SharkFest'17 US

Wireshark & Time
Accurate Handling of Timing When Capturing Frames

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Thursday June 22, 2017

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About me

- From Germany (sorry again for the accent)
- More than a decade Dual-CCIE (R/S, Security)
- Sniffer Certified Master
- Wireshark Certified Network Analyst
- VMware Certified Professional
- IPv6 Forum Certified Engineer (Gold)
- More than 20 years in the networking area

AGENDA

- Time basic
- Time Protocols
- NTP
- PTP
- Wrap-UP

Capture Files and other useful infos:
http://goo.gl/LGNWo8

Enterprise ToD Landscape

- Accurate/Secure/Reliable ToD for server/routers/applications for improved network operations and business operations
- Frequency and Time Synchronization

A Note on Terminology with Timing

- **Accuracy** – how close a measurement is to a true value
- **Precision** – how close repeated measurements are to each other
- **Frequency** – Reference signal drives circuits to a common standard
  - "10 Mhz is the same everywhere"
- **Phase** – making sure two systems understand when things start and stop- agree on milestones
  - "Everyone clapping together"

Precision Timing is essential

- Clock is the one of the most important component of any modern electrical system
- Network and applications also need accurate timing information to correlate all the events
  - Network Analysis
  - Application transactions
  - Data Forensics
  - Event-log analysis
- Timestamps mainly mandatory for compliance

Timing Challenge for up-to-date Networks

- Switches can forward the Frames in a matter of microseconds
- Ultra low latency switches for high frequency trading
- Some assumptions about the network
  - The transmission delays are almost constant over time (or at least change slowly)
  - The transmission delays are symmetrical between master and slave (i.e. time to travel from master to slave is the same as from slave to master)

Different Timestamps for different encapsulation

- frame.time
- prism.did.mactime
- radiotap.mactime
- …

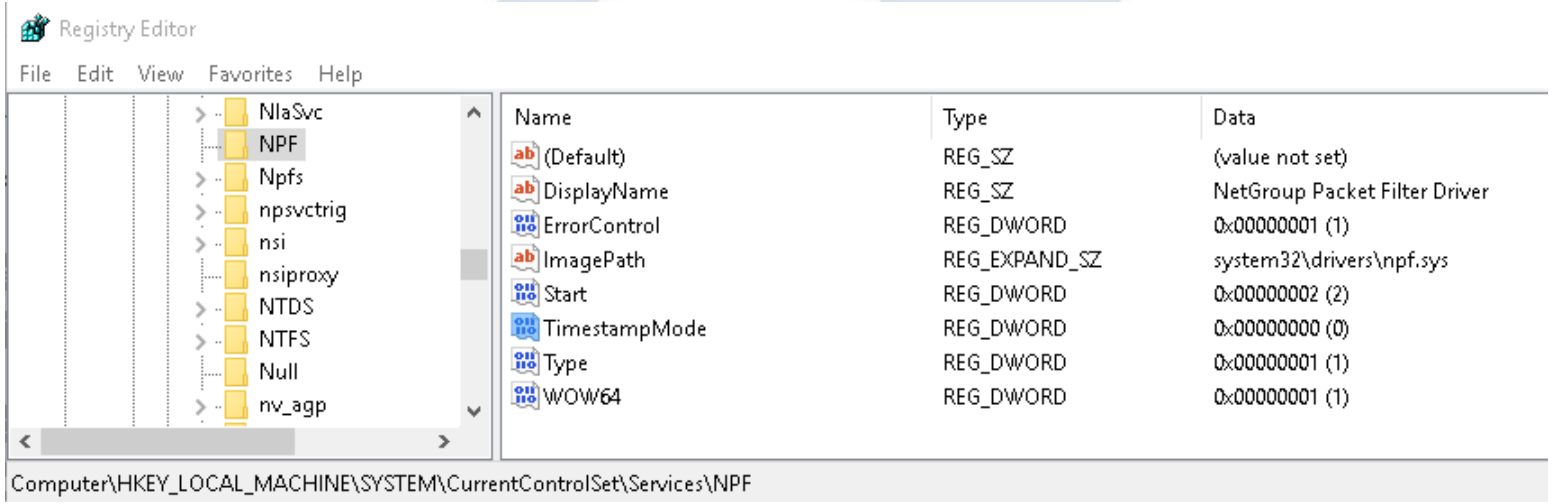
```
Radiotap Header v0, Length 28
    Header revision: 0
    Header pad: 0
    Header length: 28
  > Present flags
    MAC timestamp: 169685850
```

```
> Frame 1: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits)
v USB URB
    [Source: host]
    [Destination: 1.1.0]
    URB id: 0x00000000ed896f00
    URB type: URB_SUBMIT ('S')
    URB transfer type: URB_CONTROL (0x02)
  > Endpoint: 0x80, Direction: IN
    Device: 1
    URB bus id: 1
    Device setup request: relevant (0)
    Data: not present ('<')
    URB sec: 1362459244
    URB usec: 273742
    URB status: Operation now in progress (-EINPROGRESS) (-115)
    URB length [bytes]: 40
    Data length [bytes]: 0
    [Response in: 2]
    Interval: 0
    Start frame: 0
    Copy of Transfer Flags: 0x00000200
    Number of ISO descriptors: 0
> URB setup
```

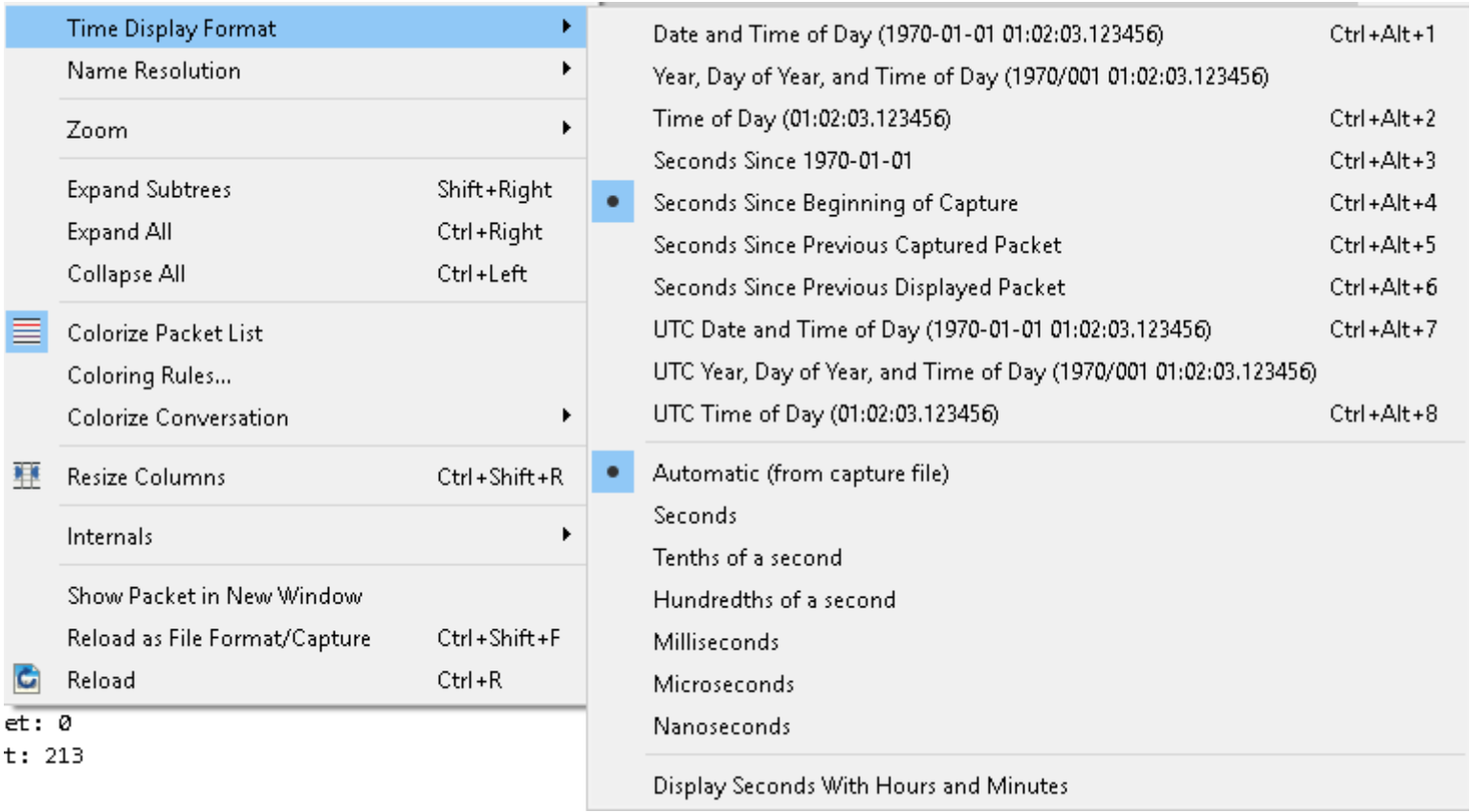
```
v Frame 6: 270 bytes on wire (2160 bits), 270 bytes captured (2160 bits
    Interface id: 0 (\Device\NPF_{4C3659F3-91DF-46A3-A615-EDA158651988}
    Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
    Arrival Time: Jun 14, 2017 14:23:19.490510000 W. Europe Daylight T:
    [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
    Epoch Time: 1497442999.490510000 seconds
    [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.003978000 seconds]
    [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.003978000 seconds]
    [Time since reference or first frame: 0.011334000 seconds]
```

WinPcap and Time

- Timestamp Mode adjusted by registry
http://seclists.org/wireshark/2010/Aug/311
- WinPcap is synchronized with the system clock only once, at the beginning of the capture !



Wireshark and Time Display Format



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- NTP
- PTP
- Wrap-UP

Different Time Sources available

- NTP (Network Time Protocol)
  - Several RFCs
  - time synchronization protocol for packet network
- GPS (Global Position System)
- IRIG (And other serial timing protocols)
- PTP (Precision Timing Protocol)
  - Defined in IEEE1588
  - Another time synchronization protocol for packet network

Different Time Scales

- The relationships in real time

local	2017-06-14 18:31:21	Wednesday	day 165	timezone UTC+2
UTC	2017-06-14 16:31:21	Wednesday	day 165	MJD 57918.68843
GPS	2017-06-14 16:31:39	week 1953	318699 s	cycle 1 week 0929 day 3
Loran	2017-06-14 16:31:48	GRI 9940	48 s until	next TOC 16:32:09 UTC
TAI	2017-06-14 16:31:58	Wednesday	day 165	37 leap seconds

- http://www.leapsecond.com/java/gpsclock.htm

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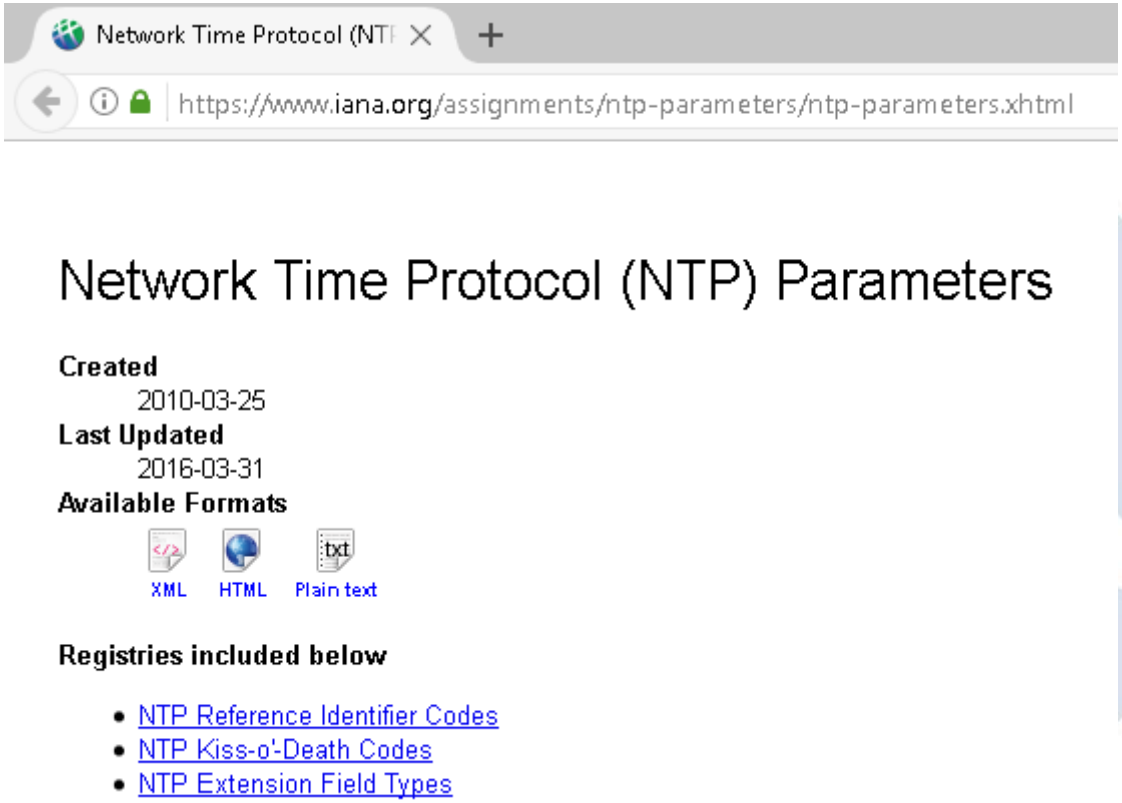
code.wireshark Code Review

https://code.wireshark.org/review/gitweb?p=wireshark.git;a=tree;f=epan/dissectors;h=546fcbf52b8c12020a81e3902d2111fe36a026e6;hb=HEAD

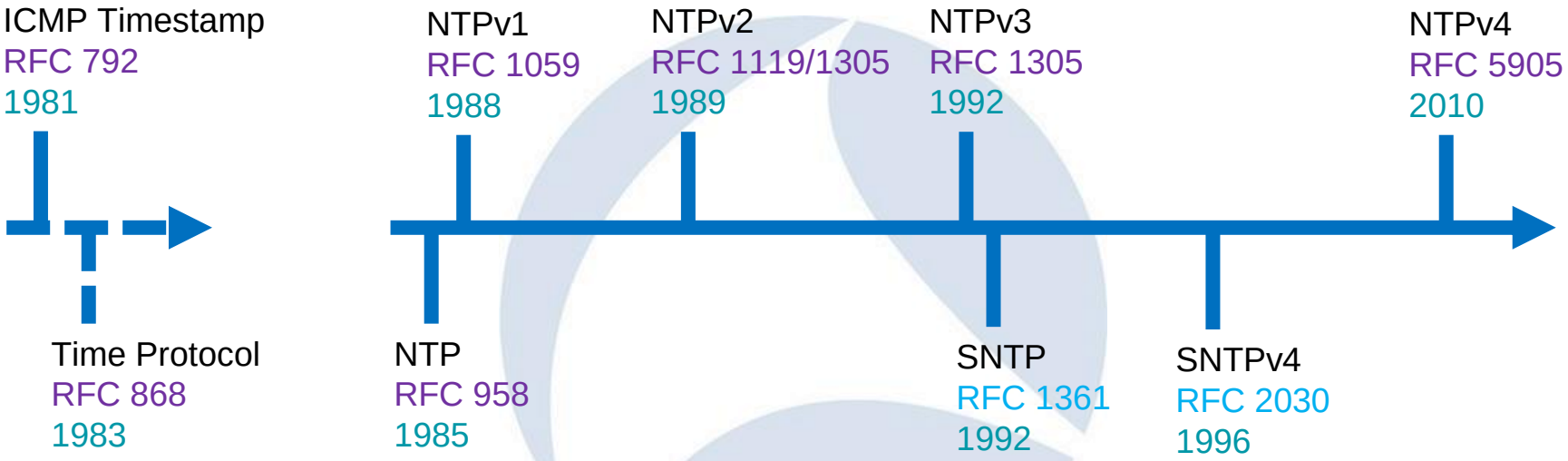
-rw-r--r--	59188	packet-ntp.c	blob | history | raw
-rw-r--r--	1239	packet-ntp.h	blob | history | raw

IANA and NTP Parameters



- Great resource for reference
- https://www.iana.org/assignments/ntp-parameters/ntp-parameters.xhtml

History of NTP



Useful (S)NTP RFCs – only for your reference

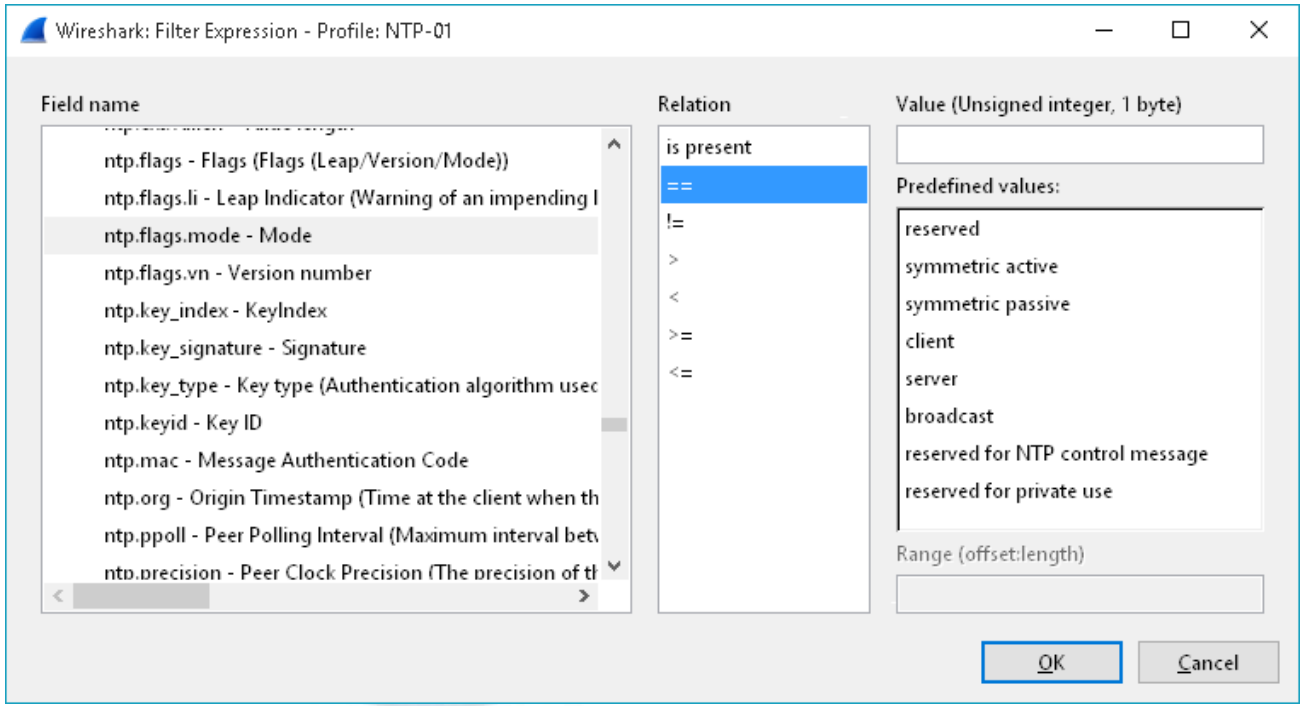
- RFC 1305
  - Network Time Protocol (Version 3) Specification, Implementation and Analysis
- RFC 2030
  - Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) Version 4 for IPv4, IPv6 and OSI
- RFC 5905
  - Network Time Protocol Version 4: Protocol and Algorithms Specification
- RFC 5906
  - Network Time Protocol Version 4: Autokey Specification
- RFC 5907
  - Definitions of Managed Objects for Network Time Protocol Version 4 (NTPv4)
- RFC 7821
  - UDP Checksum Complement in the Network Time Protocol (NTP)
- RFC 7822
  - Network Time Protocol Version 4 (NTPv4) Extension Fields

NTP Pool Project

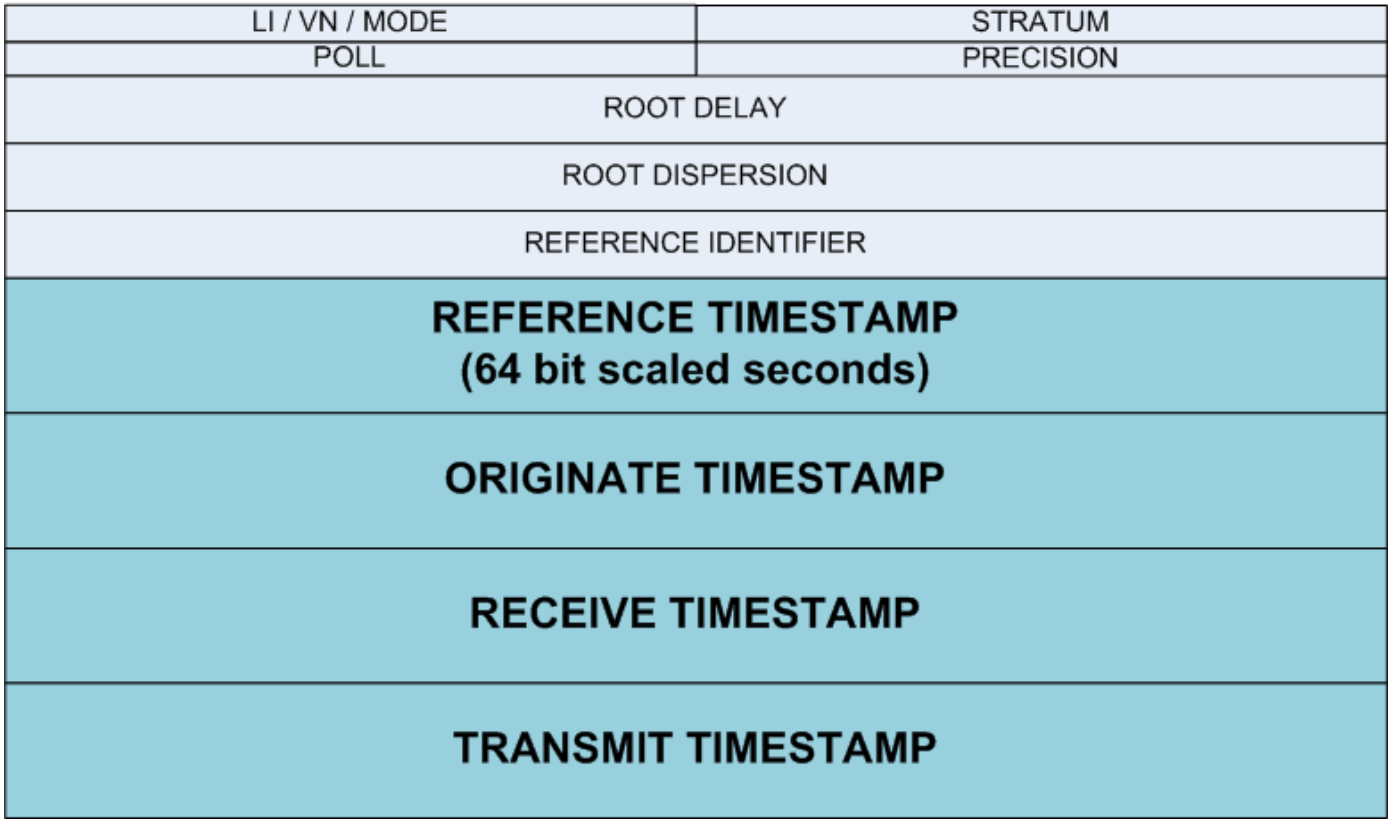
- http://www.pool.ntp.org/en/
- “ …big virtual cluster of timeservers providing reliable easy to use NTP service for millions of clients …”

