Type 3 Fire Engine — Model 326/346 Apparatus Body Only Specification

Issue Date: February 2016

Supersedes: April 2015

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Record of Revisions

Date July 2009 June 2010 January 2011 February 2014

Revision Summary

- Initial Release
- Revision
- Revision
- Added Table of Contents
- Added Record of Revisions since January 2011
- Added requirement to maintain break-over angle
- Added auxiliary lighting to front of apparatus
- Deleted rear amber warning light
- Deleted requirement for three individual non-SCBA seats in the rear of cab interior
- Deleted Hi/Lo switch in cab console
- Deleted requirement to relocate chassis-mounted air tanks
- Revised requirement for height of vertical exhaust
- Added conspicuity tape to rear step
- Added maximum rung spacing and minimum width for hose bed access ladder
- Added rear seat(s) storage compartment
- Revised specification for rear compartment door (hose reel compartment)
- Added hydrostatic testing requirement for pump
- Clarified pump panel throttle authority requirements
- Clarified when pump shift indicator lights shall illuminate
- Added plumbing system test requirement
- Added parameters to pump operating instruction plate
- Revised specification for master discharge and intake pressure gauge
- Deleted "Gauge Drain" requirement
- Revised specification for in-cab gauge
- Added requirement to priming pump performance
- Revised connection to primer control from one line to two lines
- Changed #2 manual valve
- Added one L.E.D. scene light to rear of apparatus
- Revised compartment lights
- Revised apparatus warranty requirement to fifteen years
- Revised distance of minimum 12 inches between rear ladder side rails exteriors
- Added under seat storage compartment dimensions
- Added requirement that under seat storage compartment floor shall be flat
- Revised specification for Pump Cooler/By-Pass
- Added standard vehicle marking drawing

April 2015

RECORD OF REVISIONS (Continued)

<u>Date</u>	Revision Summary
August 2015 •	Updated Format
•	Revised specifications for rear scene light and red lights
•	Revised center console mounts
•	Added specifications for rear scene light and red lights
•	Deleted standalone rear scene lights and red lights
•	Added brand name or equivalents specification
•	Updated engine status center type
February 2016 •	Updated Format
•	Amended cab step wheel chock storage compartment
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•	Added additional requirements to the pump shift indicator lights
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	operator's panel
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•	Added required testing – Engine Speed Advancement Interlock
•	Added table – Indicator Light Test Conditions and
	Verifications
Future Revisions •	This space is reserved for future revisions

1 — General

1.1 General Statement

1.1.1 The apparatus described in this specification shall be compliant with the requirements of NFPA 1906, latest edition, except where noted.

1.2 Finished Vehicle Weight Requirements

- 1.2.1 The in-service weight shall not exceed 90% of the front axle gross axle weight rating (GAWR) and 20,000 pounds on the rear axle when:
 - fully loaded with water, foam and fuel,
 - with 270 pounds per seat, and
 - 2300 pounds of equipment evenly distributed in the storage compartments

1.3 Tilt Test

1.3.1 The apparatus shall be tested at the estimated in-service weight in accordance with NFPA 1906.

1.4 Ramp Break-Over Angle

1.4.1 The ramp break-over angle shall be maintained with the installation of the fire package.

1.5 Brand Name or Equivalent Products

1.5.1 Products equivalent to the brand name components specified herein shall be approved in writing by the Government prior to contract award and documented in the resultant contract.

2 — Chassis Electrical Requirements

2.1 Chassis Electrical Additional Equipment and Modifications

- 2.1.1 The apparatus chassis shall be equipped with a heavy-duty 12 volt direct current (VDC) negative ground electrical system. The electrical system shall include all parts, components, switches, relays, wiring, and other devices required to assure complete, consistent and proper operation of the completed apparatus.
- 2.1.2 All lights are required to comply with Federal Government Codes for vehicles of this size and design shall be provided and installed. These lights shall include headlamps and front turn signals with hazard switch, cab marker and clearance lights, back up lights, stop-turn-tail and license plate lights.
- 2.1.3 All switches for the warning lights and other electrical equipment shall be mounted on a separate switch panel located on the center console in the cab interior. The switches shall be functionally laid out, properly identified, and shall be located within easy reach of both the driver and the officer. The warning light system shall have a "master" switch, which shall allow for the pre-selection of all warning lights. All switches shall be of a heavy duty design.
- 2.1.4 The following additional electrical equipment shall be installed on, and modifications performed to, the specified cab and chassis by the apparatus builder:

2.2 Battery Master Switch

2.2.1 One battery cutoff switch shall be provided in the cab. The switch shall be a Cole Hersee™ brand, Model #M-2484-16, with a Model #82065 switch plate "Off/On" label, or equivalent. The switch shall be rated for 175 amps continuous duty and 800 amps intermittent duty. The switch shall be located on the floorboard to the left side of the driver's seat and placed as far aft as possible to protect against accidental actuation.

2.3 Battery "On" Indicator Light

2.3.1 One "Battery On" indicator light, with a green lens, shall be provided on the dashboard in the cab interior within view of the driver's seating position. This light shall illuminate anytime the battery switch is turned to the "ON" position and the brightness shall dim automatically when the chassis headlights are turned on.

2.4 Electronic Control Module Programming

2.4.1 The cab and chassis electronic control module shall be programmed as required to allow the use of the original equipment manufacturer's cruise control feature as a manually-controlled fast idle and as a backup to the pump operator's panel throttle.

2.5 Back Up Alarm

2.5.1 One solid state back up alarm shall be provided at the rear of the apparatus protected from impact and debris. The back-up alarm shall be wired to the reverse circuit of the transmission, and shall provide an audible alarm to the rear of the apparatus when reverse gear is selected. The alarm shall have a volume of 87 to 112 decibels while in operation.

2.6 Map Light

2.6.1 One flexible goose neck, high-intensity map light shall be provided on the cab center console. The switch for the map light shall be located on the light and shall include a diffuser to prevent glare at night.

2.7 Ground Lights

2.7.1 Four 4-inch clear L.E.D. lights shall be provided under the chassis steps, ground-facing, two on each side. These lights shall be wired to the cab door switches and a switch on the cab center console.

2.8 Antennas

2.8.1 Four antenna bases shall be supplied and mounted on the cab roof as specified. The antenna cables shall be routed to the cab interior, terminating at location of radio mounting bracket.

2.9 Radio Pre-Wire

2.9.1 The chassis cab interior shall be wired with battery power, battery ground, switched power, and radio pre-broadcast wires to the siren or PA, and labeled to simplify USFS radio installation.

2.10 Auxiliary Lighting

2.10.1 A pair of white L.E.D. auxiliary lights shall be installed in the center bumper cutout, mounted to the front surface of the bumper hose tray, on either side of the license plate location. They shall be capable of being adjusted for both elevation and azimuth. The distance between the two lights shall be maximized. Each light shall produce a minimum of 3000 lumens, and be equipped with a diffused lens capable of projecting light with flood pattern. The maximum size of each light shall be 3¼ inches high by 3¼ inches wide by 3¼ inches deep and shall be equipped with an integral mounting bracket and wiring harness pigtail with connector. OEM chassis wiring and dash switch shall be used for installation if so equipped; otherwise the lights shall be installed with a relay and dash-mounted switch. Any mounting fasteners used for these lights shall not damage the hose stored in the bumper hose tray. The dash switch shall be labeled "AUXILIARY LIGHTS, OFF HIGHWAY USE ONLY." Rigid Industries™ Dually D2 Diffusion lights or equivalent shall be installed.

3 — Traffic Warning Systems

3.1 Traffic Warning Systems Requirements

3.1.1 The following traffic warning systems shall be provided and installed on the completed apparatus by the apparatus builder:

3.2 Electronic Siren

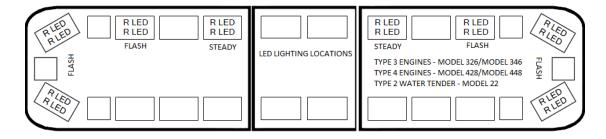
- 3.2.1 One Federal Signal™ brand, Model #PA300-MSC, or equivalent, electronic siren controller shall be provided and mounted in the cab center console in a location convenient to both the driver and the officer. The siren shall have four basic siren tones: manual, wail, yelp and hi-lo, as well as an electronic air horn, radio rebroadcast capability and a public address system.
- 3.2.2 The siren shall also feature the TAP II instant yelp function and shall be capable of 58, 100 or 200 watt operation. The siren shall have a hard wired noise canceling microphone for P.A. use, and shall be wired to the specified speaker.

3.3 Speaker

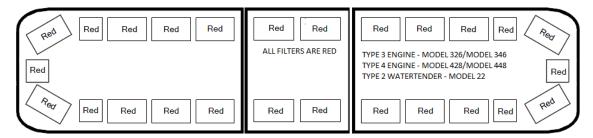
3.3.1 One Code 3[™] brand, Model #Z100, or equivalent, 100 watt siren speaker shall be provided and mounted behind the driver's side of the front bumper. The speaker shall be wired to the specified electronic siren controller.

3.4 Forward Upper Zone A/B/D Light Bar

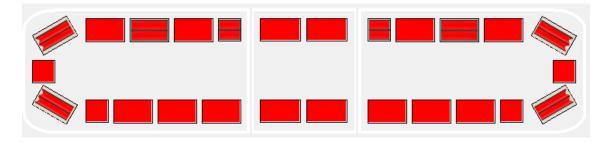
- 3.4.1 One L.E.D. lightbar shall installed on the cab roof, facing forward. The light bar shall be 55 inches wide. L.E.D. lighting locations and filter placement shall conform to the diagrams in this section (below) and consist of six flashing L.E.D. modules; one at each corner and two forward-facing. The lightbar shall also contain two forward-facing steady burning L.E.D. modules. The light bar shall have all red lenses or filters. A Whelen™ brand Freedom IV® L.E.D. lightbar part number F4W2RRRR-USFS34WT, or equivalent meets this requirement.
- 3.4.2 The light bar shall be permanently mounted to the cab roof and wired to the "Lightbar" switch in the cab center console.
- 3.4.3 Diagram L.E.D. Lighting Locations and Flashing/Steady Configuration



3.4.4 Diagram — Lightbar Filter Locations and Colors



3.4.5 Diagram - Lightbar Locations and Colors



3.5 Aft Upper Zone B/D Warning Lights

3.5.1 Two Whelen™ brand, 600 Series, or equivalent, red L.E.D. warning lights, with mounting flanges, shall be provided at the upper rear corners of the body, side-facing, one on each side of the body. The lights shall be wired to the "Warn Lights" switch on the cab center console.

3.6 Upper Zone C Warning Lights

3.6.1 Two all-in-one, L.E.D. warning lights and scene lights with mounting flanges, shall be provided at the upper rear corners of the body, rear-facing, one on each side of the body. The red lights shall be wired to the "Warn Lights" switch on the cab center console and the scene lights shall be wired to the "Rear Scene" switch on the cab center console. Whelen™ brand, M-9 V - Series, L.E.D. warning lights, or equivalent, shall be installed.

3.7 Lower Zone A Warning Lights

3.7.1 Two Whelen™ brand, 700 Series, or equivalent, red L.E.D. warning lights, with mounting flanges, shall be provided and mounted in the lower outboard corners of the cab grille, forward-facing, one on each side. The lights shall be wired to the "Warn Lights" switch on the cab center console.

3.8 Forward Lower Zone B/D Warning Lights

3.8.1 Two Whelen™ brand, 700 Series, or equivalent, red L.E.D. warning lights, with mounting flanges, shall be provided and mounted on the sides of the chassis tilt hood, as low and

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as far forward as possible, side-facing, one on each side. The lights shall be wired to the "Warn Lights" switch on the cab center console.

3.9 Aft Lower Zone B/D Warning Lights

3.9.1 Two Whelen™ brand, 600 Series, or equivalent, red L.E.D. warning lights, with mounting flanges, shall be provided on the exterior body sides above the rear wheel well, one on each side. The lights shall be wired to the "Warn Lights" switch on the cab center console.

3.10 Lower Zone C Warning Lights

3.10.1 Two Whelen™ brand, 600 Series, or equivalent, L.E.D. warning lights shall be provided at the lower rear of the body in the bottom position of a common housing with the DOT lights, rear-facing, one on each side. The lights shall be wired to the "Warn Lights" switch on the cab center console.

3.11 Air Horn

3.11.1 One Buell™ brand, Model #1063, or equivalent, 15-inch air horn shall be provided and mounted under the hood on the passenger's side. One foot switch shall be provided on the driver's side cab floor, and one momentary pushbutton switch shall be provided on the upper right corner of the officer's side top surface of the cab center console.

3.12 Headlight Flasher

3.12.1 One Whelen™ brand, Model #UHF 2150A, or equivalent, solid state headlight flasher shall be installed and wired for daytime operation. The flasher shall be a multipurpose type with a high beam-activated cut out option. The flasher shall be wired to the "Wig Wag" switch on the cab center console, through the parking brake valve, so that it is disabled when the parking brake is applied.

