

# Writing Pacing Guide Grade 5

MP	Units	Unit TOTAL*	Cumulative TOTAL**
MP1	Unit 1 – School Spirit	25 days	25 days
MP1	FLEX DAYS	5 days	30 days
MP1-2	Unit 2 – Wild Encounters	25 days	55 days
MP2	FLEX DAYS	5 days	60 days
MP2	Unit 3 – Revolution	25 days	85 days
MP2	FLEX DAYS	5 days	90 days
MP3	Unit 4 – What's Your Story?	25 days	115 days
MP3	FLEX DAYS	5 days	120 days
MP3-4	Unit 5 – Under Western Skies	25 days	145 days
MP4	FLEX DAYS	5 days	150 days
MP4	Unit 6 – Journey to Discovery	25 days	175 days
MP4	FLEX DAYS	5 days	180 days

**Unit Title:** Unit 1: School Spirit! - Narrative Writing

Stage 1	L: Desi	ired R	esults

#### **Standards & Indicators**:

#### **NJSLS Grade 5 English Language Arts**

W.5.3

W.5.4

W.5.5

W.5.6

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W.5.8

W.5.9

W.5.10

RL.5.1 RL.5.2

**RL.5.3** 

RL.5.4 **RL.5.5** 

**RL.5.6** 

RL.5.7

RL.5.9

RL.5.10

SL.5.1

SL.5.2

SL.5.3

SL.5.4

SL.5.5

SL.5.6

L.5.1

L.5.2

L.5.3 L.5.4

L.5.5

L.3.6

#### **NJSLS Technology**

8.1.2.A.2

## NJSLS 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Careers

CRP1. CRP12.

CRP2.

CRP4.

#### **Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:**

#### Students will...

- Understand the parts of a fictional narrative paragraph.
- Understand the parts of a descriptive composition.
- Understand the features of dialogue.
- Understand the parts of a fictional narrative.
- Have clear and focused ideas.
- Add vivid details to writing.
- Write dialogue for a scene in a story.
- Use dialogue to make characters memorable.
- Show attitude and feelings about a topic.
- Clearly define characters' personalities and point of view in a fictional narrative.
- Use complete sentences when I am writing and speaking.
- I will use a variety of sentences when I am writing and speaking.
- I will use proper nouns when writing and speaking.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a fictional narrative paragraph.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a descriptive composition.
- Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish a fictional narrative.

#### **Essential/Guiding Question:**

- What is a fictional narrative paragraph?
- What is a descriptive composition?
- What is dialogue?
- What is a fictional narrative?
- Are my ideas clear and focused?
- Did I add vivid details?
- Does my voice bring the story to life?
- Did I make the characters interesting to my readers?
- Did I use complete sentences in my writing?
- Did I use a variety of sentences in my writing?
- Did I use proper nouns in my writing?
- Did I spell plural nouns correctly?

#### Content:

- Writer's Workshop: Minilesson Teaching Point, Writing & Conferring, Share
- **Big Idea:** Write to Narrate
- Focus Trait: Ideas, Word Choice, Voice
- Writing Process: Plan, draft, revise, edit and publish
- Graphic Organizer: Flow Chart, Web Map, Story Map
- Academic Language: narrative, details, plot, attitude, sensory words, setting, dialogue, point of view, cause and effect, plot, sentence, simple subject, simple predicate, fragment, declarative sentence, interrogative sentence, imperative sentence, exclamatory sentence, compound sentence, complete subject, complete predicate, common noun, proper noun, initials, acronym, abbreviation, singular noun, plural noun, collective noun
- Daily Proofreading Practice

#### Skills(Objectives):

- Fictional narrative paragraph
- Descriptive composition
- Dialogue
- Fictional narrative
- Focused ideas
- Vivid details
- Attitude and feelings
- Complete sentences
- Types of sentences
- Subjects and Predicates
- Subject-Verb Agreement
- Common and proper nouns
- Plural nouns

## **Stage 2: Assessment Evidence Performance Task(s): Other Evidence:** Completion of Grammar Practice Book Pages • Lesson 1: Fictional Narrative Paragraph **Lesson 2:** Descriptive Composition **Weekly Grammar Tests** Lesson 3: Dialogue for a Scene in a Story **Daily Proofreading Practice Verbal Responses** Lesson 4 & 5: Fictional Narrative Participation in Discussions **Writing Traits Scoring Rubric in Journeys** Conferences

#### **Stage 3: Learning Plan**

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 1 – Lesson 1 in Journeys

#### Write to Express:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use the Writing Model Fictional Narrative Paragraph to understand the features of a fictional narrative paragraph. T50
- Teaching Point: Introduce Ideas Trait Use A
   Package for Mrs. Jewls and Focus Trait: Ideas to
   demonstrate and practice using focused and
   clear ideas, as well as vivid details to convey
   what happened and how the characters felt
   about it. T51
- Teaching Point: Planning a Paragraph
   — Model brainstorming topics that fit the prompt using Prewriting Planning a Personal Narrative Paragraph T51

**Prewrite:** Students choose a topic for their narrative paragraph and complete Graphic

Organizer: Flow Chart

- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the anchor flow chart to discuss the steps for writing a fictional narrative paragraph. T52
   Draft Students will use their completed Flow Chart to draft their fictional narrative paragraph.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Using Revising Eduardo's Draft, discuss the
   revisions made by the student writer. T52, 53
   Revise Students revise their draft.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Complete Sentences – Identify the subject and predicate in a sentence and sentence fragments. T46, 47, 48

#### **Resources:**

Week 1 – Lesson 1 in Journeys

- Projectable 1.9
- Mentor Text: A Package for Mrs. Jewls by Louis Sachar
- Student Practice Workbook Vol. 1 pg. 12
- Projectable 1.10
- Graphic Organizer: Flow Chart

- Anchor Flow Chart
- Completed Student Flow Chart
- Projectable 1.11
- Completed Student Draft
- Final Copy of Fictional Narrative Paragraph
- Projectable 1.6, 1.7, 1.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 7, 8, 9, 10

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 2 – Lesson 2 in Journeys

#### Write to Express:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use the Writing Model Descriptive Composition to understand the features of a descriptive composition. T24
- Teaching Point: Introduce Voice Trait Use
   Blasting Off to Space Academy and Focus Trait:
   Ideas to demonstrate and practice using vivid
   details to show attitude and feelings towards
   experiences.
- Teaching Point: Planning A Composition Use
   Prewrite Planning a Descriptive Composition to
   model how to complete the Web. T125
   Prewrite Students choose a topic for their
   descriptive compositions and complete Graphic
   Organizer: Web Map
- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the anchor flow chart to discuss the steps for writing a descriptive composition. T126
   Drafting – Student use their Web Map and the anchor chart to draft a descriptive composition.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use Revising Natalie's' Draft to discuss the
   revisions made by the student writer. T126
   Revise for Voice Students revise their
   descriptive composition.

#### **Grammar:**

• Teaching Point: Kinds of Sentences – Identify declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences. T120, 121, 122

#### **Resources:**

Week 2 – Lesson 2 in Journeys

- Projectable 2.9
- Mentor Text: Blasting Off to Space Academy by Susan Goodman
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 24
- Projectable 2.10
- Graphic Organizer: Web Map
- Anchor Chart
- Completed Web Map
- Projectable 2.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Descriptive Composition
- Projectable 2.6, 2.7, 2.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 19, 20, 21, 22

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 3 – Lesson 3 in Journeys

#### Write to Express:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Dialogue to understand the features of
   dialogue. T198
- Teaching Point: Introduce Word Choice Trait –
   Use Off and Running and Focus Trait: Word
   Choice to demonstrate and practice writing
   dialogue. T199
- Teaching Point: Prewrite Using Prewriting
   Support: Planning a Narrative Paragraph to fill
   in possible events, details, and dialogue to
   develop an imagined scene in a story. T199
   Prewrite Students choose a topic for their
   dialogue using Graphic Organizer: Flow Chart to
   develop their story.
- Teaching Point: Planning Dialogue Use the anchor flow chart to discuss the steps for writing dialogue. T200
   Prewrite Students use the anchor chart and their completed Flow Chart to draft dialogue for a scene in a story.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use Revising Brad's Draft to discuss the
   revisions made by the student writer. T200
   Revise for Ideas Students revise their
   dialogue.

