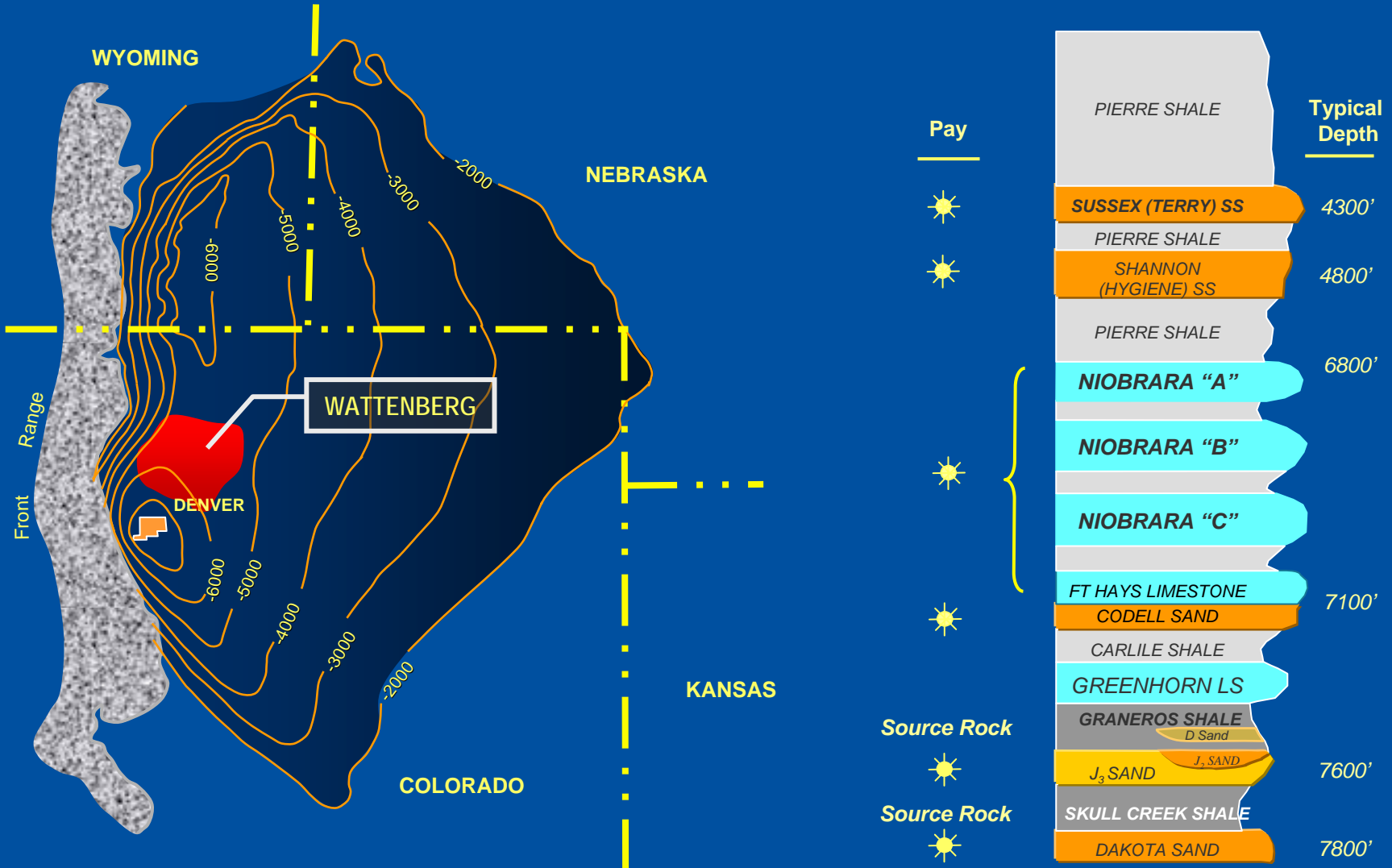


Wattenberg Field Area,  
A Near Miss &  
Lessons Learned After 35 Years  
of Development History

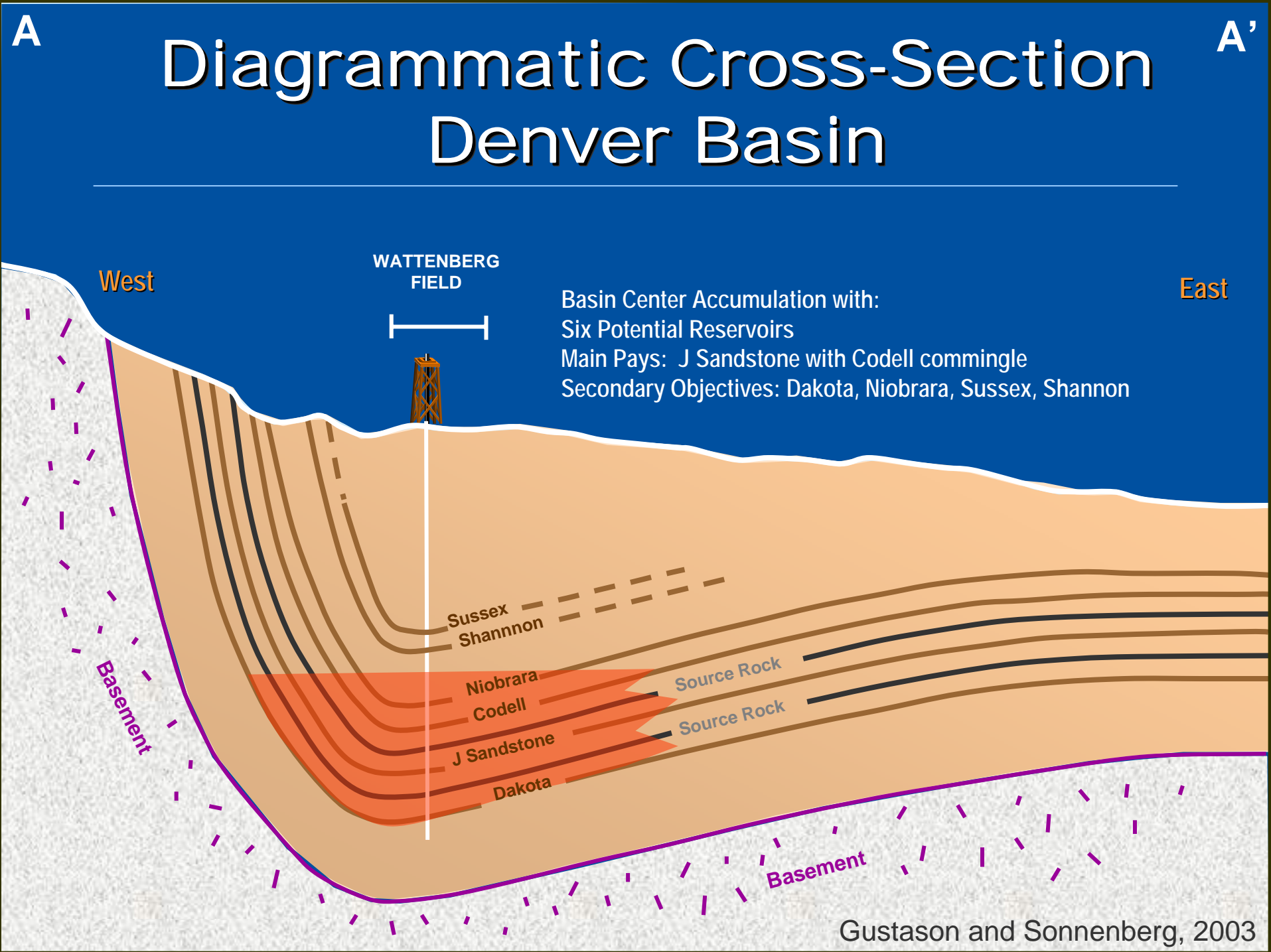
**Stephen A. Sonnenberg**

**Robert J. Weimer**

# Wattenberg Field – DJ Basin



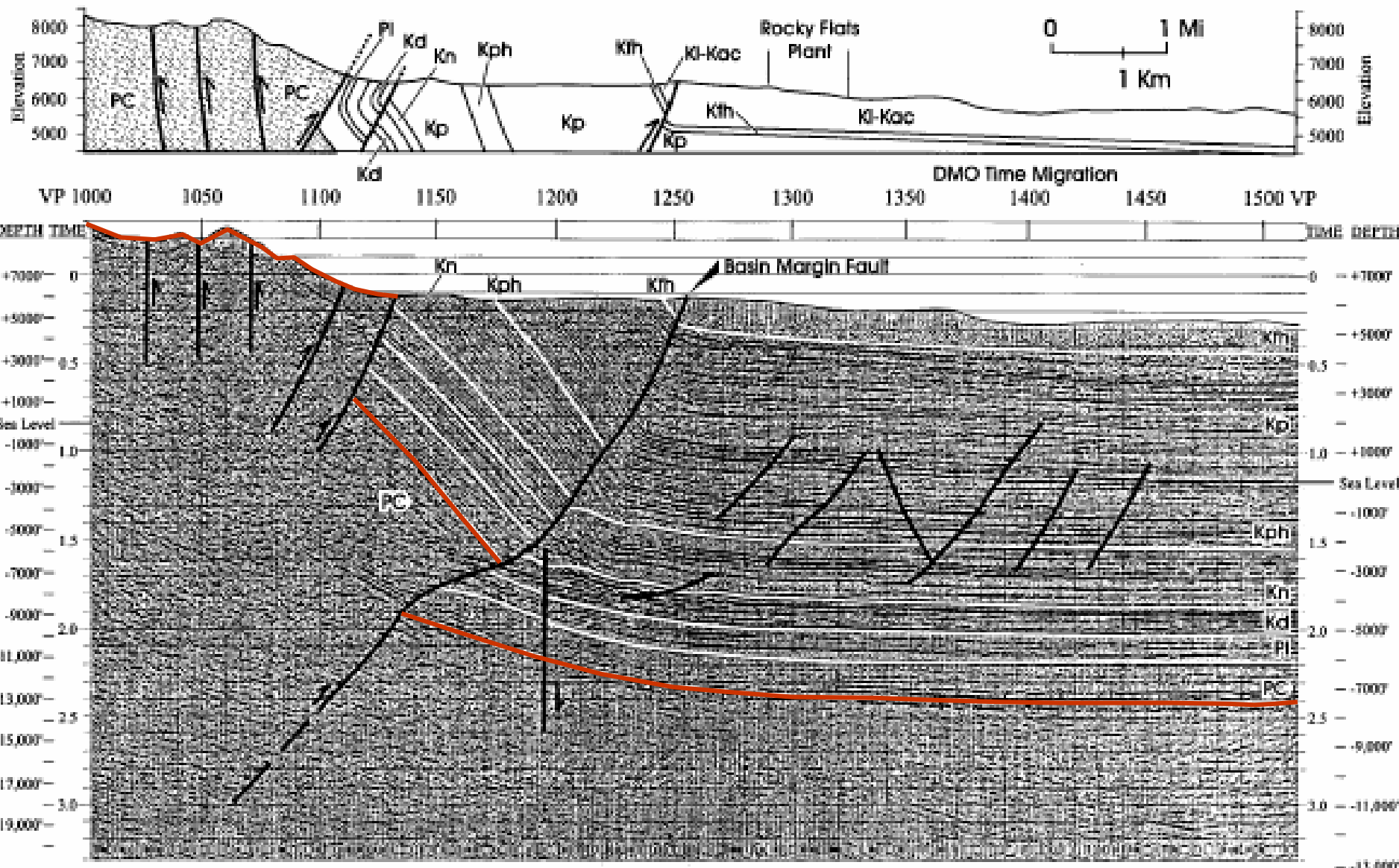
# Diagrammatic Cross-Section Denver Basin