NTP Modes

- Peer
- Client
- Server
- Broadcast/ Multicast
- Control
- Private Use

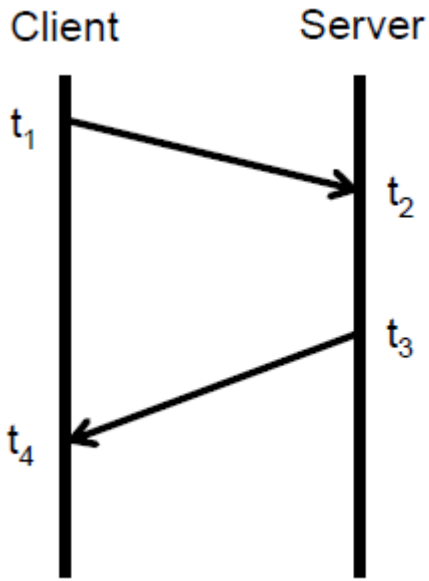


NTP Message Format



Basic NTP Time Information Exchange

- Client Request



ntpv4-ipv4.pcap

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Help

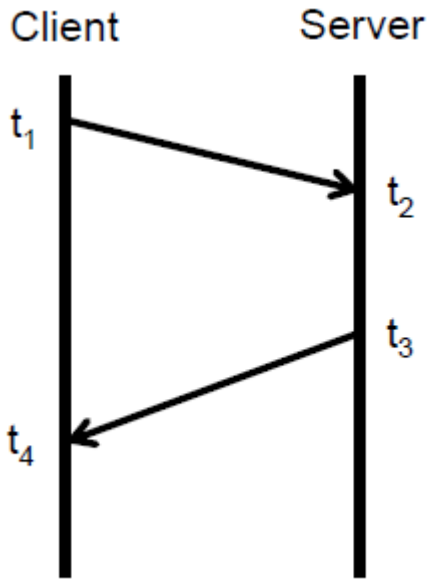
Apply a display filter ... <Ctrl-/>

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info	Length
1	0.000000	2.2.2.1	2.2.2.2	NTP	NTP Version 4, client	90
2	0.000431	2.2.2.2	2.2.2.1	NTP	NTP Version 4, server	90

```
> Frame 1: 90 bytes on wire (720 bits), 90 bytes captured (720 bits)
> Ethernet II, Src: aa:bb:cc:03:21:00 (aa:bb:cc:03:21:00), Dst: aa:bb:cc:03:22:00 (aa:bb:cc:03:22:00)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 2.2.2.1, Dst: 2.2.2.2
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 123, Dst Port: 123
v Network Time Protocol (NTP Version 4, client)
  > Flags: 0xe3, Leap Indicator: unknown (clock unsynchronized), Version number: NTP Version 4, Mode: client
    Peer Clock Stratum: unspecified or invalid (0)
    Peer Polling Interval: 6 (64 sec)
    Peer Clock Precision: 0.015625 sec
    Root Delay:    0.0000 sec
    Root Dispersion:    0.0000 sec
    Reference ID: (Initialization)
    Reference Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
    Origin Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
    Receive Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
    Transmit Timestamp: May  3, 2011 12:03:19.157828000 UTC
```

Basic NTP Time Information Exchange

- Server Response



ntpv4-ipv4.pcap

File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Wireless Tools Help

Apply a display filter ... <Ctrl-/>

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info	Length
1	0.000000	2.2.2.1	2.2.2.2	NTP	NTP Version 4, client	90
2	0.000431	2.2.2.2	2.2.2.1	NTP	NTP Version 4, server	90

```
> Frame 2: 90 bytes on wire (720 bits), 90 bytes captured (720 bits)
> Ethernet II, Src: aa:bb:cc:03:22:00 (aa:bb:cc:03:22:00), Dst: aa:bb:cc:03:21:00 (aa:bb:cc:03:21:00)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 2.2.2.2, Dst: 2.2.2.1
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 123, Dst Port: 123
v Network Time Protocol (NTP Version 4, server)
  > Flags: 0x24, Leap Indicator: no warning, Version number: NTP Version 4, Mode: server
    Peer Clock Stratum: secondary reference (5)
    Peer Polling Interval: 6 (64 sec)
    Peer Clock Precision: 0.015625 sec
    Root Delay:    0.0000 sec
    Root Dispersion:    0.0315 sec
    Reference ID: 127.127.1.1
    Reference Timestamp: May  3, 2011 12:03:16.069718000 UTC
    Origin Timestamp: May  3, 2011 12:03:19.157828000 UTC
    Receive Timestamp: May  3, 2011 12:03:19.157718000 UTC
    Transmit Timestamp: May  3, 2011 12:03:19.157718000 UTC
```

Basic NTP Authentication

- MD5

```
Reference Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
Origin Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
Receive Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
Transmit Timestamp: Oct  8, 2015 19:22:26.265421000 UTC
Key ID: 00000001
Message Authentication Code: 875f9463f635d24d42c00715a42e0f93
```

```
0000  00 1c 42 a6 21 1a 00 1c  42 71 99 e6 08 00 45 00   ..B.!... Bq....E.
0010  00 60 ed 45 40 00 40 11  37 0f 0a 00 01 1d 0a 00   .`.E@.@. 7.......
0020  01 1c 00 7b 00 7b 00 4c  16 96 e3 00 03 fa 00 01   ...{.{.L ........
0030  00 00 00 01 00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00   ........ ........
0040  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00   ........ ........
0050  00 00 d9 c1 40 f2 43 f2  a5 f6 00 00 00 01 87 5f   ....@.C. .......
0060  94 63 f6 35 d2 4d 42 c0  07 15 a4 2e 0f 93         .c.5.MB. ......
```

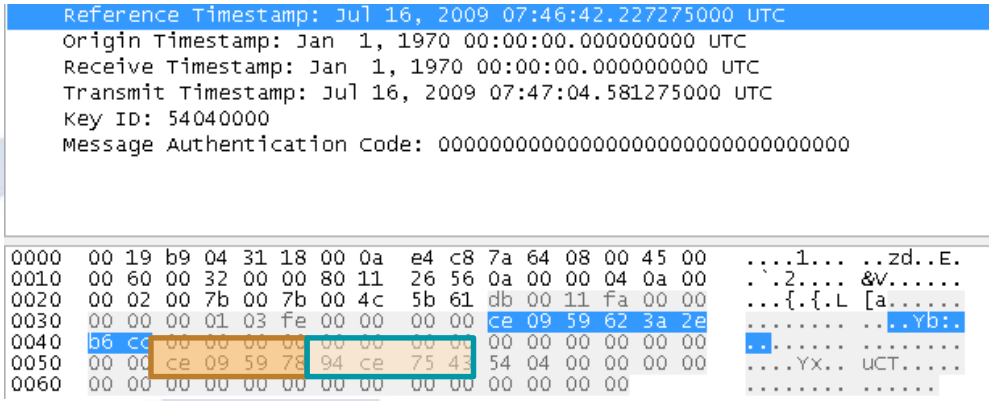
- SHA-1

```
Reference Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
Origin Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
Receive Timestamp: Jan  1, 1970 00:00:00.000000000 UTC
Transmit Timestamp: Oct  8, 2015 17:21:32.287131000 UTC
Key ID: 0000000c
Message Authentication Code: 6b944dce3f05510d206f615f36e900fa532594c8
```

```
0000  00 1c 42 a6 21 1a 00 1c  42 71 99 e6 08 00 45 00   ..B.!... Bq....E.
0010  00 64 8d 27 40 00 40 11  97 29 0a 00 01 1d 0a 00   .d.'@.@. .)......
0020  01 1c 00 7b 00 7b 00 50  16 9a e3 00 03 fa 00 01   ...{.{.P ........
0030  00 00 00 01 00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00   ........ ........
0040  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00   ........ ........
0050  00 00 d9 c1 24 9c 49 81  79 2f 00 00 00 0c 6b 94   ....$.I. y/....k.
0060  4d ce 3f 05 51 0d 20 6f  61 5f 36 e9 00 fa 53 25   M.?.Q. o a_6...S%
0070  94 c8                                             ..
```

NTP Timestamps

- NTP use 64 bit-Timestamps
  - They consist of a 32-bit part for seconds and a 32-bit part for fractional second
  - The time scale rolls over every 2^{32} seconds (136 years)
  - Theoretical resolution of 2^{-32} seconds (233 picoseconds)
  - It uses an epoch of 1 January 1900
  - The first rollover occurs in 2036, prior to the UNIX year 2038 problem



Time.sec

Seconds

32 bit

Time.Frac

Fraction

32 bit

NTP and DHCP / DHCPv6

- IPv4 and DHCP

  Option 42

- IPv6 and DHCPv6
  - SNTP

  dhcpv6.requested_option_code == 31
  - NTP

  dhcpv6.requested_option_code == 56

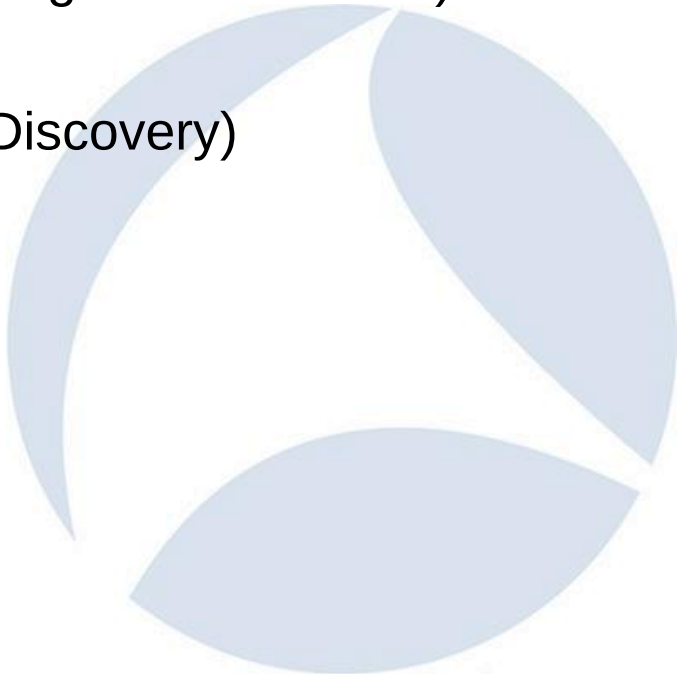
```
Option: (55) Parameter Request List
    Length: 4
    Parameter Request List Item: (1) Subnet Mask
    Parameter Request List Item: (3) Router
    Parameter Request List Item: (6) Domain Name Server
    Parameter Request List Item: (42) Network Time Protocol Servers
Option: (255) End
```

```
Frame 1: 167 bytes on wire (1336 bits), 167 bytes captured (1336 bits)
Ethernet II, Src: Vmware_9b:a1:5d (00:0c:29:9b:a1:5d), Dst: Vmware_38:f3:68 (00:0c:29:38:f3:68)
Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: fe80::20c:29ff:fe9b:a15d, Dst: fe80::20c:29ff:fe38:f368
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 547, Dst Port: 546
DHCPv6
    Message type: Reply (7)
    Transaction ID: 0xf69b57
  > Client Identifier
  > Server Identifier
  v NTP Server
      Option: NTP Server (56)
      Length: 61
      Value: 000100102a0100000000000000000000000100020010...
    v NTP Server Address
        Suboption: NTP Server Address (1)
        Length: 16
        NTP Server Address: 2a01::1
    v NTP Multicast Address
        Suboption: NTP Multicast Address (2)
        Length: 16
        NTP Multicast Address: ff05::101
    v NTP Server FQDN
        Suboption: NTP Server FQDN (3)
        Length: 17
        NTP Server FQDN: ntp.example.com
```

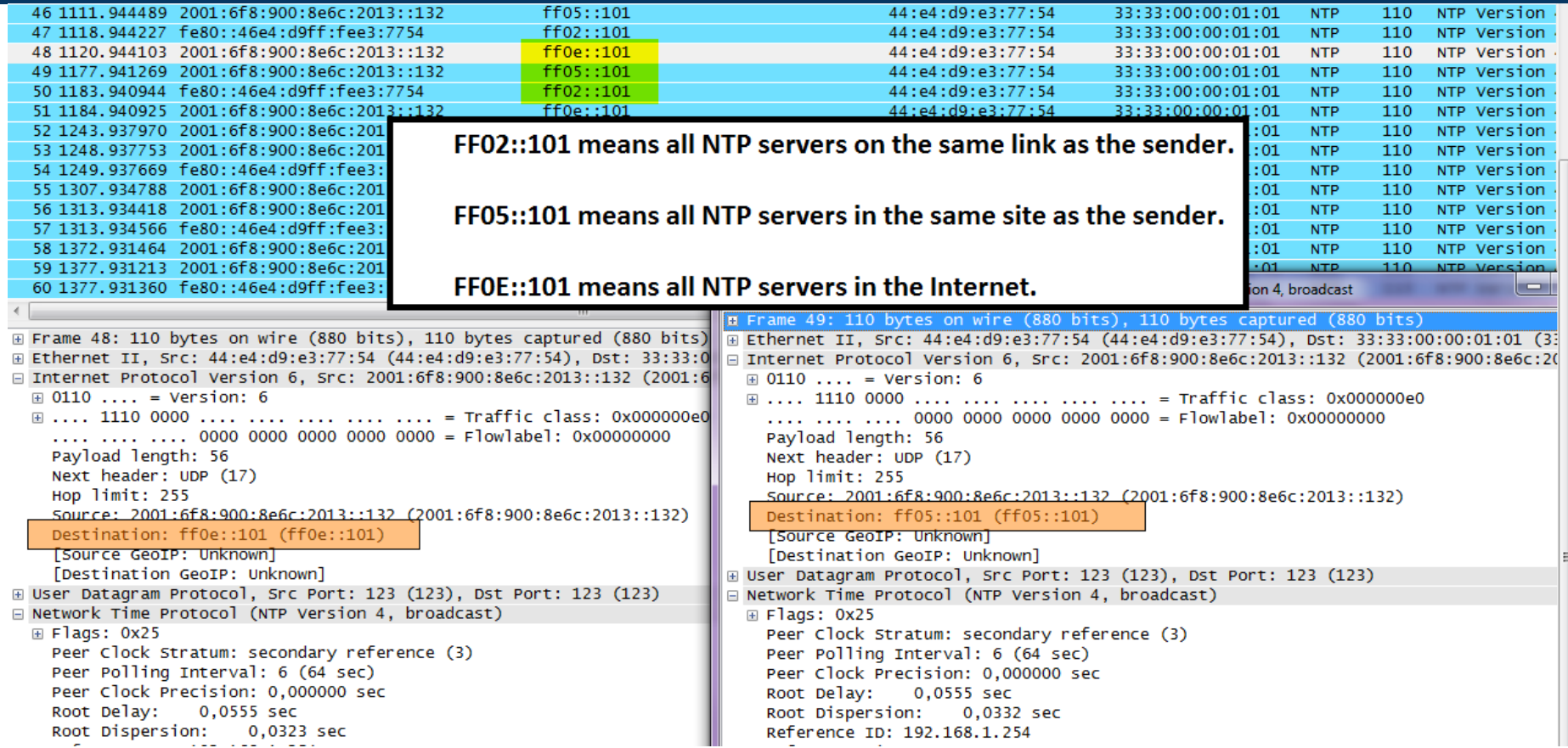
```
0000  00 0c 29 38 f3 68 00 0c  29 9b a1 5d 86 dd 60 00   ..)8.h.. )..]..`.
0010  00 00 00 71 11 40 fe 80  00 00 00 00 00 00 02 0c   ...q.@.. ........
0020  29 ff fe 9b a1 5d fe 80  00 00 00 00 00 00 02 0c   )....].. ........
0030  29 ff fe 38 f3 68 02 23  02 22 00 71 47 c1 07 f6   )..8.h.# .".qG...
0040  9b 57 00 01 00 0e 00 01  00 01 18 f0 0b 3f 00 0c   .W...... .....?..
0050  29 38 f3 68 00 02 00 0e  00 01 00 01 18 ef 95 1b   )8.h.... ........
0060  00 0c 29 9b a1 53 00 38  00 3d 00 01 00 10 2a 01   ..)..S.8 .=....*.
0070  00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00 00 01 00 02   ........ ........
0080  00 10 ff 05 00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00 00 00 01 01   ........ ........
0090  01 01 00 03 00 11 03 6e  74 70 07 65 78 61 6d 70   .......n tp.examp
00a0  6c 65 03 63 6f 6d 00                               le.com.
```

NTP and Multicast

- IPv4 and IGMP
  (Internet Group Management Protocol)
- IPv6 and MLD
  (Multicast Listener Discovery)