#### **Grammar:**

- Teaching Point: Complete Subjects and Predicates T194, 195, 196
- Teaching Point Compound Sentence T195, 197

#### **Resources:**

Week 3 – Lesson 3 in Journeys

- Projectable 3.9
- Mentor Text: Off and Running by Gary Soto
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 36
- Projectable 3.10
- Graphic Organizer Flow Chart

- Anchor Flow Chart
- Completed Flow Chart
- Projectable 3.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of a Dialogue
- Projectable 3.6, 3.7, 3.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 31, 32, 33, 34

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

#### Week 4 – Lesson 4

#### **Write to Express:**

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use Strong Writing Model Fictional Narrative to study and evaluate fictional narratives. T270
- Teaching Point: Introduce Ideas Trait Use
   Double Dutch and Focus Trait: Ideas
   demonstrate and practice flashback and flash
   forward to add clarity and interest to a
   narrative. T271
- Teaching Point: Exploring A Topic Model the planning of a fictional narrative by using a chart to answer who, where, and what questions. T271

**Prewrite** – Students create a similar chart to explore their fictional narrative topic.

Teaching Point: Planning A Fictional Narrative –
Use Planning a Fictional Narrative and the
Who? Where? What? Chart to fill in the story
map. T272

**Prewrite** – Students use Graphic Organizer: Story Map and their completed Who? Where? What? Chart to plan a fictional narrative.

Teaching Point: Planning A Fictional Narrative –
Use student book to study how a student writer
planned a fictional narrative.

**Prewrite** – Students continue to work on their Story Map.

#### **Grammar**

 Teaching Point: Nouns – Identify common and proper nouns. T266, 267, 268

#### **Resources:**

#### Week 4 – Lesson 4

- Projectable 4.9
- Mentor Text: Double Dutch by Veronica Chambers
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 48
- Who? Where? What? Chart

- Completed Who? Where? What? Chart
- Projectable 4.10
- Graphic Organizer: Story Map
- Student Book pg. 116, 117
- Graphic Organizer: Story Map
- Projectable 4.6, 4.7, 4.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 43, 44, 45, 46

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 5 - Lesson 5

#### **Write to Express:**

- Teaching Point: Drafting Use What is a
   Fictional Narrative? to review the features of a
   fictional narrative. T342
   Draft Students use their completed Story Map
   to draft their fictional narrative.
- Teaching Point: Introduce Voice Trait Use
   Elisa's Diary and Focus Trait: Voice to
   demonstrate and practice how a character's
   voice is often shown through dialogue. T343
   Draft Students continue to draft their fictional
   narrative using dialogue to develop their story.
- Teaching Point: Sensory Language/Point of View – Use student book pg. 128 to show examples of sensory language and point of view. T343
   Draft – Students continue to draft their fictional

narrative making sure that

- Teaching Point: Model Review the features of a fictional narrative. T344
   Revise – Students revise their fictional narrative to include vivid language and dialogue.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use Revising Chermaine's Draft to discuss the
   revisions made by the student writer. T344
   Revise, Edit, and Publish Students revise,
   proofread, make a final copy, and share their
   fictional narrative.

#### **Grammar:**

• **Teaching Point: Plural Nouns** – Write the plural forms of nouns correctly. T338, 339, 340

#### **Resources:**

Week 5 – Lesson 5

- What is a Fictional Narrative?
- Student Completed Story map
- Mentor Text: Elisa's Diary by Doris Luisa Oronoz
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 60
- Student Draft
- Student Book pg. 128
- Student Draft
- Student Draft
- Projectable 5.5
- Student Completed Draft
- Final Copy of Fictional Narrative
- Projectable 5.6, 5.7, 5.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 55, 56, 57

<u>Differentiation</u>			
High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL
<ul> <li>Model and demonstrate using a Think Aloud approach</li> <li>Minilesson Strategy Charts</li> <li>Provide writing exemplars</li> <li>Utilize technology</li> <li>Feedback to push student to maintain above grade level proficiency</li> <li>Rubrics and Writer's Checklists</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model and demonstrate using a Think Aloud approach</li> <li>Minilesson Strategy Charts</li> <li>Provide writing exemplars</li> <li>Utilize technology</li> <li>Feedback to push student to maintain on grade level proficiency</li> <li>Prewriting Graphic Organizers</li> <li>Peer editing and revising</li> <li>Rubrics and Writer's Checklists</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model and demonstrate using a Think Aloud approach</li> <li>Minilesson Strategy Charts</li> <li>Provide writing exemplars</li> <li>Utilize technology</li> <li>Guided Writing: Small-group lessons during all phases of the writing process</li> <li>Prewriting – Quick drawing to develop ideas and details</li> <li>Use of sentence frames to jumpstart writing</li> <li>Portable word wall with sequencing &amp; transition words</li> <li>Rubrics and Writer's Checklists</li> <li>Flexible time allotment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model and demonstrate using a Think Aloud approach</li> <li>Minilesson Strategy Charts</li> <li>Provide writing exemplars</li> <li>Utilize technology</li> <li>Guided Writing: Small-group lessons during all phases of the writing process</li> <li>Prewriting – Quick drawing/talk out loud to develop ideas</li> <li>Use of sentence frames to jumpstart writing</li> <li>Spell-checkers</li> <li>Rubrics &amp; Writer's Checklists</li> <li>Flexible time allotment</li> <li>Journeys ELL Scaffolds</li> </ul>

**Unit Title:** Unit 2: Wild Encounters – Opinion Writing

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#### **NJSLS Grade 5 English Language Arts**

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W.5.4

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W.5.8

W.5.9

W.5.10

RL.5.1

RL.5.2

**RL.5.3** 

RL.5.4

**RL.5.5** 

**RL.5.6** 

RL.5.7

RL.5.9

RL.5.10

SL.5.1

SL.5.2

SL.5.3

SL.5.4

SL.5.5

SL.5.6

L.5.1

L.5.2

L.5.3

L.5.4

L.5.5 L.3.6

#### **NJSLS Technology**

8.1.5.A.2

## NJSLS 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Careers

CRP1. CRP12.

CRP2.

CRP4.

#### **Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:**

Students will...

- Understand the parts of a cause and effect paragraph.
- Understand the parts of a response poem.
- Understand the parts of a persuasive paragraph.
- Study and evaluate responses to literature.
- Use transition words and phrases to show cause and effect relationships.
- Use a topic sentence that will grab attention.
- Use alliteration to make a poem enjoyable to read.
- Use figurative language to create a colorful picture for readers.
- Form an opinion and convince readers to take action based on information that supports an opinion.
- State an opinion clearly to capture a reader's attention.
- Use specific details from the selection to support reasons.
- Construct sentences that will clarify a reader's understanding.
- Use main, helping, and linking verbs in writing and speaking.
- Form and use complex sentences in my writing.
- Use proper punctuation and spacing for quotations.

#### **Essential/Guiding Question:**

- What is a cause and effect paragraph?
- What is a response poem?
- What is a persuasive paragraph?
- What is a response to literature?
- Did I use transition words and phrases?
- Did I use a topic sentence that grabs my reader's attention?
- Did I choose my words carefully to make my poem meaningful and enjoyable to read?
- How can I form an opinion about a topic and then convince my audience to see it my way?
- Did I state my opinion clearly in the introduction?
- How can sentences be constructed so my reader will be able to easily connect with the most important points of my opinion?
- Did I use main, helping, and linking verbs in my writing?
- How will correct punctuation with quotations enhance the readability of my writing?

Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:	
Students will	
<ul> <li>Plan, draft, revise, and edit a cause and effect</li> </ul>	
paragraph.	
paragrapii.	
<ul> <li>Plan, draft, revise, and edit a response poem.</li> </ul>	
Fian, drait, revise, and edit a response poem.	
<ul> <li>Plan, draft, revise, and edit a persuasive</li> </ul>	
paragraph.	
<ul> <li>Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish a response</li> </ul>	
to literature.	
to interacture.	

#### Content:

- Writer's Workshop: Minilesson Teaching Point,
   Writing & Conferring, Share
- **Big Idea:** Write to Respond
- Focus Trait: Ideas, Word Choice, Sentence Fluency
- Graphic Organizer: T-Map, Idea-Support Map
- Writing Process: Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish.
- Academic Language: cause, effect, transition words, figurative language, rhyme, rhythm, alliteration, goal, opinion, reason, topic sentence, opinion, conclusion

Action verb, main verb, helping verb, linking verb, direct object, compound direct object, indirect object, coordinating conjunction, subordinating conjunction, complex sentence, direct quotation, quotation marks

• Daily Proofreading Practice

#### **Skills(Objectives):**

- Cause and effect paragraph
- Response poem
- Persuasive paragraph
- Responses to literature
- Transition words and phrases
- Topic sentence
- Figurative language simile and metaphor
- Alliteration
- Support reasons with details from selection
- Main, helping, and linking verbs
- Direct and indirect objects
- Conjunctions
- Complex sentences
- Quotation marks

## **Stage 2: Assessment Evidence** Performance Task(s): **Other Evidence:** Completion of Grammar Practice Book Pages • Lesson 6: Cause and Effect Paragraph Lesson 7: Response Poem **Weekly Grammar Tests Daily Proofreading Practice** Lesson 8: Persuasive Paragraph Lesson 9 & 10: Response to Literature **Verbal Responses** Participation in Discussions **Writing Traits Scoring Rubric in Journeys** Conferences