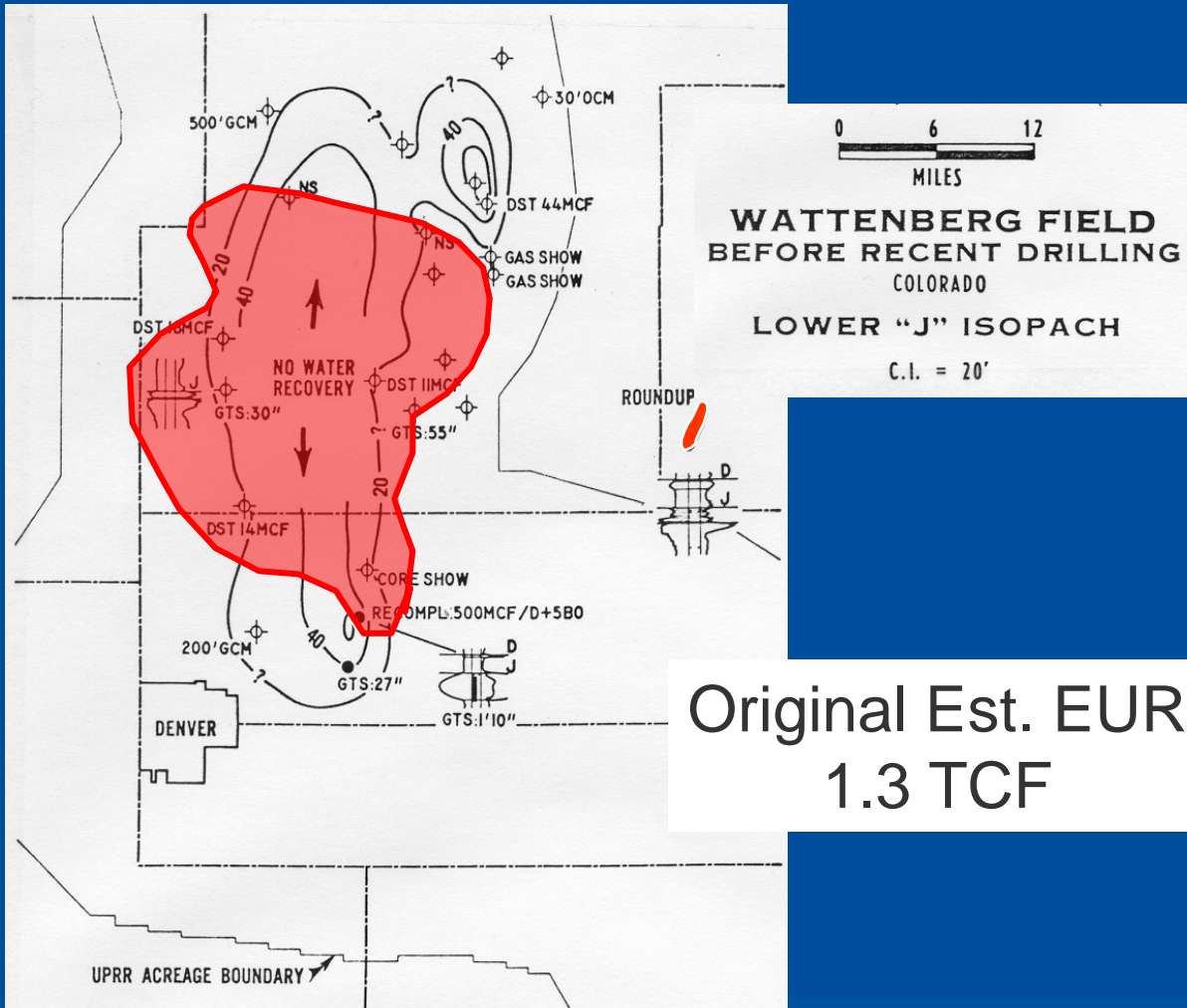
# Rocky Flats Seismic Line

WEST

EAST



# History of Wattenberg Gas Field



## A Near Miss!

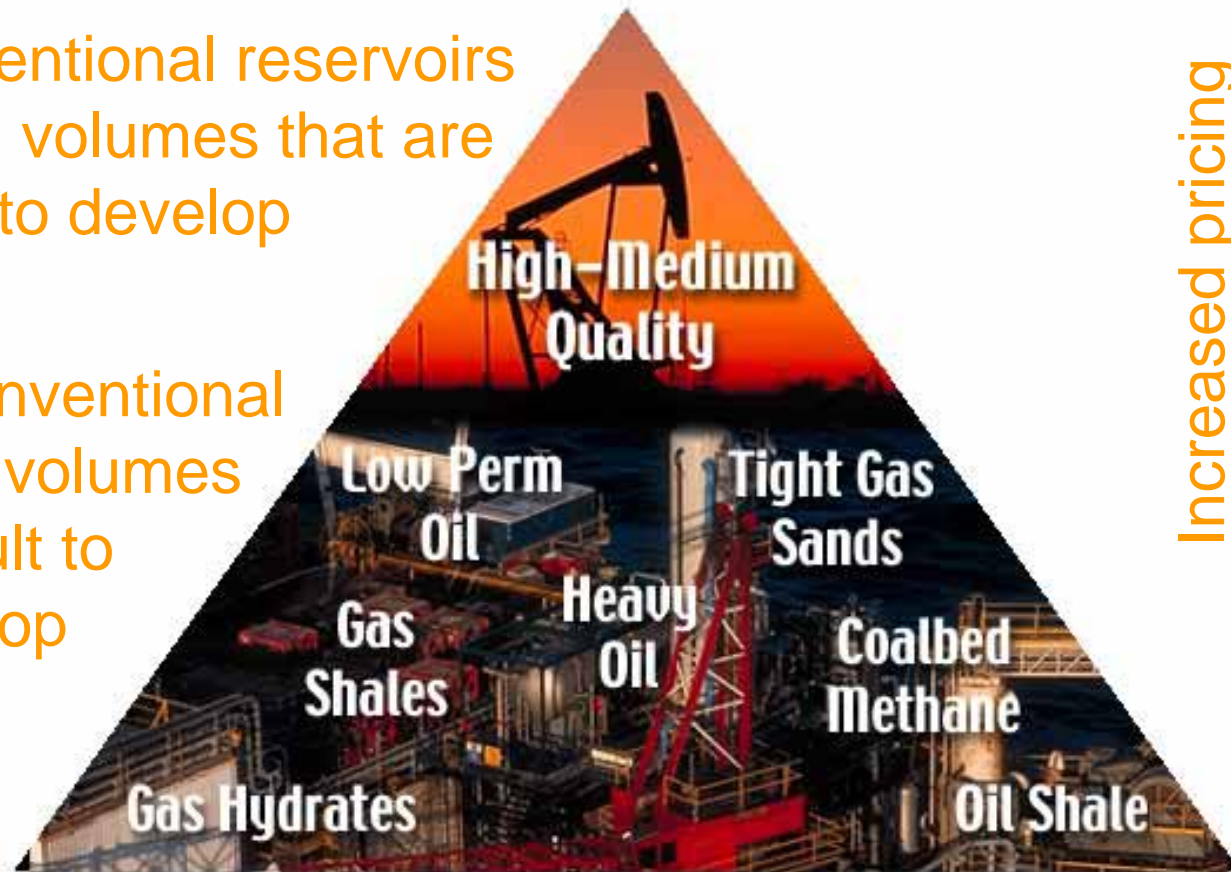
- All DSTs or cores taken in the J indicated shows of gas
- Core analyses of the J compared with those of the Dakota in the SJB
- Old wells in area remarkably similar
- Earlier discovery at Roundup - 1967
- Wattenberg discovered - 1970



# Conventional & Unconventional Reservoirs & The Resource Triangle

Conventional reservoirs  
Small volumes that are  
easy to develop

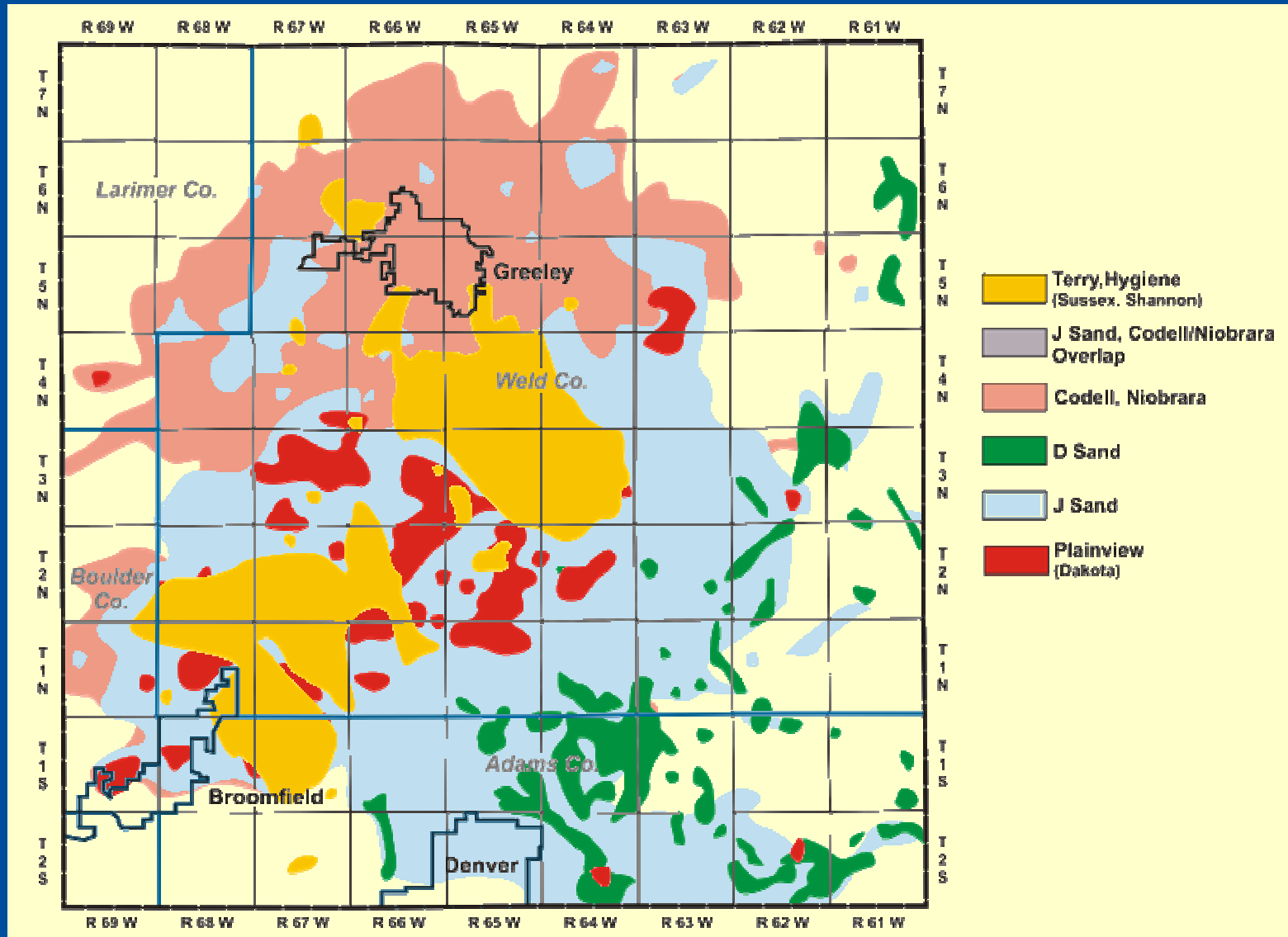
Unconventional  
large volumes  
difficult to  
develop



