

EN	Wire feed unit tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire	
099-000180-EW501	Observe additional system documents!	15.04.2019



www.ewm-group.com



General instructions

\land WARNING



Read the operating instructions!

The operating instructions provide an introduction to the safe use of the products.

- Read and observe the operating instructions for all system components, especially the safety instructions and warning notices!
- Observe the accident prevention regulations and any regional regulations!
- The operating instructions must be kept at the location where the machine is operated.
- Safety and warning labels on the machine indicate any possible risks.
 Keep these labels clean and legible at all times.
- The machine has been constructed to state-of-the-art standards in line with any applicable regulations and industrial standards. Only trained personnel may operate, service and repair the machine.
- Technical changes due to further development in machine technology may lead to a differing welding behaviour.

In the event of queries on installation, commissioning, operation or special conditions at the installation site, or on usage, please contact your sales partner or our customer service department on +49 2680 181-0.

A list of authorised sales partners can be found at www.ewm-group.com/en/specialist-dealers.

Liability relating to the operation of this equipment is restricted solely to the function of the equipment. No other form of liability, regardless of type, shall be accepted. This exclusion of liability shall be deemed accepted by the user on commissioning the equipment.

The manufacturer is unable to monitor whether or not these instructions or the conditions and methods are observed during installation, operation, usage and maintenance of the equipment.

An incorrectly performed installation can result in material damage and injure persons as a result. For this reason, we do not accept any responsibility or liability for losses, damages or costs arising from incorrect installation, improper operation or incorrect usage and maintenance or any actions connected to this in any way.

© EWM AG

Dr. Günter-Henle-Strasse 8 56271 Mündersbach Germany Tel.: +49 2680 181-0, Fax: -244 Email: info@ewm-group.com

www.ewm-group.com

The copyright to this document remains the property of the manufacturer.

Copying, including extracts, only permitted with written approval.

The content of this document has been prepared and reviewed with all reasonable care. The information provided is subject to change; errors excepted.



1 Contents

1	Cont	ents		3
2	For y	our safet	ν	6
	2.1		the use of these operating instructions	
	2.2		ion of icons	
	2.3	Part of th	ne complete documentation	8
	2.4	Safety in	structions	9
	2.5	Transpor	rt and installation	13
3	Inten	ded use .		14
	3.1	Use and	operation solely with the following machines	14
	3.2	Applicati	ons	14
	3.3	Docume	nts which also apply	15
		3.3.1	Warranty	
		3.3.2	Declaration of Conformity	
		3.3.3	Welding in environments with increased electrical hazards	
		3.3.4	Service documents (spare parts and circuit diagrams)	
		3.3.5	Calibration/Validation	
4			ription – quick overview	
	4.1		W	
	4.2		W	
	4.3		control – Operating elements	
		4.3.1 4.3.2	Machine control – Concealed operating elements Operating elements in the machine	
	4.4	-	operating elements in the machine	
	4.4	4.4.1	Legend	
-	Deel		nction	
5	5.1	-	rt and installation	
	5.1	5.1.1	Protective flap, welding machine control	
		5.1.1	Ambient conditions	
		0.1.2	5.1.2.1 In operation	
			5.1.2.2 Transport and storage	
		5.1.3	Machine cooling	
		5.1.4	Workpiece lead, general	
		5.1.5	Notes on the installation of welding current leads	
		5.1.6	Stray welding currents	29
		5.1.7	Mains connection	
			5.1.7.1 Mains configuration	
		5.1.8	Welding torch cooling system.	
			5.1.8.1 Permitted torch coolant	
		540	5.1.8.2 Maximal hose package length	
		5.1.9	Intermediate hose package connection	
			5.1.9.1 Intermediate hose package strain relief5.1.9.2 Locking the strain relief	
			5.1.9.2 Locking the strain relief5.1.9.3 Control cable pin configuration	
		5.1.10	Connection for workpiece lead	
		5.1.11	Welding torch connection	
		•••••	5.1.11.1 Control cable pin configuration	
		5.1.12	Wire feed	
			5.1.12.1 Inserting the wire spool	
			5.1.12.2 Changing the wire feed rollers	39
			5.1.12.3 Inching the wire electrode	
			5.1.12.4 Spool brake setting	
		5.1.13	Shielding gas supply (shielding gas cylinder for welding machine)	
			5.1.13.1 Connecting the shielding gas supply	
		5.1.14	Shielding gas volume settings	
			5.1.14.1 Gas test	
	5.2	Configur	5.1.14.2 Purge hose package ing the welding machine for mechanical arc fusion welding	
	0.2	5.2.1	Selection and adjustment	
		J		



5.2.3 Operating modes (functional sequences)			5.2.2	superPu	ls	45
5.2.3.1 Explanation of symbols 46 5.2.3.2 Non-latched Manual 47 5.2.3.3 Latched manual 48 5.2.3.4 Non-latched automatic 50 5.2.3.5 Latched automatic 50 5.2.3.6 Tack welding 51 5.3.1 Direct menus (direct access to parameters) 52 5.3.2 Expert menu 52 5.3.4 Access control 52 5.5 Welding torch holder 52 5.5 Welding torch holder 52 6.1 General 54 6.1.1 Cleaning 54 6.1.2 Dirt filter 54 6.2.3 Anout last (imspection and testing during operation) 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment 57 7.4 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 <th></th> <td></td> <td>5.2.3</td> <td>Operatin</td> <td>g modes (functional sequences)</td> <td>46</td>			5.2.3	Operatin	g modes (functional sequences)	46
5.2.3.3 Latched automatic				5.2.3.1	Explanation of symbols	46
52.3.4 Non-latched automatic				5.2.3.2		
52.3.5 Latched automatic. 50 5.3 Menus and sub-menus on the machine control. 52 5.3.1 Direct menus (direct access to parameters). 52 5.3.2 Expert menu 52 5.3.4 Access control 52 5.5 Welding torch holder 53 6 Maintenance, care and disposal 54 6.1 General 54 6.1.2 Diri filter. 54 6.2.1 Diri filter. 55 6.2.1 Diri filter. 55 6.2.1 Doint y maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthy maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 7.3 Recetifying faults 57 7.4 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61						-
5.2.3.6 Tack welding 51 5.3 Menus and sub-menus on the machine control. 52 5.3.1 Direct menus (direct access to parameters) 52 5.3.2 Expert menu 52 5.3.4 Access control 53 6 Maintenance, care and disposal 53 6.1 Cleaning 54 6.1.2 Diri filter. 54 6.2 Maintenance tasks 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monithy maintenance tasks 55 6.3.2 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3.3 Disposing of equipment. 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages. 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings. 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit. 60 8 Technical data. 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. 62 9.2 General accessorie						
5.3 Menus and sub-menus (direct access to parameters)						
5.3.1 Direct menu (direct access to parameters). 52 5.3.2 Expert menu						
5.3.2 Expert menu		5.3				
5.4 Access control. 52 5.5 Welding torch holder 53 6 Maintenance, care and disposal 54 6.1.1 Cleaning 54 6.1.2 Dit filter 54 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment. 56 7 Rectifying faults. 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults. 57 7.2 Error messages. 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data						
5.5 Welding torch holder 53 6 Maintenance, care and disposal 54 6.1 General 54 6.1.1 Cleaning 54 6.1.2 Dirt filter 54 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment. 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire 61 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.3 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored w		E /		•		
6 Maintenance, care and disposal 54 6.1 General 54 6.1.1 Cleaning 54 6.1.2 Dirt filter 54 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment 56 7.2 Error messages 57 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.3 Options 62 9.4 Uvire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.3 Ure feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.4 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Ure feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.4 Conversion kit 63 <th></th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
6.1 General. 54 6.1.2 Dirt filter. 54 6.2 Maintenance work, intervals 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks. 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks. 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment. 56 7 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire 61 9 Accessories 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.1 Nire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Ure feed rollers for cored wire 63	~		•			
6.1.1 Cleaning 54 6.1.2 Diri filter 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment 56 7 Rectifying faults 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.1 Options 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 64 11.1 Setting for oreed wire 63 <t< td=""><th>6</th><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td></t<>	6				•	
6.1.2 Dirt filter 54 6.2 Maintenance work, intervals 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment 56 7 Rectifying faults 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data		0.1				
6.2 Maintenance work, intervals 55 6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment. 56 7 Rectifying faults. 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data. 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. 61 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.1 Options 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Uire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding </td <th></th> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>			-	-		
6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks 55 6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment. 56 7 Rectifying faults. 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults. 57 7.2 Error messages. 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings. 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit. 60 8 Technical data. 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.2 General accessories of aluminium wire 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Uire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.4 Wire feed rol		62	-			
6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks 55 6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) 55 6.3 Disposing of equipment. 56 7 Rectifying faults 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire 61 9.1 Options 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.2 General accessories 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.4.1 Vire feed rollers for atuminium wire 63		0.2				
6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation) .55 6.3 Disposing of equipment. .56 7 Rectifying faults. .57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults .57 7.2 Error messages. .58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings .59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit. .60 8 Technical data. .61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. .61 9 Accessories .62 9.1 Options .62 9.2 General accessories .62 9.2 General accessories .62 10.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire .63 10.1.1 Conversion kit. .63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire .63 10.1.3 Conversion kit. .63 10.1.4 Continuous TIG cold wire welding. .64 11.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding. .65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding. .67 11.1.4 sup			-	•		
6.3 Disposing of equipment. 56 7 Rectifying faults. 57 7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults. 57 7.2 Error messages. 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings. 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit. 60 8 Technical data. 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. 61 9 Accessories 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.2 General accessories in the factory set wire 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for acred wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Conversion kit 63 10.1.4 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Conversion kit 63 10.1.4 Conversion kit 63 10.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 65			-			
7 Rectifying faults		6.3	Disposin			
7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults 57 7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire 61 9 Accessories 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.2 General accessories 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Uver feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Uver feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Uver feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Conversion kit 63 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire wel	7	Recti	•	• • •		
7.2 Error messages 58 7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire 61 9 Accessories 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.2 General accessories 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.2 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 64 11.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 SuperPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 SuperPuls TIG cold wire welding 71 11.1.6 Oscillation TIG co	•					
7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings 59 7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data 61 8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. 61 9 Accessories 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 9.2 General accessories 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers 63 10.1.1 Kire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Kire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Uire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Conversion kit 63 10.1.4 Conversion kit 63 10.1.5 Conversion kit 63 10.1.6 Conversion kit 63 10.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 64 <		7.2				
7.4 Vent coolant circuit 60 8 Technical data		7.3				
8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. 61 9 Accessories 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 10 Replaceable parts 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 11.4 Appendix 64 11.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 68 11.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72		7.4				
8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire. 61 9 Accessories 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 10 Replaceable parts 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 11.4 Appendix 64 11.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 68 11.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72	8	Tech	nical data	a		61
9 Accessories 62 9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 10 Replaceable parts 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Ure feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Ure feed rollers for cored wire 63 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 69 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.1.9 superPuls TIG cold wire welding						
9.1 Options 62 9.2 General accessories 62 10 Replaceable parts 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 11.4 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 68 11.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.6 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.1.9 superPuls	9	Acce	• •			
9.2 General accessories 62 10 Replaceable parts 63 10.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 69 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.5 OscillationTIG hot wire welding 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.1.9 super	•					
10.1 Wire feed rollers 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 69 11.1.6 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.1.9 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 73 11.1.10 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 73 11.1.10 superPuls TIG cold		9.2				
10.1 Wire feed rollers 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire 63 10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 69 11.1.6 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.1.9 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 73 11.1.10 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 73 11.1.10 superPuls TIG cold	10	Repla	aceable p	arts		63
10.1.1.1 Conversion kit. 63 10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit. 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit. 63 11 Appendix 64 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 69 11.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 71 11.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.1.9 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 73 11.1.10 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 74 11.1.10 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 75 11.1.12 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 75 11.1.12 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 75			•			
10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire 63 10.1.2.1 Conversion kit 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 11 Appendix 64 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.2 Continuous TIG hot wire welding 66 11.1.2 Continuous TIG hot wire welding 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.1.4 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 68 11.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.6 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.1.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.1.9 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 73 11.1.10 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 74 11.1.10 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 75 11.1.12 Oscillation TIG hot wire welding 75<			10.1.1	Wire fee	d rollers for steel wire	63
10.1.2.1 Conversion kit. 63 10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3 Uorersion kit. 63 11 Appendix 64 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.2 Continuous TIG hot wire welding 66 11.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 66 11.4 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 67 11.4 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 69 11.6 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 70 11.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 71 11.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.9 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 73 11.10 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 74 11.11 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 75 11.12 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 75				10.1.1.1	Conversion kit	63
10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire 63 10.1.3.1 Conversion kit 63 11 Appendix 64 11.1 Setting instructions 64 11.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 65 11.2 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 66 11.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 67 11.4 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 68 11.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 69 11.6 OscillationTIG hot wire welding 70 11.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 71 11.8 Continuous TIG cold wire welding 72 11.9 superPuls TIG cold wire welding 73 11.10 superPuls TIG hot wire welding 74 11.10 SuperPuls TIG cold wire welding 75 11.11 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding 75 11.12 Oscillation TIG hot wire welding 76			10.1.2	Wire fee	d rollers for aluminium wire	63
10.1.3.1 Conversion kit				10.1.2.1	Conversion kit	63
11 Appendix6411.1 Setting instructions6411.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding6511.1.2 Continuous TIG hot wire welding6611.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding6711.1.4 superPuls TIG hot wire welding6811.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding6911.1.6 Oscillation TIG hot wire welding7011.1.7 Continuous TIG hot wire welding7111.1.8 Continuous TIG hot wire welding7211.1.9 superPuls TIG hot wire welding7311.1.10 superPuls TIG hot wire welding7411.1.11 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding7511.1.12 OscillationTIG hot wire welding76			10.1.3			
11.1 Setting instructions. 64 11.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding. 65 11.1.2 Continuous TIG hot wire welding. 66 11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding. 67 11.1.4 superPuls TIG hot wire welding. 68 11.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding. 69 11.1.6 OscillationTIG hot wire welding. 70 11.1.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding. 71 11.1.8 Continuous TIG hot wire welding. 72 11.1.9 superPuls TIG cold wire welding. 73 11.1.0 superPuls TIG hot wire welding. 74 11.1.10 SuperPuls TIG cold wire welding. 75 11.1.12 Oscillation TIG hot wire welding. 75				10.1.3.1	Conversion kit	63
11.1.1Continuous TIG cold wire welding.6511.1.2Continuous TIG hot wire welding.6611.1.3superPuls TIG cold wire welding.6711.1.4superPuls TIG hot wire welding.6811.1.5Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.6911.1.6OscillationTIG hot wire welding.7011.1.7Continuous TIG cold wire welding.7111.1.8Continuous TIG cold wire welding.7111.1.9superPuls TIG hot wire welding.7211.1.9superPuls TIG cold wire welding.7311.1.10superPuls TIG hot wire welding.7411.1.11Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.7511.1.2Oscillation TIG hot wire welding.76	11	Appe				
11.1.2Continuous TIG hot wire welding.6611.1.3superPuls TIG cold wire welding.6711.1.4superPuls TIG hot wire welding.6811.1.5Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.6911.1.6OscillationTIG hot wire welding.7011.1.7Continuous TIG cold wire welding.7111.1.8Continuous TIG hot wire welding.7211.1.9superPuls TIG cold wire welding.7311.1.10superPuls TIG hot wire welding.7411.1.11Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.7511.1.12OscillationTIG hot wire welding.76		11.1	•			
11.1.3superPuls TIG cold wire welding						
11.1.4superPuls TIG hot wire welding.6811.1.5Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.6911.1.6OscillationTIG hot wire welding.7011.1.7Continuous TIG cold wire welding.7111.1.8Continuous TIG hot wire welding.7211.1.9superPuls TIG cold wire welding.7311.1.10superPuls TIG hot wire welding.7411.1.11Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.7511.1.12OscillationTIG hot wire welding.76					5	
11.1.5Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.6911.1.6OscillationTIG hot wire welding.7011.1.7Continuous TIG cold wire welding.7111.1.8Continuous TIG hot wire welding.7211.1.9superPuls TIG cold wire welding.7311.1.10superPuls TIG hot wire welding.7411.1.11Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.7511.1.12OscillationTIG hot wire welding.76			-			
11.1.6OscillationTIG hot wire welding7011.1.7Continuous TIG cold wire welding7111.1.8Continuous TIG hot wire welding7211.1.9superPuls TIG cold wire welding7311.1.10superPuls TIG hot wire welding7411.1.11Oscillation TIG cold wire welding7511.1.12OscillationTIG hot wire welding76						
11.1.7Continuous TIG cold wire welding			-		0	
11.1.8Continuous TIG hot wire welding.7211.1.9superPuls TIG cold wire welding.7311.1.10superPuls TIG hot wire welding.7411.1.11Oscillation TIG cold wire welding.7511.1.12OscillationTIG hot wire welding.76					•	
11.1.9superPuls TIG cold wire welding						
11.1.10superPuls TIG hot wire welding			-		5	
11.1.11Oscillation TIG cold wire welding				•	•	
11.1.12 OscillationTIG hot wire welding			11.1.10			
5			11 1 11			
				Oscillatio	on TIG cold wire welding	75