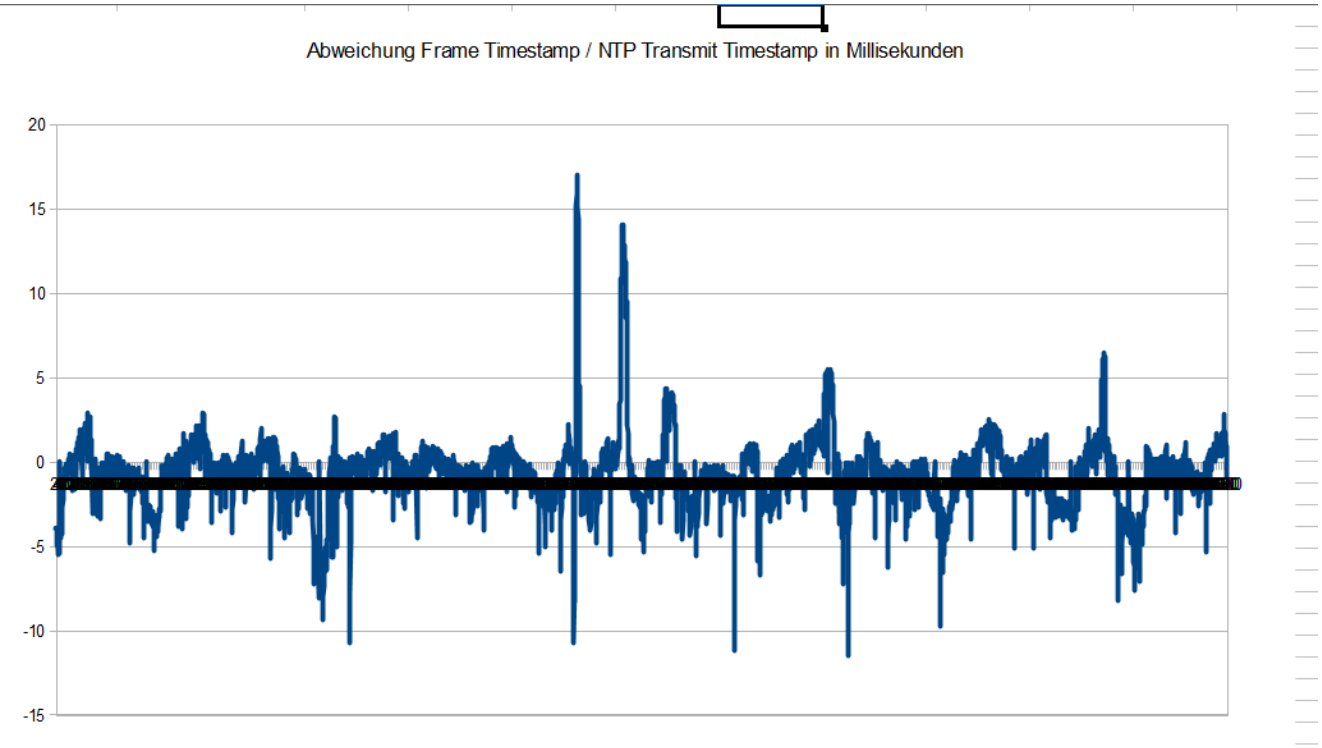


NTP and Multicast with IPv6



NTP Multicast versus frame.time

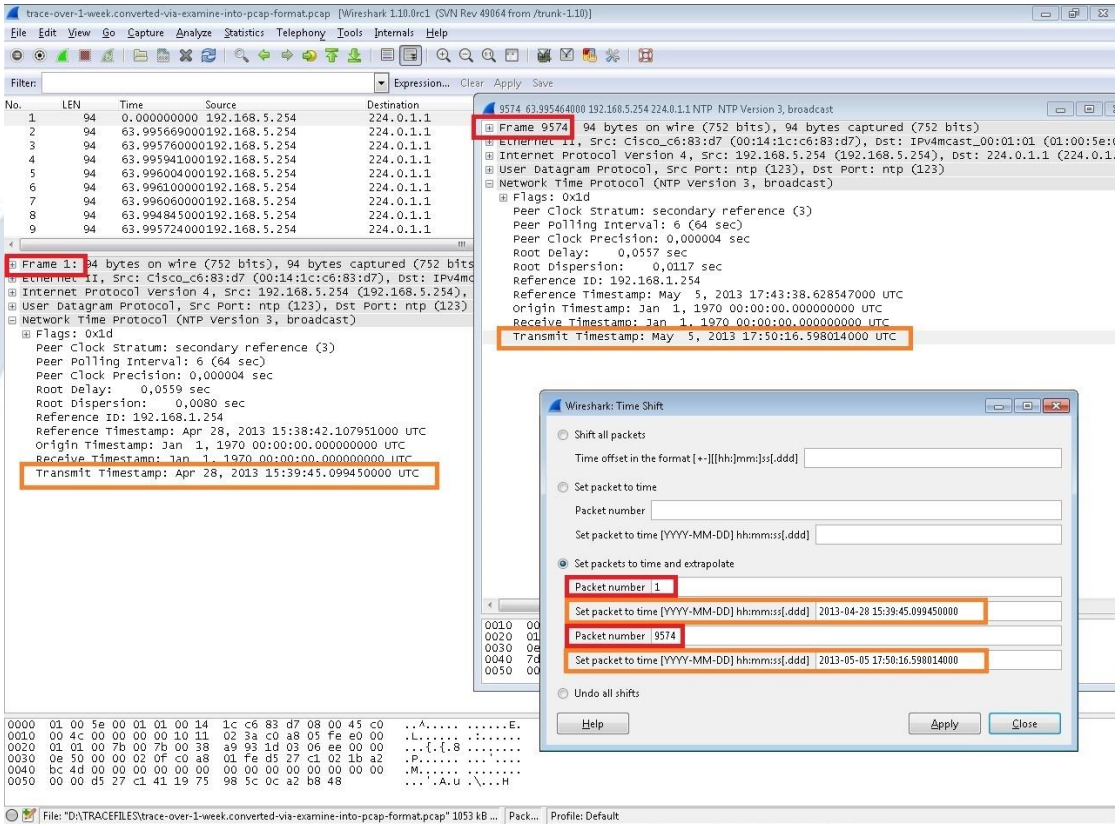
	Transmit Timestamp						
2	Apr 28, 2013 15:39:45						
3	Apr 28, 2013 15:40:49						
4	Apr 28, 2013 15:41:53						
5	Apr 28, 2013 15:42:57						
6	Apr 28, 2013 15:44:01						
7	Apr 28, 2013 15:45:05						
8	Apr 28, 2013 15:46:09						
9	Apr 28, 2013 15:47:13						
10	Apr 28, 2013 15:48:17						
11	Apr 28, 2013 15:49:21						
12	Apr 28, 2013 15:50:25						
13	Apr 28, 2013 15:51:29						
14	Apr 28, 2013 15:52:33						
15	Apr 28, 2013 15:53:37						
16	Apr 28, 2013 15:54:41						
17	Apr 28, 2013 15:55:45						
18	Apr 28, 2013 15:56:49						
19	Apr 28, 2013 15:57:53						
20	Apr 28, 2013 15:58:57						
21	Apr 28, 2013 16:00:01						
22	Apr 28, 2013 16:01:05						
23	Apr 28, 2013 16:02:09						
24	Apr 28, 2013 16:03:13						
25	Apr 28, 2013 16:04:17						
26	Apr 28, 2013 16:05:20						
27	Apr 28, 2013 16:06:24						
28	Apr 28, 2013 16:07:28						
29	Apr 28, 2013 16:08:32						
30	Apr 28, 2013 16:09:36						
31	Apr 28, 2013 16:10:40						
32	Apr 28, 2013 16:11:44						
33	Apr 28, 2013 16:12:48						
34	Apr 28, 2013 16:13:52						
35	Apr 28, 2013 16:14:56						
36	Apr 28, 2013 16:16:00.956266000	960657000	956266000	-4391000	-4391	-4,391	-4,391
37	Apr 28, 2013 16:17:04.952047000	956580000	952047000	-4533000	-4533	-4,533	-4,533
38	Apr 28, 2013 16:18:08.947964000	951948000	947964000	-3984000	-3984	-3,984	-3,984
39	Apr 28, 2013 16:19:12.943806000	947349000	943806000	-3543000	-3543	-3,543	-3,543



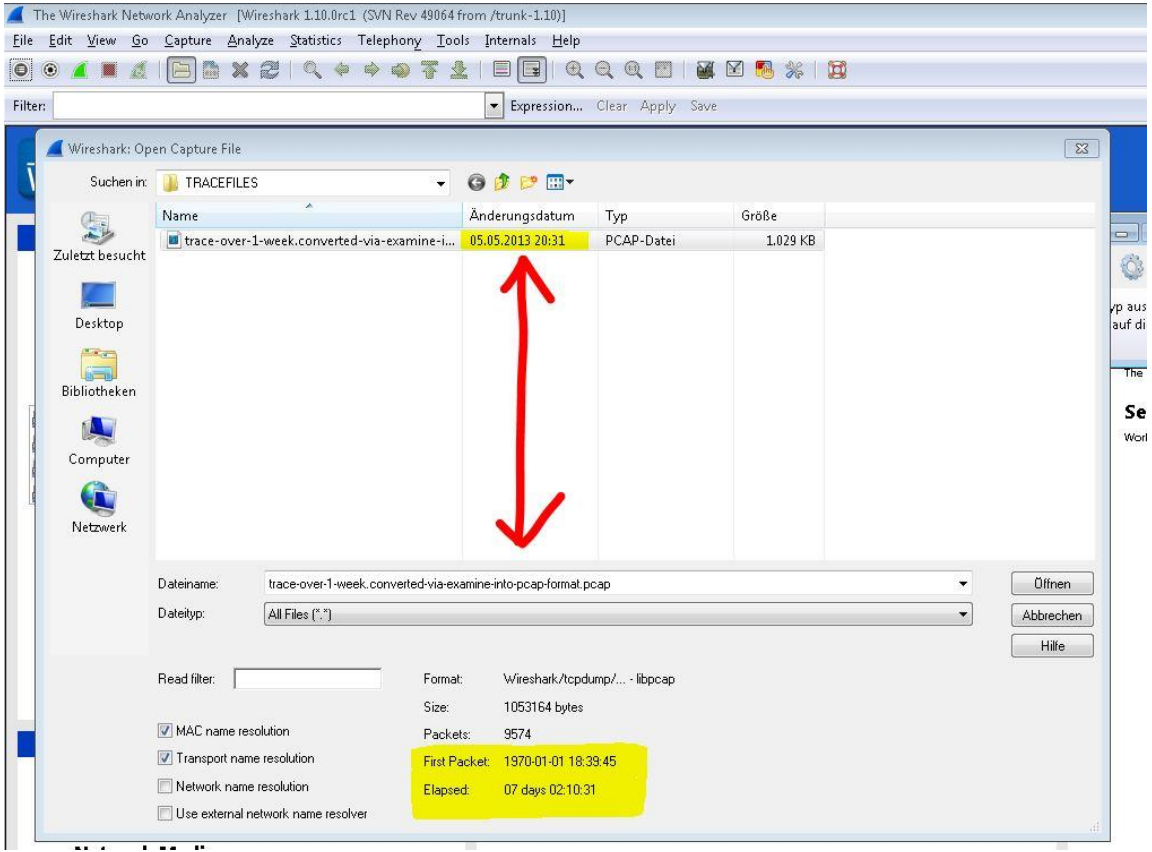
Time adjustment

- Time Shift for different capture file formats – sometimes needed
- File:

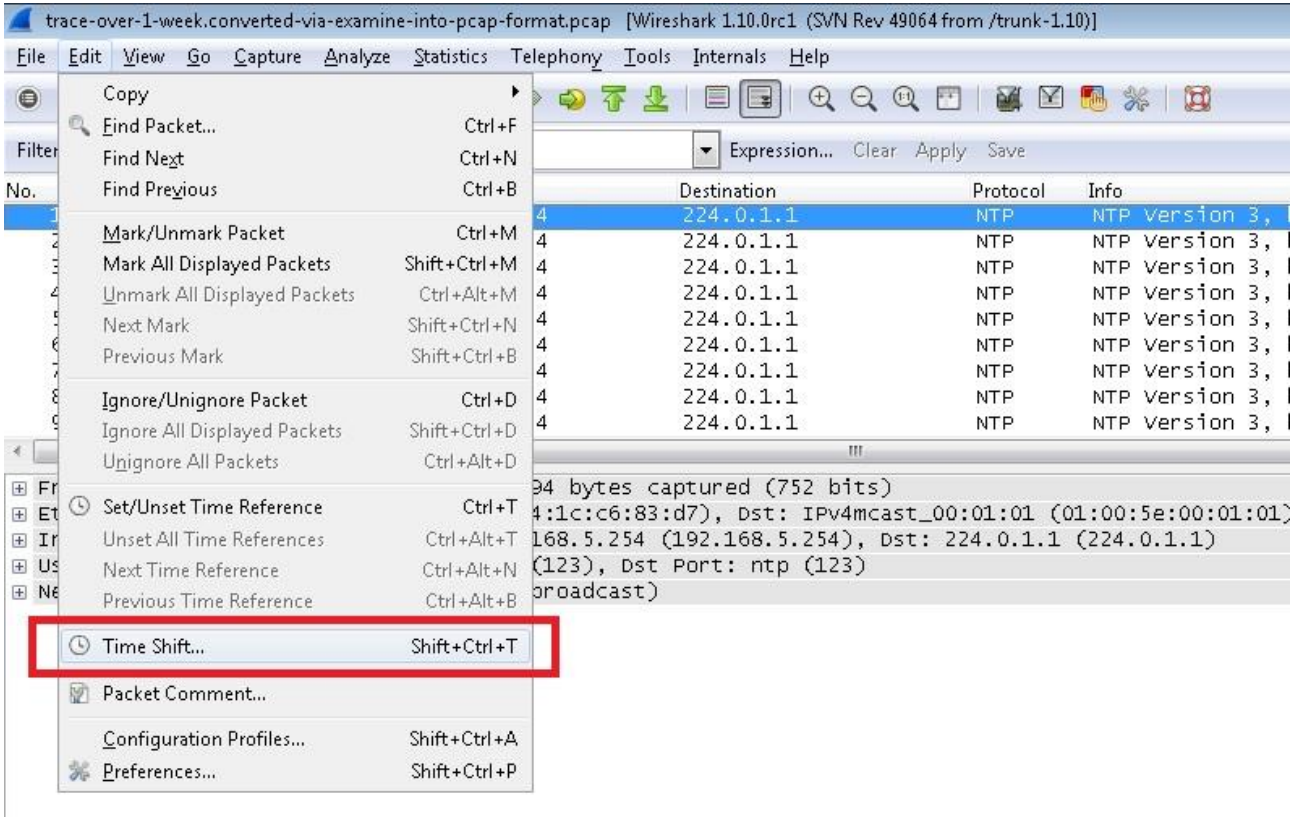
“trace-over-1-week.converted-via-examine-into-pcap-format.pcap”