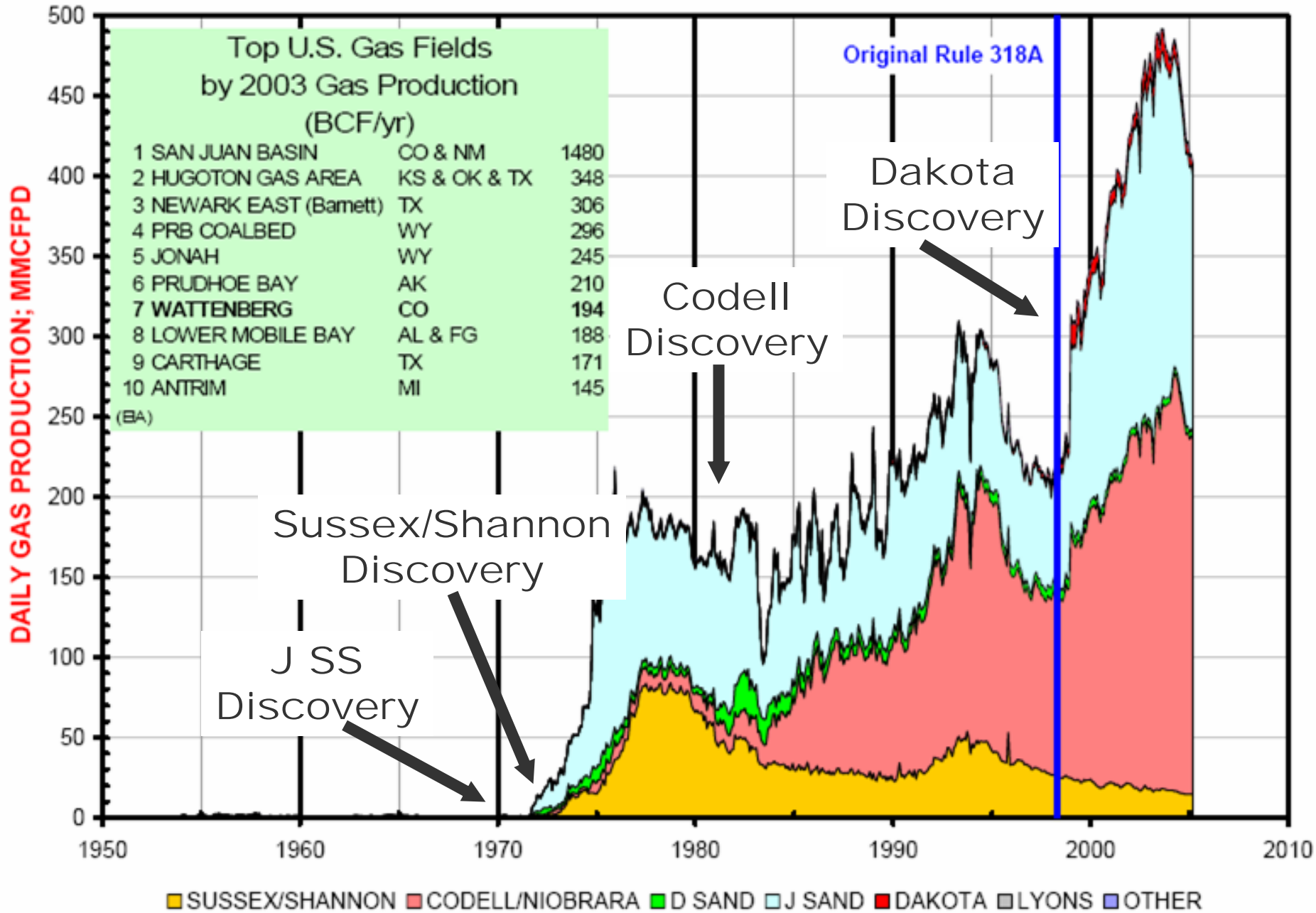
Increased pricing

Improved technology

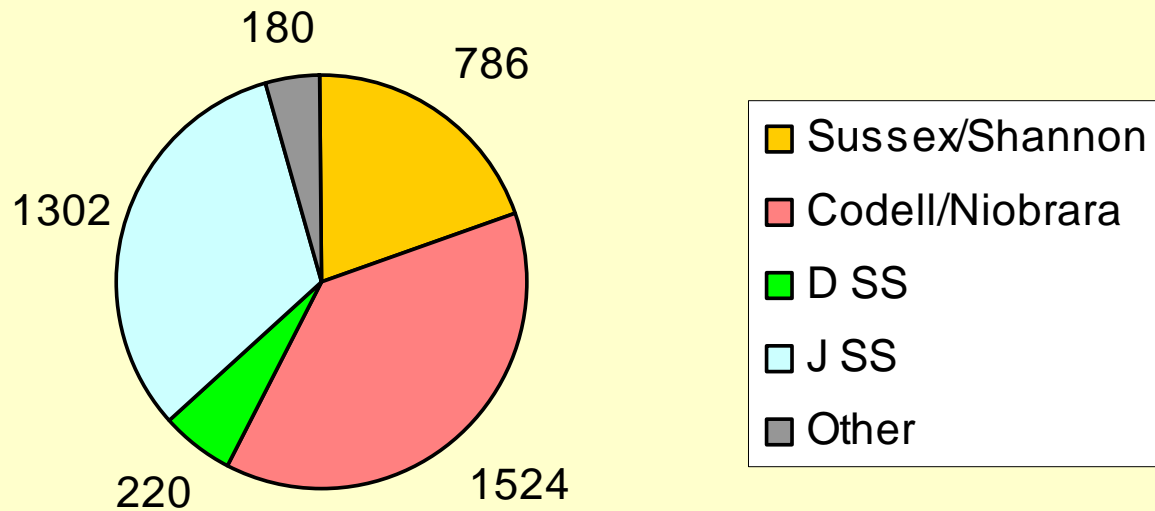
# Currently Productive Areas-GWA







# Cumulative Production GWA



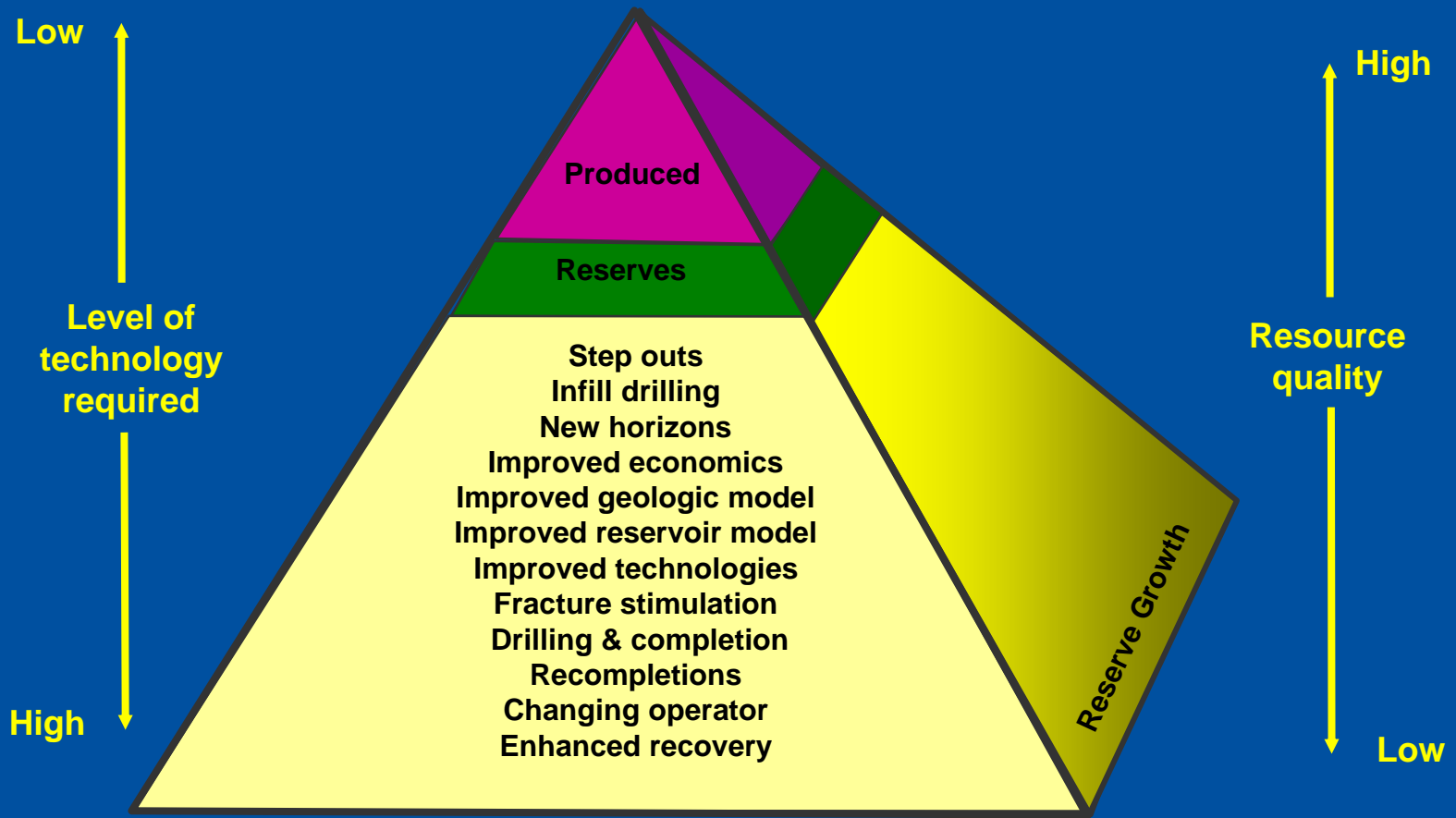
Cum: 4012 BCF<sub>e</sub> (34%)

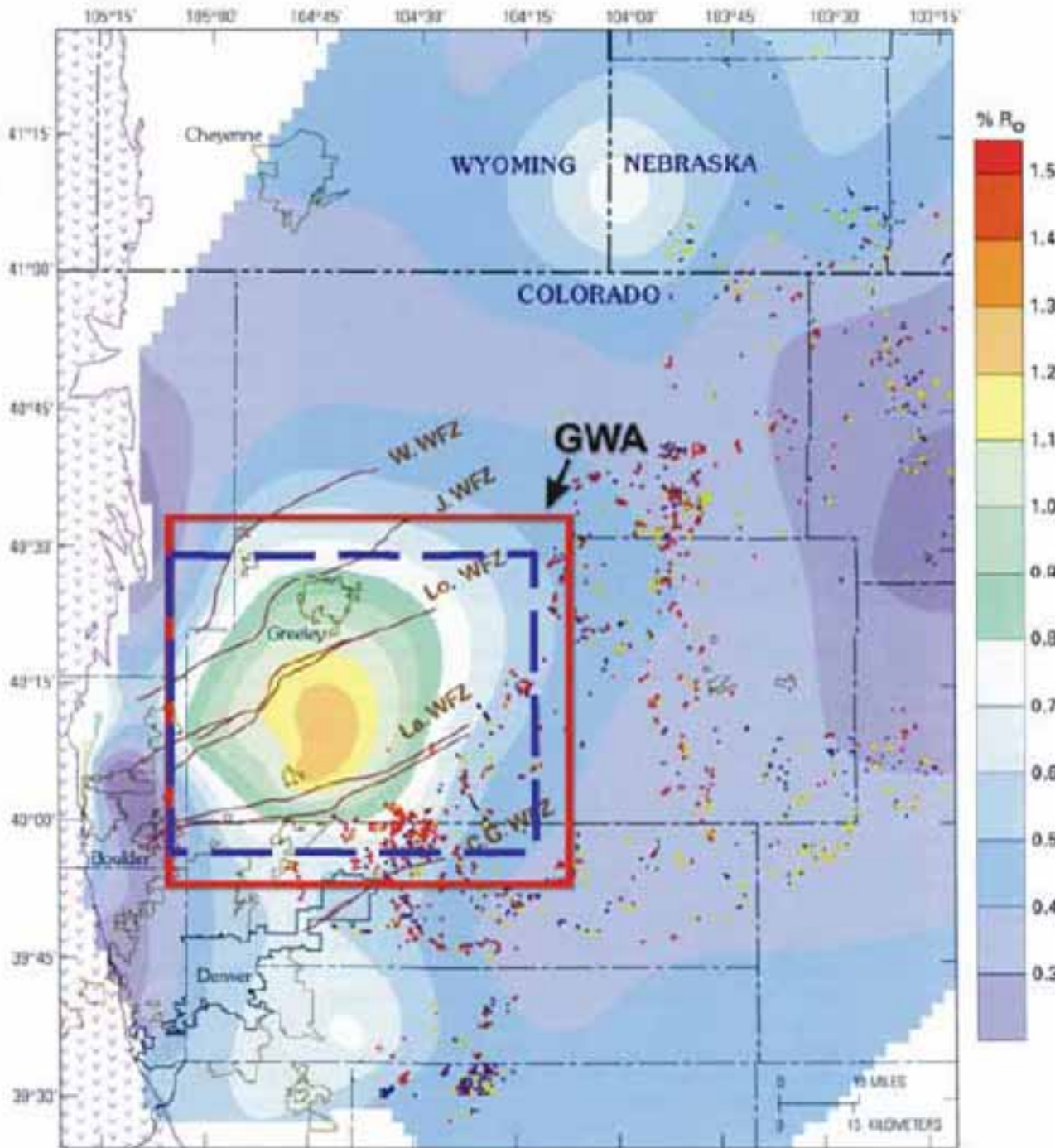
# GWA Spacing History

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- 1970: 320 acre units for drilling & spacing of J Sand
- 1979: Additional J Sand well allowed per 320 acre unit
- 1980: Section 29 tax credit; Tight gas sand designation (exp. 2002)
- 1983: Codell spaced on 80 acre
- 1984,85: Niobrara added to Codell spacing order
- 1991: J Sand wells can be recompleted to C-N & commingling of all downhole zones allowed
- 1998: Rule 318A allows 5 wells per quarter section in GWA for all Cretaceous age formations (81 townships)
- 2005: Rule 318A modified to allow for section line & quarter section line wells (~ 20 acre spacing 27 townships)

# Oil & Gas Field Growth





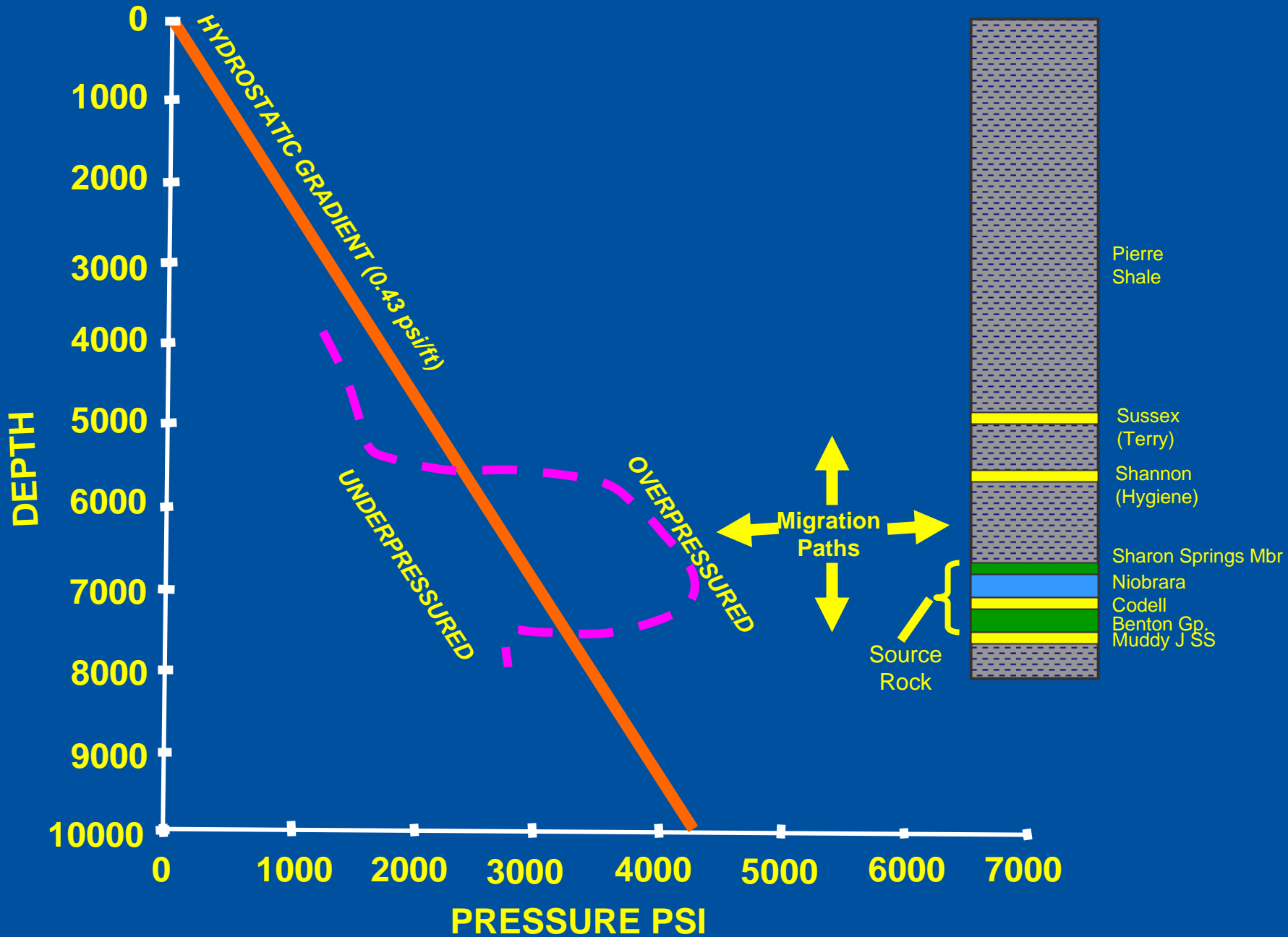
## The Wattenberg Geothermal Anomaly

Vitrinite Reflectance Values, %Ro

# Wattenberg Thermal Anomaly

---

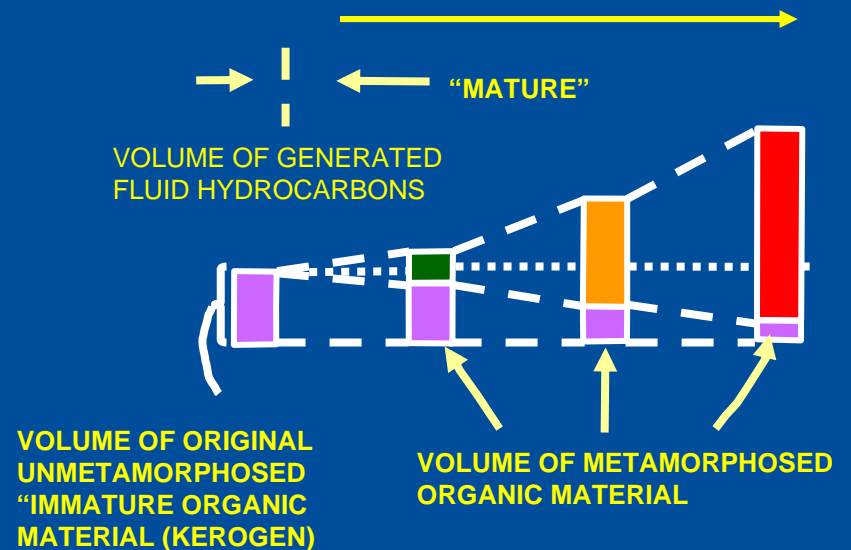
- Related to igneous masses in basement
- Located where CMD intersects Denver Basin
- Direct temperature measurements in wells
- Ro values
- GORs