4 — Chassis Additions and Modifications

4.1 Additions to the Government provided cab and chassis

4.1.1 The following additional equipment shall be installed on, and modifications performed to the specified cab and chassis by the apparatus manufacturer:

4.2 Apparatus Fluid Types and Quantities

- 4.2.1 A permanently-mounted label, showing the recommended fluid types and quantities for the apparatus chassis and associated components, shall be provided in the apparatus cab interior near the driver's seating position.
- 4.2.2 This label shall list the recommended fluid types and quantities for the following components:
 - Chassis Engine Lubricant
 - Chassis Engine Coolant
 - · Chassis Power Steering Fluid
 - Chassis Transmission Fluid
 - Chassis Drive Axle Lubricant
 - Pump Gearbox Lubricant

4.3 Seating Capacity

- 4.3.1 A warning label, listing the seating capacity of the completed apparatus, shall be provided in the apparatus cab interior. This label shall be located so that it is visible from all seating positions.
- 4.3.2 This apparatus shall have a seating capacity of five personnel.

4.4 Seat Belts

- 4.4.1 3-point shoulder harness type seat belts shall be provided on all four outboard seating positions. The center rear seating position shall have a 2-point lap belt type seat belt.
- 4.4.2 All seatbelts shall be red or orange in color.

4.5 Seat Belt Warning

4.5.1 A warning label, stating: "DANGER- Personnel Must Be Seated And Seat Belts Must Be Fastened While Vehicle Is In Motion Or DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY MAY RESULT" shall be provided in the apparatus cab interior. This label shall be located so that it is visible from all seating positions.

4.6 Vehicle Height Warning

4.6.1 A warning label, listing the overall height, length and GVWR of the completed apparatus, shall be provided in the apparatus cab interior. This label shall be located so that it is visible from the driver's seating position.

4.7 Final Stage Manufacturer Vehicle Certification

4.7.1 A Final Stage Manufacturer vehicle certification label shall be provided and installed in the apparatus cab driver's door jamb area.

4.8 Noise Hazard Warning

4.8.1 A warning label, stating: "WARNING: Noise Hazards Occur During Siren Operation" shall be provided and installed in the apparatus cab interior. This label shall be located so that it is visible from all seating positions.

4.9 Air Filter Ember Protection Screen Warning

4.9.1 A warning label, stating: "This apparatus is equipped with an air filter ember protection screen; routine inspection is required" shall be provided and installed in the apparatus cab interior. This label shall be located so that it is visible from the driver's seating position.

4.10 Cab Console

- 4.10.1 The cab shall be equipped with an operator's control console located between the front driver's and officer's air ride seats. This console shall be sized to accommodate customer-mounted radios. The console shall be fabricated from steel, and painted with a matte black finish. The console shall be securely mounted to the cab floor. The driver's and officer's side panels for the center console shall be extended as a continuous piece outward at a 90 degree angle from the bottom of the console. The center console shall be secured using the inboard mounting studs of the driver's and officer's air ride seat bases. There shall be two attachment points on the left horizontal extension of the console under the driver's seat base. There shall be two attachment points on the right horizontal extension of the console under the officers' seat base.
- 4.10.2 The console shall contain the following controls and switches:
 - One 2½-inch diameter backlit discharge pressure gauge, 0-600 P.S.I.
 - One Fire Research Corporation™ brand, Model #WL2500, or equivalent, mini display tank level gauge
 - One Federal Signal[™] brand, Model #PA300-MSC, or equivalent, electronic siren controller
 - One flexible map light
 - Four 12 volt power outlets

- 4.10.3 Three switch panels, containing a total of thirteen switches with pilot lights, function labeled, and capitalized, configured from left to right as follows:
 - 1 Emergency Master
 - 2 Light Bar
 - 3 Warn Lights
 - 4 Wig Wag
 - 5 Horn/Siren
 - 6 Left Scene
 - 7 Rear Scene
 - 8 Right Scene
 - 9 Map Light
 - 10 Ground Lights
 - 11 Direct Left
 - 12 Center Out
 - 13 Direct Right

4.11 Center Console Aft Storage

4.11.1 A compartment for storage of items, such as maps and hand-held radios, shall be provided and attached directly behind the center console. The storage compartment shall be fabricated from steel and painted with a matte black finish. The height and width shall not exceed the cab console, and the depth shall be 8 inches ±. The storage compartment shall be configured so as to be easily removable for access to the console inspection panel.

4.12 Chassis Manufacturer Grab Handle

4.12.1 One exterior chassis manufacturer grab handle shall be provided and installed aft of rear door; on driver's side of cab; with rubber insert.

4.13 Front Tow Hooks

4.13.1 Two original equipment front tow hooks shall be supplied with the chassis from the chassis manufacturer.

4.14 Tow Eyes

4.14.1 Two heavy-duty tow eyes shall be provided at the rear of the apparatus, below the rear step. The tow eyes shall be mounted to the chassis frame.

4.15 Front Bumper Extension

4.15.1 A front bumper extension shall be provided at the forward end of the chassis frame rails.

The bumper extension shall be covered with aluminum diamond plate. Support bracing

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- shall be provided as required. The ends of the aluminum diamond plate cover shall be radiused and ground smooth.
- 4.15.2 When completed, the overall length of the apparatus shall not exceed 306 inches.

4.16 Hose Storage Tray

- 4.16.1 One hose storage tray shall be provided in the center of the front bumper extension. The storage tray shall be approximately 20 inches long by 7 inches wide by 12 inches deep. The tray shall be provided with an expanded metal mesh floor to allow drainage and air circulation. An aluminum diamond plate cover shall be provided for the hosewell. The cover shall be approximately 1-inch shorter than the length of the hosewell to allow the front discharge hose to remain pre-connected to the front bumper discharge swivel with the cover closed.
- 4.16.2 The hose storage tray shall be capable of holding fifty feet of 1½-inch hose.

4.17 Front Fenders, Rubber

4.17.1 An extruded black rubber fenderette shall be installed on each front wheel well opening on the chassis tilt hood.

4.18 Mud Flaps

- 4.18.1 One pair of flexible rubber mud flaps shall be provided on both sides of the apparatus body behind the rear wheels. The mud flaps shall not bear company logo.
- 4.18.2 The mud flaps shall extend down far enough to be effective but shall not allow the flaps to become entangled with the rear tires when the apparatus is backing up.

4.19 Cab Steps, Batteries and Air Tanks

- 4.19.1 All cab steps shall be modified in such a manner as to provide maximum ground clearance. The driver's side and passenger's side rear cab steps shall be 21 inches minimum above ground level.
- 4.19.2 The chassis-mounted battery box shall be relocated in such a manner as to provide maximum ground clearance.

4.20 Exhaust System

4.20.1 The exhaust system shall remain unmodified and as received from the chassis manufacturer. The exhaust system shall be mounted in a horizontal configuration under the passenger's side of the cab.

4.21 Vertical Exhaust

4.21.1 A vertical exhaust pipe shall be mounted at the passenger's side rear corner of the cab. Brackets and clamps shall be positioned to minimize impact with the chassis cab. The vertical exhaust shall be sufficiently shielded or wrapped to prevent burn injuries to personnel who may come in contact with the exhaust pipe while entering or exiting the chassis rear passenger's side door. The top of the exhaust shall be cut off at the same height as the top of the lightbar.

4.22 Heat Protection

4.22.1 The exhaust after-treatment system shall be sufficiently shielded or wrapped to protect the underside of the chassis cab during active regeneration. Heat from regeneration shall not be detected by personnel seated inside the cab.

4.23 Air Line, Fuel Hose, Electrical Harness and Connector Protection

4.23.1 All air lines, fuel lines and electrical harnesses below the chassis frame rails shall be protected with a fire proof sleeve. All air lines and connectors to the air tank(s) located between the chassis steps shall be protected with a fire proof sleeve. All protected and wrapped lines shall have continuous coverage, to include the line to tank connections.

4.24 Cabin Air Ember Guard

4.24.1 The cabin air filter shall be protected by an ember guard with a maximum mesh opening of 0.039 inches.

4.25 Transmission Power Take Off

4.25.1 A transmission power take-off (PTO) unit shall be provided and installed on the chassis automatic transmission to drive the firefighting water pump. The PTO shall be a 10-bolt type, with a minimum torque rating of 300 pound-foot (intermediate duty), and an engine speed ratio that provides the required pump performance. The PTO driveshaft shall be equipped with 1350 series universal joints. The PTO shift shall be located in the cab interior in a location accessible to both the driver's and officer's seating positions.

5 — Apparatus Body Description

5.1 Body Design

5.1.1 The body shall be designed for fire/rescue service operations only. Commercially designed bodies intended for use in other vocations or applications are unacceptable in quality, construction, design or durability. The body module shall utilize a full welded subframe, separate from the chassis, which shall be incorporated into the welded body superstructure.

5.2 Body Construction

- 5.2.1 The body module shall be comprised of a structural framework of vertical and horizontal components fabricated from structural steel tubing. Formed sheet steel or sheet aluminum bodies, extruded aluminum bodies, or bodies that are of bolted or riveted construction shall not be acceptable. The framework shall define the perimeters of all body compartment door openings. All compartmentation shall be of an inset design, installed from the interior of the body and permanently attached to the structural framework by welding. All welding, metal work and fabrication shall be completed with the highest degree of quality and precision. The body subframe and superstructure shall be a completely welded unit, forming a unitized structure for strength and longevity. All fasteners utilized in the construction of the body module shall be stainless steel. Any threaded fasteners utilized shall be machine screw type, and all holes shall be properly sized and tapped to create threads to receive them. Threaded expanding inserts shall be utilized where required. All fasteners shall utilize a locking method to prevent loosening from vibration. Strict attention shall be given to the elimination of hazards to personnel and equipment, such as rough edges, sharp corners, or protruding nuts and bolts. All exposed welded corners on aluminum tread plate shall be polished to a bright finish. All exposed corners shall be radiused and de-burred. Where fasteners may come into contact with personnel or equipment, acorn type nuts or countersunk fasteners shall be utilized. All structural seams shall be fully seam welded, with all other body seams being caulked prior to painting.
- 5.2.2 The body shall be completely modular in design, thereby allowing its transfer to a new chassis, without cutting or welding, in the event of an accident or chassis replacement.

5.3 Body Subframe

- 5.3.1 The body subframe shall be fabricated from 2-inch by 2-inch, 2-inch by 3-inch, and 3-inch by 3-inch structural steel tubing, 0.120-inch wall thickness, with 2-inch by 3-inch 0.250-inch wall thickness cross-members. Gussets, fabricated from 0.250-inch steel plate, shall be provided at all points where the horizontal subframe cross-members are welded to the body module vertical superstructure.
- 5.3.2 The subframe shall be isolated from the chassis frame rails by sections of 0.50-inch by 6-inch steel flatbar which have had a 0.50-inch by 6-inch rubber pad permanently

vulcanized to them. The flatbar shall be welded to the bottom of the subframe, doubling as an additional gusset at the adjacent subframe cross-member joints. This design shall prevent the shifting or displacement of the isolator pads.

5.4 Body Materials

- 5.4.1 All materials utilized in the fabrication of the body shall be of the correct type, alloy, and thickness to withstand the intended usage and provide protection against cracking, corrosion or metal fatigue. All materials utilized shall be of open stock origin, available to all apparatus manufacturers and commonly available through local sources, for the rapid and economical repair or modification of the body. Any use of proprietary parts or materials in the construction of the body shall be unacceptable, due to the potential for delays or difficulties in the event future repairs or service become necessary.
- 5.4.2 The body superstructure shall be fabricated from 2-inch by 1-inch, 2-inch by 2-inch, 2-inch by 3-inch, and 2-inch by 4-inch structural steel tubing, 0.120-inch wall thickness.

5.5 Body Mounting

- 5.5.1 The body module shall be connected to the chassis frame rails with two different designs of mounts.
- 5.5.2 The mounts at the aft end of the body shall be comprised of vertical 0.625-inch thick steel plates that are welded to the body subframe and bolted to the exterior vertical surface of the chassis frame rails. These mounts shall extend rearward horizontally to incorporate the rear step supports and rear tow eyes.
- 5.5.3 Two mounts of this design shall be provided, one on each side of the body.
- 5.5.4 The mounts at the forward end of the body shall be comprised of a two-piece design, fabricated from 0.250-inch steel plate, with the upper section welded to the body module subframe and the lower section bolted to the exterior vertical surface of the chassis frame rails. The upper mount section shall be designed to nest within the lower mount section. The body mount sections shall be aligned and connected by a 0.625-inch diameter Grade 8 bolt, equipped with an appropriate tension rating spring, flat washers and a locking nut.
- 5.5.5 Two mounts of this design shall be provided, one on each side of the body.