#### **Stage 3: Learning Plan**

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 6 – Lesson 6 in Journeys

#### Write to Respond:

- **Teaching Point: Introduce the Model** Use the Writing Model Cause and Effect Paragraph to understand the features of a cause and effect paragraph. T52
- Teaching Point: Ideas Use Interrupted Journey and Focus Trait: Organization to demonstrate and practice using transition words and phrases to show connections between events in a logical way. T53
- Teaching Point: Prewrite Using Prewriting Planning a Cause and Effect Paragraph to provide a way to organize causes and effects.
   T53

**Prewrite:** Students choose a topic for their cause and effect paragraph and complete Graphic Organizer: T-Map

- Teaching Point: Draft Use the anchor flow chart to discuss the steps for writing a response poem. T126
  - **Draft** Students use their completed T-Map and the anchor chart to draft a response poem.
- Teaching Point: Revise Using Revising Barry's
   Draft, discuss the revisions made by the student writer. T54

**Revise** – Students revise their cause and effect paragraph using transition words phrases and to show cause and effect relationships.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Verbs – Identify main, helping, and linking verbs. T48, 49, 50

#### **Resources:**

Week 6 – Lesson 6 in Journeys

- Projectable 6.9
- Mentor Text: Interrupted Journey by Kathryn Lasky
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 72
- Projectable 6.10
- Graphic Organizer: T-Map

- Anchor Chart
- Completed Student T-Map
- Projectable 6.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Cause and Effect Paragraph
- Projectable 6.6, 6.7, 6.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 67, 68, 69

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 7 – Lesson 7 in Journeys

#### Write to Respond:

- Teaching Point: Analyze the Model Writing Model Response Poem to identify the elements of a response poem. T124
- Teaching Point: Word Choice Use Old Yeller and Focus Trait: Word Choice to demonstrate and practice how using alliteration and figurative language creates an image for readers. T125
- Teaching Point: Prewrite Planning a Response Poem to model how to organize ideas to plan a response poem. T125
   Prewrite – Students choose a topic for their response poem and complete Graphic Organizer: T-Map.
- Teaching Point: Draft Use the anchor flow chart to discuss the steps for writing a descriptive composition. T126
   Draft – Student use their T-Map and the anchor chart to draft a descriptive composition.
- Teaching Point: Revise Use Revising Stefania's
   Draft to discuss the revisions made by the
   student writer. T126

   Revise Students revise their response poem.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Direct and Indirect Objects T120, 121, 122

#### **Resources:**

Week 7 – Lesson 7 in Journeys

- Projectable 7.9
- Mentor Text: *Old Yeller* by Fred Gipson
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 84
- Projectable 7.10
- Graphic Organizer: T-Map
- Anchor Chart
- Graphic Organizer: T-Map
- Projectable 7.11
- Completed Student Draft
- Final Copy of Response Poem
- Projectable 7.6, 7.7, 7.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 79, 80, 81

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 8 – Lesson 8 in Journeys

#### Write to Respond:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use Writing Model Persuasive Paragraph to identify the parts of a persuasive paragraph including reasons, facts, and examples. T198
- Teaching Point: Ideas Use Everglades Forever and Focus Trait: Ideas to demonstrate and practice stating an opinion clearly. T199
- Teaching Point: Prewrite Using Prewriting
   Support: Planning a Response Paragraph fill in
   the Idea-Support map to organize reasons to
   support an opinion. T199
   Prewrite Students choose a topic for a
   persuasive paragraph using Graphic Organizer:
   Idea-Support Map to support their topic.
- Teaching Point: Draft Use the anchor flow chart to discuss the steps for writing a persuasive paragraph. T200
   Draft Students use the anchor chart and their completed Idea-Support Map to draft a persuasive paragraph.
- Teaching Point: Revise Use Revising Colin's
   Draft to discuss the revisions made by the
   student writer. T200
   Revise and Edit Students revise their
   persuasive paragraph.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Coordinating and Subordinating Conjunctions – Use coordinating and subordinating conjunctions and combine sentences using conjunctions. T194, 195, 196

#### **Resources:**

Week 8 – Lesson 8 in Journeys

- Projectable 8.9
- Mentor Text: Everglades Forever by Trish Marx
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 96
- Projectable 8.10
- Graphic Organizer Idea-Support Map

- Anchor Chart
- Completed Idea-Support Map
- Projectable 8.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Persuasive Paragraph
- Projectable 8.6, 8.7, 8.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 91. 92, 93

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 9 – Lesson 9

#### Write to Narrate:

- Teaching Point: Analyze the Model Use
   Writing Model Response to Literature to study
   and evaluate responses to literature. T270
- Teaching Point: Ideas Use Storm Warriors and Focus Trait: Ideas to demonstrate and practice how to support ideas with reasons and specific details from the selection. T271
- Teaching Point: Prewrite Model the planning of a response to literature by using a chart to list opinion, reason, reason, and reason. T271
   Prewrite Students create a similar chart to brainstorm opinions they have about a text they have read.
- Teaching Point: Prewrite Use Prewrite:
   Planning a response to Literature and the Opinion, Chart to fill in the T-Map. T272

   Prewrite Students use Graphic Organizer: T-Map and their completed Opinion, Reason, Reason, Reason Chart to plan response to literature.
- Teaching Point: Prewrite Use student book to study how a student writer planned a response to literature. T272, 273
   Prewrite – Students continue to add notes to their T-Map

#### Grammar

• Teaching Point: Complex Sentences – Identify and form complex sentences T266, 267, 268

#### **Resources:**

Week 9 - Lesson 9

- Projectable 9.9
- Mentor Text: Storm Warriors by Elisa Carbone
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 108
- Opinion, Reason, Reason, Reason Chart
- Completed Opinion, Reason, Reason, Reason
   Chart
- Projectable 9.10
- Graphic Organizer: T-Map
- Student Book pg. 244, 245
- Graphic Organizer: T-Map
- Projectable 9.6, 9.7, 9.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 103, 104, 105

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 10 - Lesson 10

#### Write to Respond:

- Teaching Point: Draft Use What is a Response to Literature? to review the study and evaluation of a response to literature. T342
   Draft Students begin drafting their response to literature using their completed T-Map.
- Teaching Point: Sentence Fluency Use
   Cougars and Focus Trait: Sentence Fluency to
   demonstrate and practice how improved
   sentence fluency will make their opinion easier
   for readers to understand. T343
   Draft Students review their response to
   literature draft to improve sentence fluency.
- Teaching Point: Draft Explain that a response to literature should have a strong introduction that gives the writer's a specific opinion about the text. T343
   Draft Students read their introduction to a peer to get feedback on if their introduction
- Teaching Point: Revise Use the anchor chart to review the steps for writing a response to literature. T344
   Draft – Students revise their draft.

statement is clear.

Teaching Point: Revise, Edit, and Publish – Use Revising Josie's Draft to discuss the revisions made by the student writer. T344, 345
 Revise, Edit, and Publish – Students revise, proofread, make a final copy, and share their response to literature.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Quotations – Use quotation marks to identify dialogue in a story or direct quotations from a text. T338, 339, 340

#### **Resources:**

Week 10 - Lesson 10

- What is a Response to Literature?
- Student completed T-Map
- Mentor Text: Cougars by Patricia Corrigan
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 120
- Student Draft
- Completed Student Draft

- Anchor Chart
- Completed Student Draft
- Projectable 10.9
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Response to Literature
- Projectable 10.6, 10.7, 10.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 115, 116, 117

**Unit Title:** Unit 3: Revolution! – Opinion Writing

Stage 1: Desired Results	Stage :	L: Desi	ired l	Resul	ts
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Stan	dard	S &	Indi	icators:

#### **NJSLS Grade 3 English Language Arts**

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W.5.10

RL.5.1

RL.5.2

**RL.5.3** 

RL.5.4 **RL.5.5** 

**RL.5.6** 

RL.5.7

RL.5.9

RL.5.10

SL.5.1

SL.5.2

SL.5.3

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SL.5.5

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L.5.1

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L.5.5 L.3.6

**NJSLS Technology** 

8.1.5.A.2

## NJSLS 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Careers

CRP1. CRP12

CRP2.

CRP4.

#### **Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:**

#### Students will...

- Understand the features of an opinion paragraph.
- Understand the features of a problem-solution paragraph.
- Understand the features of a persuasive letter.
- Understand the features of a persuasive essay.
- Use a strong voice to help persuade readers.
- Identify a clear problem and tell how that problem can be best solved.
- Clearly state a goal and support it with reasons and relevant details.
- Paraphrase ideas of others.
- Use subject and object pronouns in speaking and writing.
- Use simple verb tenses in speaking and writing.
- Use regular and irregular verbs in speaking and writing.
- Use active and passive voice in speaking and writing.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit an opinion paragraph.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a problem-solution paragraph.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a persuasive letter.

