# Voith – Our Company.

Voith sets standards in paper, energy, mobility and service markets. Founded on January 1, 1867, Voith has a current workforce of 37,000, had sales of EUR 4 billion in the 2006/2007 fiscal year and has over 270 locations worldwide. It is one of the largest family-owned enterprises in Europe.



#### **Fair Cooperation**

Voith banks on a consistent partnership and on long-term, trusting cooperation. Long-standing customer relations, some more than 100 years old attest to this fact. We abide by our promises and will never let our customers down.

#### Innovative Thinking

For more than 140 years Voith has stood for inventiveness and innovation: with around 400 new patents per year, with substantial investments in R & D and from the professional accomplishments of our employees around the world.

#### **Reliable Actions**

Voith means continuous, dynamic growth with solid returns and annual sales. Our customers can be confident that we will continue to support their objectives – even in years to come – with integrative and competent cooperation.

# Fill-controlled fluid couplings from Voith Turbo

**The gentle way of getting masses going** Be it raw material extraction or process technology – wherever large masses need to be moved, high powers are required. But the higher the power, the heavier the wear. Protect your drive systems and components with fill-controlled couplings from Voith Turbo. They control and accelerate your machine gently and protect the drivetrain against damage in the event of an overload.



Machines such as shredders, crushers, armored face conveyors (AFC) or mills can suddenly block as a result of overload. Fill-controlled couplings "slip" when an overload occurs and protect the driveline effectively.



By varying their fill levels, they control the transmission

of torque and consequently also the operating speed, steplessly and smoothly. In combination

with an electronic start-up control system, run-up times of up to several minutes are realized.

Tensile forces occurring during the startup of belt conveyors are reduced to a minimum.

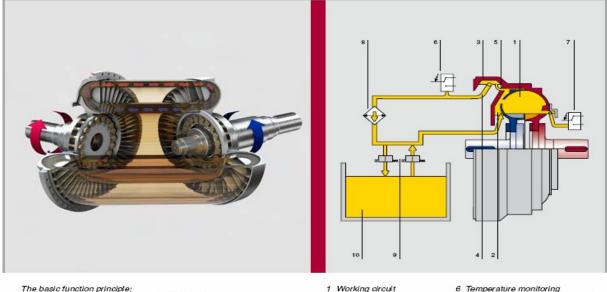
Application fea	tures and b	enefits							
Characteristics Application	Start-up aid (load-free motor start)	Acceleration of heavy masses	Overload protection	Speed control	Vibration damping	Multi-motor drive (sequential start of motors)	Limitation of starting torque	Load compensation between drives	Break-away of driven machine
Crushers	+	++	++		++				
Shredders	+	++	+++		++		+		
Ball mills	+++				+				++
Vertical mills	++		+		+				++
Centrifuges	+	+++					+		
Belt conveyors	+	++		+		++	+++	++	+
AFC	++		+++	+		+++	++	++	+++
Mixers	+		+		+				++
Beaters	+	+	++	+	+				++
Gas turbise start	+	+++		+			+		+
Fass (retrofit)	+	++		++			+		
Pumps (retrofit)				++					

# The best solution for any requirement

Single or as a "double-pack": Voith Turbo has the right solution for your application. Depending on requirements, the hydrodynamic circuit consisting of a single set of pump and turbine wheels (TPK) can also be combined in pairs into a double coupling circuit (DTPK).

Three different designs are described on the following pages:

- 13 Pages with product overview 7 10
- 7 8 9 DTPK - externally supported, compact unit for industrial applications
- 10 11 12 TPKL - self-supported, drive module for above and below ground belt conveyors
- 15 DTPKW special design for mining applications, using water as the operating medium 13 14



Via an operating fluid, the pump wheel driven by the motor transmits power wear-free to the turbine wheel which, in turn, drives the driven machine.