5.6 Drip Moldings

5.6.1 Bright anodized extruded aluminum drip moldings shall be installed above all compartment door openings.

5.7 Vertical Surfaces

5.7.1 The forward and aft-facing vertical surfaces at the front and outboard rear of the body shall be covered with polished aluminum tread plate for appearance, wear, and enhanced visibility at night.

5.8 Grab Handle

5.8.1 One Austin™ brand, slip-resistant extruded grab handle with rubber inserts, or equivalent, with a minimum length of 36 inches shall be provided and located on the rear-facing surface of the passenger's side beavertail at the rear of the body, mounted vertically.

5.9 Rear Step

- 5.9.1 A full-width step shall be provided at the rear of the body for hose loading and unloading operations. The step shall be mounted 2 inches above the rear edge of the body, and shall incorporate a rear body support and tow eyes. The step shall be fabricated from 0.187-inch steel plate, with a 90 degree break along the side and rear facing edges, and radiused outboard corners. The rear step shall have a depth of 12 inches, and shall be finish painted with black Dura-Coat™ on the walking surface. DOT approved 2-inch wide alternating red and white conspicuity tape shall be applied to the outward edge of the rear step for enhanced visibility.
- 5.9.2 A warning plate shall be affixed to the rear of the apparatus in a conspicuous place. The warning plate shall read: "WARNING: DO NOT RIDE ON REAR STEP WHILE VEHICLE IS IN MOTION. DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY MAY RESULT"

5.10 Hose Bed Access Ladder

5.10.1 A hosebed access ladder, fabricated of aluminum tubing with aluminum non-slip rungs and round side rails, shall be installed at the rear of the apparatus body on the driver's side. The minimum exterior distance between side rails shall be 12 inches. Maximum rung spacing shall not exceed 14 inches. The ladder shall be secured to the rear step and to the upper rear surface of the body. The height of the ladder rails shall extend beyond the top of the body to facilitate access to the hosebed storage area. The ladder shall be finished in black Dura-Coat™ prior to installation. Drain holes shall be provided at the base of each vertical leg for drainage. A pull-out, drop-down step shall be provided under the rear step, located directly below the access ladder.

5.11 Compartmentation

5.11.1 All compartment walls and ceilings shall be fabricated from 14-gauge galvanneal steel. All compartment floors shall be fabricated from 12-gauge galvanneal steel. All compartments shall be welded for strength and shall be sealed from the elements.

- 5.11.2 All compartments shall be attached to the steel tubing superstructure only, in order to maintain a truly modular design.
- 5.11.3 All compartments shall be individual and free standing. No compartment shall share a common wall, floor or ceiling, unless so designed to be transverse with an adjacent compartment. Fasteners from the exterior of the apparatus body or adjacent compartments shall not penetrate any compartment walls or ceilings.
- 5.11.4 All compartment interiors shall be free of exposed electrical harnesses or plumbing components.
- 5.11.5 All enclosed compartments, including dunnage compartments, shall be water and dust tight.
- 5.11.6 All compartments shall be as large as possible, as determined by the design of the apparatus.
- 5.11.7 The approximate compartment sizes required are listed below.

5.12 Driver's Side Compartments

- 5.12.1 One rescue style compartment shall be provided on the driver's side of the apparatus body forward of the rear wheels. The compartment shall extend from the front of the body to the front of the wheel well area in width and equal to the compartment over the rear wheel at the top extending to the hose storage compartment below it in height.
 - Approximate Compartment Size: 37 inches wide by 43 inches high by 14 inches deep \pm 0.25 inches
- 5.12.2 One hose storage compartment shall be provided on the driver's side of the apparatus under the rescue style compartment forward of the rear wheels. A drop down aluminum diamond plate access door shall be provided.
 - Approximate Compartment Size: 37 inches wide by 6 inches high by 19 inches deep \pm 0.25 inches
- 5.12.3 One Foam Pro™ system mounting compartment, with hinged floor to drop down for service, shall be provided on the driver's side of the apparatus under the hose storage compartment. A drop down aluminum diamond plate access door shall be provided.
 - Approximate Compartment Size: 37 inches wide by 10 inches high by 19 inches deep ±0.25 inches
- 5.12.4 One low side compartment shall be provided on the driver's side of the apparatus body behind the rear wheels. The compartment shall extend from behind the wheel well area to the front of the rear step area in width and from the top of the fender area over the rear wheels to the bottom of the body in height.

Approximate Compartment Size: 19.5 inches wide by 24 inches high by 14 inches deep ± 0.25 inches

5.12.5 Two compartments shall be provided that shall span across the entire width of the wheel well and lower compartment behind the rear wheels on the driver's side. The rear wall shall extend back but shall not be common with the water tank. The rear wall of the compartment shall be designed so that holes can be drilled to mount equipment without damaging the water tank.

Approximate Compartment Size: Forward compartment 38 inches wide by 33 inches high by 14 inches deep \pm 0.25 inches. Aft compartment 38 inches wide (front)/34.5 inches wide (rear) by 33 inches high by 25 inches deep \pm 0.25 inches

5.13 Passenger's Side Compartments

- 5.13.1 One rescue style compartment shall be provided on the passenger's side of the apparatus body forward of the rear wheels. The compartment shall extend from the front of the body to the front of the wheel well area in width and equal to the compartment over the rear wheel at the top extending to the hose storage compartment below it in height.
 - Approximate Compartment Size: 37 inches wide by 54.5 inches high by 14 inches deep (upper section)/24.5 inches deep (lower section) \pm 0.25 inches
- 5.13.2 One hose storage compartment shall be provided on the passenger's side of the apparatus under the rescue style compartment forward of the rear wheels. A drop-down aluminum diamond plate access door shall be provided.
 - Approximate Compartment Size: 37 inches wide by 6 inches high by 24 inches deep \pm 0.25 inches
- 5.13.3 One low side compartment shall be provided on the passenger's side of the apparatus body behind the rear wheels. The compartment shall extend from behind the wheel well area to the front of the rear tail board area in width and from the top of the fender area over the rear wheels to the bottom of the body in height.
- 5.13.4 This compartment shall contain two louvered vents. Moisture barriers shall be provided on the exterior of the compartment behind the vents. These barriers shall prevent water infiltration into the compartment and shall allow for the ventilation of the compartment interior.
 - Approximate Compartment Size: 19.5 inches wide by 24 inches high by 14 inches deep ± 0.25 inches.
- 5.13.5 Two compartments shall be provided that shall span across the entire width of the wheel well and lower compartment behind the rear wheels on the passenger's side. The rear wall shall extend back but shall not be common with the water tank. The rear wall of the

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compartment shall be designed so that holes can be drilled to mount equipment without damaging the water tank.

Approximate Compartment Size: Forward compartment 38 inches wide by 33 inches high by 14 inches deep \pm 0.25 inches. Aft compartment 38 inches wide (front)/34.5 inches wide (rear) by 33 inches high by 25 inches deep \pm 0.25 inches.

5.14 Rear Seat Storage Compartment

5.14.1 The area below the rear seat(s) shall be enclosed to provide storage. Three drop-down doors shall be provided on the forward-facing surface underneath each seating area. Storage are shall be maximized based on space available in the provided OEM chassis.

5.15 Hose Reel Compartment

5.15.1 One compartment shall be provided at the center rear of the apparatus body. The compartment shall be provided with quick-disconnect electrical and hose connections to allow for the servicing or removal of the hose reel located in the compartment. A two-piece horizontally-split lift up/drop down door shall be provided on this compartment. The floor of this compartment shall be removable for service access to the plumbing components located below it.

Approximate Compartment Size: 40 inches wide by 30 inches high by 27 inches deep ± 0.25 inches

5.16 Dunnage Compartments

- 5.16.1 Two compartments, accessible from the top of the body, shall be provided at the top of the apparatus at the upper outboard sides of the body; one on each side of the body.
- 5.16.2 The top of each compartment shall be enclosed with two double pan lift up doors, hinged on their outboard edges, with a single gas strut and two compression latches. One compression latch on each door shall have a lock that is keyed to a number "1250" key. The compartment interiors shall be finished in Zolatone™ #20-11 (Apollo Gray), with the inner door pans finished in the apparatus body exterior color and the exterior top surfaces coated with black Dura Coat™.

Approximate Compartment Sizes: 56 inches long by 11 inches wide by 14 inches deep ± 0.25 inches

5.17 Compartment Doors - Aluminum Overlap Type

5.17.1 All compartment doors shall be recessed into the apparatus body sides, with overlapping outer door panels for a secondary seal. Their construction shall be full double pan, with a 2-inch inner pan. No welds shall be visible on the outer door panel, door pan sides or inner door panel. The door edges shall be contoured, with radiused corners, to provide a smooth, snag-free perimeter.

- 5.17.2 All painted compartment doors shall be constructed with an inner and outer door pan of 0.125-inch bright finish aluminum plate, attached to a square aluminum tubing inner structure. The inner door structure shall be fabricated from 1.75-inch by 1.75-inch by 0.140-inch wall thickness square aluminum tubing, welded into a framework with perimeter dimensions matching the dimensions of the inner door panel. Industrial grade closed cell foam of the correct thickness shall be inserted between the inner and outer door pans within the tubing framework. The outer door panel shall be attached to the framework with industrial grade double-sided tape and stitch welding. The inner door panel shall be attached with industrial grade double-sided tape.
- 5.17.3 No welding shall be visible on the finished door.
- 5.17.4 A removable stainless steel cover shall be installed on the inner door panel for access to the latch mechanism for servicing or replacement.
- 5.17.5 All compartment door opening perimeters shall be fitted with automotive grade, closed-cell, extruded, wire-reinforced, clip-on type door seals. All door outer panels shall have automotive-grade, closed-cell, self-adhesive, "D" type gaskets fitted to the overlap surface for a secondary seal.

5.18 Door Latches and Hardware

- 5.18.1 All compartment door latch assemblies shall be installed with threaded fasteners, shall not be welded, and shall be easily removable through the outer panel of the door for servicing or replacement. All door latch assemblies shall be of a flush-mount, rotary "D-Handle" design, with all external components fabricated from polished stainless steel. All latches shall be of a slam-type design, with a two-point latching operation. Matching striker bolts shall be utilized with all latch assemblies. All striker bolts shall have slotted mounting holes, and shall be attached to threaded captive steel plates in the body structure for strength and ease of adjustment. Welded striker bolts or plates are not acceptable.
- 5.18.2 The following door latch assemblies shall be provided:
 - Compartment Door Handle Assembly Hansen[™] brand, Model # 279L SS, or equivalent
 - Compartment Door Latch Assembly Hansen™ brand, Model # 550, or equivalent
 - Striker Bolt Assembly Hansen™ brand, Model # 551S, or equivalent
- 5.18.3 All doors shall be mounted with continuous, heavy-duty stainless steel piano-type hinges. The hinges shall have pins with a minimum diameter of 0.250 inches, and shall be polished to a mirror finish. The mounting holes in the hinges shall be pre-punched in a uniform and standard manner to allow easy replacement in the future if damaged. The mounting holes shall be slotted to allow the adjustment of the door within the compartment door opening. The slots that are punched into the hinge shall be length

wise on one leaf and width wise on the opposite leaf to allow the doors to be adjusted up and down as well as in and out relative to the opening to maintain a good seal and ease of opening. All hinges shall be attached to the doors and the apparatus body with ¼-inch - 20 stainless steel truss head screws. The use of nuts and bolts, sheet metal screws, rivets, welding or any other means of hinge attachment that does not allow for easy readjustment in the field shall be unacceptable.

5.19 Door Hold Open Devices

- 5.19.1 All vertically-hinged, outward-opening compartment doors shall be provided with one gas cylinder type hold open device, properly sized for the door, and installed horizontally at the top of the compartment door opening. The hold open device shall assist the compartment door while opening and closing, and shall be securely fastened to the compartment door inner pan and compartment ceiling with threaded fasteners, enabling it to be easily removed for repair or replacement. All vertically-hinged, outward-opening compartment doors shall be capable of being closed with one hand, allowing a free hand to hold equipment or supplies.
- 5.19.2 All horizontally-hinged, overhead lift-up compartment doors shall be provided with two extending, gas cylinder type hold open devices, one mounted vertically on each side of the compartment door opening. The pressure rating of the gas cylinders shall be carefully matched to the size and weight of the compartment door, and they shall hold the compartment door securely open at 90 degrees to the apparatus body, or more when required, without any additional support. The gas cylinder hold openers shall dampen the upward movement of the compartment door while opening, and shall permit the closing of the compartment door without the need to release any type of manual locking devices.
- 5.19.3 The gas cylinders shall be securely fastened to the compartment door inner panels and compartment side walls with threaded fasteners and shall be easily removable for repair or replacement. All horizontally-hinged, overhead lift-up compartment doors shall be capable of being closed with one hand, allowing a free hand to hold equipment or supplies.
- 5.19.4 The doors on the apparatus body shall be provided as follows:
 - Single, vertically hinged painted swing open doors shall be provided on the following compartments:
 - a. Both compartments forward and aft of the rear wheels, two on each side of the body.
 - Single, horizontally hinged painted lift up doors shall be provided on the following compartments:
 - a. Both compartments above the rear wheel well quarter panel areas and lower rear compartment compartments, two (2) each side of the body.
- 5.19.5 The doors listed above shall include locking exterior latches.