#### **Essential/Guiding Question:**

- What is an opinion paragraph?
- What is a problem-solution paragraph?
- What is a persuasive letter?
- What is a persuasive essay?
- How can I show my attitude in writing towards a topic?
- How can I show my readers how I arrived at a solution?
- How can I convince readers?
- How can I make my opinion more credible?

Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:	
Students will	
Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish a persuasive	
essay.	
C33ay.	

#### Content:

- Writer's Workshop: Minilesson Teaching Point, Writing & Conferring, Share
- **Big Idea:** Write to Persuade
- Focus Trait: Voice, Ideas, Organization
- **Graphic Organizer:** Idea-Support Map
- Writing Process: Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish.
- My Writing Rubric in Journeys: Students' Self-Evaluation
- Students' Proofreading Checklist in Journeys
- Academic Language: topic sentence, concluding sentence, position, evidence, persuade, goal, reasons, opinion, logical order, paraphrasing, pronoun, subject pronoun, object pronoun, antecedent, present tense, past tense, future tense, active voice, passive voice, irregular verb, helping verb
- Daily Proofreading Practice

#### Skills(Objectives):

- Opinion paragraph
- Problem-solution composition
- Persuasive letter
- Persuasive essay
- Facts and details
- Supporting evidence
- Transitions
- State a goal
- Logical order
- Reasons and relevant details
- Paraphrasing ideas of others
- Subject and object pronouns
- Pronoun-antecedent agreement
- Verb tenses (present, past, future)
- Regular and irregular verbs
- Active and passive voice
- Confusing words

## **Stage 2: Assessment Evidence Performance Task(s): Other Evidence:** • Lesson 11: Opinion Paragraph Completion of Grammar Practice Book Pages Lesson 12: Problem-Solution Paragraph Weekly Grammar Tests **Daily Proofreading Practice** Lesson 13: Persuasive Letter **Verbal Responses** Lesson 14 & 15: Persuasive Essay Participation in Discussions **Use Writing Traits Scoring Rubric in Journeys** Conferences

#### **Stage 3: Learning Plan**

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 11 - Lesson 11 in Journeys

#### Write to Persuade:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Opinion Paragraph to
   understand the features of an opinion
   paragraph. T52
- Teaching Point: Introduce Voice Trait Use
   Dangerous Crossing and Focus Trait: Voice to
   model and practice using clear and convincing
   language to show your attitude towards a topic.
   T53
- Teaching Point: Planning An Opinion Paragraph

   Use Planning an Opinion Paragraph to select a topic and complete the features of an opinion paragraph. T53

**Prewrite:** Students choose a topic for their opinion paragraph and complete Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map

- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Opinion Paragraph Anchor Chart to discuss the steps for writing an opinion paragraph. T54
   Draft – Students use their completed Idea-Support Map to draft their opinion paragraph.
- Teaching Point: Revising for Voice Using
   Revising Sonya's Draft, discuss the revisions
   made by the student writer. T54, 55
   Revise for Voice Students revise their opinion
   paragraph.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Subject and Object Pronouns and Pronoun-Antecedent Agreement – pg. 48, 49, 50, 51

#### **Resources:**

Week 11 – Lesson 11 in Journeys

- Projectable 11.9
- Mentor Text: Dangerous Crossing by Stephen Krensky
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 132
- Projectable 11.10
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map

- Opinion Paragraph Anchor Chart
- Completed Student T-Map
- Projectable 11.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Opinion Paragraph
- Projectable 11.6, 11.7, 11.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 127, 128, 129

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 12 – Lesson 12 in Journeys

#### Write to Persuade:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Problem-Solution Paragraph to
   identify the features of a Problem-Solution
   Composition. T124
- Teaching Point: Introduce Organization Trait –
   Use King George and Focus Trait: Organization
   to model identifying a problem and thinking
   about a solution. T125
- Teaching Point: Planning A Paragraph Use
   Planning a Problem-Solution Paragraph to
   model generating ideas about a problem and
   how to solve it. T125
   Prewrite Students choose a topic and
   complete Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map
   to organize a problem-solution paragraph.
- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Problem-Solution Paragraph Anchor Chart to discuss the steps for writing a problem-solution paragraph. T54
   Draft – Student use their Idea-Support Map to draft their problem-solution paragraph.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use Revising Noah's Draft to discuss the
   revisions made by the student writer. T126, 127
   Revise for Organization Students revise and
   edit their problem-solution paragraph.

#### **Grammar:**

Teaching Point: Present, Past, and Future Verb
 Tenses – T120, 121, 122, 123

#### **Resources:**

Week 12 – Lesson 12 in Journeys

- Projectable 12.9
- Mentor Text: King George by Jean Fritz
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 144
- Projectable 12.10
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map

- Problem-Solution Paragraph Anchor Chart
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map
- Projectable 12.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Problem-Solution Paragraph
- Projectable 12.6, 12.7, 12.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 139, 140, 141

#### Learning Opportunities/Strategies:

Week 13 – Lesson 13 in Journeys

#### Write to Persuade:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Persuasive Letter to identify the
   features of a persuasive letter. T196
- Teaching Point: Introduce Ideas Trait Use
   Clearly State a Goal Chart and Focus Trait: Ideas
   to model and practice clearly stating a goal and
   supporting it with reasons. T197
- Teaching Point: Planning A Persuasive Letter –
   Use Planning a Persuasive Letter to model listing
   reasons to support a goal. T197
   Prewrite Students choose a topic for a
   persuasive letter and complete Graphic
   Organizer: Idea-Support Map to list reasons.
- Teaching Point: Draft Use the Persuasive Letter Anchor Chart to discuss the steps for writing a persuasive letter. T198
   Draft – Students use their completed Idea-Support Map to draft their persuasive letter.
- Teaching Point: Revise for Ideas Use Revising Ed's Draft to discuss the revisions made by the student writer. T199, 200
   Revise and Edit Students revise their persuasive letter.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Regular and Irregular Verbs – T192, 193, 194, 195

#### **Resources:**

Week 13 – Lesson 13 in Journeys

- Projectable 13.9
- Clearly State a Goal Chart
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 156
- Projectable 13.10
- Graphic Organizer Idea-Support Map
- Persuasive Letter Anchor Chart
- Completed Idea-Support Map
- Projectable 13.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Persuasive Letter
- Projectable 13.6, 13.7, 13.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 151, 152, 153

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

brainstorm opinions.

Week 14 - Lesson 14

#### Write to Persuade:

- **Teaching Point: Introduce the Model** Use Writing Model Persuasive Essay to understand the features of a persuasive essay. T268
- Teaching Point: Introduce Organization Trait –
  Use James Forten and Focus Trait: Organization
  to model and practice writing main points and
  supporting evidence from the text in a logical
  order. T269
- Teaching Point: Planning A Persuasive Essay –
  Model gathering support for an opinion by
  brainstorming many reasons and then use the
  strongest support. T269
   Prewrite Students select a topic and
- Teaching Point: Planning A Persuasive Essay –
   Use the Persuasive Essay Anchor Chart to
   review the steps for writing a persuasive essay.
   T270.

**Prewrite** – Students use Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map to write an opinion with reasons and details.

Teaching Point: Planning A Persuasive Essay –
Use student book pg. 370 to study how a
student writer planned a persuasive essay.
T270, 271

**Prewrite** – Students continue to review their Idea-Support Map to include strong reasons supported by relevant details.

#### Grammar

 Teaching Point: Active and Passive Voice – pg. 264, 265, 266, 267

#### **Resources:**

Week 14 – Lesson 14

- Projectable 14.9
- Mentor Text: James Forten by Walter Dean Meyers
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 168
- Mentor Text: Dangerous Crossing by Stephen Krensky, King George by Jean Fritz, or Molly Pitcher by Anne Rockwell
- Persuasive Essay Anchor Chart
- Projectable 9.10
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map
- Student Book pg. 370
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map

- Projectable 13.6, 13.7, 13.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 163, 164, 165

#### **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 15 - Lesson 15

#### Write to Respond:

- Teaching Point: Drafting Use What is a
   Persuasive Essay? to review the steps for writing a persuasive essay. T342
   Draft Students begin drafting their persuasive essay using their completed Idea-Support Map.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Word Choice
   Trait Use We Were There, Too! and Focus
   Trait: Word Choice to model and practice using
   precise words and phrases. T343
   Draft Students continue drafting replacing
   groups of words with more direct words.
- Teaching Point: Drafting Reasons Use Student Book pg. 381 to model paraphrasing.
   Draft – Students continue drafting their persuasive essay to include reasons from experts in their own words.
- Teaching Point: Teach/Model Use the Persuasive Essay Anchor Chart to review the steps for writing a persuasive essay. T344 Revise – Students revise their persuasive essay draft.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model Use Revising Derek's Draft to discuss the revisions made by the student writer. T344, 345 Edit and Publish Students proofread, make a final copy, and share their response to literature.

