$\qquad$
$\qquad$


Surface Area and Volume

## Worksheet 1 Building Solids Using Unit Cubes

How many unit cubes are used to build each solid?

1.

$\qquad$ unit cubes
2.

unit cubes
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
unit cubes
unit cubes
4.

$\qquad$ unit cubes
$\qquad$
5.

6.

unit cubes
7.

$\qquad$ unit cubes
9.

$\qquad$ unit cubes
8.

$\qquad$ unit cubes

$\qquad$ unit cubes

Name: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Worksheet 2 Drawing Cubes and Rectangular Prisms

Draw these cubes or rectangular prisms on the dot paper without showing the unit cubes.

Example

1.

$\qquad$
2.

3.


Name: $\qquad$

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$\qquad$
4.


Complete the drawing of each cube or rectangular prism.
5.

6.


Draw a rectangular prism that has edges 3 times as long as this prism.
7.


## Name:

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$\qquad$

## Worksheet 3 Prisms and Pyramids

## Complete.

## Example

In the figures, circle two vertices and shade two faces gray.


One of the faces of the square pyramid is a square.

1. In the figures, circle three vertices and color three edges gray.


The triangular pyramid has 6 edges.

$\qquad$

Circle the shape(s) that can be found in the figure.

2. Triangle

Square
Rectangle

Parallelogram Pentagon Hexagon


Shade each solid shape if it has two identical and parallel faces.
3.


Put a check in the box if the solid figure is a prism.
4.


## Name:

$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

Match the names to the solid figures.
5.

Rectangular prism
-


Pentagonal prism

Triangular prism
-

Octagonal prism

Hexagonal prism

-

-


## Complete the table.

| Type of Prism | Number of <br> Faces | Number of <br> Fodges | Number of <br> Vertices |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rectangular |  |  |  |
| Pentagonal |  |  |  |
| Triangular |  |  |  |
| Octagonal |  |  |  |
| Hexagonal |  |  |  |

$\qquad$

Put a check in the box if the solid figure is a pyramid. Shade the base of each pyramid.
11.


Match the names to the solid figures.
12.

> Triangular pyramid

> Rectangular pyramid


Pentagonal pyramid

Hexagonal pyramid

Octagonal pyramid

$\qquad$

## Complete the table.

| Type of <br> Pyramid | Number of <br> Faces | Number of <br> Fdges | Number of <br> Vertices |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 13. | Triangular |  |  |  |
| 14. | Rectangular |  |  |  |
| 15. | Pentagonal |  |  |  |
| 16. | Hexagonal |  |  |  |
| (17. | Octagonal |  |  |  |

These are the nets of some pyramids. Shade the base of each pyramid.



These are the nets of some prisms. Shade the identical and parallel edges of each prism using different colors.
19.


Match the nets with the solid figure they form.
20.

-


-
-


-
-


-
-



## Name:

$\qquad$

## Date:

$\qquad$
21. Explain the statements.
a. A cube is a rectangular prism.

b. A cone is not a prism.

22. For each figure, identify whether or not it is a prism. Explain your reasoning.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Worksheet 4 Nets and Surface Area

Find the surface area of each cube.

Example


Area of one square face $=4 \times 4$

$$
=16 \mathrm{in} .^{2}
$$

Surface area of the cube $=6 \times 16$

$$
=96 \mathrm{in} .^{2}
$$

The surface area is equal to the sum of the areas of the 6 square faces.
1.

2.


Find the surface area of each rectangular prism.

## Example



Area of 2 gray rectangles $=\underline{(7 \times 4)}+\underline{(7 \times 4)}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{2}{56 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}} \times \underline{(7 \times 4)} \\
& =\underline{5}
\end{aligned}
$$

Area of 2 white rectangles $=\underline{(7 \times 5)}+\underline{(7 \times 5)}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{2}{70 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}} \times \underline{(7 \times 5)} \\
& =\underline{70 .}
\end{aligned}
$$

Area of 2 black rectangles $=\underline{(5 \times 4)}+\underline{(5 \times 4)}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{2}{40 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}} \times \frac{(5 \times 4)}{}
\end{aligned}
$$

Surface area of the rectangular prism $=56+70+40$

$$
=166 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

## Name:

$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
3.

4.

5.

$\qquad$

Find the surface area of each triangular prism.

## Example



Area of triangles $=2 \times \underline{\left(\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 4\right)}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{2}{12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}} \times \frac{6}{}
\end{aligned}
$$

Area of white rectangle $=$ $\qquad$ $\times \quad 3$ $=24 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

Area of black rectangle $=\underline{8 \times 4}$

$$
=32 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

Area of gray rectangle $=8 \times 5$

$$
=40 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

Surface area of the triangular prism $=12+24+32+40$

$$
=108 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

## Name:

$\qquad$
6.


## Date:

$\qquad$

The base of this triangular prism is a right triangle.

7.


## Solve. Show your work.

8. A rectangular cupboard measures 110 centimeters by 85 centimeters by 40 centimeters. What is the surface area of the cupboard?
9. A rectangular display cabinet measures 96 centimeters by 78 centimeters by 34 centimeters. What is the surface area of the outside of the cabinet if it does not have a cover?

10. A rectangular bedroom measures 12 feet by $8 \frac{1}{2}$ feet by 7 feet. The rectangular door in the bedroom measures 2 feet by $6 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. Joanne decides to paint the walls of the room pink. Find the surface area of the walls in the room.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Worksheet 5 Understanding and Measuring Volume

These solids are formed by stacking 1-centimeter cubes. Find the volume of each solid.
1.


$$
\text { Volume }=
$$

$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
3.


$$
\text { Volume }=\ldots \mathrm{cm}^{3}
$$

5. 