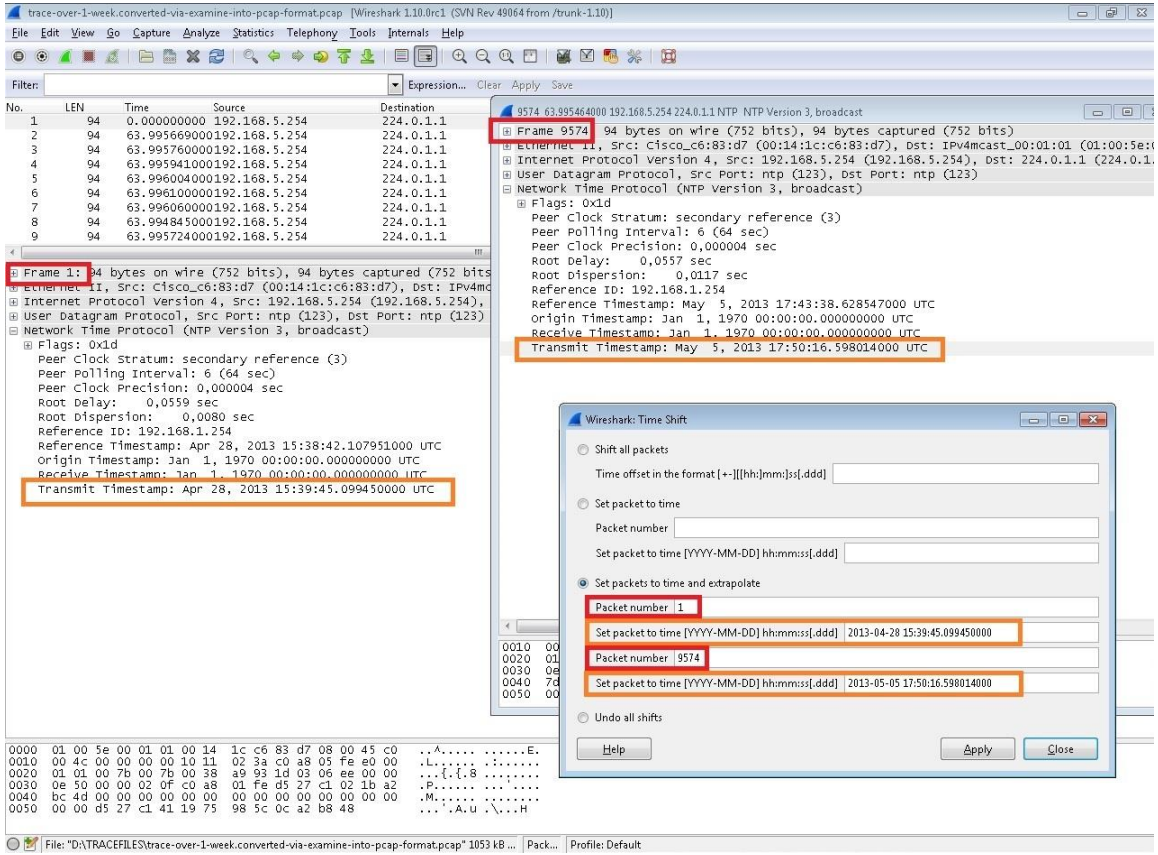
Time adjustment – Step 1



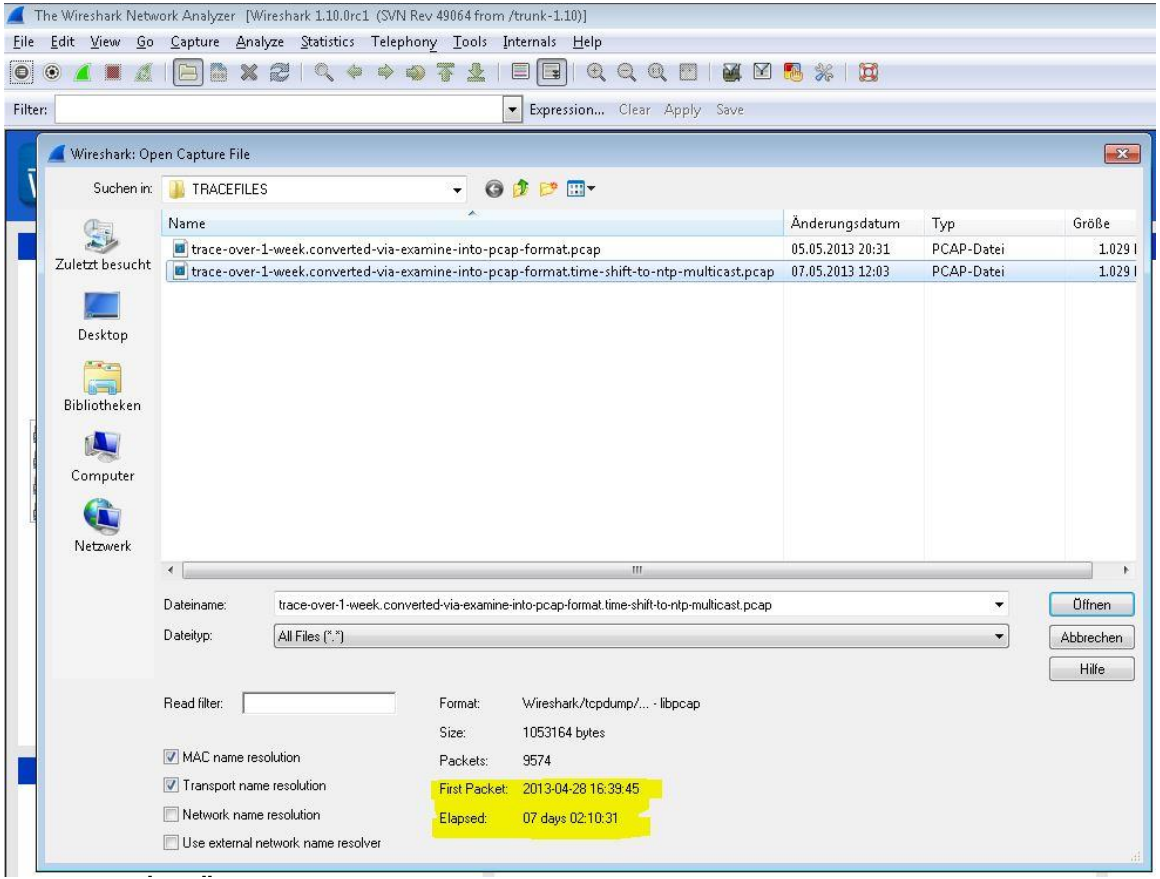
Time adjustment – Step 2



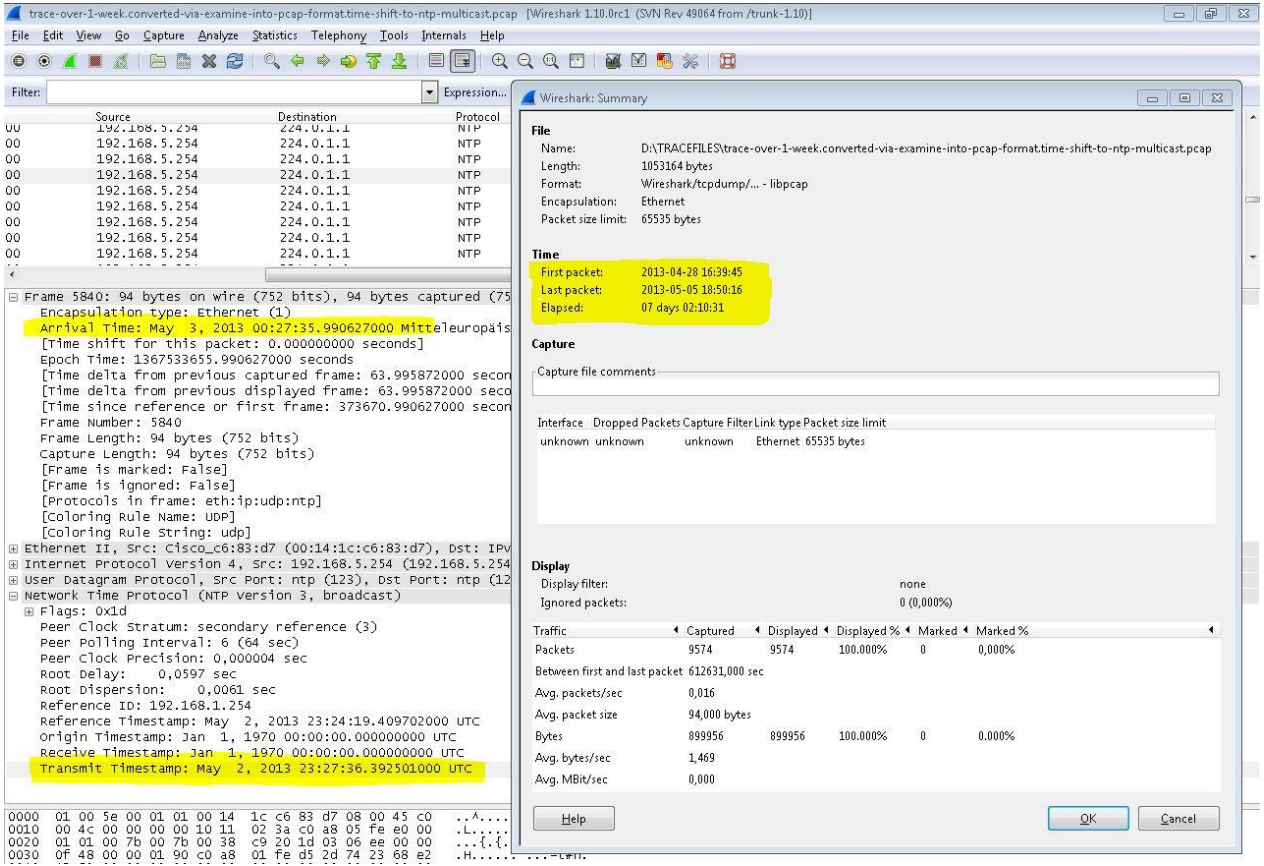
Time adjustment – Step 3



Time adjustment – Step 4

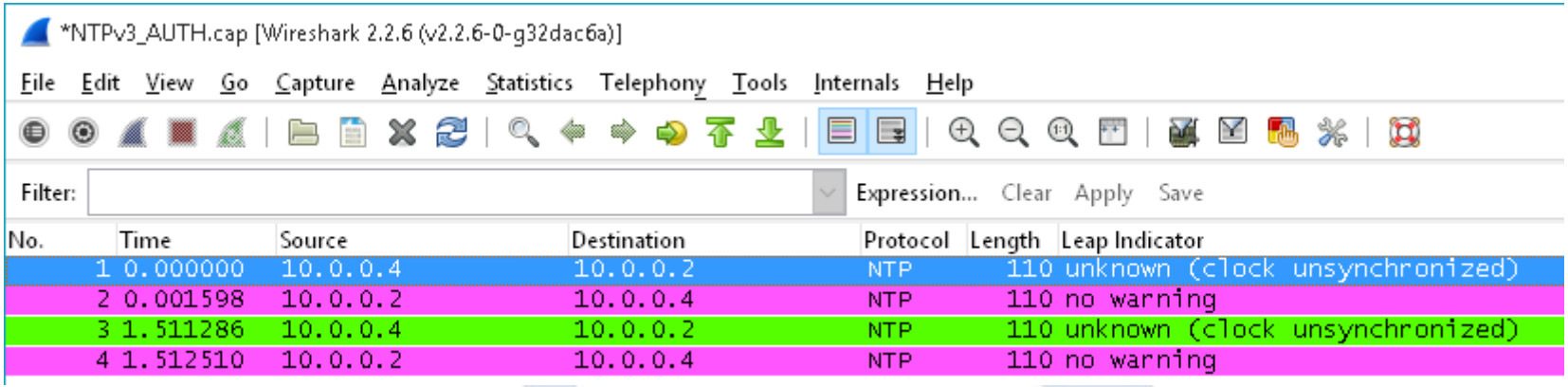


Time adjustment – Step 5



NTP Coloring Rule

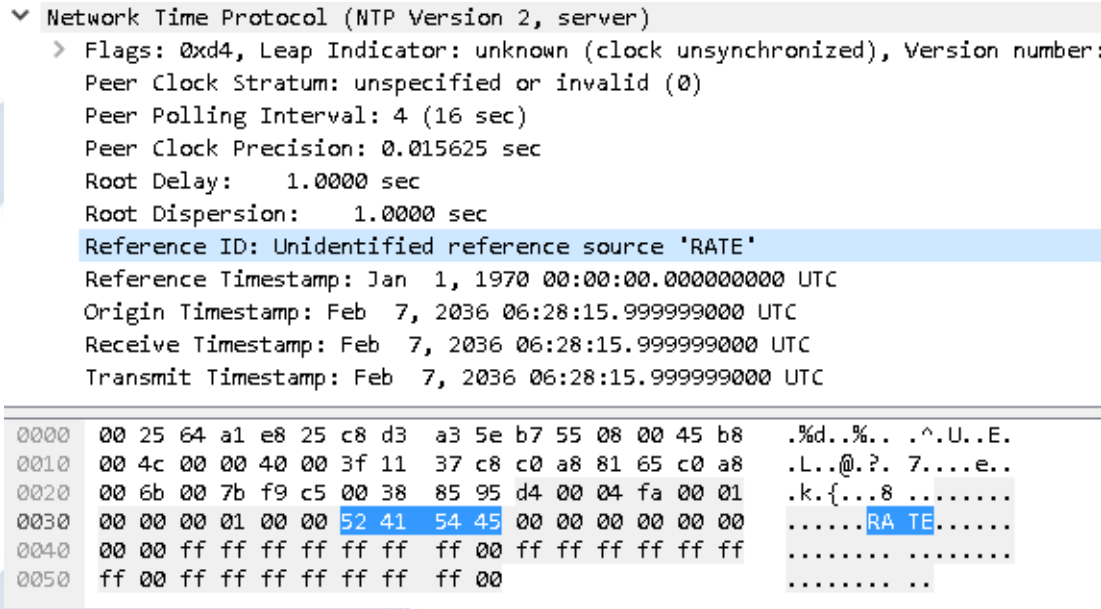
- Colors for various NTP message types



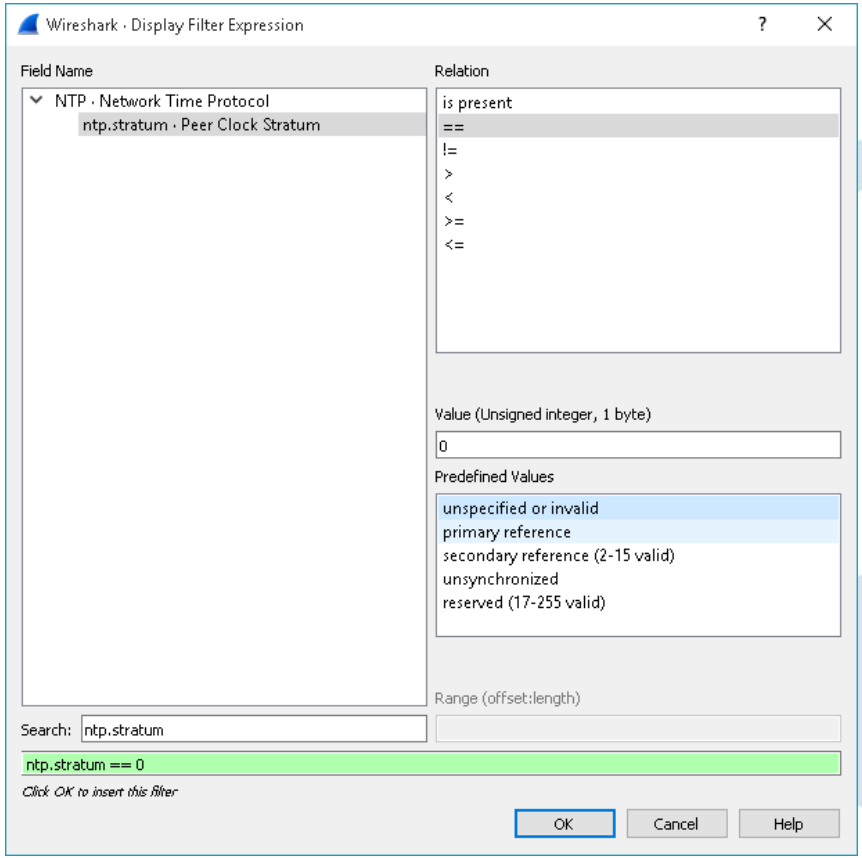
- Wireshark Color Filters for NTP – useful!

NTP Kiss-of-Death

- Kiss-of-Death packets are used by NTP servers to rate-limit NTP client requests that query too frequently
- Kiss of Death is a **not** a NTP protection protocol



ntp.stratum · Peer Clock Stratum



- Stratum is a concept used in NTP and its value indicates the clocks location in the hierarchy
- While a lower stratum often indicates a more accurate clock
- BTW: 2^{256} seconds ?

ntp.refid · Reference ID

```
/* According to rfc, primary (stratum-0 and stratum-1) servers should set
 * their Reference ID (4bytes field) according to following table:
 */
static const struct {
    const char *id;
    const char *data;
} primary_sources[] = {
    /* IANA / RFC 5905 */
    { "GOES",   "Geostationary Orbit Environment Satellite" },
    { "GPS\0",  "Global Position System" },
    { "GAL\0",  "Galileo Positioning System" },
    { "PPS\0",  "Generic pulse-per-second" },
    { "IRIG",   "Inter-Range Instrumentation Group" },
    { "WWVB",   "LF Radio WWVB Ft. Collins, CO 60 kHz" },
    { "DCF\0",  "LF Radio DCF77 Mainflingen, DE 77.5 kHz" },
    { "HBG\0",  "LF Radio HBG Prangins, HB 75 kHz" },
    { "MSF\0",  "LF Radio MSF Anthorn, UK 60 kHz" },
    { "JJY\0",  "LF Radio JJY Fukushima, JP 40 kHz, Saga, JP 60 kHz" },
    { "LORC",   "MF Radio LORAN C station, 100 kHz" },
    { "TDF\0",  "MF Radio Allouis, FR 162 kHz" },
    { "CHU\0",  "HF Radio CHU Ottawa, Ontario" },
    { "WWV\0",  "HF Radio WWV Ft. Collins, CO" },
    { "WWVH",   "HF Radio WWVH Kauai, HI" },
    { "NIST",   "NIST telephone modem" },
    { "ACTS",   "NIST telephone modem" },
    { "USNO",   "USNO telephone modem" },
    { "PTB\0",  "European telephone modem" },

    /* Unofficial codes */
    { "LOCL",   "uncalibrated local clock" },
    { "CESM",   "calibrated Cesium clock" },
    { "RBDM",   "calibrated Rubidium clock" },
    { "OMEG",   "OMEGA radionavigation system" },
    { "DCN\0",  "DCN routing protocol" },
    { "TSP\0",  "TSP time protocol" },
    { "DTS\0",  "Digital Time Service" },
    { "ATOM",   "Atomic clock (calibrated)" },
    { "VLF\0",  "VLF radio (OMEGA,, etc.)" },
    { "1PPS",   "External 1 PPS input" },
    { "FREE",   "(Internal clock)" },
    { "INIT",   "(Initialization)" },
    { "\0\0\0\0",   "NULL" },
    { NULL,     NULL}
};
```

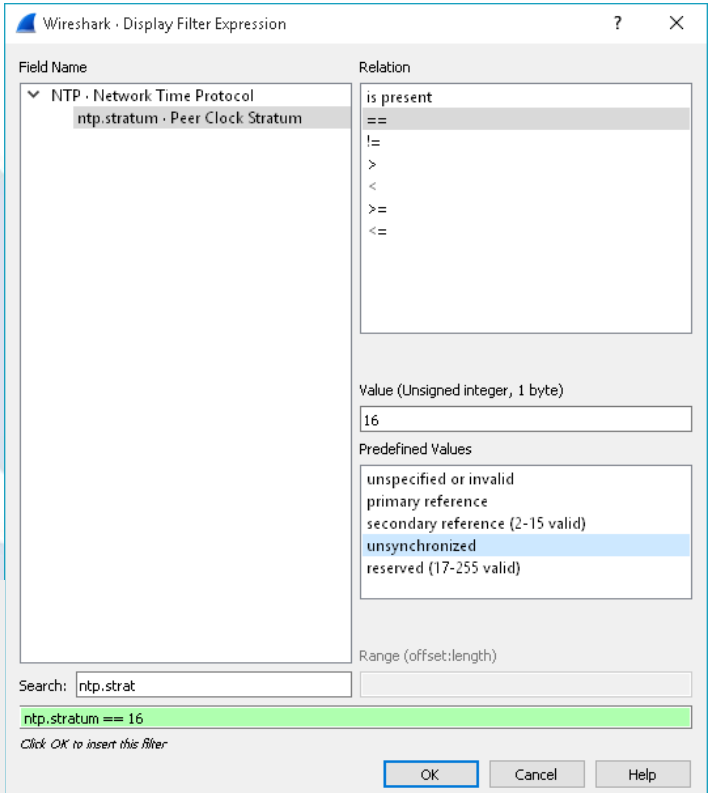
- Research in the source code – some interesting info
- Use a ASCII2HEX converter for your display filter ☺

packet-ntp.c

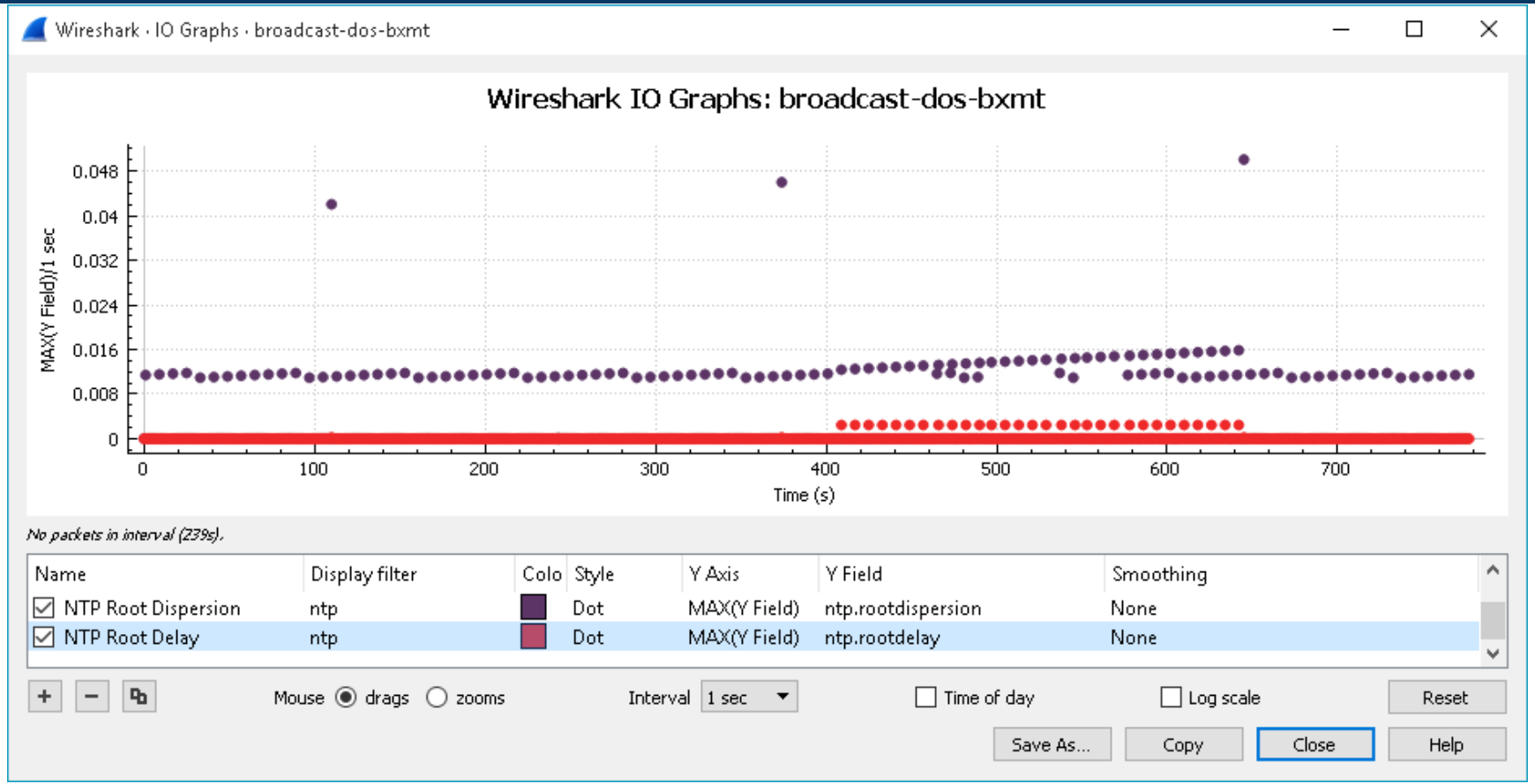
NTP Stratum

- Stratum levels define the distance from the reference clock
- A NTP server that is directly connected to a stratum-0 device is called a stratum-1 server
- NTP clients need some way of judging which time sources are likely to be the most accurate and preventing timing loops
- An NTP client synchronized from a Stratum 4 source would be a Stratum 5 device

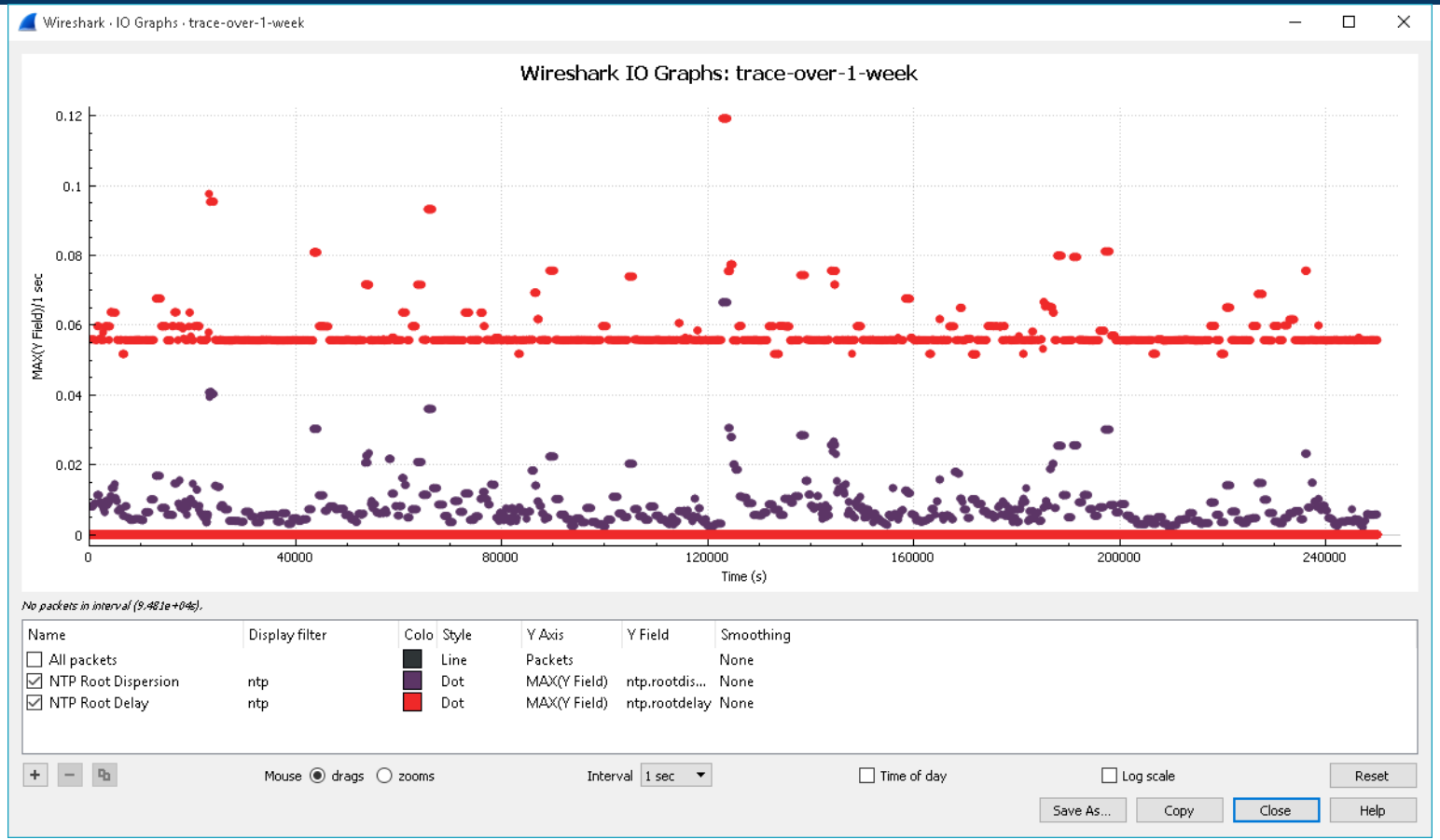
```
# ntpq -pn
     remote           refid      st t when poll reach   delay   offset  jitter
==============================================================================
*127.127.20.1    .GPS.            0 l   52   64  377    0.000    0.516   0.011
o127.127.22.0    .PPS.            0 l    3   16  377    0.000   -0.001   0.001
```



NTP Root Delay / Dispersion Monitoring / IO-Graph



NTP Root Delay / Dispersion Monitoring / IO-Graph



NTP Leap Seconds

- Leap seconds are scheduled to be inserted into or deleted from the UTC time scale in irregular intervals to keep the UTC time scale synchronized with the Earth rotation

```
Network Time Protocol (NTP Version 4, server)
    Flags: 0x64, Leap Indicator: last minute of the day has 61 seconds, Version number: NTP Version 4, Mode: server
        01.. .... = Leap Indicator: last minute of the day has 61 seconds (1)
        ..10 0... = Version number: NTP Version 4 (4)
              100 = Mode: server (4)

Network Time Protocol (NTP Version 4, symmetric active)
    Flags: 0xe1, Leap Indicator: unknown (clock unsynchronized), Version number: NTP Version 4, Mode: symmetric active
        11.. .... = Leap Indicator: unknown (clock unsynchronized) (3)
        ..10 0... = Version number: NTP Version 4 (4)
        .... .001 = Mode: symmetric active (1)
    Peer Clock Stratum: unspecified or invalid (0)
```

```
[9767716.320000] device br-lan entered promiscuous mode
[9890041.560000] Clock: inserting leap second 23:59:60 UTC
[24182566.210000] device br-lan left promiscuous mode
```

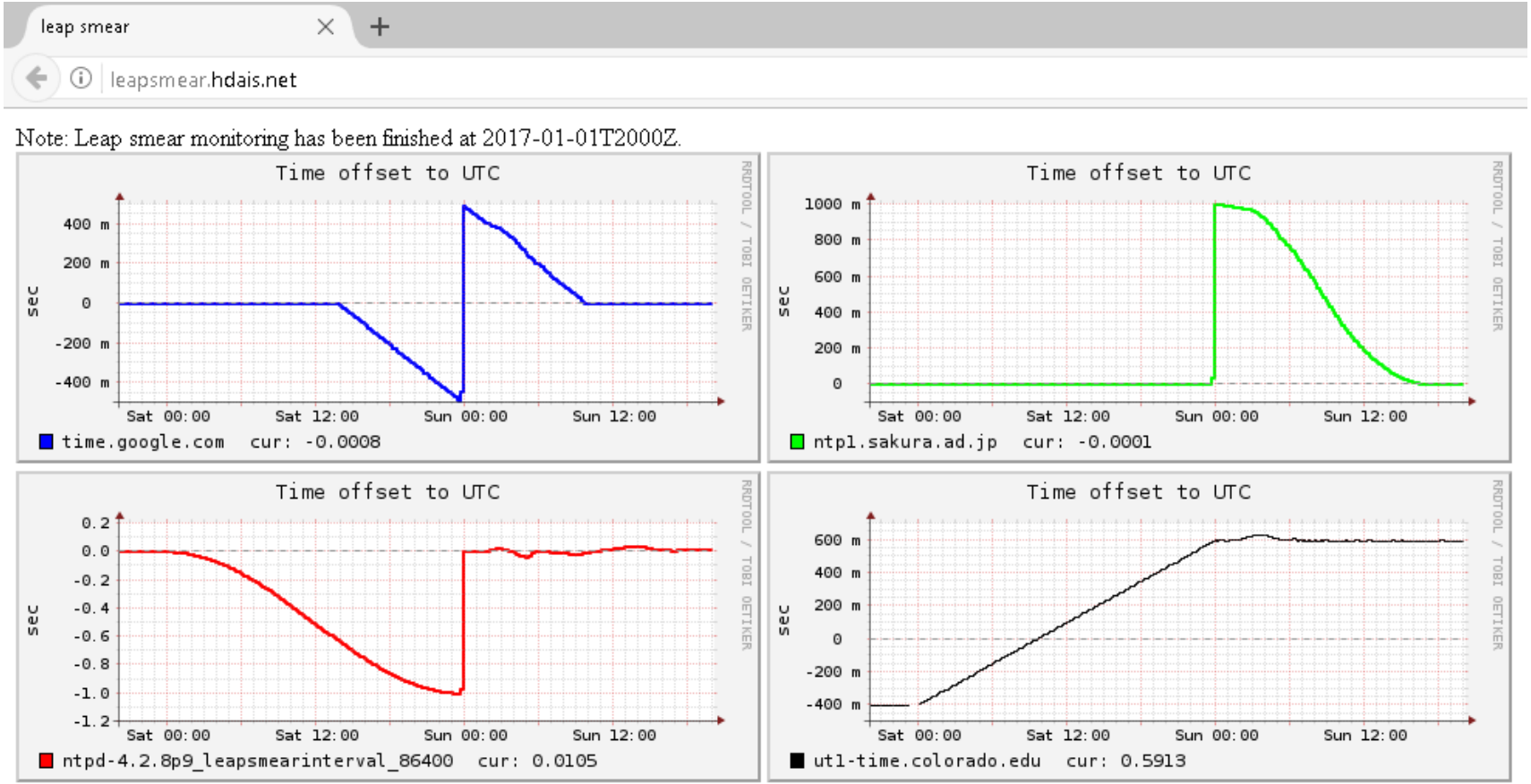
NTP Leap Seconds Smearing

- Workaround for systems get confused if the time is stepped back
- Duplicate timestamps can occur

```
PS C:\Users\Administrator.LAB> w32tm.exe /query /status
Leap Indicator: 1(last minute has 59 seconds)
Stratum: 3 (secondary reference - syncd by (S)NTP)
Precision: -6 (15.625ms per tick)
Root Delay: 0.1689984s
Root Dispersion: 11.9969834s
ReferenceId: 0x0D500C36 (source IP:  13.80.12.54)
Last Successful Sync Time: 31.12.2016 19:52:52
Source: time.windows.com,0x8
Poll Interval: 6 (64s)

PS C:\Users\Administrator.LAB>
```

