



Understanding Grief

Transitions GriefCare

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Along The Journey of Grief

Grief is often described as a journey. Just like the literal journeys we take in life, the grief journey can be very unpredictable: we may know where we want to go, but we are not sure how to get there or what we may encounter along the way. Unlike the literal journeys we take, there is no road map for the grief journey. We want to know what is ahead, but no guide that will tell us exactly what to expect. Grief is a uniquely individual experience.

While no two people grieve alike, the experiences of others may help shed some light on your own grief journey. Here is a list of some experiences that grieving people have had along the way. Some were expected, some were surprising. You may not encounter all of these, or may experience things that are not on this list. No matter what your journey of grief looks like, know that you are not alone.

You can expect:

- Your grief to be surprisingly intense at times
- Your grief to be surprisingly draining
- Your grief to take longer than you – or the people around you – think it should take
- Your grief to affect all aspects of your life: physical, mental, emotional, social, behavioral, spiritual
- Unpredictable periods of “good days” and “bad days” instead of steadily feeling less pain
- Grief “attacks” – sudden waves of grief that occur with no warning
- A frustrating inability to be your normal self, feeling you are going “crazy”
- A wide range of feelings, not just sadness
- To sometimes feel nothing, or that the death isn’t real
- To go over and over the details leading to the death, searching for ways that you could have changed it
- To grieve not only for the person that you have lost, but also for your lost hopes and dreams
- To re-examine your beliefs and priorities as you search for meaning in your changed world
- A sense of changed or even lost identity, wondering “Who am I now?”
- A new awareness of your own mortality
- Resurfacing of pain from earlier losses
- Resurfacing of old feelings and unresolved conflicts from the past (in yourself or in your family)
- Changed relationships as you discover who supports you and who doesn’t
- Mixed feelings about memories and photos: sometimes a comfort, sometimes a too-painful reminder of what is lost
- Mixed feelings about “happy” events such as birthdays, holidays, weddings etc.
- Mixed feelings about “moving on” or being happy again
- Your grief to change over time: from the intense pain of all that is lost to a grateful awareness of all that is part of you forever

Understanding Grief

Grief:

- Is a natural human response to loss
- Is universal (we all grieve) but unique (we each grieve differently)
- Is an intense inner process causing many outer changes
- Affects us on all levels: physical, mental, emotional, behavioral, social, and spiritual
- Often leaves us feeling like we are ‘going crazy’ or are ‘losing it’
- Is not a predictable process of required stages, but does have recognizable patterns
- Is a healing process, similar to physical healing from a serious injury:
 - Recovery itself can be painful, challenging, and take longer than we expect
 - Progress is not steady; it is normal to have both “good days” and “bad days”
 - While we can’t control/predict the process, there are ways to help our healing
 - We must work through the pain at times and avoid the pain at other times
 - Caring for ourselves and respecting our current limits is vital to our healing
- Is different with every loss and is influenced by:
 - Who you are at the time of the loss
 - Who he/she is at the time of the loss
 - How the death occurred
 - Other life circumstances and stresses at the time of the loss
 - History of relationship between you and the person who has died
 - How you were taught to grieve
- Moves from painful sense of separation to a comforting sense of ongoing connection

*What we have once enjoyed we can never lose.
All that we love deeply is part of us forever.
- Helen Keller*

Normal Grief Reactions

Grief is a natural human response to loss. It is often thought of as something that will get a little bit better each day, a period of sadness that must be bravely endured until it lessens with time. But the truth is that grief is an “up and down” process that is much more than sadness. When someone important to us dies, it affects every aspect of our being – physical, mental, behavioral, and spiritual as well as emotional. Grief can cause profound changes in all these areas, and can make you feel like something is wrong with you. But in fact, something is *right* with you: these reactions are normal, natural responses to the loss of a significant person in your life.