# Overpressuring in Rockies Basins



INCREASING THERMAL METAMORPHISM

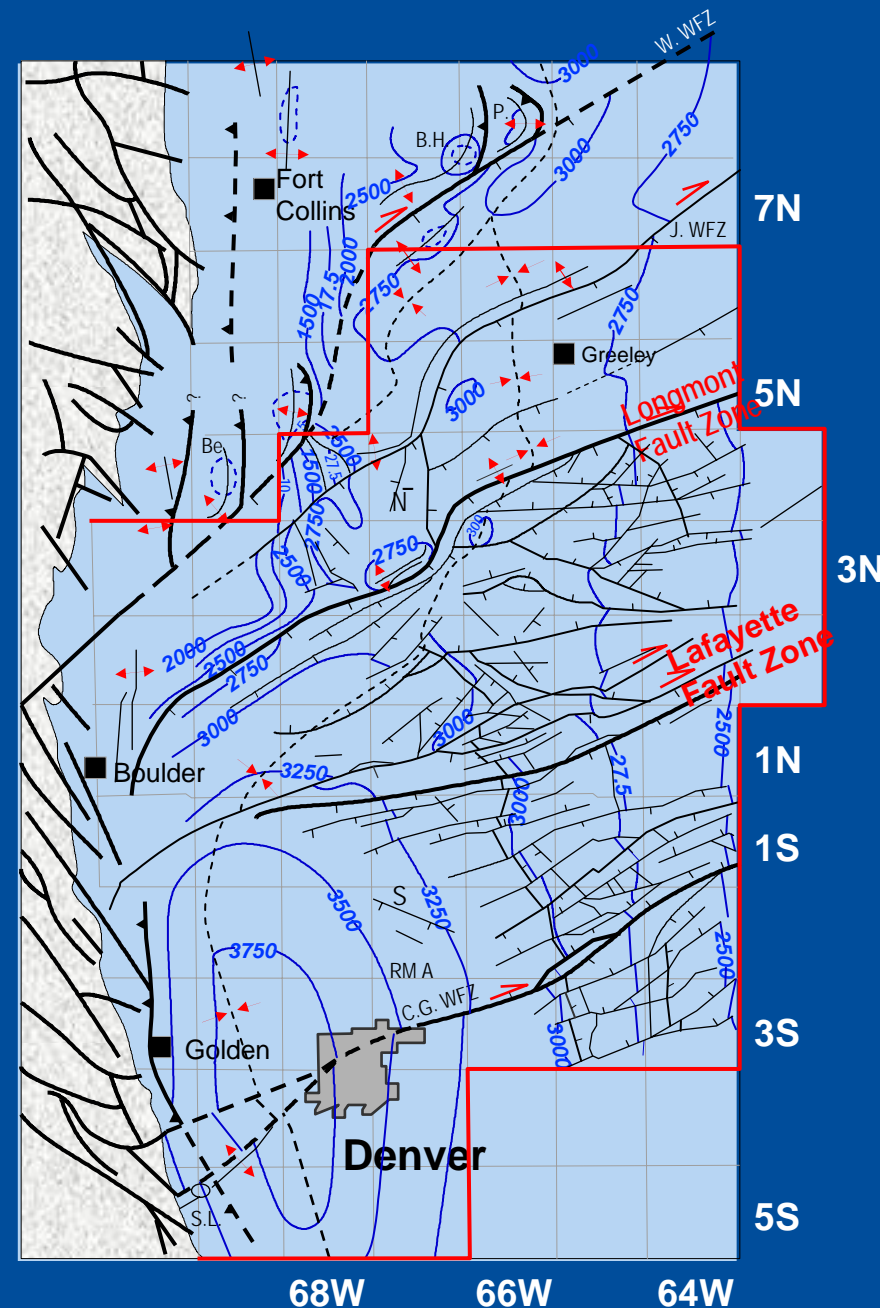


ASSUMES GENERATED HYDROCARBONS ARE  
RETAINED IN SYSTEM & CONVERT TO  
STABLE SPECIES

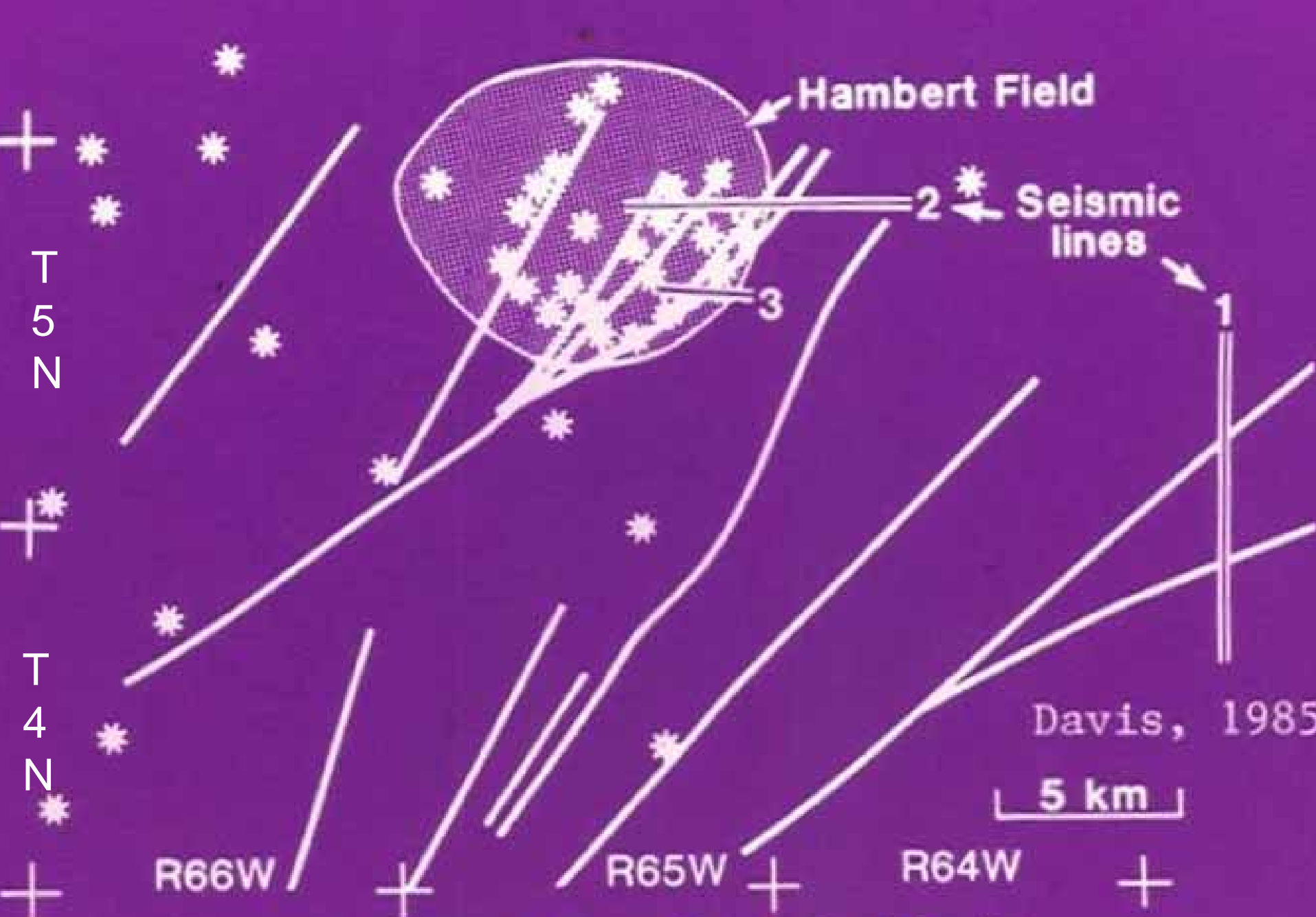


# Structural Overview

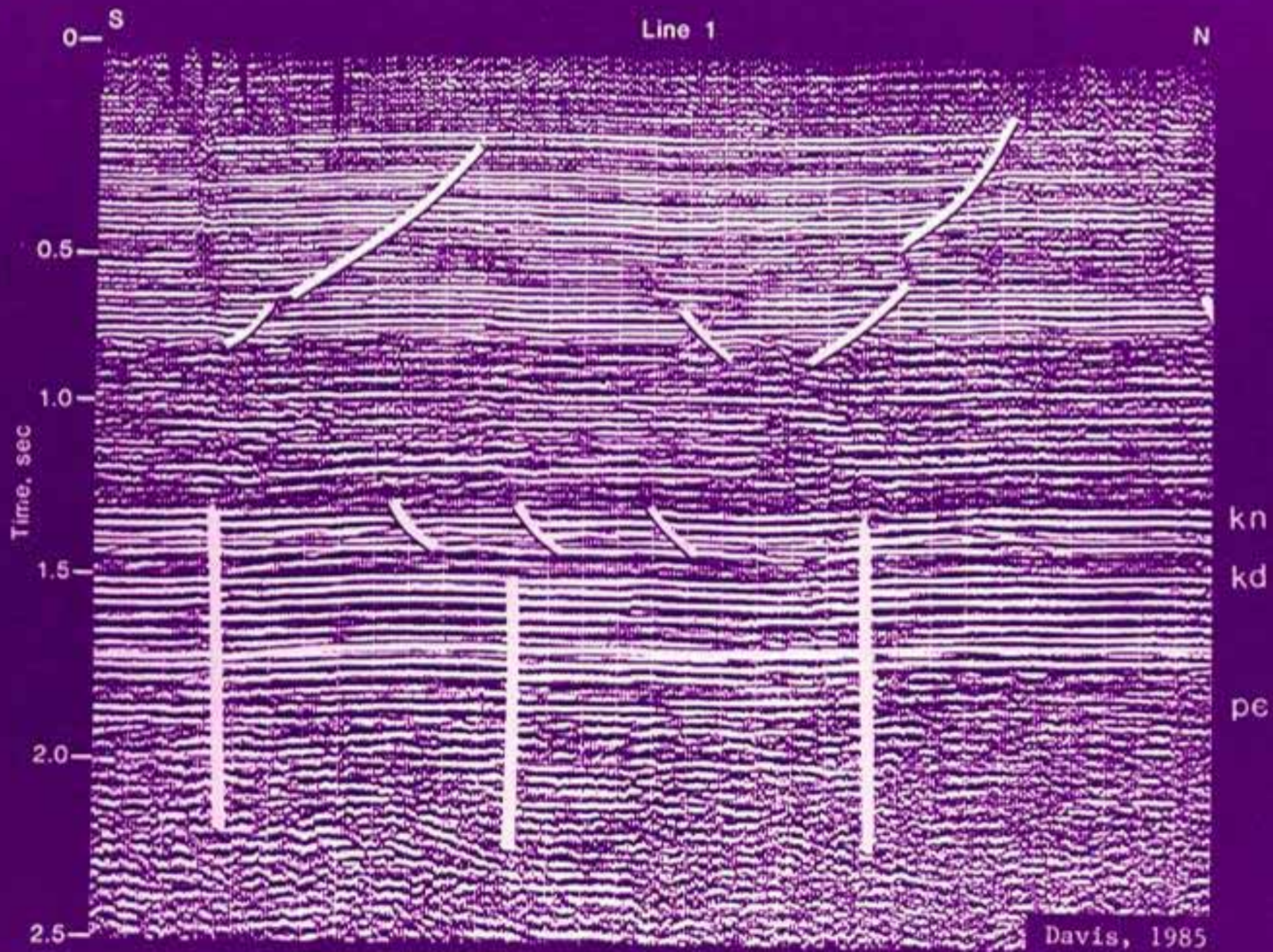
- North-trending structural axis
- Northeast trending right lateral wrench faults
- Antithetic and synthetic horsts and grabens

