

	3ai
1 mark	

The drawing below shows a root hair cell. (b)



Give two substances that root hair cells absorb from the soil.





maximum 4 marks

4. Two pupils investigated the effect of temperature on how fast oil flows through a funnel.

They used the equipment in the photograph below.



(a)	They measured	I the time taker	n for all the oil	to flow through	the funnel.

What equipment did th	ey use to measure the time?	

(b) Complete the table below to show what they should do with each factor in their investigation.

Tick one box for each factor.

factor	change it	keep it the same	measure it
temperature of the oil			
type of oil			
volume of oil			
time taken for all the oil to flow through the funnel			

		Δŀ

1 mark

1	mark	
		41

	4b

(c) (i) Look at their results in the table below.

temperature of al (°C)	time taken for all the oil to flow through the funnel (s)
22	131
40	35
60	22
80	19

What happens to the time taken for the oil to flow through the	funnel
as its temperature increases?	
,	

(ii) How long would it take for all the oil to flow through the funnel at 15 C?

Choose from the following times. Tick the correct box.

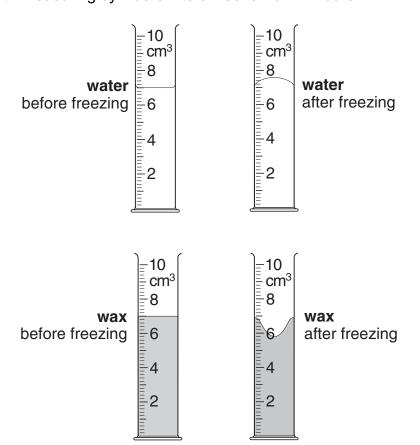
15 seconds	
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1 mark

maximum 5 marks

5. Meera poured 7 cm³ of water into a measuring cylinder. She poured 7 cm³ of melted wax into another measuring cylinder. She put both measuring cylinders into a freezer for 24 hours.



(a) Look at the measuring cylinders.
What happened to the volume of the water and the wax after freezing?

the volume of wax _____

- (b) The measuring cylinders were taken out of the freezer and left in a room at 20 °C.
 - Frozen water melts at 0 C.
 - Wax melts at 53 C.

What would the physical state of each substance be at 20 C?

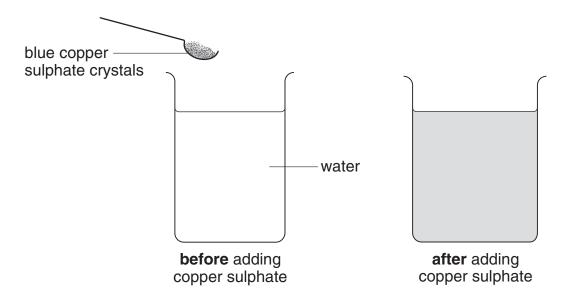
Choose from gas or liquid or solid.

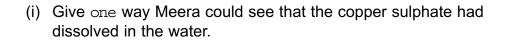
water _____

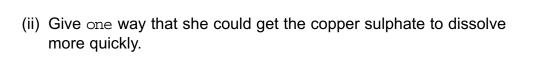
wax ____

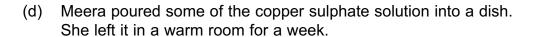
5a

(c) Meera added blue copper sulphate crystals to some water in a beaker. The copper sulphate dissolved in the water.











A week later there was a blue solid but no liquid in the dish.

(ii) What was the blue solid left in the dish?

maximum 7 marks

5ci

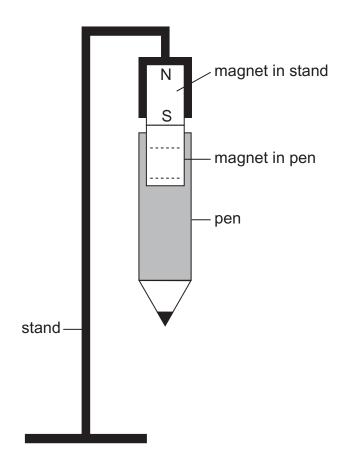






6. The diagram below shows a pen.

The pen is held up by two magnets, one in the stand and the other in the pen.

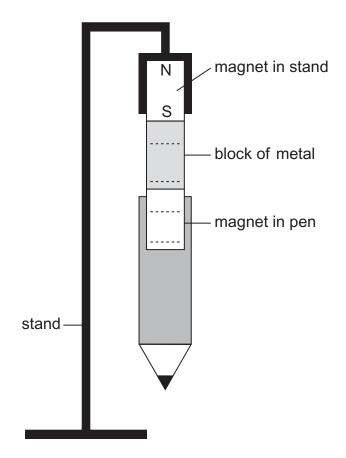


(a) On the dotted lines above, label the North pole and the South pole of the magnet in the pen.

