#### What was the significance of MLK's assassination?

**Learning Objectives**: To explain the significance of MLK's death to the Civil Rights Movement

**Key Terms, Events, Names:** James Earl Ray, Poor People's campaign, Resurrection City

### DR. KING SLAIN BY **SNIPER IN MEMPHIS**



f Noted Civil Rights Leader

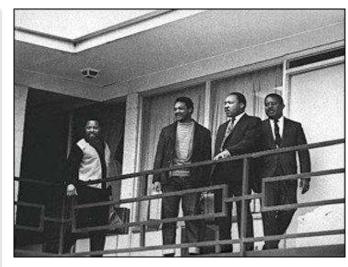


## Political Assassinations of the 1960s

During the 1960s, several important US political figures were assassinated:

- President Kennedy (November 1963)
- Malcolm X (February 1965)
- Martin Luther King (April 1968)
- Robert Kennedy (June 1968)

King was shot by a white gunman outside a motel in Memphis on <u>4<sup>th</sup></u> <u>April 1968</u>.





# Why was King so Important?

- Good organiser Lead the Montgomery Bus Boycott, Created the SCLC, Organised the Washington Marches and others
- Great Speaker Could persuade people easily. I have a dream speech etc…
- <u>Famous</u> Was known worldwide for winning the Noble Peace Prize which attracted media attention to the movement.
- Right Message His message of non-violent direct action protest with a Christian ethos inspired both black and white people to support the movement.

What quality is MLK remembered for the most?



## Consequences of his death

- 1. To many, King's death seemed like the end of the movement they felt he had held together. Civil Rights had <u>lost its</u> <u>greatest figurehead and organiser</u>.
- 2. His death caused widespread mourning all over the USA and worldwide.
- 3. It also **sparked off riots** across many US cities and towns, with the damage being huge not only to the towns but to the image of the Civil Rights Movement itself.





## Consequences of his death

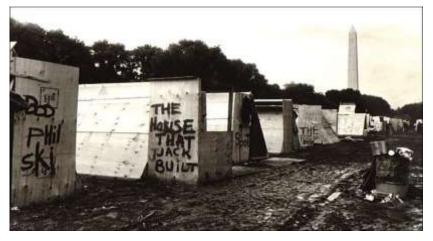
Civil Rights leaders like **Ralph Abernathy**, who had been working to keep things going, were seen as not being able to control the situation.

4 weeks after the assassination, leaders like Abernathy tried to keep up the momentum of the movement by leading a group of marchers to Washington to continue the **Poor People's** campaign that King had set up.

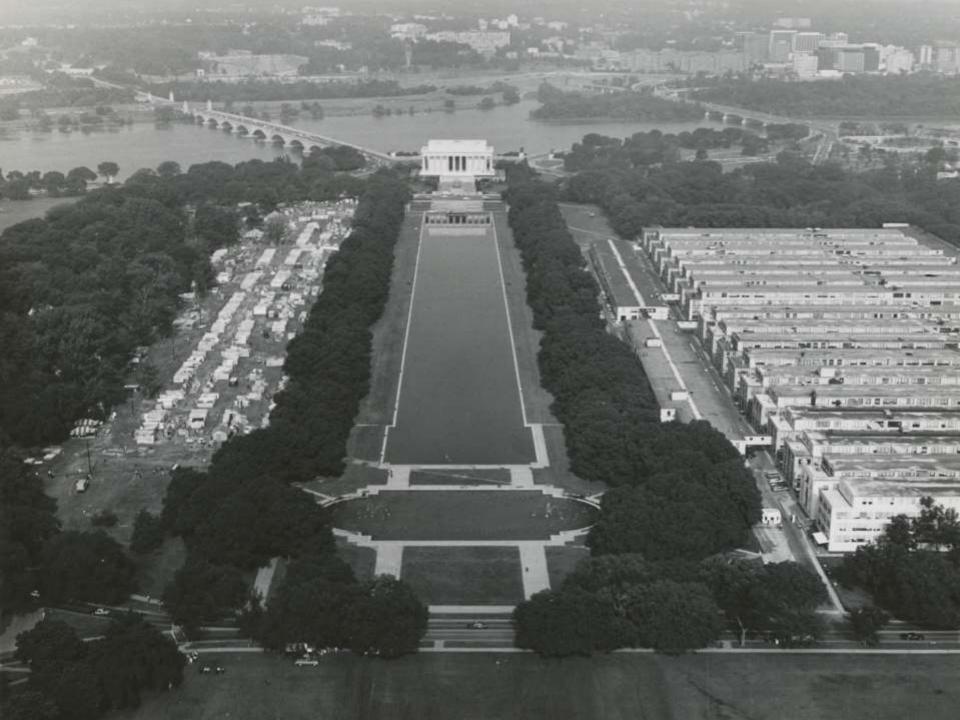


### Resurrection City

- They built a camp,
  Resurrection City, near the
  Lincoln Memorial in Washington
  to make the poor visible to the
  government.
- It ran for 2 months and it rained constantly. The atmosphere was disorganised and despairing.
- People fought amongst themselves and in the end, the National Guard broke the camp up with tear gas attacks.







### Decline in Support

- Various groups poured money into keeping the camp going but few were now willing to give money to the movement.
- This was not just because of the death of MLK. The changing image of black civil rights the use of violence and unwillingness to accept help from whites <u>put people off</u> from supporting it.



#### End of the Movement?

- King had always stressed nonviolence and it seemed like he was being proved right.
- As support dropped, groups were less able to stage big demonstrations.
- Civil rights just became another issue of US politics. By the end of the 1960s, protest over the Vietnam War was starting to take prominence.





#### End of the Movement?

Complete questions 1 and 2 on page 71.

'Why was the assassination of Martin Luther King such a blow to the civil rights movement?' Explain your answer. (8 marks)