NTP Leap Smearing Monitoring



Watching NTP leap second with tshark

- tshark -ni eth0 port 123 -R ntp.flags.mode==4 -Eheader=y -Tfields \
-e frame.time \
-e ntp.flags.li \
-e ntp.xmt

```
frame.time ntp.flags.li    ntp.xmt
Jun 30, 2015 14:48:01.772791000 1   d9:3d:1c:91:c6:04:86:7b
Jun 30, 2015 14:48:19.772441000 1   d9:3d:1c:a3:c5:e8:b2:2d
Jun 30, 2015 14:48:34.772810000 1   d9:3d:1c:b2:c5:fa:f6:4f
Jun 30, 2015 14:48:51.772300000 1   d9:3d:1c:c3:c5:d5:7d:c4
Jun 30, 2015 14:49:09.772914000 1   d9:3d:1c:d5:c5:fb:a2:93
```

Reference:
http://www.theptpguy.net/posts/2015/06/30/watching-the-leap-second-with-tshark

NTP to calibrate your capture file

- Tipp: Use Multicast NTP when possible
- Compare frame.time versus transmit timestamp
  https://isc.sans.edu/forums/diary/What+Time+Is+It+Using+NTP+Traffic+to+Calibrate+PCAP+Timestamps/21135/

Public NTP Scanning Websites

- Open NTP Monitor (Mode 7) Scanning Project
  - https://ntpmonitorscan.shadowserver.org/
- OpenNTPProject.org - NTP Scanning Project
  - http://www.openntpproject.org/

NTP Mode 6

- Using Nmap – the easiest way ☺

- Mode 6
  - nmap -sU -pU:123 -Pn -n --script=ntp-info <IP>

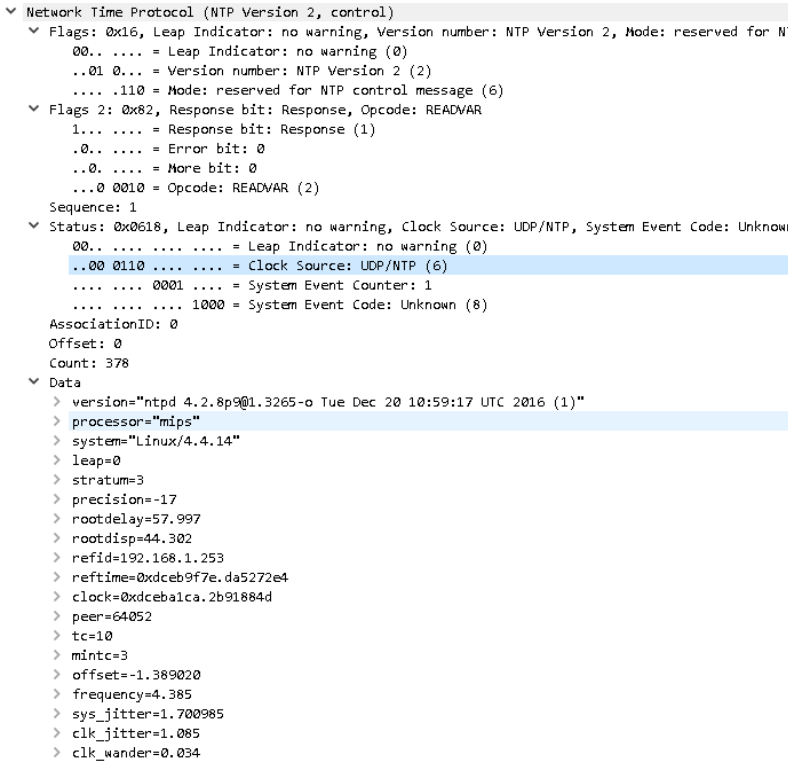
```
Network Time Protocol (NTP Version 2, control)
  Flags: 0x16, Leap Indicator: no warning, Version number: NTP Version 2, Mode: reserved for NTP control message
      00.. .... = Leap Indicator: no warning (0)
      ..01 0... = Version number: NTP Version 2 (2)
      .... .110 = Mode: reserved for NTP control message (6)
  Flags 2: 0x02, Response bit: Request, Opcode: READVAR
      0... .... = Response bit: Request (0)
      .0.. .... = Error bit: 0
      ..0. .... = More bit: 0
      ...0 0010 = Opcode: READVAR (2)
    Sequence: 1
    Status: 0x0000
    AssociationID: 0
    Offset: 0
    Count: 0
```

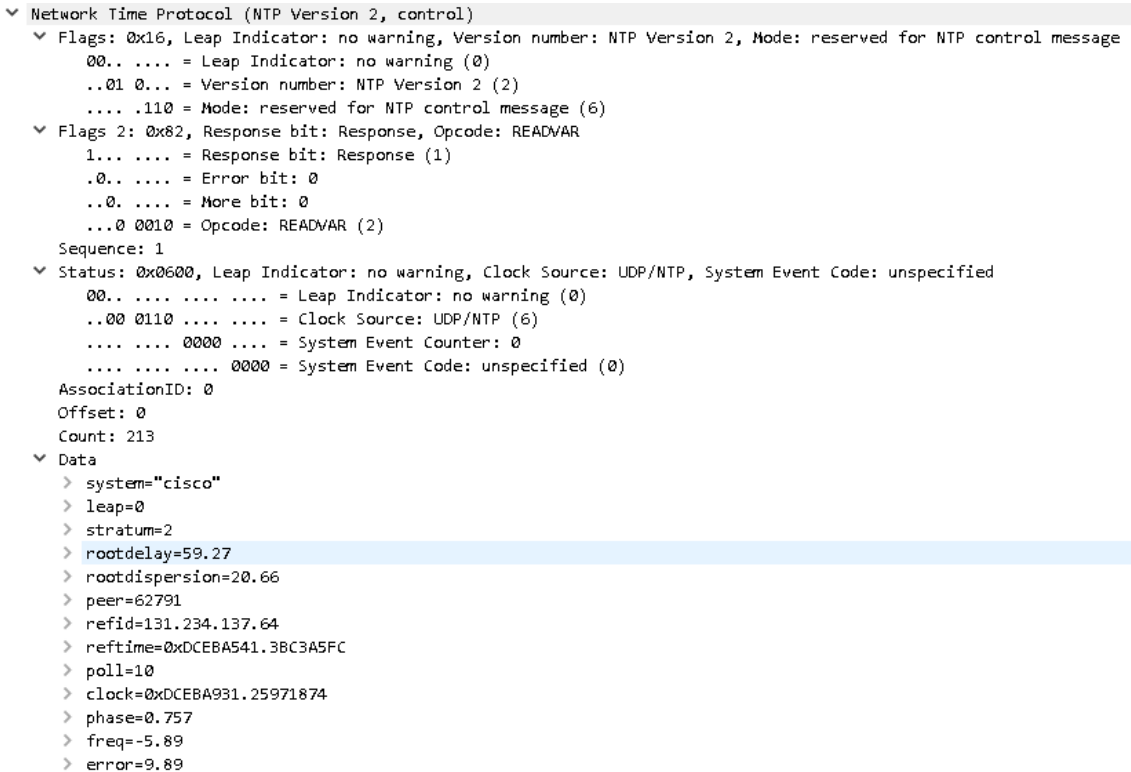
NTP Mode 7

- Mode 7 with Nmap
  - nmap -sU -pU:123 -Pn -n --script=ntp-monlist <IP>

```
Network Time Protocol (NTP Version 2, private)
  Flags: 0x17, Response bit: Request, Version number: NTP Version 2, Mode: reserved for private use
      0... .... = Response bit: Request (0)
      .0.. .... = More bit: 0
      ..01 0... = Version number: NTP Version 2 (2)
      .... .111 = Mode: reserved for private use (7)
  Auth, sequence: 23
      0... .... = Auth bit: 0
      .001 0111 = Sequence number: 23
    Implementation: XNTPD (3)
    Request code: MON_GETLIST_1 (42)
    0000 .... = Err: No error (0x00)
    .... 0000  0000 0000 = Number of data items: 0
    0000 .... = Reserved: 0x00
    .... 0000  0000 0000 = Size of data item: 0x0000
```

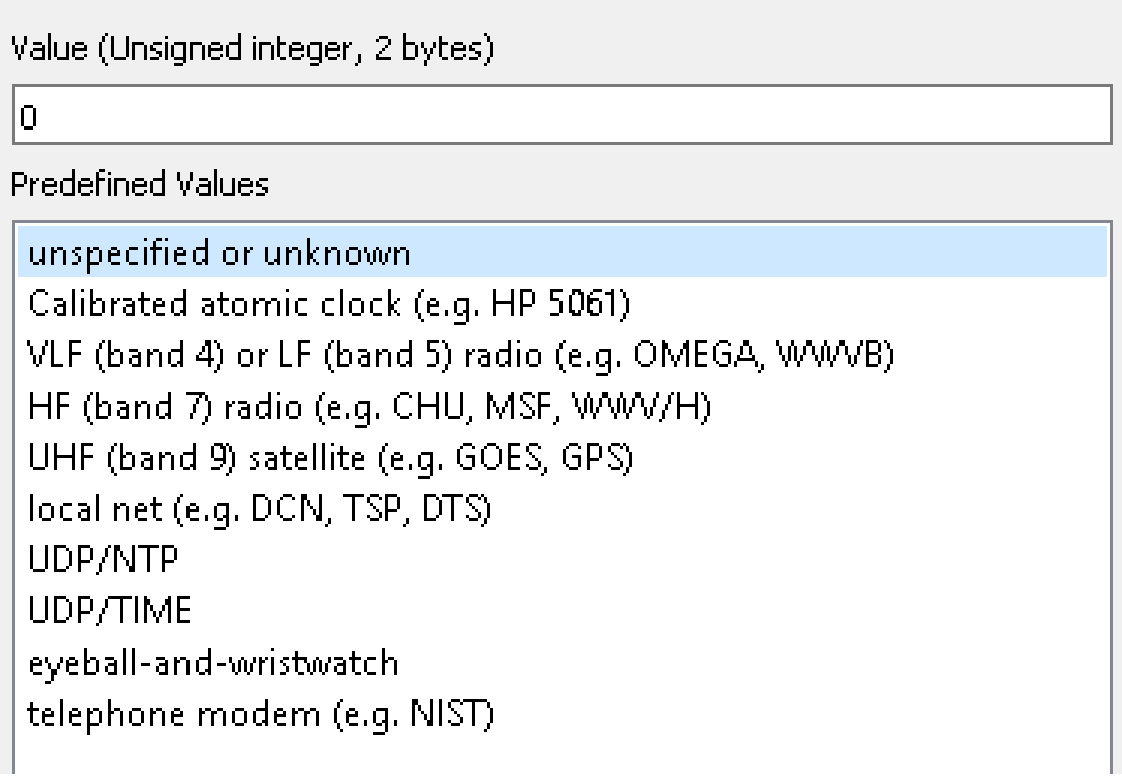
NTP Mode 7 - Replies





NTP Control Clock Source / ntp.ctrl.sys_status.clksrc

- Different Kind of sources for NTP available



NTP Amplification Attack / Reflection DDoS attacks

- One single request
- Flooding different Monlist items

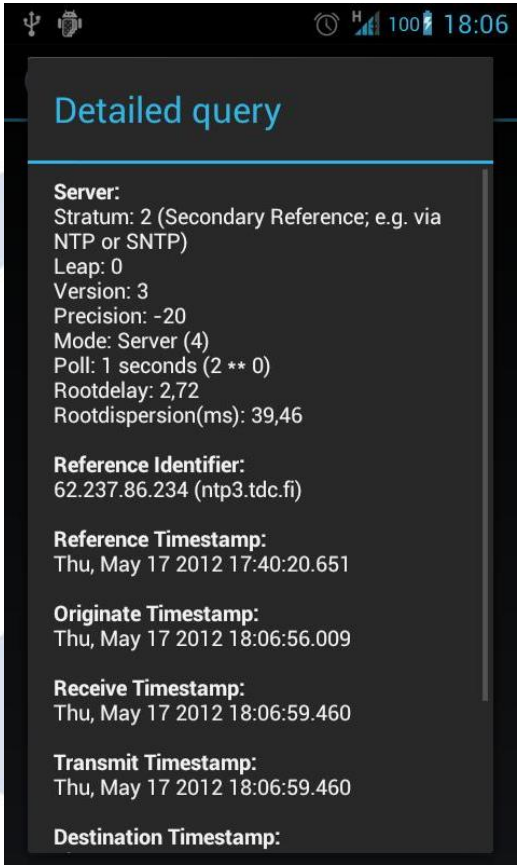
```
> Frame 87: 482 bytes on wire (3856 bits), 482 bytes captur
> Ethernet II, Src: Cisco_05:9f:0b (00:50:73:05:9f:0b), Dst
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 109.75.223.1, Dst: 192.
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 123, Dst Port: 6666
v Network Time Protocol (NTP Version 2, private)
  > Flags: 0xd7, Response bit: Response, Version number: N
  > Auth, sequence: 215
    Implementation: XNTPD (3)
    Request code: MON_GETLIST_1 (42)
    0000 .... = Err: No error (0x00)
    .... 0000  0000 0110 = Number of data items: 6
    0000 .... = Reserved: 0x00
    .... 0000  0100 1000 = Size of data item: 0x0048
  > Monlist item: address: 217.7.239.199:35005
  > Monlist item: address: 31.19.17.89:40540
  > Monlist item: address: 109.234.60.27:123
  > Monlist item: address: 74.183.220.60:50177
  > Monlist item: address: 84.23.80.31:51254
  > Monlist item: address: 79.241.128.143:64345
```

Wireshark · Flow · single-request_multiple_answers_2_times

Time	192.168.1.55		109.75.223.1	Comment
0.124919	49161	NTP Version 2, private →	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.391319	6666	NTP Version 2, private →	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.545084	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.546779	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.546781	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.546911	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.547893	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.549695	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.551596	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.551827	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.552436	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.552916	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.553516	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.554159	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.554850	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.555316	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.555754	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.556518	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.557318	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.558086	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.558893	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.559921	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.560483	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.561355	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private
12609.562154	6666	← NTP Version 2, private	123	NTP: NTP Version 2, private

NTP APPs for your Smartphone

- Different kinds of APPs are available for different platforms
- Useful for checking your capture setup and results too ☺



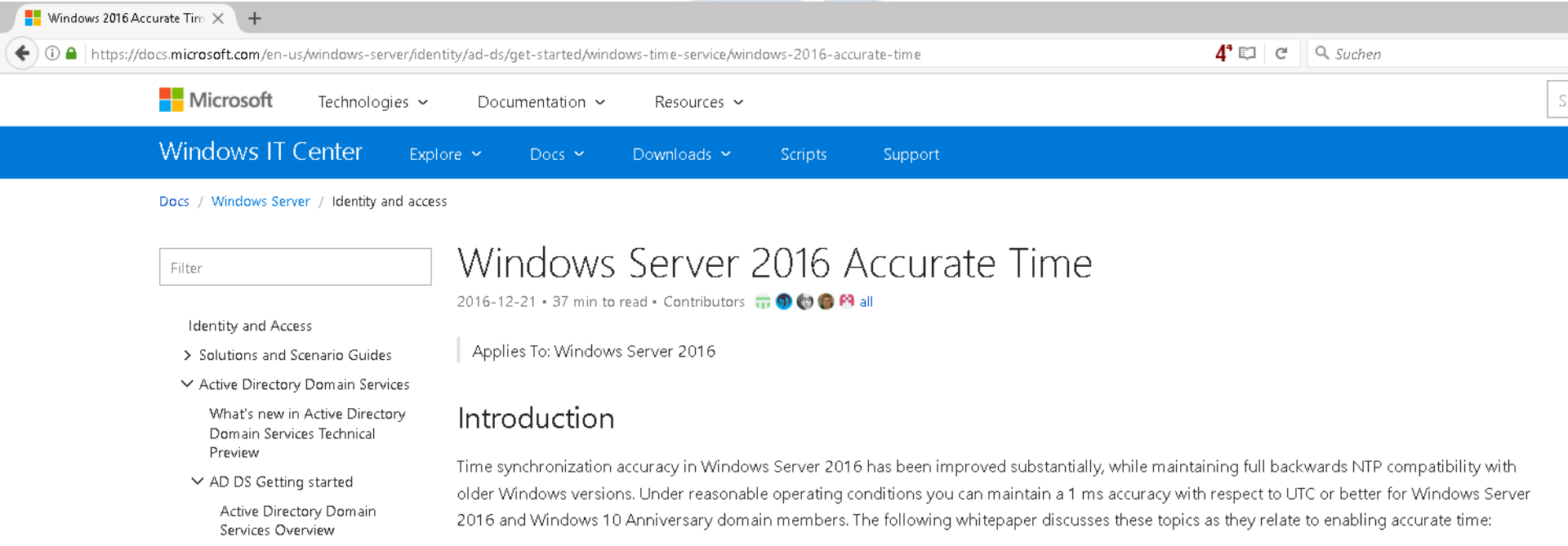
NTP Polling Intervals - RFCs and the Windows Way

Windows version	NTP.MAXPOLL: Domain controllers	NTP.MAXPOLL: Member /Standalone machines	NTP.MINPOLL: Domain controllers	NTP.MINPOLL: Member/Standalone machines
Windows XP	15	15	6	10
Windows Server 2003	10	15	6	10
Windows Vista	10	15	6	10
Windows Server 2008	10	15	6	10
Windows 7	10	15	6	10
Windows Server 2008 R2	10	15	6	10
Windows 8	10	15	6	10
Windows Server 2012	10	15	6	10
Windows 8.1	10	15	6	10
Windows Server 2012 R2	10	15	6	10
Windows 10	10	15	6	10
Windows Server 2016	10	15	6	10

- RFC 1305
  - NTP.MAXPOLL 1024 seconds, which was the maximum with NTPv3
- RFC 5905
  - poll intervals up to 36 hours

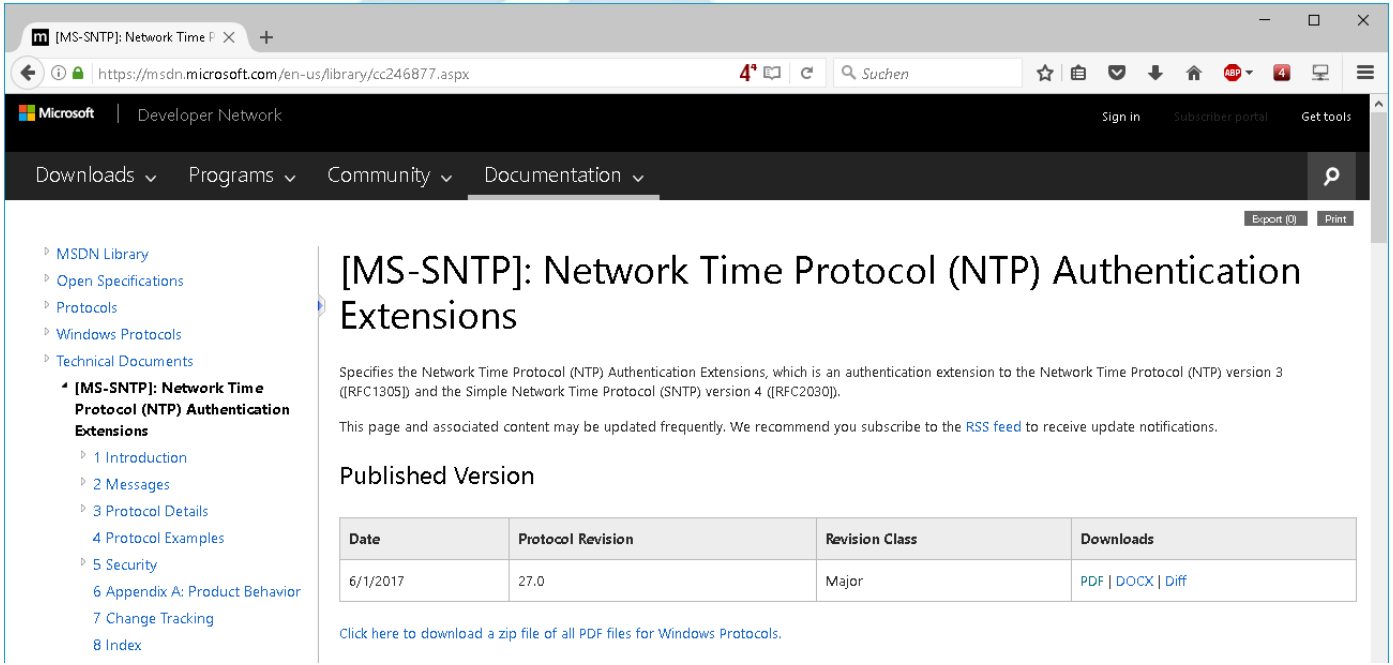
Windows Accurate Time

- Is your Windows Capture Engine part of a domain?