#### **Grammar:**

• Teaching Point: Confused Words –T338, 339, 340, 341

#### **Resources:**

Week 15 - Lesson 15

- What is a Persuasive Essay ?
- Student Completed Idea-Support Map?
- Mentor Text: We Were There, Too! by Phillip Hoose
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 180
- Student Draft
- Student Draft
- Persuasive Essay Anchor Chart
- Student Draft
- Projectable 15.9
- Student Final Copy of Persuasive Essay

- Projectable 15.6, 15.7, 15.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 175, 176, 177

**Unit Title:** Unit 4: What's Your Story? – Narrative Writing

Stage 1: Desired Results
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#### **Standards & Indicators**:

#### **NJSLS Grade 5 English Language Arts**

W.5.3

W.5.4

W.5.5

W.5.6

W.5.7

W.5.8

W.5.9

W.5.10

RL.5.1

RL.5.2 **RL.5.3** 

RL.5.4

**RL.5.5** 

**RL.5.6** 

RL.5.7

RL.5.9

RL.5.10

SL.5.1

SL.5.2 SL.5.3

SL.5.4

SL.5.5

SL.5.6

L.5.1

L.5.2

L.5.3

L.5.4 L.5.5

L.3.6

### **NJSLS Technology**

8.1.5.A.2

## NJSLS 21<sup>st</sup> Century Life and Careers

CRP1. CRP12.

CRP2.

CRP4.

#### **Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:**

#### Students will...

- Understand the structure of a friendly letter.
- Understand what to include in a character description.
- Identify the parts of a personal narrative.
- Study and evaluate personal narratives.
- Use informal language to help express one's voice.
- Give examples of what characters say and do.
- Share one's inner thoughts and feelings when writing a personal narrative.
- Write a strong opening to hook the reader's attention and guide them to continue reading.
- Use adjectives and descriptive adjectives in speaking and writing.
- Use adverbs in speaking and writing.
- Use prepositional phrases in speaking and writing.
- Use pronouns in speaking and writing.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a friendly letter.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a character description.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a personal narrative paragraph.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a personal narrative.

#### **Essential/Guiding Question:**

- What is a friendly letter?
- What is a character description?
- What is a personal narrative?
- How can my feelings and personality come through in my writing?
- How can I bring a character's description to life?
- What is one way I can sound like myself when writing?
- How can I present ideas in a way that helps readers understand why I feel a certain way?
- Does my personal narrative get the reader's interest from the very beginning?

#### **Content:**

- Writer's Workshop: Minilesson Teaching Point,
   Writing & Conferring, Share
- Big Idea: Write to Narrate
- Focus Trait: Voice, Word Choice, Ideas
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map, Column Chart, Flow Chart
- Writing Process: Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish.
- My Writing Rubric in Journeys: Students' Self-Evaluation
- Students' Proofreading Checklist in Journeys
- Academic Language: friendly letter, heading, salutation, closing, character, vivid detail, dialogue, narrative, personal, personal narrative, body, main idea, descriptive details, voice, adjective, descriptive adjective, adverb, adverb of frequency, adverb of intensity, preposition, prepositional phrase, indefinite pronoun, possessive pronoun, interrogative pronoun, contraction, apostrophe, negative
- Daily Proofreading Practice

#### Skills(Objectives):

- Friendly letter
- Character description
- Personal narrative paragraph
- Personal narrative
- Formal/informal language
- Exact words
- Thoughts and feelings
- Main idea
- Events and details
- Dialogue
- Strong opening
- Adjectives and descriptive adjectives
- Adverbs
- Prepositions
- Pronouns
- Contractions

# **Stage 2: Assessment Evidence**

# **Performance Task(s): Other Evidence:** Completion of Grammar Practice Book Pages • Lesson 16: Friendly Letter. **Lesson 17:** Character Description. **Weekly Grammar Tests Daily Proofreading Practice Lesson 18:** Personal Narrative Paragraph **Verbal Responses** Lesson 19 & 20: Personal Narrative Participation in Discussions **Use Writing Traits Scoring Rubric in Journeys** Conferences

# **Stage 3: Learning Plan**

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 16 – Lesson 16 in Journeys

## **Write to Narrate:**

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Friendly Letter to understand the
   characteristics of a friendly letter. T50
- Teaching Point: Introduce Voice Trait Use
   Lunch Money and Focus Trait: Voice to model
   and practice using clear friendly and casual
   informal language. T51
- Teaching Point: Planning A Friendly Letter –
   Use Planning A Friendly Letter to select a topic
   and supporting details for a friendly letter. T51
   Prewrite: Students choose a topic for their
   friendly letter and complete Graphic Organizer:
   Idea-Support Map.
- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Friendly Letter Anchor Chart to discuss the steps for writing a friendly letter. T52
   Draft – Students use their completed Idea-Support Map to draft their friendly letter.
- Teaching Point: Introduce The Student Model –
  Using Revising Nicole's Friendly Letter, discuss
  the revisions made by the student writer. T52,
  53

**Revise for Voice –** Students revise their friendly letter.

#### **Grammar:**

Teaching Point: Adjectives and Descriptive
 Adjectives - T46, 47, 48, 49

#### **Resources:**

Week 16 – Lesson 16 in Journeys

- Projectable 17.9
- Mentor Text: Lunch Money by Andrew Clements
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 192
- Projectable 16.10
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map
- Friendly Letter Anchor Chart
- Completed Student T-Map
- Projectable 16.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Friendly Letter
- Projectable 16.6, 16.7, 16.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 187, 188, 189

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 17 - Lesson 17 in Journeys

## **Write to Narrate:**

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use Writing Model Description to understand writing a character description. T126
- Teaching Point: Introduce Word Choice Trait –
   Use LAFFF and Focus Trait: Organization to
   model using exact words. T127
- Teaching Point: Planning A Character
   Description Use Planning A Description to model giving examples of what a character says and does. T127

**Prewrite** – Students choose a person and complete Graphic Organizer: Column Chart to reveal character traits.

 Teaching Point: Begin A Draft – Use the Column Chart to discuss the steps for writing a character description.

**Draft** – Student use their Column Chart to draft their character description.

• Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model – Use Revising Theo's Character Description to discuss the revisions made by the student writer. T128, 129

**Revise for Word Choice** – Students revise their character description.

#### **Grammar:**

• Teaching Point: Adverbs – T122, 123, 124, 125

#### **Resources:**

Week 17 - Lesson 17 in Journeys

- Projectable 17.9
- Mentor Text: LAFFF by Lensey Namioka
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 204
- Projectable 17.10
- Graphic Organizer: Column Chart

• Graphic Organizer: Column Chart

- Projectable 17.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Character Description
- Projectable 17.6, 17.7, 17.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 199, 200, 201

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 18 – Lesson 18 in Journeys

#### Write to Narrate:

- **Teaching Point: Introduce the Model** Use Writing Model Narrative Paragraph to identify the parts of a persuasive letter. T196
- Teaching Point: Introduce Voice Trait Use The Dog Newspaper and Focus Trait: Voice to model and practice creating a voice that shows one's personality. T197
- Teaching Point: Planning A Paragraph Use
   Planning a Personal Narrative Paragraph to
   model listing events and details. T197
   Prewrite Students choose a topic for a
   personal narrative paragraph and complete
   Graphic Organizer: Flow Chart to list events and
   details.
- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Anchor Flow Chart to discuss the steps for writing a personal narrative. T198
   Draft – Students use their completed Flow Chart to draft their personal narrative.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use Revising Amanda's Narrative Paragraph to
   discuss the revisions made by the student
   writer. T198, 199
   Revise for Voice Students revise their
   personal narrative paragraph.

#### **Grammar:**

• Teaching Point: Prepositions and Prepositional Phrases – T192, 193, 194, 195

#### **Resources:**

Week 18 – Lesson 18 in Journeys

- Projectable 18.9
- Mentor Text: The Dog Newspaper by Peg Kehret
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 216
- Projectable 18.10
- Graphic Organizer Flow Chart

- Anchor Flow Chart
- Completed Flow Chart
- Projectable 18.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Personal Narrative Paragraph
- Projectable 18.6, 18.7, 18.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 211, 212, 213

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 19 - Lesson 19

#### Write to Narrate:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Personal Narrative to study and
   evaluate personal narratives. T270
- Teaching Point: Introduce Ideas Trait Use
   Darnell Rock Reporting and Focus Trait: Ideas to
   model and practice adding details that show
   thoughts and feelings. T271
- Teaching Point: Exploring A Topic Model by creating an events chart. T271
   Prewrite – Students brainstorm a list of ideas, events, and details.
- Teaching Point: Planning A Personal Narrative

   Use Student Book pg. 500 to study how a student writer planned a personal narrative.