Use the letters N and S.

6a

(b) John put a block of metal between the two magnets as shown below.



6bi 1 mark

The block of metal became a magnet.

(i) On the dotted lines above, label the North poles and the South poles of both the block of metal and the magnet.

Use the letters N and S.

(ii) What metal could the block be made of?

(c) John repeated the experiment using a piece of wood instead of a block of metal.

The pen did mt stay up.

Give the reason for this.

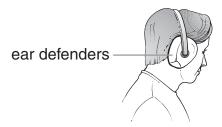
6bii

6c

maximum 4 marks

7.	Three	sligug	watched	а	firework	display	<i>'</i> .
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(a)	A man I	it the	fireworks.	He	wore	ear	defenders
-----	---------	--------	------------	----	------	-----	-----------



W	hy should	he wear	ear defe	nders wh	en he is	close to	loud	fireworks?

7a

1 mark

(b) A rocket exploded making a loud sound and a bright flash.

Peter, Sabrina and Jan were standing at different distances from the rocket.











Jan

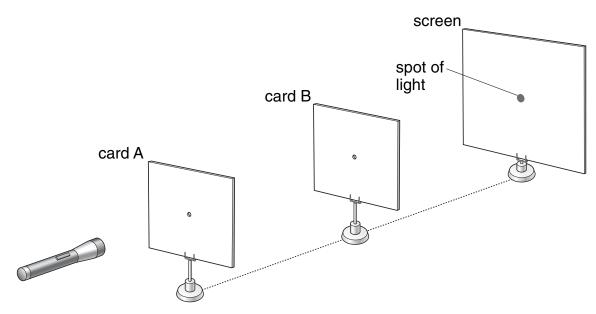
When the rocket exploded, Jan heard the quietest sound. Why did Jan hear the quietest sound?

(c)	Jan saw the flash before she heard the sound.	
	What does this tell you about the speed of light and the speed of sound?	
		7c 1 mark
(d)	Complete the sentences below using words from the list.	
	demical electrical heat light sound	
	(i) Jan, Sabrina and Peter could see the rocket explode because it	
	gave out energy.	7di
	(ii) They could hear the rocket explode because it gave out	
	energy.	7dii 1 mark
(e)	When the rocket stopped burning it fell to the ground.	
	What force caused it to fall to the ground?	
		7e
		IIIaik

maximum 6 marks

8. Gabby arranged a torch, two cards and a screen as shown below.

Light from the torch passed through holes in the cards and onto the screen.



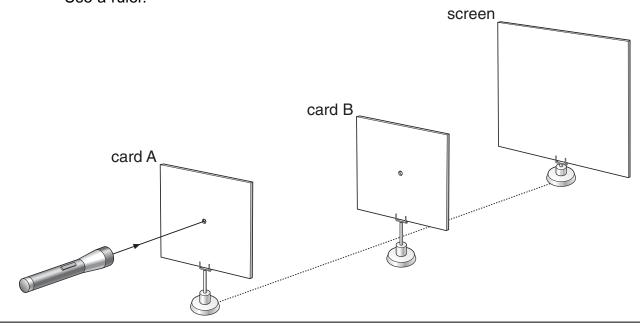
(a) Why did a spot of light appear on the screen? Tick the correct box.

Light can be split up into many colours.	Light can travel through empty space.	
Light travels in straight lines.	Light travels very fast.	

(b) Gabby moved card B to one side as shown below.

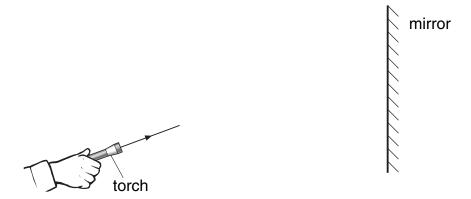
The ray of light passed through the hole in card A and onto card B.

Continue the ray of light from the torch to show where it would hit card B. Use a ruler.

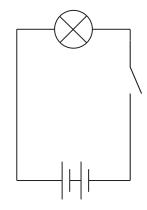




(c) Gabby used a torch to shine a ray of light towards a mirror. Continue the ray of light to show how it reflects off the mirror. Add an arrow to show the direction of the reflected ray. Use a ruler.