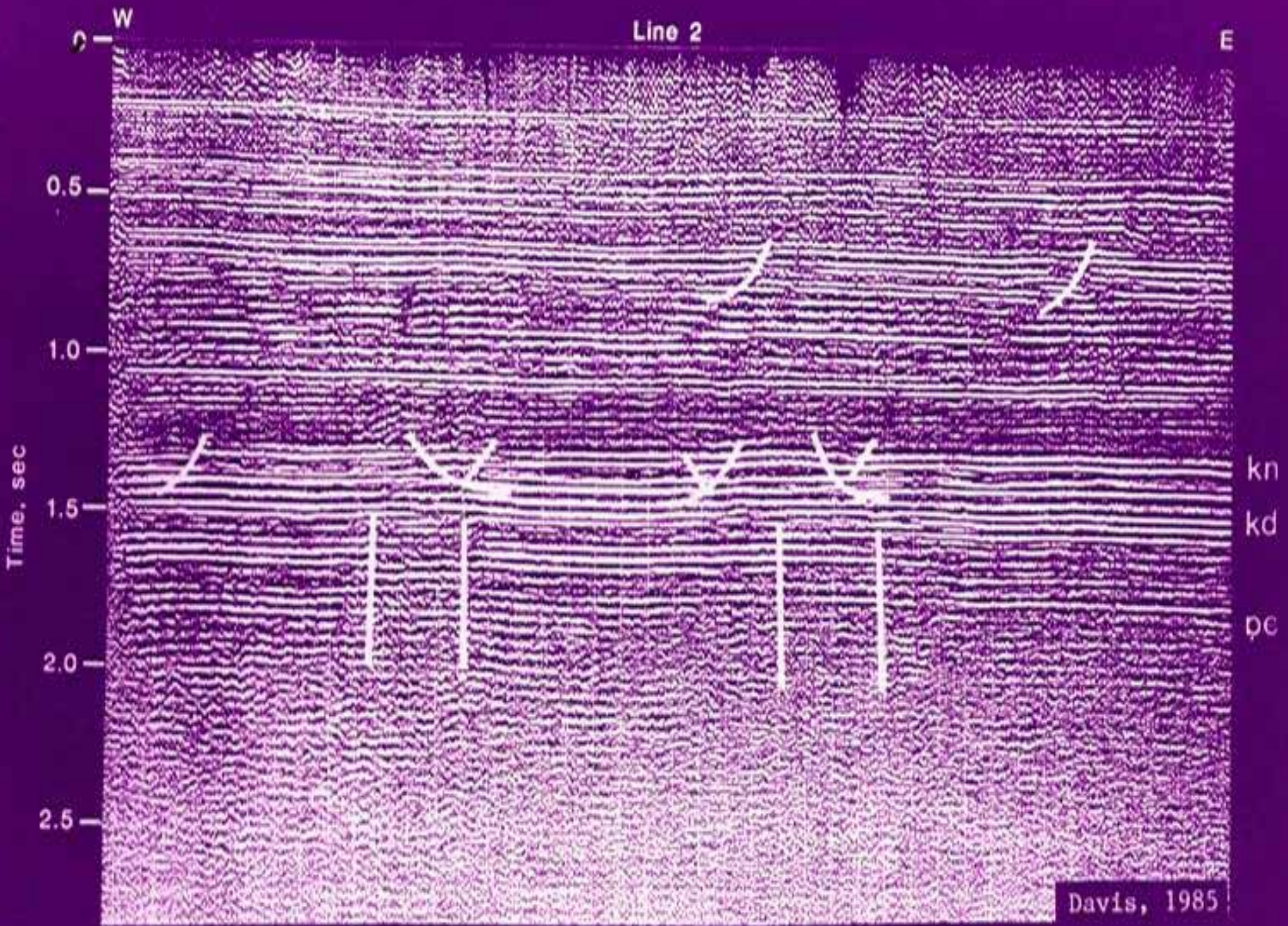


Contours represent subsea depths to top J SS



Tectonic Map - Basement faults



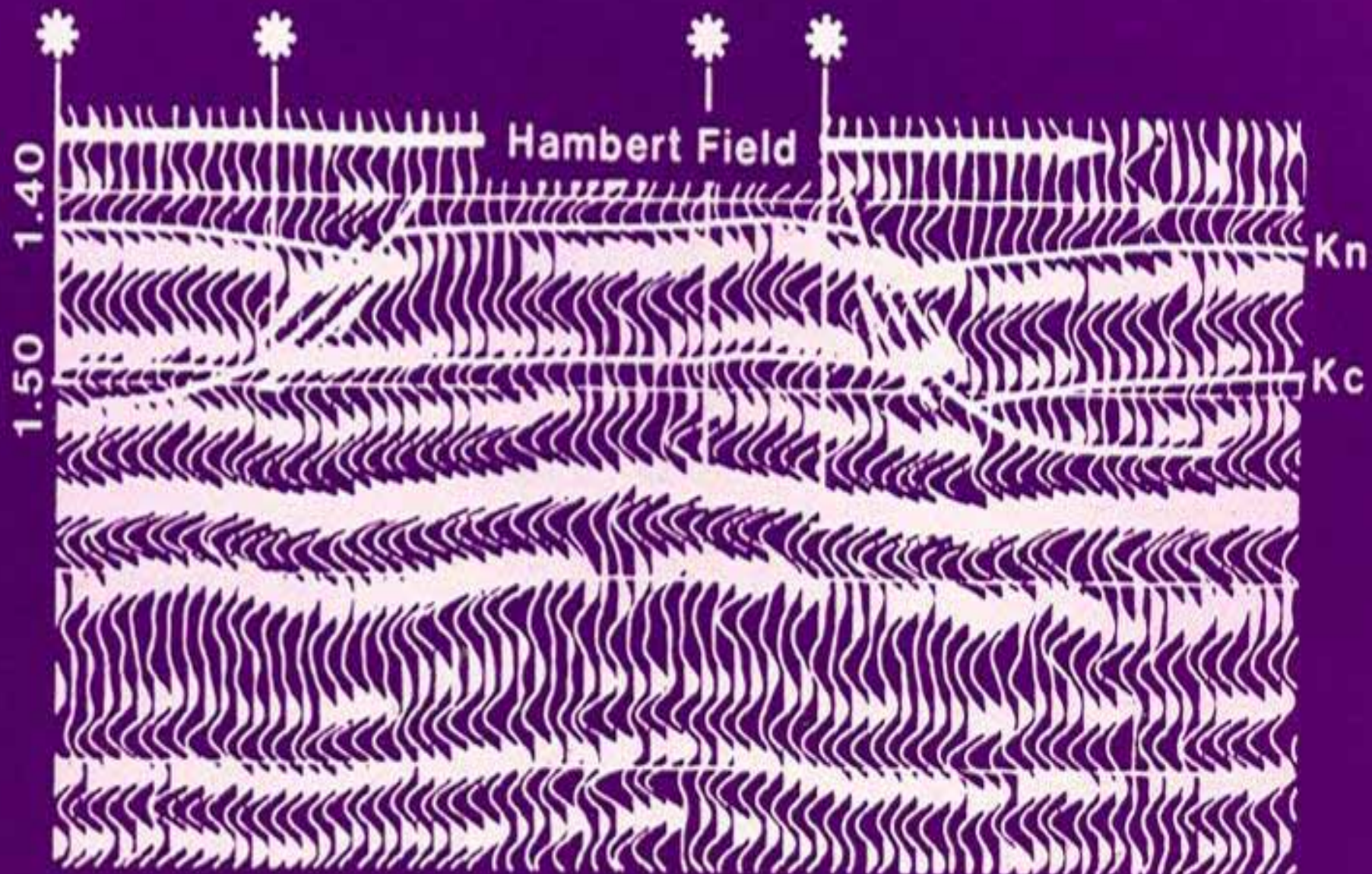


Davis, 1985

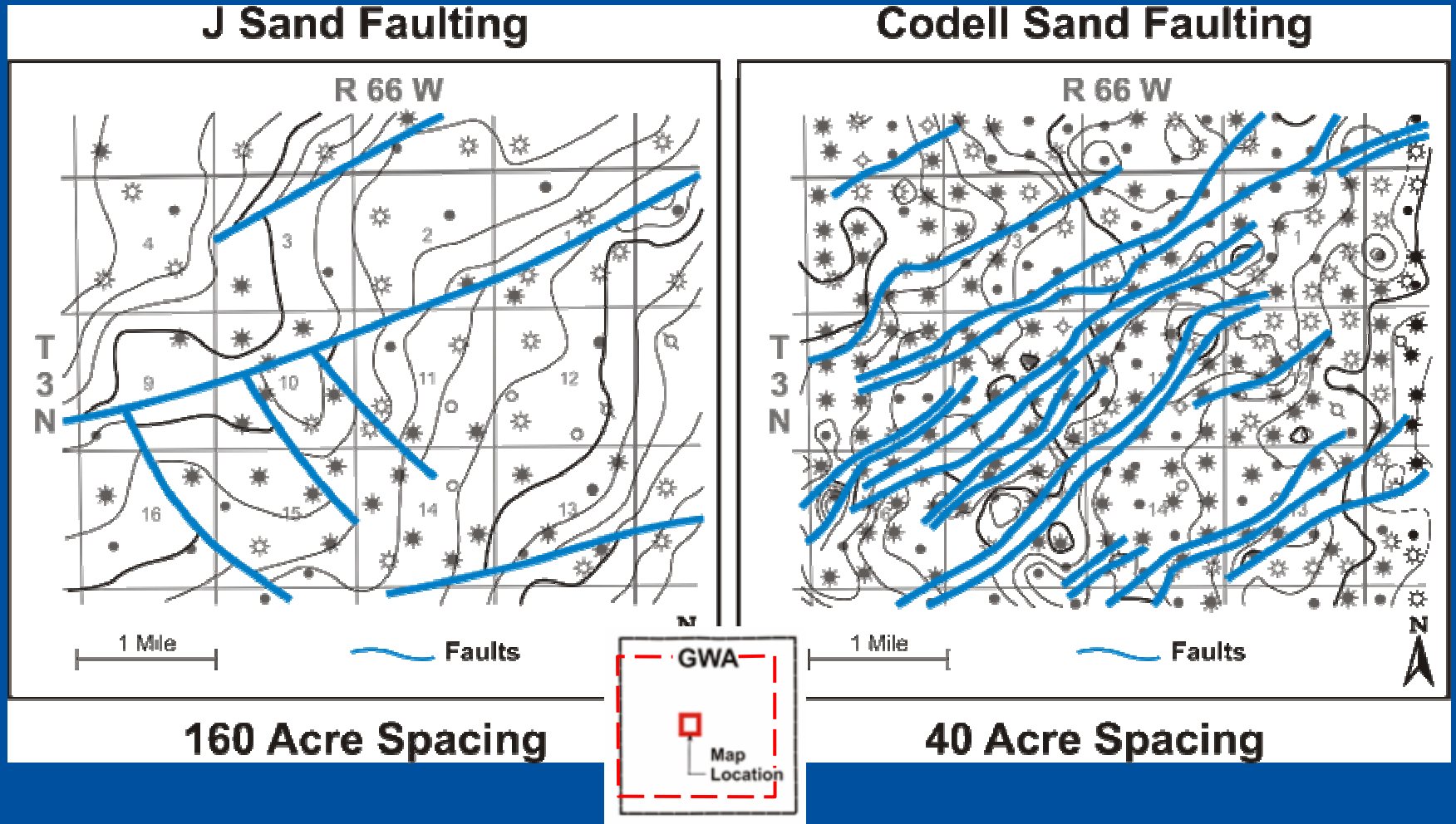
W

Line 3

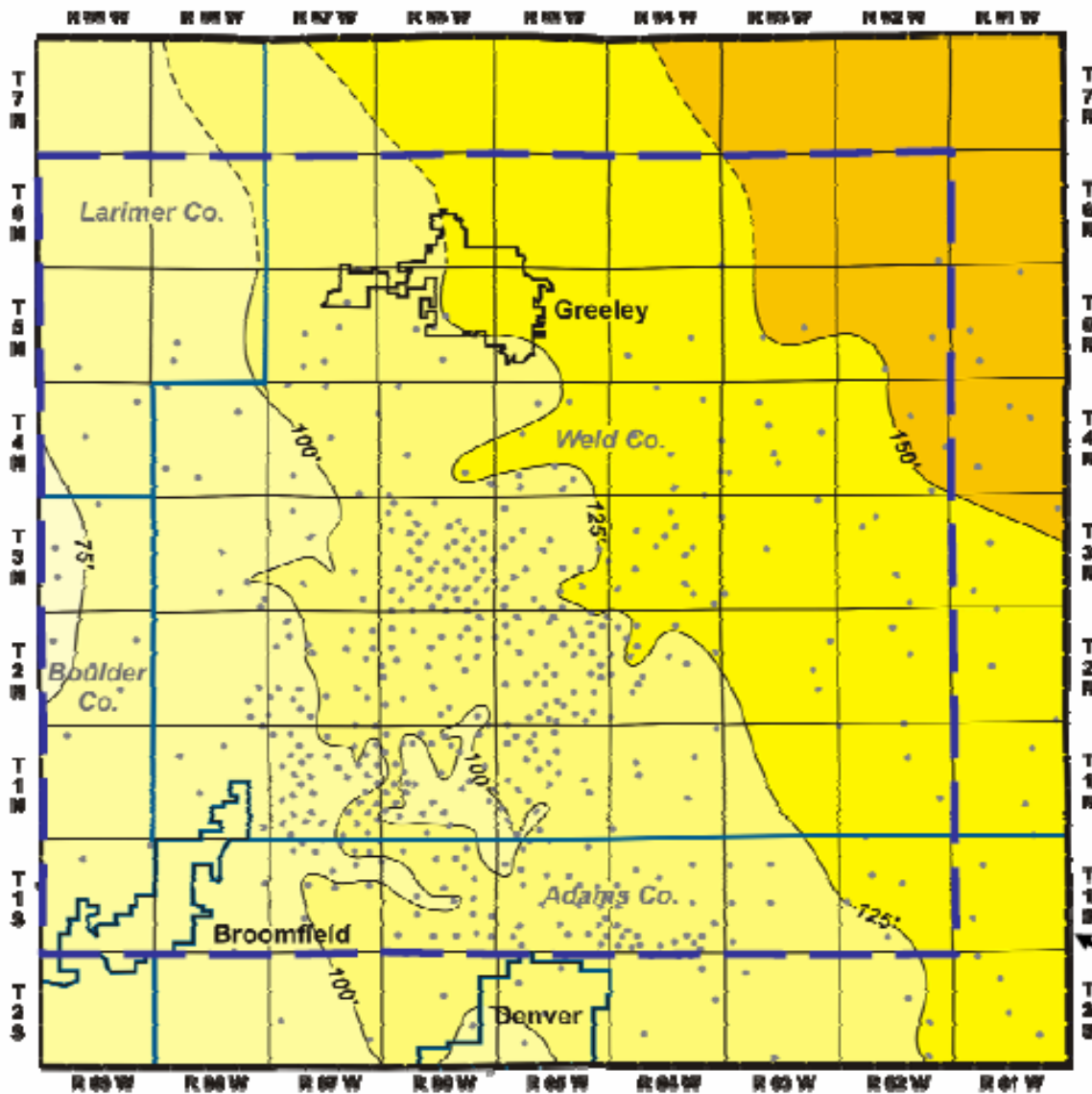
E



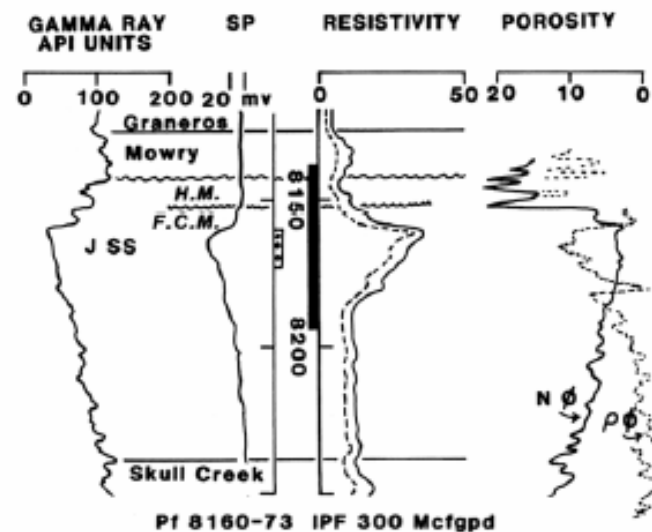
# Codell Faulting Density is Greater than J Sand