- Single, horizontally hinged aluminum diamond plate drop down doors shall be provided on the following compartments:
- Both hose storage compartments under the compartments forward of the rear wheel well quarter panel areas, one (1) each side of the body.
- The foam system compartment at the forward corner of the driver's side of the body.

5.20 Rear Compartment Door

- 5.20.1 A two piece horizontally-split lift up/drop down door shall be provided and installed on the hose reel compartment at the center rear of the body. The door sections shall be fabricated from clear anodized aluminum to match the adjacent pump operator panels, and each section shall be flanged on all four sides for strength.
- 5.20.2 The upper lift up section shall be designed to slide forward into the compartment interior, parallel to the ceiling, to provide clear access to the hose reel. The lower drop down section shall be horizontally hinged along its bottom edge and supported at ninety degrees to the apparatus body by two cables; one on each side of the door. The upper lift up/slide forward section shall be equipped with two extending roller bearing slides, one on each side, near the compartment ceiling.
- 5.20.3 The drop down bottom door section shall occupy approximately one third of the vertical dimension of the compartment door opening, with the balance of the compartment door opening enclosed by the upper lift up/slide forward section. The door shall be designed so that the lower drop down section is to be closed first, with the upper lift up/slide forward section landing on and sealing against it.
- 5.20.4 When closed, the lower drop down section shall be secured by two horizontally-mounted bright finish adjustable tension trigger latches; one on each side of the section near its upper horizontal edge. The upper lift up/slide forward section shall be secured to the lower section by one vertically-mounted bright finish adjustable tension trigger latch in the center of its lower horizontal edge.
- 5.20.5 A decal stating "WARNING NOT A STEP" shall be applied to the interior surface of the lower drop down door section.
- 5.20.6 Door seals shall be provided as needed to prevent water and/or dust entry into the hose reel compartment.

5.21 Compartment Floor Mats

5.21.1 All enclosed side body compartments and the top-mounted dunnage compartments shall have floor mats installed in them, custom cut to fit the compartment floors. The floor mats shall be black in color and shall be easily removable to allow the compartment to be cleaned. The floor mats shall be designed to provide ventilation to the equipment

stored in the compartment, and to protect the stored equipment from direct contact with the metal compartment floor surfaces.

5.22 Adjustable Shelf Channels

5.22.1 A minimum of four vertically-mounted steel Unistrut™ channels shall be provided and installed in all enclosed body compartments for the current or future installation of infinitely-adjustable shelving, slide out trays or equipment brackets. The channels shall so designed as to allow the use of spring-loaded, self-tightening extrusion nuts inside the channels to install the specified shelving.

5.23 Tool Bracket Mounting Channels

- 5.23.1 Two parallel vertically-mounted steel Unistrut™ channels shall be mounted on the rear wall of the compartments listed below. These channels shall be located in the compartment in a configuration to allow the customer mounting of tool brackets. The channels shall so designed as to allow the use of spring-loaded, self-tightening extrusion nuts inside the channels to install the specified tool brackets.
- 5.23.2 One pair of channels shall be located in the compartment ahead of the rear wheels on the passenger's side of the body.

5.24 Compartment Shelves

5.24.1 Eleven adjustable shelves shall be provided and installed in the completed body compartments. The shelves shall be fabricated from 0.125-inch bright finish smooth aluminum plate, with a 90 degree break on the inboard and outboard sides, 1-inch in height. A 1-inch by 1-inch aluminum angle shall be provided on both ends of the shelf to enclose the ends and attach the shelf to the mounting channels. The shelves shall be free of welds, sharp corners, or rough edges. The shelves shall be attached to the Unistrut™ channels fastened to the compartment side walls and shall be infinitely adjustable. Spring-loaded extrusion nuts and locking fasteners shall be provided.

5.24.2 The shelf locations shall be as follows:

- Three in the driver's side compartment forward of the rear wheels
- Two in each of the driver's side compartments above the rear wheels
- Two in each of the passenger's side compartments above the rear wheels

5.25 I-Zone Brackets

5.25.1 Two folding I-Zone hose brackets shall be provided on the rear of the apparatus body, rear-facing, one on each side of the body. The brackets shall be located on the exterior surfaces of the beavertails. Each I-Zone bracket assembly shall consist of an aluminum diamond plate mount and a tubular aluminum fold down bracket. The pivot point of the bracket shall be located in the aluminum diamond plate mount. The bracket shall be held in a vertical position when not in use. A nylon insulated clip shall be provided to

secure the bracket when stowed in the vertical position. A protective cap shall be provided on the outboard end of the fold down bracket.

5.26 Fenders and Wheel Wells

5.26.1 The rear wheel wells of the apparatus body shall be provided with fenders and full liners. The rear fenders shall be fabricated from extruded black rubber, contoured to match the perimeter of the wheel well openings. The rear fenders shall extend out from the body approximately 2 inches and shall have a 3-inch radius. The fenders shall be bolted to the wheel well liner and/or the body to allow for easy replacement in the event of damage. Full-width wheel well liners shall be provided to deflect road splash away from the apparatus body module interior. The wheel well liners shall be contoured to match the shape of the fenders. The wheel well liners shall be sized to provide ample clearance for chains fitted to the specified size of wheel and tire fitted to the chassis and shall be bolted to the quarter panel and the fender to allow for easy replacement in the event of damage. The vertical body quarter panels spanning between the rear wheel wells and the apparatus body superstructure shall be fabricated from 12-gauge galvanneal steel, continuously seam welded to the body superstructure and body worked as needed to provide a smooth seamless appearance. The quarter panels shall be finish painted to match the body.

5.27 Wheel Chock Storage Compartments

- 5.27.1 Two wheel chock storage compartments, each with a bright aluminum locking door, shall be provided in the wheel well areas, one each side of the apparatus body, aft of the rear wheel well openings.
- 5.27.2 When the option for spare SCBA bottle storage is selected the wheel chock storage compartments shall be deleted.

5.28 Body Scuff Guards

5.28.1 Scuff guards shall be provided and installed on the bottom horizontal edges of the body, under all compartment door openings, both forward and aft of the rear wheel well openings. The scuff guards shall be fabricated from 0.063-inch polished aluminum tread plate.

5.29 Hose Bed

5.29.1 The hose bed shall be located above the water tank and shall extend from the front to the rear of the apparatus body. The front bulkhead of the hose bed, as well as the side sheets, shall be fabricated from 0.125-inch smooth aluminum plate, with a bright finish on the unpainted exposed sides. The inside walls of the hose bed shall not be painted and shall be left in a natural aluminum finish. The side sheets shall not be an integral part of the body that requires welding to secure them. The complete hose bed interior

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- shall be free of any projections to eliminate the possibility of damage to the stored hoses.
- 5.29.2 The hose bed shall have a removable extruded aluminum slat floor. The extrusions shall incorporate a ribbed design and shall be 3 inches wide by 0.750 inches thick.

5.30 Hose Bed Dividers

5.30.1 Three hose bed dividers shall be provided and mounted in the hose bed. The dividers shall be fabricated from 0.250-inch smooth aluminum plate, with an extruded aluminum base for strength. The center divider shall be fixed and shall support the inboard edges of the hosebed cover section. The two outboard dividers shall be completely adjustable, excluding the fill tower areas, through the use of extruded aluminum Unistrut™ type channels at the front and the rear of the hose bed.

5.31 Hose Bed Cover

- 5.31.1 The hose bed shall have a two-piece aluminum diamond plate cover. The two-piece cover shall be fabricated from 0.188-inch bright finish aluminum diamond plate, reinforced as required to be sturdy enough to support the weight of two personnel standing on the cover, however, the lifting force to open either cover section shall not exceed 60 pounds. The cover shall be mounted with full-length polished stainless steel hinges on the outboard edges of the hose bed. Each cover section shall be angled up from the outer edge of the hosebed to increase the hose bed storage area and to provide drainage. The covers, when closed, shall rest in a fixed channel "trough" mounted on a 0.250-inch thick aluminum plate support running the length of the hose bed. A downwards flange, approximately 2 inches wide and spanning the length of each cover section, shall be formed at 90 degrees to the cover, along the inboard edges. The flange of each cover shall rest in the trough when the lids are closed.
- 5.31.2 Each cover section shall be equipped with a heavy duty gas strut mounted at its outboard front corner to assist with opening the cover section. Two heavy duty cam lock style latches shall be mounted on the top surface of the covers, one at the front and one at the rear, to secure the covers during transport.
- 5.31.3 Each cover section shall have one 4-inch diameter clear L.E.D. light mounted to its underside to illuminate the hose bed area interior. The hose bed lights shall be switched at the pump operator's panel.
- 5.31.4 A total of four 1½-inch diameter extruded aluminum handrails, with rubber inserts, shall be provided on the cover section exterior surfaces to facilitate access to the top of the truck and to assist in opening and closing the cover sections. Each handrail shall be secured with two chrome plated end stanchions.
- 5.31.5 The handrails shall be provided as follows:

- Two handrails, each approximately 18 inches long, shall be mounted running front to rear on the top rear of the driver's side cover section, directly ahead of each access ladder side rail.
- Two 24-inch handrails, one on each cover section, shall be installed on the top surface at the opening edge, running front to rear, and located center of each cover section.
- 5.31.6 A black fabric flap, fabricated from Herculite[™] 80 material, shall be provided at the rear of each cover section, equipped with three adjustable straps, spring-loaded metal buckles and related tie down hardware for each flap. The Herculite[™] 80 material shall be flame retardant, resistant to mildew, abrasion, tearing and ultraviolet sun rays.
- 5.31.7 Four rope tie down brackets shall be installed toward the hinged side of each cover section, evenly spaced from front to rear.
- 5.31.8 The walking surfaces of the two-piece hose bed cover shall be coated with black Dura-Coat™ non-skid material.

5.32 Stainless Steel Body Trim

- 5.32.1 All enclosed compartment door thresholds, except the hose storage and Foam Pro™ system mounting compartments, shall be covered with horizontal polished stainless steel scuff guards to provide paint protection against chips and scratches.
- 5.32.2 All vertical exterior body corners shall be covered with polished stainless steel angles, secured with fasteners, to act as body corner scuff guards and to provide paint protection against chips and scratches.

5.33 Hard Suction Hose Storage

5.33.1 Two hard suction hose storage compartments shall be provided in the hose bed area, one on each side of the body. The compartments shall accommodate suction hose 8½ feet minimum in length. The compartments shall be constructed from 0.125-inch smooth aluminum sheet and shall be fully enclosed within the apparatus body. The compartments shall be provided with vertically-hinged access doors, each with a paddle latch, at the rear of the body. The compartments shall be left in an unpainted natural aluminum finish.

5.34 Passenger Side - Rear Cab Step Storage

5.34.1 If OEM manufacturer's chassis allows, one aluminum storage compartment, mounted in the passenger or driver's cab step, shall be provided. The compartment should be of sufficient size to hold two Worden™ brand, Model #HWC-7 wheel chocks. Storage compartment door shall be diamond plate, with a vertical hinge and compression latch.

6 — Pump and Plumbing

6.1 Pump General

6.1.1 The fire pump shall be a Hale Model CBP, 250 GPM single-stage P.T.O. driven, mounted behind the chassis cab. The pump shall be of a centrifugal design, with a cast iron pump body, bronze fitted, with a 3-inch suction inlet and a 2-inch discharge outlet. The pump shall be equipped with a pump gear case cooler with gear case cooler water flow from the pump discharge to the volute. The pump gear case cooler line, the first three feet of the pressure gauge lines and first three feet of the pump cooler (recirculation) line from the pump shall be rated at 400 pounds per square inch and 430 degrees Fahrenheit minimum. The pump discharge shall be equipped with a full flow check valve.

6.2 Pump Specifications

- 6.2.1 As installed on the apparatus, the pump shall be capable of delivering 200 GPM at 300 P.S.I. output pressure from a 5 foot lift through 24 feet of 3-inch suction hose with strainer and also from the water tank installed on the apparatus.
- 6.2.2 In addition, the pump manufacturer shall certify that the pump can deliver the following capacities at net pump pressure from draft:
 - 300 GPM at 150 P.S.I. net pump pressure
 - 200 GPM at 300 P.S.I. net pump pressure
 - 100 GPM at 400 P.S.I. net pump pressure
- 6.2.3 Under the following conditions:
 - An altitude of not more than 2000 feet above sea level
 - Atmospheric pressure of 29.9 inches of mercury (corrected to sea level)
 - Water temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit
 - Through a single intake with 20 feet of 3-inch suction hose equipped with a suction hose strainer
 - With a lift of 10 feet
- 6.2.4 When dry, the pump shall be capable of taking suction and discharging water with a lift of 10 feet or more in not more than 30 seconds.

