Wildlife Food Plot Seed Mixes

When to Plant your Wildlife Blends

Wildlife Food Plot Blends

Food Source for Spring March, April, May	Food Source for Summer June, July, Aug	Food Source for Autumn Sept, Oct, Nov	Food Source for Winter Dec., Jan., Feb.
12 Point Buck Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**12 Point Buck** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**12 Point Buck** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Deer Max** Plant-Aug-Sept
Classic Whitetail Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Classic Whitetail** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Classic Whitetail** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Wilderness Mix** Plant-June-July
Chicory Extreme Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Chicory Extreme** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Chicory Extreme** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Fall Plot Wheat Pea Mix** Plant-Sept-Oct
Platinum Ultra Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Platinum Ultra** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Deer Max** Plant-July-Aug	**Ultra Max** Plant-Aug-Sept
Destination Clover Blend Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Destination Clover Blend** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Frontage Clover Blend** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Bison Mix** Plant-Aug-Oct
Frontage Clover Blend Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Frontage Clover Blend** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Buck Draw** Plant-May-June	**Crimp'N Grains** Plant-Aug-Oct
Spring Plot Oat Pea Mix Plant-April-June,	**Spring Plot Oat Pea Mix** Plant-April-June,	**Platinum Ultra** Plant-April-June, Aug-Sept	**Overcast Fall Mix** Plant-Aug-Oct
Essential Clover Blend Plant-Aug-Sept, Feb-April	**Wilderness Mix** Plant-April-May	**Wilderness Mix** Plant-May-June	**Essential Clover Blend** Plant-Aug-Sept

Wildlife Seed Mixes

12 Point Buck *Perennial*

12 Point Buck a Premium blend of high end clovers, alfalfa and chicory, a great variety for dormancy ratings for winter grazing with a good cold tolerance. An excellent source of high protein forage with great mineral content and good digestibility. 12 Point Buck is an all season blend that is considerably utilized by deer and turkey. Performs best when planted in well-drained loam to clay loam soils with a firm seed bed with a pH of 6 or higher.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**
Platinum Ladino Clover	*Ideal for frost seeding*
Jumbo Ladino Clover	*High protein forage*
Alsike Clover	*Withstands high grazing*
Gallant Red Clover	*Quick germination*
Alfalfa	*Fast growth*
Chicory	*Drought Tolerant*

Soil Types: Well drained, firm seed bed with pH of 6 or higher
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 18-20 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: 10-12 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Spring, Fall, Frost Seed
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Classic Whitetail *Perennial*

Classic Whitetail consists of an excellent blend of clovers with large robust types of white clovers that ensure great establishment along with a good cold tolerance. The addition of multiple white clovers will create a fast spring green up assuring an early food source for wildlife. Classic Whitetail is great for an all season source of abundant forage with high protein providing energy for fast growth and fawn development. Performs great in low land, creek and river bottoms and is an ideal mix for poor drainage fields.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**
Frosty Berseem Clover	*Quick germination*
Jumbo Ladino Clover	*Fast growing high protein*
Platinum Ladino Clover	*Good cold tolerance*
Patriot White Clover	*Ideal for poor drainage*

Soil Types: Loams & clays, pH of 6 -7.5
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 18-20 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: 10-12 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Spring, Fall, Frost Seed
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Chicory Extreme *Perennial*

Chicory Extreme is a excellent blend of high end large full-bodied types of white clovers along with drought resistant forage chicory. A fast growing blend, establishes quickly and is a great all season source for abundant forage with high protein and energy sources. Chicory Extreme has the ability for fast regrowth along with good cold tolerance creating a hardy all season blend. It preforms well on low lands, in creek and river bottoms and is an ultimate mix for poor drainage fields.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**
Frosty Berseem Clover	*Ideal lush fall blend*
Platinum Ladino Clover	*Establishes quickly fast*
Alice White Clover	*Adapted to poor drainage*
Chicory	*Good cold tolerance*

Soil Types: Loams & clays, pH of 6 -7.5
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 18-20 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: 10-12 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Spring, Fall, Frost Seed
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Wildlife Seed Mixes

Platinum Ultra *Perennial*

Platinum Ultra is an excellent blend of white clover, wetland and multileaf all soil grazing alfalfa supplemented with Durana Clover and drought resistant forage chicory. It is a premium blend containing beneficial mineral contents, has very good digestibility making it an excellent source of soluble high protein. Platinum Ultra has a fast regrowth and withstands heavy late season grazing. A blend with good cold and drought tolerance that adapts very well to shale or reclaimed soil.

