



# UL HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS SERVICES

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# EXPLOSIVE GAS ATMOSPHERES CLASS I DIVISION 1

Includes flammable gases, flammable liquid-produced vapors, and combustible

## Area Classification

### Division 1:

Where ignitable concentrations of flammable gases, vapors or liquids **can exist all of the time or some of the time** under normal operating conditions.

### Zone 0:

Where ignitable concentrations of flammable gases, vapors or liquids **are present continuously or for long periods of time** under normal operating conditions.

### Zone 1:

Where ignitable concentrations of flammable gases, vapors or liquids **are likely to exist** under normal operating conditions.

### Division 2:

Where ignitable concentrations of flammable gases, vapors or liquids **are not likely to exist** under normal operating conditions.

### Zone 2:

Where ignitable concentrations of flammable gases, vapors or liquids **are not likely to exist** under normal operating conditions.

## Groups

### Division 1 and 2:

**A** acetylene  
**B** hydrogen  
**C** ethylene  
**D** propane

### Zone 0, 1 and 2:

**IIC** acetylene & hydrogen  
**IIB+H2** hydrogen  
**IIB** ethylene  
**IIA** propane

## Temperature Classifications

### Division 1 and 2:

**T1** ≤450°C  
**T2** ≤300°C  
**T2A** ≤280°C  
**T2B** ≤260°C  
**T2C** ≤230°C  
**T2D** ≤215°C  
**T3** ≤200°C  
**T3A** ≤180°C  
**T3B** ≤165°C  
**T3C** ≤160°C  
**T4** ≤135°C  
**T4A** ≤120°C  
**T5** ≤100°C  
**T6** ≤ 85°C

### Zone 0, 1 and 2:

**T1** ≤450°C  
**T2** ≤300°C  
—  
—  
—  
—  
**T3** ≤200°C  
—  
—  
—  
**T4** ≤135°C  
—  
**T5** ≤100°C  
**T6** ≤ 85°C

## Division System Electrical Equipment Protection Techniques

Area	Protection Techniques	Applicable Certification Documents	
		USA	Canada
Div. 1	• Intrinsic safety	UL 913	CSA 157
	• Explosionproof	UL 1203	CSA 30
	• Purged/pressurized (Type X or Y)	NFPA 496	NFPA 496
	• Any Class I, Zone 0 technique	See Zone 0 techniques	See Zone 0 techniques
Div. 2	• Hermetically-sealed	ISA 12.12.01	CSA 213
	• Nonincendive	ISA 12.12.01	CSA 213
	• Non-sparking	ISA 12.12.01	CSA 213
	• Purged/pressurized (Type Z)	NFPA 496	NFPA 496
	• Sealed	ISA 12.12.01	CSA 213
	• Any Class I, Division 1 technique	See above	See above
	• Any Class I, Zone 0, 1 or 2 technique	See Zone techniques	See Zone techniques

Note: Class I, Division 1 intrinsically safe system requirements are contained in UL 913 (USA) and CSA 157 (Canada).