Working circuit

5 Nozzles

- 2 Collecting ring 3 Pump shell
  - 100% fill level sensor (optional) 8 Cooler
- 4 Dynamic pressure pump 9 Solenoid valves 10 Tank

### Wear-free power transmission

#### in compact design

Voith Turbo hydrodynamic couplings combine, in the smallest of spaces, a circular pump (pump wheel) and a turbine (turbine wheel) which drives a driven machine. Torque emitted from the motor is converted into flow energy by the pump wheel. The turbine wheel transmits this energy as mechanical energy to the driven machine.

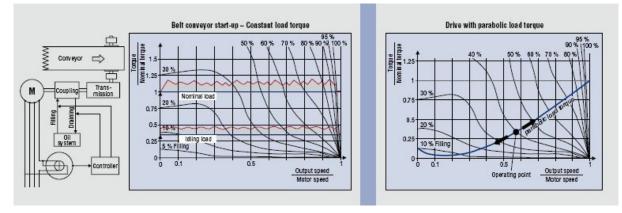
#### Continuously variable between "completely full" and "completely empty"

By changing the fill level in the working circuit, the transmission of torque, and consequently the operating

speed of the driven machine, is adjusted smoothly and steplessly: the filling medium flows freely into the coupling's catching ring, and then into the working circuit by centrifugal force. The fluid between the pump and turbine wheels transmits

torque via hydrodynamic action. To allow for filling control and heat dissipation, the fluid exits the working circuit via nozzles into a rotating pump shell. There, it is taken up by a dynamic pressure pump, which points into rotating fluid ring and, via the cooler, redirected back to the collecting ring. Two solenoid valves control (entirely without external moving parts) the active fluid volume in the working circuit between "completely

full" and "completely empty" by adding or removing fluid from the couplings working circuit.



#### Smooth start-up:

The smoother a machine accelerates, the more it is protected. This is especially important for the belt itself, typically the most expensive component in the system. To enable this, an electronic control processes the values of motor power and belt speed. Correspondingly, it actuates the fill and drain valve to achieve controlled acceleration of the conveyor, minimizing the tensile forces in the belt during start-up. Parameters for acceleration periods of up to several minutes can be set.

#### Advantages which impress

- n Wear-free transmission of power
- n Smooth build-up of break-away torque
- n Controlled acceleration of heaviest masses
- n Overload protection in the event of a blockage
- Damping of torsional vibrations and jolts
- Nariable speed adjustment of the driven machine
- Clutching and declutching of driven machine while motor is running

n High efficiency at nominal operation owing to low slip

 Load-free motor start-up; therefore possibility of frequent starts, even with motors with lower service factors

 In the case of multi-motor drives, the electric grid is protected owing to sequential starts of individual motors

n Available in specific designs for water as the operating medium

n Insensitive to extreme ambient conditions such as dust, heat and cold

n Robust design with long service life and high availability

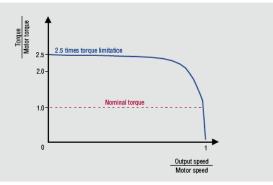
n Available in explosion-proof design

Speed control:

Fill-controlled couplings, by modifying the fill level, can

provide accurate speed control under full load for parabolic

load machines, e.g. centrifugal pumps and fans and can also provide partial speed control for empty conveyor systems for inspection and maintenance.



Protecting the driveline:

Machines such as shredders, crushers or armored face conveyors

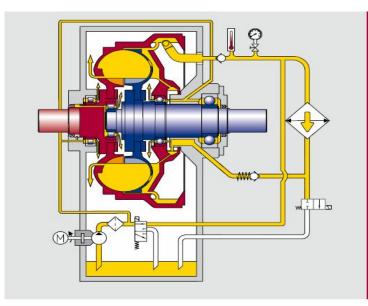
(AFC) are subject to blockage as a result of overload. Here, the

coupling protects the driveline effectively: slip increases as a result

of higher load until a maximum hydrodynamic torque limit is

reached. This level can be factory set within the range of approximately

1.8 – 3.0 times.