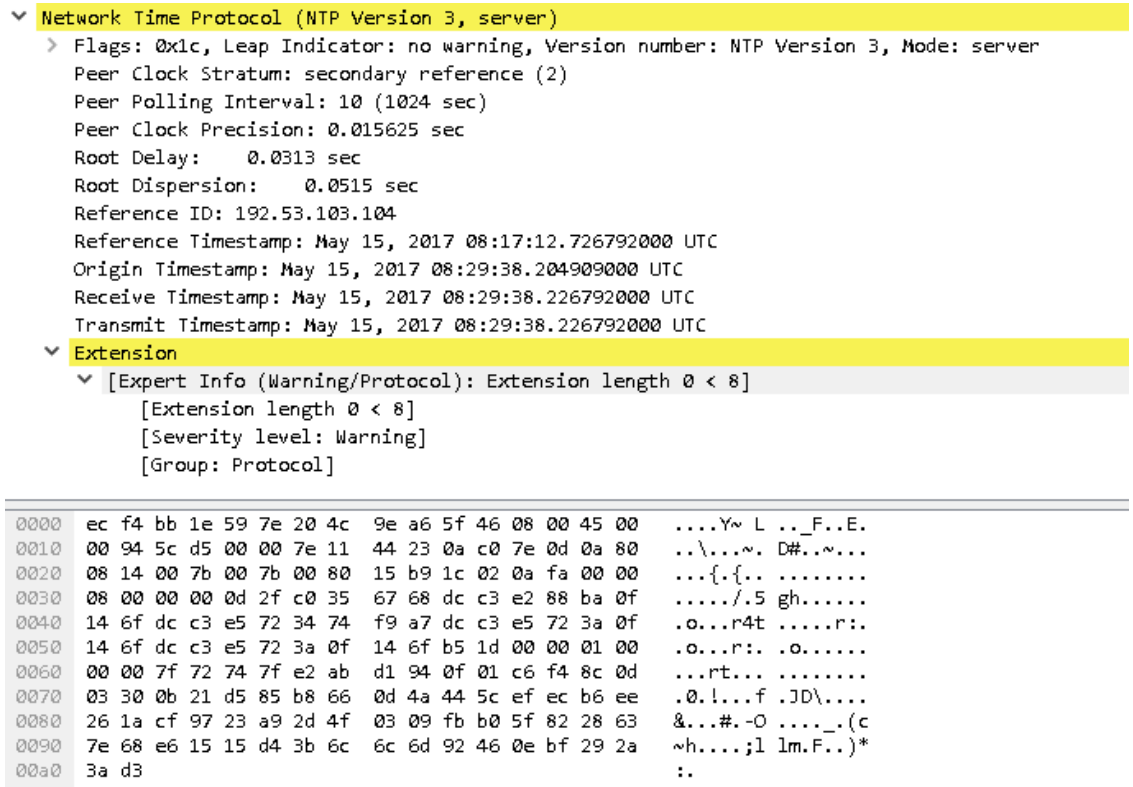
MS-SNTP Extensions

- Microsoft has a custom authentication mechanism in their NTP implementation of the Windows Time Service



MS-SNTP Extensions - Wireshark

- Decoding with Wireshark not implemented yet ;-)



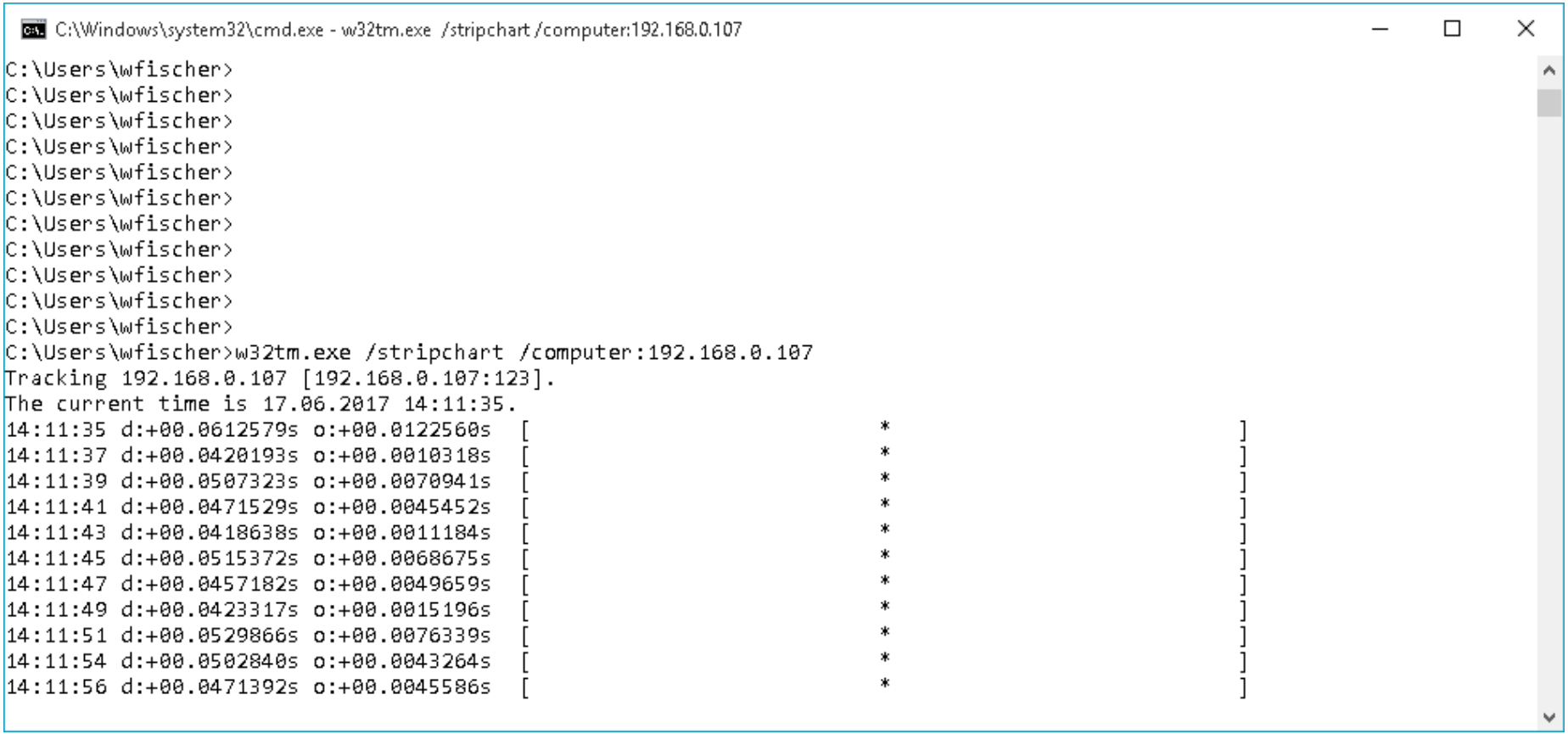
MS-SNTP Extensions – MS Message Analyzer

Details 1

Enter search text here...

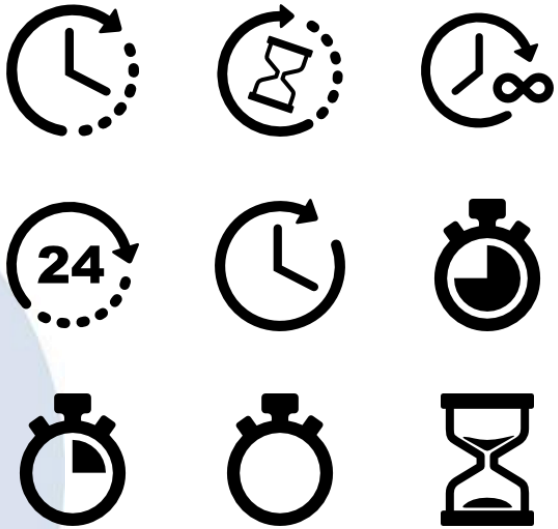
Name	Value	Bit Offset	Bit Length	Type
Leap	no warning (0x00)	0	2	Leap
Version	3 (0x03)	2	3	Byte
Mode	server (0x04)	5	3	Mode
Stratum	secondary server(via NTP) (0x02)	8	8	Stratum
Poll	10 (0x0A)	16	8	SByte
Precision	-6 (0xFA)	24	8	SByte
RootDelay	2048 (0x00000800)	32	32	Int32
RootDispersion	3375 (0x00000D2F)	64	32	UInt32
ReferenceIdentifier	192.53.103.104	96	32	Utility.IPv4Address
ReferenceTimestamp	05.15.2017 10:17:12.7270000 +02:00 (0xDCC3E288BA0F146F)	128	64	UInt64
OriginateTimestamp	05.15.2017 10:29:38.2050000 +02:00 (0xDCC3E5723474F9A7)	192	64	UInt64
ReceiveTimestamp	05.15.2017 10:29:38.2270000 +02:00 (0xDCC3E5723A0F146F)	256	64	UInt64
TransmitTimestamp	05.15.2017 10:29:38.2270000 +02:00 (0xDCC3E5723A0F146F)	320	64	UInt64
ExtensionField	ExtendedAuthenticator{KeyIdentifier=KeyIdentifierFlags{Rid=1519288320,Sign…	384	576	NTP.ExtendedAuthenticator
KeyIdentifier	KeyIdentifierFlags{Rid=1519288320,Sign=0}	384	32	NTP.KeyIdentifierFlags
Rid	(01011010100011101000000000000000.) 1519288320 (0x5A8E8000)	384	31	Int32
Sign	(...............................0) (0x00000000)	415	1	Int32
Reserved	1 (0x01)	416	8	Byte
Flags	0 (0x00)	424	8	Byte
ClientHashIDHints	0 (0x00)	432	8	Byte
SignatureHashID	0 (0x00)	440	8	Byte
CryptoChecksum	Blob{Data=binary[127,114,116,127,226,171,209,148,15,1,198,244,140,13,3,48,…	448	512	Utility.Blob
Data	binary[127,114,116,127,226,171,209,148,15,1,198,244,140,13,3,48,11,33,213,…	448	512	BinaryValue

Windows w32tm as a NTP client for testing



AGENDA

- Time basic
- Time Protocols
- NTP
- PTP
- Wrap-UP



code.wireshark Code Review

https://code.wireshark.org/review/gitweb?p=wireshark.git;a=tree;f=epan/dissectors;h=546fcbf52b8c12020a81e3902d2111fe36a026e6;hb=HEAD

-rw-r--r--	9611	packet-prp.c	blob | history | raw
-rw-r--r--	308391	packet-ptp.c	blob | history | raw
-rw-r--r--	1206	packet-ptp.h	blob | history | raw

IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol (PTP)

- IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is a highly accurate distributed time synchronization protocol for packet network
- IEEE 1588-2008, as known as IEEE 1588v2 or PTPv2 is the latest IEEE 1588 standard
  - Can direct map to Ethernet, or UDP IPv4.
  - Packet based timing distribution and synchronization.
  - Nanosecond to sub-microsecond accuracy
  - Low administrative effort, easy to manage and maintain
  - Low cost and low resource use, works on high-end or low-end device
  - Support redundant and fault-tolerant
  - No need to implement costly GPS or other dedicated timing network

PTP Overview

- Peer-to-peer transparent clocks
- Time format
- Architectural choices
- Best master selection
- PTP profiles and conformance
- General optional features
- State configuration options
- Compatibility requirements
- Transport specific field
- Security
- Transport of cumulative frequency offset information

Frequency and time Synchronization and Strategies

- Hierarchical architecture for clock and time distribution
- Accuracy better than NTP (from milliseconds to nanoseconds)
- Distribute Time to places where GPS would be impractical (e.g. DC)
- BMC (Best Master Clock) algorithm defines the "Grand Master" used to synchronize a clock domain

PTPv2 Transport

- PTP over IPv4
- PTP over IPv6
- PTP over Ethernet
  - Note: 802.1AS over Ethernet (802.3) qualifies as a Profile of IEEE 1588-2008
- PTP over DeviceNET
- PTP over ControlNET
- PTP over IEC 61158 Type 10 (Fieldbus)

PTP Packet/Frame Details

- Communication between master and slave use multicast group address
- Event messages use UDP Port 319
- General message use UDP port 320
- Above applies to both unicast and multicast
- IANA also reserved additional multicast address for PTP, currently it’s not used
  - 224.0.1.130
  - 224.0.1.131
  - 224.0.1.132

PTP addresses

Ethernet and IP PTPv2 addressing (destination address)		IANA assignment	Comments
PTP primary for all except pdelay messages	MAC (Ethernet)	01-1B-19-00-00-00	From OUI 00-1B-19 assigned to IEEE I&M Society TC9.
	IPv4	224.0.1.129	Corresponds to PTPv1 default domain number.
	IPv6	FF0X:0:0:0:0:0:0:181	Value of X defines in section 2.7 of [RFC4291].
PTP pdelay for pdelay messages Note: might be used for all PTP messages in the scope of the address	MAC (Ethernet)	01-80-C2-00-00-0E	Allows transmission over Ethernet port blocked by any type of Spanning Tree Protocol.
	IPv4	224.0.0.107	TTL must be set to 1 and cannot be routed.
	IPv6	FF02:0:0:0:0:0:0:6B	HL must be set to 1 and cannot be routed.

PTPv2 / General messages / Announce

```
Frame 4: 109 bytes on wire (872 bits), 109 bytes captured (872 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce), Dst: IPv4mcast_01:81 (01:00:5e:00:01:81)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.27.75.10, Dst: 224.0.1.129
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 320, Dst Port: 320
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
    .... 1011 = messageId: Announce Message (0xb)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 64
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x003c
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
        .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..1. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: True
        .... .... ...1 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: True
        .... .... .... 1... = PTP_TIMESCALE: True
        .... .... .... .1.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: True
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 38302
    control: Other Message (5)
    logMessagePeriod: 0
    originTimestamp (seconds): 0
```

```
Frame 17596: 78 bytes on wire (624 bits), 78 bytes captured (624 bits) on inter
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce), Dst: IeeeI&MS_00:00:00
    Destination: IeeeI&MS_00:00:00 (01:1b:19:00:00:00)
    Source: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce)
    Type: PTPv2 over Ethernet (IEEE1588) (0x88f7)
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
    .... 1011 = messageId: Announce Message (0xb)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 64
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x003c
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
    control: Other Message (5)
    logMessagePeriod: 0
    originTimestamp (seconds): 0
```

01:1B:19:00:00:00
for non-peer-delay measurement mechanism messages
(Announce, Sync, Follow_up, Delay_Req, Delay_Resp)

01:80:C2:00:00:00:0E
for peer-delay measurement mechanism messages
(Pdelay_Req, Pdelay_Resp, Pdelay_Resp_Follow_up)

PTP ToD

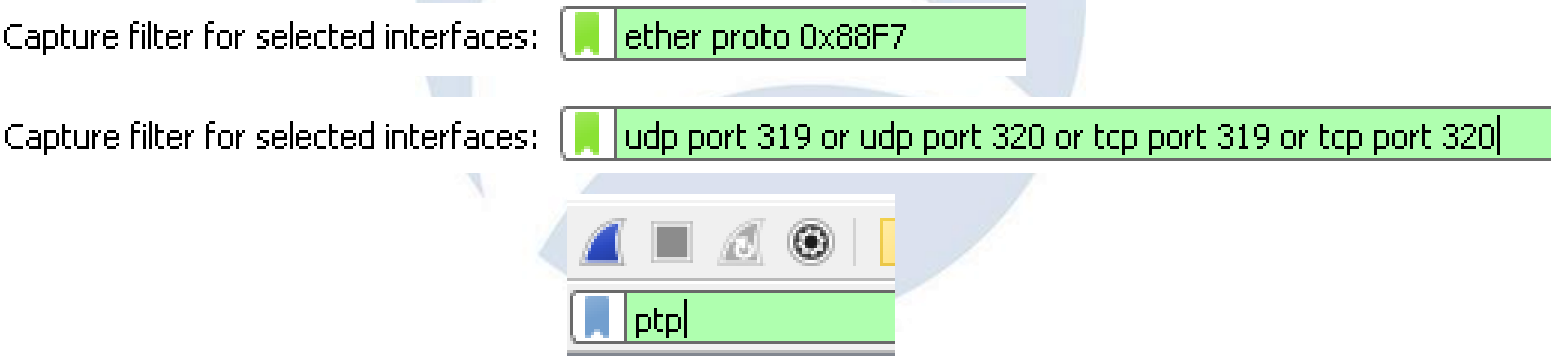
- IEEE 1588v2 PTP is capable of frequency, phase and time-of-day synchronization
- Telecommunication industry requires the synchronization of frequency, phase and time-of-day
- Most of the applications in financial institute and data center networks are interested in Time-of-Day synchronization

PTP – Wireshark Capture and Display Filter

- udp port 319 or udp port 320 or tcp port 319 or tcp port 320

- for PTP over Ethernet packets, specify:

"ether proto 0x88F7”



PTP Clock Types

- Ordinary Clock (OC)
  - Has a single PTP port in a domain and maintains the timescale of the domain
- Boundary Clock (BC)
  - Has multiple PTP ports in a domain and maintains the timescale of the domain
- Transparent Clock
  - Measures the time taken for a PTP event message to transit the device
    - Peer-to-peer transparent clocks (P2P TC) provide corrections for the propagation delay of the link in addition to the transit time
    - End-to-end transparent clock (E2E TC)

PTP Clock Types

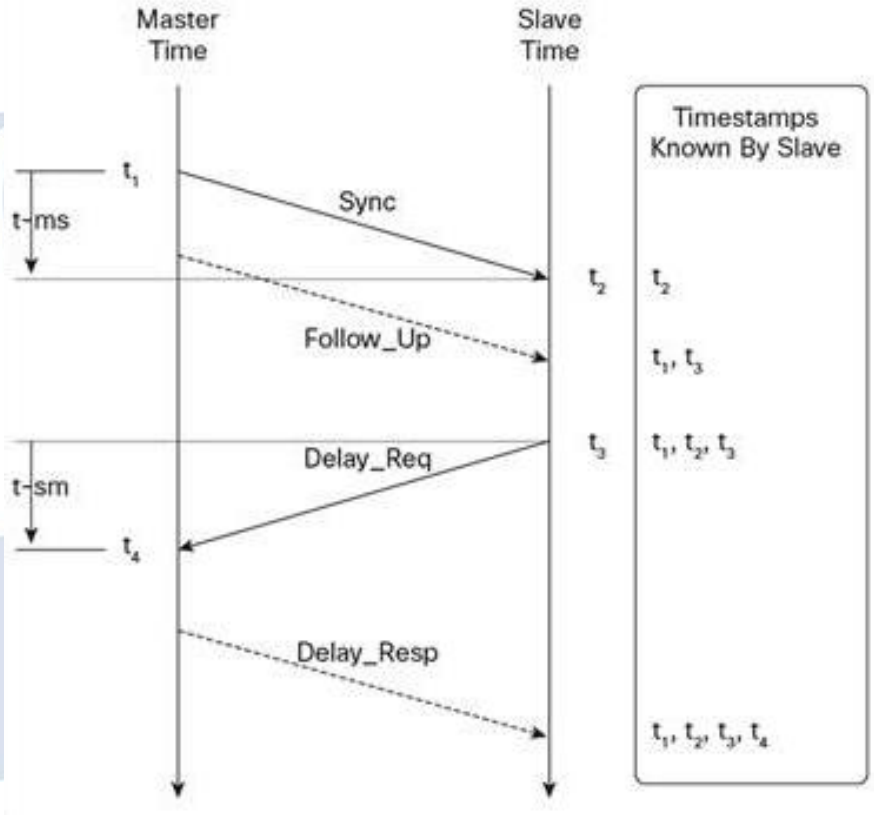
- Slave clock
  - A slave clock receives the time information from a master clock by synchronizing itself with the master clock. It does not redistribute the time to another clock
- Grandmaster clock (GM)
  - A grandmaster clock is the highest-ranking clock within its PTP domain and is the primary reference source for all other PTP elements.