2 For your safety

2.1 Notes on the use of these operating instructions

A DANGER Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent imminent serious and even fatal injuries. Safety notes include the "DANGER" keyword in the heading with a general warning symbol. The hazard is also highlighted using a symbol on the edge of the page. **MARNING** Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent serious and even fatal injuries. Safety notes include the "WARNING" keyword in the heading with a general warning symbol. The hazard is also highlighted using a symbol in the page margin. **A** CAUTION Working or operating procedures which must be closely observed to prevent possible minor personal injury. The safety information includes the "CAUTION" keyword in its heading with a general warning symbol. The risk is explained using a symbol on the edge of the page. Technical aspects which the user must observe to avoid material or equipment damage.

Instructions and lists detailing step-by-step actions for given situations can be recognised via bullet points, e.g.:

· Insert the welding current lead socket into the relevant socket and lock.

R C



2.2 Explanation of icons

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
R [®]	Indicates technical aspects which the user must observe.		Activate and release / Tap / Tip
	Switch off machine	Þ	Release
	Switch on machine		Press and hold
		Î	Switch
	Incorrect / Invalid	ÐĮ	Turn
	Correct / Valid	\square	Numerical value – adjustable
•	Input	-`¢-	Signal light lights up in green
\bigcirc	Navigation	•••••	Signal light flashes green
F	Output	-)	Signal light lights up in red
45	Time representation (e.g.: wait 4 s / actuate)		Signal light flashes red
<i>_//_</i>	Interruption in the menu display (other setting options possible)		
	Tool not required/do not use		
	Tool required/use		



2.3 Part of the complete documentation

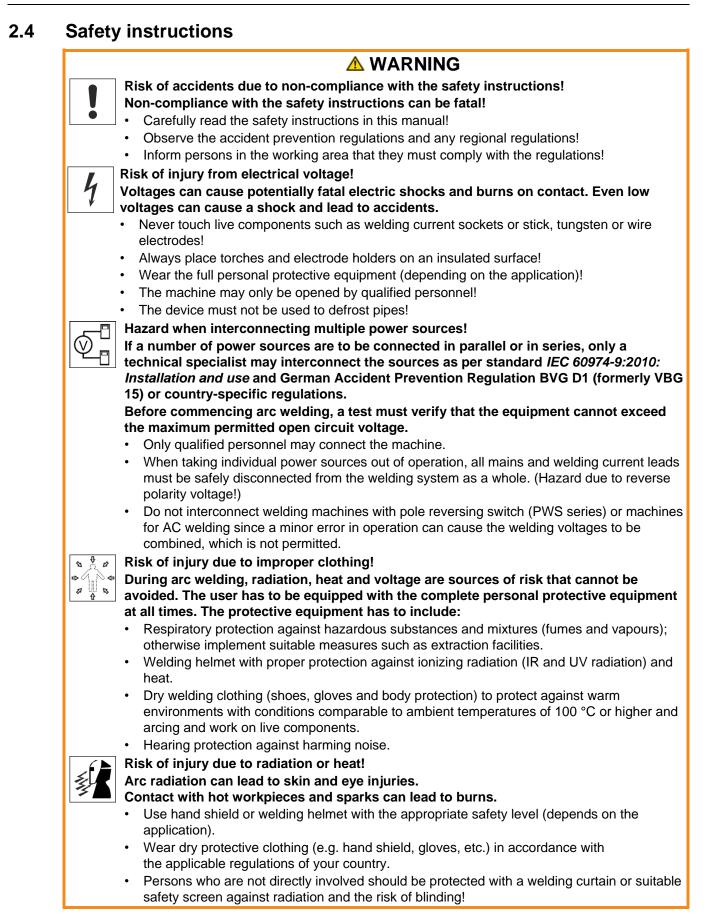
These operating instructions are part of the complete documentation and valid only in combination with all other parts of these instructions! Read and observe the operating instructions for all system components, especially the safety instructions! The illustration shows a general example of a welding system.

[Î] | [Î] A.3 A.1 ∭ 0 0 **A.4** A.2 0 Q 2 Q []] A.5 C [] []] C 0 0 9.6

Figure 2-1

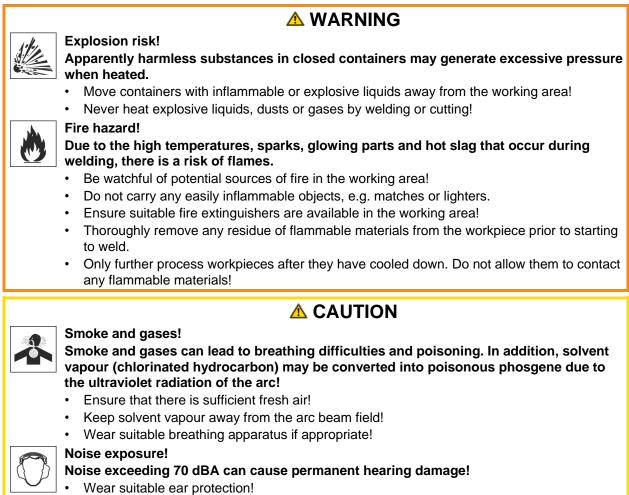
ltem	Operating instructions	
A.1	Wire feeder	
A.2	Power source	
A.3	Remote control	
A.4	Control	
A.5	Welding torch	
А	Complete documentation	





Safety instructions

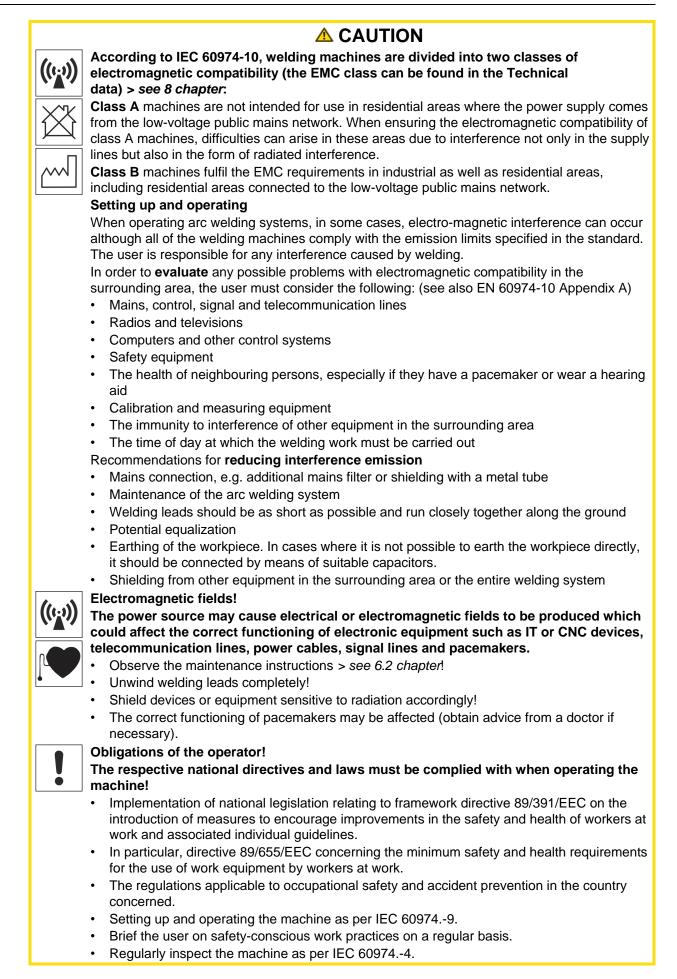




• Persons located within the working area must wear suitable ear protection!



For your safety Safety instructions





- The manufacturer's warranty becomes void if non-genuine parts are used!
 - Only use system components and options (power sources, welding torches, electrode holders, remote controls, spare parts and replacement parts, etc.) from our range of products!
 - Only insert and lock accessory components into the relevant connection socket when the machine is switched off.

Requirements for connection to the public mains network

High-performance machines can influence the mains quality by taking current from the mains network. For some types of machines, connection restrictions or requirements relating to the maximum possible line impedance or the necessary minimum supply capacity at the interface with the public network (Point of Common Coupling, PCC) can therefore apply. In this respect, attention is also drawn to the machines' technical data. In this case, it is the responsibility of the operator, where necessary in consultation with the mains network operator, to ensure that the machine can be connected.



2.5 **Transport and installation WARNING** Risk of injury due to improper handling of shielding gas cylinders! Improper handling and insufficient securing of shielding gas cylinders can cause serious injuries! Observe the instructions from the gas manufacturer and any relevant regulations ٠ concerning the use of compressed air! Do not attach any element to the shielding gas cylinder valve! Prevent the shielding gas cylinder from heating up. A CAUTION **Risk of accidents due to supply lines!** ©⊅́ During transport, attached supply lines (mains leads, control cables, etc.) can cause risks, e.g. by causing connected machines to tip over and injure persons! Disconnect all supply lines before transport! **Risk of tipping!** There is a risk of the machine tipping over and injuring persons or being damaged itself during movement and set up. Tilt resistance is guaranteed up to an angle of 10° (according to IEC 60974-1). Set up and transport the machine on level, solid ground. Secure add-on parts using suitable equipment. Risk of accidents due to incorrectly installed leads! Incorrectly installed leads (mains, control and welding leads or intermediate hose packages) can present a tripping hazard. Lay the supply lines flat on the floor (avoid loops). Avoid laying the leads on passage ways. Risk of injury from heated coolant and its connections! The coolant used and its connection or connection points can heat up significantly during operation (water-cooled version). When opening the coolant circuit, escaping coolant may cause scalding. Open the coolant circuit only when the power source or cooling unit is switched off! Wear proper protective equipment (protective gloves)! Seal open connections of the hose leads with suitable plugs. The units are designed for operation in an upright position! R. Operation in non-permissible positions can cause equipment damage. Only transport and operate in an upright position! Accessory components and the power source itself can be damaged by incorrect connection! R Only insert and lock accessory components into the relevant connection socket when the machine is switched off.

- Comprehensive descriptions can be found in the operating instructions for the relevant accessory components.
- Accessory components are detected automatically after the power source is switched on.
- Protective dust caps protect the connection sockets and therefore the machine against dirt and damage.
 - The protective dust cap must be fitted if there is no accessory component being operated on that connection.
 - The cap must be replaced if faulty or if lost!