Emotional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sadness • Anger • Guilt, regret • Relief • Shock, numbness • Yearning • Anxiety, insecurity, panic, fear 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apathy, lack of motivation • Loneliness and sense of social isolation • Resentment, envy, feeling cheated • Abandonment • Helplessness, lack of control • Decreased self-confidence • Humor 				
	Physical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fatigue, feeling drained • Feeling of emptiness or “butterflies” in the stomach • Lump in the throat • Tightness in the chest, breathlessness • Increased muscle tension, aches, pain 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Susceptibility to illness or exacerbation of existing health problems • Feeling of weakness • Palpitations • Shaking • Dryness of the mouth • Over-sensitivity to noise 			
		Mental	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confusion, disorientation, forgetfulness, inability to concentrate • Vivid imagery of the illness and/or death • Need to tell the details of the loss again and again • Disbelief, unreality 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sense of presence • Seeing, smelling, or hearing the person • Wishing for death or to join the deceased • Thoughts like: “It will never be the same” or “It’s not fair” • Dreams of the deceased 		
			Behavioral	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sleep and appetite changes • Increase in accidents or risky behaviors • Searching and calling out, talking to the deceased • Crying, screaming • Restlessness, sighing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Irritability, feeling “on edge” • Social withdrawal or increased social activity; changed relationships • Changes in work performance • Increase or decrease in alcohol or drug use • Increase or decrease in self-care 	
				Spiritual	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Loss of identity, loss of purpose • Search for meaning, questioning • Redefining personal philosophy and assumptions about life • Turning away from or towards existing beliefs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increase or decrease in religious practice: attending worship, prayer, meditation • Anger at faith, anger at God • Gratitude • Peace, resolution • Increased meaning, hope • New life priorities

We all grieve, but no two people grieve alike. You may experience any combination of these reactions, and your responses can vary greatly from day to day. Letting yourself experience and work through them is part of the difficult but ultimately healing process of grief.

Coping with Grief

Grief can be emotionally exhausting

- Understand that you are different right now because you are healing
- Be gentle and patient with yourself; treat yourself as you would a good friend
- Lower your expectations of what you would normally be able to manage
- Give yourself a “pass” when something is too hard
- Take time alone when you are too tired or too sad to be with people
- Seek those you can trust to support you; avoid those who are draining

Grief can be physically exhausting

- Try to eat regular meals, and maintain an exercise and sleep routine
- Take it slowly; choose activities that replenish you
- Allow tears, which release stress-producing chemicals as well as emotions
- Consider time off from work; look for ways to share the load at work and/or home
- Create small getaways like a hot bath, an afternoon nap, a walk outdoors

Grief can make you feel out of control

- Establish a routine of some kind, even if very different than before the loss
- Prioritize. When overwhelmed, ask: “What really needs to be done today? What can wait?”
- Set small goals and focus on living one day at a time
- Notice what you *can* do: keep a “Done” list as well as a “To Do” list, and watch it grow
- Make a list of strengths that have helped you face challenges in the past
- Write your swirling thoughts in a journal to release and bring some order to them
- Pour your feelings out through art: paint, collage, write a poem
- Try brisk physical activity: work in the yard, sweep, scrub, walk fast, work out
- Explore relaxation practices such as breathing, meditation, yoga

Grief can be confusing to those who care about you

- Don’t expect friends and family to be mind readers, even if they are close to you
- Communicate honestly instead of being “strong”
- Don’t hide your tears; being open allows you to connect instead of isolate
- If support is being offered, allow yourself to accept help from others
- If support is not being offered, reach out instead of waiting in silent frustration
- Determine what you need and then who can help: do you need someone to help with overwhelming tasks or a good listener to let you talk freely? (A practical friend can help with practical matters but may not be a good listener)
- Find people who “get it”: others with a similar loss, grief support groups, grief counselors

Grief is long, hard work

- Allow yourself to find respite in small pleasures: playing with children or pets, spending time in nature, walking with a friend, watching a good movie, gardening
- Pay attention to the activities you are still drawn to and let yourself do them
- Allow yourself to experience moments of humor and happiness when they come

The Mourner's Bill of Rights

When we are grieving, we are changed. It can be very hard for us to accept these changes in ourselves, and harder still for others to understand and respect the difficulty of what is happening to us. Author and grief counselor Alan Wolfelt reminds us that we have special rights during this challenging time of healing. Knowing our rights while grieving can help us to take care of ourselves even when others do not "get it".

Here is a summary of those rights. Dr. Wolfelt's full version and many other helpful articles can be found at his website: www.centerforloss.com (<https://www.centerforloss.com/grief/i-am-grieving/>)

1. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO EXPERIENCE YOUR OWN UNIQUE GRIEF.

Your grief is YOUR grief; you do not have to accept others' opinions about how you should be grieving.

2. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO TALK ABOUT YOUR GRIEF.

Talking aids healing; seek those who will let you talk as much as needed. You also have the right to be silent when you do not feel like talking.

3. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO FEEL A MULTITUDE OF EMOTIONS.

Grief is not just sadness. Find those who will listen to and accept your wide-ranging feelings.

4. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE TOLERANT OF YOUR PHYSICAL AND EMOTIONAL LIMITS.