# SYSTEM

## ible liquid-produced vapors

### Zone System Electrical Equipment Protection Techniques (Equipment Protection Levels)

Area	Protection Techniques (Equipment Protection Levels)	Applicable Certification Documents			
		USA (UL Mark)	Canada (cUL Mark)	IECEx System	Europe (ATEX)
<b>Zone 0</b>	• Flameproof, “da” (Ga)	—	—	IEC 60079-1	EN 60079-1
	• Intrinsic safety, “ia” (Ga)	UL 60079-11	CSA 60079-11	IEC 60079-11	EN 60079-11
	• Encapsulation, “ma” (Ga)	UL 60079-18	CSA 60079-18	IEC 60079-18	EN 60079-18
	• Class I, Div 1 intrinsic safety	UL 913	CSA 157	—	—
<b>Zone 1</b>	• Flameproof, “db” (Gb)	UL 60079-1	CSA 60079-1	IEC 60079-1	EN 60079-1
	• Pressurization, “pxb”/“pyb” (Gb)	UL 60079-2	CSA 60079-2	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
	• Powder filling, “q” (Gb)	UL 60079-5	CSA 60079-5	IEC 60079-5	EN 60079-5
	• Oil immersion, “o” (Gb)	UL 60079-6	CSA 60079-6	IEC 60079-6	EN 60079-6
	• Increased safety, “e” (Gb)	UL 60079-7	CSA 60079-7	IEC 60079-7	EN 60079-7
	• Intrinsic safety, “ib” (Gb)	UL 60079-11	CSA 60079-11	IEC 60079-11	EN 60079-11
	• Encapsulation, “mb” (Gb)	UL 60079-18	CSA 60079-18	IEC 60079-18	EN 60079-18
	• Any Zone 0 technique	See above	See above	See above	See above
• Any Class I, Div 1 technique	See CID1 techniques	See CID1 techniques	—	—	
<b>Zone 2</b>	• Flameproof, “dc” (Gc)	—	—	IEC 60079-1	EN 60079-1
	• Pressurization, “pzc” (Gc)	UL 60079-2	CSA 60079-2	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
	• Intrinsic safety, “ic” (Gc)	UL 60079-11	CSA 60079-11	IEC 60079-11	EN 60079-11
	• Encapsulated, “nC” (Gc)	—	CSA 60079-15	—	—
	• Enclosed-break, “nC” (Gc)	UL 60079-15	CSA 60079-15	IEC 60079-15	EN 60079-15
	• Energy-limited, “nL” (Gc)	—	CSA 60079-15	—	—
	• Hermetically-sealed, “nC” (Gc)	UL 60079-15	CSA 60079-15	IEC 60079-15	EN 60079-15
	• Nonincendive, “nC” (Gc)	UL 60079-15	CSA 60079-15	IEC 60079-15	EN 60079-15
	• Non-sparking, “nA” (Gc)	UL 60079-15	CSA 60079-15	IEC 60079-15	EN 60079-15
	• Restricted breathing, “nR” (Gc)	UL 60079-15	CSA 60079-15	IEC 60079-15	EN 60079-15
	• Sealed, “nC” (Gc)	UL 60079-15	CSA 60079-15	IEC 60079-15	EN 60079-15
	• Encapsulation, “mc” (Gc)	UL 60079-18	CSA 60079-18	IEC 60079-18	EN 60079-18
	• Any Zone 0 or 1 technique	See above	See above	See above	See above
• Any Class I, Div 1 or 2 technique	See Class I techniques	See Class I techniques	—	—	

Note 1: Zone 0, 1 and 2 general requirements are contained in UL 60079-0 (USA), CSA 60079-0 (Canada) and IEC/EN 60079-0 (IECEx System & Europe).

Note 2: Zone 0, 1 and 2 intrinsically safe system requirements are contained in ISA 60079-25 (USA), CSA 60079-25 (Canada) and IEC/EN 60079-25 (IECEx System & Europe).

Note 3: Special requirements for certain equipment installations in Zone 0 (Ga) areas are contained in ISA 60079-26 (USA) and IEC/EN 60079-26 (IECEx System & Europe).

Note 4: Equipment Protection Levels (EPLs) are used to provide additional details regarding the level of protection against ignition in explosive atmospheres. EPLs are designated by a letter “G” for Gas, “D” for Dust or “M” for Mining, followed by a letter “a” for “very high”, “b” for “high” or “c” for “enhanced” level of protection.

Note 5: Under the ATEX Directive (94/9/EC and 2014/34/EU), the marking of Categories is additionally required. ATEX Categories are similar to EPLs in function and designation as follows, ATEX Category 1G, 2G, 3G, 1D, 2D, 3D, M1, M2 = EPL Ga, Gb, Gc, Da, Db, Dc, Ma, Mb respectively.

Note 6: INMETRO certification requirements are determined by Portaria 179 as of 18 May 2010, with the associated Brazilian NBR Ex standards harmonized with the comparable IEC Ex standards noted above.