3 Intended use

§

▲ WARNING

Hazards due to improper usage!

The machine has been constructed to the state of the art and any regulations and standards applicable for use in industry and trade. It may only be used for the welding procedures indicated at the rating plate. Hazards may arise for persons, animals and material objects if the equipment is not used correctly. No liability is accepted for any damages arising from improper usage!

- The equipment must only be used in line with its designated purpose and by trained or expert personnel!
- Do not improperly modify or convert the equipment!

3.1 Use and operation solely with the following machines

A suitable power source (system component) is required in order to operate the wire feed unit! This machine can be combined with any TIG welding machine.

3.2 Applications

Wire feeder for integration in a welding system for TIG cold / hot wire welding.



3.3 Documents which also apply

3.3.1 Warranty

For more information refer to the "Warranty registration" brochure supplied and our information regarding warranty, maintenance and testing at <u>www.ewm-group.com</u>!

3.3.2 Declaration of Conformity

The labelled product complies with the following EC directives in terms of its design and construction:

- Low Voltage Directive (LVD)
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (EMC)
 - Restriction of Hazardous Substance (RoHS)

In case of unauthorised changes, improper repairs, non-compliance with specified deadlines for "Arc Welding Equipment – Inspection and Testing during Operation," and/or prohibited modifications which have not been explicitly authorised by the manufacturer, this declaration shall be voided. An original document of the specific declaration of conformity is included with every product.

3.3.3 Welding in environments with increased electrical hazards



In compliance with IEC / DIN EN 60974, VDE 0544 the machines can be used in environments with an increased electrical hazard.

3.3.4 Service documents (spare parts and circuit diagrams)



MARNING

Do not carry out any unauthorised repairs or modifications! To avoid injury and equipment damage, the unit must only be repaired or modified by specialist, skilled persons!

The warranty becomes null and void in the event of unauthorised interference.

Appoint only skilled persons for repair work (trained service personnel)!

Original copies of the circuit diagrams are enclosed with the unit. Spare parts can be obtained from the relevant authorised dealer.

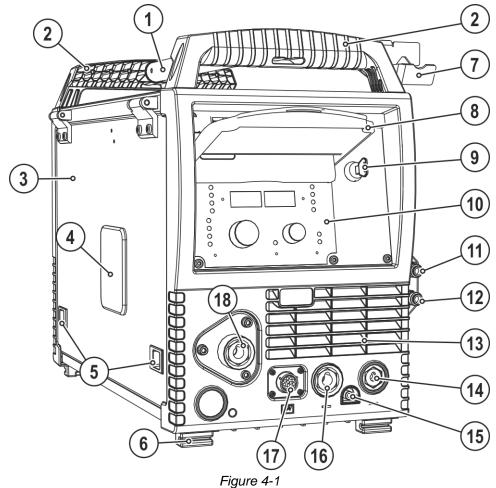
3.3.5 Calibration/Validation

We hereby confirm that this product was tested with calibrated measuring equipment according to the applicable standards IEC/EN 60974, ISO/EN 17662, EN 50504 and complies with the permissible tolerances. Recommended calibration interval: 12 months.



4 Machine description – quick overview

4.1 Front view





1

2

3

Item Symbol

Description

Transport bar

Carrying handle

on the

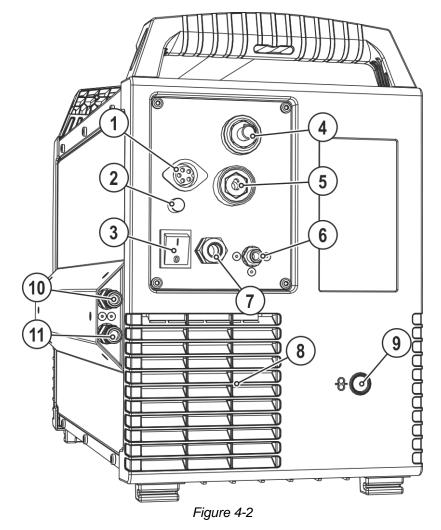
Protective cap
Cover for the wire feed mechanism and other operating elements.
Depending on the machine series, additional stickers with information
replacement parts and JOB lists will be located on the inside.
Wire speel inspection window

		replacement parts and JOB lists will be located on the inside.
4		Wire spool inspection window
		Check wire supply
5		Slide latch, lock for the protective cap
6		Machine feet
7		Torch holder
8		Protective cap > see 5.1.1 chapter
9		Key switch for protection against unauthorised use > see 5.4 chapter1 changes possible,G front drive-4x-EX0 changes not possible.
10		Machine control > see 4.3 chapter
11	Red	Quick connect coupling (red) coolant return
12	Blue	Quick connect coupling (blue) coolant supply
13		Cooling air outlet
14		Connection socket (TIG hot wire) Hot wire power, minus potential
15	Ľ	Quick connect coupling Shielding gas
16		Connection socket (TIG) Welding current, minus potential
17		Connection socket (12-pole) Welding torch control lead
18		Wire electrode connection Welding torch wire feed

Machine description – quick overview Rear view



4.2 **Rear view**





Item	Symbol	Description
1	\Rightarrow	Connector plug, 5-pole Control lead
2	Fuse 6.3A	Machine fuse (6,3 A)
3	- 0	Main switch, machine on/off
4		Connector plug (TIG) Welding current, minus potential
5	+	Connection socket (TIG hot wire) Hot wire power, plus potential, workpiece connection
6		Connecting nipple G¼, shielding gas connection
7		Mains connection cable > see 5.1.7 chapter
8		Cooling air inlet
9	8	External wire feed inlet Pre-cut casing inlet for external wire feed.
10	Red	Quick connect coupling (red) coolant return
11	Blue	Quick connect coupling (blue) coolant supply

4.3 Machine control – Operating elements

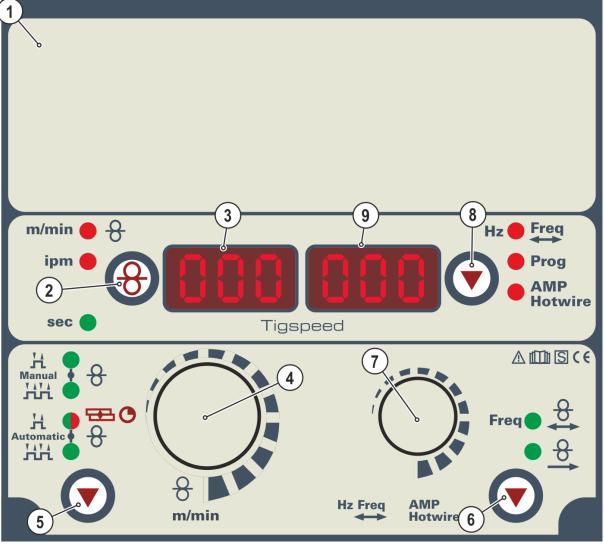


Figure 4-3





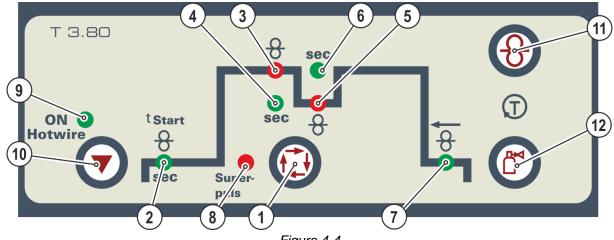
Machine control –	Operating elements
-------------------	--------------------

Item	Symbol	Description
1		Lid > see 4.3.1 chapter
2	8	Push-button for switching the wire feed speed displaym/minWire feed speed in meters per minute.ipmWire feed speed in inch per minute.
3	000	Display, left Wire feed speed
4		Rotary dial, welding parameter setting To set the wire feed speed and other welding parameters.
5	•	Operating mode selection push-button H Non-latched, manual HH Latched, manual H Non-latched, automatic HH Latched, automatic HH Latched, automatic HH Latched, automatic Signal light lights up in red: TIG tack welding
6	$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$	Selection push-button for operating mode "superimposed forward/backward motion of the wire" Wire feeding with forward/backward motion Wire feeding without forward/backward motion
7		 Rotary knob to set the parameters for forward/backward motion/hot wire current/program number Selection of forward/backward motion1Hz–16Hz Selection of the hot wire current 40 A–180 A Selection of the program number
8		Display switching push-buttonFreqForward/backward motion display in hertzProgProgram number displayAMP HotwireHot wire current display
9	000	Display, right Forward/backward motion, hot wire current, program number

Machine description – quick overview Machine control – Operating elements



Machine control – Concealed operating elements 4.3.1

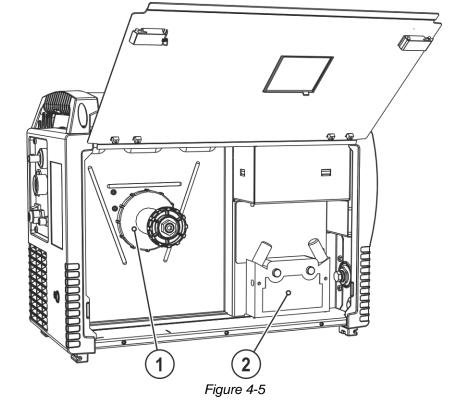




Itom	Symbol	Description	
1		Select welding parameters button This button is used to select the welding parameters depending on the welding process and operating mode used.	
2	^t Start	Signal light, wire feeder start delay Setting range 0.0 s to 20.0 s	
3		Signal light, wire feed speed of main program (P _A)	
4	sec	Signal light, duration of main program P_A Setting range 0.1 s to 20.0 s (0.1 s increments). Used e.g. in connection with the super pulse function	
5		Signal light, wire feed speed of reduced main program (P _B)	
6	sec	Signal light, duration of reduced main program P_B Setting range: 0.1 s to 20.0 s (0.1 s increments). Use in conjunction with the SuperPulse function or tack welding.	
7	ф Тф	Signal light, wire return Setting range from 0.0 mm to 50.0 mm	
8	Super- puls	Signal lamp, super pulse function Lights up when the super pulse function is active.	
9		Signal light, ON Hotwire Lights up when the Hotwire function is active.	
10	\bigcirc	Push-button, ON Hotwire Switch Hotwire function on/off.	
11	8	Push-button, wire inching Potential- and gas-free inching of the wire electrode through the hose package to the welding torch > see 5.1.12.3 chapter.	
12		Push-button gas test / rinse hose package > see 5.1.13 chapter	



4.3.2 Operating elements in the machine



I	tem	Symbol	Description
	1		Wire spool holder
_	2		Wire feed unit



4.4 Connection plan

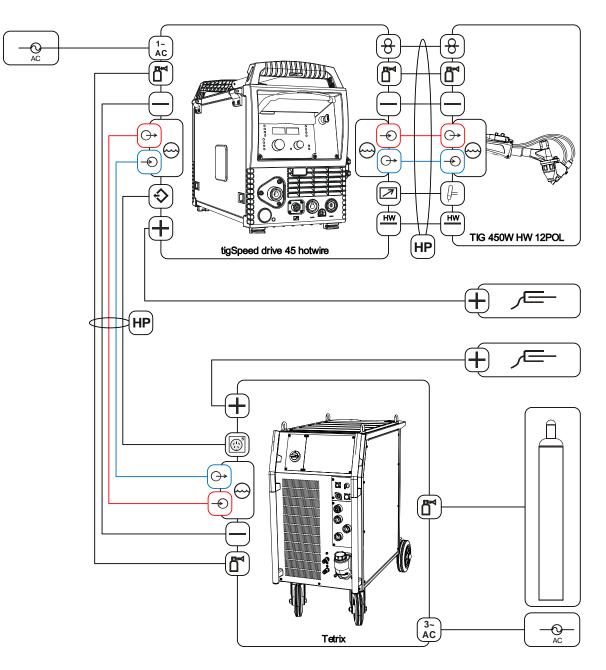


Figure 4-6



4.4.1 Legend

Legend					
	Shielding gas				
	Welding current (minus potential)				
\bigcirc	Coolant inlet (colour-coded)				
	Coolant outlet (colour-coded)				
HP	Hose package (HP = hose package)				
(+)	Welding current (plus potential, workpiece)				
	Control cable, hot wire (signal input, 5-pole)				
	Control cable, hot wire (signal output, 5-pole)				
1~ AC	Supply voltage connection (1-phase)				
(3~ AC	Supply voltage connection (3-phase)				
	Welding torch control cable connection (12-pole)				
HW	Hot wire current, (minus potential, TIG hot wire)				
	Welding torch control cable (12-pole)				
€	Wire feeding				

Transport and installation



5 Design and function

- Risk of injury from electrical voltage!
- Contact with live parts, e.g. power connections, can be fatal!
- Observe the safety information on the first pages of the operating instructions!
- Commissioning must be carried out by persons who are specifically trained in handling power sources!
- · Connect connection or power cables while the machine is switched off!

Read and observe the documentation to all system and accessory components!

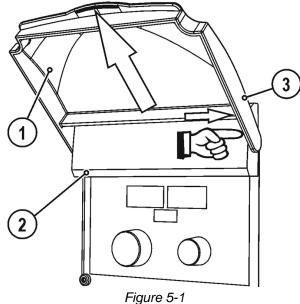
5.1 Transport and installation



Risk of accident due to improper transport of machines that must not be lifted! Do not lift or suspend the machine! The machine can drop and cause injuries! The handles, straps or brackets are suitable for transport by hand only! • The machine must not be suspended or lifted using a crane.

WARNING

5.1.1 **Protective flap, welding machine control**



Item	Symbol	Description
1		Protective cap
2		Lid
3		Bracket, protective cap

• Push the right-hand bracket of the protective cap to the right and remove the protective cap.