Grief can be exhausting. Listen to what your body and mind is telling you; don't be pushed into things you aren't ready for.

5. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO EXPERIENCE "GRIEFBURSTS".

Grief sometimes comes from nowhere, engulfing you without warning. This is frightening, but a natural part of the process.

6. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO MAKE USE OF RITUAL.

Memorial rituals allow you to mourn the loss in the company of those who can support you. You get to decide what is right and meaningful for you.

7. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO EMBRACE YOUR SPIRITUALITY.

Your beliefs may be a source of comfort or a source of struggle. Allow yourself to be with those who can support you in this.

8. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO SEARCH FOR MEANING.

You may find yourself asking "why" questions that have no easy answers. Others may offer ready answers such as "Think of what you have to be thankful for" but you don't have to accept them.

9. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO TREASURE YOUR MEMORIES.

Memories are a precious, lasting legacy that can be shared with those who care about you. You don't have to ignore them.

10. YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO MOVE TOWARD YOUR GRIEF AND HEAL.

Healing does not happen quickly; your life has been forever changed. Be kind to your healing self, and avoid those who cannot accept you in these changes.



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How to Support Someone in Grief

Grieving people often feel alone in a society that is uncomfortable with suffering, invisible in a world where no one sees how their world has changed. You can help by simply and genuinely acknowledging the loss and the pain, and by listening without judgment or haste to make it better. You might be afraid that speaking about it will cause pain for the grieving person, but the pain is already there -- you are actually making it possible for the pain to be released. As the proverb says, "A joy shared is doubled; a grief shared is halved."

Do's and Don'ts of Support

Do listen attentively.

Don't be afraid of tears or strong emotion.

Don't change the subject, tell your story of loss, or offer easy answers.

Do show genuine caring and acceptance of what they are saying or doing.

Don't judge, criticize, or try to talk them into feeling differently.

Do validate the enormity of the loss.

Don't try to make them feel better by minimizing their pain.

Don't compare their grief to yours or anyone else's.

Do give permission to do what feels right for them at this time.

Don't give advice, unless you are asked for it.

Do be patient with the changes you see and the slow pace of healing.

Don't expect the person to remain the same.

Don't push them into things that you think would be good for them.

Do reach out. Offer specific practical help like childcare, groceries, yardwork, meals or cleaning.

Don't avoid the person or wait for them to reach out to you.

Do reach out over the months and years, remembering them at holidays, anniversaries, etc.

Don't assume because they seem OK that they no longer need your support.

Do speak about the deceased and invite the person to share memories.

Don't avoid the topic or saying the name.

How To Support Someone In Grief: Helpful Phrases

Don't say:

- *I know just what you're going through*
- *Don't take it so hard*
- *Just think of what you have to be grateful for*
- *S/he's in a better place*
- *Try to keep yourself together*
- *You must get on with your life*
- *We need you to be strong*
- *You are so strong*
- *God doesn't put on us more than we can bear*
- *You just need to...*
- *How are you?* (unless you really want to know and are ready to listen)

Do say:

- *I've been thinking about you*
- *I'm sorry*
- *I know this must be difficult*
- *I care about how you're doing*
- *It's OK to feel this way. You don't have to be strong right now*
- *It's OK to cry. Tears are part of loving someone*
- *It can really hit hard sometimes; you don't have to hold it in*
- *It's different for each person*
- *I'm here to listen*
- *It sounds like s/he was very special to you*
- *It sounds like you are really missing him right now*
- *I'm right here. Take your time*
- *Would you like to tell me more? Would it help to talk about it?*

LISTEN, LISTEN, LISTEN

When in doubt, listen. Often more effective than the “right” words, listening communicates acceptance and genuine caring to a person in grief. Trust that listening is a gift: it allows a grieving person to heal by releasing the pain when it occurs instead of stuffing the pain back inside where it causes continued suffering.

Adult Grief Support Services

Transitions GriefCare provides compassionate bereavement support to anyone in our community who is coping with the death of a family member or friend. We offer a safe place to explore, understand, and find hope for the unique challenges of grief.

Professional grief counselors provide an innovative array of counseling services, support groups, workshops, and community memorial events for adults and children. Programs also include grief education, support, consultation and training for community groups, corporations, and health care professionals.

Transitions GriefCare services are available to anyone in our community, regardless of whether the family was served by Transitions LifeCare. These services are offered at no cost although donations are gratefully accepted.

Registration is required for support groups and workshops. For more information, please call 919-719-7199, or visit our website for a complete schedule of current offerings: www.transitionslifecare.org/griefcare.