Gabby built a circuit like the circuit in her torch. (d)



What could she do to the circuit to make this bulb brighter? Tick the correct box.

Add another battery.	Add another bulb.	
Add another switch.	Add longer wires.	

maximum 6 marks

Total

1 mark

1 mark

	ry year thousands of trees are cut down in forests.
(a)	Mammals and birds are two groups of animals that live in forests.
	Give two reasons why fewer mammals and birds can survive after trees have been cut down.
	1
	2
(b)	Many small plants grow in the clearings left after trees are cut down.
	Explain why small plants are able to grow well after the trees have been cut down.

(c) In some forests, small branches are left on the ground.



Fungi and bacteria feed on these branches and release minerals, such as nitrates, back into the soil.

Why is it important that the minerals are released back into the soil?						

(d) A label was printed on the back of a birthday card.

The paper for this card was made from wood taken from sustainable forests

In sustainable forests, new trees are planted to replace trees that are cut down.

Give two reasons why it is important to replace forest trees that are cut down.

1.	
	
2.	

maximum 7 marks

9c

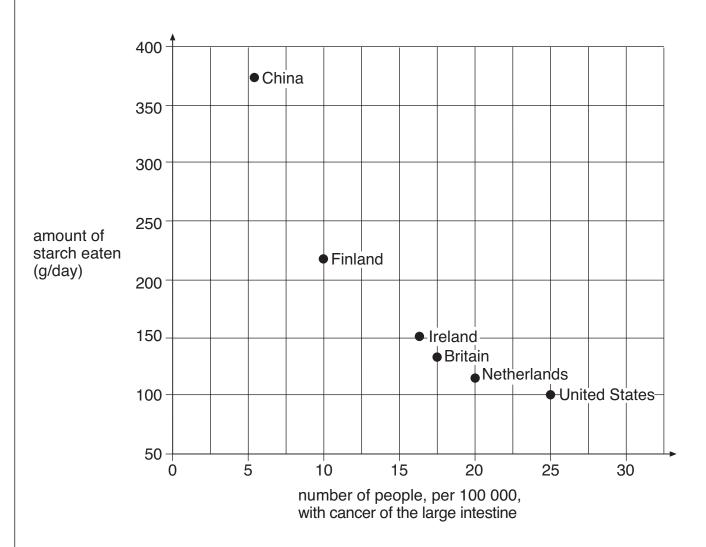
1 mark

9d 1 mark

9d 1 mark

People in different countries eat different amounts of starch.
 A scientist compared the amount of starch that people ate with the number of people with cancer of the large intestine.

The scatter graph below shows her results.



Look at the scatter graph.

- (a) (i) Which country had the greatest proportion of people with cancer of the large intestine?
 - (ii) What conclusion could you come to about the effect of eating starch on getting cancer of the large intestine?



10ai

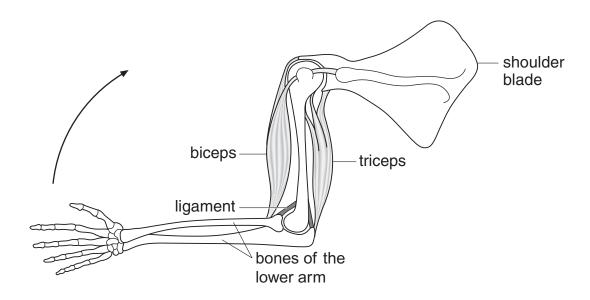
1 mark

(b)	(i)	Starch is a	carbohydrate.						
			of the following correct boxes		are good	sources of s	starch?		
			bread		cheese				
			chicken		tomatoe	es			10k
			fish		pasta			1 mark	10k
	(ii)		e working well				ced diet, keeps	1 mark	
		fat	fibre	miner	als	protein	vitamins		
								1 mark	10k

maximum 5 marks

11. The diagram below shows bones and muscles of the human arm.

The biceps and triceps are muscles that contract to move the bones of the lower arm.



What do the biceps and triceps do to move the arm in the direction shown by the arrow? Tick the correct box.

The biceps and the triceps contract at the same time.	
The biceps contracts and the triceps relaxes.	
The biceps relaxes and the triceps contracts.	
The biceps and the triceps relax at the same time.	

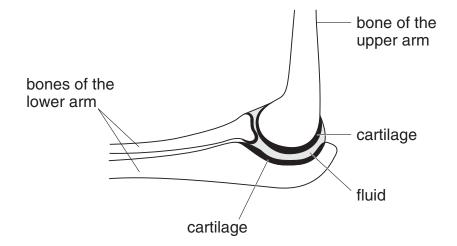
(b) Ligaments hold bones together at a joint. Ligaments can stretch.