6.3 Pump Body

- 6.3.1 The volute shall be fabricated from a fine grain alloy cast iron, with a minimum tensile strength of 30,000 pounds per square inch.
- 6.3.2 The entire pump shall be hydro dynamically tested to 400 P.S.I. and hydrostatically tested to 500 P.S.I.

6.4 Impeller

- 6.4.1 The pump impeller shall be fabricated from a hard, fine grain bronze, and shall be of a mixed flow design; accurately machined, hand ground, and individually balanced. The vanes of the impeller intake eye shall be hand ground. The impeller shall be of sufficient size and design to provide ample reserve capacity, utilizing minimum horsepower.
- 6.4.2 The impeller shall be keyed to the pump shaft and locked in place with a stainless steel lock nut.
- 6.4.3 Water sealing shall be accomplished by a spring loaded, carbon ring on a ceramic faced, brass seat mechanical seal, which shall automatically adjust for wear.

6.5 Pump Shaft

- 6.5.1 The pump shaft shall be rigidly supported by two deep groove ball bearings for minimum deflection.
- 6.5.2 The pump shaft shall be fabricated from heat-treated, electric furnace, corrosion resistant, stainless steel.
- 6.5.3 The pump shaft and drive shaft shall be sealed with double lip oil seals to retain lubricants and to keep road dirt and water out of the drive unit.
- 6.5.4 The pump shaft shall be supported by a high lead bronze sleeve bearing on the impeller end to minimize shaft deflection.

6.6 Drive Unit Construction

- 6.6.1 The drive unit, as well as the entire pump, shall be completely manufactured at the pump manufacturer's factory.
- 6.6.2 The drive unit bearings shall be of a heavy duty design and shall be precision ground to size.
- 6.6.3 The drive unit shall be of sufficient size to withstand full torque during pumping operations. The drive unit shall have ample capacity for lubricant reserve and the maintenance of proper operating temperatures.
- 6.6.4 All gears shall be fabricated from the highest quality steel alloy. They shall have case hardened teeth, to provide long life, smooth, quiet running and higher load carrying capability. An accurately cut spur design shall be utilized to eliminate all possible end thrust.
- 6.6.5 The pump and PTO ratios shall be selected by the apparatus manufacturer to provide maximum performance within the limits of the engine, transmission and PTO selected. The pump shall provide 60 to 80 P.S.I. static at engine idle and 400 P.S.I. static between 1700 and 1900 RPM.

6.6.6 The pump driveline from the PTO to the pump shall be installed within the PTO, driveline, and transmission manufacturer's recommendations and limits. The PTO output shaft and the pump input shaft shall be parallel, and the driveline u-joints shall be phased to minimize vibration. The driveline shall utilize a 2-joint universal driveline design where possible, otherwise a 4-joint universal driveline consisting of an intermediate shaft, parallel to the PTO shaft and two separate 2-joint drivelines dephased is required. The apparatus manufacturer shall submit a driveline design showing u-joints, u-joint angles, u-joint sizes, u-joint torque ratings, and the driveline phasing plan and calculations to the Government for approval prior to installation of pump driveline.

6.7 PTO Shift

6.7.1 The pump shall be driven through a power take off (PTO) mounted on the chassis transmission. The PTO shall be equipped with a two-position, positive locking, electric-over-hydraulic shift control, located in the cab interior within reach of the driver's seating position. The PTO shifting mechanism shall be interlocked with the parking brake and the chassis transmission to provide throttle control per NFPA requirements. Throttle authority on the pump panel shall be active only when 1) PTO is engaged, 2) the parking brake is set, and 3) the transmission is in neutral or park or 1) the PTO is engaged, 2) the parking brake is set and 3) the transmission is in neutral or park. Throttle authority in the cab shall be active at all times with the PTO engaged or disengaged, with the parking brake on or off and the transmission selector in any position. The PTO shall be capable of being engaged with the parking brake on or off and the transmission selector in any position.

6.8 Pump Shift Indicator Lights

- 6.8.1 Three indicator lights shall be provided in the cab interior.
- 6.8.2 The "PUMP ENGAGED" light shall illuminate to indicate that the PTO is engaged.
- 6.8.3 The "OK TO PUMP" light shall be illuminated when 1) the PTO is engaged, 2) the parking brake is set and 3) the transmission is in neutral or park.
- 6.8.4 The "OK TO PUMP AND ROLL" shall be illuminated when 1) the PTO is engaged, 2) the parking brake is off and 3) the transmission is in any forward gear, reverse, or neutral. When the "OK TO PUMP AND ROLL" indicator is illuminated the "OK TO PUMP" indicator shall not be illuminated.

6.9 Rear Mounted Pump Operator's Panel

6.9.1 The pump operator's control panel shall be located at the rear of the apparatus body. The pump panel shall be fully removable and shall be fabricated from 0.125-inch clear anodized aluminum plate.

- 6.9.2 All controls and gauges shall be located at the rear of the apparatus body on either side of the hose reel compartment and shall be properly labeled. The right side panel shall be hinged, with a vertical hinge, for ease of access to its reverse side.
- 6.9.3 The unit shall have two indicator lights on the rear control panel, "THROTTLE READY" and "OK TO PUMP."
- 6.9.4 The "THROTTLE READY" light shall be illuminated when the parking brake is engaged and when the chassis transmission is in "Neutral" or "Park." The "THROTTLE READY" light shall also illuminate when the "OK TO PUMP" light is illuminated.
- 6.9.5 The "OK TO PUMP" light shall be illuminated when 1) the PTO is engaged, 2) the parking brake is set and 3) the transmission is in neutral or park.
- 6.9.6 An engine speed advancement interlock system shall be provided to prevent advancement of the engine speed at the pump operator's panel unless the apparatus has a "THROTTLE READY" indication.

6.10 Pump/Plumbing Compartment

- 6.10.1 The floor of the rear hose reel compartment shall be removable to provide access to the pump plumbing. All plumbing components shall be fabricated from stainless steel.
- 6.10.2 All pump compartment components, including wiring, gauges, pump panel rear surfaces, high pressure hoses, and small diameter tubing, shall be left unpainted for rapid identification and ease of repair.

6.11 Pump Panel Lights

- 6.11.1 Two L.E.D. lights, each installed on a cast aluminum mount, shall be provided to illuminate the rear mounted pump operator's panel. One light shall be provided on each side of the rear compartment door. The lights shall be Weldon™ brand, Model #3-2025-7100, or equivalent, each with a single replaceable bulb and a clear refracted lens cover.
- 6.11.2 An additional light shall be located on the lower panel, under the rear compartment door, to illuminate the air control switches and other components on the lower control panel. The pump panel lights shall be controlled by a master switch on the pump operator's panel.

6.12 Required Testing – Indicator Lights and Engine Speed Advancement Interlock

6.12.1 A test is required before delivery to ensure that the "PUMP ENGAGED," "OK TO PUMP," "OK TO PUMP-AND-ROLL," and "THROTTLE READY" indicator lights are properly configured and activate in the proper conditions as described by the table in 6.12.2 (below). The engine speed advancement interlock system shall be tested to verify that the engine speed cannot be increased at the pump operator's panel unless the proper conditions can be met.

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6.12.2 Table – Indicator Light Test Conditions and Verifications

Transmission Type	Chassis Transmission Gear Selected	Parking Brake Status	Pump Shift Control Action Status (Driving Compartment)	Indicator Status (Driving Compartment)	Indicator Status (Pump Operator's Panel)	Engine Speed Control in Cab	Engine Speed Control at Pump Operator's Panel
Automatic	Neutral or Park	On	Disengaged	None	"Throttle Ready"	Yes	Yes
Automatic	Neutral or Park	Off	Disengaged	None	None	Yes	No
Automatic	Neutral or Park	On	Engaged	"Pump Engaged" and "OK to Pump"	"Throttle Ready" and "OK to Pump"	Yes	Yes
Automatic	Neutral or Park	Off	Engaged	"Pump Engaged" and "OK to Pump- and-Roll"	None	Yes	No
Automatic	Any gear other than neutral	On	Engaged	"Pump Engaged"	None	Yes	No
Automatic	Any gear other than neutral	Off	Engaged	"Pump Engaged" and "OK to Pump- and-Roll"	None	Yes	No
Automatic	Any gear other than neutral	On	Disengaged	None	None	Yes	No
Automatic	Any gear other than neutral	Off	Disengaged	None	None	Yes	No

7 — Valves, Controls, Gauges & Plumbing Requirements

7.1 Items Provided

7.1.1 The following pump, plumbing, controls, gauges, and accessories shall be provided as indicated below. The plumbing requirements outlined below shall be considered a minimum standard, and shall be followed by the apparatus manufacturer without exception:

7.2 Main Pump Discharge and Intake Plumbing

- 7.2.1 The discharge and intake valves specified shall be either of a direct-actuated quarter turn design or shall be provided with control rods that are directly connected from the valve handle to the rear mounted pump panel. The valves or valve controls shall be provided with a locking feature
- 7.2.2 All discharges shall have NST thread brass bleed-off caps and chains, unless designed to be pre-connected, or otherwise specified.
- 7.2.3 All valves shall be Akron™ 8800 series swing-out style. All valves shall be designed to operate under normal conditions up to 500 P.S.I. and shall have dual seats to work in both pressure and vacuum environments.
- 7.2.4 All valves and controls shall be easily accessible for service, repair or replacement.
- 7.2.5 Where vibration or chassis flexing may damage or loosen piping, the piping shall be equipped with Victaulic™ couplings.
- 7.2.6 The main suction and discharge plumbing shall be welded stainless steel pipe or high pressure flexible hose. The flexible hose shall be designed to withstand the normal operating pressures of the pump. All high pressure hose shall be installed with a swivel or Victaulic™ coupling on at least one end of the hose. The completed plumbing system shall be hydro dynamically tested to 400 P.S.I. The nominal sizes of the plumbing supplying the pump and discharges shall be as follows:
 - Main suction 3-inch NH
 - Discharges 1½-inch, 2½-inch NH
 - Hose reel 1-inch NPSH

7.3 Pump Operator's Panel Controls

7.3.1 The following components shall be provided on, and/or controlled at the rear mounted pump operator's panel:

7.4 Pump Performance Acceptance Test Plate

- 7.4.1 A durable truck identification plate, fabricated from corrosion resistant metal, shall be provided and installed on the pump operator's panel. The plate shall provide performance information, including engine RPM, at the following flows and pressures from a 5 foot lift through 24 feet of 3-inch suction hose with a strainer:
 - 250 GPM at 150 P.S.I.
 - 200 GPM at 300 P.S.I.
 - 150 GPM at 400 P.S.I.

7.5 Pump Operating Instruction Plate

- 7.5.1 An identification plate shall be provided on the pump operator's panel which indicates valve position ("O" = open, "X" = close) for the following operations:
 - Tank to Fire
 - Suction to Fire
 - Suction to Tank
 - Drain Plumbing
 - Drain Tank and Plumbing
 - Prime

7.6 Test Gauge Connections

7.6.1 The plumbing system shall be provided with two test ports on the pump panel exterior; one plumbed to the intake side and one plumbed to the discharge side of the water pump. These test ports shall be installed to provide a means for connecting certified test gauges when testing the pump's performance. The test ports shall be located for easy access and shall be labeled.

7.7 Switch Panel

- 7.7.1 One switch panel, containing a total of six switches with pilot lights, function labeled, capitalized, and configured from left to right as follows:
 - (1) PANEL LIGHTS
 - (2) COMPT LIGHTS
 - (3) HOSEBED LIGHT
 - (4) LEFT SCENE
 - (5) REAR SCENE
 - (6) RIGHT SCENE

7.8 Pump Panel Labeling

7.8.1 All controls, discharges, intakes, pressure gauges, and other pump panel components that are not provided with a pre-printed legend or trim plate shall be labeled as required

for ease of operation. Valves shall be labeled as outlined under "Valve Numbering System" in NWCG (National Wildfire Coordinating Group) Fire Equipment Working Team's Water Handling Equipment Guide, latest edition. The tags shall be self-adhesive, and shall be installed on the pump control panel with chrome plated bezels. The tags shall be placed adjacent to the components in such a way as to clearly distinguish the item that they are identifying.

7.9 Master Discharge Pressure Gauge

7.9.1 One master discharge pressure gauge shall be provided on the operator's panel, located close to, above and to the left of, the master intake pressure gauge. The gauge shall be a graduated from 0-600 P.S.I., with a minimum diameter of 4½ inches, back lit for nighttime operations and glycerin filled. The glycerin in the bourdon tube shall be retained by a flexible rubber plug. The gauge shall be equipped with a drain cock (vent) at the gauge connection. The pressure gauge shall be connected prior to any check valves on the pump discharge. A Class 1™ brand gauge meets this requirement.