5.1.2 Ambient conditions

- T he machine must not be operated in the open air and must only be set up and operated on a suitable, stable and level base!
 - The operator must ensure that the ground is non-slip and level, and provide sufficient lighting for the place of work.
 - Safe operation of the machine must be guaranteed at all times.

Equipment damage due to contamination! Unusually high amounts of dust, acids, corrosive gases or substances can damage the machine (observe maintenance intervals > see 6.2 chapter).

Avoid large amounts of smoke, steam, oily fumes, grinding dust and corrosive ambient air!

5.1.2.1 In operation

Temperature range of the ambient air:

-25 °C to +40 °C (-13 °F to 104 °F) ^[1]

Relative humidity:

- up to 50 % at 40 °C (104 °F)
- up to 90 % at 20 °C (68 °F)

5.1.2.2 Transport and storage

Storage in a closed room, temperature range of the ambient air:

-30 °C to +70 °C (-22 °F to 158 °F) ^[1]

Relative humidity

• up to 90 % at 20 °C (68 °F)

^[1] Ambient temperature dependent on coolant! Observe the coolant temperature range of the torch cooling

5.1.3 Machine cooling

Insufficient ventilation results in a reduction in performance and equipment damage.

- Observe the ambient conditions!
- Keep the cooling air inlet and outlet clear!
- Observe the minimum distance of 0.5 m from obstacles!

5.1.4 Workpiece lead, general

ACAUTION



Risk of burning due to incorrect welding current connection!

If the welding current plugs (machine connections) are not locked or if the workpiece connection is contaminated (paint, corrosion), these connections and leads can heat up and cause burns when touched!

- Check welding current connections on a daily basis and lock by turning to the right when necessary.
- Clean workpiece connection thoroughly and secure properly. Do not use structural parts of the workpiece as welding current return lead!



5.1.5 Notes on the installation of welding current leads

- Incorrectly installed welding current leads can cause faults in the arc (flickering).
- Lay the workpiece lead and hose package of power sources without HF igniter (MIG/MAG) for as long and as close as possible in parallel.
- Lay the workpiece lead and hose package of power sources with HF igniter (TIG) for as long as
 possible in parallel with a distance of 20 cm to avoid HF sparkover.
- · Always keep a distance of at least 20 cm to leads of other power sources to avoid interferences
- Always keep leads as short as possible! For optimum welding results max. 30 m (welding lead + intermediate hose package + torch lead).

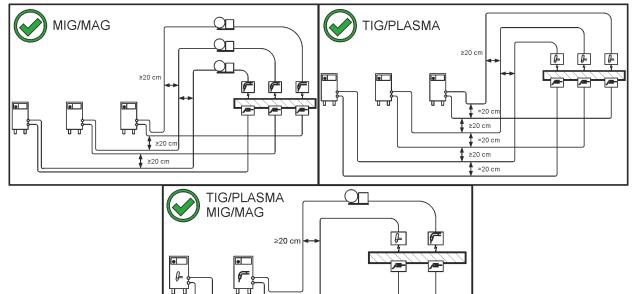


Figure 5-2

‡ ≥20 cm ≈20 cm

• Use an individual welding lead to the workpiece for each welding machine!

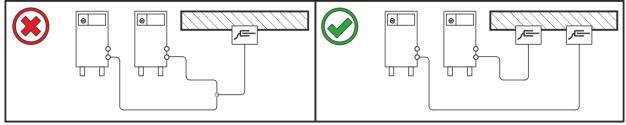


Figure 5-3

- Fully unroll welding current leads, torch hose packages and intermediate hose packages. Avoid loops!
- · Always keep leads as short as possible!

Lay any excess cable lengths in meanders.



Figure 5-4



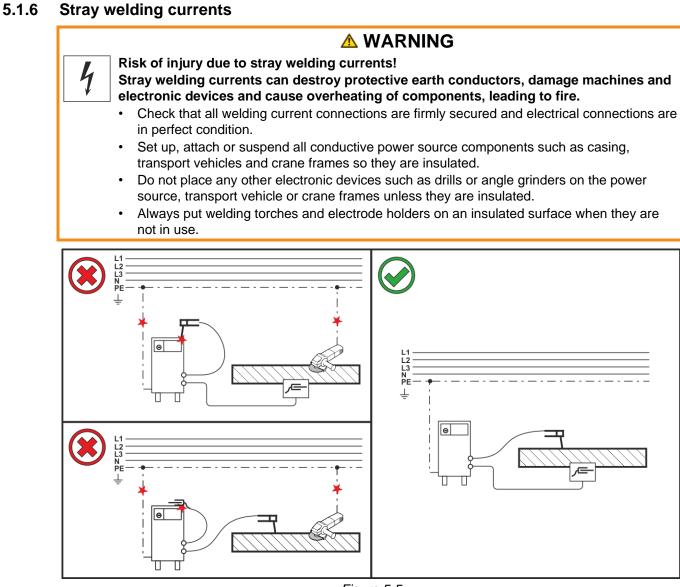
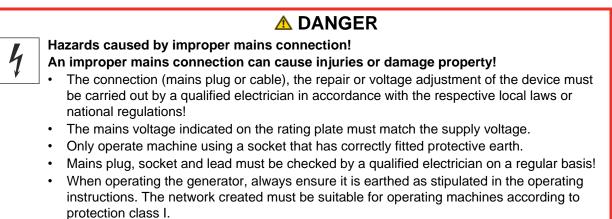


Figure 5-5

Transport and installation



5.1.7 Mains connection



5.1.7.1 Mains configuration

Logond

The machine may only be connected to a one-phase system with two conductors and an earthed neutral conductor.

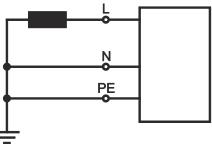


Figure 5-6

Legend					
ltem	Designation	Colour code			
L	Outer conductor	brown			
Ν	Neutral conductor	blue			
PE	Protective conductor	green-yellow			

• Insert mains plug of the switched-off machine into the appropriate socket.

5.1.8 Welding torch cooling system

Insufficient frost protection in the welding torch coolant!

Depending on the ambient conditions, different liquids are used for cooling the welding torch > see 5.1.8.1 chapter.

Coolants with frost protection (KF 37E or KF 23E) must be checked regularly to ensure that the frost protection is adequate to prevent damage to the machine or the accessory components.

- The coolant must be checked for adequate frost protection with the TYP 1 frost protection tester.
- Replace coolant as necessary if frost protection is inadequate!

Coolant mixtures!

Mixtures with other liquids or the use of unsuitable coolants result in material damage and renders the manufacturer's warranty void!

- Only use the coolant described in this manual (overview of coolants).
- Do not mix different coolants.
- When changing the coolant, the entire volume of liquid must be changed.

Dispose of the coolant in accordance with local regulations and the material safety data sheets.



.

5.1.8.1 Permitted torch coolant

Coolant	Temperature range
KF 23E (Standard)	-10 °C to +40 °C (14 °F to +104 °F)
KF 37E	-20 °C to +30 °C (-4 °F to +86 °F)

5.1.8.2 Maximal hose package length

All information relates to the total hose package length of the complete welding system and presents exemplary configurations (of components of the EWM product portfolio with standard lengths). A straight kink-free installation is to be ensured, taking into account the max. delivery height.

Pump: Pmax = 3,5 bar (0.35 MPa)

Power source	Hose package	Wire feeder	miniDrive	Welding torch	Max.
			\bigotimes	\bigotimes	
O a mar a at			(25 m / 82 ft.)	(5 m / 16 ft.)	
Compact	\bigotimes	\bigotimes		$\bigcirc \bigcirc$	
	(20 m / 65 ft.)	Ŭ	Ŭ	(5 m / 16 ft.)	30 m
	\bigotimes	\bigotimes		\bigotimes	98 ft
Deserves	(25 m / 82 ft.)	Ŭ	Ŭ	(5 m / 16 ft.)	
Decompact	\bigotimes	\bigotimes	\bigotimes	\bigotimes	
	(15 m / 49 ft.)	Ū	(10 m / 32 ft.)	(5 m / 16 ft.)	

Pump: Pmax = 4.5 bar (0.45 MPa)

Power source	Hose package	Wire feeder	miniDrive	Welding torch	Max.
Compost	۲	۲	(25 m / 82 ft.)	(5 m / 16 ft.)	30 m 98 ft.
Compact	(30 m / 98 ft.)	\bigotimes	۲	(5 m / 16 ft.)	40 m 131 ft.
Decomposi	(40 m / 131 ft.)	\bigotimes	۲	(5 m / 16 ft.)	45 m 147 ft.
Decompact	(40 m / 131 ft.)	\bigotimes	(25 m / 82 ft.)	(5 m / 16 ft.)	70 m 229 ft.



5.1.9 Intermediate hose package connection

- Property damage due to strain relief not installed or not installed correctly!
 The strain relief absorbs tensile forces on cables, plugs and sockets.
 If strain reliefs are not installed or not installed correctly, the connector plugs or sockets may be damaged.
 - The attachment must always take place on both sides of the intermediate hose package!
 - The connections of the hose package must be locked properly!

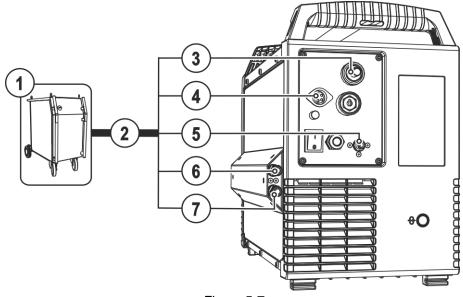


Figure 5-7

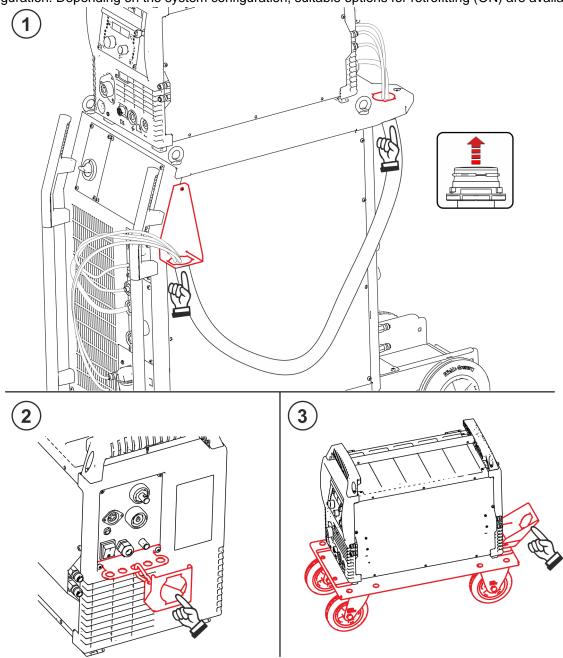
Item	Symbol	Description
1		Power source
2		Intermediate hose package
3		Connector plug (TIG) Welding current, minus potential
4	\Diamond	Connector plug, 5-pole Control lead
5		Connecting nipple G ¹ / ₄ , shielding gas connection
6	Red	Quick connect coupling (red) coolant return
7	Blue	Quick connect coupling (blue) coolant supply

- Secure both hose package ends with the appropriate strain relief > see 5.1.9.1 chapter.
- Push the cable socket for the welding current (TIG) onto the connector plug (TIG) and lock by turning to the right.
- Lock connecting nipples of the cooling water tubes into the corresponding quick connect couplings: Return line red to quick connect coupling, red (coolant return) and supply line blue to quick connect coupling, blue (coolant supply).
- Insert the control cable plug into the connection socket (5-pole) and secure (the plug can only be inserted into the connection socket in one position).
- Screw the crown nut on the shielding gas lead gastight to the connecting thread (G1/4").



5.1.9.1 Intermediate hose package strain relief

The available attachment points of the intermediate hose package depend on the corresponding system configuration. Depending on the system configuration, suitable options for retrofitting (ON) are available.

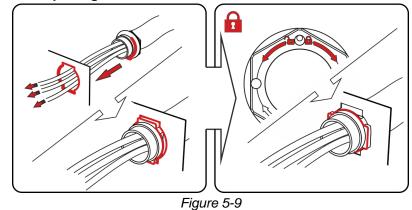




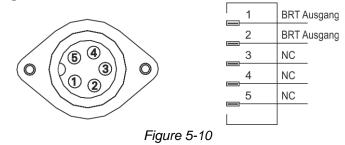
Item	Symbol	Description
1		ON SR
		Combination with mobile power sources
2		ON AS SR tigSpeed
		Universal combination
3		ON WAK tigSpeed
		Combination with transport system

5.1.9.2 Locking the strain relief

EWM intermediate hose package



5.1.9.3 Control cable pin configuration

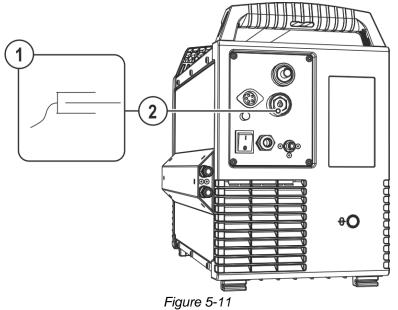


Output (make contact) for torch trigger input of the power source (floating contact)



5.1.10 Connection for workpiece lead

The item described in the following is part of the machine's scope of delivery.



Item	Symbol	Description
1	ļ	Workpiece
2	+	Connection socket (TIG hot wire) Hot wire power, plus potential, workpiece connection
	╱═━	

• Push the cable plug for the hot wire current onto the connection socket (TIG hot wire) and lock by turning to the right.

Transport and installation



5.1.11 Welding torch connection

Equipment damage due to improperly connected coolant pipes! If the coolant pipes are not properly connected or a gas-cooled welding torch is used, the coolant circuit is interrupted and equipment damage can occur.