Formulation:
Platinum Ladino Clover
Durana White Clover
Wetland Alfalfa
GA 535 All Soils Alfalfa
Chicory

Characteristics:
Ideal for frost seeding
Excellent High protein
Great for reclaimed land
Premium for high grazing
Fast regrowth growth

Soil Types: Well drained, firm seed bed with pH of 6 or higher
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 18-20 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: 10-12 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Spring, Fall, Frost Seed
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Frontage Clover Blend *Perennial*

Frontage is a perennial blend of superior rapidly-growing clovers that are more vigorous and faster growing than most other clovers, known for their large leaves and forage stands for more productive grazing, lasting for 3 to 5 years. These clovers have excellent winter hardiness, high leaf to stem ratio, and disease resistance. Combined with strong early spring green-up and fast recovery from heavy grazing. Frontage creates a food plot with long standing high yields of forage that is very high in protein. It is very effective for frost and dormant seeding.

Formulation:
Platinum Ladino Clover
Jumbo Ladino Clover
Gallant Red Clover
Victory Red Clover

Characteristics:
Quick germination
Fast Growth
High protein forage
Withstands high grazing

Soil Types: Well drained, pH 6 or higher
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 18-20 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: 10-12 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Spring, Fall, Frost Seed
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Destination Clover Blend *Perennial*

Destination Clover Blend very persistent varieties of Red and White Clovers. A blend of lower growing cool season perennial legumes, with medium leafed intermediate varieties featuring a high number of stolons which spread across the ground and rooting at each node, this growth also allows for better grazing pressure and weather stresses and improved winter hardiness as well as heat and drought tolerance. Destination Blend increases the attractiveness and nutritional value of food plots with autumn growth and resistances to anthracnose, mildew and stem rot. Very effective for frost seeding.

Formulation:
Durana White Clover
Alice White Clove
Aberlasting White Clover
Freedom Red Clover

Characteristics:
Withstands high grazing
High palatable, nutritious
Good in poor & low light
Fast Regrowth From Grazing

Soil Types: Well-drained pH 6 or higher
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 16-18 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: 8-10 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Spring, Fall, Frost Seed
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Wildlife Seed Mixes

Deer Max *Annual*

Deer Max is an Annual Premium Brassicas blend of turnips, kale, and rape that are very high in soluble protein and carbohydrates. These plants stand lush and tall, producing a very high yield of palatable forage per acre that is very attractive for late season. Deer Max has a good tolerance through cold temperatures and snow, is widely adapted to all well drained soils, a supreme mix for fall and winter grazing. Brassicas are ideal for Mid-Late summer planting in a firm seed bed with a pH of 5.2 or higher.

Formulation:
Kale
Hybrid Pasja
Forage Rape
Grazing Turnip
Purple Top Turnip

Characteristics:
Great winter forage
High soluble protein
Very high carbohydrates
Lush and highly attractive
Stands tall in the cold

Soil Types: Widely adapted, firm seed bed with pH of 5.2 or higher
Maintenance: No maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 8-10 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: Not adaptable
Planting Date: July – October
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ in deep

Ultra Max *Annual*

Ultra Max is an Annual Premium blend of hybrid brassicas and grazing turnips. A selection of the most winter hardy and cold tolerant brassicas, very high in soluble protein and carbohydrates. These plants stand lush and tall, producing a very high yield of palatable forage, and have been known to stay green and lush in temperatures as low as 10 degrees Fahrenheit. Ultra Max has the ability to overwinter better than most other brassicas, very attractive for late season. Requires medium to high fertility for excellent yields, ideal for late summer planting in a firm seed bed with a pH of 5.2 or higher.