7.10 Master Intake Pressure Gauge

7.10.1 One master intake pressure gauge shall be provided on the operator's panel, located close to, below and to the right of, the master discharge pressure gauge. The gauge shall be 30-0-150 P.S.I. graduated, with a minimum diameter of 4½ inches, back lit for nighttime operations and glycerin filled. The glycerin in the bourdon tube shall be retained by a flexible rubber plug. The gauge shall be equipped with a drain cock (vent) at the gauge connection. A Class 1™ brand gauge meets this requirement.

7.11 Pump Cooler/By-Pass

7.11.1 A pump cooler/by-pass line shall be plumbed from the discharge side of the pump, after the full flow check valve, to the water tank fill tower to cool the pump when it is engaged and water is not being discharged. This line shall be connected downstream of the pump discharge full flow check valve, and shall be plumbed through a "Y" strainer with a 20 mesh screen and a quarter-turn panel-mounted ball valve (#17). The line from the connection to the main flow line to the inlet of the "Y" strainer shall be 1/2-inch size line or larger. The clean out port of the "Y" strainer shall be connected to a panel mounted ½inch ball valve, labeled #12, Pump Bypass Clean Out, and "Open," and "Closed." From the ½-inch panel mounted valve the clean out shall be run to the rear of the truck and turn directly down for use in filling back pack pumps. The valve handle position of the #12 valve shall be vertical when open and horizontal when closed. This line from the "Y" strainer clean out port to the rear of the truck shall terminate with a \(^3\)4-inch external garden hose threads (GHT). The quarter-turn panel mounted ball valve (#17) in the flow line shall be placed after the "Y" strainer from the pump to the tank fill tower and shall be labeled #17. Pump Bypass, and also "Open" and "Closed," A warning label shall be affixed near the valve that states "pump damage can occur if valve is closed." The valve handle position for the #17 shall be vertical when open and horizontal when closed. Water flow in the pump cooler/by-pass line shall be between 4.5 GPM and 5.5 GPM at

400 P.S.I. pump pressure. A larger diameter line may be used with an orifice at the fill tower, provided the orifice can be removed for cleaning.

7.12 Master Drain

7.12.1 One manually operated multiple-port drain valve shall be provided. The valve shall be operated by a manually-operated hand wheel. The valve shall be plumbed to drain both the discharge and intake sides of the pump, the relief valve and other plumbing components as required. The valve shall be placed as low as possible to provide proper drainage of the components plumbed to it. The valve shall be rated to 600 P.S.I. minimum and suitable for daily valve operation.

7.13 Pressure Gauge Access Door

7.13.1 The intake and discharge pressure gauges shall be accessible by a hinged door. The door shall open 90° minimum for access to the gauges and related connections.

7.14 In-Cab Gauge

7.14.1 One pressure gauge shall be provided on the cab center console, within view of the driver's seating position, to monitor the pump's discharge pressure. The gauge shall be glycerin filled, with a minimum diameter of 2½ inches, graduated 0-600 P.S.I., and back lit for nighttime operations. The glycerin in the bourdon tube shall be retained by a flexible rubber plug. The gauge shall be equipped with a drain cock (vent) at the gauge connection. A Class 1™ brand gauge meets this requirement.

7.15 Remote Throttle and Engine Status Center (ESC)

- 7.15.1 One FRC™ brand, Model Throttle Excel, or equivalent, integrated throttle and engine status center shall be provided on the pump operator's panel to provide chassis engine monitoring and critical warnings. The ESC shall be a weatherproof display with superbright digits.
- 7.15.2 The ESC shall continuously display chassis engine RPM, oil pressure, engine coolant temperature, and electrical system voltage, along with providing critical warnings. The warning levels for low oil pressure, high engine coolant temperature, low voltage (programmed for 11.8 volts direct current- default setting), and high voltage shall be independently programmable. The ESC shall provide visual warnings and an output for controlling an audible warning when alarm levels are reached. The ESC shall also provide a message center that displays total PTO hours.
- 7.15.3 The Vernier style remote throttle control shall be provided on the pump operator's panel to control the chassis engine speed during stationary pumping operations. The design of the remote throttle shall allow the throttle to start at idle when it is enabled, regardless of the Vernier dial position. The remote throttle shall feature solid state optical technology, which shall eliminate potentiometers or electro-mechanical switches. The throttle shall sense the speed of the Vernier dial for fast and fine RPM setting, and the central red idle

button shall immediately return the chassis engine speed to idle. Regardless of chassis engine emissions status, the throttle control shall remain operational.

7.16 Automatic Pump Override

- 7.16.1 A pump override system shall be provided to automatically return the chassis engine to idle if the pump discharge pressure drops below 50 P.S.I.
- 7.16.2 A toggle switch, properly labeled, shall be located on the pump operator's panel to allow the operator to disengage the automatic shutdown feature when required.

7.17 Water Tank Level Sight Gauge

7.17.1 One sight tube level gauge shall be provided on the pump operator's panel to monitor the water tank liquid level. This level gauge shall be fabricated from clear acrylic tubing, with stainless steel rods down each side for protection of the sight tube. A chromed shut off valve, with a built in drain, shall be provided at the bottom of the gauge to drain water from the tube in cold weather. A vent line shall be installed at the top of the sight tube and routed to the water tank fill tower to exhaust trapped air to the atmosphere.

7.18 Water Tank Level Electronic Gauges

- 7.18.1 One Fire Research™ brand, Model WL200, or equivalent, tank level gauge shall be provided on the pump operator's panel to monitor the water tank liquid level. The gauge shall indicate the water tank liquid level on an L.E.D. bar graph display.
- 7.18.2 One Fire Research™ brand, Model WL205, or equivalent, mini tank level gauge shall be provided on the cab center console, within view of the driver's seating position, to monitor the water tank liquid level. The gauge shall indicate the water tank liquid level on an L.E.D. bar graph display, and shall be wired in common with the sensor circuit for the pump operator's panel-mounted gauge.

7.19 Class A Foam Tank Level Gauge

7.19.1 One Fire Research™ brand, Model WL 2600, or equivalent, tank level gauge shall be provided on the pump operator's panel to monitor the foam concentrate storage tank level. The gauge shall indicate the foam concentrate storage tank liquid level on an L.E.D. bar graph display.

7.20 Priming Pump

7.20.1 One positive displacement, oil less, rotary vane, electric motor-driven priming pump, conforming to the NFPA requirements, shall be provided. The primer pump body shall be fabricated from heat-treated anodized aluminum for wear and corrosion resistance. The priming pump shall be capable of producing a minimum of 20 inches of mercury vacuum at 2000 feet above sea level. The apparatus shall be able to prime and pump from a 10 foot lift in 30 seconds and prime and pump from a 17 foot lift in 45 seconds.

- 7.20.2 The primer pump electric motor shall be of a 12-volt direct current totally enclosed design. The priming pump shall not require lubrication from an external source. The priming pump shall be operated by a single push-pull control valve mounted on the pump operator's panel. The control valve shall be of all bronze construction and labeled #6 Primer.
- 7.20.3 The primer control shall be connected to the %-inch NPTF connection on the top of the pump inlet, and also to the highest point (hump) in the plumbing. This shall be accomplished with two separate lines from the primer control. The line from the primer control to the top of the pump inlet shall be ½-inch inside diameter, and the line from the primer control to the highest point in the plumbing shall be %-inch inside diameter.

7.21 Pressure Relief Valve

7.21.1 The pump shall be equipped with an automatic pressure control device installed in the discharge plumbing. A variable pressure setting relief valve, fabricated from bronze, shall be provided that is of ample capacity to prevent an undue pressure rise as per NFPA requirements. The relief valve shall be normally closed and shall open when pump pressure above the preset limit is supplied to the valve. An indicator light shall be supplied to illuminate when the valve is in the open position. In the event of the failure of the relief valve control, the pump shall remain operable throughout the complete range of the pump's rated capacity, without requiring the closing of any emergency or "in case of failure-off/on" valve.

7.22 Discharge Locations

- 7.22.1 One 2½-inch water-only discharge, labeled #19 Water Only, discharge shall be provided at the rear pump operator's panel. The discharge shall be plumbed with stainless steel pipe and/or 2½-inch flexible high pressure hose, and shall terminate with 2½-inch NSTM threads with a 2½-inch NSTF brass cap and chain. The discharge valve shall be controlled at the valve with a TS style handle.
- 7.22.2 One 1½-inch discharge, labeled #3 Discharge, plumbed to the on-board foam system, shall be provided at the driver's side of the apparatus, between the chassis cab and the body, near the hose compartment. The discharge shall be plumbed with stainless steel pipe or 1½-inch flexible high pressure hose, and shall terminate with 1½-inch NSTM threads with 1½-inch NSTF brass cap and chain. The discharge valve shall be controlled at the valve with a TS style handle.
- 7.22.3 One 1½-inch discharge, labeled #3 Discharge, plumbed to the on-board foam system, shall be provided at the passenger's side of the apparatus, between the chassis cab and the body, near the hose compartment. The discharge shall be plumbed with stainless steel pipe or 1½-inch flexible high pressure hose, and shall terminate with 1½-inch NSTM threads with 1½-inch NSTF brass cap and chain. The discharge valve shall be controlled at the valve with a TS style handle.

- 7.22.4 One 1½-inch discharge, labeled #3 Discharge, plumbed to the on-board foam system, shall be provided at the passenger's side of the front bumper extension. The discharge shall be plumbed with 1½-inch flexible high pressure hose with reusable fittings or welded stainless steel pipe. The front bumper discharge shall be equipped with a 1½-inch quarter turn ball valve installed at the front bumper, controlled at the valve with a TS style handle. The discharge shall have a 90 degree full swivel elbow, terminating in 1½-inch NSTM threads, to allow the hose to be pulled in any direction without kinking.
- 7.22.5 One 1½-inch inline valve shall be provided to isolate the side and front bumper extension discharge valve piping in the case of a hose or piping failure. This valve shall normally be left in the open position. Control for this valve shall be through the use of a TS or R1 handle at the valve. The valve handle shall be parallel to the run of piping when open and perpendicular to the run of piping when closed.
- 7.22.6 Two 1½-inch NSTM discharges, labeled #3 Discharge, with 2-inch plumbing and 1½-inch valves, plumbed to the on-board foam system, shall be provided at the rear pump operator's panel. The valves shall be mounted outside of the panel for ease of operation and maintenance. The discharges shall have 1½-inch NSTF brass caps and chains. The discharges shall be controlled at the valves with a TS style handle and shall be plumbed to a drain.

7.23 Intake Location

7.23.1 One 3-inch intake, labeled #8 Overboard Suction, shall be provided on the pump operator's panel at the rear of the apparatus body, plumbed with 3-inch piping to the intake side of the pump. The intake shall be equipped with a 3-inch ball valve with a manual locking handle, mounted outside the pump panel at the rear of the apparatus and terminating with a NSTM fitting. A 3-inch brass cap with chain shall be supplied on the main intake at the rear. A removable screen shall be installed in the intake to prevent debris from entering the pump.

7.24 Tank Fill

7.24.1 One 1½-inch Akron™, or equivalent, manually-operated inline valve, labeled #2 Pump to Tank, shall be installed between the pump discharge and the water tank fill inlet. The control for the tank fill line shall be located at the pump operator's panel.

7.25 Tank to Pump Line

7.25.1 One 3-inch Akron™, or equivalent, inline valve, labeled #1 Tank to Pump, shall be installed between the water tank outlet and the pump inlet. The valve shall be air actuated and shall be controlled from the pump operator's panel by a heavy duty water-protected toggle valve, equipped with an aircraft-style red protective cover to prevent accidental movement of the switch. The valve and air cylinder shall be installed so that the tank to pump valve is in the "open" position when the cylinder rod is retracted and the protective cover is closed. All valving and piping shall be 3-inch without restrictions.

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An access panel shall be provided in the floor of the hose reel compartment to allow access to this valve for servicing or replacement.

7.26 Direct Tank Fill/Drain

7.26.1 One 1½-inch direct tank fill/tank drain, labeled #13 Gravity Drain, shall be provided on the pump operator's panel, equipped with an Akron™ 1½-inch inline valve. The inlet/outlet shall terminate in a 1½-inch NSTM adapter, with a 1½-inch NSTF brass cap and chain. A removable screen shall be installed in the inlet. The valve shall be actuated with a manual control handle located on the pump operator's panel.

7.27 Back Pack Fill

7.27.1 One ¾-inch GHT bib type fitting, with cap, shall be provided below the driver's side of the rear step for filling backpacks. The outlet shall be gravity supplied from the water tank and shall be controlled with an inline quarter-turn valve, labeled #18 Backpack Fill, located on the pump operator's panel.