$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$

$$
\text { Volume }=
$$

7. 


$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
2.


$$
\text { Volume }=
$$

$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
4.


$$
\text { Volume }=
$$

$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
6.


$$
\text { Volume }=
$$

8. 



$$
\text { Volume }=
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

These solids are built using unit cubes. Find the volume of each solid. Then compare the volumes and fill in the blanks.

Example


Volume $=17$ cubic units $\quad$ Volume $=10$ cubic units Solid A has a larger volume than solid $\qquad$ B

These solids are built using 1 -inch cubes. Find the volume of each solid. Then compare their volumes and fill in the blanks.
9.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$ in. ${ }^{3}$ has a lesser volume than solid
Solid $\qquad$
$\qquad$ in. ${ }^{3}$


Volume $=$ $\qquad$

These solids are built using 1-foot cubes. Find the volume of each solid. Then compare their volumes and fill in the blanks.
10.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{3}$

Volume $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{ft}^{3}$

Solid $\qquad$ has a larger volume than solid $\qquad$ .

These solids are built using 1-centimeter cubes. Find the volume of each solid. Then compare their volumes and fill in the blanks.
11.


Length $=$ $\qquad$ cm

Length $=$ $\qquad$ cm

Width $=$ $\qquad$ cm

Width = $\qquad$ cm

Height $=$ $\qquad$ cm

Height $=$ $\qquad$ cm

Volume $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$

Volume $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$

Solid $\qquad$ has a larger volume than solid $\qquad$

These solids are built using 1-meter cubes. Find the volume of each solid. Then compare their volumes and fill in the blanks.
12.


Length $=$ $\qquad$ m

Width $=$ $\qquad$ m

$$
\text { Height }=\square \mathrm{m}
$$

Volume $=$ $\qquad$ $m^{3}$


Length $=$ $\qquad$ m

Width $=$ $\qquad$ m

Height $=$ $\qquad$ m

Volume $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m}^{3}$

Solid $\qquad$ has a smaller volume than solid $\qquad$ _.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Worksheet 6 Volume of a Rectangular Prism and Liquid

Find the volume of each rectangular prism or cube.

## Example



Length $=8 \mathrm{~cm}$
Width $=8 \mathrm{~cm}$
Height $=8 \quad 8 \quad \mathrm{~cm}$

Volume $=$ length $\times$ width $\times$ height
$=$ edge $\times$ edge $\times$ edge
$=\frac{8}{8} \times \ldots$
$=512 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
1.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$
2.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$
3.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$

## Name:

$\qquad$

## Date:

$\qquad$
4.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$
5.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$
6.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$
7.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Solve. Show your work.

## Example

Steven fills a rectangular container measuring 17 centimeters by 14.5 centimeters by 12 centimeters with orange juice. How many liters and milliliters of orange juice are in the container?

Volume of orange juice in the container

$=17 \mathrm{~cm} \times 14.5 \mathrm{~cm} \times 12 \mathrm{~cm}$
$=2,958 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
$=2,958 \mathrm{~mL}$
$=2 \mathrm{~L} 958 \mathrm{~mL}$
The capacity of a container is the liquid volume of the container.
Remember that $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}=1 \mathrm{~mL}$.
8. The base of a miniature rectangular fish tank measures 8 centimeters by 4.5 centimeters. The height of the tank is 6 centimeters. Find the capacity of the tank in liters and milliliters.

9. A rectangular container measures 6 centimeters by 3.5 centimeters by 12 centimeters. It is completely filled with water. How many liters and milliliters of water are in the container?

10. A rectangular box measures 15 centimeters by 9 centimeters by 13 centimeters. Shannon uses the box to mix glue for her project. She fills the entire box with glue. How many liters and milliliters of glue are in the box?

$\qquad$
11. A rectangular container is $\frac{1}{2}$-filled with water. How much water is needed to fill the container? After the container is filled, how much water must be poured out so that the container is $\frac{1}{3}$ full?

12. A tank is $\frac{1}{2}$-filled with water. Some of the water is then poured into 8 small containers each with a capacity of 27 cubic centimeters. The tank is now $\frac{1}{4}$ full. What is the capacity of the tank?
13. A swimming pool, 25 meters wide, 50 meters long, and 12 meters deep, is $\frac{2}{3}$-filled with water. Its cross section is as shown below. How much water must be drained off so that the water level falls to 5 meters?

14. Complete the statements.
a. Volume of a rectangular prism $=$ length $\times$ $\qquad$ $\times$
b. Volume of a cube $=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ width $\times$

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$\qquad$

## Date:

15. Label the two rectangular prisms.

Fill in the blanks with length, width and height.

16. In the diagram, the base $=63 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ and height $=8 \mathrm{~m}$. Find the volume of the rectangular prism.


Volume $=$ $\qquad$ cubic meters.

Name:
17. Find the volume of the prism.


Volume $=$

## Worksheet 7 Volume of Composite Solids

## Complete.

Example
A solid is made from two rectangular prisms. Find the volume of the solid.

a. Volume of prism $\mathrm{A}=3 \times \underline{4} \times \underline{7}=84 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
b. Volume of prism $B=\underline{3} \times \underline{6} \times \underline{9}=\underline{162} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
c. Volume of the solid $=\underline{84}+\underline{162}=\underline{246} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$

1. A solid is made from two rectangular prisms.

Find the total volume of the solid.

a. Volume of prism $\mathrm{A}=$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
b. Volume of prism $B=\ldots \times \ldots \times{ }_{C} \times \mathrm{cm}^{3}$
c. Volume of the solid $=$ $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$

## Solve. Show your work.

2. Find the volume of the rectangular prism after a cube is removed from it.

3. Find the volume of the solid which is made up of two prisms.