Formulation:
Winfred Brassica
Bayou Kale
Hybrid Rape
Barkant Grazing Turnip

Characteristics:
Great winter forage
High soluble protein
Very high carbohydrates
Stands tall in the cold

Soil Types: Widely adapted pH 5.2 or higher
Maintenance: No maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 6-8 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: Not adaptable
Planting Date: August – October
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ in deep

Wildlife Seed Mixes

Frontier Border Mix *Annual*

Frontier Border Mix a mix of sorghums formulated to create a tall barrier with heavy under growth to keep it upright. Egyptian Wheat is a sorghum producing long slender stalks, 7 to 10 feet in height. BMR Dry Stalk Sorghum Sudan a very quick growing hybrid, more economical to plant, better early season vigor with a greater root system. Sudangrass a fast growing hybrid, fine stems and dark green leaves with the characteristic of brown midrib. Frontier Border Mix is a annual mix with a tall growth structure that provides protective cover for wildlife. Plant after danger of frost, best on fertile well-drained sites receiving full or lightly filtered sunlight, grows poorly in excessively drained sandy soils.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**
Egyptian Wheat	*Tall slender in height*
BMR Sorghum Sudan	*Strong root system*
Hybrid Sudangrass	*Fast growing hybrid*

Soil Types: Well drained, pH 6 or higher
Maintenance: No maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 10-12 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: May-June
Planting Depth: 1 inch

Buck Draw *Annual*

Buck Draw is a mix of warm season tall growing forages, including grain sorghum, sunflower, Sunn Hemp, Lab Lab, winter peas, and forage soybeans, providing an excellent long season high protein food source. Buck Draw is a great mix to use on plot edges or as a divider to provide cover and serve as a border for food plots promoting more day time movement. Will grow in a wide variety of soils, should not be planted until ground temperatures are at least 60 degrees Fahrenheit. Mid-Late summer planting in a firm seed bed with a pH of 5.2 or higher.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**
Sunflowers	*Ideal to create cover*
Grain Sorghum	*Good late forage*
Lab Lab	*Very high carbohydrates*
Forage Peas, Soybeans	*Fast long growth*
Sunn Hemp	*All season food source*

Soil Types: Widely adapted, firm seed bed with pH of 5.2 or higher
Maintenance: No maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 25-30 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Spring, to Mid Summer
Planting Depth: 1 inch

Wildlife Seed Mixes

Spring Plot Oat Pea Mix *Annual*

Spring Plot an annual mix of forage oats, producing green foliage. Buckwheat grows well in almost any soil, produces clusters of small white flowers forming triangular shaped black seeds that shatter easily giving access for seed and stalk feeding. Forage peas offer leafy high palatable forage with high dry matter yields. An ideal mix for early spring to establish a food source that is available for energy and protein needs for developing antlers and improving doe lactation. Spring Plot is an early maturing crop and a great food source, ideal to enhancing soil for fall brassica planting. Will grow in a wide variety of soils, has poor frost tolerance.

Formulation:
Forage Oats
Spring Forage Peas
Buckwheat

Characteristics:
Very high carbohydrates
High soluble protein
High Tonnage per acre

Soil Types: Widely adapted, pH of 5.2
Maintenance: No maintenance
Seeding Rate: 35-40 Lbs. per acre.
Planting Date: April-June
Planting Depth: ½-1' deep

Fall Plot Wheat Pea Mix *Annual*

Fall Plot is a high cold tolerance mix consisting of winter wheat, forage pea, and radish. The soft red winter wheat has good resistance to diseases and will green up early in spring. Forage Peas are a fast growing cool season annual legume with stems growing two to four feet and produces nitrogen in the soil with their root nodules. Radish produce a large root system that pull nitrogen and nutrients deep within the soil bring them back to the surface for future crops. A mix that establishes very quickly and provides good ground cover attracting deer soon after germination making it a favorite for bow hunting. Creates an ideal surface for frost seeding the following spring.