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# EXPLOSIVE GAS ATMOSPHERES

## CLASS I DIVISION SYSTEM

Includes flammable gases, flammable liquid-produced vapors,  
and combustible liquid-produced vapors

CONTINUED

### Zone System Non-Electrical Equipment Protection Techniques (Equipment Protection Levels)

Area	Protection Techniques	Applicable Certification Documents			
		USA (UL Mark)	Canada (cUL Mark)	IECEx System	Europe (ATEX)
<b>Zone 0</b>	• Constructional safety, "c" (Ga)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-5
	• Control of ignition source, "b" (Ga)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-6
	• Liquid immersion, "k" (Ga)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-8
<b>Zone 1</b>	• Flameproof, "d" (Gb)	—	—	IEC 60079-1	EN 13463-3
	• Constructional safety, "c" (Gb)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-5
	• Control of ignition source, "b" (Gb)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-6
	• Liquid immersion, "k" (Gb)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-8
	• Pressurization, "px"/"py" (Gb)	—	—	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
	• Any Zone 0 technique	—	—	See above	See above
<b>Zone 2</b>	• Flow restricting enclosure, "fr"	—	—	—	EN 13463-2
	• Constructional safety, "c" (Gc)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-5
	• Control of ignition source, "b" (Gc)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-6
	• Liquid immersion, "k" (Gc)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-8
	• Pressurization, "pz" (Gc)	—	—	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
• Any Zone 0 or 1 technique	—	—	See above	See above	

Note 1: The ISO pr80079 series standards are to be published by Q3 of 2015, with an included reference to IEC 60079-0.

Note 2: Zone 0, 1 and 2 general requirements are contained in ISO/IEC pr80079-36 (IECEx System) and EN 13463-1 (Europe).

Note 3: Equipment Protection Levels (EPLs) are used to provide additional details regarding the level of protection against ignition in explosive atmospheres. EPLs are designated by a letter "G" for Gas, "D" for Dust or "M" for Mining, followed by a letter "a" for "very high", "b" for "high" or "c" for "enhanced" level of protection.

Note 4: Under the ATEX Directive (94/9/EC and 2014/34/EU), the marking of Categories is additionally required. ATEX Categories are similar to EPLs in function and designation as follows, ATEX Category 1G, 2G, 3G, 1D, 2D, 3D, M1, M2 = EPL Ga, Gb, Gc, Da, Db, Dc, Ma, Mb respectively.



# EXPLOSIVE DUST ATMOSPHERES CLASS II & III

Includes combustible dusts and ignitable fibers/flyings

## Area Classification

### Class II, Division 1:

Where ignitable concentrations of combustible dust **can exist all of the time or some of the time** under normal operating conditions.

### Zone 20:

Where ignitable concentrations of combustible dust or ignitable fibers/flyings **are present continuously or for long periods of time** under normal operating conditions.

### Zone 21:

Where ignitable concentrations of combustible dust or ignitable fibers/flyings **are likely to exist** under normal operating conditions.

### Class II, Division 2:

Where ignitable concentrations of combustible dust **are not likely to exist** under normal operating conditions.

### Zone 22:

Where ignitable concentrations of combustible dust or ignitable fibers/flyings **are not likely to exist** under normal operating conditions.

### Class III, Division 1:

Where easily ignitable fibers or materials producing combustible flyings **are handled, manufactured or used.**

### Class III, Division 2:

Where easily ignitable fibers **are stored or handled.**

## Groups

### Class II, Division 1 and 2:

**E** metal dust — Div. 1 only  
**F** carbonaceous dust  
**G** non-conductive dust  
—

### Zone 20, 21 and 22:

**IIIC** conductive dust  
**IIIB** non-conductive dust  
**IIIB** non-conductive dust  
**IIIA** combustible flyings

**Class III, Division 1 and 2:** None.

## Temperature Classifications

### Class II, Division 1 and 2:

<b>T1</b> ≤450°C	<b>T2D</b> ≤215°C	<b>T4</b> ≤135°C
<b>T2</b> ≤300°C	<b>T3</b> ≤200°C	<b>T4A</b> ≤120°C
<b>T2A</b> ≤280°C	<b>T3A</b> ≤180°C	<b>T5</b> ≤100°C
<b>T2B</b> ≤260°C	<b>T3B</b> ≤165°C	<b>T6</b> ≤ 85°C
<b>T2C</b> ≤230°C	<b>T3C</b> ≤160°C	