7.28 Booster Hose Reel

- 7.28.1 One Hannay™ brand, Model #EPF 32-23-24 RT, or equivalent, booster hose reel, with a capacity of 150 feet of 1-inch booster hose, shall be provided in the compartment located at the center rear of the apparatus body. The hose reel frame shall be fabricated from steel, with a silver painted finish. The hose reel inlet connection shall be a 1-inch, 90 degree swivel, designed to withstand 1000 P.S.I., which shall be plumbed from the pump with a 1-inch inline valve, controlled with a TS handle, and 1-inch flexible high pressure hose. The inlet valve, labeled #4 Reel, shall be located near the reel.
- 7.28.2 The reel shall be provided with a #043 % horsepower, 12-volt direct current electric motor for rewinding the hose on to the reel. This motor shall be controlled with a push button momentary switch located at the reel. The booster reel shall have provisions for manual rewind. The pinion shaft for the manual rewind gear shall have an adjustable tension brake, controlled at the reel. A cover shall be installed to protect the solenoid.
- 7.28.3 The hose reel shall be equipped with a 1-inch NPSH male thread.
- 7.28.4 One polished stainless steel hose roller and 4-way guide assembly shall be provided on the outboard side of the reel.

7.29 Foam Proportioning System

7.29.1 The pump system shall be provided with a FoamPro[™] 2001 foam injection system, plumbed to the specified discharges. This product shall be an automatic foam proportioning system, with electronically controlled, direct concentrate injection occurring on the discharge, or pressure, side of the water pump. The system shall reliably and accurately meter Class A fire suppressant foam concentrates. These foam concentrates are typically proportioned at ratios of 0.2% - 0.5% of foam concentrate in solution. The

proportional injection system shall ensure that only the specified amount of foam concentrate is used. The system shall be simple to operate, and shall have a maximum pressure loss of 7 P.S.I. at 200 GPM. A microprocessor control device shall be provided which incorporates a closed-loop feedback signal for more accurate proportioning in variable flow conditions. A stainless steel Victaulic™ foam manifold or mainline check valve, that meets manufacturer specifications, must be installed to prevent foam solution from returning to the pump, suction water source or engine water tank.

- 7.29.2 The proportioner shall maintain accurate foam concentrate proportioning and injection rates over water discharge flows of 5 to 200 GPM, and shall maintain accurate proportioning and injection rates throughout a range of 0 to 400 P.S.I. The proportioner shall be provided with a 1½-inch NPT flowmeter, Foam Pro™ Model 2660. It shall be installed using 2-inch Victaulic™ couplings. The system shall provide flexibility in operation by maintaining a constant concentration of foam solution over a variable range of water stream flow rates and pressures. The proportioning rate shall be adjustable from 0.1% to 6% of the corresponding water discharge flow within the accuracy parameters recommended by NFPA.
- 7.29.3 The system shall be compatible with nozzle aspirating systems, where nozzle flow volumes must be adjustable on demand, while maintaining a constant percent foam solution.
- 7.29.4 The foam system shall have a pump operator's panel-mounted digital control module that shall provide a constant readout of GPM of water, foam solution, concentrate rate and amounts discharged at any time during operation. The total readable figure shall be 99,999 gallons. The foam system shall be capable of being calibrated from the pump operator's panel. Diagnostic testing shall be provided in the readout from the instruments on the pump operator's panel. A visible low foam concentrate level warning device shall be incorporated into the digital control module.
- 7.29.5 Foam concentrate shall be provided from the onboard foam concentrate storage tank.

7.30 Foam Upload System

7.30.1 An electric foam upload system shall be provided to enable the refilling of the foam concentrate storage tank from the ground. The foam upload system shall be controlled at the pump operator's panel, utilizing a three-way valve to select from either "Pick Up," "Flush," or "Switch Off" positions. The electric foam refill pump shall be controlled by a momentary switch on the pump operator's panel. The foam concentrate storage tank shall be equipped with an automatic shut off sensor to prevent it from being overfilled. A garden hose thread fitting shall be provided on the pump operator's panel to allow the connection of a suction hose for refilling from standard 5-gallon foam concentrate storage containers.

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7.31 Pump Performance Test and Certification

7.31.1 Upon completion, the apparatus shall undergo a complete pumping test that conforms to the requirements of NFPA Standard 1906 (latest edition) for the size and type of pump provided. The test shall consist of a continuous one-half hour test pumping at rated capacity and rated net pump pressure, a vacuum test of the primer system and plumbing, a tank discharge flow test and a pressure test of the apparatus piping. The chassis engine and transmission, the pump and other components of the apparatus shall show no undue heating, leaks, or other defect. The results of the test shall be documented to establish the performance of the apparatus and to further insure that the unit shall perform satisfactorily when placed into service. The test results shall be certified in writing, with the certification provided to the purchaser for their records at the time of delivery of the completed apparatus.

8 — Water Tank

8.1 Construction

- 8.1.1 The water tank shall be fabricated from ½-inch thick polypropylene sheet stock. This material shall be a non-corrosive, stress-relieved thermo-plastic, ultra-violet light stabilized for maximum protection.
- 8.1.2 The water tank shall be so designed to be completely independent of the body structure and compartments, and shall be a modified rectangle in design.
- 8.1.3 All joints and seams shall be nitrogen-welded inside and out. The top of the water tank shall be fitted with lifting eyes to facilitate ease of removal. The swash partitions shall have vent and air hole openings, both at the top and bottom, to permit the movement of air and water between the internal compartments. The longitudinal swash partitions shall be fabricated from 3/8-inch polypropylene, and shall extend from the floor of the tank through the cover to allow for positive welding. The transverse swash partitions shall be fabricated from 3/8-inch polypropylene, and shall extend from the floor of the tank to the underside of the top cover. All swash partitions shall interlock with one another and shall be welded to each other, as well as to the floor and sides of the tank.
- 8.1.4 The water tank shall have a combination vent and manual fill tower. The fill tower shall be fabricated from ½-inch polypropylene and shall have a minimum outer perimeter dimension of 8 inches by 8 inches. The tower shall have a ¼-inch thick polypropylene screen and a polypropylene hinged cover. Inside the fill tower, halfway down from the top, shall be fastened a vent overflow pipe. The vent overflow shall be fabricated from Schedule 40 polypropylene pipe, with a minimum inside diameter of 4 inches. The vent overflow shall be designed to run through the tank interior and shall exit at least 12 inches behind the centerline of the rear axle.
- 8.1.5 The tank cover shall be fabricated from ½-inch thick polypropylene and shall incorporate a three-piece design which allows for the removal of each individual cover section for inspection or repair of the tank interior, if necessary. The tank cover shall be recessed ¾-inch from the top of the tank sides and shall be welded to both the sides and the longitudinal baffles. Each of the three cover sections shall have hold downs to assist in keeping the cover rigid under fast filling conditions. These hold downs shall consist of 2-inch polypropylene dowels, spaced a maximum of 30 inches apart, fitted and then welded to the transverse partitions. The dowels shall extend through the cover sections and be welded to them. Two of the dowels shall be drilled and tapped to accommodate the tank lifting eyes.
- 8.1.6 The sump shall have a minimum dimension of 8 inches by 6 inches with a ¾-inch thick bottom. On all tanks with a bulkhead suction inlet, a 3-inch Schedule 40 polypropylene pipe sweep shall be provided from the front of the tank to the sump location. The sump shall have a threaded plug located at the bottom of it for a tank drain and clean out.

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- 8.1.7 There shall be two standard tank outlets: one for the tank to pump suction line, which shall be a minimum of a 3-inch NPTF coupling, and one for a tank fill line, which shall be a minimum of a 1½-inch NPTF coupling. All tank fill couplings shall be backed with flow deflectors to break up the stream of water entering the tank.
- 8.1.8 The water tank shall rest on the body subframe cross members, which shall be spaced a maximum of 22 inches apart. The tank shall be insulated from those cross members by hard rubber insulators, with a minimum thickness of ¼-inch, glued and mechanically fastened to the cross members to protect the tank from direct contact with the steel body subframe. The tank shall be designed on a free-floating suspension principle and shall not require the use of additional hold downs. The tank shall be completely removable without disturbing or dismantling the apparatus body structure.

8.2 Clean Out Plug

8.2.1 The bottom of the tank sump shall be equipped with a 3-inch NPTF clean out fitting, equipped with a 3-inch NPTM PVC pipe plug.

8.3 Tank Capacity

8.3.1 The water tank shall have a usable capacity of 600 gallons.

8.4 Foam Tank

8.4.1 One 25-gallon capacity foam concentrate storage tank shall be provided and plumbed to the on- board foam system. The tank shall be fabricated from polypropylene and shall be designed and fabricated as an integral part of the main water tank. The foam tank shall have a separate fill tower. The foam tank fill tower lid shall be labeled as to the type of foam concentrate contained within the tank.

9 — Body Electrical Requirements

9.1 General Electrical Requirements

9.1.1 All apparatus body electrical components shall be served by independent circuits which shall be separate and distinct from the apparatus cab and chassis electrical circuits. All wiring supplied and installed by the apparatus manufacturer shall be installed in flexible split convoluted loom and shall be color coded and function labeled at 6-inch intervals. All wiring supplied and installed by the apparatus manufacturer shall be grease, oil and moisture resistant; and shall be securely fastened with insulated metal clamps and nylon wire ties. Wiring shall be routed and/or protected to eliminate exposure to moving parts or debris. Solderless insulated connectors shall be utilized at all splice joints and shall be enclosed with heat shrink tubing for extra corrosion protection. Automatic reset type circuit breakers shall be provided wherever possible.

9.2 Electrical Equipment

9.2.1 The following electrical components shall be provided and installed on the completed apparatus by the apparatus builder:

9.3 Rear Dot Lighting

9.3.1 The rear DOT lighting shall consist of the following components:

9.4 Tail Lights, Brake Lights

9.4.1 A pair of Whelen™ brand, Model # 60R00XRR, or equivalent, red L.E.D. combination tail/brake lights shall be provided at the rear of the body, one on each side, above the rear step.

9.5 Turn Signal Lights

9.5.1 A pair of Whelen™ brand, Model # 60A00TAR, or equivalent, amber L.E.D. arrow style turn signal lights shall be provided at the rear of the body, one on each side, above the rear step.

9.6 Back Up Lights

- 9.6.1 A pair of Whelen[™] brand, Model # 60J000CR, or equivalent, clear halogen back up lights shall be provided at the rear of the body, one on each side, above the rear step.
- 9.6.2 The above DOT lighting shall be provided with a vertical cast aluminum four-position frame at the rear of the body, one on each side. The frames shall have a polished aluminum finish, and shall also contain the lower Zone "C" warning lights.

9.7 License Plate Bracket and Light

9.7.1 One Weldon™ brand, Model #9186-23882-30, or equivalent, clear light fixture, with license plate mounting bracket, shall be provided at the rear of the body.

9.8 Rear Upper Marker Lights

9.8.1 A pair of Weldon™ brand, Model #9186-1500-10, or equivalent, red L.E.D. marker lights, with stainless steel guards, shall be provided at the upper rear corners of the body, sidefacing, one on each side of the body.

9.9 Cluster/Clearance Lights and Reflectors

- 9.9.1 Three Weldon™ brand, Model #9186-1500-10, or equivalent, red L.E.D. marker lights, with stainless steel guards, shall be provided at the rear of the body, below the rear hose bed horizontal exit threshold.
- 9.9.2 Two Weldon™ brand, Model #9186-1500-10, or equivalent, red L.E.D. marker lights, with stainless steel guards, shall be provided on the vertical surfaces of the rear step, one on each side of the body, facing to the sides of the apparatus.
- 9.9.3 Two self-adhesive red reflectors, one on each side of the body, shall be provided on the lower rear corners of the compartment doors behind the rear wheel wells, facing to the sides of the apparatus.
- 9.9.4 Two self-adhesive red reflectors, one on each side of the body, shall be provided on the lower outboard corners of the body, above the rear step, facing to the rear of the apparatus.
- 9.9.5 Two self-adhesive amber reflectors, one on each side of the body, shall be provided on the forward lower corners of the compartment doors forward of the rear wheel wells, facing to the sides of the apparatus.

9.10 Rear Directional Light Bar

9.10.1 One Sound Off Signal™ brand, Model Ultralite®, or equivalent, directional light bar shall be provided at the rear of the apparatus body. The light bar shall be 39 inches wide and shall consist of 12 lamps. The light bar shall be surface-mounted, centered below the upper rear body edge, and shall be controlled by three switches on the cab center console.

9.11 Scene Lights

9.11.1 Two 9-inch by 7-inch L.E.D. scene lights, with clear 26 degree lenses, shall be provided and installed: one on the upper passenger's side of the body, centered front to rear, facing to the side of the apparatus and one on the upper driver's side of the body, centered front to rear, facing to the side of the apparatus. Each light shall be wired to a pair of individual switches; one on the cab center console, and one on the rear pump

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operator's panel. Whelen™ brand, 900 series, #9SC0ENZR or equivalent, shall be installed.

9.12 Compartment Lights

- 9.12.1 LED strip lighting shall be provided and installed in each exterior compartment. Full length L.E.D. strip lighting shall be installed behind the door frame on the left side, right side and top. The strip lighting shall be positively attached to the inside of the compartment and shall be easily removable for replacement or repair. No adhesive tape shall be used to mount the lights of mounting clips. The L.E.D. strip lighting provided shall have a maximum spacing of 2½ inches between the light-emitting diodes. Vista Manufacturing™, Inc., Model LKL, or equivalent, shall be installed.
- 9.12.2 Door ajar and compartment light switches shall not be provided in the compartment door jambs. The compartment lights shall be controlled with a master switch on the pump operator's panel.