Formulation:
Winter Wheat
Winter Forage Pea
Daikon Tillage Radish

Characteristics:
High cold tolerance
High soluble protein
Very high carbohydrates

Soil Types: Widely adapted, pH 5.2 or higher
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: 60-70 Lbs. per acre.
Planting Date: Aug.-Oct
Planting Depth: ½-1' deep

Hillcrest Trail Mix *Perennial*

Hillcrest Trail Mix is a perennial blend of ryegrasses, orchardgrass, creeping red fescue, and clovers. A quick establishing mix with food value that is ideal for heavy traffic trails, logging yards, and gas lines. Hillcrest Trail Mix has a very good shade and cold temperature tolerance along with quick germination and fast growth, is an outstanding mix for erosion control. Widely adapted to all soils that are well drained. Ideal for Early too Mid-Late summer planting in a firm seed bed with a pH of 5.2 or higher.

Formulation:
Ryegrass
Orchardgrass
Ladino White Clover
Alsike Clover
Creeping Red Fescue

Characteristics:
Ideal for low sunlight
Good forage
Early spring growth
Quick germination
Withstands heavy traffic

Soil Types: Widely adapted, firm seed bed with pH of 6.5 or higher
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 25-30 Lbs. per Acre
Frost Seeding: Not adaptable
Planting Date: Spring, Summer, and Fall
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Wildlife Seed Mixes

Crimp'N Grains *Annual*

Crimp'N Grains is a mix consisting of winter wheat, winter grain rye and buckwheat. This mix is perfect for following a summer planting of soybeans or other highly attractive summer annuals. It is a mix that establishes very rapidly and provides forage throughout fall and winter while rebuilding and protecting your soil. Crimp'N Grains may be drilled or broadcasted and it pairs well with our Overcast Fall Mix making it perfect for drilling your soybeans or summer annuals directly into and terminating with a crimper. Pair it with our Essential Clover Blend if following up with brassicas or turnips in the fall.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**
Awnless Winter Wheat	*High cold tolerance*
Winter Grain Rye	*Widely adaptable*
Buckwheat	*Soil builder*

Soil Types: Widely adapted, firm seed bed with pH of 5.5 or higher
Maintenance: No maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 60-70 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: August-October
Planting Depth: ½-1" deep

Overcast Fall Mix *Annual*

Overcast Fall Mix is a mix of brassicas and annual clover that provides high soluble protein and carbohydrates throughout multiple seasons. Planted in late summer, this combination provides food throughout fall, winter and spring. The brassicas offer early fall greens as well as bulbs during the harsh winter season. Crimson Clover will provide nutrition throughout spring. This mix does well broadcasted on a new seed bed or into a thinning summer stand of soybeans. It also is great choice to over seed onto our Crimp'N Grains providing a large variety of forage while enhancing your soil.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**
Crimson Clover	*Early Maturing*
Forage Rape	*Very high carbohydrates*
Daikon Radish	*Soil builder*
Turnips	*Stands tall in the cold*

Soil Types: Widely adapted, firm seed bed with pH of 5.5 or higher
Maintenance: No maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 10-12 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Late Summer and Fall
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Essential Clover Blend *Annual*

Essential Clover Blend is a blend of annual cool season legumes that are cold tolerant and establish fast . These clovers have high protein content, excellent disease resistance, and winter hardiness. This a great blend for all wildlife from pollinators to deer. When planted in the fall this blend provides ample forage and has vigorous early spring green-up. It provides an abundance of nutrition at an early critical period. This blend of annual clovers is a great way to build soil and provide nitrogen for future crops. The Essential Clover Blend thrives in most soil conditions and grows well when planted with a companion grain crop.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**
Crimson Clover	Early maturing
Frosty Berseem Clover	*Great attraction*
Fixation Balansa Clover	*High protein forage*
Arrow Leaf Clover	*Highly productive*