# Isopach Map of J Sand

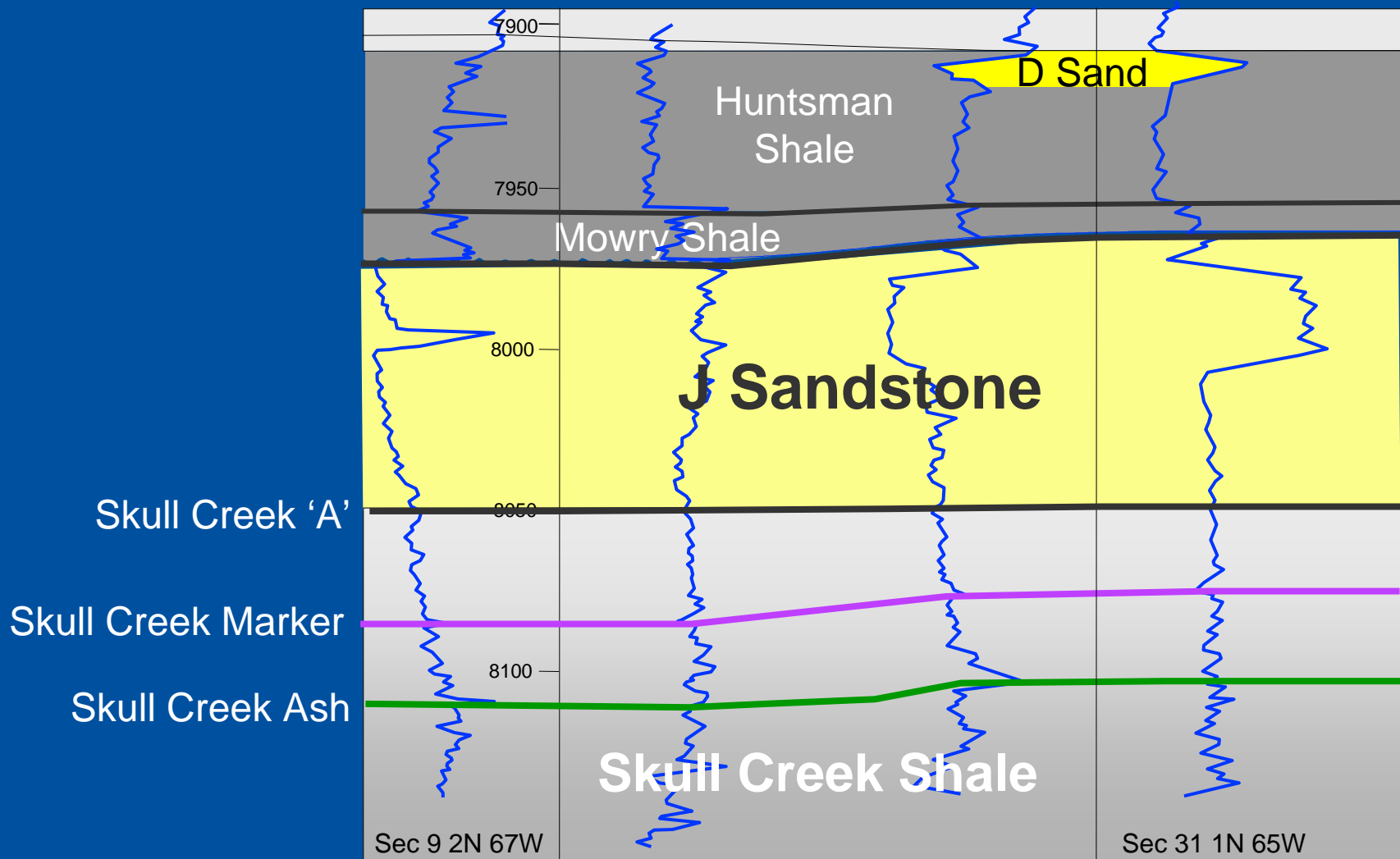


AMOCO # 1 ROCKY MTN FUEL  
Nw Sw Sec. 8-T1N-R67W

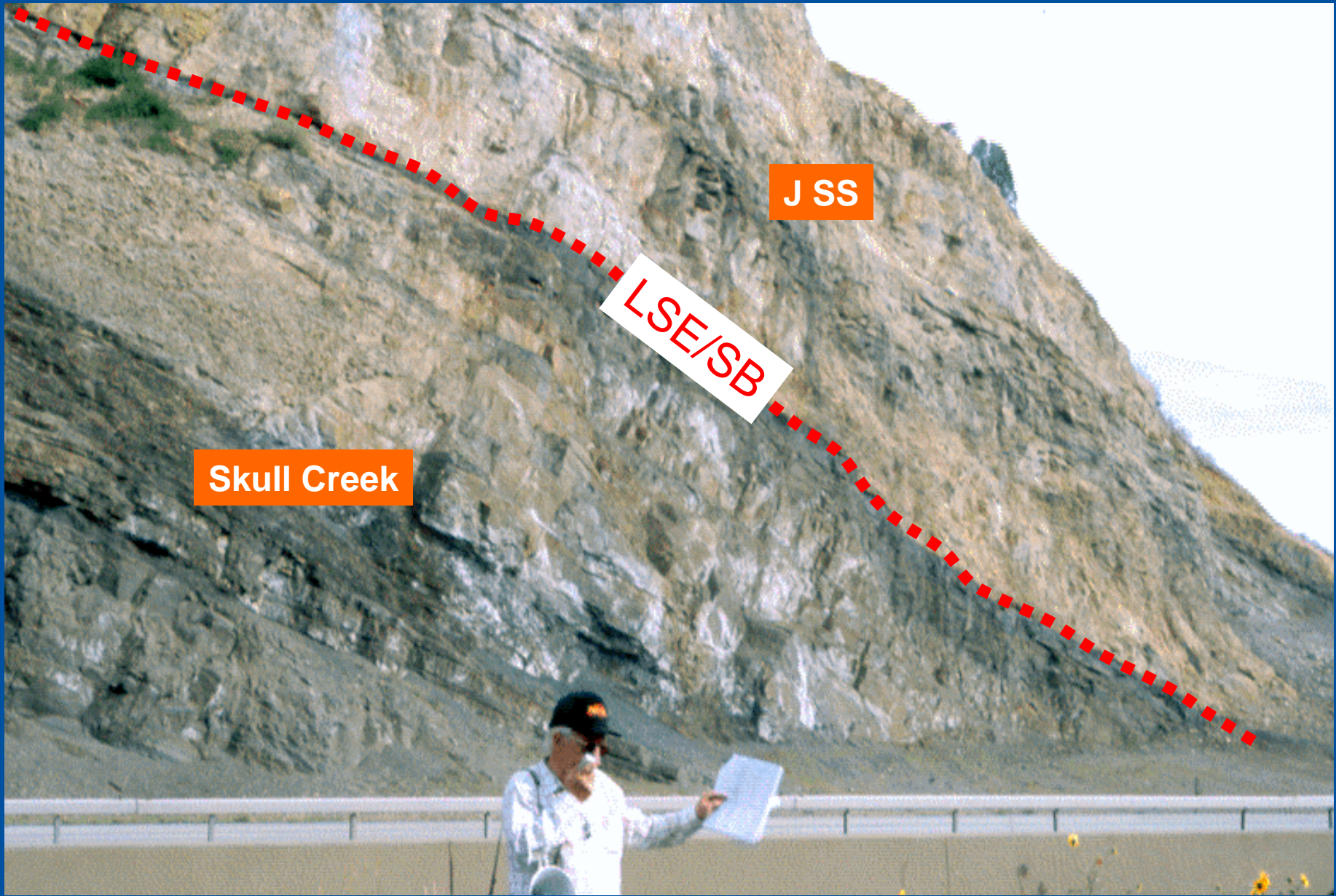


GWA

# J Sandstone Stratigraphic Nomenclature





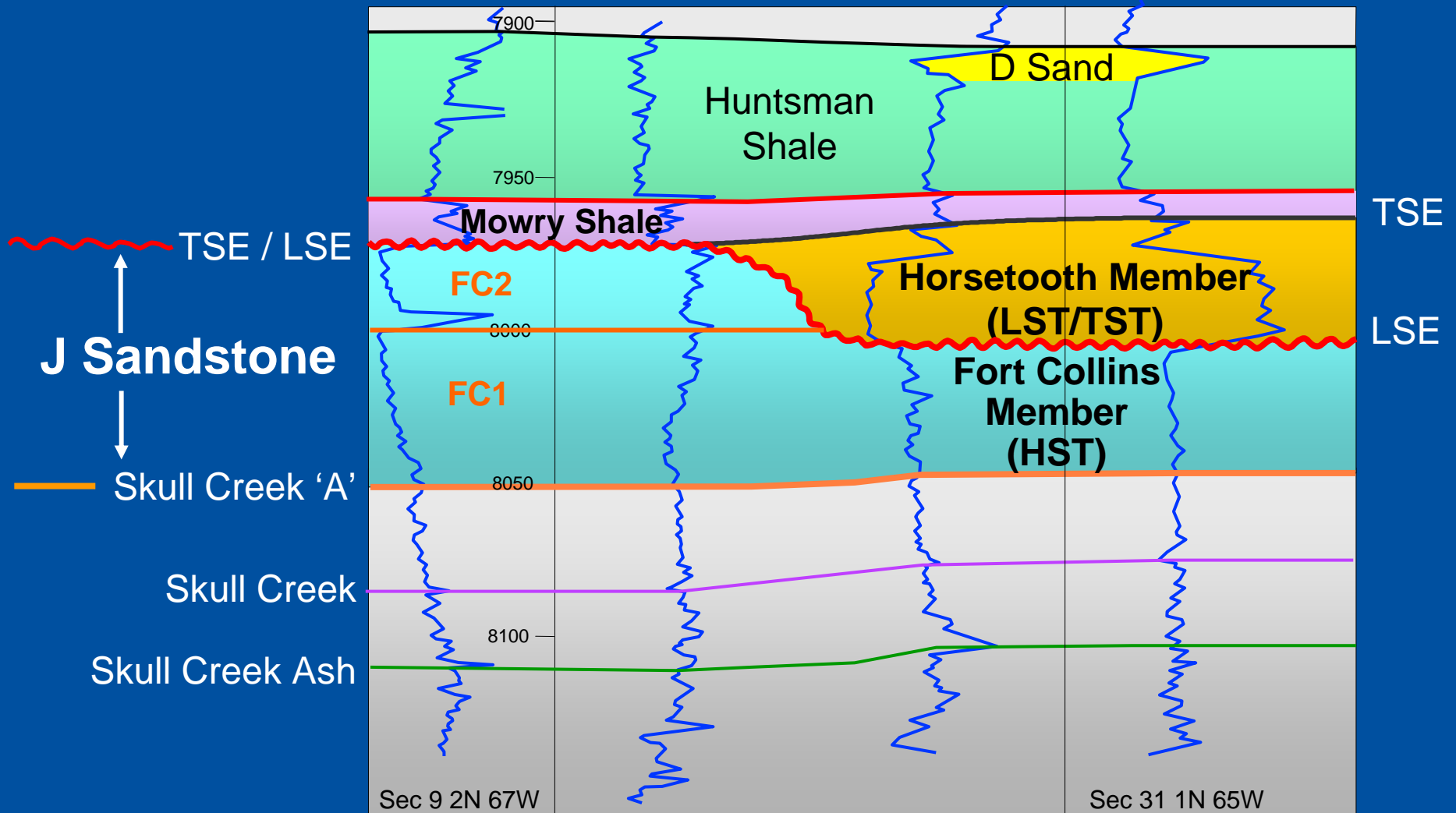


Skull Creek

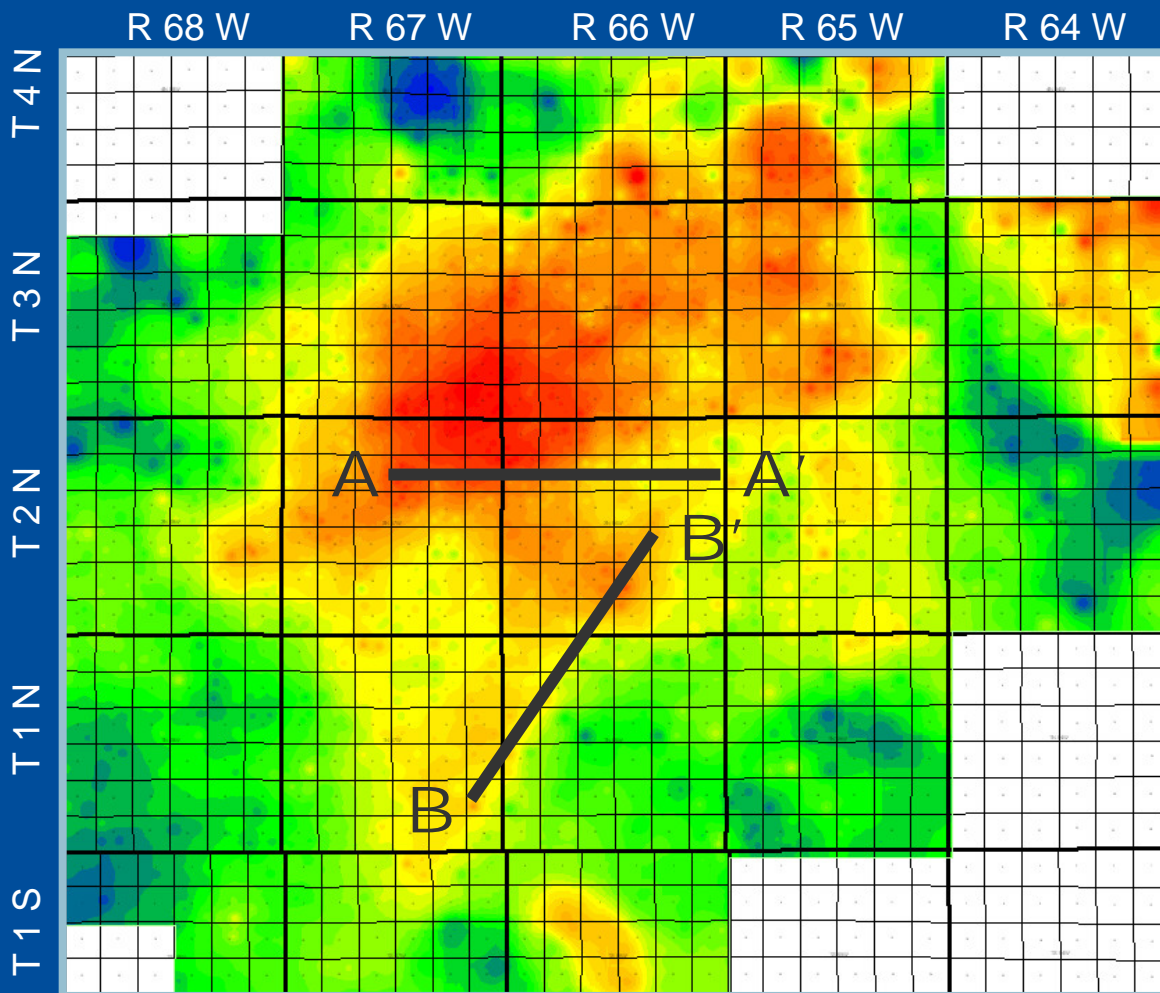
LSE/SB

J SS

# Sequence Stratigraphy of J Sandstone



# J Sandstone Original Gas in Place



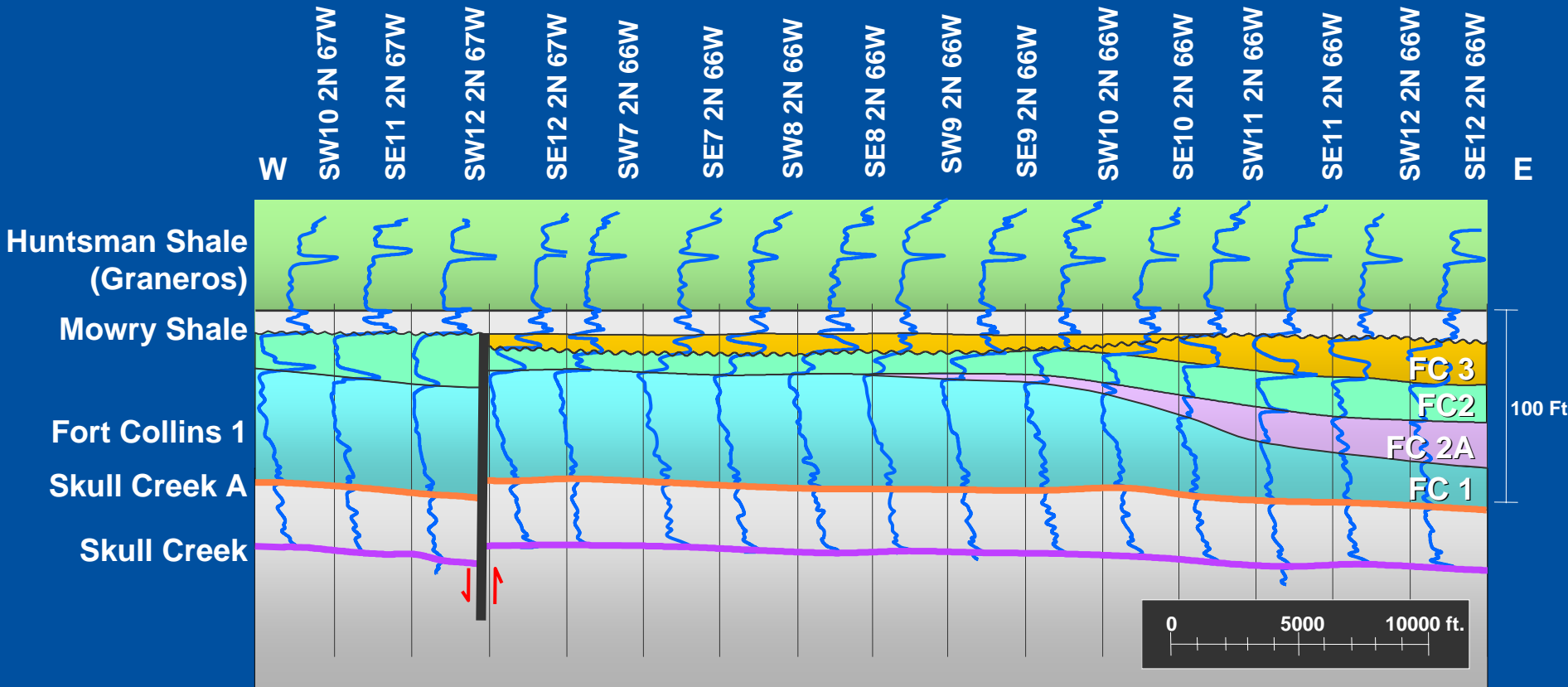
EUR

Red > 15 Bcf / sec.

Green 10 - 12 Bcf / sec.