**Zone 20, 21 and 22:** None.

Note: For Zone 20, 21 and 22, equipment shall be marked to show the maximum surface temperature

**Class III, Division 1 and 2:** None.

Note: Article 503 of the NEC limits the maximum surface temperature for Class III equipment to 165°C for equipment not subject to overloading and to 120°C for equipment that may be overloaded.



## Division System Electrical Equipment Protection Techniques

Area	Protection Techniques	Applicable Certification Documents	
		USA	Canada
Div. 1	• Intrinsic safety (Class II & III)	UL 913	CSA 157
	• Dust-ignitionproof (Class II)	UL 1203	CSA 25
	• Pressurized (Class II)	NFPA 496	NFPA 496
	• Dusttight (Class III)	ISA 12.12.01	CSA 157
	• Hermetically-sealed (Class III)	ISA 12.12.01	—
	• Nonincendive (Class III)	ISA 12.12.01	—
	• Sealed (Class III)	ISA 12.12.01	—
	• Any Zone 20 technique (Class II & III)	See Zone 20 techniques	See Zone 20 techniques
Div. 2	• Dusttight (Class II)	ISA 12.12.01	CSA 157
	• Hermetically-sealed (Class II)	ISA 12.12.01	—
	• Nonincendive (Class II)	ISA 12.12.01	—
	• Sealed (Class II)	ISA 12.12.01	—
	• Pressurized (Class II)	NFPA 496	NFPA 496
	• Any CIID1 or CIID1 technique	See above	See above
	• Any Zone 20, 21, 22 tech (Class II & III)	See Zone techniques	See Zone techniques

Note: Class II and Class III, Division 1 intrinsically safe system requirements are contained in UL 913 (USA) and CSA 157 (Canada)

## Zone System Electrical Equipment Protection Techniques (Equipment Protection Levels)

Area	Protection Techniques (Equipment Protection Levels)	Applicable Certification Documents			
		USA (UL Mark)	Canada (cUL Mark)	IECEx System	Europe (ATEX)
Zone 20	• Enclosure, “ta” (Da)	ISA 60079-31	CSA 60079-31	IEC 60079-31	EN 60079-31
	• Intrinsic safety, “ia” (Da)	UL 60079-11	CSA 60079-11	IEC 60079-11	EN 60079-11
	• Encapsulation, “ma” (Da)	UL 60079-18	CSA 60079-18	IEC 60079-18	EN 60079-18
	• Any CIID1 technique	See CIID1 techniques	See CIID1 techniques	—	—
Zone 21	• Enclosure, “tb” (Db)	ISA 60079-31	CSA 60079-31	IEC 60079-31	EN 60079-31
	• Pressurization, “p” (Db)	ISA 61241-2	CSA 61241-4	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
	• Intrinsic safety, “ib” (Db)	UL 60079-11	CSA 60079-11	IEC 60079-11	EN 60079-11
	• Encapsulation, “mb” (Db)	UL 60079-18	CSA 60079-18	IEC 60079-18	EN 60079-18
	• Any Zone 20 technique	See above	See above	See above	See above
	• Any CIID1 technique	See CIID1 techniques	See CIID1 techniques	—	—
Zone 22	• Enclosure, “tc” (Dc)	ISA 60079-31	CSA 60079-31	IEC 60079-31	EN 60079-31
	• Pressurization, “p” (Dc)	ISA 61241-2	CSA 61241-4	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
	• Intrinsic safety, “ic” (Dc)	UL 60079-11	CSA 60079-11	IEC 60079-11	EN 60079-11
	• Encapsulation, “mc” (Dc)	UL 60079-18	CSA 60079-18	IEC 60079-18	EN 60079-18
	• Any Zone 20, 21 technique	See above	See above	See above	See above
	• Any CIID1, CIID2 technique	See Class II techniques	See Class II techniques	—	—