PTP 1-step and 2-step clocks

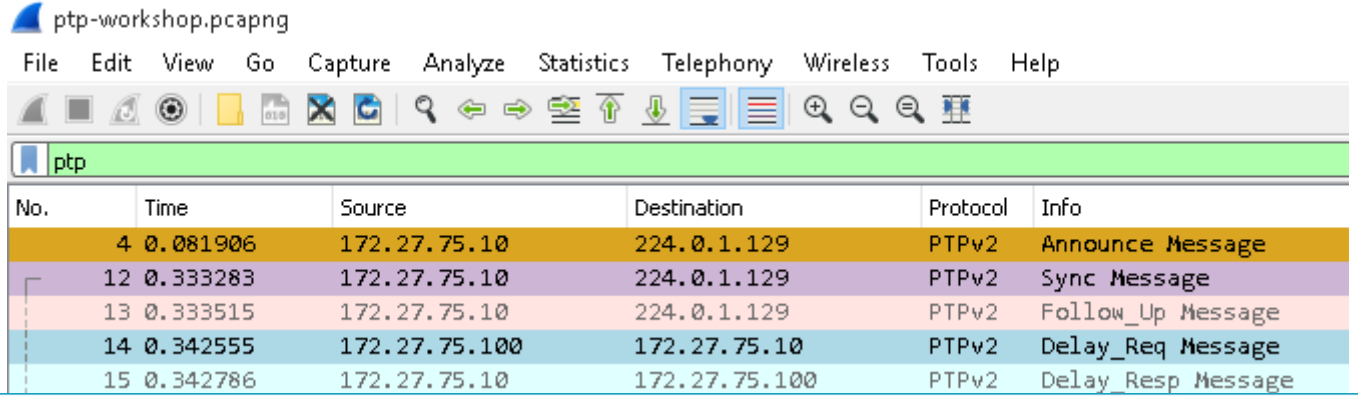
- 1-step clock updates accurate timestamp (t1) in Sync message
- 2-step clock sends accurate timestamp (t1) in a Follow_Up message
  - Simplify design while avoiding queuing noise
  - Ease integration of security extensions

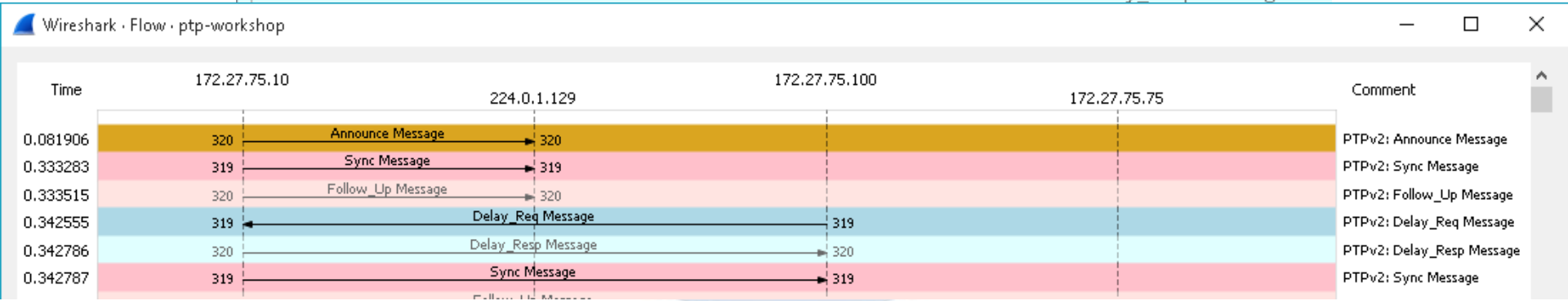
PTP Clock Synchronization Process

- Sync
- Follow Up
- Delay Request
- Delay Response



PTP Clock Synchronization Process in Wireshark





PTPv2 Sync Message – verify by your own

- When was this?
- Was the capture engine in time sync?
  - Hint: Have a look at the originTimestamp and convert it

```
Frame 12: 86 bytes on wire (688 bits), 86 bytes captured (688 bits) on interface 0
    Interface id: 0 (\Device\NPF_{BD5BE3FE-84FE-4398-A232-C6D212432BE8})
    Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
    Arrival Time: Mar  9, 2017 16:33:45.864628000 W. Europe Standard Time
```

```
originTimestamp (seconds): 1489073662
originTimestamp (nanoseconds): 870158024
```

```
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 319, Dst Port: 319
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
        ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
    .... 0000 = messageId: Sync Message (0x0)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 44
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x0200
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
        .... ..1. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: True
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
        .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 38302
    control: Sync Message (0)
    logMessagePeriod: 0
    originTimestamp (seconds): 1489073662
    originTimestamp (nanoseconds): 870158024
```

```
0000  01 00 5e 00 01 81 ec 46  70 00 8f ce 08 00 45 00   ..^....F p.....E.
0010  00 48 28 f7 40 00 05 11  74 07 ac 1b 4b 0a e0 00   .H(.@... t...K...
0020  01 81 01 3f 01 3f 00 34  10 18 00 02 00 2c 00 00   ...?.?.4 .....,..
0030  02 00 00 00 00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00 00 00 ec 46   ........ .......F
0040  70 ff fe 00 8f ce 00 01  95 9e 00 00 00 00 58 c1   p....... ......X.
0050  75 fe 33 dd 8e c8                                 u.3...
```

PTPv2 Transmission

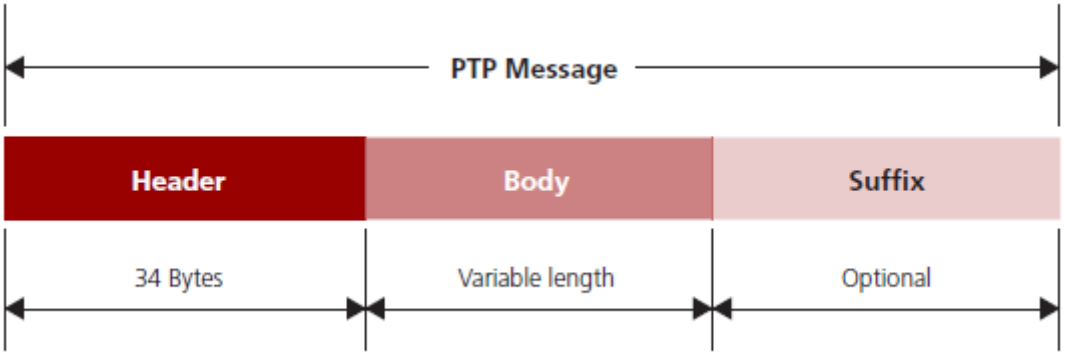
- Mode:
  - Unicast
  - Multicast
- Rates:
  - variable
- Timeouts
  - variable
- TLV and Extensions

PTP Grand Master (GM) selection

- GM-capable stations advertise that fact via ANNOUNCE messages
  - If station hears from station with “better” clock, does not send ANNOUNCE
- Settable “Priority” field can override clock quality
- MAC address is tie breaker
  - Bridges drop all inferior ANNOUNCE messages
- Forward only the best
  - Last one standing is Grand Master for the LAN
- GM is the root of the timing tree
- GM periodically sends the current time

PTP Message Formats

- All PTP Messages consist of a header, body and optional suffix



PTPv2 / General messages / Announce

```
Frame 4: 109 bytes on wire (872 bits), 109 bytes captured (872 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce), Dst: IPv4mcast_01:81 (01:00:5e:00:01:81)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.27.75.10, Dst: 224.0.1.129
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 320, Dst Port: 320
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
    .... 1011 = messageId: Announce Message (0xb)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 64
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x003c
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
        .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..1. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: True
        .... .... ...1 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: True
        .... .... .... 1... = PTP_TIMESCALE: True
        .... .... .... .1.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: True
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 38302
    control: Other Message (5)
    logMessagePeriod: 0
    originTimestamp (seconds): 0
```

IPv4

```
Frame 17596: 78 bytes on wire (624 bits), 78 bytes captured (624 bits) on inter
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce), Dst: IeeeI&MS_00:00:00
    Destination: IeeeI&MS_00:00:00 (01:1b:19:00:00:00)
    Source: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce)
    Type: PTPv2 over Ethernet (IEEE1588) (0x88f7)
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
    .... 1011 = messageId: Announce Message (0xb)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 64
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x003c
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
        .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..1. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: True
        .... .... ...1 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: True
        .... .... .... 1... = PTP_TIMESCALE: True
        .... .... .... .1.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: True
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 999
    control: Other Message (5)
    logMessagePeriod: 0
    originTimestamp (seconds): 0
```

L2

PTP Message Header

```
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
  0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
  .... 0000 = messageId: Sync Message (0x0)
  .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
  messageLength: 44
  subdomainNumber: 0
  flags: 0x0200
     0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
     .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
     ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
     .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
     .... ..1. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: True
     .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
     .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
     .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
     .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
     .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
     .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
     .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
  correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
     correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
     correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
  ClockIdentity: 0x6805cafffe39dabc
  SourcePortID: 1
  sequenceId: 387
  control: Sync Message (0)
  logMessagePeriod: 0
  originTimestamp (seconds): 0
  originTimestamp (nanoseconds): 0
```

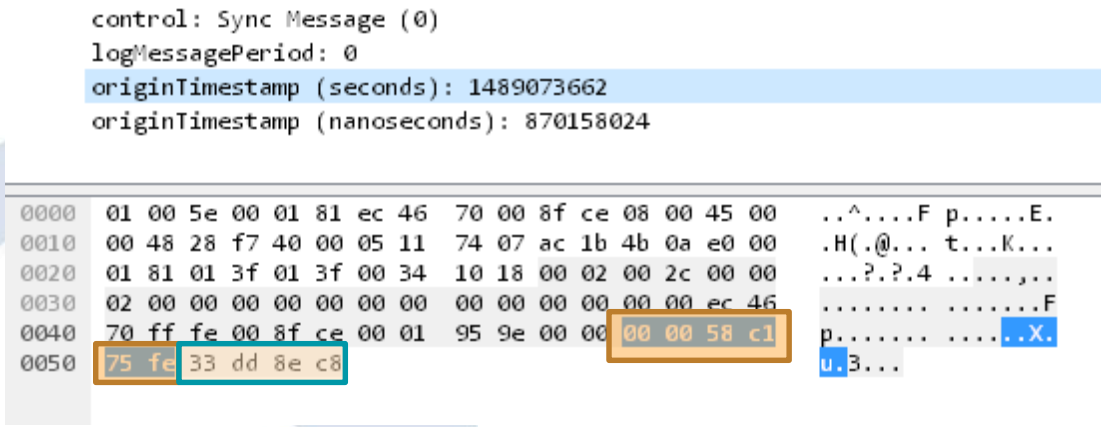
- Common part of PTP Message Header

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
transportSpecific				messageType				1	0
reserved				versionPTP				1	1
messageLength								2	2
domainNumber								1	4
reserved								1	5
flags								2	6
correctionField								8	8
reserved								4	16
sourcePortIdentity								10	20
sequenceId								2	30
controlField								1	32
logMessageInterval								1	33

Source: IEEE 1588-2008, Table 18

PTP Timestamps

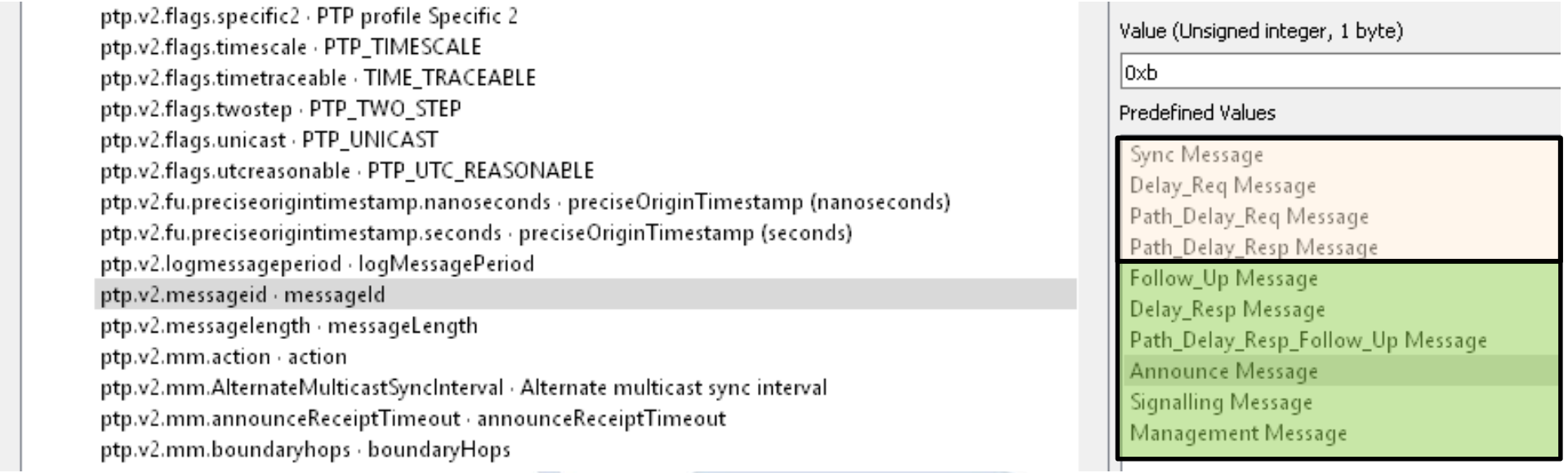
- PTP use 80 bit-Timestamps
  - They consist of a 48-bit part for seconds and a 32-bit part for nanosecond
  - The time scale rolls over every 2^{48} seconds (8.925.512 years)
  - Theoretical resolution of 2^{32} nanoseconds
  - Timescale from TAI
    - also alternative timescale possible



PTPv2 Message Types

- Event messages (need to be accurately time stamped)
  - Sync
  - Delay_Req
  - Pdelay_Req
  - Pdelay_Resp
- General messages (not time stamped)
  - Follow_Up
  - Delay_Resp
  - Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up
  - Announce
  - Signaling and Management

PTPv2 Message Types



Event messages

General messages

PTP – Sync Message (0x0)

```
Frame 12: 86 bytes on wire (688 bits), 86 bytes captured (688 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce), Dst: IPv4mcast_01:81 (01:00:5e:00:01:81)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.27.75.10, Dst: 224.0.1.129
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 319, Dst Port: 319
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
        ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
    .... 0000 = messageId: Sync Message (0x0)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 44
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x0200
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
        .... ..1. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: True
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
        .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 38302
    control: Sync Message (0)
    logMessagePeriod: 0
    originTimestamp (seconds): 1489073662
    originTimestamp (nanoseconds): 870158024
```

Sync Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
originTimestamp								10	34

IPv4

Event messages

PTP - Delay_Req Message (0x1)

```
Frame 14: 90 bytes on wire (720 bits), 90 bytes captured (720 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:bf (ec:46:70:00:8f:bf), Dst: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.27.75.100, Dst: 172.27.75.10
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 319, Dst Port: 319
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
        ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
    .... 0001 = messageId: Delay_Req Message (0x1)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 48
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x0400
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .1.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: True
        .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
        .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fbf
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 529
    control: Delay_Req Message (1)
    logMessagePeriod: 127
    originTimestamp (seconds): 1489073662
    originTimestamp (nanoseconds): 879479141
```

Delay_Req Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
originTimestamp								10	34

IPv4

Event messages

PTP - Path_Delay_Req Message (0x2)

```
> Frame 1: 68 bytes on wire (544 bits), 68 bytes captured (544 bits)
> Ethernet II, Src: RichardH_00:09:ba (00:80:63:00:09:ba), Dst: LLDP_Multicast (01:80:c2:00:00:0e)
v Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
  v 0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
      ...0 .... = 802.1as conform: False
    .... 0010 = messageId: Path_Delay_Req Message (0x2)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 54
    subdomainNumber: 0
  v flags: 0x0000
      0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
      .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
      ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
      .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
      .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
      .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
      .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
      .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
      .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
      .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
      .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
      .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
  v correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
      correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
      correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0x008063ffff0009ba
    SourcePortID: 2
    sequenceId: 1118
    control: Other Message (5)
    logMessagePeriod: 15
    originTimestamp (seconds): 1169232201
    originTimestamp (nanoseconds): 474052852
```

Pdelay_Req Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
originTimestamp								10	34
reserved								10	44

L2

Event messages

PTP - Path_Delay_Resp Message (0x3)

```
Frame 1: 68 bytes on wire (544 bits), 68 bytes captured (544 bits)
Ethernet II, Src: HonHaiPr_15:ad:ad (00:22:68:15:ad:ad), Dst: LLDP_Multicast (01:80:c2:00:00:0e)
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0001 .... = transportSpecific: 0x1
        ...1 .... = 802.1as conform: True
    .... 0011 = messageId: Path_Delay_Resp Message (0x3)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 54
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x0000
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
        .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
        .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0x002268fffe15adad
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 128
    control: Other Message (5)
    logMessagePeriod: 1
    requestreceiptTimestamp (seconds): 1273706546
    requestreceiptTimestamp (nanoseconds): 503340000
    requestingSourcePortIdentity: 0x005043fffe000101
    requestingSourcePortId: 0
```

Pdelay_Resp Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
receiveReceiptTimestamp								10	34
requestingPortIdentity								10	44

L2

Event messages

PTP - Follow_Up Message (0x8)

```
Frame 13: 86 bytes on wire (688 bits), 86 bytes captured (688 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce), Dst: IPv4mcast_01:81 (01:00:5e:00:01:81)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.27.75.10, Dst: 224.0.1.129
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 320, Dst Port: 320
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
        ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
    .... 1000 = messageId: Follow_Up Message (0x8)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 44
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x0000
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
        .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
        .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 38302
    control: Follow_Up Message (2)
    logMessagePeriod: 0
    preciseOriginTimestamp (seconds): 1489073662
    preciseOriginTimestamp (nanoseconds): 870210033
```

Follow_Up Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
preciseOriginTimestamp								10	34

IPv4

General messages

PTP - Delay_Resp Message (0x9)

```
Frame 15: 173 bytes on wire (1384 bits), 173 bytes captured (1384 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce), Dst: Meinberg_00:8f:bf (ec:46:70:00:8f:bf)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.27.75.10, Dst: 172.27.75.100
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 320, Dst Port: 320
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
        ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
    .... 1001 = messageId: Delay_Resp Message (0x9)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 128
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x0400
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .1.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: True
        .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
        .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 529
    control: Delay_Resp Message (3)
    logMessagePeriod: 127
    receiveTimestamp (seconds): 1489073662
    receiveTimestamp (nanoseconds): 879482261
    requestingSourcePortIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fbf
    requestingSourcePortId: 1
```

Delay_Resp Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
receiveTimestamp								10	34
requestingPortIdentity								10	44

IPv4

General messages

PTP - Path_Delay_Resp_Follow_Up Message (0xa)

```
> Frame 42: 96 bytes on wire (768 bits), 96 bytes captured (768 bits)
> Ethernet II, Src: Accedian_0a:14:a3 (00:15:ad:0a:14:a3), Dst: Fujitsu_1c:44:25 (00:e0:00:1c:44:25)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.74, Dst: 192.168.1.159
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 320, Dst Port: 320
v Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
  v 0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
      ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
    .... 1100 = messageId: Signalling Message (0xc)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 54
    subdomainNumber: 0
  v flags: 0x0400
      0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
      .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
      ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
      .... .1.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: True
      .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
      .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
      .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
      .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
      .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
      .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
      .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
      .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
  v correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
      correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
      correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0x0015adfffe0a14a0
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 21
    control: Other Message (5)
    logMessagePeriod: 127
    targetPortIdentity: 0x00e000fffe1c4425
    targetPortId: 1
  v tlvType: Request unicast transmission (4)
      lengthField: 6
      1011 .... = messageType: Announce Message (0xb)
    v logInterMessagePeriod: 1
        period: every 2 seconds
        rate: 0.5 packets/sec
      durationField: 300 seconds
```

Pdelay_Resp_Follow_Up Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
responseOriginTimestamp								10	34
requestingPortIdentity								10	44

IPv4

General messages

PTP - Announce Message (0xb)

```
Frame 4: 109 bytes on wire (872 bits), 109 bytes captured (872 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Meinberg_00:8f:ce (ec:46:70:00:8f:ce), Dst: IPv4mcast_01:81 (01:00:5e:00:01:81)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.27.75.10, Dst: 224.0.1.129
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 320, Dst Port: 320
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
  0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
     ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
  .... 1011 = messageId: Announce Message (0xb)
  .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
  messageLength: 64
  subdomainNumber: 0
  flags: 0x003c
     0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
     .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
     ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
     .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
     .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
     .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
     .... .... ..1. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: True
     .... .... ...1 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: True
     .... .... .... 1... = PTP_TIMESCALE: True
     .... .... .... .1.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: True
     .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
     .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
  correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
     correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
     correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
  ClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
  SourcePortID: 1
  sequenceId: 38302
  control: Other Message (5)
  logMessagePeriod: 0
  originTimestamp (seconds): 0
  originTimestamp (nanoseconds): 0
  originCurrentUTCOffset: 37
  priority1: 128
  grandmasterClockClass: 6
  grandmasterClockAccuracy: The time is accurate to within 100 ns (0x21)
  grandmasterClockVariance: 13563
  priority2: 128
  grandmasterClockIdentity: 0xec4670fffe008fce
  localStepsRemoved: 0
  TimeSource: GPS (0x20)
```

Announce Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
originTimestamp								10	34
currentUtcOffset								2	44
Reserved								1	46
grandmasterPriority1								1	47
grandmasterClockQuality								4	48
grandmasterPriority2								1	52
grandmasterIdentity								8	53
stepsRemoved								2	61
timeSource								1	63

IPv4

General messages

PTP - Signalling Message (0xc)

```
Frame 42: 96 bytes on wire (768 bits), 96 bytes captured (768 bits)
Ethernet II, Src: Accedian_0a:14:a3 (00:15:ad:0a:14:a3), Dst: Fujitsu_1c:44:25 (00:e0:00:1c:44:25)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.74, Dst: 192.168.1.159
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 320, Dst Port: 320
Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
    0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
        ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
    .... 1100 = messageId: Signalling Message (0xc)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 54
    subdomainNumber: 0
    flags: 0x0400
        0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
        .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
        ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
        .... .1.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: True
        .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
        .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
        .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
        .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
        .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
        .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
        .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
    correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
        correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
        correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0x0015adfffe0a14a0
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 21
    control: Other Message (5)
    logMessagePeriod: 127
    targetPortIdentity: 0x00e000fffe1c4425
    targetPortId: 1
    tlvType: Request unicast transmission (4)
        lengthField: 6
        1011 .... = messageType: Announce Message (0xb)
        logInterMessagePeriod: 1
            period: every 2 seconds
            rate: 0.5 packets/sec
        durationField: 300 seconds
```

Signalling Message Format

Bits								Octets	Offset
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
header (13.3)								34	0
targetPortIdentity								10	34
One or more TLVs								N	44

A Signaling message is used to transport a sequence of one or more TLV entities.