- Connect all coolant pipes correctly!
- Completely unroll the hose package and the torch hose package!
- Observe maximal hose package length > see 5.1.8.2 chapter.
- When using a gas-cooled welding torch, use a hose bridge to establish the coolant circuit > see 9 chapter.

Prepare welding torch according to the welding task in hand (see operating instructions for the torch).

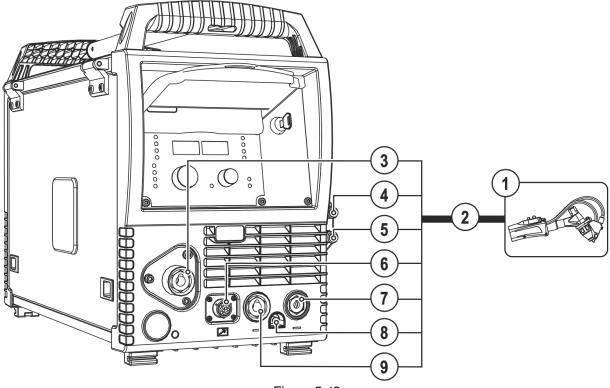


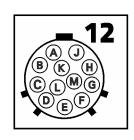
Figure 5-12

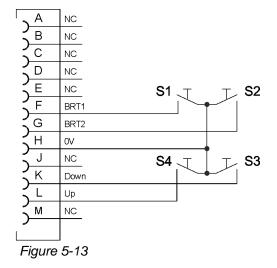
Symbol	Description
	Welding torch
	Observe additional system documents!
	Welding torch hose package
	Wire electrode connection
	Welding torch wire feed
	Quick connect coupling (red)
Red	coolant return
\longrightarrow	Quick connect coupling (blue)
Blue	coolant supply
	Connection socket (12-pole)
	Welding torch control lead
	Connection socket (TIG hot wire)
	Hot wire power, minus potential
ਸ਼≺	Quick connect coupling
	Shielding gas
	Connection socket (TIG)
	Welding current, minus potential
	Symbol



- Extend and lay out the torch hose package.
- Insert the wire feed plug of the welding torch into the wire electrode connector and lock by turning to the right.
- Push the cable plug for the welding current (TIG) onto the connection socket (TIG) and lock by turning to the right.
- Insert shielding gas rapid-action closure nipple in the quick connect coupling and engage.
- Insert welding torch control lead into the 12-pole connection socket and secure with the crown nut. If fitted:
- Lock connecting nipples of the cooling water tubes into the corresponding quick connect couplings: Return line red to quick connect coupling, red (coolant return) and supply line blue to quick connect coupling, blue (coolant supply).
- Push the cable plug for the hot wire current onto the connection socket (TIG hot wire) and lock by turning to the right.

5.1.11.1 Control cable pin configuration





Design and function

Transport and installation



5.1.12 Wire feed

 CAUTION
 Risk of injury due to moving parts! The wire feeders are equipped with moving parts, which can trap hands, hair, clothing or tools and thus injure persons!
 Do not reach into rotating or moving parts or drive components!
 Keep casing covers or protective caps closed during operation!
 Risk of injury due to welding wire escaping in an unpredictable manner!
 Welding wire can be conveyed at very high speeds and, if conveyed incorrectly, may escape in an uncontrolled manner and injure persons!
 Before mains connection, set up the complete wire guide system from the wire spool to the welding torch!
 Check wire guide at regular intervals!
 Keep all casing covers or protective caps closed during operation!

5.1.12.1 Inserting the wire spool

· T

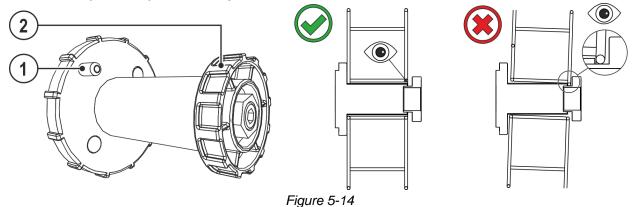
Risk of injury due to incorrectly secured wire spool.

If the wire spool is not secured properly, it may come loose from the wire spool support and fall to the ground, causing damage to the machine and injuries.

A CAUTION

- · Make sure to correctly fasten the wire spool to the wire spool support.
- Before you start working, always check the wire spool is securely fastened.

Standard D300 wire spool holder can be used. Adapters are required when using standardised basket coils (DIN 8559) > see 9 chapter.



ltem	Symbol	Description
1		Carrier pin
		For fixing the wire spool
2		Knurled nut
		For fixing the wire spool

- Unlock and open protective flap.
- Loosen knurled nut from spool holder.
- Fix welding wire reel onto the spool holder so that the carrier pin locks into the spool bore.
- Fasten wire spool using knurled nut.



5.1.12.2 Changing the wire feed rollers

Poor welding results due to faulty wire feeding! Wire feed rolls must be suitable for the diameter of the wire and the material.

- Check the label of the rolls whether they fit the wire diameter. If necessary, turn or change!
- Use V-groove rolls for steel wires and other hard wires.
- Use driven rolls with U-groove for aluminium wires and other soft, alloyed wires.
- Use driven rolls with knurled U-groove for flux cored wires.
- Slide new drive rollers into place so that the diameter of the wire used is visible on the drive roller.
- · Screw the drive rollers in place with knurled screws.

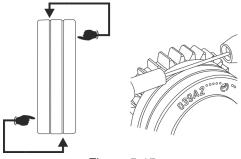


Figure 5-15

5.1.12.3 Inching the wire electrode



A CAUTION

Risk of injury due to welding wire escaping from the welding torch! The welding wire can escape from the welding torch at high speed and cause bodily injury including injuries to the face and eyes!

• Never direct the welding torch towards your own body or towards other persons!

The inching speed is infinitely adjustable by simultaneously pressing the wire inching pushbutton and turning the wire speed rotary knob. The left display shows the wire feed speed selected, the right display shows the current motor current of the wire feed mechanism.

Incorrect contact pressure will cause extensive wear of the wire feed rollers!

- With the adjusting nuts of the pressure units set the contact pressure so that the wire electrode is conveyed but will still slip through if the wire spool jams.
- Set the contact pressure of the front rollers (in wire feed direction) to a higher value!

Design and function Transport and installation



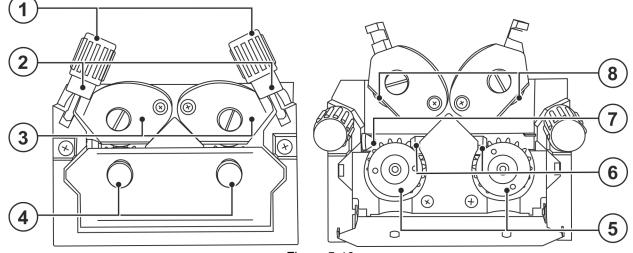


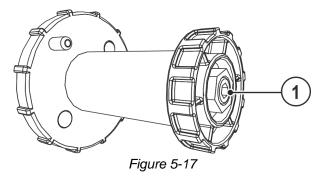
Figure 5-16

ltem	Symbol	Description	
1		Adjusting nut	
2		Feed roll tensioner Fixing the clamping unit and setting the pressure.	
3		Clamping unit	
4		Knurled screw	
5		Drive roller	
6		Guide tube	
7		Wire feed nipple	
8		Pressure roller	

- Extend and lay out the torch hose package. ٠
- Unfasten pressure units and fold out (clamping units and pressure rollers will automatically flip • upwards).
- Unwind welding wire carefully from the wire spool and insert through the wire inlet nipple over the ٠ drive roller grooves and the guide pipe into the capillary tube and Teflon core using guide pipe.
- Press the clamping element with the pressure roller back downwards and fold the wire units back up ٠ again (wire electrode should be in the groove on the drive roller).
- Set the contact pressure with the adjusting nuts of the pressure unit. ٠
- Press the wire inching button until the wire electrode projects out of the welding torch. •



5.1.12.4 Spool brake setting



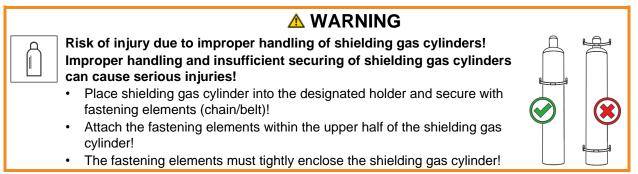
Item	Symbol	Description	
1		Allen screw	
		Securing the wire spool retainer and adjustment of the spool brake	

• Tighten the Allen screw (8 mm) in the clockwise direction to increase the braking effect.

Tighten the spool brake until the wire spool no longer turns when the wire feed motor stops but without it jamming during operation!

5.1.13 Shielding gas supply (shielding gas cylinder for welding machine)

5.1.13.1 Connecting the shielding gas supply



- An unhindered shielding gas supply from the shielding gas cylinder to the welding torch is a fundamental requirement for optimum welding results. In addition, a blocked shielding gas supply may result in the welding torch being destroyed.
 - Always re-fit the yellow protective cap when not using the shielding gas connection.
 - All shielding gas connections must be gas tight.



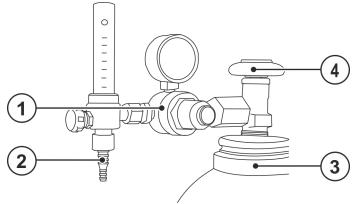


Figure 5-18

Item	Symbol	Description	
1		ressure regulator	
2		Shielding gas cylinder	
3		Output side of the pressure regulator	
4		Cylinder valve	

- Place the shielding gas cylinder into the relevant cylinder bracket.
- Secure the shielding gas cylinder using a securing chain.
- Tighten the pressure regulator screw connection on the gas bottle valve to be gas-tight.
- Tighten gas hose on pressure regulator to be gas tight.
- Fasten the gas hose to the shielding gas connecting nipple at the back of the machine using the crown nut.

5.1.14 Shielding gas volume settings

If the shielding gas setting is too low or too high, this can introduce air to the weld pool and may cause pores to form. Adjust the shielding gas quantity to suit the welding task!

- Slowly open the gas cylinder valve.
- Open the pressure regulator.
- Switch on the power source at the main switch.
- Trigger gas test > see 5.1.14.1 chapter function (welding voltage and wire feed motor remain switched off no accidental arc ignition).
- Set the relevant gas quantity for the application on the pressure regulator.

Setting instructions

Welding process	Recommended shielding gas quantity
MAG welding	Wire diameter x 11.5 = I/min
MIG brazing	Wire diameter x 11.5 = I/min
MIG welding (aluminium)	Wire diameter x 13.5 = I/min (100 % argon)
TIG	Gas nozzle diameter in mm corresponds to I/min gas throughput

Helium-rich gas mixtures require a higher gas volume!

The table below can be used to correct the gas volume calculated where necessary:

Shielding gas	Factor
75% Ar/25% He	1.14
50% Ar/50% He	1.35
25% Ar/75% He	1.75
100% He	3.16



5.1.14.1 Gas test

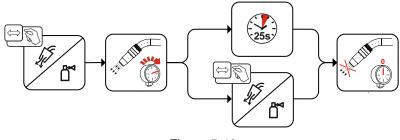


Figure 5-19

5.1.14.2 Purge hose package

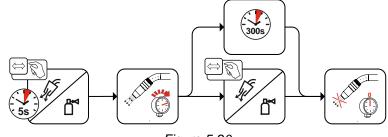


Figure 5-20

5.2 Configuring the welding machine for mechanical arc fusion welding

The welding machine must be configured before commissioning for the first time for mechanical arc fusion welding (cold or hot wire welding). The basic settings are configured directly at the welding machine control.

- 1. Cold or hot wire welding process (Hotwire = on/off)
- 2. Forward/backward motion selection (Freq = on/off)

In addition, the wire return can be adjusted if necessary.

5.2.1 Selection and adjustment

To set the welding programs, you can use the machine control. The left hand display shows the wire feed speed, the right hand display shows further parameter settings such as program number or hot wire current (for hotwire only). The operating mode is identical for all programs.

The following selection is an example of use:



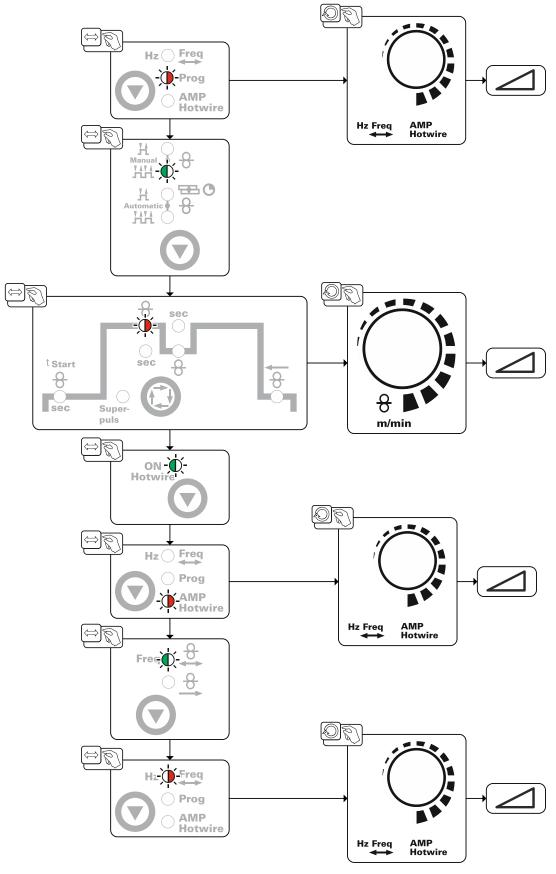


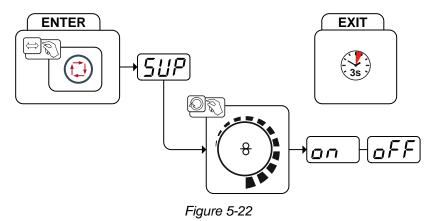
Figure 5-21



5.2.2 superPuls

The two functions superPulse and the superimposed forward/backward movement of the wire cannot be used simultaneously.