Note 1: Zone 20, 21 and 22 general requirements are contained in UL 60079-0 or ISA 61241-0 (USA), CSA 60079-0 (Canada) and IEC/EN 60079-0 (IECEx System & Europe).

Note 2: Zone 20, 21 and 22 intrinsically safe system requirements are contained in ISA 60079-25 (USA), CSA 60079-25 (Canada) and IEC/EN 60079-25 (IECEx System & Europe).

Note 3: Equipment Protection Levels (EPLs) are used to provide additional details regarding the level of protection against ignition in explosive atmospheres. EPLs are designated by a letter “G” for Gas, “D” for Dust or “M” for Mining, followed by a letter “a” for “very high”, “b” for “high” or “c” for “enhanced” level of protection.

Note 4: Under the ATEX Directive (94/9/EC and 2014/34/EU), the marking of Categories is additionally required. ATEX Categories are similar to EPLs in function and designation as follows, ATEX Category 1G, 2G, 3G, 1D, 2D, 3D, M1, M2 = EPL Ga, Gb, Gc, Da, Db, Dc, Ma, Mb respectively.

Note 5: INMETRO certification requirements are determined by Portaria 179 as of 18 May 2010, with the associated Brazilian NBR Ex standards harmonized with the comparable IEC Ex standards noted above.

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# EXPLOSIVE DUST ATMOSPHERES CLASS II & III DIVISION SYSTEM

Includes combustible dusts and ignitable fibers/flyings

CONTINUED

## Zone System Non-Electrical Equipment Protection Techniques (Equipment Protection Levels)

Area	Protection Techniques	Applicable Certification Documents			
		USA (UL Mark)	Canada (cUL Mark)	IECEx System	Europe (ATEX)
<b>Zone 20</b>	• Constructional safety, “c” (Da)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-5
	• Control of ignition source, “b” (Da)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-6
	• Liquid immersion, “k” (Da)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-8
	• Enclosure, “ta” (Da)	—	—	IEC 60079-31	EN 60079-31
<b>Zone 21</b>	• Constructional safety, “c” (Db)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-5
	• Control of ignition source, “b” (Db)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-6
	• Liquid immersion, “k” (Db)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-8
	• Flameproof, “d” (Db)	—	—	IEC 60079-1	EN 13463-3
	• Pressurization, “px”/“py” (Db)	—	—	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
	• Enclosure, “tb” (Db)	—	—	IEC 60079-31	EN 60079-31
	• Any Zone 20 technique	—	—	See above	See above
<b>Zone 22</b>	• Flow restricting enclosure, “fr”	—	—	—	EN 13463-2
	• Constructional safety, “c” (Dc)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-5
	• Control of ignition source, “b” (Dc)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-6
	• Liquid immersion, “k” (Dc)	—	—	ISO pr80079-37	EN 13463-8
	• Pressurization, “pz” (Dc)	—	—	IEC 60079-2	EN 60079-2
	• Enclosure, “tc” (Dc)	—	—	IEC 60079-31	EN 60079-31
	• Any Zone 20 or 21 technique	—	—	See above	See above

Note 1: The ISO pr80079 series standards are to be published by Q3 of 2015, with an included reference to IEC 60079-0.

Note 2: Zone 20, 21 and 22 general requirements are contained in ISO/IEC pr80079-36 (IECEx System) and EN 13463-1 (Europe).

Note 3: Equipment Protection Levels (EPLs) are used to provide additional details regarding the level of protection against ignition in explosive atmospheres. EPLs are designated by a letter “G” for Gas, “D” for Dust or “M” for Mining, followed by a letter “a” for “very high”, “b” for “high” or “c” for “enhanced” level of protection.