Why must ligaments be able to stretch?

	_	 	
11b			
	-	 	

11a

(c) The diagram below shows an elbow joint.

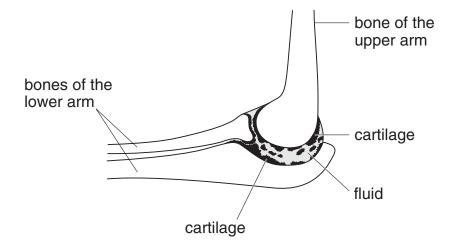


(i) The ends of the bones at a joint are covered by a layer of smooth material called cartilage.

There is also a fluid in the joint.

Why are cartilage and fluid needed in a joint?

(ii) In the joint shown below, some of the cartilage has broken off.



Suggest one way this damage will affect the joint.

maximum 4 marks

11cii

1 mark

12. An alloy is a mixture of elements.

The table shows the mass of each element present in 100 g of five different alloys, bronze, solder, steel, stainless steel and brass.

	mass of each element in 100 g of alloy							
alloy	lead (g)	tin (g)	copper (g)	zinc (g)	carbon (g)	iron (g)	chromium (g)	nickel (g)
bronze		4	95	1				
solder	62	38						
stæl					1	99		
stainless steel						70	20	10
brass			67	33				

12a	(a)	Which alloy in the table above contains an element which is a non-metal?
1 mark	4.	
12b	(b)	Which two alloys in the table contain only two metals? and
1 mark		

100 g of nichrome contains 20 g of chromium.

How much nickel does it contain?

1 mark

Another alloy called nichrome contains only the elements chromium and nickel.

(d)	Before 1992, two-pence coins were made of bronze. Steel rusts but bronze does mt rust.	
	(i) Why does bronze mt rust? Use information in the table opposite to help you.	
		12di
	(ii) Rusting requires water and a gas from the air. Give the name of this gas.	12di
		1 mark

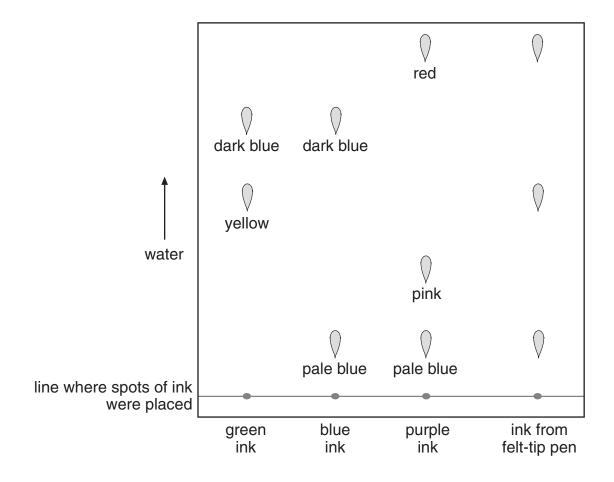
maximum 5 marks

13. Susie used chromatography to identify the coloured substances in the ink from a felt-tip pen.

She used:

- green ink
- blue ink
- purple ink
- ink from her felt-tip pen.

She used water as the solvent.



Look at the diagram above.

(a) (i) Which colours were present in the ink from the felt-tip pen?

(ii)	How many coloured substances were there in green ink?	
	How can you tell?	
(iii)	Susie placed the spots of ink on a line on the chromatography paper as shown in the diagram. To draw the line, Susie had to choose a felt-tip pen or a pencil.	1 mark
	Which one should she use?	
	Give the reason for your answer.	
		1 mark
Wh not	sie used water as the solvent in this experiment. nen she repeated the experiment with a different set of pens, it did work. e then used ethanol instead of water.	
Su	ggest why the experiment worked with ethanol but mt with water.	
		1 mark

maximum 4 marks

14.	Two pupils were given a sample of 'biological' washing powder and a sample of 'pop biological' washing powder.
	of 'non-biological' washing powder. They investigated how the two powders compare in removing egg-stains
	from cloth.

Our Report

- I. We put 'biological' powder into one bowl and 'non-biological' powder into the other bowl. We added water.
- 2. We put some egg-stained cloth into each bowl.
- 3. We left the bowls for 30 minutes.

 We dried out the cloth and saw what happened.



Look at their report.