The EWM superPuls function enables automatic switching between two operating points in a process.



Display	Setting/selection
$\left[S_{I} \right] P$	Selects superPuls
	Switches function on or off.
	Switch on
	Switching on machine function
	Switch off
	Switching off machine function

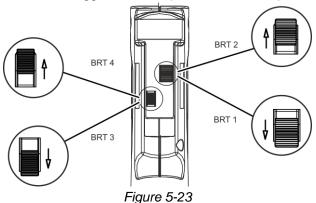
5.2.3 Operating modes (functional sequences)

Torch trigger 1 (BRT 1) switches the welding current on or off.

Torch trigger 2 (BRT 2) switches the wire feeding on or off.

In addition, you can inch the wire by pressing torch trigger 2 (BRT 2) or reverse inch the wire by tapping it.

You can choose between four operating modes (see the following functional sequences). Wire feeding is infinitely adjustable by means of torch triggers 3 and 4 (BRT 3 and BRT 4).



5.2.3.1 Explanation of symbols

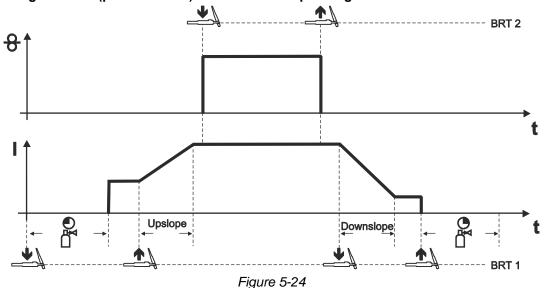
Symbol	Meaning
	Press torch trigger
	Release torch trigger
₩ ↑	Tap torch trigger (quick pressing and releasing)
	Shielding gas flowing
l	Welding performance
	Non-latched, manual
	Latched, manual
	Non-latched automatic
	Latched automatic
t	Time
P _{START}	Start program
PA	Main program
P _B	Reduced main program
P _{END}	End program
8	Wire feeding





5.2.3.2 Non-latched Manual





First cycle (current)

- Press torch trigger 1 (BRT 1), the gas pre-flow time elapses.
- HF ignition pulses jump from the tungsten electrode to the workpiece. The arc ignites.
- Welding current flows.

Second cycle (current)

- BRT 1 Release .
- The welding current ramps up to the main current AMP in the selected up-slope time.

First cycle (wire)

Press torch trigger 2 (BRT 2).
 Wire electrode is fed.

Second cycle (wire)

• BRT 2 Release . Wire electrode feeding is stopped, wire electrode is returned by the set wire return value.

Third cycle (current)

- BRT 1 Press .
- The main current is reduced in the selected down-slope time.

Fourth cycle (current)

- BRT 1 Release , the arc extinguishes.
- · Shielding gas continues to flow in the selected gas post-flow time.

Design and function

Configuring the welding machine for mechanical arc fusion welding



5.2.3.3 Latched manual

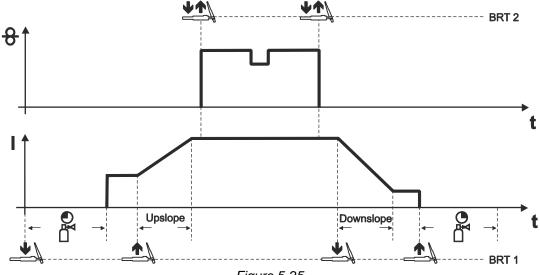


Figure 5-25

This operating mode differs from non-latched operation in the following ways:

- Wire feeding is started by pressing and releasing (tapping) BRT 2.
- By tapping you can switch to the reduced wire feeding.
- By pressing and releasing (tapping) BRT 2 again, wire feeding will stop. (It is not necessary to keep the torch trigger pressed. This is especially helpful with long welding seams.)

Stopping the welding process:

• Keep BRT 1 pressed for a period longer than the set tapping time.

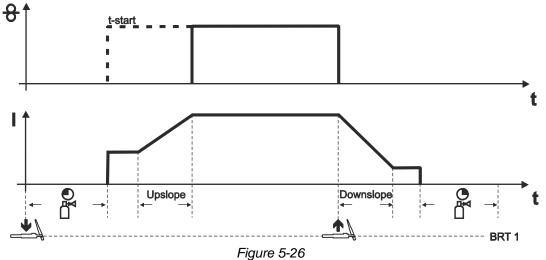
The wire feeding can be stopped prematurely by pressing BRT2.

For this, the parameter "3-stroke" must be activated > see 5.3 chapter.



5.2.3.4 Non-latched automatic

The welding machine (power source) must be set to operating mode "non-latched".



First cycle (current)

- Press torch trigger 1 (BRT 1) and keep pressed.
- The gas pre-flow time elapses.
- HF ignition pulses jump from the electrode to the workpiece. The arc ignites.
- · The welding current flows and immediately assumes the value of the starting current Istart.
- HF switches off.
- The welding current increases in the set up-slope time to the main current AMP.
- The wire electrode is fed once the delay time (t-start) has elapsed.

Second cycle (current)

- Release BRT 1.
- Wire electrode feeding is stopped, wire electrode is returned by the set wire return value.
- The main current is reduced in the selected down-slope time, the arc is extinguished.
- Shielding gas continues to flow in the selected gas post-flow time.



5.2.3.5 Latched automatic

The welding machine (power source) must be set to operating mode "latched".

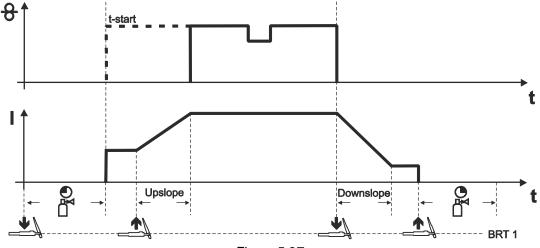


Figure 5-27

1. cycle (current)

- Press torch trigger 1 (BRT 1), the gas pre-flow time elapses.
- HF ignition pulses jump from the tungsten electrode to the workpiece. The arc ignites.
- · Welding current flows.

2. cycle (current)

- Release BRT 1.
- The welding current ramps up to the main current AMP in the selected up-slope time.

1. cycle (wire)

• The wire electrode is fed once the delay time (t-start) has elapsed.

3. cycle (current)

- Press BRT 1.
- The main current is reduced in the selected down-slope time.

2. cycle (wire)

• Wire electrode feeding is stopped, wire electrode is returned by the set wire return value.

4. cycle (current)

- Release BRT 1, the arc extinguishes.
- Shielding gas continues to flow in the selected gas post-flow time.
- By tapping you can switch to the reduced wire feeding.
- By pressing and releasing (tapping) BRT 1 again, wire feeding will stop. (It is not necessary to keep the torch trigger pressed. This is especially helpful with long welding seams.)

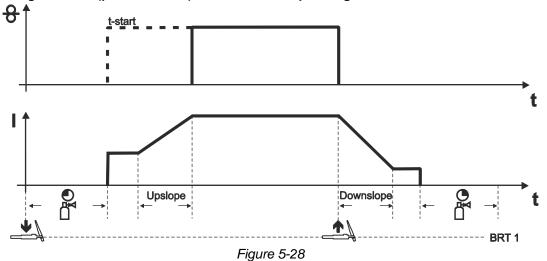
Stopping the welding process:

• Keep BRT 1 pressed for a period longer than the set tapping time.



5.2.3.6 Tack welding

The welding machine (power source) must be set to operating mode "non-latched".



Sequence:

- Press torch trigger 1 (BRT 1) and keep pressed.
- The gas pre-flow time elapses.
- HF ignition pulses jump from the electrode to the workpiece. The arc ignites.
- The welding current flows and immediately assumes the value of the starting current I_{start}.
- HF switches off.
- The welding current increases in the set up-slope time to the main current AMP.
- The wire electrode is fed once the delay time (t-start) has elapsed.
- Release BRT 1.
- Wire electrode feeding is stopped, wire electrode is returned by the set wire return value.
- The main current is reduced in the selected down-slope time, the arc is extinguished.
- Shielding gas continues to flow in the selected gas post-flow time.



5.3 Menus and sub-menus on the machine control

5.3.1 Direct menus (direct access to parameters)

Functions, parameters and their values can be accessed directly, e.g. can be selected by pressing a button once.

5.3.2 Expert menu

The Expert menu has adjustable parameters stored that don't require regular setting. The number of parameters shown may be limited, e.g. if a function is deactivated.

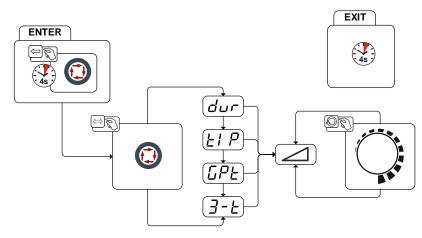


Figure 5-29

Display Setting/selection	
	Wire return
láur j	Increase value = more wire return
	Decrease value = less wire return
	Tapping time
	Setting range: 0.0 s to 0.6 s (0.1 s increments).
Γοι	Gas post-flow time
	Setting range: 0.0 s to 40.0 s (0.1 s increments).
	Wire stop with manual latched operation
	on = wire stops in the 3rd cycle
	• off = wire stops in the 4th cycle (ex works)

5.4 Access control

Key position 0 =

To prevent people from unauthorised or inadvertent changing of the welding parameters at the machine, entering values on the control can be blocked by using the key switch.

Key position 1 = All parameters can be set

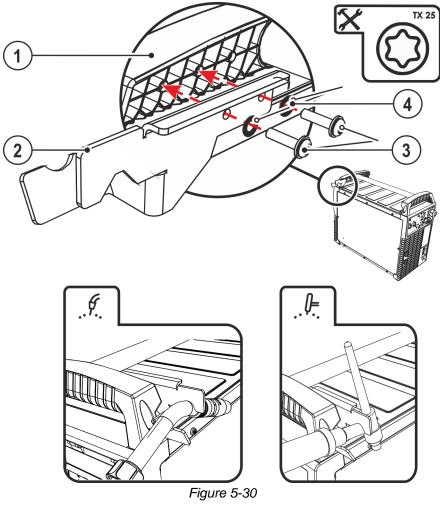
The following controls/functions cannot be changed:

- · Push-button for switching the wire feed speed display
- Parameter value " hot wire current " can be displayed but not changed
- Parameter value "forward/backward motion" can be displayed but not changed
- Parameter values in the functional sequence can be displayed but not changed



5.5 Welding torch holder

The item described in the following is part of the machine's scope of delivery.



ltem	Symbol	Description	
1		Crossmember of the transport handle	
2		Torch holder	
3		Fixing screws (x 4)	
4		Fan-type lock washers	

• Use the mounting screws to screw the torch holder onto the crossmember of the transport handle.

• Insert the welding torch into the welding torch holder as shown.



6 Maintenance, care and disposal

6.1 General

Risk of injury due to electrical voltage after switching off! Working on an open machine can lead to fatal injuries! Capacitors are loaded with electrical voltage during operation. Voltage remains present for up to four minutes after the mains plug is removed. 1. Switch off machine. 2. Remove the mains plug. 3. Wait for at last 4 minutes until the capacitors have discharged! \land WARNING Incorrect maintenance, testing and repair! Maintenance, testing and repair of the machine may only be carried out by skilled and qualified personnel. A qualified person is one who, because of his or her training, knowledge and experience, is able to recognise the dangers that can occur while testing welding power sources as well as possible subsequent damage, and who is able to implement the required safety procedures. Observe the maintenance instructions > see 6.2 chapter. In the event that the provisions of one of the below-stated tests are not met, the machine must not be operated again until it has been repaired and a new test has been carried out!

Repair and maintenance work may only be performed by qualified authorised personnel; otherwise the right to claim under warranty is void. In all service matters, always consult the dealer who supplied the machine. Return deliveries of defective equipment subject to warranty may only be made through your dealer. When replacing parts, use only original spare parts. When ordering spare parts, please quote the machine type, serial number and item number of the machine, as well as the type designation and item number of the spare part.

Under the specified ambient conditions and normal working conditions this machine is essentially maintenance-free and requires just a minimum of care.

Contamination of the machine may impair service life and duty cycle. The cleaning intervals depend on the ambient conditions and the resulting contamination of the machine. The minimum interval is every six months.

6.1.1 Cleaning

- Clean the outer surfaces with a moist cloth (no aggressive cleaning agents).
- Purge the machine venting channel and cooling fins (if present) with oil- and water-free compressed air. Compressed air may overspeed and destroy the machine fans. Never direct the compressed air directly at the machine fans. Mechanically block the fans, if required.
- Check the coolant for contaminants and replace, if necessary.

6.1.2 Dirt filter

The duty cycle of the welding machine decreases as an effect of the reduced cooling air volume. The dirt filter must be remove at regular intervals and cleaned by blowing out with compressed air (depending on the level of soiling).



6.2 Maintenance work, intervals

6.2.1 Daily maintenance tasks

Visual inspection

- Mains supply lead and its strain relief
- · Gas cylinder securing elements
- Check hose package and power connections for exterior damage and replace or have repaired by specialist staff as necessary!
- · Gas tubes and their switching equipment (solenoid valve)
- Check that all connections and wearing parts are hand-tight and tighten if necessary.
- · Check correct mounting of the wire spool.
- Wheels and their securing elements
- Transport elements (strap, lifting lugs, handle)
- Other, general condition

Functional test

- Operating, message, safety and adjustment devices (Functional test)
- Welding current cables (check that they are fitted correctly and secured)
- · Gas tubes and their switching equipment (solenoid valve)
- · Gas cylinder securing elements
- Check correct mounting of the wire spool.
- Check that all screw and plug connections and replaceable parts are secured correctly, tighten if necessary.
- Remove any spatter.
- Clean the wire feed rollers on a regular basis (depending on the degree of soiling).