   T272

**Prewrite** – Students continue to review their Flow Chart to include details that support the main idea in their personal narrative.

#### Grammar

• **Teaching Point: Pronouns –** pg. 266, 267, 268, 269

#### **Resources:**

**Week 19 – Lesson 19** 

- Projectable 19.9
- Mentor Text: Darnell Rock Reporting by Walter Dean Meyers
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 228
- Events Chart
- Mentor Text: Darnell Rock Reporting by Walter Dean Meyers
- Events Chart
- Projectable 19.10
- Graphic Organizer: Flow Chart
- Student Book pg. 500
- Graphic Organizer: Flow Chart

- Projectable 19.6, 19.7, 19.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 223, 224, 225

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 20 - Lesson 20

## **Write to Narrate:**

- Teaching Point: Drafting Use What is a Personal Narrative? to review the steps for writing a personal essay. T342 Draft – Students begin drafting their personal essay using their completed Flow Chart.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Voice Trait Use
   Don Quixote and the Windmills and Focus Trait:
   Voice to model and practice how dialogue helps to give a story voice. T343
   Draft Students continue drafting their personal narrative to include their thoughts and feelings.
- Teaching Point: Openings Use Student Book pg. 509 to model strong openings. T343
   Draft – Students continue drafting their personal narrative by making sure they have an interesting opening.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use the Student Book pg. 524 to discuss the
   revisions made by a student writer. T344
   Revise Students revise their personal
   narrative.
- Teaching Point: Model Use Revising Rama's
   Personal Narrative to discuss the revisions made
   by the student writer. T344, 345
   Revise, Edit, and Publish Students proofread,
   make a final copy, and share personal narrative.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Apostrophes in Contractions and Contractions with Pronouns – T338, 339, 340, 341

#### **Resources:**

Week 20 - Lesson 20

- What is a Persuasive Essay?
- Student Completed Flow Chart
- Mentor Text: Don Quixote and the Windmills by Eric Kimmel
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 240
- Student Draft
- Student Book pg. 509
- Student Draft
- Student Book pg. 524
- Student Draft
- Projectable 20.9
- Final Copy of Personal Narrative
- Projectable 20.6, 20.7, 20.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 235, 236, 237

<u>Differentiation</u>					
High-Achieving Students	On Grade Level Students	Struggling Students	Special Needs/ELL		
<ul> <li>Model and demonstrate using a Think Aloud approach</li> <li>Minilesson Strategy Charts</li> <li>Provide writing exemplars</li> <li>Utilize technology</li> <li>Feedback to push student to maintain above grade level proficiency</li> <li>Rubrics and Writer's Checklists</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model and demonstrate using a Think Aloud approach</li> <li>Minilesson Strategy Charts</li> <li>Provide writing exemplars</li> <li>Utilize technology</li> <li>Feedback to push student to maintain on grade level proficiency</li> <li>Prewriting Graphic Organizers</li> <li>Peer editing and revising</li> <li>Rubrics and Writer's Checklists</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model and demonstrate using a Think Aloud approach</li> <li>Minilesson Strategy Charts</li> <li>Provide writing exemplars</li> <li>Utilize technology</li> <li>Guided Writing: Small-group lessons during all phases of the writing process</li> <li>Prewriting – Quick drawing to develop ideas and details</li> <li>Use of sentence frames to jumpstart writing</li> <li>Portable word wall with sequencing &amp; transition words</li> <li>Rubrics and Writer's Checklists</li> <li>Flexible time allotment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model and demonstrate using a Think Aloud approach</li> <li>Minilesson Strategy Charts</li> <li>Provide writing exemplars</li> <li>Utilize technology</li> <li>Guided Writing: Small-group lessons during all phases of the writing process</li> <li>Prewriting – Quick drawing/talk out loud to develop ideas</li> <li>Use of sentence frames to jumpstart writing</li> <li>Spell-checkers</li> <li>Rubrics &amp; Writer's Checklists</li> <li>Flexible time allotment</li> <li>Journeys ELL Scaffolds</li> </ul>		

**Unit Title:** Unit 5: Under Western Skies – Informational Writing

Stage 1:	Desired	Resu	lts
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# **Standards & Indicators**:

# **NJSLS Grade 5 English Language Arts**

W.5.2

W.5.4

W.5.5

W.5.6

W.5.7

W.5.8 W.5.9

W.5.10

RI.5.1

RI.5.2

RI.5.3

RI.5.4

RI.5.5 RI.5.6

RI.5.7

RI.5.8 RI.5.9

RI.5.10

SL.5.1

SL.5.2

SL.5.3

SL.5.4

SL.5.5

SL.5.6

L.5.1

L.5.2

L.5.3

L.5.4 L.5.5

L.3.6

# **NJSLS Technology**

8.1.5.A.2

# NJSLS 21st Century Life and Careers

CRP1. CRP4.

CRP2. CRP12.

## **Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:**

#### Students will...

- Understand the features of a procedural paragraph.
- Identify the parts of a compare-contrast paragraph.
- Identify the parts of a cause and effect paragraph.
- Study and evaluate research reports.
- Use transition words to make the sequence of events clear.
- Provide details and facts to develop the topic.
- Use a Venn Diagram to compare and contrast.
- Use transition words and phrases to signal a cause and effect relationship.
- Make an outline to organize ideas for a research report.
- Restate facts from sources into my own words.
- Use transition words and phrases to connect events and facts in a research report.
- Use the verbs be and have in speaking and writing.
- Use perfect tenses in speaking and writing.
- Use transition words in speaking and writing.
- Use comparative and superlative forms in speaking and writing.
- Write titles correctly.

# **Essential/Guiding Question:**

- What is a procedural paragraph?
- What is a compare-contrast paragraph?
- What is a cause and effect paragraph?
- What is a research report?
- How do I organize writing into a logical sequence?
- What details and facts did I use to support the topic?
- What can a writer use to compare and contrast?
- What can a writer use to signal a cause and effect relationship?
- Why is it important to present information in an organized way?
- What tool do writers use to organize a research report?
- How does my introduction catch a reader's attention?
- What transitions did I use to make informational writing clearer for the reader to follow?

Contro	I Idea / Enduring Understanding:	
Studer	its will	
•	Plan, draft, revise, and edit a procedural	
	paragraph.	
•	Dlan draft rovice and edit a compare contract	
•	Plan, draft, revise, and edit a compare-contrast	
	paragraph.	
•	Plan, draft, revise, and edit a cause and effect	
	paragraph.	
	paragraph.	
•	Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish a research	
	report.	
	·	

#### Content:

- Writer's Workshop: Minilesson Teaching Point,
   Writing & Conferring, Share
- Big Idea: Write to Inform
- Focus Trait: Organization, Ideas, Word Choice
- Graphic Organizer: Flow Chart, Venn Diagram, Inference Map, Idea-Support Map
- Writing Process: Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish.
- My Writing Rubric in Journeys: Students' Self-Evaluation
- Students' Proofreading Checklist in Journeys
- Academic Language: procedure, transitions, transition words, transitional phrases, organized, compare, contrast, similarities, differences, cause, effect, precise details, research, source, introductory paragraph, main verbs, helping verbs, irregular verbs, verb phrases, perfect tense, past perfect tense, present perfect tense, future perfect tense, comparative adjective, superlative adjective, comparative adverb, superlative adverb, underline, italics
- Daily Proofreading Practice

## Skills(Objectives):

- Procedural paragraph
- Compare-contrast paragraph
- Cause and effect paragraph
- Research report
- Logical sequence
- Sequence words
- Details and facts
- Transition words
- Precise details
- Main idea and supporting details
- Outline
- Introduction
- Put information into own words
- Synonyms
- Verbs be and have
- Verb tenses
- Perfect tenses
- Comparative and superlative forms
- Writing titles

# **Stage 2: Assessment Evidence Performance Task(s): Other Evidence:** Completion of Grammar Practice Book Pages • Lesson 21: Procedural Paragraph Lesson 22: Compare-Contrast Paragraph **Weekly Grammar Tests** Lesson 23: Cause and Effect Paragraph **Daily Proofreading Practice Verbal Responses** Lesson 24 & 25: Research Report Participation in Discussions **Use Writing Traits Scoring Rubric in Journeys** Conferences

# **Stage 3: Learning Plan**

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 21 – Lesson 21 in Journeys

#### Write to Narrate:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Procedural Paragraph to
   understand the features of a procedural
   paragraph. T126
- Teaching Point: Introduce Organization Trait –
  Use The Birchbark House and Focus Trait: Ideas
  to model and practice using details to compare
  and contrast. T127
- Teaching Point: Planning A Procedural
   Paragraph Use Planning A Procedural
   Paragraph to organize events for a procedural paragraph. T55

   Prewrite: Students choose a topic for their procedural paragraph and complete Graphic

Organizer: Flow Chart.