	(a)	Give one way they made their investigation fair.
14a mark		
14b	(b)	Give two ways they could improve their investigation.
mark		1
14b mark		2
	(c)	What should they observe to compare the two types of washing powder?
14c		

maximum 4 marks

15. Each of the observations shown below has one explanation.

Draw a line from each observation to the correct explanation.

observation

explanation

The Earth spins on its

axis.

A ship going out to sea goes out of sight.

The Earth is a sphere.

We have day and night.

The Earth orbits the Sun and the Earth's axis is tilted.

We have summer and winter.

> Gravity attracts objects towards the Earth.

One year on Earth is 365 days.

> The Earth orbits the Sun.

1 mark

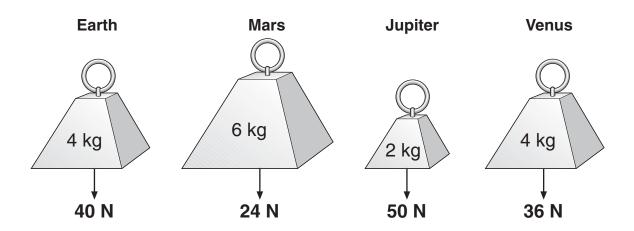
1 mark

1 mark

1 mark

maximum 4 marks

16. The drawings show the mass and weight of four objects on different planets.





(b)	How can you tell, from the drawings, that gravity is greater on

On which of the four planets is the object with the largest mass?



weight of the astronaut on the Earth.

Gravity is less on the Moon than on the Earth.

Earth than on Venus?



Complete the sentences below to compare the weight and mass of an astronaut on the Moon and on the Earth.



1 mark

The weight of an astronaut on the Moon is _____ the

The mass of an astronaut on the Moon is ______ the mass of the astronaut on the Earth.

(c)

(d) The table below gives information about five planets.

planet	distance from the Sun (million km)	time for planet to orbit the Sun (Earth-years)	
Venus	110	0.6	
Earth	150	1.0	
Mars	230		
Jupiter	780	12.0	
Saturn	1400	30.0	

(i) Look at the information in the table.

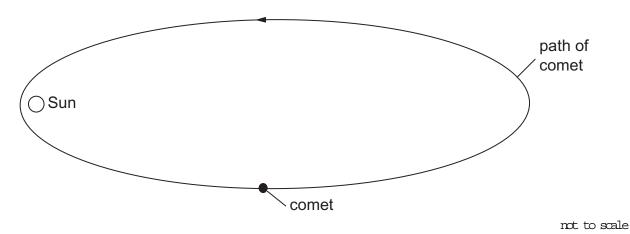
How does the time for a planet to orbit the Sun change with its distance from the Sun?

(ii) Use information in the table to estimate the time for Mars to orbit the Sun.

_____ Earth-years

(e) The diagram below shows the path of a comet around the Sun.

On the path of the comet below, place a letter X to show the position where the comet is travelling the fastest.



maximum 7 marks

16e

1 mark

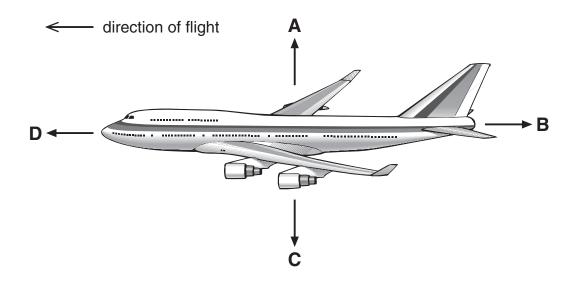
16di

16dii

1 mark

1 mark

17. The diagram shows four forces acting on a plane in flight.



(a) Which arrow represents air resistance? Give the letter.

_____1/a

(b) (i) When the plane is flying at a constant height, which two forces must be balanced?Give the letters.

_____ and ____

(ii) When the plane is flying at a constant speed in the direction shown, which two forces must be balanced? Give the letters.

_____ and ____

	17bii
1 mark	

(c)	c) (i) Just before take-off, the plane is speeding up along the ground.			
		Which statement is true? Tick the correct box.		
		Force B is zero.		
		Force B is greater than force D.		
		Force D is equal to force B.		
		Force D is greater than force B.	17	
	(ii)) Which statement is true about the plane just as it leaves the ground? Tick the correct box.	1 mark	
		Force C is zero.		
		Force C is greater than force A.		
		Force A is equal to force C.		
		Force A is greater than force C.	17 1 mark	

maximum 5 marks

END OF TEST