6.2.2 Monthly maintenance tasks

Visual inspection

- Casing damage (front, rear and side walls)
- · Wheels and their securing elements
- Transport elements (strap, lifting lugs, handle)
- Check coolant tubes and their connections for impurities

Functional test

- Selector switches, command devices, emergency stop devices, voltage reducing devices, message and control lamps
- Check that the wire guide elements (inlet nipple, wire guide tube) are fitted securely.
- · Check coolant tubes and their connections for impurities
- Check and clean the welding torch. Deposits in the torch can cause short circuits and have a negative impact on the welding result, ultimately causing damage to the torch.

6.2.3 Annual test (inspection and testing during operation)

A periodic test according to IEC 60974-4 "Periodic inspection and test" has to be carried out. In addition to the regulations on testing given here, the relevant local laws and regulations must also be observed. For more information refer to the "Warranty registration" brochure supplied and our information regarding warranty, maintenance and testing at <u>www.ewm-group.com</u>!

Disposing of equipment



6.3 Disposing of equipment



Proper disposal!

The machine contains valuable raw materials, which should be recycled, and electronic components, which must be disposed of.

- Do not dispose of in household waste!
- Observe the local regulations regarding disposal!
- According to European provisions (Directive 2012/19/EU on Waste of Electrical and Electronic Equipment), used electric and electronic equipment may no longer be placed in unsorted municipal waste. It must be collected separately. The symbol depicting a waste container on wheels indicates that the equipment must be collected separately.

This machine has to be disposed of, or recycled, in accordance with the waste separation systems in use.

- According to German law (law governing the distribution, taking back and environmentally correct disposal of electric and electronic equipment (ElektroG)), used machines are to be placed in a collection system separate from unsorted municipal waste. The public waste management utilities (communities) have created collection points at which used equipment from private households can be disposed of free of charge.
- Information about returning used equipment or about collections can be obtained from the respective municipal administration office.
- In addition to this, returns are also possible throughout Europe via EWM sales partners.



7 Rectifying faults

All products are subject to rigorous production checks and final checks. If, despite this, something fails to work at any time, please check the product using the following flowchart. If none of the fault rectification procedures described leads to the correct functioning of the product, please inform your authorised dealer.

7.1 Checklist for rectifying faults

The correct machine equipment for the material and process gas in use is a fundamental requirement for perfect operation!

Legend	Symbol	Description
	×	Fault/Cause
	*	Remedy

Coolant error/no coolant flowing

- ✗ Insufficient coolant flow
 - ℜ Check coolant level and refill if necessary
 - * Eliminate kinks in conduit system (hose packages)
 - * Reset automatic cutout of the coolant pump by activating
- ✗ Air in the coolant circuit
 - ★ Vent coolant circuit > see 7.4 chapter

Functional errors

- ✗ All machine control signal lights are illuminated after switching on
- ✗ No machine control signal light is illuminated after switching on
- ✓ No welding power
 - ℜ Phase failure > check mains connection (fuses)
- ✓ Several parameters cannot be set (machines with access block)
 - Entry level is blocked, disable access lock > see 5.4 chapter
- Connection problems
 - x Make control lead connections and check that they are fitted correctly.

Welding torch overheated

- ✗ Loose welding current connections
 - \boldsymbol{x} Tighten power connections on the torch and/or on the workpiece
 - ***** Tighten contact tip correctly
- ✓ Overload
 - ℜ Check and correct welding current setting
 - ℜ Use a more powerful welding torch

Unstable arc

- ✗ Unsuitable or worn welding torch equipment
 - ☆ Adjust contact tip to wire diameter and -material and replace if necessary
 - lpha Adjust wire guide to material in use, blow through and replace if necessary
- Material inclusions in the tungsten electrode due to contact with filler material or workpiece
- Regrind or replace the tungsten electrode
- Incompatible parameter settings
 - \boldsymbol{x} Check settings and correct if necessary

Rectifying faults

Error messages



Wire feed problems

- ✗ Unsuitable or worn welding torch equipment
 - Adjust contact tip (cold wire/hot wire) to wire diameter, blow through and replace if necessary
 - ℜ Adjust wire guide to material in use, blow through and replace if necessary
- Contact tip blocked
 - ★ Clean, spray with anti-spatter spray and replace if necessary
- ✓ Setting the spool brake > see 5.1.12.4 chapter
 - ℜ Check settings and correct if necessary
- ✓ Setting pressure units > see 5.1.12.3 chapter
- Check settings and correct if necessary
- ✗ Worn wire rolls
 - ℜ Check and replace if necessary
- ✓ Wire feed motor without supply voltage (automatic cutout triggered by overloading)
 - \boldsymbol{x} Reset triggered fuse (rear of the power source) by pressing the key button
- ✗ Kinked hose packages
 - ✤ Extend and lay out the torch hose package
- ✗ Incompatible parameter settings
 - ℜ Check settings and correct if necessary
- ✓ Arc between gas nozzle and workpiece (metal vapour on the gas nozzle)
 - 🛠 Replace gas nozzle

Pore formation

- ✗ Inadequate or missing gas shielding
 - x Check shielding gas setting and replace shielding gas cylinder if necessary
 - Shield welding site with protective screens (draughts affect the welding result)
 - **%** Use gas lens for aluminium applications and high-alloy steels
- Unsuitable or worn welding torch equipment
 - ℜ Check size of gas nozzle and replace if necessary
- ✗ Condensation (hydrogen) in the gas tube
 - 🛠 Replace hose package

7.2 Error messages

A welding machine error is indicated by the collective fault signal lamp (A1) lighting up and an error code (see table) being displayed in the machine control display. In the event of a machine error, the power unit shuts down.

The display of possible error numbers depends on the machine version (interfaces/functions).

• Document machine errors and inform service staff as necessary.

Error message	Possible cause	Remedy
Err 3	Speedometer error	Check wire guide/hose package
Err 10	PE error	Switch the machine off and on again. If the error persists, notify the service department.
Err 34	Hot wire inverter	Switch the machine off and on again. If the error persists, notify the service department.



7.3 Resetting welding parameters to the factory settings

All customised welding parameters that are stored will be replaced by the factory settings.

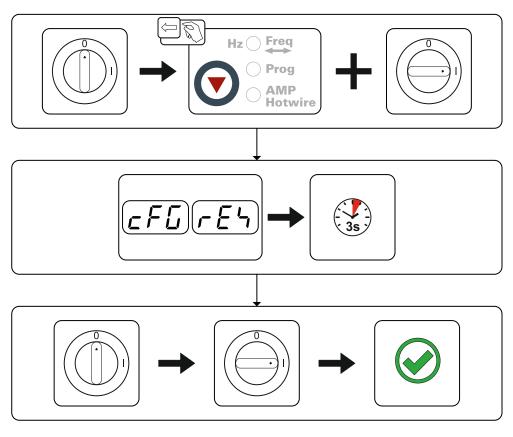
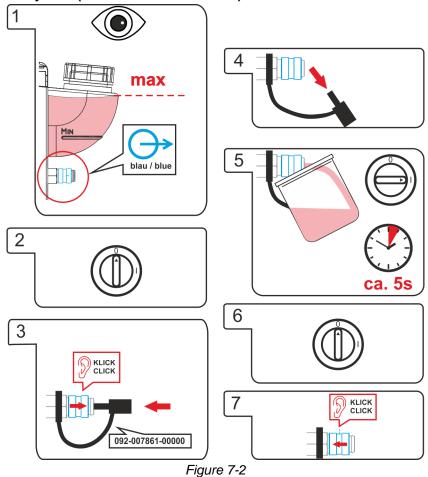


Figure 7-1



7.4 Vent coolant circuit

To vent the cooling system always use the blue coolant connection, which is located as deep as possible inside the system (close to the coolant tank)!



Complete the following steps to vent the welding torch:

- Connect the welding torch to the cooling unit
- Switch on the welding machine

Venting the welding torch starts and lasts for approx. 5 to 6 minutes.



8 Technical data

8.1 tigSpeed oscillation drive 45 hotwire

Performance specifications and guarantee only in connection with original spare and replacement parts!

Hot wire current setting range	40 A to 180 A
max.Hot wire voltage	10 V
Duty cycle DC at 40° C ^[1]	
35 %	180 A
60 %	150 A
100 %	130 A
Open circuit voltage (U ₀)	98 V
Open circuit voltage (U _r)	10 V
Mains voltage (Tolerance)	1 x 230 V (-40 % to +15 %)
Frequency	50/60 Hz
mains fuse ^[2]	1 x 10 A
Mains connection cable	H07RN-F3G2,5
max. Connected load (S ₁)	2,8 kVA
Generator rating (Rec.)	4 kVA
Cos φ / efficiency	0,99 / 86 %
Protection class / Overvoltage category	I / III
Contamination level	3
Insulation class / protection classification	H / IP 23
Residual current circuit breaker	Type B (recommended)
Noise level [3]	<70 dB(A)
Ambient temperature ^[4]	-25 °C to +40 °C
Machine cooling / Torch cooling	Fan (AF) / gas
Wire feed speed	0,3 m/min to 15 m/min
Forward/backward motion frequency	1 Hz to 16 Hz
Factory-installed roll equipment	1,0/1,2 mm for steel wire
Drive	4 rollers (37 mm)
Wire spool diameter	Standardised wire spools up to 300 mm
Welding torch connection	Decentralised connection
Workpiece lead (min.)	
Hot wire current	25 mm ²
Welding current (I ₂)	95 mm ²
EMC class	A
Safety marking	८ ह / ङ / सि
Standards used	See declaration of conformity (appliance documents)
Dimensions L / B / H	636 x 324 x 482 mm
	25.0 x 12.8 x 19.0 inch
Weight	32,4 kg
	71.4 lb.

^[1] Load cycle: 10 min. (60 % DC \triangleq 6 min. welding, 4 min. pause)

^[2] Safety fuses are recommended DIAZED xxA gG. When using automatic cutouts, the "C" trigger characteristic must be used.

^[3] Noise level during idle mode and operation under standard load according to IEC 60974- 1 at the maximum operating point.

^[4] Ambient temperature dependent on coolant! Observe coolant temperature range!



9 Accessories

Performance-dependent accessories like torches, workpiece leads, electrode holders or intermediate hose packages are available from your authorised dealer.

9.1 Options

Туре	Designation	Item no.
ON WAK tigSpeed	Wheel assembly kit with strain relief	092-007927-00000
ON Filter TG.0003	Dirt filter	092-002662-00000
ON AS SR tigSpeed	Strain relief	092-003685-00000

9.2 General accessories

Туре	Designation	Item no.				
ADAP ZSP 5POLIG/500MM	Adapter for tigSpeed intermediate hose package for connection to equipment from other manufacturers	094-019463-00000				
tigSpeed 95QMM W AW 5POL 2m	Intermediate hose package, water-cooled, filler wire, incl. strain relief	094-019139-00000				
tigSpeed 95QMM W AW 5POL 5m	Intermediate hose package, water-cooled, filler wire, incl. strain relief	094-019139-00005				
tigSpeed 95QMM W AW 5POL 10m	Intermediate hose package, water-cooled, filler wire, incl. strain relief	094-019139-00010				
DM 842 Ar/CO2 230bar 30I D	Pressure regulator with manometer	394-002910-00030				
GH 2X1/4" 2M	Gas hose	094-000010-00001				
AK300	Wire spool adapter K300	094-001803-00001				
ADAP CEE16/SCHUKO	Earth contact coupling/CEE16A plug	092-000812-00000				
RTG U/D 12POL 5m	Remote control	094-019921-00000				



10 Replaceable parts

Performance specifications and guarantee only in connection with original spare and replacement parts!

10.1 Wire feed rollers

10.1.1 Wire feed rollers for steel wire

Туре	Designation	Item no.
FE 2DR4R 0,6+0,8	Drive rollers, 37 mm, steel	092-000839-00000
FE 2DR4R 0,8+1,0	Drive rollers, 37 mm, steel	092-000840-00000
FE 2DR4R 0,9+1,2	Drive rollers, 37 mm, steel	092-000841-00000
FE 2DR4R 1,0+1,2	Drive rollers, 37 mm, steel	092-000842-00000
FE 2DR4R 1,2+1,6	Drive rollers, 37 mm, steel	092-000843-00000
FE/AL 2GR4R SF	Pressure rollers, smooth, 37 mm	092-000414-00000

10.1.1.1 Conversion kit

Туре	Designation	Item no.
URUE VERZ>UNVERZ FE/AL	Conversion kit, 37mm, 4-roller drive on non-toothed	092-000415-00000
4R SF	rollers (steel/aluminium)	

10.1.2 Wire feed rollers for aluminium wire

Туре	Designation	Item no.
AL 4ZR4R 0,8+1,0	Twin rollers, 37 mm, for aluminium	092-000869-00000
AL 4ZR4R 1,0+1,2	Twin rollers, 37 mm, for aluminium	092-000848-00000
AL 4ZR4R 1,2+1,6	Twin rollers, 37 mm, for aluminium	092-000849-00000
AL 4ZR4R 2,4+3,2	Twin rollers, 37 mm, for aluminium	092-000870-00000

10.1.2.1 Conversion kit

Туре	Designation	Item no.
URUE AL 4ZR4R 0,8+1,0 SF	Conversion kit, 37 mm, 4-roller drive for aluminium	092-002268-00000
URUE AL 4ZR4R 1,0+1,2 SF	Conversion kit, 37 mm, 4-roller drive for aluminium	092-002266-00000
URUE AL 4ZR4R 1,2+1,6 SF	Conversion kit, 37 mm, 4-roller drive for aluminium	092-002269-00000
URUE AL 4ZR4R 2,4+3,2 SF	Conversion kit, 37 mm, 4-roller drive for aluminium	092-002270-00000

10.1.3 Wire feed rollers for cored wire

Туре	Designation	Item no.
ROE 2DR4R 0,8/0,9+0,8/0,9	Drive rollers, 37 mm, cored wire	092-000834-00000
ROE 2DR4R 1,0/1,2+1,4/1,6	Drive rollers, 37 mm, cored wire	092-000835-00000
ROE 2DR4R 1,4/1,6+2,0/2,4	Drive rollers, 37 mm, cored wire	092-000836-00000
ROE 2DR4R 2,8+3,2	Drive rollers, 37 mm, cored wire	092-000837-00000
ROE 2GR4R	Pressure rollers, knurled, 37mm	092-000838-00000

10.1.3.1 Conversion kit

Туре	Designation	Item no.
URUE ROE 2DR4R 0,8/0,9+0,8/0,9 SF	Conversion kit, 37 mm, 4-roller drive for cored wire	092-000410-00000
URUE ROE 2DR4R 1,0/1,2+1,4/1,6 SF	Conversion kit, 37 mm, 4-roller drive for cored wire	092-000411-00000
URUE ROE 2DR4R 1,4/1,6+2,0/2,4 SF	Conversion kit, 37 mm, 4-roller drive for cored wire	092-000412-00000
URUE ROE 2DR4R 2,8+3,2 SF	Conversion kit, 37 mm, 4-roller drive for cored wire	092-000413-00000



11 Appendix

11.1 Setting instructions

The following lists help you to determine the parameters.