Grief Counseling

- Short-term individual counseling to help one understand and cope with grief
- Short-term family counseling to help family members understand and accept different grieving styles and needs

Bereavement Support Groups

- Eight week sessions to explore grief and coping with others who “get it”
- Groups are offered during both daytime and evening hours

Workshops and Special Events

- Workshops to explore specific grief topics and coping skills
- Creative workshops to express grief through writing, art, and yoga
- Holiday Grief workshop to provide group support and ideas for coping
- Services of Remembrance to find hope and healing in community

Community Education and Support

- Education for businesses, faith communities, health and civic organizations
- Grief support and consultation when death impacts a community group

Lending Library and Additional Information

- Books can be checked out for three week lending period
- Information available on additional grief support resources in the area

Books for Adults

General Grief

Bozarth-Campbell, Alla	<i>Life is Goodbye, Life is Hello</i>
Fitzgerald, Helen	<i>The Mourning Handbook</i>
Grant, Adam and Sandberg, Sheryl	<i>Option B: Facing Adversity, Building Resilience, and Finding Joy</i>
James, John W. & Frank Cherry	<i>The Grief Recovery Handbook</i>
Kalish, Richard	<i>Death, Grief, and Caring Relationships</i>
Kushner, Harold	<i>When Bad Things Happen to Good People</i>
Manning, Doug	<i>Don't Take My Grief Away</i>
Rando, Therese A.	<i>Grieving: How to Go on Living When Someone You Love Dies</i>
Rich, Phil	<i>The Healing Journey through Grief: Your Journal for Reflection and Recovery</i>
Sanders, Catherine M.	<i>Surviving Grief...and Learning to Live Again</i>
Staudacher, Carol	<i>Men & Grief: A Guide for Men Surviving the Death of a Loved One</i> <i>A Time to Grieve: Meditations for Healing After the Death of a Loved One</i>

Death of a Life Partner

Brothers, Joyce	<i>Widowed</i>
Ericsson, Stephanie	<i>Companion Through the Darkness: Inner Dialogues on Grief</i>
Ginsburg, Genevieve	<i>Widow to Widow</i>
Grollman, Earl	<i>What Helped Me When My Loved One Died</i>
L'Engle, Madeleine	<i>Two-Part Invention</i>
Lewis, C. S.	<i>A Grief Observed</i>
Rose, Xenia	<i>Widow's Journey: A Return to the Loving Self</i>
Tatelbaum, Judy	<i>The Courage to Grieve</i>
Westberg, Granger	<i>Good Grief</i>

Death of a Parent

Akner, Lois F.	<i>Surviving the Loss of a Parent</i>
Brooks, Jane	<i>Midlife Orphan</i>
Edelman, Hope	<i>Motherless Daughters</i>
Kennedy, Alexandra	<i>Losing a Parent</i>
Myers, Edward	<i>When Parents Die</i>

Books for Children

(Expanded resource list available in Transitions GriefCare 'Understanding Children's Grief' packet)

Brown, Laurie Krasny and Marc	<i>When Dinosaurs Die</i> (Grief and Loss)
Cohn, Janice	<i>I Had A Friend Named Peter</i> (Friend Loss)
dePaola, Tomi	<i>Nana Upstairs and Nana Downstairs</i> (Grandparent Loss)
Emswiler, James and Mary Ann	<i>Guiding Your Child Through Grief</i> (Parent Resource)
Grollman, Earl	<i>Straight Talk About Death for Teenagers: How to Cope with Losing Someone You Love</i> (Teen Resource)
Heegaard, Marge	<i>When Someone Very Special Dies</i> (Grief and Loss)
Karst, Patricie	<i>The Invisible String</i> (Hope and Inspiration)
Krementz, Jill	<i>How It Feels When a Parent Dies</i> (Parent Loss)
O'Toole, Donna	<i>Aarvy Aardvark Finds Hope</i> (Grief and Loss)
Powell, Sandy	<i>Geranium Morning</i> (Parent Loss and Accidental Death)
Shriver, Maria	<i>What's Heaven?</i> (Spirituality, Heaven, and Faith)
Thomas, Pat	<i>I Miss You</i> (Grief and Loss)
Tiffault, Benette	<i>A Quilt for Elizabeth</i> (Parent Loss)
The Dougy Center	<i>After a Suicide: Workbook for Grieving Kids</i> (Suicide Loss)
Wilhelm, Hans	<i>I'll Always Love You</i> (Pet Loss)