Blue < 8 Bcf / sec.

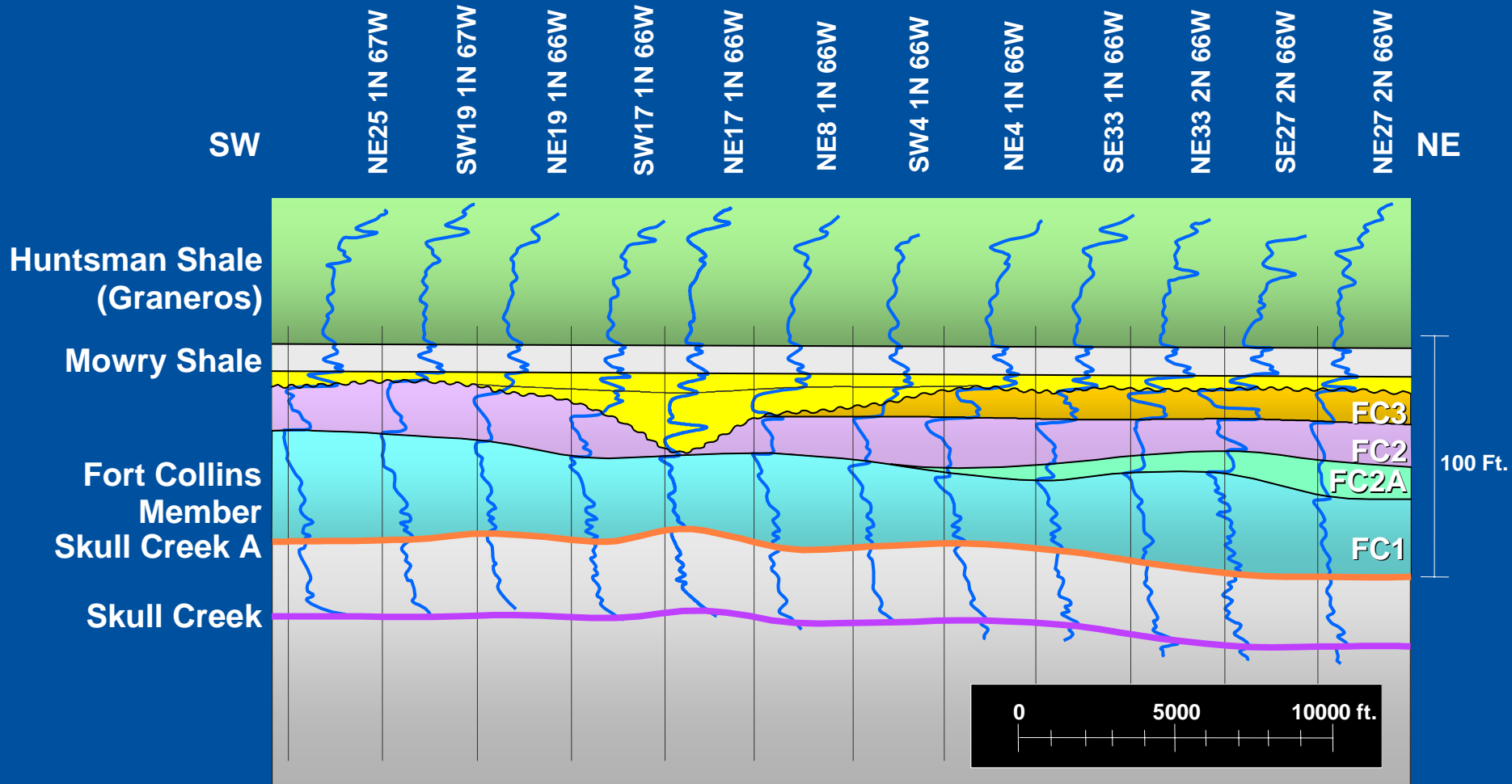
# Sequence Stratigraphy of Fort Collins Member



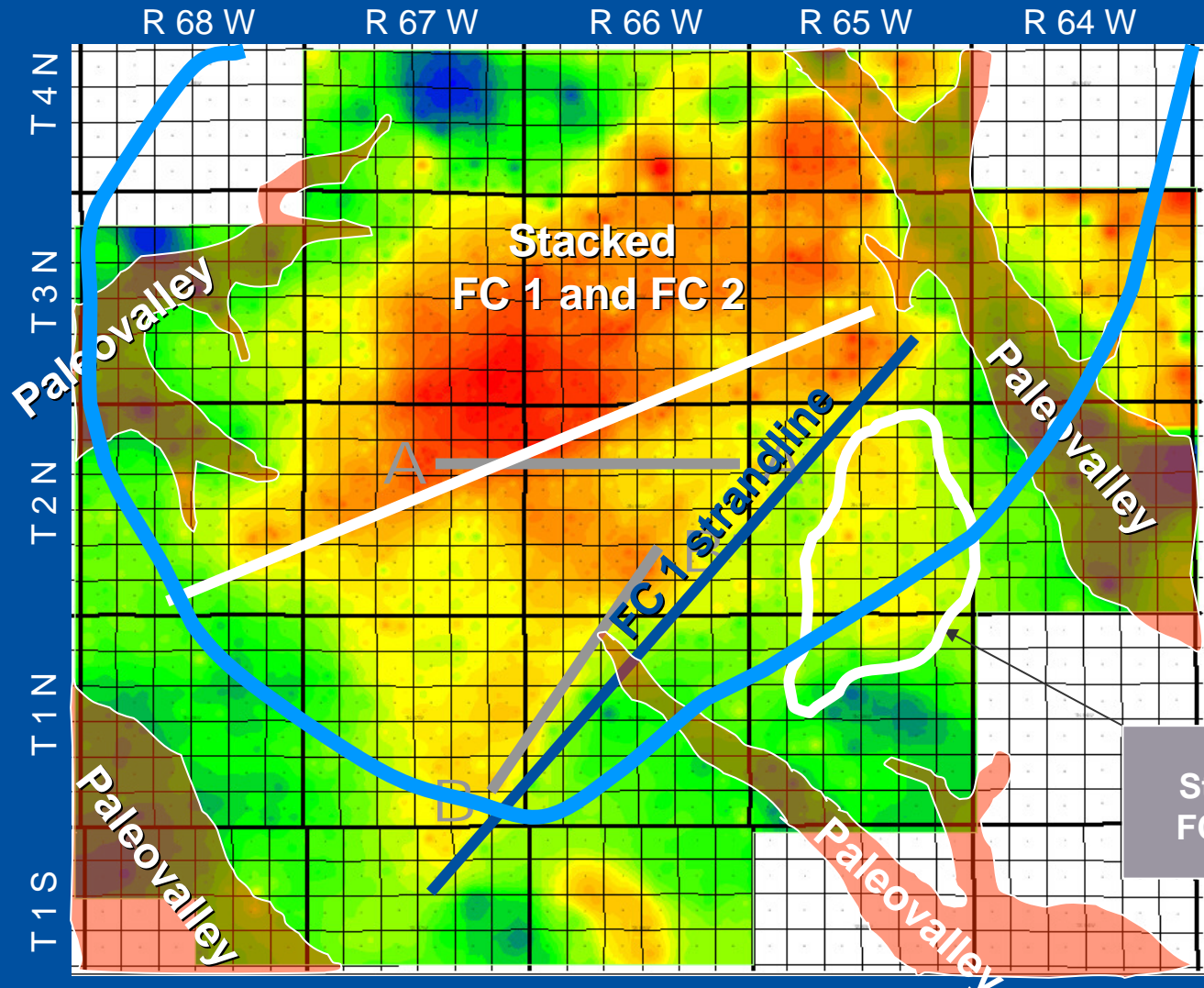
# Kugel 21-18



# Horsetooth Valley Cross Section



# J Gas Trap Is Stratigraphic (Facies Pinch-out & Muddy Valley-fill)



J %Ro > 1  
(blue line  
after Higley  
& Cox,  
2005)

Stacked  
FC 2 & 3

modified from Hu, 2002; Gustason and Sonnenberg, 2003

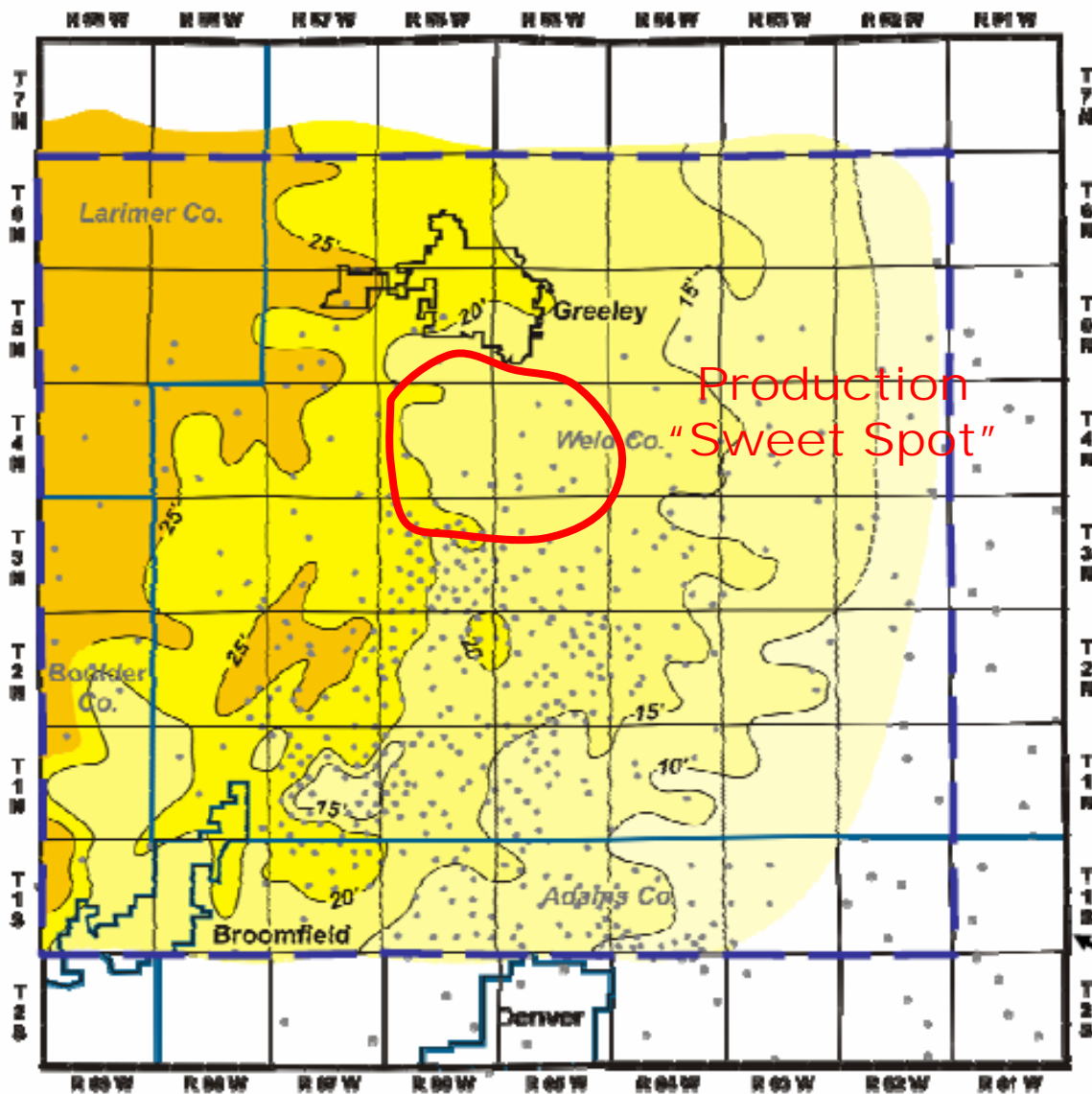
# Pertinent Data – Muddy J Sandstone, Wattenberg Field