- **Teaching Point: Begin A Draft** Use the *Flow Chart* to discuss the steps for writing a procedural paragraph. T56
- **Draft** Students use their completed Flow Chart to draft their procedural paragraph.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use Revising Dan's Procedural Paragraph to
   discuss the revisions made by the student
   writer. T56, 57
   Revise for Organization Students revise their
   procedural paragraph.

#### **Grammar:**

Teaching Point: Verbs be and have and Verb
 Tenses – T50, 51, 52, 53

#### **Resources:**

Week 21 - Lesson 21 in Journeys

- Projectable 21.9
- Mentor Text: The Birchbark House by Louise Erdrich
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 264
- Projectable 21.10
- Graphic Organizer: Flow Chart

- Flow Chart
- Completed Student Flow Chart
- Projectable21.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Procedural Paragraph
- Projectable 21.6, 21.7, 21.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 247, 248, 249

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

## Week 22 - Lesson 22 in Journeys

#### Write to Inform:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Compare-Contrast Paragraph to
   identify the parts of a compare-contrast
   paragraph. T126
- Teaching Point: Introduce Ideas Trait Use The Birchbark House and Focus Trait: Ideas to model using details and facts to compare and contrast. T127
- Teaching Point: Planning A Compare-Contrast
   Paragraph Use Planning Compare-Contrast
   Paragraphs to model listing things that are alike and different. T127

   Prewrite Students choose a topic and complete Graphic Organizer: Venn Diagram to compare-contrast details.
- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Flow Chart to discuss the steps for writing a comparecontrast paragraph. T128
   Draft – Student use their Venn Diagram to draft their compare-contrast paragraph.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use Revising Carleasa's Compare-Contrast
   Paragraph to discuss the revisions made by the
   student writer. T128, 129
   Revise for Ideas Students revise their
   compare-contrast paragraph.

## **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Perfect Tenses – T122, 123, 124, 125

#### **Resources:**

## Week 22 – Lesson 22 in Journeys

- Projectable 22.9
- Mentor Text: The Birchbark House by Louise Erdrich
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 264
- Projectable 22.10
- Graphic Organizer: Venn Diagram

- Flow Chart
- Graphic Organizer: Venn Diagram
- Projectable 22.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Compare-Contrast Paragraph
- Projectable 22.6, 22.7, 22.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 259, 260, 261

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 23 – Lesson 23 in Journeys

#### Write to Inform:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use Writing Model Cause and Effect Paragraph to identify the parts of a cause and effect paragraph. T198
- Teaching Point: Introduce Organization Trait –
   Use Vaqueros: America's First Cowboys and
   Focus Trait: Organization to model and practice
   using precise details to support ideas. T199
- Teaching Point: Planning A Cause and Effect
   Paragraph –Use Planning a Cause and Effect
   Paragraph to model organizing causes and an effect. T199

**Prewrite** – Students choose a topic for a cause and effect paragraph and complete Graphic Organizer: Inference Map to list causes and an effect.

- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Anchor Flow Chart to discuss the steps for writing a cause and effect paragraph. T200
   Draft Students use their completed Inference Map to draft their cause and effect paragraph using transition words.
- Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
   Use Revising Sara's Cause and Effect Paragraph
   to discuss the revisions made by the student
   writer. T200, 201

**Revise for Organization –** Students revise their cause and effect paragraph.

#### **Grammar:**

• Teaching Point: Transition Words – T194, 195, 196, 197

#### **Resources:**

Week 23 – Lesson 23 in Journeys

- Projectable 23.9
- Mentor Text: Vaqueros: America's First Cowboys by George Ancona
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 276
- Projectable 23.10
- Graphic Organizer Inference Map

- Anchor Flow Chart
- Completed Inference Map
- Projectable 23.11
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Cause and Effect Paragraph
- Projectable 23.6, 23.7, 23.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 271. 272. 273

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

## Week 24 – Lesson 24 in Journeys

## **Write to Inform:**

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Research Report to study and
   evaluate research reports. T270
- Teaching Point: Introduce Organization Trait –
   Use Rachel's Journal and Focus Trait:
   Organization to model and practice organizing
   main ideas with supporting details. T271
- Teaching Point: Exploring A Topic Use chart to model creating an outline. T271
   Prewrite – Students use prompt and brainstorm ideas related to the topic.
- Teaching Point: Planning A Research Report –
  Review steps for organizing a research report
  and use Planning a Research Report to model
  how to make an outline. T272
   Prewrite Students use Graphic Organizer:
  Idea-Support Map to complete their own
  outline.
- Teaching Point: Planning A Research Report –
   Use Student Book pg. 628, 629 to study how a
   student writer planned a research report. T272
   Prewrite Students continue to review their
   outlines to make sure they have included facts
   and details, evidence, and examples about their
   topic.

#### Grammar

• Teaching Point: Comparative and Superlative Forms – T266, 267, 268, 269

#### **Resources:**

## Week 24 - Lesson 24 in Journeys

- Projectable 24.9
- Mentor Text: Rachel's Journal by Marissa Moss
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 288
- Outline Chart
- Projectable 24.10
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map

- Student Book pg. 628. 629
- Graphic Organizer: Idea-Support Map

- Projectable 24.6, 24.7, 24.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 283, 284, 285

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 25 - Lesson 25 in Journeys

#### Write to Inform:

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   What is a Research Report? to review steps for
   writing a research report. T342
   Draft Students use their outline to begin
   drafting an introduction.
- Teaching Point: Introduce Word Choice Trait –
   Use Lewis and Clark and Focus Trait: Word
   Choice to model and practice putting
   information from sources into one's own words.
   T343

**Draft** – Students continue drafting their research report using different wording than used in the original source.

- Teaching Point: Transitions Use Student Book pg. 639, 640 to model use of transitions. T343
   Draft – Students continue drafting their research report making sure points of transition are clear in their writing.
- Teaching Point: Revise A Draft Review the parts of a research report and use Student Book pg. 638 to identify words that can be replaced with synonyms. T344

**Revise** – Students revise research report to include words that were not used in sources.

Teaching Point: Introduce the Student Model –
Use Revising Kira's Research Report to discuss
the revisions made by the student writer. T344,
345

**Revise, Edit, and Publish** – Students proofread, make a final copy, and share research report.

#### **Grammar:**

Teaching Point: Mechanics of Writing Titles –
 T338, 339, 340, 341

#### **Resources:**

Week 25 – Lesson 25 in Journeys

- What is a Research Report?
- Student Completed Idea-Support Map
- Mentor Text: Lewis and Clark by Conrad Stein
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 300
- Student Draft

- Student Book pg. 639, 640
- Student Draft
- Student Book pg. 638
- Student Draft
- Projectable 25.9
- Final Copy of Research Report
- Projectable 25.6, 25.7, 25.8
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 295, 296, 297

Unit Title: Unit 6: Journey to Discovery – Multigenre Writing			
Stage 1: Desired Results			
Standards & Indicators:			
NJSLS Grade 5 English Language Arts			
W.5.1			
W.5.2			
W.5.3			
W.5.4			
W.5.5			
W.5.6			
W.5.7			
W.5.8			
W.5.9			
W.5.10			
RL.5.1			
RL.5.2			
RL.5.3			
RL.5.4			
RL.5.5			
RL.5.6			
RL.5.7 RL.5.9			
RL.5.10			
RI.5.1			
RI.5.2			
RI.5.3			
RI.5.4			
RI.5.5			
RI.5.6			
RI.5.7			
RI.5.8			
RI.5.9			
RI.5.10			
SL.5.1			
SL5.2			
SL5.3			
SL5.4			
SL.5.5			
SL.5.6			
L.5.1			
L.5.2			

	8
Standards & Indicators:	
L.5.3	
L.5.4	
L.5.5	
L.5.6	
NJSLS Technology	
8.1.5.A.2	
NJSLS 21st Century Life and Careers	
CRP1.	
CRP2.	
CRP4.	
CRP12.	

# **Central Idea / Enduring Understanding:**

Students will...

- Identify and use poetic techniques such as simile and sensory details.
- Study a journal entry to learn how to convey thoughts and feelings about an experience.
- Summarize the main ideas and supporting details in a text.
- Study and evaluate writing in multiple genres.
- Write with a voice to show enthusiasm for ideas.
- Provide readers with interesting details to make a summary useful.
- Make logical connections between ideas in a text in order to write a summary.
- Select different genres that have similar information from different points of view.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a poem.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a journal entry.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a summary.
- Plan, draft, revise, and edit a multigenre collage.

## **Essential/Guiding Question:**

- What is a poem?
- What is a journal entry?
- What makes a great summary?
- What is a multigenre collage?
- What language did I use so that my writing is vivid and comes alive to the reader?
- How does my voice add to the reader's enjoyment and understanding?
- What information would be useful to include in a summary?
- How can genres work together to showcase a topic?