Design of TPKL coupling - Nominal operation

## **TPKL/DTPKL – impressive advantages** for belt conveyor start-ups

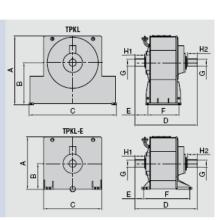
Fluid coupling types TPKL/DTPKL have been developed especially for tough belt conveyor applications at in mining environments. Adapted to the prevailing load condition, they smoothly control acceleration processes and ensure even load distribution with multi-motor drives. But their advantages also prove impressive in other applications that are typical of fill-controlled couplings.

The external cooler makes the drive extremely thermally efficient. Overloads are effortlessly overcome. Starting times of up to several minutes are mastered without problems. For inspection runs and positioning, the empty belt can be moved at approximately 20 % of its nominal speed.

#### Design-specific advantages

- n Design optimized for mining applications -
- extremely robust and compact
- n Standardized unit with little need for technical clarification
- n Easy maintenance of complete driveline thanks to modular construction

Major dimensions											
Size	Туре	A	В	C	D	E	F	G m6	H1	H2	
562	TPKL	1000	615	1130	849	230	310	90	135	128	
562	TPKL-E	814	400	844	766	137	520	90	97	98	
650	TPKL	1165	710	1480	1055	217	530	120	165	165	
650	TPKL-E	888	435	985	1055	148	780	120	165	165	
650	DTPKL	1165	710	1480	1200	217	675	120	165	165	
650	DTPKL-E	910	455	985	1200	217	675	120	165	165	
866	TPKL	1530	900	2200	1575	290	883	160	240	240	
866	DTPKL	1530	900	2200	1750	290	1058	160	240	240	
Dimen	Dimensions in mm (subject to modifications)										



TPKL/TPKL-E

100 50 10 1500 2000 300 1000 500 Input speed n<sub>1</sub> [rpm]

Performance diagram

Mechanical design

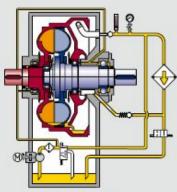
10000

5000

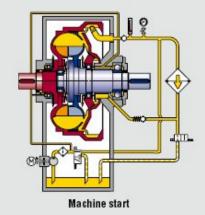
1000 500

Input power P, [KW]

- n Self-supported, independent unit for mounting on foundations or swing frame
- n Reinforced bearings and shafts for heavy mining applications
- n Robust welded housing
- n Oil tank integrated into housing
- n Fully piped with the exception of the separate cooler
- n Cooling provided even when plant is at a standstill
- n No movable external parts

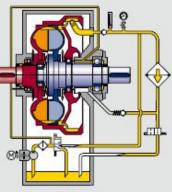


Standstill cooling

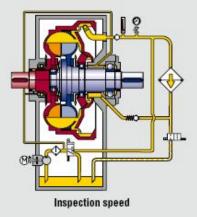


Operating conditions

Coupling types TPKL-R and TPKL-E All coupling sizes of this type are available as a TPKL/DTPKL standard version with an integrated oil tank. For lower shaft centerline heights, the variant (D)TPKL-R has a flatter, but longer tank (dimensions available upon request). The most compact installation space is offered by the (D)TPKL-E as it does not have an oil tank of its own. The tank is situated externally or, for example, integrated into the swing frame.



Motor start



Start-up of a belt conveyor

On belt conveyors with several drives, the motors are started sequentially in order to reduce stress on the electric power supply. Only then are the couplings filled, and the belt tension is gradually increased up to break-away. Longitudinal tension waves in the belt are therefore avoided. Controlled acceleration taking up to several minutes minimizes

the start-up factor. An external cooler offers very high thermal reserves for frequent starts and inspection speed.



(D)TPKL

TPKL-E