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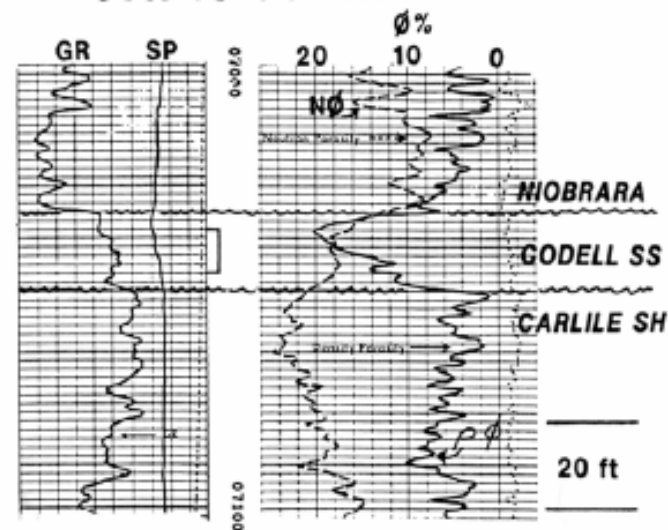
|                          |                  |
|--------------------------|------------------|
| • Depth                  | 7,600 – 8,400 ft |
| • BHT, °F                | 260              |
| • BHP, psig              | 2,900            |
| • Gross sand, ft         | 50 to 100        |
| • Net pay, ft            | 10 to 50         |
| • Porosity, %            | 8 to 12          |
| • Permeability, md       | 0.05 – 0.005     |
| • Original spacing       | 320              |
| • Est. original reserves | 1.3 TCF          |
| • Current Est. Cum       | 1.3 TCF          |



# Codell Sand



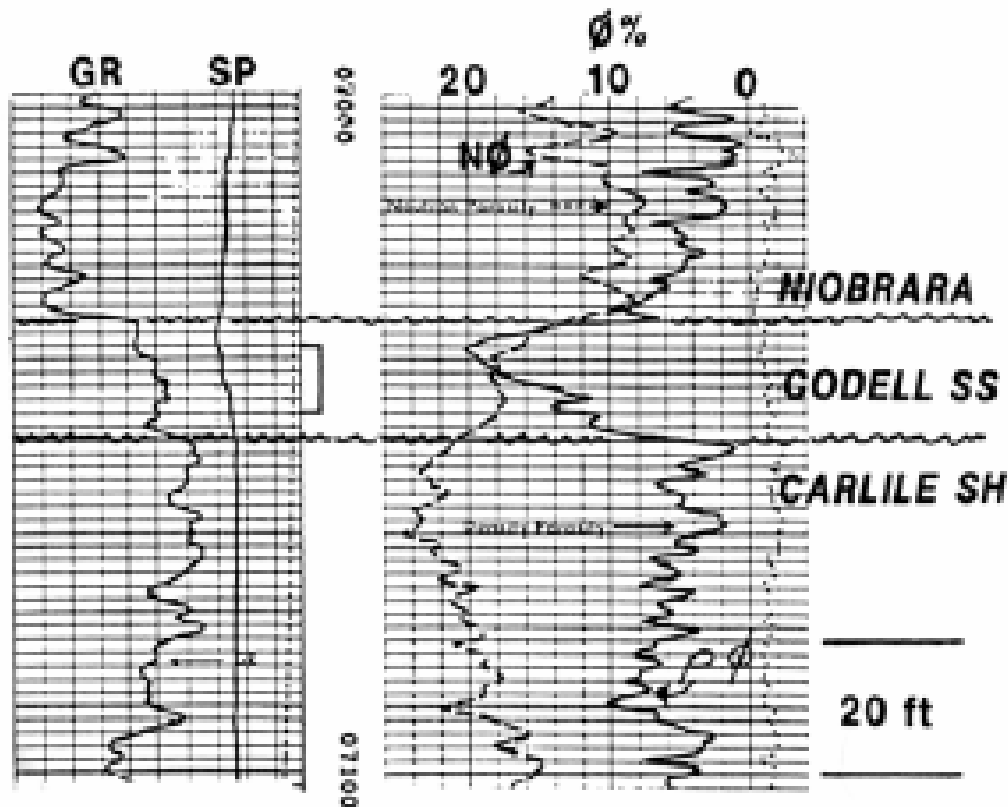
**DOME # 1-13 FRANK  
Sec. 13-T4N-R65W**



Pt: 7036-46 IPF 76 BOPD, 650 MCFGPD, GOR 8552,  
sty 60 FTP 2800

GWA

# Dome # 1-13 Frank Sec. 13-T4N-R65W



Pt: 7036-46 IPF 76 BOPD, 650 MCFGPD, GOR 8552,  
qty 60 FTP 2800



# Niobrara & Codell Type Log

NW SE NW  
Sec. 8, T3N-R67W

NIOBRARA  
A CHALK

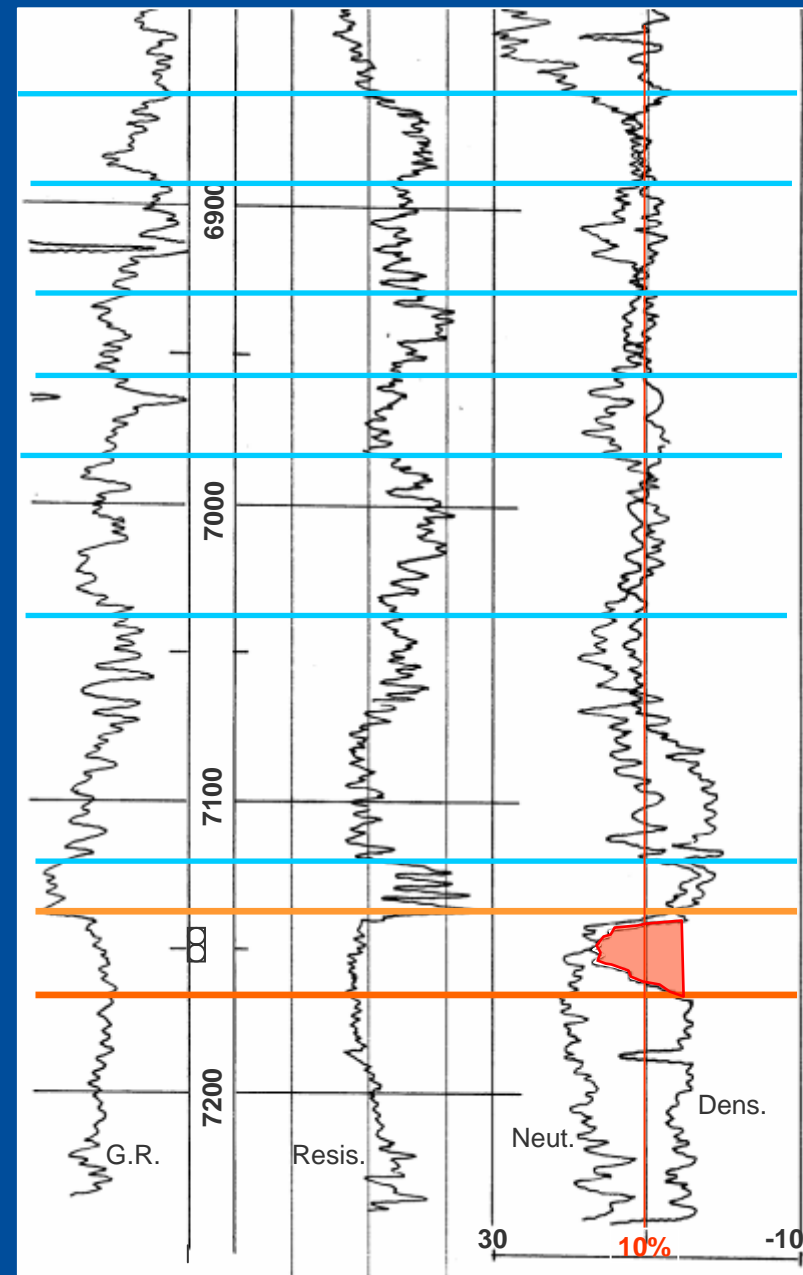
B CHALK

C CHALK

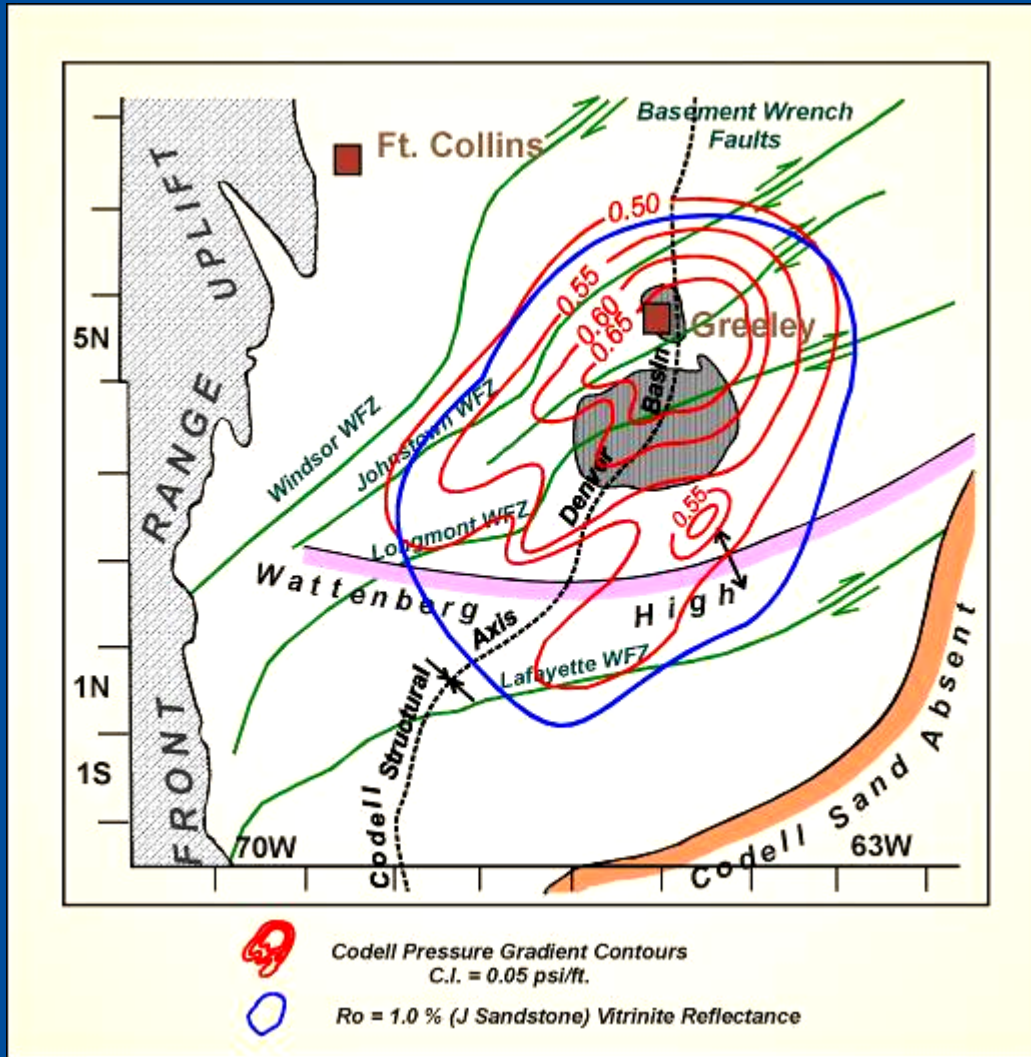
FT. HAYES

CODELL

CARLILE



# Codeill Pressure Gradient



- Based upon P-buildups
- Range: 0.366-0.669 psi/ft.
- Coincident with basin axis
- Most north of “Wattenberg High”
- Follows  $J R_o = 1\%$  outline (blue)
- High GOR, sweet spot (gray area) coincident with temperature anomaly

# Pertinent Data – Codell Sandstone, Wattenberg Field

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- Depth 7,100 – 7,300 ft
- BHT, °F 220
- BHP, psig 4,600
- Gross sand, ft 10-15
- Net pay, ft 5-12
- Porosity, % 8 to 12
- Permeability, md 0.05 – 0.005
- Original spacing 80
- Est. original reserves NA

# Lessons Learned

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- Bypassed pay
- Technology
- Field growth
- Long range migration
- Reservoir compartmentalization
- LRLC pays
- Geothermal anomalies