9.13 Hose Bed Area Lighting

9.13.1 Two TruckLite™ brand, or equivalent, 4-inch diameter clear L.E.D. rubber-mounted lights, with clear lenses, shall be provided on the inside surfaces of the hosebed covers, one on each cover section. The lights shall be located near the non-hinged side of the cover sections to provide illumination of the hose bed area. The lights shall be controlled by a switch on the pump operator's panel.

10 — Electrical System Performance Test, Low-Voltage

10.1 Low-Voltage Test Requirement

10.1.1 The fire apparatus low voltage electrical system shall be tested as required by this section and the test results shall be certified by the apparatus manufacturer. The certification shall be delivered to the purchaser with the documentation for the completed apparatus. The tests shall be performed when the air temperature is between 0 degrees Fahrenheit and 110 degrees Fahrenheit.

10.2 Test Sequence

10.2.1 The three tests defined below shall be performed in the order in which they appear.

Before each test, the chassis batteries shall be fully charged until the voltage stabilizes at the voltage regulator set point and the lowest charge current is maintained for 10 minutes. The failure of any of these tests shall require a repeat of the test sequence.

10.3 Reserve Capacity Test

10.3.1 The chassis engine shall be started and kept running until the chassis engine and engine compartment temperatures are stabilized at normal operating temperatures and the chassis battery system is fully charged. The chassis engine shall be shut off and the minimum continuous electrical load shall be applied for 10 minutes. All electrical loads shall be turned off prior to attempting to restart the chassis engine. The chassis battery system shall then be capable of restarting the chassis engine. The failure to restart the chassis engine shall be considered a failure of this test.

10.4 Alternator Performance Test At Idle

10.4.1 The minimum continuous electrical load shall be applied with the chassis engine running at idle speed. The chassis engine temperature shall be stabilized at normal operating temperature. The chassis battery system shall be tested to detect the presence of a chassis battery current discharge. The detection of chassis battery current discharge shall be considered a failure of this test.

10.5 Alternator Performance Test at Full Load

10.5.1 The total continuous electrical load shall be applied with the chassis engine running up to the engine manufacturer's governed speed. The test duration shall be a minimum of two hours. The activation of the electrical system load management system shall be permitted during this test. The activation of an alarm due to excessive chassis battery discharge, as detected by the system required by NFPA (current edition), or an electrical system voltage of less than 11.8 volts direct current for a 12 volt direct current nominal system, for more than 120 seconds, shall be considered a failure of this test.

10.6 Low Voltage Alarm Test

- 10.6.1 Following the completion of the tests described above, the chassis engine shall be turned off. With the chassis engine turned off, the total continuous electrical load shall be applied and shall continue to be applied until the excessive battery discharge alarm activates. The chassis battery voltage shall be measured at the battery terminals.
- 10.6.2 The test shall be considered to be a failure if the low voltage alarm has not yet sounded 140 seconds after the voltage drops to 11.70 volts direct current for a 12 volt direct current nominal system. The chassis battery system shall then be able to restart the chassis engine. The failure of the chassis battery system to restart the chassis engine shall be considered a failure of this test.

10.7 Documentation

- 10.7.1 The apparatus manufacturer shall provide the results of the low-voltage electrical system performance test, certified in writing, with the documentation provided to the purchaser at the time of delivery of the completed apparatus.
- 10.7.2 The test results shall consist of the following documents:
 - (1) Documentation of the electrical system performance tests.
 - (2) A written electrical load analysis, including the following:
 - (a) The nameplate rating of the alternator.
 - (b) The alternator rating under the conditions specified in NFPA 1906 (current edition).
 - (c) Each of the component loads specified that make up the minimum continuous electrical load.
 - (d) Additional electrical loads that, when added to the minimum continuous electrical load, determine the total continuous electrical load.
 - (e) Each individual intermittent electrical load.

11 — Apparatus Finish

11.1 Body Finish Procedure

- 11.1.1 All exposed steel surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned and prepared for finish painting.
- 11.1.2 All removable items, such as brackets and compartment doors, shall be removed and painted separately to insure finish paint behind them after they are reinstalled.
- 11.1.3 All compartment door interior panels shall be left unpainted in a natural aluminum finish.
- 11.1.4 The apparatus body shall be masked as needed to prevent the painting of unwanted areas and overspray damage. Due to its modular design, the apparatus body shall be completely finish painted prior to its installation on the chassis.
- 11.1.5 All exterior surface scratches and blemishes shall be filled with body putty and sanded down, along with all primed surfaces.
- 11.1.6 The complete apparatus body shall be cleaned, blown free of dust; washed with thinner; and wiped with tack cloths. A non-sanding primer shall be applied and when dry, the apparatus body shall be sprayed with three coats of finish paint. All loose body components shall be treated in the same manner.
- 11.1.7 Any irregularity in any painted surface shall be repaired prior to the application of the finish paint coats.
- 11.1.8 The compartment interiors are to be sealed for leaks and the inside surface areas cleaned and prepped, then finish painted with Zolatone™ #20-11 (Apollo Gray).

11.2 Apparatus Body Color

11.2.1 The apparatus body shall be painted to match the color of the chassis cab exterior. The chassis cab shall not be repainted. The color of chassis cab exterior and body shall be Number 14260 of Federal Standard Number 595 (Forest Service Green).

11.3 Chassis Finish

11.3.1 The chassis cab exterior paint finish shall be supplied by the chassis manufacturer.

11.4 Striping

11.4.1 A 4-inch wide white reflective stripe shall be provided and installed horizontally on both the chassis cab and body. The stripe shall be placed as high as possible on the vertical surfaces on the sides of the chassis tilt hood and shall run the full length of the apparatus at that height. A break shall be provided in the striping on either side of the apparatus body approximately over rear wheel centerline. The ends of the horizontal stripe shall be sloped at approximately 45 degrees on either side of the break.

11.5 Cab and Body Lettering and Striping

- 11.5.1 Block style lettering, fabricated from reflective material, shall be provided and installed on the apparatus as follows:
- 11.5.2 The word "FIRE," in 4-inch tall white letters, shall be centered in the break in the horizontal 4-inch stripe on the compartment doors on each side of the body, approximately over rear wheel centerline.
- 11.5.3 The unit designator and equipment designator (Example CA-BDF-E351), in 8-inch tall white letters, shall be provided on the forward and center compartment doors, above the 4-inch stripe, on each side of the apparatus body.
- 11.5.4 The words "USDA," "FOREST SERVICE" in 3-inch tall green letters, "FIRE" in 4-inch tall green letters shall be provided on the upper lift up/slide forward section of the two-piece horizontally-split hose reel compartment door. The unit designator (example: CA-BDF) and equipment number (example: E351), in 6-inch tall green letters on the lower drop down section. The lettering at the rear of the apparatus shall be arranged as follows:

USDA

FOREST SERVICE

FIRE

CA - BDF - E351

- 11.5.5 The unit designator, in 6-inch tall white letters, shall be provided centered on the swept back portion of the front bumper on the passenger's side, and the equipment designator, in 6-inch tall white letters, shall be provided centered on the swept back portion of the front bumper on the driver's side.
- 11.5.6 The Forest identifier of the unit designator (example: BDF), in tall black letters, shall be provided on the cab roof, aft of the light bar, and the equipment designator (example: E351), in tall black letters, shall be provided on the cab roof below the unit designator.
- 11.5.7 The apparatus manufacturer shall install Government-supplied door decals (shield and vehicle numbers) on the front cab doors, below the reflective striping.

11.6 Truck Identification Plate

11.6.1 A durable truck identification plate, fabricated from corrosion resistant metal, shall be provided and installed on the pump operator's panel. The plate shall state the name and address of the apparatus manufacturer, the serial number of the unit and the pump performance test results.

12 — Equipment

12.1 Provided Equipment

12.1.1 The following equipment shall be provided with the completed apparatus. The equipment shall be new and unused, and shall meet all current NFPA, OSHA and other applicable safety regulations.

12.2 Manuals and Drawings

- 12.2.1 The following specified materials shall be provided with the completed apparatus:
- 12.2.2 One complete set of standard chassis operation, parts and service manuals.
- 12.2.3 One apparatus manufacturer's operation and service manual, to include:
 - Manufacturer's Record of Construction
 - Warranty Registration and Information
 - Operator Safety Information
 - Pump Operation and Troubleshooting Instructions
 - Foam System Operation Instructions
 - Vehicle Exterior Maintenance Instructions
 - Maintenance and Lubrication Information & Charts
 - Complete Electrical Diagrams
 - Component Literature (Example: siren, PTO, hose reel, etc.)
 - Pump Test Certificate, Weight Certificate, Service Parts Replacement List

12.3 Road Kit

- 12.3.1 The completed apparatus shall be equipped with a road kit containing the following items:
 - One 2½ pound Class B/C fire extinguisher with vehicle mounting bracket, shipped loose
 - One set of warning triangle reflectors, containing three folding reflectors in a plastic storage case
 - One 12-ton hydraulic jack with handle and lug wrench

12.4 Wheel Chocks

12.4.1 Two Worden™ brand, Model #HWC-7 wheel chocks shall be provided with the completed apparatus.

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12.5 Tool Holders

12.5.1 One set of tool holders shall be purchased or fabricated from stainless steel and/or steel with a gray Dura Coat[™] finish. The tool holders shall be shipped with the loose equipment accompanying the completed apparatus.

12.6 Nozzle Mounts

- 12.6.1 The following quantities and sizes of nozzle holders shall be provided with the completed apparatus:
 - Six ¾-inch GHT
 - Seven 1-inch NPSH
 - Two 1½-inch NPSH
 - Eleven 1½-inch NH
 - Two 21/2-inch NH
 - One 2½-inch NH quick release

13 — Warranty Provisions

13.1 Fifteen Year Apparatus Warranty

- 13.1.1 All materials and workmanship herein specified, including all equipment furnished, shall be guaranteed for a period of fifteen years after the acceptance date of the apparatus, unless otherwise noted, with the exception of any normal maintenance services or adjustments which shall be required.
- 13.1.2 Under this warranty, the apparatus manufacturer shall be responsible for the costs of repairs to the apparatus that have been caused by defective workmanship or materials during this period.
- 13.1.3 This warranty shall not apply to the following:
 - Any component parts or trade accessories such as chassis, engines, tires, pumps, valves, signaling devices, batteries, electric lights, bulbs, alternators, and all other installed equipment and accessories, in as much as they are usually warranted separately by their respective manufacturers, or are subject to normal wear and tear.
 - Failures resulting from the apparatus being operated in a manner or for a purpose not recommended by the apparatus manufacturer.
 - Loss of time or use of the apparatus, inconvenience or other incidental expenses.
 - Any apparatus which has been repaired or altered outside of the apparatus manufacturer's factory in any way that affects its stability, or which has been subject to misuse, negligence, or accident.

13.2 Water Tank Warranty

13.2.1 The polypropylene water tank that is specified to be supplied with this apparatus shall be warranted by the water tank manufacturer for a "lifetime" period from the date that the apparatus is put into service. The manufacturer shall repair, at no cost to the purchaser, any problems caused by defective materials and/or workmanship. The warranty shall cover the reasonable costs of removing the water tank from the apparatus and reinstalling it after the completion of the covered warranty repairs, but shall not cover any liability for the loss of service or downtime costs of the apparatus.

14 — Apparatus Options

14.1 Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) Seating

14.1.1 Three specially-designed individual seats, with SCBA backrests, shall be provided and installed to replace the OEM rear crew bench seat provided with the chassis. The replacement seats shall have an adjustable height riser, 11-degree tilt capability, a removable parade pad and armrest sockets. The center seat shall be provided with two armrests and the outboard seats shall each be equipped with one inboard armrest

14.2 Spare SCBA Bottle Storage

- 14.2.1 Four SCBA spare bottle storage compartments, each with a bright aluminum diamond plate door and quarter turn latch, shall be provided in the wheel well areas, two on each side of the apparatus body, forward and aft of the rear wheel well openings.
- 14.2.2 When the option for spare SCBA bottle storage is selected the wheel chock storage compartments in the wheel well areas shall be deleted.

14.3 Wheel Chock Storage Compartments

14.3.1 One aluminum storage compartment, mounted in the rear passenger cab step, shall be provided if government supplied chassis space allows. The compartment should be of sufficient size to hold two Worden™ brand, Model #HWC-7 wheel chocks. Storage compartment door shall be diamond plate, with a vertical hinge and compression latch.

14.4 Chainsaw Bracket

14.4.1 One vertical chainsaw bracket shall be provided and installed in the passenger side forward vertical compartment.

15 — Standard Vehicle Marking Diagram