IPv4

General messages

PTP - Management Message (0xd)

```
> Frame 4: 106 bytes on wire (848 bits), 106 bytes captured (848 bits)
> Ethernet II, Src: HewlettP_e0:06:d3 (b4:b5:2f:e0:06:d3), Dst: IPv4mcast_01:81 (01:00:5e:00:01:81)
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.1.3.99, Dst: 224.0.1.129
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 320, Dst Port: 320
v Precision Time Protocol (IEEE1588)
  v 0000 .... = transportSpecific: 0x0
      ...0 .... = V1 Compatibility: False
    .... 1101 = messageId: Management Message (0xd)
    .... 0010 = versionPTP: 2
    messageLength: 64
    subdomainNumber: 0
  v flags: 0x0000
      0... .... .... .... = PTP_SECURITY: False
      .0.. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 2: False
      ..0. .... .... .... = PTP profile Specific 1: False
      .... .0.. .... .... = PTP_UNICAST: False
      .... ..0. .... .... = PTP_TWO_STEP: False
      .... ...0 .... .... = PTP_ALTERNATE_MASTER: False
      .... .... ..0. .... = FREQUENCY_TRACEABLE: False
      .... .... ...0 .... = TIME_TRACEABLE: False
      .... .... .... 0... = PTP_TIMESCALE: False
      .... .... .... .0.. = PTP_UTC_REASONABLE: False
      .... .... .... ..0. = PTP_LI_59: False
      .... .... .... ...0 = PTP_LI_61: False
  v correction: 0.000000 nanoseconds
      correction: Ns: 0 nanoseconds
      correctionSubNs: 0.000000 nanoseconds
    ClockIdentity: 0x544debfffe35620e
    SourcePortID: 1
    sequenceId: 236
    control: Management Message (4)
    logMessagePeriod: 0
    targetPortIdentity: 0xffffffffffffffff
    targetPortId: 65535
    startingBoundaryHops: 0
    boundaryHops: 0
    .... 0000 = action: GET (0)
    tlvType: Management (1)
    lengthField: 12
    managementId: TIME (8207)
  v data: 00000000000000000000
      current time (seconds): 0
      current time (nanoseconds): 0
```

Management Message Format

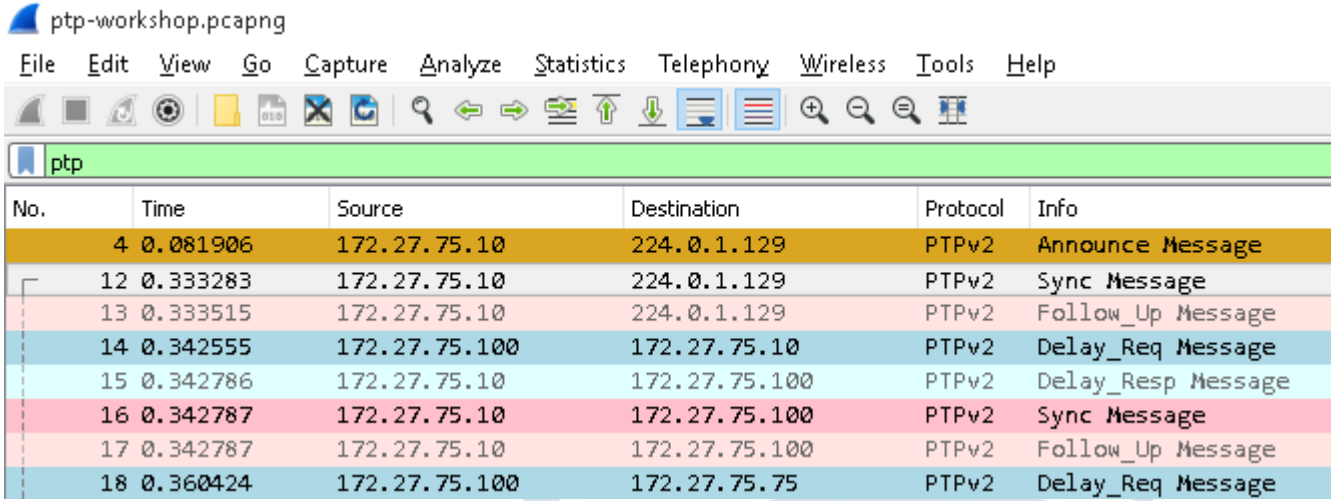
Bits 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Octets	Offset
header (13.3)								34	0
targetPortIdentity								10	34
startingBoundaryHops								1	44
boundaryHops								1	45
Reserved				actionField				1	46
Reserved								1	47
managementTLV								M	48

IPv4

General messages

PTPv2 Coloring Rule

- Colors for various PTP message types

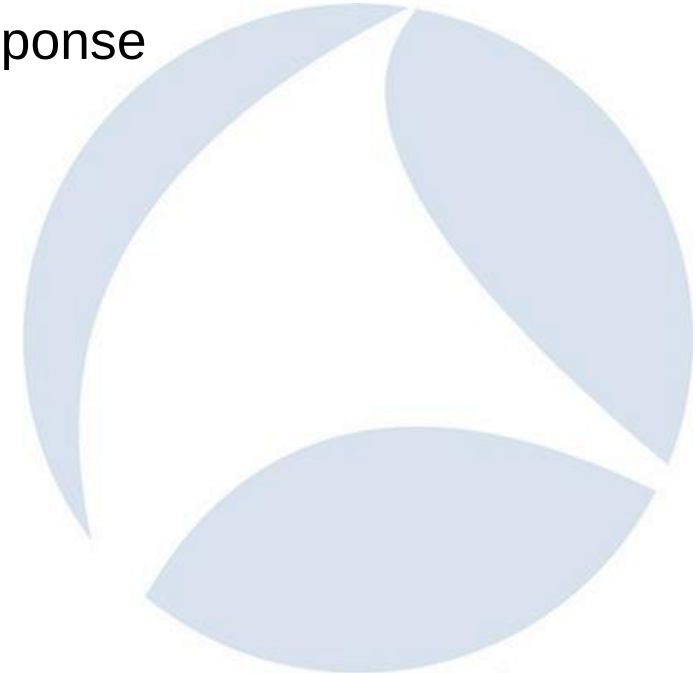


No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
4	0.081906	172.27.75.10	224.0.1.129	PTPv2	Announce Message
12	0.333283	172.27.75.10	224.0.1.129	PTPv2	Sync Message
13	0.333515	172.27.75.10	224.0.1.129	PTPv2	Follow_Up Message
14	0.342555	172.27.75.100	172.27.75.10	PTPv2	Delay_Req Message
15	0.342786	172.27.75.10	172.27.75.100	PTPv2	Delay_Resp Message
16	0.342787	172.27.75.10	172.27.75.100	PTPv2	Sync Message
17	0.342787	172.27.75.10	172.27.75.100	PTPv2	Follow_Up Message
18	0.360424	172.27.75.100	172.27.75.75	PTPv2	Delay_Req Message

- Wireshark Color Filters for PTP (Tutorial)
  - https://www.iol.unh.edu/sites/default/files/knowledgebase/1588/Wireshark_color_filters_tutorial.pdf

PTP Delay measurement

- Path delay mechanisms
  - peer delay
  - delay request response

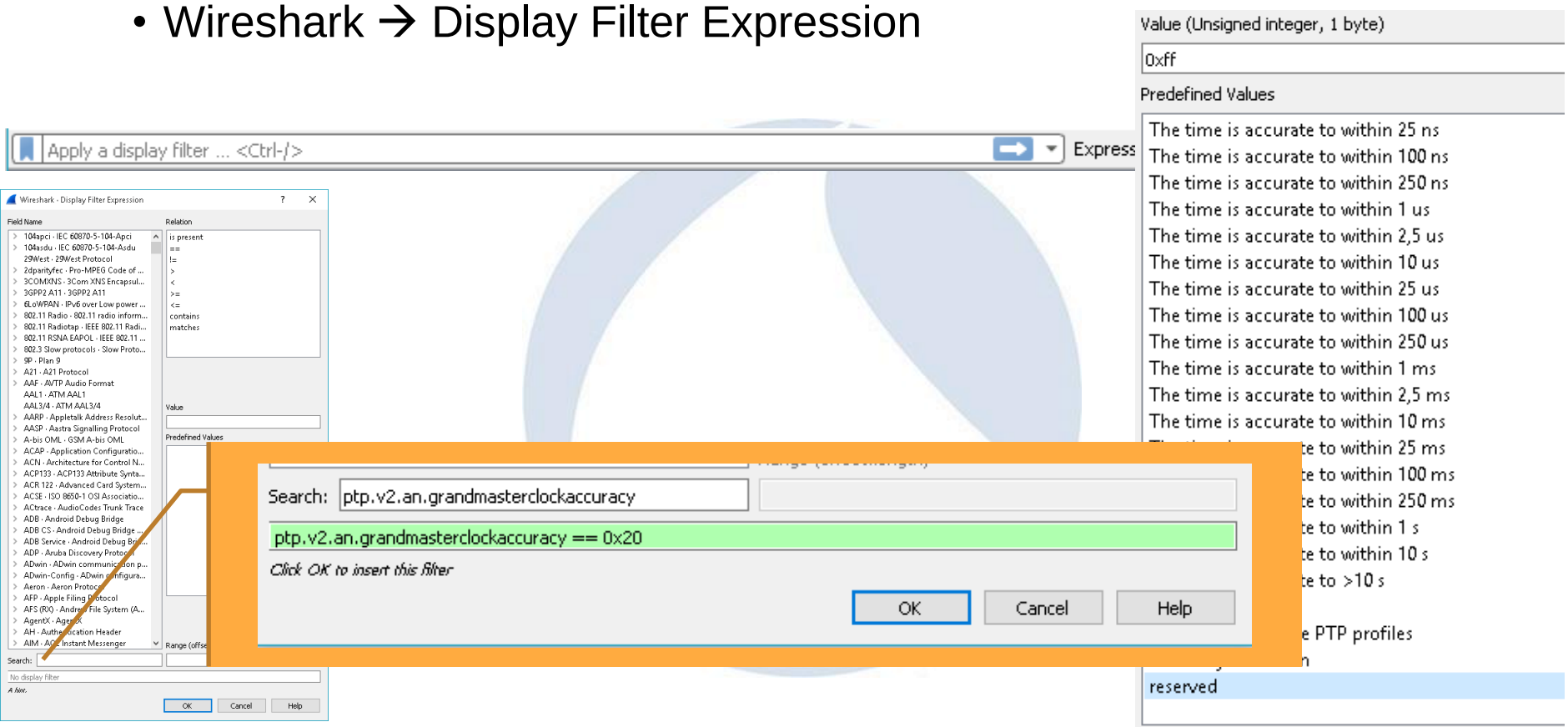


PTP and QoS

- For Carrier Ethernet Network (CEN), 1588v2 requires a dedicated CoS or even a dedicated EVC – with stringent requirements on Frame Loss Ratio, Frame Delay and Inter-frame Delay Variation
- For L3 - IPv4/v6 - the Traffic Classifier (DSCP) can be used for marking → Test with heavy Load also ☺

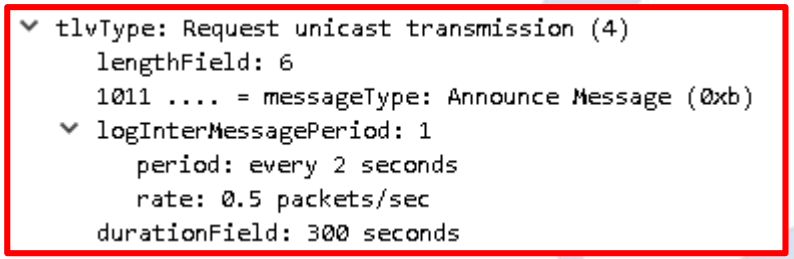
PTPv2 / ptp.v2.an.grandmasterclockaccuracy

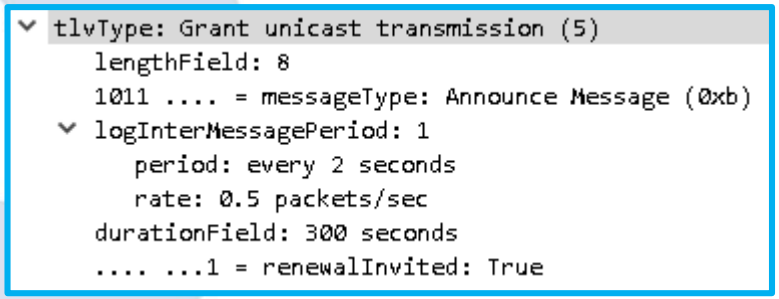
- Wireshark → Display Filter Expression



PTPv2 / ptp.v2.sig.tlv.tlv Type

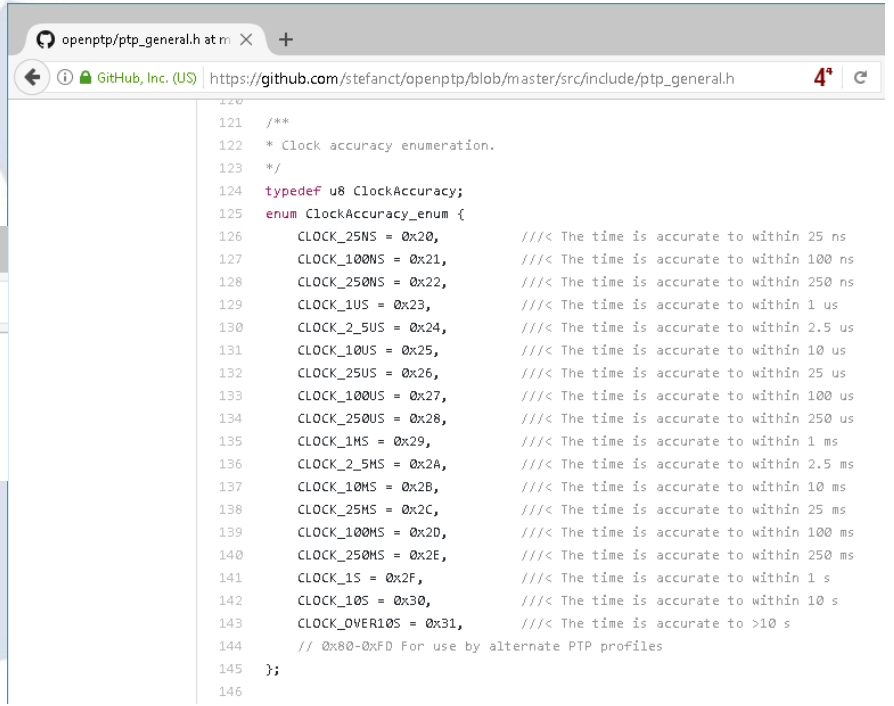
- Request unicast transmission
  - Switch from Multicast to Unicast
  - Advantage from PTPv2 (PTPv1 only Multicast)





PTPv2 / ptp.v2.an.tlvType

- Demos:
  - Wireshark → Display Filter Expression
  - Source on github for openptp
  - IEEE MIB 802.1AS



PTP Profiles

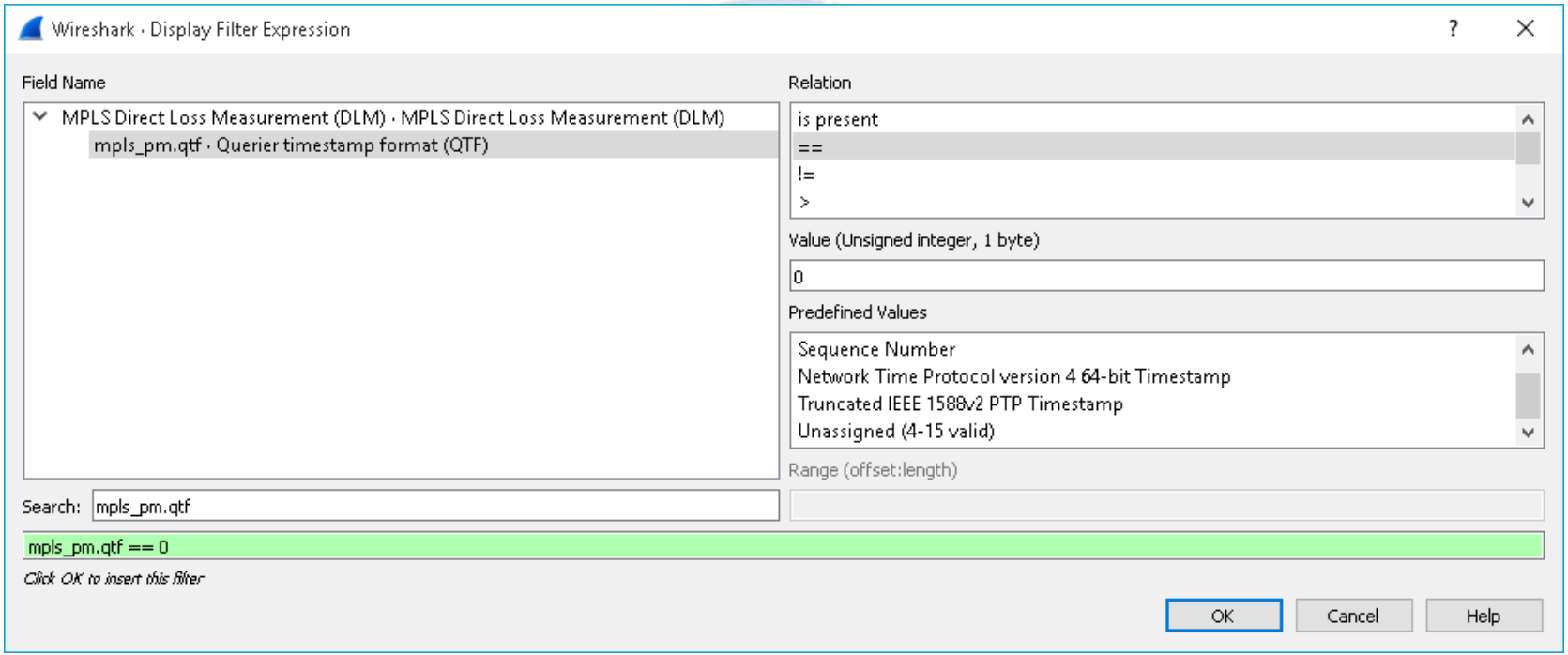
- IEEE-C37.238 Power Profile
  - for power system applications
- IEEE 802.1AS-2011
  - for audio and video applications
- ITU-1 G.8265.1 Frequency Profile
  - for frequency synchronization
- ITU-T G.8275.1 Time and Phase Profile with full timing support (on new network)
- ITU-T G.8275.2 Time and Phase Profile with partial timing support (on existing network)

PTP Message Rates

- Different profiles have different message rates
  - G.8265.1
    - Announce message rate
      - Minimum rate: one packet every 16 seconds, Maximum rate: 8 packets per second, Default rate: one packet every 2 seconds
    - Sync message rate
      - Minimum rate: one packet every 16 seconds, Maximum rate: 128 packets per second
    - Delay_Req/Delay_Resp message rate
      - Minimum rate: one packet every 16 seconds, Maximum rate: 128 packets per second
  - G.8275.1
    - Announce message rate
      - 8 packets per seconds
    - Sync message rate
      - 16 packets per seconds
    - Delay_Req/Delay_Resp message rate
      - 16 packets per seconds

MPLS Loss and Delay Measurement – RFC 6374

- Time, Time, Time … also in the MPLS World



NTP & PTP Comparison

Criteria	NTP	PTP
Peak time transfer error	> 1ms	> 100 ns
Primary error source	Router	Router, Switches, Network Stack, Port contention
Implementation	Hard- or Software Server/Clients	Hardware (mainly Master) Software (Clients, Slaves)
Mode of operation	Clients pull time from server	Master push time to slave
On path support	Non existent and not possible	Not required,but possible through transparent clock (enhances performance)
Epoch	0:00:00 1 January 1900	0:00:00 1 January 1970
Monitoring and Management	Exists (SNMP MIBs), Test Clients	Extensive inband metrics for monitoring and management

Session Summary

- Highly accurate timing synchronization solution in sub-microsecond level can be done by IEEE 1588 PTP
- IEEE 1588 PTPv2 and NTP are widely used timing synchronization protocols in the packet networks
- Data center switches support PTP in hardware today
- Delivery accurate timing information to client under heavy network load must be tested
- PTPv2 solutions need to be carefully designed and reviewed before enabled in production network

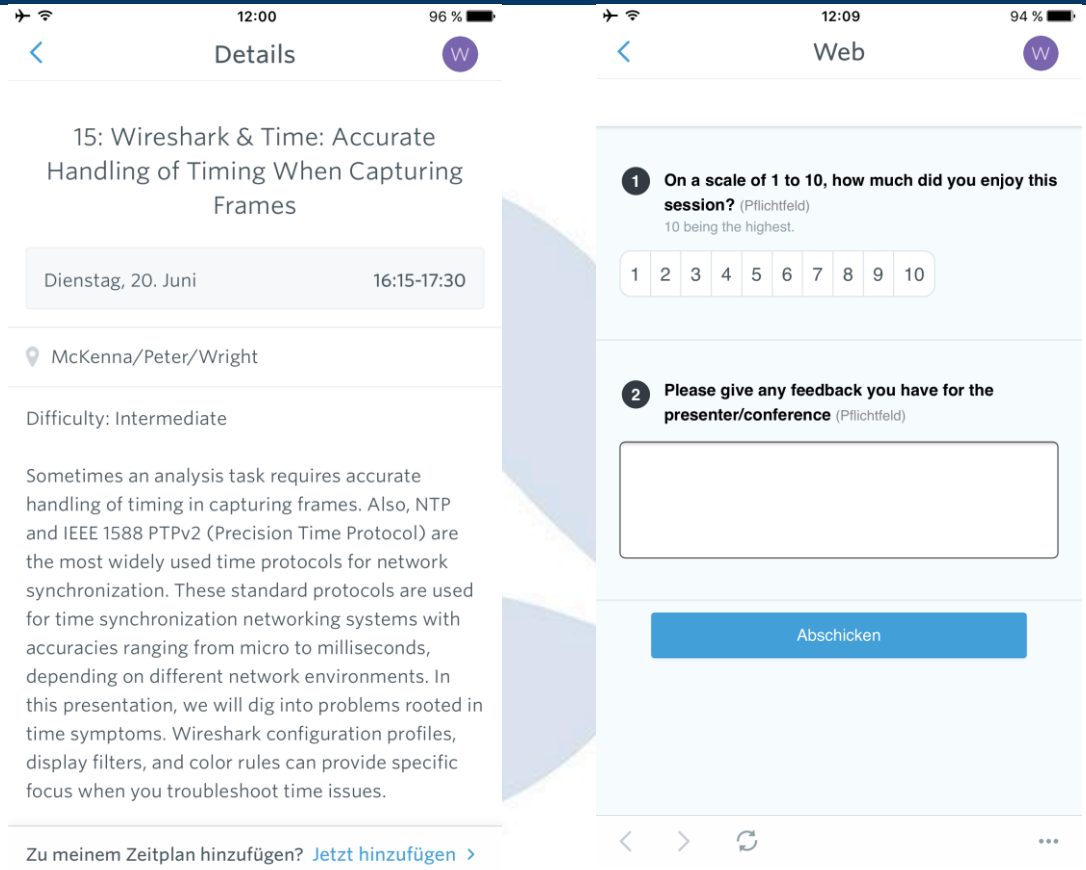
→ WIRESHARK is the tool for displaying the different time information, but remember the capture engine ☺

Future View

- Network Time Protocol Version 4 (NTPv4) Extension Fields
- Multipath PTP/NTP (RFC 8039)
- Authentication with PTPv2

Please provide Session Feedback

- Use the guidebook app on your smartphone
- Fill out the required fields



Slogan SharkFest 2017 from my party

Spanning Tree of Network Analyst

1. Listen
2. Learn
3. Practice

Thank you for your attention !