Soil Types: Wide variety of soils
Maintenance: Low maintenance
Seeding Rate: New: 18-20 Lbs. per Acre
Planting Date: Spring, Fall, Frost Seed
Planting Depth: ¼ to ½ inch

Wildlife Seed Mixes

Bison Fall Mix *Annual*

Bison Fall Mix is a smorgasbord of forages providing nutrition throughout multiple seasons while enhancing your soil at the same time. It is a mix of grains, brassicas, and clovers that have many different benefits during different seasons. Planted in late summer, this mix will provide excellent forage throughout fall, winter and spring. A great option to rotate with your summer annuals, can be drilled into your soybeans and then terminated the following spring.

Formulation:	**Characteristics:**	**Soil Types:** Widely adapted, firm seed bed with pH of 5.5 or higher
Winter Grain Rye	*Widely adaptable*	**Maintenance:** No maintenance
Awnless Winter Wheat	*High cold tolerance*	**Seeding Rate:** New: 60-70 Lbs. per Acre
Crimson Clover	*Early maturing*	**Planting Date:** August-October
Buckwheat	*High tonnage per acre*	**Planting Depth:** ½-1" deep
Rape, Radish and Turnips	*Very high carbohydrates*	

What Is Cover Crop Crimping or Rolling?

Cover crop rolling- crimping is a no-till technique that involves flattening a high-biomass cover crop to produce a thick, uniform mat of mulch. Roller-crimping is a practice that has been used around the cover crop community for decades. Widely used by Organic producers since it lends to alternative termination method that reduces dependency on herbicides as means of a no-till farming. Barley, triticale, cereal rye and wheat are cover crops that can be controlled with rolling or crimping. Crimping involves rolling down a cover crop with a special tool that flattens the crop, and also repeatedly crushes cover crop stems damaging the plant and increases the possibility it will stay down and die after rolling. If a standing cover crop is killed with a full rate of herbicide, then almost any device such as a cultipacker can be used to roll down the crop without crimping bars. Mowing doesn't work because it tosses the cover crop all over and leaves gaps for seed germination.

When done properly, rolling or roller-crimping can allow for reduction or eliminate the use of burndown herbicides during corn, soybean and other crop productions. The rolling process itself will kill or partially kill the cover crop and reduce the growth of unwanted vegetation and help with better weed control, especially early in growing season. Cover crop rolling can be been used successfully ahead of almost any crop that can be no-tilled.

Effective termination with this method is dependent upon the proper timing of the crimping for the cover crop species present. The goal is to crush but not cut cover crop stems for cut plants will often have some regrowth. Rolling at an earlier stage before the flowering period of a plant doesn't work because the cover crop pops back up and keeps growing. For grain crops, it is recommended to wait until the grain head has shed pollen, or is in the 'soft dough' stages to get a consistent kill with a roller/crimper. At this stage, grain plants attain its highest durable straw residue and crimping consistently kills the cover crop before viable seed are produced. When using a cover crop mix it makes efficient control more complicated since the species can be at different growth stages, at the same time.

Managing cover crops for high biomass production simply accelerates the long-term process of soil quality along with cooler soil and improved moisture retention in mid-summer. Cover crop rolling is not for everyone. Even if the right species is rolled with the right tool at the right growth stage, the full benefit of rolling will not be seen unless there is a lot of cover crop biomass. Uniform stands are important for uniform mulch thickness, which can have key planting and weed control implications. Regardless of termination choice, it is important to have a plan in place to minimize problems. The soil surface needs to be firm enough to deliver an effective crimping force against the soil surface. Slower soil warming in a cool spring may hinder germination and seedling growth. A high biomass may be a better environment for some pests such as slugs and cutworms. Following cover crop termination, be sure to check fields for regrowth or skipped areas that need further attention. Two to three weeks between termination and planting may be needed to eliminate soil moisture competition during critical stand establishment.