The actual parameters to be set depend on the joint and welding position.

The welding speed as well depends on the welding task and the parameters set.

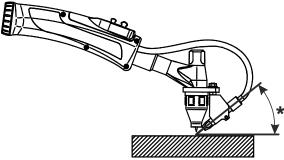


Figure 11-1

Item	Description					
t	Material thickness in mm					
ls	Welding current (TIG, power source)					
Dv	Wire feed speed (tigSpeed)					
Hz	Weave frequency (tigSpeed)					
IH	Hot wire current (tigSpeed)					
Vs	Welding speed					
Welding torch°	Torch angle					
Wire angle°	Wire feed angle					



11.1.1 Continuous TIG cold wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position							
	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy							
	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm							
t [mm] Is [A] WF Hz [1/s] IH [A] Vs [cm/min] Welding torch Wire angle [°]							Wire angle [°]	
1.5	90	0.8				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
2	135	1.0				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
4	180	1.8				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
6	220	2.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
8	260	3.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
10	280	4.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	

Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy								
	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm							
t [mm]	ls [A]	WF (m/min)	Hz [1/s]	IH [A]	Vs [cm/min]	Welding torch [°]	Wire angle [°]	
1.5	90	0.8				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
2	135	1.0				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
4	180	1.8				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
6	220	2.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
8	260	3.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	
10	280	4.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42	



11.1.2 Continuous TIG hot wire welding

			Fi	illet weld P	B position							
	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy											
Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm												
t [mm]	ls [A]	WF (m/min)	Hz [1/s]	IH [A]	Vs [cm/min]	Welding torch [°]	Wire angle [°]					
1.5	90	0.9		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
2	135	1.2		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
4	180	2.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
6	220	2.7		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
8	260	4.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
10	280	5.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					

	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy											
	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm											
t [mm]	ls [A]	WF (m/min)	Hz [1/s]	IH [A]	Vs [cm/min]	Welding torch [°]	Wire angle [°]					
1.5	90	0.9		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
2	135	1.2		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
4	180	2.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
6	220	2.7		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
8	260	4.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
10	280	5.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					



11.1.3 superPuls TIG cold wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position												
	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy												
	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm												
t Is Wf1/tWF1 Wf2/tWF2 IH Vs Welding Wire angle torch													
[mm]	[A]	[m/min]	[sec]	[m/min]	[sec]	[A]	[cm/min]	[°]	[°]				
1.5	100	1.9	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
2	140	3.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
4	190	4.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
6	240	5.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
8	280	6.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
10	300	7.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				

	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy												
	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm												
t	ls	Wf1/tWF1 Wf2/tWF2 IH Vs Welding Wire is torch											
[mm]	[A]	[m/min]	[sec]	[m/min]	[sec]	[A]	[cm/min]	[°]	[°]				
1.5	100	1.9	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
2	140	3.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
4	190	4.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
6	240	5.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
8	280	6.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
10	300	7.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				



11.1.4 superPuls TIG hot wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position												
	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy												
	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm												
t	t Is Wf1/tWF1 Wf2/tWF2 IH Vs Welding Wire angle torch												
[mm]	[A]	[m/min]	[sec]	[m/min]	[sec]	[A]	[cm/min]	[mm]	[A]				
1.5	100	2.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		1.5	100				
2	140	3.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		2	140				
4	190	4.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		4	190				
6	240	5.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		6	240				
8	280	7.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		8	280				
10	300	8.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		10	300				

	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy												
	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm												
t	ls	Wf1/t	Welding torch	Wire angle									
[mm]	[A]	[m/min]	[sec]	[m/min]	[sec]	[A]	[cm/min]	[°]	[°]				
1.5	100	2.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
2	140	3.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
4	190	4.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
6	240	5.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
8	280	7.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
10	300	8.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				



11.1.5 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position												
	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm												
		Welding co	onsumable	-		n							
t [mm]	t [mm] Is [A] WF Hz [1/s] Vs [cm/min] Welding torch Wire angle [°]* (m/min) [°]												
2	110	0.7	10	17	Forehand 10– 20	41–42							
3	146	1.0	10	17	Forehand 10– 20	41–42							
4	189	1.2	10	21	Forehand 10– 20	41–42							
6	220	1.5	10	21	Forehand 10– 20	41–42							
8	8 260 1.7 10 21 Forehand 10- 41-42 20												
10	285	2.0	10	25	Forehand 10– 20	41–42							

	Fillet weld PF position										
	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm										
t [mm]											
2	130	1.3	10	13	Forehand 10– 20	41–42					
3	149	1.4	10	13	Forehand 10– 20	41–42					
4	190	1.6	10	13	Forehand 10– 20	41–42					
6	250	1.8	10	13	Forehand 10– 20	41–42					
8	280	2.0	10	18	Forehand 10– 20	41–42					
10	280	2.2	10	18	Forehand 10– 20	41–42					



11.1.6 OscillationTIG hot wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position												
	Parent metal: Unalloyed/low-alloy												
	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm												
t [mm]	nm] Is [A] WF Hz [1/s] IH [A] Vs [cm/min] Welding torch Wire angle [°] (m/min) [°]												
2	190	2.1	16	100	22	Forehand 15	41-42						
3	250	3.0	16	100	40	Forehand 15	41-42						
4	280	3.5	16	100	37	Forehand 15	41-42						
6	320	4.0	16	100	36	Forehand 15	41-42						
8	350	4.2	16	100	33	Forehand 15	41-42						
10	390	4.0	16	100	33	Forehand 15	41-42						

Parent	metal:	Unalloyed/low-alloy

	Welding consumable: Unalloyed/low-alloy, Ø 1.0 mm										
t [mm]	ls [A]	WF (m/min)	Hz [1/s]	IH [A]	Vs [cm/min]	Welding torch [°]	Wire angle [°]				
2	140	1.4	16	80	19	Forehand 15	41-42				
3	190	1.8	16	100	18	Forehand 15	41-42				
4	220	2.2	16	100	20	Forehand 15	41-42				
6	260	2.6	16	100	22	Forehand 15	41-42				
8	280	3.2	16	100	25	Forehand 15	41-42				
10	330	3.8	16	100	21	Forehand 15	41-42				



11.1.7 Continuous TIG cold wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position												
	Parent metal: High-alloy												
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm												
t [mm]	t [mm] Is [A] WF Hz [1/s] IH [A] Vs [cm/min] Welding torch Wire angle [°] [°]												
1.5	90	0.8				Forehand 10– 20	41-42						
2	135	1.0				Forehand 10– 20	41-42						
4	180	1.8				Forehand 10– 20	41-42						
6	220	2.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42						
8	260	3.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42						
10	280	4.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42						

	Parent metal: High-alloy Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm											
t [mm]	ls [A]	WF (m/min)	Hz [1/s]	IH [A]	Vs [cm/min]	Welding torch [°]	Wire angle [°]					
1.5	90	0.8				Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
2	135	1.0				Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
4	180	1.8				Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
6	220	2.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
8	260	3.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
10	280	4.5				Forehand 10– 20	41-42					



11.1.8 Continuous TIG hot wire welding

			Fi	illet weld P	B position							
	Parent metal: High-alloy											
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm											
t [mm]	ls [A]	WF (m/min)	Hz [1/s]	IH [A]	Vs [cm/min]	Welding torch [°]	Wire angle [°]					
1.5	90	0.9		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
2	135	1.2		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
4	180	2.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
6	220	2.7		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
8	260	4.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
10	280	5.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42					
			_		_							

	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm										
t [mm]	ls [A]	WF (m/min)	Hz [1/s]	IH [A]	Vs [cm/min]	Welding torch [°]	Wire angle [°]				
1.5	90	0.9		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42				
2	135	1.2		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42				
4	180	2.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42				
6	220	2.7		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42				
8	260	4.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42				
10	280	5.0		80		Forehand 10– 20	41-42				



11.1.9 superPuls TIG cold wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position													
	Parent metal: High-alloy													
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm													
t Is Wf1/tWF1 Wf2/tWF2 IH Vs Welding Wire angle torch														
[mm]	[A]	[m/min]	[sec]	[m/min]	[sec]	[A]	[cm/min]	[°]	[°]					
1.5	90	1.9	0.15	0.0/off	0.35		32	Forehand 15	45					
2	135	3.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35		38	Forehand 15	45					
4	180	4.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35		41	Forehand 15	45					
6	220	5.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35		43	Forehand 15	45					
8	260	6.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35		43	Forehand 15	45					
10	280	7.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35		48	Forehand 15	45					

Fillet weld PF position Parent metal: High-allov

	Parent metal: High-alloy												
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm												
t	ls	Wf1/f	WF1	Wf2/tWF2		IH	Vs	Welding torch	Wire angle				
[mm]	[A]	[m/min]	[sec]	[m/min]	[sec]	[A]	[cm/min]	[°]	[°]				
1.5	90	1.9	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
2	135	3.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
4	180	4.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
6	220	5.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
8	260	6.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				
10	280	7.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35			Forehand 15	45				



11.1.10 superPuls TIG hot wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position													
	Parent metal: High-alloy													
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm													
t	t Is Wf1/tWF1 Wf2/tWF2 IH Vs Welding Wire angle torch													
[mm]	[A]	[m/min]	[sec]	[m/min]	[sec]	[A]	[cm/min]	[°]	[°]					
1.5	90	2.2	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80	32	Forehand 15	45					
2	135	3.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80	38	Forehand 15	45					
4	180	4.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80	41	Forehand 15	45					
6	220	5.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80	43	Forehand 15	45					
8	260	7.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80	43	Forehand 15	45					
10	280	8.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80	48	Forehand 15	45					

	Parent metal: High-alloy												
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm												
t	ls	Wf1/tWF1 Wf2/tWF2 IH Vs Welding Wire an torch											
[mm]	[A]	[m/min]	[sec]	[m/min]	[sec]	[A]	[cm/min]	[°]	[°]				
1.5	90	2.2	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
2	135	3.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
4	180	4.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
6	220	5.5	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
8	260	7.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				
10	280	8.0	0.15	0.0/off	0.35	80		Forehand 15	45				



11.1.11 Oscillation TIG cold wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position											
	Parent metal: High-alloy											
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm											
t [mm] Is [A] WF Hz [1/s] Vs [cm/min] Welding torch Wire angle (m/min) [°]												
2	150	1.5	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						
3	190	1.8	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41-42						
4	210	2.1	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						
6	240	2.5	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41-42						
8	260	2.8	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41-42						
10	290	3.0	13.5	30	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						

	Fillet weld PF position Parent metal: High-alloy											
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm											
t [mm] Is [A] WF Hz [1/s] Vs [cm/min] Welding torch Wire angle [° (m/min) [°]												
2	150	1.5	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						
3	190	1.8	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						
4	210	2.1	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						
6	240	2.5	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						
8	260	2.8	13.5	31	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						
10	290	3.0	13.5	30	Forehand 10– 20	41–42						



11.1.12 OscillationTIG hot wire welding

	Fillet weld PB position											
	Parent metal: High-alloy											
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm											
t [mm]	t [mm] Is [A] WF Hz [1/s] IH [A] Vs [cm/min] Welding torch Wire angle [°] (m/min) [°]											
2	199	2.9	16	70	47	Forehand 15	41-42					
3	241	3.4	16	80	44	Forehand 15	41-42					
4	260	3.6	16	80	43	Forehand 15	41-42					
6	281	4.0	16	80	42	Forehand 15	41-42					
8	300	4.2	16	80	41	Forehand 15	41-42					
10	341	4.7	16	80	40	Forehand 15	41-42					

	Parent metal: High-alloy												
	Welding consumable: High-alloy. Ø 1.0 mm												
t [mm]	ls [A]	WF (m/min)	Hz [1/s]	IH [A]	Vs [cm/min]	Welding torch [°]	Wire angle [°]						
2	110	1.3	16	70	21	Forehand 15	41-42						
3	190	3.0	16	70	38	Forehand 15	41-42						
4	210	3.2	16	70	33	Forehand 15	41-42						
6	250	3.8	16	70	31	Forehand 15	41-42						
8	279	3.8	16	70	30	Forehand 15	41-42						
10	279	3.8	16	70	30	Forehand 15	41-42						



11.2 Searching for a dealer

Sales & service partners www.ewm-group.com/en/specialist-dealers



"More than 400 EWM sales partners worldwide"