## Content:

- Writer's Workshop: Minilesson Teaching Point,
   Writing & Conferring, Share
- Big Idea: Multigenre Writing
- Focus Trait: Word Choice, Voice, Ideas
- Graphic Organizer: Column Chart, Web Map
- Writing Process: Plan, draft, revise, edit, and publish.
- My Writing Rubric in Journeys: Students' Self-Evaluation
- Students' Proofreading Checklist in Journeys
- Academic Language: sensory details, simile, stanza, imagery, summarize, main idea, supporting detail, genre possessive nouns, abbreviations, commas, colons, parentheses
- Daily Proofreading Practice

# Skills(Objectives):

- Poem
- Journal entry
- Summary
- Multigenre collage
- Sensory details
- Simile
- Factual details
- Main idea
- Supporting details
- Summarize
- Genre
- Singular and plural possessive nouns
- Abbreviations
- Commas
- Colons
- Parentheses

# **Stage 2: Assessment Evidence Other Evidence: Performance Task(s):** Lesson 26: Poem Completion of Grammar Practice Book Pages Weekly Grammar Tests Lesson 27: Journal Entry **Daily Proofreading Practice** Lesson 28: Summary. Lesson 29 & 30: Multigenre Collage Verbal Responses **Participation in Discussions Use Writing Traits Scoring Rubric in Journeys** Conferences

Sta	gρ	3:	Learni	ng F	Plan
	-	)			

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 26 – Lesson 26 in Journeys

## **Multigenre Writing:**

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use Writing Model Poem to identify and use poetic techniques. T40
- Teaching Point: Review Word Choice Trait –
   Use The Whale and Focus Trait: Word Choice to
   model and practice using words that appeal to
   the senses. T41
- Teaching Point: Planning a Poem Use
   Planning a Poem to brainstorm vivid details T41

   Prewrite: Students choose a topic and use
   Graphic Organizer: Column Chart to brainstorm words and ideas for their own poem.
- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Anchor Flow Chart to discuss the steps for writing a poem. T42.

**Draft** – Students use their completed Column Chart to draft their poem using sensory details.

Teaching Point: Revise Final Draft – Use
 Revising a Poem to discuss the revisions made
 by the student writer. T42

 Revise and Edit – Students revise their poem.

## **Grammar:**

Teaching Point: Singular and Plural Possessive
 Nouns – T38, 39

#### **Resources:**

Week 26 – Lesson 26 in Journeys

- Projectable 26.8
- Mentor Text: *The Whale* by Douglas Florian
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 309
- Projectable 26.9
- Graphic Organizer: Column Chart
- Anchor Flow Chart
- Student Completed Column Chart
- Projectable 26.10
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Poem
- Projectable 26.6, 26.7
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 304, 305, 306

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 27 – Lesson 27 in Journeys

## **Multigenre Writing:**

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Journal Entry to study how to
   convey thoughts and feelings about an
   experience. T86
- Teaching Point: Review Voice Trait Use
   Mysteries at Cliff Palace and Focus Trait: Voice
   to model and practice how to clearly express
   thoughts and feelings to a reader. T87
- Teaching Point: Planning A Journal Entry Use
   Planning a Journal Entry to model using factual
   and sensory details. T87
   Prewrite Students use prompt and
   complete Graphic Organizer: Column Chart to
   brainstorm factual and sensory details for their
   journal entry.
- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Flow Chart to discuss the steps for writing a journal entry. T88
   Draft – Students use their Column Chart to draft
  - their journal entry to include thoughts and feelings and vivid details about the events.
- Teaching Point: Revise Final Draft Use
   Revising a Journal Entry to discuss the revisions made by the student writer. T88

   Revise and Edit Students revise their journal entry.

## **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Abbreviations – Practice writing, proofreading, and capitalizing abbreviations. T84, 85

#### **Resources:**

Week 27 – Lesson 27 in Journeys

- Projectable 27.8
- Mentor Text: Mysteries at Cliff Palace
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 318
- Projectable 27.9
- Graphic Organizer: Column Chart

- Flow Chart
- Student Completed Column Chart
- Projectable 27.10
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Journal Entry
- Projectable 27.6, 27.7
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 313, 314, 315

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 28 - Lesson 28 in Journeys

## **Multigenre Writing:**

- Teaching Point: Introduce the Model Use
   Writing Model Summary to identify the
   important aspects of a summary. T130
- Teaching Point: Review Ideas Trait Use
   Trapped in Tar! and Focus Trait: Ideas to model
   and practice using interesting details to support
   ideas. T131
- Teaching Point: Planning A Summary Use
   Planning a Summary to model planning a
   summary. T131
   Prewrite Students choose an informational
   text and use Graphic Organizer: Web Map to
   begin prewriting.
- Teaching Point: Begin A Draft Use the Anchor Flow Chart to discuss the steps for writing a summary. T132
   Draft – Students use their completed Web Map to draft their summary.
- Teaching Point: Revise Final Draft Use
   Revising a Summary to discuss the revisions
   made by the student writer. T132

   Revise and Edit Students revise their
   summary.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Commas – Use commas with introductory words and phrases, names, and to combine sentences. T128, 129

#### **Resources:**

Week 28 – Lesson 28 in Journeys

- Projectable 28.8
- Mentor Text: *Trapped in Tar!*
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 327
- Projectable 28.9
- Graphic Organizer Web Map
- Anchor Flow Chart
- Student Completed Web Map
- Projectable 28.10
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of a Summary
- Projectable 28.6, 28.7
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 322, 323, 324

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 29 - Lesson 29 in Journeys

#### **Multigenre Writing:**

- **Teaching Point: Introduce the Model** Use Writing Model Multigenre Collage to study and evaluate writing in multiple genres. T174
- Teaching Point: Introduce Organization Trait –
   Use The Case of the Missing Deer and Encounter and Focus Trait: Organization to model and practice choosing genres to use in a collage.

   T175
- Teaching Point: Exploring A Topic Model creating a word web around a topic. T175
   Prewrite – Students generate more ideas to add to the word web.
- Teaching Point: Planning A Multigenre Collage

   Review steps for exploring features of genres and topics and use Planning a Multigenre
   Collage to model how genres work together to communicate ideas about a topic. T176
- Teaching Point: Planning A Multigenre Collage

   Review the sample topics and different genres that have been explored. T176
   Prewrite Students use Graphic Organizer:
   Column Chart to choose a topic and three genres for a multigenre collage.

#### **Grammar**

 Teaching Point: More Commas – Use commas with appositives, in series, in dates, between cities and states, and combining sentences. T172, 173

#### **Resources:**

Week 29 – Lesson 29 in Journeys

- Projectable 29.8
- Mentor Text: The Case of the Missing Deer and Encounter by Lillian Moore
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 336
- Word Web
- Projectable 29.9
- Graphic Organizer: Column Chart

- Projectable 29.6, 29.7
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 331, 332, 333

## **Learning Opportunities/Strategies:**

Week 30 - Lesson 30 in Journeys

## **Multigenre Writing:**

- Teaching Point: Drafting Use What is a
   Multigenre Collage? to review steps for writing
   a multigenre collage. T220
   Draft Students use their Column Chart to
   begin drafting their first genre.
- Teaching Point: Introduce Ideas Trait Use Get
   Lost! The Puzzle of Mazes and The Best Paths to
   review how different genres can be used to
   communicate related ideas and Focus Trait:
   Ideas to model and practice identifying the main
   focus of each genre. T221
   Draft Students draft their second genre.
- Teaching Point: Combining Genres Review the how Journey to Cuzco, Get Lost! The Puzzle of Mazes and The Best Paths to discuss how each genre relates to the same topic. T221
   Draft – Students draft their third genre.
- Teaching Point: Model Use Get Lost! The
   Puzzle of Mazes to model using words carefully
   to convey related ideas. T222
   Revise Students revise their drafts to
   elaborate ideas.
- Teaching Point: Review Revisions Use
   Proofread and Edit a Multigenre Collage to
   model and practice editing. T222

   Revise, Edit, and Publish Students edit and
   complete a final copy of their multigenre
   collage.

#### **Grammar:**

 Teaching Point: Colons and Parentheses in Sentences – T218, 219

#### **Resources:**

Week 30 - Lesson 30 in Journeys

- What is a Multigenre Collage?
- Student Completed Column Chart
- Mentor Text: Get Lost! The Puzzle of Mazes and The Best Paths by Kristine George
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 222
- Student Draft
- Mentor Text: Get Lost! The Puzzle of Mazes, The Best Paths by Kristine George, and Journey to Cuzco
- Student Draft
- Mentor Text: Get Lost! The Puzzle of Mazes
- Student Drafts
- Projectable 30.8
- Student Draft
- Final Copy of Multigenre Collage
- Projectable 30.6, 30.7
- Student Practice Workbook pg. 340, 341, 342