Note 4: Under the ATEX Directive (94/9/EC and 2014/34/EU), the marking of Categories is additionally required. ATEX Categories are similar to EPLs in function and designation as follows, ATEX Category 1G, 2G, 3G, 1D, 2D, 3D, M1, M2 = EPL Ga, Gb, Gc, Da, Db, Dc, Ma, Mb respectively.



# MARKINGS

## Class I, II, and III, Division 1 & 2 (USA & Canada)

**This marking would include:**  
Class(es), Division(s), Gas/Dust Group(s), Temperature Classification

**Example:** Class I, Division 1, Groups C & D; Class II, Division 1, Groups E, F and G; Class III, Division 1, T4A

## Class I, Zone 0, 1, & 2 (USA)

**The marking would include:**  
For Zone Listings based on USA 60079 series standards: Class, Zone, AEx, Protection Technique(s), Gas Group, Temperature Classification

**Example:** Class I, Zone 1, AEx de IIB T4

For Zone Listings based on USA Division standards: Class, Zone, Gas Group, Temperature Classification

**Example:** Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB T4

## Zone 20, 21, & 22 (USA)

**The marking would include:**  
For Zone Listings based on USA 60079 or 61241 series standards: Zone, AEx, Protection Technique(s), Dust Group, Temperature Classification

**Example:** Zone 21, AEx tb IIIB T135°C

For Zone Listings based on USA Division Standards: Zone, Dust Group, Temperature Classification

**Example:** Zone 21, IIIB T135°C

## Zone 0, 1 & 2 (Canada) Zone 20, 21 & 22 (Canada)

**This marking would include:**  
For Zone 0, 1 & 2 Listings: Ex, Protection Technique(s), Gas Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)

**Example:** Ex de IIB T4 Gb

For Zone 20, 21 & 22 Listings: Ex, Protection Technique(s), Dust Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)

**Example:** Ex tb IIIB T135°C Db

## Zone 0, 1, & 2 (Europe)

**This marking would include:**  
Electrical Equipment: Ex, Protection Technique(s), Gas Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)

**Example:** Ex de IIB T4 Gb

Non-Electrical Equipment: Gas Group, Protection Technique(s), Temperature Classification

**Example:** IIB ck T4

## Zone 20, 21, & 22 (Europe)

**This marking would include:**  
Electrical Equipment: Ex, Protection Technique(s), Dust Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)


**Example:** Ex tb IIIB T135°C Db

Non-Electrical Equipment: Protection Technique(s), Temperature Classification


**Example:** ck T135°C


## ATEX Directive (Europe)

**In addition to the European Ex marking strings noted to the left, this marking would include:**

Non-mining: **CE**, NB Identifier, , Equipment Group & Category, G (gas)/D (dust), Date Code

**Example (for DEMKO):** **CE** 0539  II 2 G 2013

Mining: **CE**, NB Identifier, , Equipment Group & Category, Date Code

**Example (for DEMKO):** **CE** 0539  I M2 2013

## Zone 0, 1, & 2 (IECEx System)

**This marking would include:**  
Electrical Equipment: Ex, Protection Technique(s), Gas Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)

**Example:** Ex de IIB T4 Gb

Non-Electrical Equipment: Ex, Protection Technique, Gas Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)

**Example:** Ex h IIB T4 Gb

## Zone 20, 21, & 22 (IECEx System)

**This marking would include:**  
Electrical Equipment: Ex, Protection Technique(s), Dust Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)

**Example:** Ex tb IIIB T135°C Db

Non-Electrical Equipment: Ex, Protection Technique(s), Dust Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)

**Example:** Ex h IIB T135°C Db

## INMETRO Mark (Brazil)

**This marking would include:**  
INMETRO/UL-BR Mark, Ex, Protection Technique(s), Gas Group, Temperature Classification, Equipment Protection Level (EPL)

**Example:**   Ex de IIB T4 Gb